

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China









GS1532 HD-LINX® II Multi-Rate Serializer with ClockCleaner™

GS1532 Data Sheet

Key Features

- SMPTE 292M and SMPTE 259M-C compliant scrambling and NRZ → NRZI encoding (with bypass)
- DVB-ASI sync word insertion and 8b/10b encoding
- User selectable additional processing features including:
 - CRC, ANC data checksum, and line number calculation and insertion
 - TRS and EDH packet generation and insertion
 - · illegal code remapping
- Internal flywheel for noise immune TRS generation
- · 20-bit / 10-bit CMOS parallel input data bus
- 148.5MHz / 74.25MHz / 27MHz / 13.5MHz parallel digital input
- Automatic standards detection and indication
- · Pb-free and RoHS Compliant
- 1.8V core power supply and 3.3V charge pump power supply
- 3.3V digital I/O supply
- · JTAG test interface
- Small footprint compatible with GS1560A, GS1561, GS9060, and GS9062

Applications

- SMPTE 292M Serial Digital Interfaces
- SMPTE 259M-C Serial Digital Interfaces
- DVB-ASI Serial Digital Interfaces

Description

The GS1532 is a multi-standard serializer with an integrated cable driver. When used in conjunction with the GO1555/GO1525* Voltage Controlled Oscillator, a transmit solution can be realized for HD-SDI, SD-SDI and DVB-ASI applications.

The device features an internal PLL, which can be configured for loop bandwidth as narrow as 100kHz. Thus the GS1532 can tolerate in excess of 300ps jitter on the input PCLK and still provide output jitter well within SMPTE specification. Connect the output clocks from Gennum's GS4911 clock generator directly to the GS1532's PCLK input and configure the GS1532's loop bandwidth accordingly.

In addition to serializing the input, the GS1532 performs NRZ-to-NRZI encoding and scrambling as per SMPTE 292M/259M-C when operating in SMPTE mode. When operating in DVB-ASI mode, the device will insert K28.5 sync characters and 8b/10b encode the data prior to serialization.

Parallel data inputs are provided for 10-bit multiplexed or 20-bit demultiplexed formats at both HD and SD signal rates. An appropriate parallel clock input signal is also required.

The integrated cable driver features an output mute on loss of parallel clock, high impedance mode, adjustable signal swing, and automatic dual slew rate selection depending on HD/SD operational requirements.

The GS1532 also includes a range of data processing functions including automatic standards detection and EDH support. The device can also insert TRS signals, calculate and insert line numbers and CRC's, re-map illegal code words and insert SMPTE 352M payload identifier packets. All processing features are optional and may be enabled/disabled via external control pin(s) and/or host interface programming.

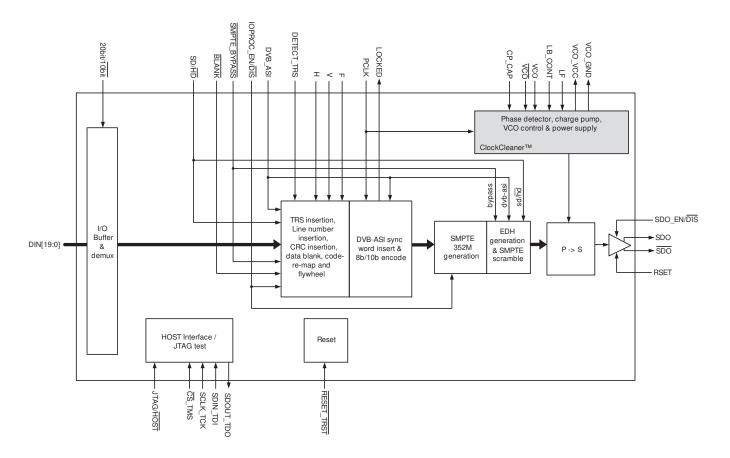
The GS1532 is Pb-free, and the encapsulation compound does not contain halogenated flame retardant.

This component and all homogeneous subcomponents are RoHS compliant.

*For new designs use GO1555

GENNUM 21498 - 8 February 2007 1 of 51

Functional Block Diagram



GS1532 Functional Block Diagram

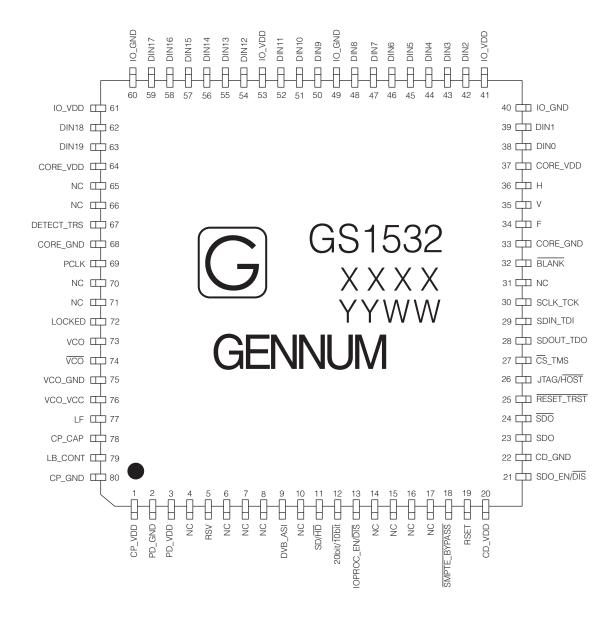
Contents

Key Fea	itures	1
Applicat	ions	1
Descript	tion	1
Function	nal Block Diagram	2
1. Pin C	Dut	5
1.1	Pin Assignment	5
1.2	Pin Descriptions	6
2. Elect	rical Characteristics	14
2.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings	14
2.2	DC Electrical Characteristics	14
2.3	AC Electrical Characteristics	16
2.4	Solder Reflow Profiles	18
2.5	Input/Output Circuits	19
2.6	Host Interface Maps	21
	2.6.1 Host Interface Map (Read Only Registers)	22
	2.6.2 Host Interface Map (R/W Configurable Registers)	23
3. Deta	iled Description	24
3.1	Functional Overview	24
3.2	Parallel Data Inputs	24
	3.2.1 Parallel Input in SMPTE Mode	25
	3.2.2 Parallel Input in DVB-ASI Mode	25
	3.2.3 Parallel Input in Data-Through Mode	25
	3.2.4 Parallel Input Clock (PCLK)	26
3.3	SMPTE Mode	27
	3.3.1 Internal Flywheel	27
	3.3.2 HVF Timing Signal Extraction	27
3.4	DVB-ASI mode	29
	3.4.1 Control Signal Inputs	29
3.5	Data-Through Mode	29
3.6	Additional Processing Functions	30
	3.6.1 Input Data Blank	30
	3.6.2 Automatic Video Standard Detection	30
	3.6.3 Packet Generation and Insertion	32
3.7	Parallel-To-Serial Conversion	39
3.8	Serial Digital Data PLL	40
	3.8.1 External VCO	40
	3.8.2 Lock Detect Output	40
	3.8.3 Loop Bandwidth Adjustment	41
3.9	Serial Digital Output	41
	3.9.1 Output Swing	42

	3.9.2 Serial Digital Output Mute	42
	3.10 GSPI Host Interface	42
	3.10.1 Command Word Description	43
	3.10.2 Data Read and Write Timing	44
	3.10.3 Configuration and Status Registers	45
	3.11 JTAG	45
	3.12 Device Power Up	47
	3.13 Device Reset	
4.	Application Reference Design	48
	4.1 Typical Application Circuit	48
5.	References & Relevant Standards	49
6.	Package & Ordering Information	50
	6.1 Package Dimensions	50
	6.2 Packaging Data	51
	6.3 Ordering Information	51
7	Revision History	52

1. Pin Out

1.1 Pin Assignment



1.2 Pin Descriptions

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
1	CP_VDD	-	Power	Power supply connection for the charge pump. Connect to +3.3V DC analog.
2	PD_GND	_	Power	Ground connection for the phase detector. Connect to analog GND.
3	PD_VDD	-	Power	Power supply connection for the phase detector. Connect to +1.8V DC analog.
4, 6-8, 10, 14-17, 31, 65, 66, 70, 71	NC	-	-	No connect.
5	RSV	-	-	Reserved. Connect to Analog GND.
9	DVB_ASI	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible. When set HIGH in conjunction with SD/HD = HIGH and SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW, the device will be configured to operate in DVB-ASI mode. When set LOW, the device will not support the encoding of received DVB-ASI data.
11	SD/HD	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible. When set LOW, the device will be configured to transmit signal rates of 1.485Gb/s or 1.485/1.001Gb/s only. When set HIGH, the device will be configured to transmit signal rates of 270Mb/s only.
12	20bit/10bit	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible. Used to select the input data bus width in SMPTE or Data-Through modes. This signal is ignored in DVB-ASI mode. When set HIGH, the parallel input will be 20-bit demultiplexed data. When set LOW, the parallel input will be 10-bit multiplexed data.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
13	IOPROC_EN/DIS	Non	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
		Synchronous		Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to enable or disable I/O processing features.
				When set HIGH, the following I/O processing features of the device are enabled:
				 EDH Packet Generation and Insertion (SD-only)
				 SMPTE 352M Packet Generation and Insertion
				 ANC Data Checksum Calculation and Insertion
				 Line-based CRC Generation and Insertion (HD-only)
				 Line Number Generation and Insertion (HD-only)
				TRS Generation and Insertion
				Illegal Code Remapping
				To enable a subset of these features, keep IOPROC_EN/DIS HIGH and disable the individual feature(s) in the IOPROC_DISABLE register accessible via the host interface.
				When set LOW, the I/O processing features of the device are disabled, regardless of whether the features are enabled in the IOPROC_DISABL register.
18	SMPTE_BYPASS	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				When set HIGH in conjunction with DVB_ASI = LOW, the device will be configured to operate in SMPTE mode. All I/O processing features may enabled in this mode.
				When set LOW, the device will not support the scrambling or encoding or received SMPTE data. No I/O processing features will be available.
19	RSET	Analog	Input	Used to set the serial digital output signal amplitude. Connect to CD_VD through 281 Ω +/- 1% for 800mV _{p-p} single-ended output swing.
20	CD_VDD	-	Power	Power supply connection for the serial digital cable driver. Connect to +1.8V DC analog.
21	SDO_EN/DIS	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to enable or disable the serial digital output stage.
				When set LOW, the serial digital output signals SDO and SDO are disabled and become high impedance.
				When set HIGH, the serial digital output signals SDO and SDO are enabled.
22	CD_GND	-	Power	Ground connection for the serial digital cable driver. Connect to analog GND.
23, 24	SDO, SDO	Analog	Output	Serial digital output signal operating at 1.485Gb/s, 1.485/1.001Gb/s, or 270Mb/s.
				The slew rate of these outputs is automatically controlled to meet $\underline{\sf SMPT}$ 292M and 259M specifications according to the setting of the SD/ $\overline{\sf HD}$ pir

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
25	RESET_TRST	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to reset the internal operating conditions to default settings and to reset the JTAG test sequence.
				Host Mode (JTAG/HOST = LOW) When asserted LOW, all functional blocks will be set to default conditions and all input and output signals become high impedance, including the serial digital outputs SDO and SDO.
				Must be set HIGH for normal device operation.
				JTAG Test Mode (JTAG/HOST = HIGH) When asserted LOW, all functional blocks will be set to default and the JTAG test sequence will be held in reset.
				When set HIGH, normal operation of the JTAG test sequence resumes.
26	JTAG/HOST	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to select JTAG Test Mode or Host Interface Mode.
				When set HIGH, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ _TMS, SDOUT_TDO, SDI_TDI and SCLK_TCK are configured for JTAG boundary scan testing.
				When set LOW, $\overline{\text{CS}}_{-}$ TMS, SDOUT_TDO, SDI_TDI and SCLK_TCK are configured as GSPI pins for normal host interface operation.
27	CS_TMS	Synchronous with	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
		SCLK_TCK		Chip Select / Test Mode Select
				Host Mode (JTAG/ $\overline{\text{HOST}}$ = LOW) $\overline{\text{CS}}$ _TMS operates as the host interface chip select, $\overline{\text{CS}}$, and is active LOW.
				JTAG Test Mode (JTAG/HOST = HIGH) CS_TMS operates as the JTAG test mode select, TMS, and is active HIGH.
				NOTE: If the host interface is not being used, tie this pin HIGH.
28	SDOUT_TDO	Synchronous with	Output	CONTROL SIGNAL OUTPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
		SCLK_TCK		Serial Data Output / Test Data Output
		_		Host Mode (JTAG/HOST = LOW)
				SDOUT_TDO operates as the host interface serial output, SDOUT, used to read status and configuration information from the internal registers of the device.
				JTAG Test Mode (JTAG/HOST = HIGH) SDOUT_TDO operates as the JTAG test data output, TDO.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
29	SDIN_TDI	Synchronous	Input	
		with SCLK_TCK		CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
		OOLK_TOK		Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Serial Data In / Test Data Input
				Host Mode (JTAG/HOST = LOW)
				SDIN_TDI operates as the host interface serial input, SDIN, used to write address and configuration information to the internal registers of the device.
				JTAG Test Mode (JTAG/HOST = HIGH)
				SDIN_TDI operates as the JTAG test data input, TDI.
				NOTE: If the host interface is not being used, tie this pin HIGH.
30	SCLK_TCK	Non Synchronous	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
		,		Serial Data Clock / Test Clock.
				Host Mode (JTAG/HOST = LOW) SCLK_TCK operates as the host interface burst clock, SCLK. Command and data read/write words are clocked into the device synchronously wit this clock.
				JTAG Test Mode (JTAG/HOST = HIGH) SCLK_TCK operates as the JTAG test clock, TCK.
				NOTE: If the host interface is not being used, tie this pin HIGH.
32	BLANK	Synchronous with PCLK	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to enable or disable input data blanking.
				When set LOW, the luma and chroma input data is set to the appropriate blanking levels. Horizontal and vertical ancillary spaces will also be set to blanking levels.
				When set HIGH, the luma and chroma input data pass through the devicunal tered.
33, 68	CORE_GND	-	Power	Ground connection for the digital core logic. Connect to digital GND.
34	F	Synchronous with PCLK	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to indicate the ODD / EVEN field of the video signal when DETECT_TRS is set LOW. The device will set the F bit in all outgoing TR signals for the entire period that the F input signal is HIGH (IOPROC_EN/DIS must also be HIGH).
				The F signal should be set HIGH for the entire period of field 2 and shou be set LOW for all lines in field 1 and for all lines in progressive scan systems.
				The F signal is ignored when DETECT_TRS = HIGH.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
35	V	Synchronous with PCLK	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to indicate the portion of the video field / frame that is used for vertical blanking when DETECT_TRS is set LOW. The device will set the V bit in all outgoing TRS signals for the entire period that the V input signal is HIGH (IOPROC_EN/DIS must also be HIGH).
				The V signal should be set HIGH for the entire vertical blanking period and should be set LOW for all lines outside of the vertical blanking interval.
				The V signal is ignored when DETECT_TRS = HIGH.
36	Н	Synchronous with PCLK	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.
				Used to indicate the portion of the video line containing active video data when DETECT_TRS is set LOW. The device will set the H bit in all outgoing TRS signals for the entire period that the H input signal is HIGH (IOPROC_EN/DIS must also be HIGH).
				H signal timing is configurable via the H_CONFIG bit of the IOPROC_DISABLE register, accessible via the host interface.
				Active Line Blanking (H_CONFIG = 0 _h)
				The H signal should be set HIGH for the entire horizontal blanking period, including the EAV and SAV TRS words, and LOW otherwise. This is the default setting.
				TRS Based Blanking (H_CONFIG = 1 _h)
				The H signal should be set HIGH for the entire horizontal blanking period as indicated by the H bit in the received TRS ID words, and LOW otherwise.
37, 64	CORE_VDD	-	Power	Power supply connection for the digital core logic. Connect to +1.8V DC digital.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description				
38, 39, 42-48, 50	DIN[0:9]	Synchronous with PCLK	Input	PARALLEL DATA BUS Signal levels are LVCMO DIN9 is the MSB and DIN				
				HD 20-bit mode SD/HD = LOW 20bit/10bit = HIGH	Chroma data input in SMPTE mode SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH DVB_ASI = LOW			
					Data input in Data-Through mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = LOW			
				HD $\underline{10}$ -bit mode SD/H \underline{D} = LOW 20bit/ $\underline{10}$ bit = LOW	High impedance in all modes.			
				SD 20-bit mode SD/HD = HIGH 20bit/10bit = HIGH	Chroma data input in SMPTE mode SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH DVB_ASI = LOW			
					<u>Data input in Data</u> -Through mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = LOW			
					High impedance in DVB-ASI mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = HIGH			
				SD 10-bit mode SD/HD = HIGH 20bit/10bit = LOW	High impedance in all modes.			
40, 49, 60	IO_GND	-	Power	Ground connection for digital I/O buffers. Connect to digital GND.				
41, 53, 61	IO_VDD	-	Power	Power supply connection digital.	Power supply connection for digital I/O buffers. Connect to +3.3V DC digital.			

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description			
51, 52, 54-59, 62, 63	DIN[10:19]	Synchronous with PCLK	Input	PARALLEL DATA BUS Signal levels are LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible. DIN19 is the MSB and DIN10 is the LSB.			
				HD 20-bit mode SD/HD = LOW 20bit/10bit = HIGH	Luma data input in SMPTE mode SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH DVB_ASI = LOW Data input in Data-Through mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = LOW		
				HD 10-bit mode SD/HD = LOW 20bit/10bit = LOW	Multiplexed Luma and Chroma data input in SMPTE mode SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH DVB_ASI = LOW		
					Data input in Data-Through mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = LOW		
				SD 20-bit mode SD/HD = HIGH 20bit/10bit = HIGH	Luma data input in SMPTE mode SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH DVB_ASI = LOW		
					Data input in Data-Through mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = LOW		
					DVB-ASI data input in DVB-ASI mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = HIGH		
				SD 10-bit mode SD/ $\overline{\text{HD}}$ = HIGH 20bit/10bit = LOW	Multiplexed Luma and Chroma data input in SMPTE mode SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH DVB_ASI = LOW		
					Data input in data through mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = LOW		
					DVB-ASI data input in DVB-ASI mode SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW DVB_ASI = HIGH		
67	DETECT_TRS Non Ir Synchronous		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INP Signal levels are LVCMC			
				Used to select the timing			
				When set HIGH, the device will lock the internal flywheel to the embedo TRS timing signals in the parallel input data.			
				When set LOW, the devi supplied H, V, and F inpu	ce will lock the internal flywheel to the externally ut signals.		

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description				
69	PCLK – Input PARALLEL DAT Signal levels are				TA BUS CLOCK e LVCMOS/LVTTL compatible.			
				HD 20-bit mode	PCLK = 74.25MHz or 74.25/1.001MHz			
				HD 10-bit mode	PCLK = 148.5MHz or 148.5/1.001MHz			
				SD 20-bit mode	PCLK = 13.5MHz			
				SD 10-bit mode	PCLK = 27MHz			
72	LOCKED	Synchronous with PCLK	Output	STATUS SIGNAL OUT Signal levels are LVCM	PUT OS / LVTTL compatible.			
				received and locked to	Il be HIGH whenever the device has correctly SMPTE compliant data in SMPTE mode or a in DVB-ASI mode, or when the device has hrough mode.			
				It will be LOW otherwise	e.			
73, 74	VCO, VCO	Analog	Input		e external VCO reference signal. For single ended 01555/GO1525*, VCO should be AC coupled to			
				VCO is nominally 1.485	5GHz.			
				*For new designs use 0	GO1555			
75	VCO_GND	-	Output Power		ne external voltage controlled oscillator. Connect to e GO1555/GO1525*. This pin is an output.			
				Should be isolated from	n all other grounds.			
				*For new designs use (GO1555			
76	vco_vcc	-	Output Power		kternal voltage controlled oscillator. Connect to pin i25*. This pin is an output.			
				Should be isolated from	all other power supplies.			
				*For new designs use 0	GO1555			
77	LF	Analog	Output	Control voltage to exter DC.	rnal voltage controlled oscillator. Nominally +1.25V			
78	CP_CAP	Analog	Input	PLL lock time constant VCO_GND through 2.2	capacitor connection. Normally connected to nF.			
79	LB_CONT	Analog	Input	_	ne loop bandwidth of the integrated reclocker. VCO_VDD through 15kΩ.			
80	CP_GND	_	Power	Ground connection for	the charge pump. Connect to analog GND.			

GS1532 Data Sheet

2. Electrical Characteristics

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value/Units
Supply Voltage Core	-0.3V to +2.1V
Supply Voltage I/O	-0.3V to +4.6V
Input Voltage Range (any input)	-2.0V to + 5.25V
Ambient Operating Temperature	-20°C ≤ T _A ≤ 85°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C ≤ T _{STG} ≤ 125°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)	230°C
ESD Protection On All Pins	1kV

NOTES:

- 1. See reflow solder profiles (Solder Reflow Profiles on page 18)
- 2. MIL STD 883 ESD protection applied to all pins on the device.

2.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-1: DC Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Levels	Notes
System								
Operation Temperature Range	T _A	_	0	-	70	°C	-	1
Digital Core Supply Voltage	CORE_VDD	_	1.65	1.8	1.95	V	1	1
Digital I/O Supply Voltage	IO_VDD	_	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1	1
Charge Pump Supply Voltage	CP_VDD	_	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1	1
Phase Detector Supply Voltage	PD_VDD	-	1.65	1.8	1.95	V	1	1
Input Buffer Supply Voltage	BUFF_VDD	_	1.65	1.8	1.95	V	1	1
Cable Driver Supply Voltage	CD_VDD	_	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	1	1
External VCO Supply Voltage Output	vco_vcc	-	2.25	2.50	2.75	V	1	-
+1.8V Supply Current	I _{1V8}	_	-	-	245	mA	1	4
+3.3V Supply Current	I _{3V3}	_	_	-	45	mA	1	_

GS1532 Data Sheet



Table 2-1: DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Levels	Notes
Total Device Power	P _D	_	-	-	590	mW	5	4
ESD Protection on all Pins	-	_	1	-	-	kV	-	2
Digital I/O								
Input Logic LOW	V _{IL}	_	_	-	0.8	V	1	_
Input Logic HIGH	V _{IH}	_	2.1	-	-	V	1	_
Output Logic LOW	V _{OL}	8mA	-	0.2	0.4	V	1	-
Output Logic HIGH	V _{OH}	8mA	IO_VDD - 0.4	-	-	V	1	_
Input								
RSET Voltage	V _{RSET}	RSET=281Ω	0.54	0.6	0.66	V	1	3
Output								
Output Common Mode Voltage	V _{CMOUT}	75 Ω load, RSET=281 Ω , SD and HD	0.8	1.0	1.2	V	1	_

TEST LEVELS

- 1. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges.
- 2. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges using correlated test.
- 3. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage.
- 4. QA sample test.
- 5. Calculated result based on Level 1, 2, or 3.
- 6. Not tested. Guaranteed by design simulations.
- 7. Not tested. Based on characterization of nominal parts.
- 8. Not tested. Based on existing design/characterization data of similar product.
- 9. Indirect test.

NOTES

- 1. All DC and AC electrical parameters within specification.
- MIL STD 883 ESD protection will be applied to all pins on the device.
- 3. Set by the value of the RSET resistor.
- 4. SDO outputs enabled.

2.3 AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-2: AC Electrical Characteristics

 $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Levels	Notes
System								
Device Latency	_	10-bit SD	_	21	_	PCLK	6	_
	_	20-bit HD	-	19	-	PCLK	6	-
	_	DVB-ASI	-	11	-	PCLK	6	-
Reset Pulse Width	t _{reset}	_	1	_	_	ms	7	3
Parallel Input								
Parallel Clock Frequency	f _{PCLK}	_	13.5	-	148.5	MHz	1	-
Parallel Clock Duty Cycle	DC _{PCLK}	_	40	50	60	%	1	-
Input Data Setup Time	t _{SU}	_	2	-	-	ns	1	1
Input Data Hold Time	t _{IH}	_	1.5	-	_	ns	1	1
Serial Digital Output								
Serial Output Data Rate	DR _{SDO}	_	_	1.485,	_	Gb/s	1	_
				1.485/1.001,		Gb/s		
				270		Mb/s		
Serial Output Swing	$\Delta V_{ ext{SDD}}$	RSET = 281Ω Load = 75Ω	-	800	-	mVp-p	1	-
Serial Output Rise Time 20% ~ 80%	tr _{SDO}	ORL compensation using recommended circuit — HD signal	_	200	260	ps	1	-
	tr _{SDO}	ORL compensation using recommended circuit — SD signal	400	550	1500	ps	1	-
Serial Output Fall Time 20% ~ 80%	tf _{SDO}	ORL compensation using recommended circuit — HD signal	-	235	260	ps	1	-
	tf _{SDO}	ORL compensation using recommended circuit — SD signal	400	550	1500	ps	1	-
Serial Output Intrinsic Jitter	t _{IJ}	Pseudorandom and pathological HD signal	-	90	125	ps	1	-
	t _{IJ}	Pseudorandom and pathological SD signal	-	270	350	ps	1	-
Serial Output Duty Cycle	DCD _{SDO}	HD (1.485Gb/s)	_	10	_	ps	1	2
Distortion	DCD _{SDO}	SD (270Mb/s)	_	20	_	ps	1	2

GS1532 Data Sheet

Table 2-2: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C, unless otherwise shown

GENNUM

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Levels	Notes
GSPI								
GSPI Input Clock Frequency	f _{SCLK}	_	_	_	6.6	MHz	1	_
GSPI Input Clock Duty Cycle	DC _{SCLK}	_	40	50	60	%	6,7	_
GSPI Input Data Setup Time	-	_	0	-	-	ns	6,7	-
GSPI Input Data Hold Time	_	_	-	-	1.43	ns	6,7	-
GSPI Output Data Hold Time	_	_	2.10	_	_	ns	6,7	_
GSPI Output Data Delay Time	-	_	_	-	7.27	ns	6,7	-

TEST LEVELS

- 1. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges.
- Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guardbands for supply and temperature ranges using correlated test.
- 3. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage.
- 4. QA sample test.
- 5. Calculated result based on Level 1, 2, or 3.
- 6. Not tested. Guaranteed by design simulations.
- 7. Not tested. Based on characterization of nominal parts.
- 8. Not tested. Based on existing design/characterization data of similar product.
- 9. Indirect test.

NOTES

- 1. With 15pF load.
- 2. Serial Duty Cycle Distortion is defined here to be the difference between the width of a '1' bit, and the width of a '0' bit.
- 3. See Device Power Up on page 46, Figure 3-13.

2.4 Solder Reflow Profiles

The device is manufactured with Matte-Sn terminations and is compatible with both standard eutectic and Pb-free solder reflow profiles. The recommended standard eutectic reflow profile is shown in Figure 2-1. MSL qualification was performed using the maximum Pb-free reflow profile shown in Figure 2-2.

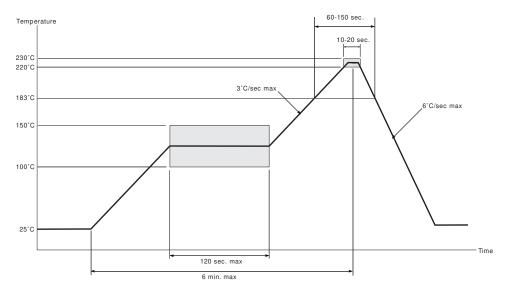


Figure 2-1: Standard Eutectic Solder Reflow Profile

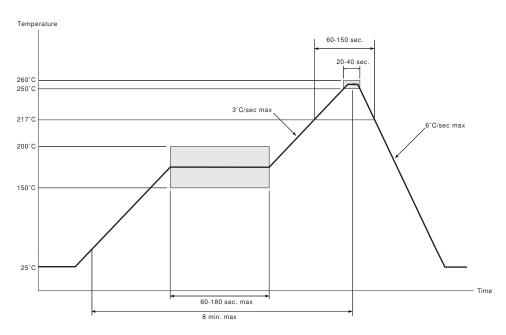


Figure 2-2: Maximum Pb-free Solder Reflow Profile (Preferred)

2.5 Input/Output Circuits

All resistors in ohms, all capacitors in farads, unless otherwise shown.

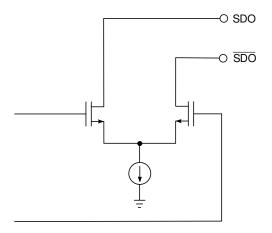


Figure 2-3: Serial Digital Output

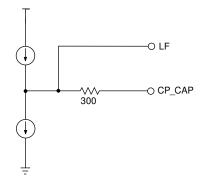


Figure 2-4: VCO Control Output & PLL Lock Time Capacitor

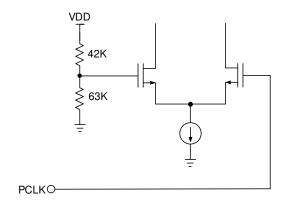


Figure 2-5: PCLK Input

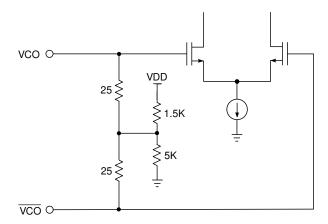


Figure 2-6: VCO Input

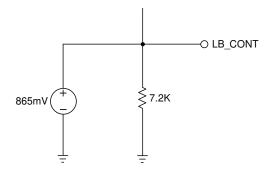


Figure 2-7: PLL Loop Bandwidth Control



2.6 Host Interface Maps

REGISTER NAME	ADDRESS	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LINE_352M_f2	1Ch	Not Used	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0				
LINE_352M_f1	1Bh	Not Used	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0				
	1Ah																
FF_LINE_END_F1	19h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
FF_LINE_START_F1	18h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
FF_LINE_END_F0	17h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
FF_LINE_START_F0	16h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
AP_LINE_END_F1	15h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
AP_LINE_START_F1	14h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
AP_LINE_END_F0	13h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
AP_LINE_START_F0	12h	Not Used	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0					
RASTER_STRUCTURE4	11h	Not Used	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0				
RASTER_STRUCTURE3	10h	Not Used	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0				
RASTER_STRUCTURE2	0Fh	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
RASTER_STRUCTURE1	0Eh	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	Not Used	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	0Dh																
	0Ch																
VIDEO_FORMAT_B	0Bh	VF4-b7	VF4-b6	VF4-b5	VF4-b4	VF4-b3	VF4-b2	VF4-b1	VF4-b0	VF3-b7	VF3-b6	VF3-b5	VF3-b4	VF3-b3	VF3-b2	VF3-b1	VF3-b0
VIDEO_FORMAT_A	0Ah	VF2-b7	VF2-b6	VF2-b5	VF2-b4	VF2-b3	VF2-b2	VF2-b1	VF2-b0	VF1-b7	VF1-b6	VF1-b5	VF1-b4	VF1-b3	VF1-b2	VF1-b1	VF1-b0
	09h																
	08h																
	07h																
	06h																
	05h																
VIDEO_STANDARD	04h	Not Used	VDS-b4	VDS-b3	VDS-b2	VDS-b1	VDS-b0	INT_PROG	STD_LOCK	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOT USED	NOT USED
	03h																
EDH_FLAG	02h	Not Used	ANC-UES	ANC-IDA	ANC-IDH	ANC-EDA	ANC-EDH	FF-UES	FF-IDA	FF-IDH	FF-EDA	FF-EDH	AP-UES	AP-IDA	AP-IDH	AP-EDA	AP-EDH
	01h																
IOPROC_DISABLE	00h	Not Used	H_CONFIG	Not Used	352M_INS	ILLEGAL_ REMAP	EDH_CRC_ INS	ANC_CSUM_ INS	CRC_INS	LNUM_INS	TRS_INS						

GENNUM 21498 - 8 February 2007 21 of 51



2.6.1 Host Interface Map (Read Only Registers)

REGISTER NAME	ADDRESS	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	1Ch																
	1Bh																
	1Ah																
	19h																
	18h																
	17h																
	16h																
	15h																
	14h																
	13h																
DAOTED OTDIOTUDEA	12h						1.40	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.5		1.0	1.0	1.4	1.0
RASTER_STRUCTURE4	11h						b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
RASTER_STRUCTURE3	10h					la d d	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
RASTER_STRUCTURE2 RASTER_STRUCTURE1	0Fh 0Eh					b11	b10 b10	b9 b9	b8 b8	b7	b6 b6	b5 b5	b4 b4	b3 b3	b2 b2	b1 b1	b0
HASIER_STRUCTURET	0Dh					DII	UIU	D9	Do	D/	DO	DO	D4	03	02	DI	DU
	0Ch																
	0Bh																
	0Ah																
	09h																
	08h																
	07h																
	06h																
	05h																
VIDEO_STANDARD	04h		VDS-b4	VDS-b3	VDS-b2	VDS-b1	VDS-b0	INT_PROG	STD_LOCK								
	03h																
	02h																
	01h																
	00h																

GENNUM 21498 - 8 February 2007 22 of 51



2.6.2 Host Interface Map (R/W Configurable Registers)

REGISTER NAME	ADDRESS	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LINE_352M_f2	1Ch						b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
LINE_352M_f1	1Bh						b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	1Ah																
FF_LINE_END_F1	19h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
FF_LINE_START_F1	18h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
FF_LINE_END_F0	17h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
FF_LINE_START_F0	16h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
AP_LINE_END_F1	15h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
AP_LINE_START_F1	14h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
AP_LINE_END_F0	13h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
AP_LINE_START_F0	12h							b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	11h																
	10h																
	0Fh																
	0Eh																
	0Dh																
	0Ch																
VIDEO_FORMAT_B	0Bh	VF4-b7	VF4-b6	VF4-b5	VF4-b4	VF4-b3	VF4-b2	VF4-b1	VF4-b0	VF3-b7	VF3-b6	VF3-b5	VF3-b4	VF3-b3	VF3-b2	VF3-b1	VF3-b0
VIDEO_FORMAT_A	0Ah	VF2-b7	VF2-b6	VF2-b5	VF2-b4	VF2-b3	VF2-b2	VF2-b1	VF2-b0	VF1-b7	VF1-b6	VF1-b5	VF1-b4	VF1-b3	VF1-b2	VF1-b1	VF1-b0
	09h																
	08h																
	07h																
	06h																
	05h																
	04h																
	03h																
EDH_FLAG	02h		ANC-UES	ANC-IDA	ANC-IDH	ANC-EDA	ANC-EDH	FF-UES	FF-IDA	FF-IDH	FF-EDA	FF-EDH	AP-UES	AP-IDA	AP-IDH	AP-EDA	AP-EDH
	01h																
IOPROC_DISABLE	00h								H_CONFIG		352M_INS	ILLEGAL_ REMAP	EDH_CRC_ INS	ANC_CSUM_ INS	CRC_INS	LNUM_ INS	TRS_INS

GENNUM 21498 - 8 February 2007 23 of 51

GS1532 Data Sheet

3. Detailed Description

3.1 Functional Overview

The GS1532 is a multi-rate serializer with an integrated cable driver. When used in conjunction with the external GO1555/GO1525* Voltage Controlled Oscillator, a transmit solution at 1.485Gb/s, 1.485/1.001Gb/s or 270Mb/s is realized.

The device has three different modes of operation which must be set by the application layer through external device pins.

When SMPTE mode is enabled, the device will accept 10-bit multiplexed or 20-bit demultiplexed SMPTE compliant data at both HD and SD signal rates. The device's additional processing features are also enabled in this mode.

In DVB-ASI mode, the GS1532 will accept an 8-bit parallel DVB-ASI compliant transport stream on its upper input bus. The serial output data stream will be 8b/10b encoded and stuffed.

The GS1532's third mode allows for the serializing of data not conforming to SMPTE or DVB-ASI streams.

The provided serial digital outputs feature a high impedance mode, output mute on loss of parallel clock and adjustable signal swing. The output slew rate is automatically controlled by the SD/HD setting.

In the digital signal processing core, several data processing functions are implemented including SMPTE 352M and EDH data packet generation and insertion, and automatic video standards detection. These features are all enabled by default, but may be individually disabled via internal registers accessible through the GSPI host interface.

Finally, the GS1532 contains a JTAG interface for boundary scan test implementations.

*For new designs use GO1555

3.2 Parallel Data Inputs

Data inputs enter the device on the rising edge of PCLK as shown in Figure 3-1.

The input data format is defined by the setting of the external SD/HD, SMPTE_BYPASS and DVB_ASI pins and may be presented in 10-bit or 20-bit format. The input data bus width is controlled independently from the internal data bus width by the 20bit/10bit input pin.

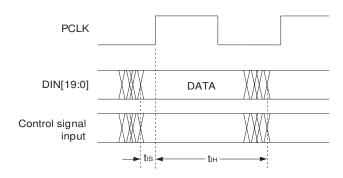


Figure 3-1: PCLK to Data Timing

3.2.1 Parallel Input in SMPTE Mode

When the device is operating in SMPTE mode, (see SMPTE Mode on page 27), both SD and HD data may be presented to the input bus in either multiplexed or demultiplexed form depending on the setting of the 20bit/10bit input pin.

In 20-bit mode, (20bit/10bit = HIGH), the input data format should be word aligned, demultiplexed luma and chroma data. Luma words should be presented to DIN[19:10] while chroma words should occupy DIN[9:0].

In 10-bit mode, $(20bit/\overline{10bit} = LOW)$, the input data format should be word aligned, multiplexed luma and chroma data. The data should be presented to DIN[19:10]. DIN[9:0] will be high impedance in this mode.

3.2.2 Parallel Input in DVB-ASI Mode

When operating in DVB-ASI mode, (see DVB-ASI mode on page 29), the GS1532 automatically configures the input port for 10-bit operation regardless of the setting of the 20bit/10bit pin.

The device will accept 8-bit data words on DIN[17:10] such that DIN17 = HIN is the most significant bit of the encoded transport stream data and DIN10 = AIN is the least significant bit.

In addition, DIN19 and DIN18 will be configured as the DVB-ASI control signals INSSYNCIN and KIN respectively. See DVB-ASI mode on page 29 for a description of these DVB-ASI specific input signals.

DIN[9:0] will be high impedance when the GS1532 is operating in DVB-ASI mode.

3.2.3 Parallel Input in Data-Through Mode

When operating in Data-Through mode, (see Data-Through Mode on page 29), the GS1532 passes data presented to the parallel input bus to the serial output without performing any encoding or scrambling.

The input data bus width accepted by the device in this mode is controlled by the setting of the 20bit/10bit pin.