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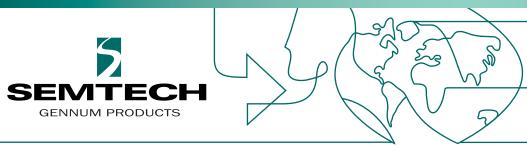
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GS1661A

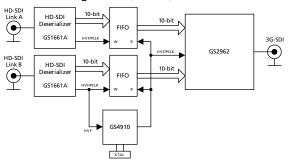
HD/SD SDI Receiver, with Integrated Adaptive Cable Equalizer complete with SMPTE Video Processing

Key Features

- Operation at 1.485Gb/s, 1.485/1.001Gb/s and 270Mb/s
- Supports SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 259M-C and DVB-ASI
- Integrated adaptive cable equalizer
- Typical equalized length of Belden 1694A cable:
 - 230m at 1.485Gb/s
 - 440m at 270Mb/s
- Integrated Reclocker with low phase noise, integrated VCO
- Serial digital reclocked, or non-reclocked output
- Ancillary data extraction
- Parallel data bus selectable as either 20-bit or 10-bit
- Comprehensive error detection and correction features
- Output H, V, F or CEA 861 Timing Signals
- 1.2V digital core power supply, 1.2V and 3.3V analog power supplies, and selectable 1.8V or 3.3V I/O power supply
- GSPI Host Interface
- Wide temperature range of -40°C to +85°C
- Low power operation (typically 460mW)
- Small 11mm x 11mm 100-ball BGA package
- Pb-free and RoHS compliant

Applications

Application: Dual Link (HD-SDI) to Single Link (3G-SDI) Converter



Description

The GS1661A is a multi-rate SDI integrated Receiver which includes complete SMPTE processing, as per SMPTE 292M and SMPTE 259M-C. The SMPTE processing features can be bypassed to support signals with other coding schemes.

The GS1661A integrates Gennum's adaptive cable equalizer technology, achieving unprecedented cable lengths and jitter tolerance. It features DC restoration to compensate for the DC content of SMPTE pathological signals.

The device features an Integrated Reclocker with an internal VCO and a wide Input Jitter Tolerance (IJT) of 0.7UI.

A serial digital loop-through output is provided, which can be configured to output either reclocked or non-reclocked serial digital data. The serial digital output can be connected to an external cable driver.

The device operates in one of four basic modes: SMPTE mode, DVB-ASI mode, Data-Through mode or Standby mode.

In SMPTE mode (the default operating mode), the GS1661A performs full SMPTE processing, and features a number of data integrity checks and measurement capabilities.

The device also supports ancillary data extraction, and can provide entire ancillary data packets through host-accessible registers. It also provides a variety of other packet detection and error handling features. All of these processing features are optional, and may be individually enabled or disabled through register programming.

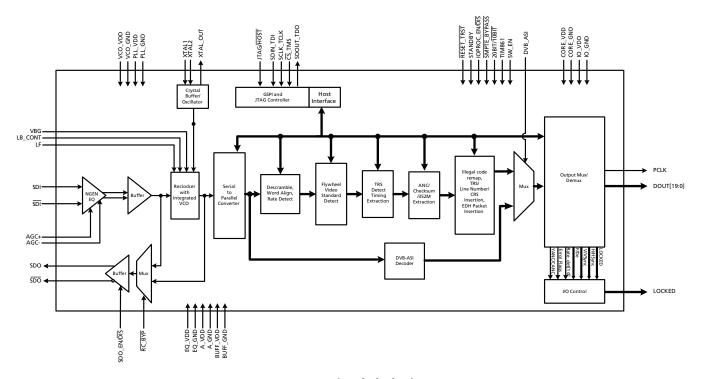
In DVB-ASI mode, sync word detection, alignment and 8b/10b decoding is applied to the received data stream.

In Data-Through mode all forms of SMPTE and DVB-ASI processing are disabled, and the device can be used as a simple serial to parallel converter.

The device can also operate in a lower power Standby mode. In this mode, no signal processing is carried out and the parallel output is held static.

Parallel data outputs are provided in 20-bit or 10-bit format for HD and SD video rates, with a variety of mapping options. As such, this parallel bus can interface directly with video processor ICs, and output data can be multiplexed onto 10 bits for a low-pin count interface.

Functional Block Diagram



GS1661A Functional Block Diagram

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1. Pin Out

1.1 Pin Assignment

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Α	VBG	LF	LB_CONT	VCO_ VDD	STAT0	STAT1	IO_VDD	PCLK	DOUT18	DOUT17
В	A_VDD	PLL_ VDD	RSV	VCO_ GND	STAT2	STAT3	IO_GND	DOUT19	DOUT16	DOUT15
С	SDI	A_GND	PLL_ VDD	PLL_ VDD	STAT4	STAT5	RESET _TRST	DOUT12	DOUT14	DOUT13
D	SDI	A_GND	A_GND	PLL_ GND	CORE _GND	CORE _VDD	SW_EN	JTAG/ HOST	IO_GND	IO_VDD
Ε	EQ_VDD	EQ_GND	A_GND	PLL_ GND	CORE _GND	CORE _VDD	SDOUT_ TDO	SDIN_ TDI	DOUT10	DOUT11
F	AGCP	RSV	A_GND	PLL_ GND	CORE _GND	CORE _VDD	CS_ TMS	SCLK_ TCK	DOUT8	DOUT9
G	AGCN	A_GND	RC_BYP	CORE _GND	CORE _GND	CORE _VDD	SMPTE_ BYPASS	DVB_ASI	IO_GND	IO_VDD
Н	BUFF_ VDD	BUFF_ GND	CORE _GND	RSV	TIM_861	XTAL_ OUT	20bit/ 10bit	IOPROC_ EN/DIS	DOUT6	DOUT7
J	SDO	SDO_ EN/DIS	RSV	RSV	RSV	XTAL2	IO_GND	DOUT1	DOUT4	DOUT5
K	SDO	STANDBY	RSV	RSV	RSV	XTAL1	IO_VDD	DOUT0	DOUT2	DOUT3

1.2 Pin Descriptions

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
A1	VBG		Analog Input	Band Gap voltage filter connection.
A2	LF		Analog Input	Loop Filter component connection.
A3	LB_CONT		Analog Input	Connection for loop bandwidth control resistor.
A4	VCO_VDD		Input Power	POWER pin for the VCO. Connect to a 1.2V \pm 5% analog supply followed by a RC filter (see 5.3 Typical Application Circuit). A 105 Ω 1% resistor must be used in the RC filter circuit. VCO_VDD is nominally 0.7V.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description	
A5, A6, B5,	STAT[0:5]		Output	MULTI-FUNCTIONAL OU	ITPUT PORT.
B6, C5, C6					out Logic parameters in the DC Electrical logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Each of the STAT [0:5] p one of the following sig	ins can be configured individually to output gnals:
				Signal	Default
				H/HSYNC	STAT0
				V/VSYNC	STAT1
				F/DE	STAT2
				LOCKED	STAT3
				Y/1ANC	STAT4
				C/2ANC	_
				DATA ERROR	STAT5
				VIDEO ERROR	_
				EDH DETECTED	_
				CARRIER DETECT	_
				RATE_DET	_
A7, D10, G10, K7	IO_VDD		Input Power	POWER connection for digital.	digital I/O. Connect to 3.3V or 1.8V DC
A8	PCLK		Output	PARALLEL DATA BUS CL	оск
					out Logic parameters in the DC Electrical logic level threshold and compatibility.
				HD 10-bit mode	PCLK @ 148.5 or 148.5/1.001MHz
				HD 20-bit mode	PCLK @ 74.25 or 74.25/1.001MHz
				SD 10-bit mode	PCLK @ 27MHz
				SD 20-bit mode	PCLK @ 13.5MHz
A9, A10, B8,	DOUT18, 17, 19,		Output	PARALLEL DATA BUS	
B9, B10,C8, C9, C10, E9, E10	16, 15, 12, 14, 13, 10, 11				out Logic parameters in the DC Electrical logic level threshold and compatibility.
				20-bit mode 20bit/10bit = HIGH	SMPTE mode (SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH and DVB_ASI = LOW): Luma data output for SD and HD data
					rates DVB-ASI mode (<u>SMPTE_BYPASS</u> = LOV and DVB_ASI = HIGH): Not defined
					Data-Through mode (SMPTE_BYPASS : LOW and DVB_ASI = LOW): Data output
				10-bit mode 20bit/10bit = LOW	SMPTE mode (SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH and DVB_ASI = LOW): Multiplexed Luma/Chroma data outpu for SD and HD data rates
					DVB-ASI mode (SMPTE_BYPASS = LOV and DVB_ASI = HIGH): 8b/10b decoded DVB-ASI data
					Data-Through mode (SMPTE_BYPASS : LOW and DVB_ASI = LOW): Data output



Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
B1	A_VDD		Input Power	POWER pin for analog circuitry. Connect to 3.3V DC analog.
B2, C3, C4	PLL_VDD		Input Power	POWER pins for the Reclocker PLL. Connect to 1.2V DC analog.
B3, F2, H4, J3, J4, J5, K3, K4, K5	RSV			These pins must be left unconnected.
B4	VCO_GND		Input Power	GND pin for the VCO. Connect to analog GND.
B7, D9, G9, J7	IO_GND		Input Power	GND connection for digital I/O. Connect to digital GND.
C1, D1	SDI, SDI		Analog Input	Serial Digital Differential Input.
C2, D2, D3, E3, F3, G2	A_GND		Input Power	GND pins for sensitive analog circuitry. Connect to analog GND.
C7	RESET_TRST		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to reset the internal operating conditions to default settings and to reset the JTAG sequence.
				Normal mode (JTAG/HOST = LOW):
				When LOW, all functional blocks are set to default conditions and all digital output signals become high impedance.
				When HIGH, normal operation of the device resumes.
				JTAG test mode (JTAG/ \overline{HOST} = HIGH):
				When LOW, all functional blocks are set to default and the JTAG tessequence is reset.
				When HIGH, normal operation of the JTAG test sequence resumes after $\overline{\text{RESET_TRST}}$ is de-asserted.
D4, E4, F4	PLL_GND		Input Power	GND pins for the Reclocker PLL. Connect to analog GND.
D5, E5, F5, G4, G5, H3	CORE_GND		Input Power	GND connection for device core. Connect to digital GND.
D6, E6, F6, G6	CORE_VDD		Input Power	POWER connection for device core. Connect to 1.2V DC digital.
D7	SW_EN		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to enable switch-line locking, as described in Section 4.9.1.
D8	JTAG/HOST		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to select JTAG test mode or host interface mode.
				When JTAG/ $\overline{\text{HOST}}$ is HIGH, the host interface port is configured for JTAG test.
				When JTAG/HOST is LOW, normal operation of the host interface port resumes.
E1	EQ_VDD		Input Power	POWER pin for SDI buffer. Connect to 3.3V DC analog.
E2	EQ_GND		Input Power	GND pin for SDI buffer. Connect to analog GND.



Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
E7	SDOUT_TDO		Output	COMMUNICATION SIGNAL OUTPUT
				Please refer to the Output Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				GSPI serial data output/test data out.
				In JTAG mode (JTAG/ \overline{HOST} = HIGH), this pin is used to shift test results from the device.
				In host interface mode, this pin is used to read status and configuration data from the device.
				Note: GSPI is slightly different than the SPI. For more details on GSPI, please refer to 4.18 GSPI - HOST Interface.
E8	SDIN_TDI		Input	COMMUNICATION SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				GSPI serial data in/test data in.
				In JTAG mode (JTAG/HOST = HIGH), this pin is used to shift test data into the device.
				In host interface mode, this pin is used to write address and configuration data words into the device.
F1, G1	AGCP, AGCN			Automatic Gain Control for the equalizer. Attach the AGC capacitor between these pins.
F7	CS_TMS		Input	COMMUNICATION SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Chip select / test mode start.
				In JTAG mode (JTAG/ \overline{HOST} = HIGH), this pin is Test Mode Start, used to control the operation of the JTAG test.
				In host interface mode (JTAG/ $\overline{\text{HOST}}$ = LOW), this pin operates as the host interface chip select and is active LOW.
F8	SCLK_TCK		Input	COMMUNICATION SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Serial data clock signal.
				In JTAG mode (JTAG/ \overline{HOST} = HIGH), this pin is the JTAG clock.
				In host interface mode (JTAG/ $\overline{\text{HOST}}$ = LOW), this pin is the host interface serial bit clock.
				All JTAG/host interface addresses and data are shifted into/out of the device synchronously with this clock.



Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description	
F9, F10, H9,	DOUT8, 9, 6, 7, 1,		Output	PARALLEL DATA BUS	
H10, J8, J9, J10, K8, K9, K10	4, 5, 0, 2, 3			•	t Logic parameters in the DC Electrical ogic level threshold and compatibility.
				20-bit mode 20bit/10bit = HIGH	SMPTE mode (SMPTE_BYPASS = HIGH and DVB_ASI = LOW): Chroma data output for SD and HD data rates
					DVB-ASI mode (SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW and DVB_ASI = HIGH): Not defined
					Data-Through mode (SMPTE_BYPASS = LOW and DVB_ASI = LOW): Data output
				10-bit mode 20bit/10bit = LOW	Forced LOW
G3	RC_BYP		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT	
				•	ogic parameters in the DC Electrical ogic level threshold and compatibility.
				version of the input serial	e serial digital output is the buffered data. When this pin is HIGH, the serial cked version of the input serial data.
G7	SMPTE_BYPASS		Input/Output	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT/	ОИТРИТ
					Output Logic parameters in the DC able for logic level threshold and
				Indicates the presence of	valid SMPTE data.
				(Default), this pin is an Ol	in the host interface register is HIGH JTPUT. SMPTE_BYPASS is HIGH when the ompliant input. SMPTE_BYPASS is LOW s.
				When the AUTO/MAN bit pin is an INPUT:	in the host interface register is LOW, this
					es place, and none of the I/O processing available when SMPTE_BYPASS is set
				When $\overline{\text{SMPTE}}_{\text{BYPASS}}$ is s scrambling and I/O process	et HIGH, the device carries out SMPTE ssing.
				When SMPTE_BYPASS and operates in Data-Through	d DVB_ASI are both set LOW, the device n mode.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing	Туре	Description
G8	DVB_ASI		Input/Output	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input/Output Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to enable/disable DVB-ASI data extraction in manual mode.
				When the AUTO/MAN bit in the host interface is LOW, this pin is a input and when the DVB_ASI pin is set HIGH the device will carry or DVB_ASI data extraction and processing. The SMPTE_BYPASS pin must be set LOW. When SMPTE_BYPASS and DVB_ASI are both set LOW, the device operates in Data-Through mode.
				When the AUTO/MAN bit in the host interface is HIGH (default), DVB-ASI is configured as a status output (set LOW), and DVB-ASI input streams are not supported or recognized.
Н1	BUFF_VDD		Input Power	POWER pin for the serial digital output 50Ω buffer. Connect to 3.3 DC analog.
H2	BUFF_GND		Input Power	GND pin for the cable driver buffer. Connect to analog GND.
H5	TIM_861		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to select CEA-861 timing mode.
				When TIM_861 is HIGH, the device outputs CEA 861 timing signals (HSYNC/VSYNC/DE) instead of H:V:F digital timing signals.
Н6	XTAL_OUT		Digital Output	Buffered 27MHz crystal output. Can be used to cascade the crystal signal.
H7	20bit/10bit		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to select the output bus width.
				HIGH = 20-bit, LOW = 10-bit.
Н8	IOPROC_EN/DIS		Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
				Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
				Used to enable or disable video processing features. When IOPROC_EN is HIGH, the video processing features of the device a enabled. When IOPROC_EN is LOW, the processing features of the device are disabled, and the device is in a low-latency operating mode.
J1, K1	SDO, SDO		Output	Serial Data Output Signal.
				50Ω CML buffer for interfacing to an external cable driver.
				Serial digital output signal operating at 1.485Gb/s, 1.485/1.001Gb/and 270Mb/s.



Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Timing Type	Description
J2	SDO_EN/ DIS	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
			Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
			Used to enable/disable the serial digital output stage.
			When SDO_EN/DIS is LOW, the serial digital output signals, SDO and SDO, are both pulled HIGH.
			When SDO_EN/ $\overline{\text{DIS}}$ is HIGH, the serial digital output signals, SDO and $\overline{\text{SDO}}$, are enabled.
J6, K6	XTAL2, XTAL1	Analog Inp	ut Input connection for 27MHz crystal.
K2	STANDBY	Input	CONTROL SIGNAL INPUT
			Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in the DC Electrical Characteristics table for logic level threshold and compatibility.
			When this pin is set HIGH, the device is placed in a power-saving mode. No data processing occurs, and the digital I/Os are powered down.
			In this mode, the serial digital output signals, SDO and $\overline{\text{SDO}}$, are both pulled HIGH.



2. Electrical Characteristics

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2-1: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value/Units
Supply Voltage, Digital Core (CORE_VDD)	-0.3V to +1.5V
Supply Voltage, Digital I/O (IO_VDD)	-0.3V to +4.0V
Supply Voltage, Analog 1.2V (PD_VDD, VCO_VDD)	-0.3V to +1.5V
Supply Voltage, Analog 3.3V (EQ_VDD, BUFF_VDD, A_VDD)	-0.3V to +4.0V
Input Voltage Range (digital inputs)	-2.0V to +5.25V
Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to +85°C
Functional Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-50°C to +125°C
Peak Reflow Temperature (JEDEC J-STD-020C)	260°C
ESD Sensitivity, HBM (JESD22-A114)	2kV

NOTES:

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage may occur. Functional operation under these conditions or at any other condition beyond those indicated in the AC/DC Electrical Characteristics sections is not implied.

2.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2-2: Recommended Operating Conditions

 $T_A = -20$ °C to + 85°C, unless otherwise shown.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage, Digital Core	CORE_VDD	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	_
Supply Voltage, Digital I/O	IO VDD -	1.8V mode	1.71	1.8	1.89	V	_
	IO_VDD -	3.3V mode	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	_
Supply Voltage, PLL	PLL_VDD	_	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	_
Supply Voltage, Analog	A_VDD	_	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	1
Supply Voltage, Serial Digital Input	EQ_VDD	_	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	1
Supply Voltage, CD Buffer	BUFF_VDD	=	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	1

NOTES:

1. The 3.3V supplies must track the 3.3V supply of an external CD.



2.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
System							
+1.2V Supply Current	I _{1V2}	10/20bit HD	_	160	200	mA	_
		10/20bit SD	_	130	170	mA	_
		DVB_ASI	_	130	170	mA	_
+1.8V Supply Current	I _{1V8}	10/20bit HD	_	15	21	mA	_
		10/20bit SD	-	4	7	mA	_
		DVB_ASI	-	4	6	mA	_
+3.3V Supply Current	I _{3V3}	10/20bit HD	_	110	135	mA	_
		10/20bit SD	-	90	100	mA	_
		DVB_ASI	-	90	95	mA	_
Total Device Power P _{1D8}		10/20bit HD	_	460	560	mW	_
(IO_VDD = 1.8V)		10/20bit SD	_	410	490	mW	_
		DVB_ASI	_	410	490	mW	_
		Reset	_	390	_	mW	_
		Standby	-	23	45	mW	-
Total Device Power	P _{3D3}	10/20bit HD	-	550	700	mW	_
$(IO_VDD = 3.3V)$		10/20bit SD	-	440	540	mW	-
		DVB_ASI	-	440	530	mW	_
		Reset	-	410	-	mW	-
		Standby	=	23	45	mW	-
Digital I/O							
Input Logic LOW	V _{IL}	3.3V or 1.8V operation	IO_VSS -0.3	-	0.3 x IO_VDD	V	_
Input Logic HIGH	V _{IH}	3.3V or 1.8V operation	0.7 x IO_VDD	_	IO_VDD +0.3	V	-
Output Logic LOW	V _{OL}	IOL = 5mA, 1.8V operation	-	_	0.2	V	_
Output Logic LOVV		IOL = 8mA, 3.3V operation	-	-	0.4	V	-
Output Logic HICH	V _{OH}	IOH = 5mA, 1.8V operation	1.4	-	-	V	_
Output Logic HIGH		IOH = 8mA, 3.3V operation	2.4	_	_	V	_
Serial Input							
Serial Input Common Mode Voltage	-	75 Ω load	-	2.2	-	V	-



Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Serial Output							
Serial Output Common Mode Voltage	_	50Ω load	BUFF_VDD -(0.6/2)	BUFF_VDD -(0.45/2)	BUFF_VDD -(0.35/2)	V	-

Notes:

The output drive strength of the digital outputs can be programmed through the host interface. please see Table 4-17: Configuration and Status Registers, register 06Dh for details.

2.4 AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
System							
Device Latency:		HD	44	-	48	PCLK	-
SMPTE mode, IOPROC_EN = 1		SD	46	-	53	PCLK	-
Device Latency:		HD	33	-	36	PCLK	-
SMPTE mode, IOPROC_EN = 0		SD	32	_	35	PCLK	_
Device Latency:		HD	6	-	9	PCLK	-
SMPTE bypass, IOPROC_EN = 0		SD	5	-	9	PCLK	_
Device Latency: DVB-ASI	-	SD	12	_	16	PCLK	-
Reset Pulse Width	t _{reset}	-	1	-	-	ms	_
Parallel Output							
Parallel Clock Frequency	f _{PCLK}	-	13.5	_	148.5	MHz	_
Parallel Clock Duty Cycle	DC _{PCLK}	-	40	_	60	%	-

Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $\label{prop:conditions} \textbf{Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditi	ions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Output Data Hold Time (1.8V)	t _{oh}	HD 10-bit	DBUS	1.0	-	_	ns	1
		6pF Cload	STAT	1.0	-	-	ns	1
		HD 20-bit	DBUS	1.0	-	-	ns	1
		6pF Cload	STAT	1.0	-	-	ns	1
		SD 10-bit	DBUS	19.4	-	=	ns	1
		6pF Cload	STAT	19.4	-	=	ns	1
		SD 20-bit	DBUS	38.0	-	-	ns	1
		6pF Cload	STAT	38.0	-	-	ns	1
Output Data Hold Time (3.3V)	t _{oh}	HD 10-bit 6pF Cload -	DBUS	1.0	-	-	ns	2
			STAT	1.0	-	-	ns	2
		HD 20-bit 6pF Cload	DBUS	1.0	-	-	ns	2
			STAT	1.0	-	-	ns	2
		SD 10-bit 6pF Cload	DBUS	19.4	-	-	ns	2
			STAT	19.4	-	-	ns	2
		SD 20-bit	DBUS	38.0	-	-	ns	2
		6pF Cload	STAT	38.0	-	=	ns	2
Output Data Delay Time (1.8V)	t _{od}	HD 10-bit	DBUS	-	-	3.7	ns	3
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	4.4	ns	3
		HD 20-bit	DBUS	-	-	3.7	ns	3
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	4.4	ns	3
		SD 10-bit	DBUS	-	-	22.2	ns	3
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	22.2	ns	3
		SD 20-bit	DBUS	-	-	41.0	ns	3
		15pF Cload	STAT	_	_	41.0	ns	3



Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditi	ions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Output Data Delay Time (3.3V)	t _{od}	HD 10-bit	DBUS	_	-	3.7	ns	4
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	4.1	ns	4
		HD 20-bit	DBUS	-	-	3.7	ns	4
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	4.1	ns	4
		SD 10-bit	DBUS	-	-	22.2	ns	4
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	22.2	ns	4
		SD 20-bit	DBUS	-	-	41.0	ns	4
		15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	41.0	ns	4
Output Data Rise/Fall Time (1.8V)	t _r /t _f	All modes	STAT	-	-	0.4	ns	1
		6pF Cload	DBUS	-	-	0.4	ns	1
		All modes 15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	1.5	ns	3
			DBUS	-	-	1.4	ns	3
Output Data Rise/Fall Time (3.3V)	t _r /t _f	All modes 6pF Cload	STAT	-	-	0.5	ns	2
			DBUS	-	-	0.4	ns	2
		All modes 15pF Cload	STAT	-	-	1.6	ns	4
			DBUS	-	-	1.4	ns	4
Serial Digital Input								
Serial Input Data Rate	DR _{SDI}	-		0.27	_	1.485	Gb/s	_
Serial Input Voltage Swing	ΔV_{SDI}	ΔV_{SDI} $T_A = 25$ °C, difference 270Mb/s & 1.4		720	800	950	mV _{p-p}	6
	T _A =25°C, diffe 2.97Gb/s		erential,	720	800	880	mV _{p-p}	6
	-	Belden 1694A	cable, HD	210	230	-	m	-
Achievable Cable Length		Belden 1694A	cable, SD	400	440	-	m	-
Input Return Loss	-	single-ended		15	21	-	dB	7
Input Resistance	-	single-ended		-	1.52	-	kΩ	-
Input Capacitance	-	single-ended		-	1	-	pF	-
Serial Digital Output								
Serial Output Data Rate	DR _{SDO}	_		0.27	_	1.485	Gb/s	_
Serial Output Swing	$\Delta V_{ m SDO}$	Differential w	ith 100Ω	320	_	600	mVp-p	_
Serial Output Rise Time 20% ~ 80%	tr _{SDO}	-		-	-	180	ps	_



Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	arameter Symbol Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Serial Output Fall Time 20% ~ 80%	tf _{SDO}	-	-	-	180	ps	-
Serial Output Jitter with loop-through mode	t _{OJ}	SMPTE colour bar HD, 210m	-	-	100	ps	_
		SMPTE colour bar SD, 400m	-	-	470	ps	_
Serial Output Duty Cycle	DCD _{SDD}	HD	-	10	-	ps	-
Distortion		SD	-	20	-	ps	=
Synchronous lock time	-	_	-	-	25	μs	=
Asynchronous lock time	-	Manual mode, noise immunity disabled	0.1	=	20	ms	-
Lock time from power-up	-	After 20 minutes at -20°C	-	-	5	s	_
GSPI							
GSPI Input Clock Frequency	f _{SCLK}		-	-	60	MHz	5
GSPI Input Clock Duty Cycle	DC _{SCLK}	-	40	50	60	%	5
GSPI Input Data Setup Time	-	-	1.5	_	_	ns	5
GSPI Input Data Hold Time	-	=	1.5	-	-	ns	5
GSPI Output Data Hold Time	-	=	1.5	-	-	ns	5
CS low before SCLK rising edge	-	- 50% levels	1.5	-	-	ns	5
Time between end of command word (or data in Auto-Increment mode) and the first SCLK of the following data word - write cycle	-	3.3V or 1.8V operation	37.1	-	-	ns	5
Time between end of command word (or data in Auto-Increment mode) and the first SCLK of the following data word - read cycle	-	-	148.4	-	-	ns	5
CS high after SCLK falling edge	_	-	37.1	_	_	ns	5

Notes:

- 1. 1.89V and 0°C.
- 2. $\,$ 3.47V and 0°C.
- 3. 1.71V and 85°C
- 4. 3.13V and 85°C
- 5. Timing parameters defined in Section 4.18.3
- 6. 0m cable length
- 7. Tested on a GS1661A board from 5MHz to 1.485GHz.



3. Input/Output Circuits

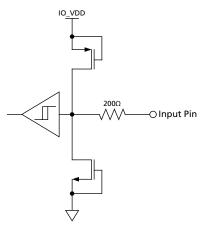


Figure 3-1: Digital Input Pin with Schmitt Trigger (20bit/10bit, CS_TMS, SW_EN, IOPROC_EN/DIS, JTAG/HOST, RC_BYP, RESET_TRST, SCLK_TCK, SDIN_TDI, SDO_EN/DIS, STANDBY, TIM_861)

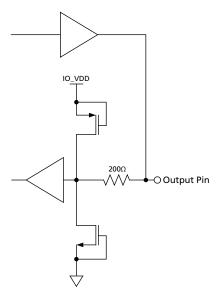


Figure 3-2: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output Pin - Configured to Output unless in Reset Mode. (DVB_ASI, SMPTE_BYPASS)

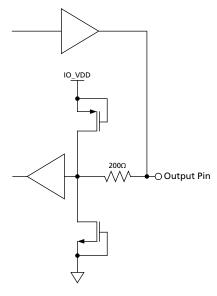


Figure 3-3: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output Pin with programmable drive strength. These pins are configured to output unless in Reset Mode; in which case they are high-impedance. The drive strength can be set by writing to address 06Dh in the host interface register. (DOUT0, DOUT1, DOUT2, DOUT3, DOUT4, DOUT5, DOUT6, DOUT7, DOUT8, DOUT9, SDOUT_TDO, STAT0, STAT1, STAT2, STAT3, STAT4, STAT5, XTAL_OUT, DOUT10, DOUT11, DOUT12, DOUT13, DOUT14, DOUT15, DOUT16, DOUT17, DOUT18, DOUT19, PCLK)

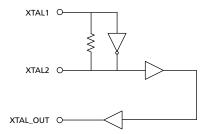


Figure 3-4: XTAL1/XTAL2/XTAL-OUT

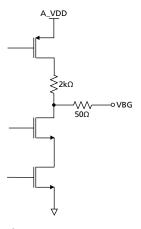


Figure 3-5: VBG

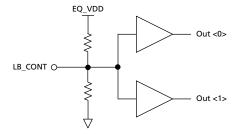


Figure 3-6: LB_CONT

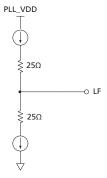


Figure 3-7: Loop Filter

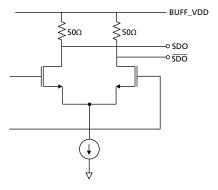


Figure 3-8: SDO/SDO

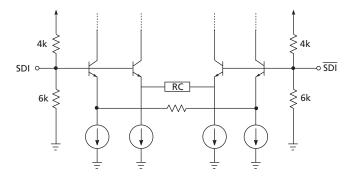


Figure 3-9: Equalizer Input Equivalent Circuit

4. Detailed Description

4.1 Functional Overview

The GS1661A is a multi-rate SDI integrated Receiver which includes complete SMPTE processing, as per SMPTE 292M and SMPTE 259M-C. The SMPTE processing features can be bypassed to support signals with other coding schemes.

The GS1661A integrates Gennum's adaptive cable equalizer technology, achieving unprecedented cable lengths and jitter tolerance. It features DC restoration to compensate for the DC content of SMPTE pathological signals.

The device features an Integrated Reclocker with an internal VCO and a wide Input Jitter Tolerance (IJT) of 0.7UI.

A serial digital loop through output is provided, which can be configured to output either reclocked or non-reclocked serial digital data. The Serial Digital Output can be connected to an external Cable Driver.

The device operates in one of four basic modes: SMPTE mode, DVB-ASI mode, Data-Through mode or Standby mode.

In SMPTE mode, the GS1661A performs SMPTE de-scrambling and NRZI to NRZ decoding and word alignment. Line-based CRC errors, line number errors, TRS errors and ancillary data check sum errors can all be detected. The GS1661A also provides ancillary data extraction. The entire ancillary data packet is extracted, and written to host-accessible registers. Other processing functions include H:V:F timing extraction, Luma and Chroma ancillary data indication, video standard detection, and SMPTE 352M packet detection and decoding. All of the processing features are optional, and may be enabled or disabled via the Host Interface.

In DVB-ASI mode, 8b/10b decoding is applied to the received data stream.

In Data-Through mode, all forms of SMPTE and DVB-ASI decoding are disabled, and the device can be used as a simple serial to parallel converter.

The device can also be placed in a lower power Standby mode. In this mode, no signal processing is carried out and the parallel output is held static. Placing the Receiver in Standby mode will automatically place the integrated equalizer in power down mode as well.

Parallel data outputs are provided in 20-bit or 10-bit multiplexed format for HD and SD video rates. In all cases, this 20-bit parallel bus can be multiplexed onto 10 bits for a low pin count interface with downstream devices. The associated Parallel Clock input signal operates at 148.5 or 148.5/1.001MHz (for all HD 10-bit multiplexed modes), 74.25 or 74.25/1.001MHz (for HD 20-bit mode), 27MHz (for SD 10-bit mode) and 13.5MHz (for SD 20-bit mode).



4.2 Serial Digital Input

The GS1661A can accept serial digital inputs compliant with SMPTE 292 and SMPTE 259M-C.

4.2.1 Integrated Adaptive Cable Equalizer

The GS1661A integrates Gennum's adaptive cable equalizer technology.

The integrated adaptive equalizer can equalize HD and SD serial digital signals, and will typically equalize 230m of Belden 1694A cable at 1.485Gb/s and 440m at 270Mb/s. The integrated adaptive equalizer is powered from a single +3.3V power supply and consumes approximately 195mW of power.

The equalizer can be bypassed by programming register 073h through the GSPI interface.

4.2.1.1 Serial Digital Inputs

The Serial Data Signal may be connected to the input pins (SDI/\overline{SDI}) in either a differential or single ended configuration. AC coupling of the inputs is recommended, as the SDI and \overline{SDI} inputs are internally biased at approximately 1.8V.

4.2.1.2 Cable Equalization

The input signal passes through a variable gain equalizing stage whose frequency response closely matches the inverse of the cable loss characteristic. In addition, the variation of the frequency response with control voltage imitates the variation of the inverse cable loss characteristic with cable length.

The edge energy of the equalized signal is monitored by a detector circuit which produces an error signal corresponding to the difference between the desired edge energy and the actual edge energy. This error signal is integrated by both an internal and an external AGC filter capacitor providing a steady control voltage for the gain stage. As the frequency response of the gain stage is automatically varied by the application of negative feedback, the edge energy of the equalized signal is kept at a constant level which is representative of the original edge energy at the transmitter. The equalized signal is also DC restored, effectively restoring the logic threshold of the equalized signal to its correct level independent of shifts due to AC coupling.

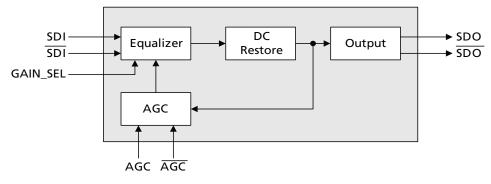


Figure 4-1: GS1661A Integrated EQ Block Diagram

