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Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



3G, HD, SD SDI Receiver, with Integrated Adaptive Cable Equalizer

Key Features

- Operation at 2.970Gb/s, 2.970/1.001Gb/s, 1.485Gb/s, 1.485/1.001Gb/s, and 270Mb/s
- Supports SMPTE ST 425 (Level A and Level B), SMPTE ST 424, SMPTE 292, SMPTE ST 259-C, and DVB-ASI
- Integrated Adaptive Cable Equalizer
- 2K and Multi-link UHD support
- Configurable Power-down modes
- Integrated Retimer
- Serial digital reclocked or non-reclocked loop-through output
- Integrated audio de-embedder for 8 channels of 48kHz audio and audio clock generation
- Ancillary data extraction
- Parallel data bus selectable as either 20-bit or 10-bit, SDR or DDR rate
- Comprehensive error detection and correction features
- Dual serial digital input buffer with 2x2 MUX
- Serial Loopback independently configurable to select either input
- Performance optimized for 270Mb/s, 1.485Gb/s, and 2.97Gb/s.
- Typical equalized length of Belden 1694A cable up to:
 - ♦ 200m at 2.97Gb/s
 - ♦ 280m at 1.485Gb/s
 - ♦ 500m at 270Mb/s
- Dual/Quad Link 3G-SDI support with multiple GS3471 devices
- Output H, V, F, or CEA 861 timing signals
- GSPI host interface
- +1.2V digital core power supply, +1.2V and +1.8V analog power supplies, and selectable +1.8V or +2.5V I/O power supply
- -20°C to +85°C operating temperature range
- Low power operation — typically 300mW
- Small 9mm x 9mm 100-ball BGA package (0.80mm Ball Pitch)

- Pb-free, Halogen-free, and RoHS/ WEEE-compliant package

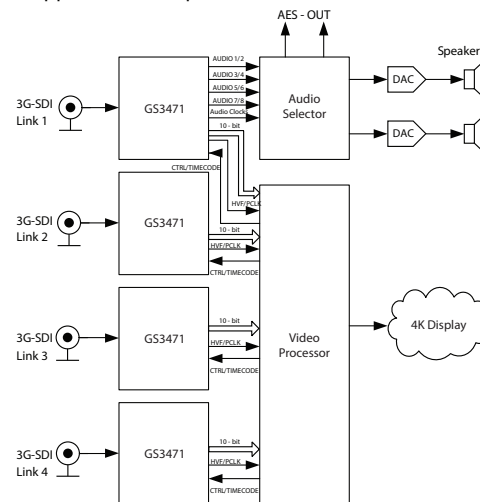
Applications

SDI Interfaces for:

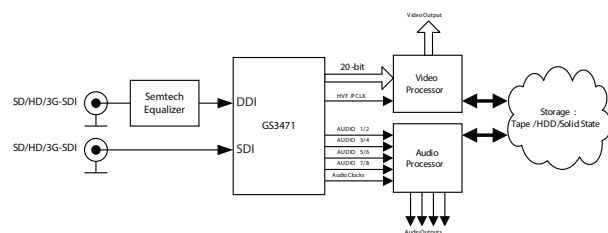
- Monitors
- DVRs
- Video Switchers
- Editing Systems
- Cameras
- Medical Imaging
- Aviation, Military, and Vehicular video systems

LED Wall and Digital Signage Applications

Application: 2160p50/60 (4K) Monitor



Application: Multi-format Video and Audio Processor



Description

The GS3471 is a multi-rate SDI Receiver which includes complete SMPTE processing. The SMPTE processing features can be bypassed to support signals with other coding schemes. Multi-link UHD can be supported when multiple GS3471 devices are used.

The GS3471 integrates Semtech's adaptive cable equalizer technology, achieving unprecedented cable lengths and jitter tolerance. The device features a dual input buffer with a 2x2 MUX. The 2x2 MUX can select between either input for de-serialization and can route either of the two inputs to the serial loopback independently (relocked or non-relocked). In addition, the integrated Retimer with an internal VCO provides a wide Input Jitter Tolerance (IJT).

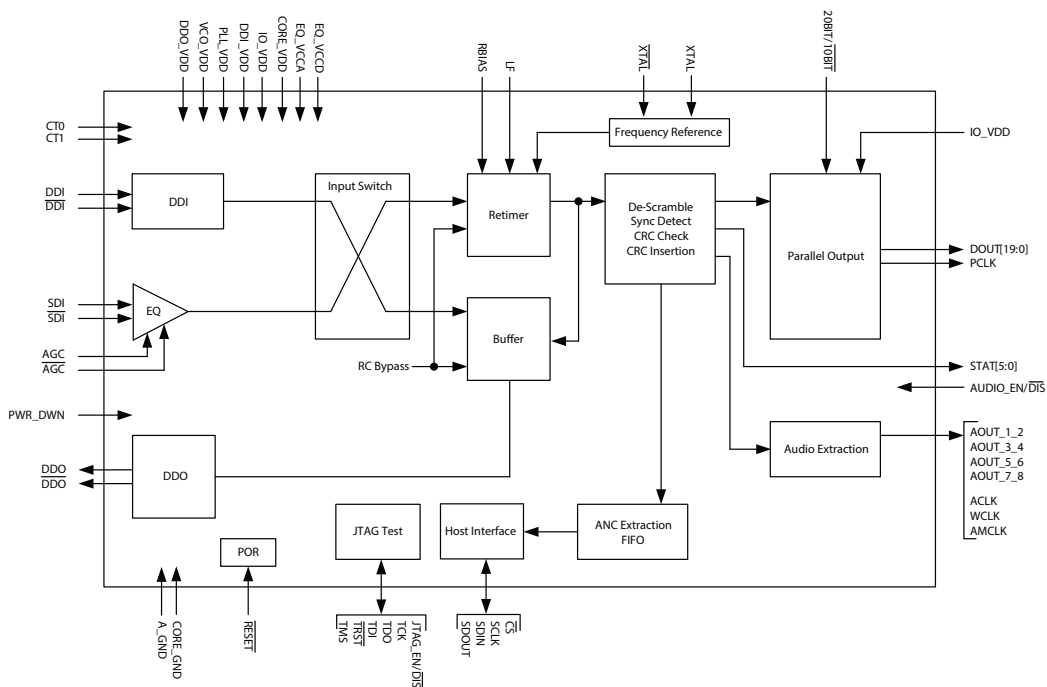
Configurable Power-down modes are available and allows for increased flexibility. Each Power-down mode enables power savings to a varying degree by selectively enabling or disabling key features. Some of the options available in

Power-down mode are CSR access, PCLK, retimed DDO loop-through output, and non-retimed DDO loop-through output. Enabling or disabling each of these options will offer power consumption levels to suit the application's requirements.

The device has three other basic modes of operation which include:

- SMPTE mode
- DVB-ASI mode
- Data-Through mode

The GS3471 includes an audio de-embedder and audio clocks are internally generated. Up to eight channels (two audio groups) of serial digital audio may be extracted from the video data stream, in accordance with SMPTE ST 272-C and SMPTE ST 299.



GS3471 Functional Block Diagram

Revision History

Version	ECO	Date	Changes and/or Modifications
4	035145	September 2017	Updated Table 2-2 , Table 2-3 , Table 2-4 , Figure 4-1 , Figure 4-7 , Figure 6-1 , Figure 8-1 , Table 4-28 . Added Figure 4-27 through Figure 4-32 . Updated Section 4.18.1 .
3	—	June 2017	Internal update to standardize Pin Nomenclature. Changed all instances of DBUS to DOUT, and VSS/VEE to A_GND.
2	033601	November 2016	Adjustments to pin out, and register map updates.
1	029616	May 2016	Initial release changes.
0	020778	July 2014	New document.

Contents

1. Pin Out	7
1.1 Pin Assignment	7
1.2 Pin Descriptions	7
2. Electrical Characteristics.....	11
2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	11
2.2 Recommended Operating Conditions	11
2.3 DC Electrical Characteristics	12
2.4 AC Electrical Characteristics	14
3. Input/Output Circuits.....	18
4. Detailed Description.....	21
4.1 Functional Overview	21
4.2 Device Power-Up	23
4.2.1 Power-Down Mode.....	23
4.2.2 Device Reset	25
4.3 Automatic (Adaptive) Cable Equalization	25
4.3.1 Cable Length Indication.....	25
4.3.2 Programmable Squelch Threshold	26
4.3.3 Equalizer Loss of Signal (EQ LOS)	26
4.4 Modes of Operation	28
4.4.1 Auto and Manual Mode	28
4.4.2 Low Latency Video Path.....	29
4.4.3 SMPTE and SMPTE Bypass Mode	29
4.4.4 DVB-ASI Mode	30
4.5 Digital Differential Input (DDI/DDI)	30
4.6 Serial Digital Input (SDI/SDI)	30
4.6.1 Upstream Launch Swing Compensation	30
4.7 Serial Digital Loop-Through Output	30
4.8 Serial Digital Retimer	31
4.9 External Crystal/Reference Clock	31
4.10 Lock Detect	32
4.11 Parallel Data Outputs	32
4.11.1 Parallel Data Bus Output Levels.....	32
4.11.2 Parallel Output in SMPTE Mode.....	32
4.11.3 Parallel Output in DVB-ASI Mode.....	33
4.11.4 Parallel Output in Data-Through Mode	33
4.11.5 Parallel Output Data Format Clock/PCLK Settings	33
4.11.6 DDR Parallel Clock Timing	35
4.12 Timing Signal Extraction	37
4.12.1 Automatic Switch Line Lock Handling	37
4.12.2 Manual Switch Line Lock Handling	38
4.13 Programmable Multi-Function Outputs	39
4.14 H:V:F Timing Signal Extraction	40
4.14.1 CEA-861 Timing Generation	42

4.15 Automatic Video Standards Detection	53
4.16 Data Format Detection & Indication	57
4.16.1 SMPTE ST 425 Mapping - 3G Level A and Level B Formats.....	58
4.17 EDH Detection	59
4.17.1 EDH Packet Detection (SD Only)	59
4.17.2 EDH Flag Detection	59
4.18 Video Signal Error Detection & Indication	60
4.18.1 TRS Error Detection	61
4.18.2 Line Based CRC Error Detection.....	62
4.18.3 EDH CRC Error Detection.....	62
4.18.4 HD & 3G Line Number Error Detection	62
4.19 Ancillary Data Detection & Indication	63
4.19.1 Programmable Ancillary Data Detection	65
4.19.2 SMPTE ST 352 Payload Identifier.....	65
4.19.3 Ancillary Data Checksum Error.....	67
4.20 Signal Processing	67
4.20.1 Audio De-Embedding Mode.....	67
4.20.2 ANC Processing.....	68
4.20.3 TRS Insertion	69
4.20.4 Line Based CRC Insertion.....	69
4.20.5 Line Number Insertion	70
4.20.6 ANC Data Checksum Insertion	70
4.20.7 EDH CRC Insertion	70
4.20.8 Illegal Word Re-mapping	71
4.20.9 TRS and Ancillary Data Preamble Remapping	71
4.20.10 Ancillary Data Extraction	71
4.21 Audio De-Embedder	76
4.21.1 Serial Audio Data I/O Signals	77
4.21.2 Serial Audio Data Format Support.....	78
4.21.3 Audio Processing	83
4.21.4 Error Reporting	90
4.22 GSPI - HOST Interface	90
4.22.1 \overline{CS} Pin.....	91
4.22.2 SDIN Pin.....	91
4.22.3 SDOUT Pin	91
4.22.4 SCLK Pin.....	93
4.22.5 Command Word Description.....	93
4.22.6 GSPI Transaction Timing	96
4.22.7 Single Read/Write Access.....	98
4.22.8 Auto-Increment Read/Write Access.....	99
4.22.9 Setting a Device Unit Address.....	101
4.22.10 Default GSPI Operation	102
4.23 JTAG Test Operation	103

5. Register Map.....	104
5.1 Control Registers	104
6. Application Information.....	173
6.1 Typical Application Circuit	173
6.2 Layout Considerations	174
7. References & Relevant Standards	175
8. Package & Ordering Information	176
8.1 Package Dimensions	176
8.2 Recommended PCB Footprint	177
8.3 Packaging Data	178
8.4 Marking Diagram	178
8.5 Ordering Information	178

1. Pin Out

1.1 Pin Assignment

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	$\overline{\text{DDI}}$	DDI	CT0	RBIAS	XTAL	$\overline{\text{XTAL}}$	RSVD	PCLK	DOUT18	DOUT17
B	DDI_VDD	DDI_VDD	RSVD	RSVD	STAT0	STAT1	IO_VDD	DOUT19	DOUT16	DOUT15
C	PLL_VDD	PLL_VDD	LF	VCO_VDD	STAT2	STAT3	CORE_GND	DOUT12	DOUT14	DOUT13
D	EQ_VCCA	PLL_VDD	A_GND	VCO_VDD	STAT4	STAT5	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	TDI	CORE_GND	IO_VDD
E	CT1	EQ_VCCA	A_GND	EQ_VCCD	CORE_VDD	CORE_VDD	TDO	TCK	DOUT10	DOUT11
F	SDI	A_GND	A_GND	CORE_GND	CORE_GND	CORE_VDD	TMS	SDIN	DOUT8	DOUT9
G	$\overline{\text{SDI}}$	A_GND	A_GND	CORE_GND	CORE_GND	CORE_VDD	SDOUT	SCLK	CORE_GND	IO_VDD
H	AGC	$\overline{\text{AGC}}$	JTAG EN/DIS	WCLK	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	BIT20/BIT10	$\overline{\text{CS}}$	CORE_GND	DOUT6	DOUT7
J	DDO_VDD	DDO_VDD	PWR_DWN	AOUT_1_2	ACLK	AOUT_5_6	CORE_GND	DOUT1	DOUT4	DOUT5
K	$\overline{\text{DDO}}$	DDO	AUDIO EN/DIS	AOUT_3_4	AMCLK	AOUT_7_8	IO_VDD	DOUT0	DOUT2	DOUT3

Figure 1-1: Pin Assignment

1.2 Pin Descriptions

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Name	Type	Description
A1, A2	$\overline{\text{DDI}}$, DDI	Digital Input	Digital differential input. It is possible to DC-couple to upstream Semtech devices supporting 1.2V outputs. Additionally, devices with 1.8 and 2.5V outputs are supported through a 4.7 μ F capacitor in series with the $\overline{\text{DDI}}$ /DDI input. Connect unused inputs to DDI_VDD through 1k Ω resistors.
A4	RBIAS	Analog Input	External resistor for the bias circuit. Connect to ground through 777 Ω resistor.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Type	Description
A5, A6	XTAL, $\overline{\text{XTAL}}$	Analog Input	Input connection for 27MHz crystal. When a reference clock input is used on $\overline{\text{XTAL}}$, do not connect XTAL.
A8	PCLK	Output	Parallel data bus clock. Please refer to the Output Logic parameters in Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics for logic level threshold and compatibility. Please refer to Table 4-6: GS3471 Output Data Formats for PCLK output rates.
B1, B2	DDI_VDD	Power	Power pins for DDI/ $\overline{\text{DDI}}$. Connect to 1.2V DC analog.
A7, B3, B4	RSVD	—	These pins are reserved, do not connect.
B7, D10, G10, K7	IO_VDD	Power	Power connection for digital I/O. Connect to 1.8V or 2.5V DC digital.
			Parallel data bus. Please refer to the Output Logic parameters in Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics for logic level threshold and compatibility.
			<p>SMPTE mode ($\overline{\text{SMPTE_BYPASS}}$ = HIGH and DVB_ASI = LOW): DOUT[19:10] — Luma data output for SD and HD data rates; Data Stream 1 for 3G data rate DOUT[9:0] — Chroma data output for SD and HD data rates; Data Stream 2 for 3G data rate</p> <p>20-bit mode 20BIT_T0BIT = HIGH Data-Through mode ($\overline{\text{SMPTE_BYPASS}}$ = LOW and DVB_ASI = LOW): Data output</p>
B8, A9, A10, B9, B10, C9, C10, C8, E10, E9, F10, F9, H10, H9, J10, J9, K10, K9, J8, K8	DOUT[19:0]	Output	<p>SMPTE mode ($\overline{\text{SMPTE_BYPASS}}$ = HIGH and DVB_ASI = LOW): Multiplexed Luma/Chroma data output for SD and HD data rates; Multiplexed Data Stream 1&2 for 3G data rate</p> <p>DVB-ASI mode ($\overline{\text{SMPTE_BYPASS}}$ = LOW and DVB_ASI = HIGH): 8/10bit decoded DVB-ASI data for SD data rates</p> <p>Data-Through mode ($\overline{\text{SMPTE_BYPASS}}$ = LOW and DVB_ASI = LOW): Data output</p> <p>Note 1: When in 10-bit mode, DOUT[9:0] are set to 0. Note 2: When in 10-bit mode, leave unused output pins unconnected.</p>
C1, C2, D2	PLL_VDD	Power	Power pins for the Retimer PLL. Connect to 1.2V DC analog.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Type	Description
C3	LF	Analog Input	Loop Filter component connection. Connect as per Typical Application Circuit .
C4, D4	VCO_VDD	Power	Power pin for the VCO. Connect to RC filter as per Typical Application Circuit . Connect to a 1.2V \pm 5% analog supply through a 24 Ω \pm 1% resistor. Additionally, connect to ground through a 10 μ F capacitor.
C7, D9, F4, F5, G4, G5, G9, J7, H8	CORE_GND	Power	Ground pins for digital circuitry. Connect to digital ground.
D1, E2	EQ_VCCA	Power	Power supply connection for the SDI equalizer analog core. Connect to 1.8V.
D3, E3, F2, F3, G2, G3	A_GND	Power	Ground pins for analog circuitry. Connect to analog ground.
D6, D5, C6, C5, B6, B5	STAT[5:0]	Digital Output	Multi-function status outputs. See Section 4.13 for more details on assigning signals to STAT pins. Please refer to the Output Logic parameters in Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics for logic level threshold and compatibility. Each of the STAT[5:0] pins can be configured individually to output one of the following signals. See Table 4-8: Output Signals Available on Programmable Multi-Function Pins for Status Signal Selection Codes and Default Output Pins.
D7	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	Digital Input, Internal Pull-down	JTAG interface reset. Digital active-low reset input. Used to reset the JTAG test sequence. When LOW, the JTAG test sequence is reset. When HIGH, normal operation of the JTAG test sequence resumes.
D8	TDI	Digital Input, Internal Pull-up	JTAG interface Test Data Input. Serial instructions and data are received on this pin.
E1, A3	CT[1:0]	Analog Input	Decoupling for internal SDI termination resistors. Connect as per Typical Application Circuit . When an input is not used, its corresponding CT pin can be left unconnected.
E4	EQ_VCCD	Power	Power supply connection for the SDI equalizer digital core. Connect to 1.8V.
E5, E6, F6, G6	CORE_VDD	Power	Power connection for device core. Connect to 1.2V DC digital.
E7	TDO	Digital Output	JTAG interface Test Data Output. TDO is the serial output for test instructions and data.
E8	TCK	Digital Input	JTAG interface Test Clock input. The test clock input provides the clock for the test logic of this device.
F1, G1	SDI, $\overline{\text{SDI}}$	Analog Input	Serial Digital Differential Input.
F7	TMS	Digital Input, Internal Pull-up	JTAG interface Test Mode Select input. This signal is decoded by the internal TAP controller to control test operations.
F8	SDIN	Digital Input	Serial Digital Data Input for the Gennum Serial Peripheral Interface (GSPI) host control/status port. When GSPI is not used, SDIN should be tied HIGH or LOW to minimize noise.

Table 1-1: Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin Number	Name	Type	Description
G7	SDOUT	Digital Output	Serial Digital Data Output for the Gennum Serial Peripheral Interface (GSPI) host control/status port. Active-high output. When GSPI is not used, leave unconnected.
G8	SCLK	Digital Input	Serial Data Clock input. Burst-mode clock input for the Gennum Serial Peripheral Interface (GSPI) host control/status port. When GSPI is not used, SCLK should be tied HIGH or LOW to minimize noise.
H1, H2	AGC, $\overline{\text{AGC}}$	Analog I/O	Automatic Gain Control for the equalizer. Attach the AGC capacitor between these pins.
H3	JTAG_EN/ $\overline{\text{DIS}}$	Digital Input, Internal Pull-down	JTAG interface reset. Digital active-high to enable JTAG communications. When HIGH, JTAG operational mode is enabled. When LOW, JTAG operational mode is disabled.
H4	WCLK	Output	48kHz word clock for audio. When not used, leave unconnected.
H5	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Digital Input, Internal Pull-up	Device reset signal. When LOW, the device will be set to default conditions.
H6	BIT20/ $\overline{\text{BIT10}}$	Digital Input, Internal Pull-up	Control signal input. Used to select the output bus width. HIGH = 20-bit, LOW = 10-bit. Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics for logic level threshold and compatibility.
H7	$\overline{\text{CS}}$	Digital Input	Chip Select input for the Gennum Serial Peripheral Interface (GSPI) host control/status port. Active-low input. When GSPI is not used, connect $\overline{\text{CS}}$ to IO_VDD.
J1, J2	DDO_VDD	Power	Power pin for the serial digital output 50 Ω buffer. Connect to 1.2V or 1.8V DC analog.
J3	PWR_DWN	Digital Input, Internal Pull-down	When HIGH, places the device in a power-down state.
J4, K4, J6, K6	AOUT_1_2, AOUT_3_4, AOUT_5_6, AOUT_7_8	Output	Serial Audio Outputs. When not in use, leave unconnected.
J5	ACLK	Output	64fs sample clock for audio. When not in use, leave unconnected.
K1, K2	$\overline{\text{DDO}}$, DDO	Digital Output	Differential serial digital outputs. It is possible to DC-couple to downstream Semtech devices supporting 2.5V inputs. When not in use, leave unconnected.
K3	AUDIO_EN/ $\overline{\text{DIS}}$	Digital Input, Internal Pull-up	Control signal input. When HIGH, enables audio extraction. When LOW, disables audio extraction. Please refer to the Input Logic parameters in Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics for logic level threshold and compatibility.
K5	AMCLK	Output	Oversampled master clock for audio (128fs, 256fs, 512fs selectable). When not in use, leave unconnected.

2. Electrical Characteristics

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2-1: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Supply Voltage, Digital Core (CORE_VDD)	-0.3V to +1.5V
Supply Voltage, Digital I/O (IO_VDD)	-0.3V to +2.8V
Supply Voltage, Digital 1.8V (EQ_VCCD)	-0.3V to +2.0V
Supply Voltage, Analog 1.8V (EQ_VCCA)	-0.3V to +2.0V
Supply Voltage, Analog 1.2V (PLL_VDD, VCO_VDD, DDI_VDD)	-0.3V to +1.5V
Supply Voltage, Analog 1.8V (DDO_VDD)	-0.3V to +2.0V
Input Voltage Range (Digital Inputs)	-0.3V to IO_VDD + 0.3V
Ambient Operating Temperature (T _A)	-20°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature (T _{STG})	-50°C to +125°C
Peak Reflow Temperature (JEDEC J-STD-020C)	260°C
ESD Sensitivity, HBM (JESD22-A114)	3kV

Note: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage may occur. Functional operation under these conditions or at any other condition beyond those indicated in the AC/DC Electrical Characteristics sections is not implied.

2.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2-2: Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Operating Temperature Range, Ambient	T _A	—	-20	—	+85	°C
Supply Voltage, Digital Core	CORE_VDD	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
Supply Voltage, Digital I/O	IO_VDD	1.8V mode	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
		2.5V mode	2.38	2.5	2.63	V
Supply Voltage, PLL	PLL_VDD	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
Supply Voltage, DDI	DDI_VDD	—	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
Supply Voltage, CD Buffer	DDO_VDD	1.2V mode	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
		1.8V mode	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Supply Voltage, SDI Buffer	EQ_VCCA, EQ_VCCD	—	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Serial Input Data Rate		—	270	—	2970	Mb/s

2.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
System							
DDI_VDD, Supply Current	I_{DDI}	1.2V	0.01	0.02	0.03	mA	—
IO_VDD Supply Current	I_{IO}	1.8V	7.4	9.2	10.8	mA	—
		2.5V	12.3	12.5	12.8	mA	—
DDO_VDD Supply Current	I_{DDO}	1.2V	7.4	9.1	10.7	mA	—
		1.8V	7.4	9.1	10.7	mA	—
VCO_VDD Supply Current	I_{VCO}	1.2V	7.0	7.8	9.4	mA	—
PLL_VDD Supply Current	I_{PLL}	1.2V	50.3	63.0	74.5	mA	—
CORE_VDD Supply Current	I_{CORE}	1.2V	17.7	20.3	22.2	mA	—
EQ_VCCA Supply Current	I_{VCCA}	1.8V	—	37	56	mA	—
EQ_VCCD Supply Current	I_{VCCD}	1.8V	—	5	7.5	mA	—
Total Device Power DDO_VDD = 1.2V IO_VDD = 1.8V (Audio Enabled)	P	10-bit 3GA	160	295	380	mW	—
		10-bit 3GB	135	262	347	mW	—
		20-bit 3GA	137	265	348	mW	—
		20-bit 3GB	154	288	371	mW	—
		10-bit HD	125	252	334	mW	—
		20-bit HD	109	233	313	mW	—
		10/20-bit SD	97	213	288	mW	—
		DVB-ASI	—	139	—	mW	—
		Sleep	14	14	23	mW	—
		Standby with DDO Retimed	—	115	148	mW	—

Table 2-3: DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Total Device Power DDO_VDD = 1.8V IO_VDD = 2.5V (Audio Enabled)	P	10-bit 3GA	—	403	501	mW	—
		10-bit 3GB	—	346	440	mW	—
		20-bit 3GA	—	344	447	mW	—
		20-bit 3GB	—	402	512	mW	—
		10-bit HD	—	334	422	mW	—
		20-bit HD	—	290	390	mW	—
		10/20-bit SD	—	249	330	mW	—
		DVB-ASI	—	157	—	mW	—
		Sleep	18	20	28	mW	—
Standby with DDO Retimed	108	137	190	mW	—		
Digital I/O							
Input Logic LOW	V _{IL}	2.5V or 1.8V operation	—	—	0.3 x IO_VDD	V	—
Input Logic HIGH	V _{IH}	2.5V or 1.8V operation	0.7 x IO_VDD	—	—	V	—
Output Logic LOW	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 8mA, 1.8V operation	—	—	0.41	V	—
		I _{OL} = 8mA, 2.5V operation	—	—	0.35	V	—
Output Logic HIGH	V _{OH}	I _{OL} = 8mA, 1.8V operation	1.49	—	—	V	—
		I _{OL} = 8mA, 2.5V operation	1.80	—	—	V	—
Serial Input							
Serial Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{CMIN}	—	—	1.53	—	V	—
Serial Output							
Serial Output Common Mode Voltage	—	50Ω load	—	DDO_VDD - V _{swing} /2	—	V	1

Note:

1. Serial output swing limited when using DDO_VDD = 1.2V.

2.4 AC Electrical Characteristics

Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
System							
Device Latency: AUDIO_EN = 1, SMPTE mode, IOPROC_EN = 1	—	3G (Level A)	65	67	69	PCLK	—
		3G (Level B)	141	144	147	PCLK	—
		HD	65	67	69	PCLK	—
		SD	37	39	41	PCLK	—
Device Latency: AUDIO_EN = 0, SMPTE mode, IOPROC_EN = 1	—	3G (Level A)	28	30	32	PCLK	—
		3G (Level B)	63	65	67	PCLK	—
		HD	25	27	29	PCLK	—
		SD	25	27	29	PCLK	—
Device Latency: AUDIO_EN = 0, SMPTE mode, IOPROC_EN = 0	—	3G (Level A)	20	22	24	PCLK	—
		3G (Level B)	47	50	53	PCLK	—
		HD	21	23	25	PCLK	—
		SD	19	21	23	PCLK	—
Device Latency: AUDIO_EN = 0, SMPTE bypass, IOPROC_EN = 0	—	3G (Level A)	11	13	15	PCLK	—
		3G (Level B)	11	13	15	PCLK	—
		HD	11	13	15	PCLK	—
		SD	11	13	15	PCLK	—
Device Latency: DVB-ASI	—	—	12	14	16	PCLK	—
Reset Time	t _{reset}	—	1	—	—	ms	—
Parallel Output							
Parallel Clock Frequency	f _{PCLK}	3G/ HD (10-bit)	—	148.5 or 148.5/ 1.001	—	MHz	—
		HD (20-bit), 10-bit DDR	—	74.25 or 74.25/ 1.001	—	MHz	—
		SD (20-bit), 10-bit DDR	—	13.5	—	MHz	—
		SD (10-bit)	—	27	—	MHz	—

Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes			
Parallel Clock Duty Cycle	DC_{PCLK}	—	—	50	—	%	—			
Output Data Hold Time (1.8V)	t_{oh}	6pF C_{load}	SPI	1.5	—	—	ns	—		
			AUDIO	1.5	—	—	ns	—		
		3G 10-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT	0.3	—	—	ns	—		
			STAT	0.3	—	—	ns	—		
		3G 20-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT	0.5	—	—	ns	—		
			STAT	0.5	—	—	ns	—		
		HD 10-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT	1.5	—	—	ns	—		
			STAT	1.5	—	—	ns	—		
		HD 20-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT	5.0	—	—	ns	—		
			STAT	5.0	—	—	ns	—		
		SD 10-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT	15.0	—	—	ns	—		
			STAT	15.0	—	—	ns	—		
		SD 20-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT	30.0	—	—	ns	—		
			STAT	30.0	—	—	ns	—		
		Output Data Hold Time (2.5V)	t_{oh}	6pF C_{load}	SPI	1.5	—	—	ns	—
					AUDIO	1.5	—	—	ns	—
3G 10-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT			0.3	—	—	ns	—		
	STAT			0.3	—	—	ns	—		
3G 20-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT			0.5	—	—	ns	—		
	STAT			0.5	—	—	ns	—		
HD 10-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT			1.5	—	—	ns	—		
	STAT			1.5	—	—	ns	—		
HD 20-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT			4.0	—	—	ns	—		
	STAT			4.0	—	—	ns	—		
SD 10-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT			15.0	—	—	ns	—		
	STAT			15.0	—	—	ns	—		
SD 20-bit 6pF C_{load}	DOUT			30.0	—	—	ns	—		
	STAT			30.0	—	—	ns	—		

Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes			
Output Data Delay Time (1.8V)	t_{od}	15pF C_{load}	SPI	—	—	28.0	ns	—		
			AUDIO	—	—	10.0	ns	—		
		3G 10-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT	—	—	2.4	ns	—		
			STAT	—	—	2.8	ns	—		
		3G 20-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT	—	—	6.0	ns	—		
			STAT	—	—	6.3	ns	—		
		HD 10-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT	—	—	4.0	ns	—		
			STAT	—	—	4.2	ns	—		
		HD 20-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT	—	—	14.2	ns	—		
			STAT	—	—	14.4	ns	—		
		SD 10-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT	—	—	21.0	ns	—		
			STAT	—	—	21.0	ns	—		
		SD 20-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT	—	—	40.0	ns	—		
			STAT	—	—	40.0	ns	—		
		Output Data Delay Time (2.5V)	t_{od}	15pF C_{load}	SPI	—	—	28.0	ns	—
					AUDIO	—	—	10.0	ns	—
3G 10-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT			—	—	2.3	ns	—		
	STAT			—	—	2.8	ns	—		
3G 20-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT			—	—	6.0	ns	—		
	STAT			—	—	6.3	ns	—		
HD 10-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT			—	—	3.8	ns	—		
	STAT			—	—	4.2	ns	—		
HD 20-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT			—	—	13.0	ns	—		
	STAT			—	—	13.5	ns	—		
SD 10-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT			—	—	21.0	ns	—		
	STAT			—	—	21.0	ns	—		
SD 20-bit 15pF C_{load}	DOUT			—	—	40.0	ns	—		
	STAT			—	—	40.0	ns	—		
Output Data Rise/Fall Time (1.8V)	t_r/t_f			6pF C_{load}	STAT	—	—	3.1	ns	—
					DOUT	—	—	3.1	ns	—
		AUDIO	—		—	3.3	ns	—		

Table 2-4: AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Guaranteed over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes	
Output Data Rise/Fall Time (2.5V)	t_r/t_f	6pF C_{load}	STAT	—	—	2.1	ns	—
			DOUT	—	—	2.1	ns	—
			AUDIO	—	—	2.2	ns	—
Serial Digital Input								
Serial Input Termination (DDI port only)		—	—	100	—	Ω	—	
Serial Input Data Rate	DR_{SDI}	—	0.27	—	2.97	Gb/s	—	
Serial Input Swing	ΔV_{DDI}	Differential with 100 Ω load	200	400	1000	mV _{ppd}	—	
Serial Input Jitter Tolerance	SIJT	Nominal loop bandwidth Square wave mod.	0.8	—	—	UI	—	
Serial Digital Output								
Serial Output Data Rate	DR_{DDO}	—	0.27	—	2.97	Gb/s	—	
Serial Output Swing	ΔV_{DDO}	Differential with 100 Ω load	200	400	1000	mV _{ppd}	2	
Serial Output Rise Time 20% ~ 80%	tr_{DDO}	—	—	112	135	ps	—	
Serial Output Fall Time 20% ~ 80%	tf_{DDO}	—	—	114	135	ps	—	
Rise/ Fall Mismatch		—	—	2	8	ps	—	
Serial Output Intrinsic Jitter	t_{OJ}	3G PRBS	0.05	0.06	0.08	UI	3	
		HD PRBS	0.03	0.04	0.05	UI	3	
		SD PRBS	0.01	0.02	0.03	UI	3	
Serial Output Duty Cycle Distortion	DCD_{SDD}	3G	3	5	10	ps	—	
		HD	1	5	7	ps	—	
		SD	1	2	5	ps	—	
Asynchronous Lock Time	—	—	—	—	750	μ s	—	
Lock Time from Power-up	—	After 20 minutes at -20°C	—	725	—	ms	—	

Notes:

1. Serial output swing limited when using DDO_VDD = 1.2V
2. Serial output swing can be adjusted through GSPI.
3. Retiming enabled.

3. Input/Output Circuits

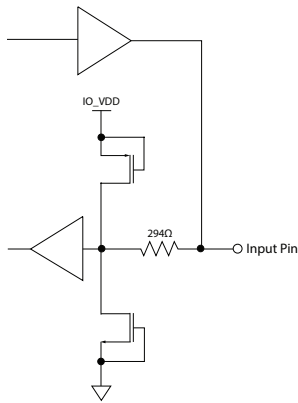


Figure 3-1: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output Pin Configured as an Input (SDIN, CS, SCLK)

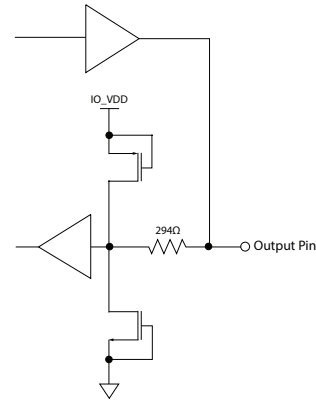


Figure 3-2: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output Pin Configured as an Output (AMCLK, TDO, SDOOUT, WCLK, AOUT_1_2, AOUT_3_4, AOUT_5_6, AOUT_7_8, ACLK)

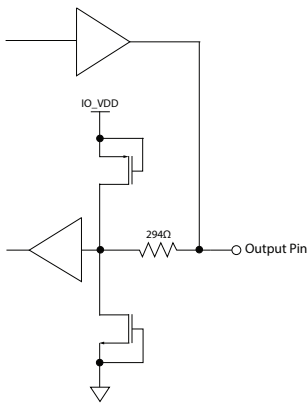


Figure 3-3: Bidirectional Digital Input/Output Pin Configured as an Output with Programmable Drive Strength (DOUT[19:0], PCLK, STAT[5:0])

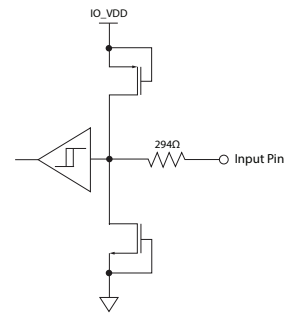


Figure 3-4: Digital Input with Schmitt Trigger and 100kΩ Internal Pull-Up (AUDIO_EN/DIS, TDI, TMS, RESET, BIT20/BIT10)

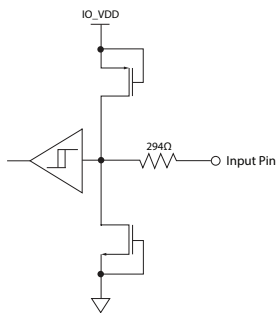


Figure 3-5: Digital Input with Schmitt Trigger and 100kΩ Internal Pull-Down (TRST, JTAG_EN/DIS, PWR_DWN)

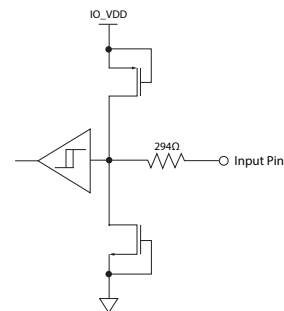


Figure 3-6: Digital Input with Schmitt Trigger (TCK)

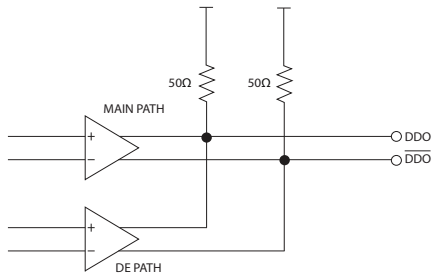


Figure 3-7: DDO/DDO

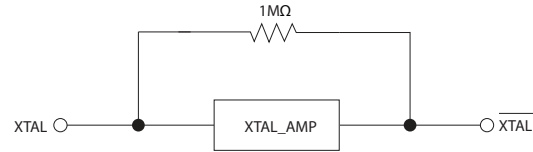


Figure 3-8: XTAL/XTAL

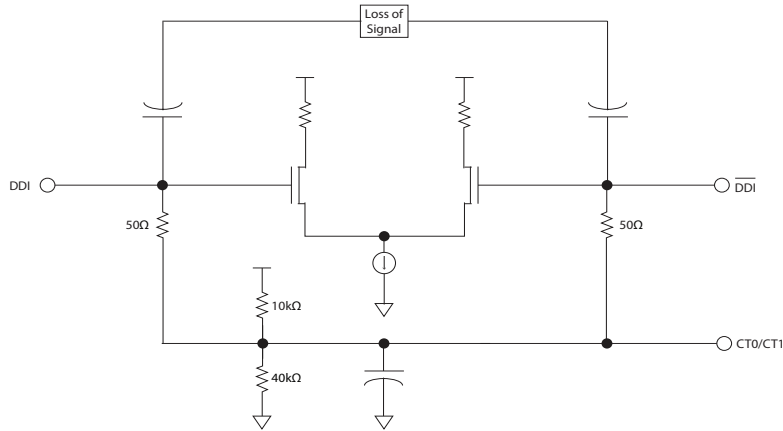


Figure 3-9: DDI/DDI, CT[1:0]

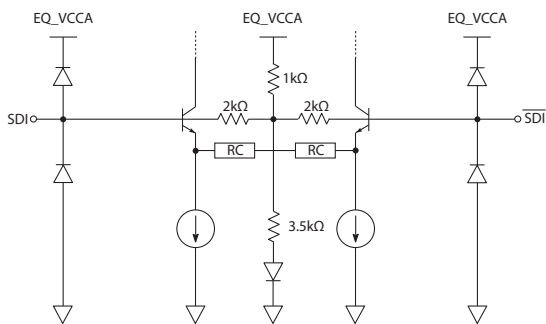


Figure 3-10: SDI/SDI

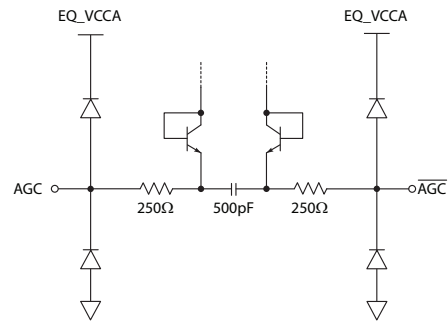


Figure 3-11: AGC/AGC

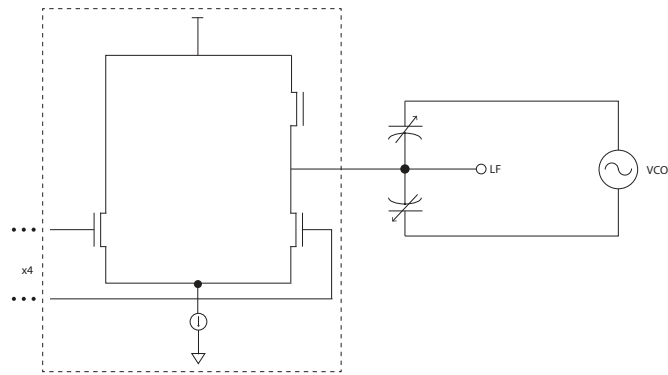


Figure 3-12: LF

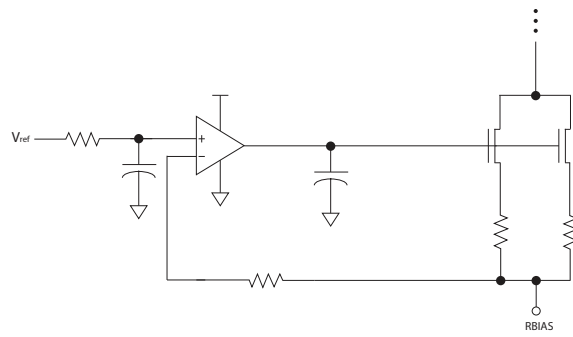


Figure 3-13: RBIAS

4. Detailed Description

4.1 Functional Overview

The GS3471 includes a dual serial digital input buffer with 2x2 MUX, an integrated retimer, serial data loop through output, robust serial-to-parallel conversion, integrated SMPTE video processing, and additional processing functions such as audio extraction, ancillary data extraction, EDH support, and DVB-ASI decoding.

The GS3471 integrates Semtech's Adaptive Cable Equalizer technology, achieving unprecedented cable lengths and jitter tolerance. The serial digital input buffer with 2x2 MUX offers a lot of flexibility for use in default and various Power-down modes. From [Figure 4-1](#) below, the top two blocks shown represent input select with loopback, while the bottom two allow input select with separate loopback select.

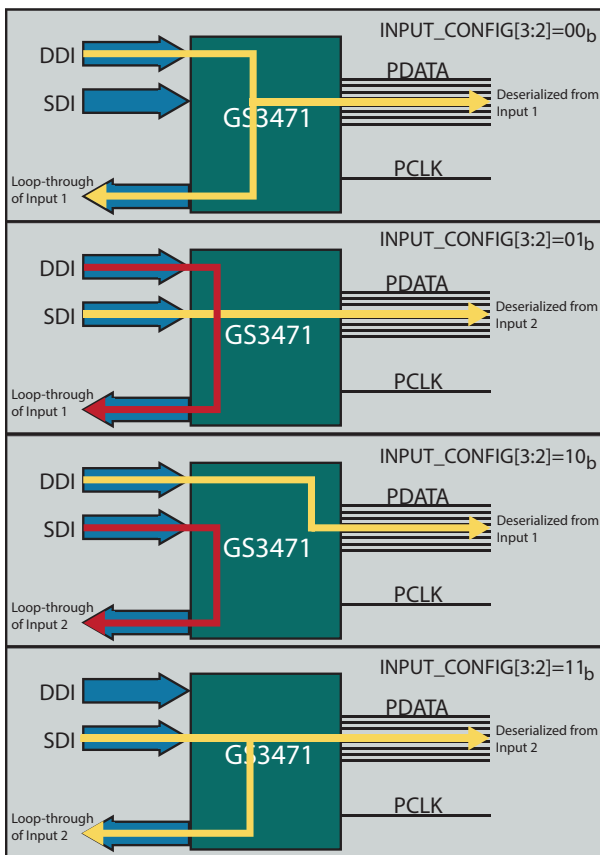


Figure 4-1: Flexible Input Loopback

Expanded and configurable Power-down modes offer increased flexibility by selectively enabling or disabling key features (such as CSR access, PCLK, retimed DDO loop-through output, and non-retimed DDO loop-through output). [Figure 4-2](#) show the various Power-down modes.

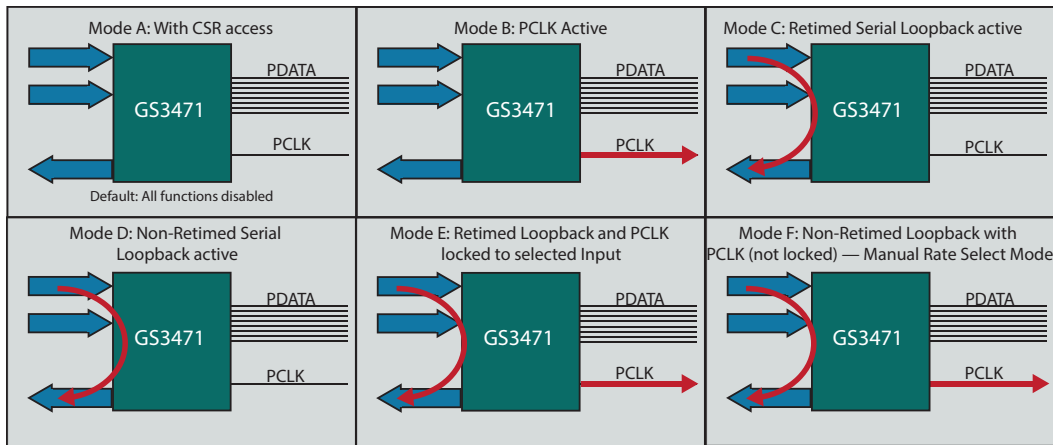


Figure 4-2: Flexible Power Down Modes

The device has three other primary modes of operation which include SMPTE mode, DVB-ASI mode, and Data-Through mode. In SMPTE mode, when receiving a SMPTE compliant SDI input, the GS3471 performs full SMPTE processing, and features a number of data integrity checks and measurement capabilities. The device also supports ancillary data extraction, and can provide entire ancillary data packets through host-accessible registers. Packet detection and error handling features are also offered. All processing features are optional, and may be individually enabled or disabled through register programming. In DVB-ASI mode, sync word detection, alignment, and 8/10bit decoding is applied to the received data stream. While in Data-Through mode, all forms of SMPTE and DVB-ASI processing are disabled, and the device can be used as a simple serial to parallel converter.

The GS3471 includes an audio de-embedder and audio clocks are internally generated. Up to eight channels (two audio groups) of serial digital audio may be extracted from the video data stream, in accordance with SMPTE ST 272-C and SMPTE ST 299. The output audio formats supported by the device include AES/EBU and I²S. A variety of audio processing features are provided to ease implementation.

The GS3471 can equalize 3G SDI, HD-SDI, and SD-SDI serial digital signals, and will typically equalize up to 200m of Belden 1694A cable at 2.97Gb/s, 280m at 1.485Gb/s, and 500m at 270Mb/s. When DC-coupling the output of a device to a 1.2V CML load, the GS3471 typically consumes 300mW of power.

4.2 Device Power-Up

The GS3471 is designed to operate in a multi-voltage environment which allows any power-up sequence to be used. Supply pins can all be powered up in any order.

4.2.1 Power-Down Mode

The *PWR_DWN* pin reduces power to a minimum by disabling various device features. When the *PWR_DWN* pin is de-asserted, the device returns to its previous operating condition within 1 second, without requiring input from the host interface. There are several power-down options which can be configured through GSPI prior to the device going into power-down. Table 4-1 provides a summary of the supported power-down options by accessing the **POWER_DOWN** register.

When the equalized input is not in use, it can be powered down using **SLEEP**. Additionally, the equalized input can be placed in an automatic sleep mode, whereby it is automatically powered down when no carrier is present and automatically powered up when carrier is present. This mode is selected using **SLEEP**.

Table 4-1: Power-down Mode

Power-down Mode	CSR Access	DDO Loop-through Mode	PCLK Mode
Power-down PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 0 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 0 PD_CSR_ACCESS = 0 RC_BYP = X	No	DDO Disabled	PCLK Disabled
Power-down with CSR Access PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 0 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 0 PD_CSR_ACCESS = 1 RC_BYP = X	Yes	DDO Disabled	PCLK Disabled
Power-down with PCLK PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 1 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 0 PD_CSR_ACCESS = X RC_BYP = X	Yes	DDO Disabled	PCLK Enabled
Power-down with DDO PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 0 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 1 PD_CSR_ACCESS = X RC_BYP = 1	No	DDO Enabled Non-retimed	PCLK Disabled

Table 4-1: Power-down Mode

Power-down Mode	CSR Access	DDO Loop-through Mode	PCLK Mode
Power-down with DDO retimed			
PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 0 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 1 PD_CSR_ACCESS = X RC_BYP = 0	Yes	DDO Enabled Retimed	PCLK Disabled
Power-down with DDO/PCLK			
PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 1 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 1 PD_CSR_ACCESS = X RC_BYP = 1	Yes	DDO Enabled Non-retimed	PCLK Enabled
Power-down with DDO/PCLK retimed			
PD_PCLK_ENABLE = 1 SERIAL_LOOPBACK_EN = 1 PD_CSR_ACCESS = X RC_BYP = 0	Yes	DDO Enabled Retimed	PCLK Enabled

Table 4-2: Status Output Support in Power Down Modes

Mode	Rate Detect	Carrier Detect	Lock	All Other Status Outputs
Sleep	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sleep with DDO not retimed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Standby with DDO retimed	Available in automatic or manual modes	Analog or EQ carrier detect only	Locked status available on STAT outputs	N/A
Standby with PCLK	Available in manual mode only, rate must be set	Analog or EQ carrier detect only	N/A	N/A
Standby with PCLK and DDO retimed	Available in automatic or manual modes	Analog or EQ carrier detect only	Locked status available on STAT outputs	N/A
Standby with PCLK and DDO not retimed	Available in manual mode only, rate must be set	Analog or EQ carrier detect only	N/A	N/A
Standby with CSR access	N/A	Analog or EQ carrier detect only	N/A	N/A

4.2.2 Device Reset

Note: On power-up, the device must be reset to operate correctly.

In order to initialize all internal operating conditions to their default states, hold the \overline{RESET} signal LOW for a minimum of $t_{reset} = 1\text{ ms}$ after all power supplies are stable. There are no requirements for power supply sequencing.

When held in reset, all device outputs are driven to a high-impedance state, with the exception of *SDOUT*. *SDOUT* continues normal operation during reset.

GSPI access is restored 10 clock cycles after \overline{RESET} is de-asserted.

All output buffers (including the *PCLK* output), are set to high-impedance in Reset mode ($\overline{RESET} = \text{LOW}$).

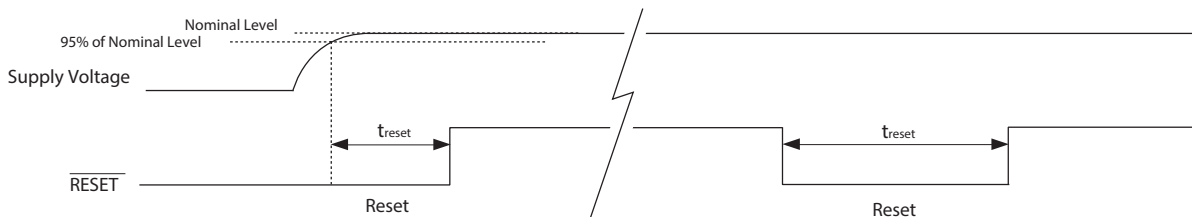


Figure 4-3: Reset Pulse

4.3 Automatic (Adaptive) Cable Equalization

The GS3471 automatically adjusts its gain to equalize and restore signals received over different lengths of coaxial cable having loss characteristics similar to Belden 8281 or 1694A. The device is designed to automatically equalize SMPTE SDI signal rates up to 2.97Gb/s and DVB-ASI signals at 270Mb/s.

The GS3471 has the ability to limit the reach of the device to one of four values through its host interface. The default value is the maximum range. The maximum range of the device is also a function of the detected data rate, so the maximum cable will not exceed the supported reach for that rate.

4.3.1 Cable Length Indication

The GS3471 reports the input signal strength through the **CABLE_LENGTH_INDICATOR** bits in the **STATUS_REG_0** register, accessible through the device's host interface. The Cable Length Indication (CLI) is a simple, numeric value in the range from 0_h to EF_h . This number can be approximated as a cable length in meters by applying one of the cable scaling factors shown in [Table 4-3](#) below for some commonly used coaxial cables.