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### **GS9068 SD SDI Cable Driver**

### **Key Features**

- SMPTE 259M and SMPTE 344M compliant
- Dual coaxial cable driving outputs
- $50\Omega$  differential PECL input
- Single 3.3V power supply operation
- Space-saving 8-lead SOIC
- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C
- Pin compatible with GS1528 HD-LINX® II multirate SDI dual slew-rate cable driver
- Pb-free and Green

### **Description**

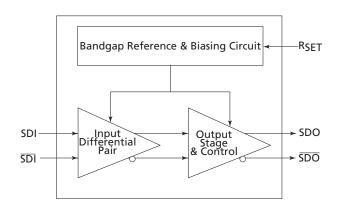
The GS9068 is a second generation high-speed bipolar integrated circuit designed to drive one or two 75 $\Omega$  co-axial cables at data rates up to 540Mb/s.

The GS9068 accepts a LVPECL level differential input, which may be AC-coupled. External biasing resistors at the inputs are not required.

Power consumption is typically 160mW using a +3.3V DC power supply.

### **Applications**

• SMPTE 259M Coaxial Cable Serial Digital Interfaces



**GS9068 Functional Block Diagram** 

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## 1. Pin Out

## 1.1 Pin Assignment

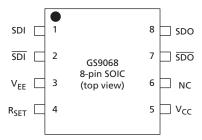


Figure 1-1: Pin Assignment

## **1.2 Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Name	Туре	Description	
1, 2	SDI, <del>SDI</del>	Input	Serial digital differential input.	
3	V <sub>EE</sub>	Input Power	Most negative power supply connection - connect to GND.	
4	R <sub>SET</sub>	Input	External output amplitude control resistor.	
5	V <sub>CC</sub>	Input Power	Most positive power supply connection - connect to +3.3V.	
6	NC	_	No Connect.	
7, 8	SDO, SDO	Output	Serial digital differential output.	



## 2. Electrical Characteristics

## 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

**Table 2-1: Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Value
Supply Voltage	-0.5V to 3.6 V <sub>DC</sub>
Input ESD Voltage	500V
Storage Temperature Range	$-50^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{s}} < 125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input Voltage Range (any input)	-0.3 to ( $V_{\rm CC}$ +0.3)V
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to 70°C
Power Dissipation	300mW
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec)	260°C

## 2.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

**Table 2-2: DC Electrical Characteristics** 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Test Level
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		3.1	3.3	3.5	V	3
Power Consumption	P <sub>D</sub>		-	160	-	mW	5
Supply Current	I <sub>s</sub>		-	48	-	mA	1
Output Voltage	V <sub>OC</sub>	Common mode	-	$V_{CC}$ - $\Delta V_{SDO(SE)}$	-	mV	6
Input Voltage	V <sub>IC</sub>	Common mode	$1.6 + \Delta V_{SDI(DIFF)}/2$	-	V <sub>CC</sub> - ΔV <sub>SDI(DIFF)</sub> /2	mV	1



## 2.3 AC Electrical Characteristics

**Table 2-3: AC Electrical Characteristics** 

Parameter Symbol		Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Test Level
Serial input data rate	DR <sub>SDI</sub>	_	_	_	540	Mb/s	1
Input Voltage Swing	$\Delta V_{SDI(DIFF)}$	Differential	300	_	2200	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	1
Output Voltage Swing	$\Delta V_{SDO(SE)}$	single-ended into a $75\Omega$ external load	750	800	850	$mV_{p-p}$	1
		$R_{SET} = 750\Omega$					
Additive jitter	_	_	_	_	30	ps	1
Rise/Fall time	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	20% to 80%	400	_	800	ps	1
Mismatch in rise/fall time	$\Delta t_r / \Delta t_f$	_	_	_	30	ps	1
Duty cycle distortion	_	_	_	_	100	ps	1
Overshoot	_	_	_	_	8	%	1
Output Return Loss	ORL	_	15	_	_	dB	7

### TEST LEVELS

- 1. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guard bands for supply and temperature ranges.
- 2. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage with guard bands for supply and temperature ranges using correlated test.
- 3. Production test at room temperature and nominal supply voltage.
- 4. QA sample test.
- 5. Calculated result based on Level 1, 2, or 3.
- 6. Not tested. Guaranteed by design simulations.
- 7. Not tested. Based on characterization of nominal parts.
- 8. Not tested. Based on existing design/characterization data of similar product.
- 9. Indirect test.

10.Wafer Probe.



## 3. Detailed Description

### 3.1 Serial Digital Input

SDI/SDI are high-impedance differential inputs. Several conditions must be observed when interfacing to these inputs:

- 1. The differential input signal amplitude must be between 300 and 2000mVpp.
- 2. For DC-coupling to the device, the common mode voltage must be between  $1.6+\Delta V_{SDI(DIFF)}$  and VCC- $\Delta V_{SDI(DIFF)}$ .
- 3. For input trace lengths longer than approximately 1cm, the inputs should be terminated as shown in the Typical Application Circuit.

The GS9068 inputs are self-biased, allowing for simple AC-coupling to the device. For serial digital video, a minimum capacitor value of  $4.7\mu F$  should be used to allow coupling of pathological test signals. A tantalum capacitor is recommended.

### 3.2 Serial Digital Output

The GS9068 outputs are current mode, and will drive 800 mV into a  $75\Omega$  load. These outputs are protected from accidental static damage with internal static protection diodes.

The SMPTE 259M standard requires that the output of a cable driver have a source impedance of  $75\Omega$  and a return loss of at least 15dB between 5MHz and 540MHz. In order for an SDI output circuit using the GS9068 to meet this specification, the output circuit shown in the Typical Application Circuit is recommended.

The value of  $L_{COMP}$  will vary depending on the PCB layout, with a typical value of 5.6nH. A 4.7 $\mu$ F capacitor is used for AC-coupling the output of the GS9068. This value is chosen to ensure that pathological signals can be coupled without a significant DC component occurring (see Section 4. Application Reference Design, for more details).

When measuring return loss at the GS9068 output, it is necessary to take the measurement for both a logic high and a logic low output condition. This is because the output protection diodes act as a varactor (voltage controlled capacitor) as shown in Figure 3-1. Consequently, the output capacitance of the GS9068 is dependent on the logic state of the output.

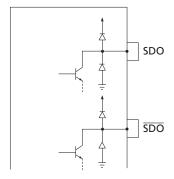


Figure 3-1: Static Protection Diodes



### 3.3 Output Return Loss Measurement

To perform a practical return loss measurement, it is necessary to force the GS9068 output to a DC high or low condition. The actual return loss will be based on the outputs being static at  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{CC}$ -1.6V. Under normal operating conditions, the outputs of the GS9068 swing between  $V_{CC}$ -0.4V and  $V_{CC}$ -1.2V, hence the measured value of return loss will not represent the actual operating return loss.

A simple method of calculating the values of actual operating return loss is to interpolate the two return loss measurements. In this method, the values of return loss are estimated at  $V_{CC}$ -0.4V and  $V_{CC}$ -1.2V based on the measurements at  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CC}$ -1.6V.

The two values of return loss (high and low) will typically differ by several decibels. If the measured return loss is  $R_H$  for logic high and  $R_L$  for logic low, then the two values can be interpolated as follows:

$$R_{IH} = R_{H} - (R_{H} - R_{L})/4$$
, and

$$R_{\rm IL} = R_{\rm L} + (R_{\rm H} - R_{\rm L})/4$$

Where  $R_{IH}$  is the interpolated logic high value and  $R_{IL}$  is the interpolated logic low value.

For example: if  $R_H$  = -18dB and  $R_L$  = -14dB; the interpolated values are  $R_{IH}$  = -17dB and  $R_{IL}$  = -15dB.

## 3.4 Output Amplitude Adjustment

The output amplitude of the GS9068 can be adjusted by changing the value of the  $R_{SET}$  resistor as shown in Figure 3-2 and Table 3-1 below. For an 800 mVp-p output with a nominal  $\pm 7\%$  tolerance, a value of  $750\Omega$  is required. A  $\pm 1\%$  SMT resistor should be used.

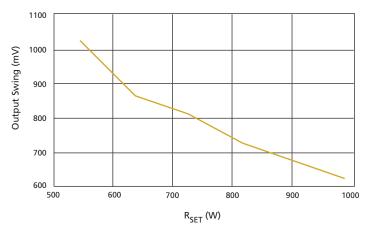


Figure 3-2: Output Amplitude Adjustment

The  $R_{SET}$  resistor is part of the high-speed output circuit of the GS9068. The resistor should be placed as close as possible to the  $R_{SET}$  pin. In addition, the PCB capacitance should be minimized at this node by removing the PCB ground plane beneath the  $R_{SET}$  resistor and the  $R_{SET}$  pin.



Table 3-1:  $R_{SET}$  vs.  $V_{OD}$ 

RSET (Ω)	Output Swing
995	608mV
824	734mV
750	800mV
600	884mV
573	1040mV

NOTE: For reliable operation of the GS9068 over the full temperature range, do not use an  $R_{\text{SET}}$  value below  $573\Omega.$ 



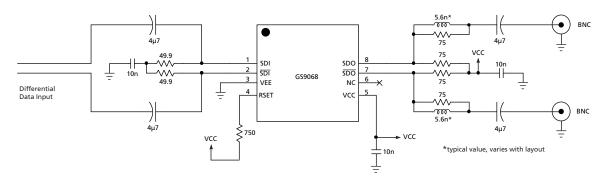
## 4. Application Reference Design

### 4.1 PCB Layout

An FR-4 dielectric can be used, however, controlled-impedance transmission lines are required for PCB traces longer than approximately 1cm. Note the following PCB artwork features used to optimize performance:

- The PCB groundplane is removed under the GS9068 output components to minimize parasitic capacitance
- The PCB ground plane is removed under the GS9068 R<sub>SET</sub> pin and resistor to minimize parasitic capacitance
- Input and output BNC connectors are surface-mounted in-line to eliminate a
  transmission line stub caused by a BNC mounting via high-speed traces, which are
  curved to minimize impedance variations due to change of PCB trace width

### **4.2 Typical Application Circuit**



NOTE: All resistors in Ohms, capacitors in Farads, and inductors in Henrys, unless otherwise noted

Figure 4-1: Typical Application Circuit

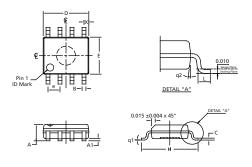
## 5. References

Compliant with SMPTE 259M and SMPTE 344M.



# **6. Package and Ordering Information**

## **6.1 Package Dimensions**



SYMBOL	8 SOIC			
SYM	Min.	Max.		
Α	0.054	0.068		
A1	0.004	0.0098		
В	0.014	0.019		
D	0.189	0.196		
Е	0.150	0.157		
Н	0.229	0.244		
е	0.050 BSC			
С	0.0075	0.0098		
L	0.016	0.034		
Х	0.0215 REF			
q1	0°	8°		
q2	7° BSC			

Figure 6-1: Package Dimensions

## **6.2 Ordering Information**

Part Number	nber Package Temperature Range		Pb-free and Green
GS9068-CKAE3	8 pin SOIC	0°C to 70°C	Yes
GS9068-CTAE3	8 pin SOIC Tape	0°C to 70°C	Yes

# 7. Revision History

Version	ECR	PCN	Date	Changes And/or Modifications
А	120608	_	July 2002	New document.
В	125775	_	July 2002	Added detailed block descriptions and initial applications information.
0	127024	_	December 2002	Document upgraded to Preliminary Data Sheet and AC/DC Characteristics edited to match current design specification limits.
1	128544	-	March 2003	Document upgraded to Data Sheet.
2	133977	-	June 2004	Added lead-free and green information.
3	139114	38124	January 2006	Corrected Input Differential Swing to 2200mV.
4	154753	_	August 2010	Corrected Package Dimensions and Ordering Information.



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