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With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

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H11B1X, H11B2X, H11B3X  
H11B1, H11B2, H11B3

## OPTICALLY COUPLED ISOLATOR PHOTODARLINGTON OUTPUT

### APPROVALS

- UL recognised, File No. E91231
- 'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS
  - VDE 0884 in 2 available lead form :
    - STD
    - G form
  - VDE 0884 in SMD approval pending
  - SETI approved, reg. no.151786-18

### DESCRIPTION

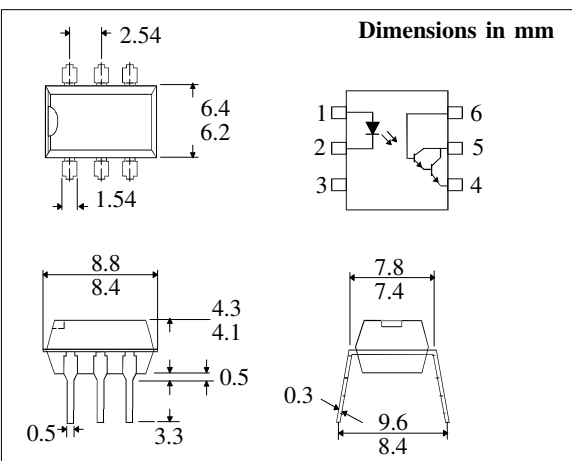
The H11B\_ series of optically coupled isolators consist of an infrared light emitting diode and NPN silicon photodarlington in a space efficient dual in line plastic package.

### FEATURES

- Options :-
  - 10mm lead spread - add G after part no.
  - Surface mount - add SM after part no.
  - Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Current Transfer Ratio
- High Isolation Voltage ( $5.3kV_{RMS}, 7.5kV_{PK}$ )
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

### APPLICATIONS

- Computer terminals
- Industrial systems controllers
- Measuring instruments
- Signal transmission between systems of different potentials and impedances



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C unless otherwise specified)

Storage Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ -55°C to + 150°C  
 Operating Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ -55°C to + 100°C  
 Lead Soldering Temperature  
 (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs) 260°C

### INPUT DIODE

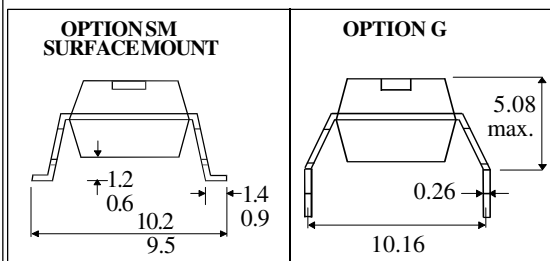
Forward Current \_\_\_\_\_ 80mA  
 Reverse Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ 5V  
 Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 105mW

### OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Collector-emitter Voltage  $BV_{CEO}$  \_\_\_\_\_ 30V  
 Collector-base Voltage  $BV_{CBO}$  \_\_\_\_\_ 50V  
 Emitter-collector Voltage  $BV_{ECO}$  \_\_\_\_\_ 5V  
 Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 150mW

### POWER DISSIPATION

Total Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 250mW  
 (derate linearly 3.3mW/°C above 25°C)



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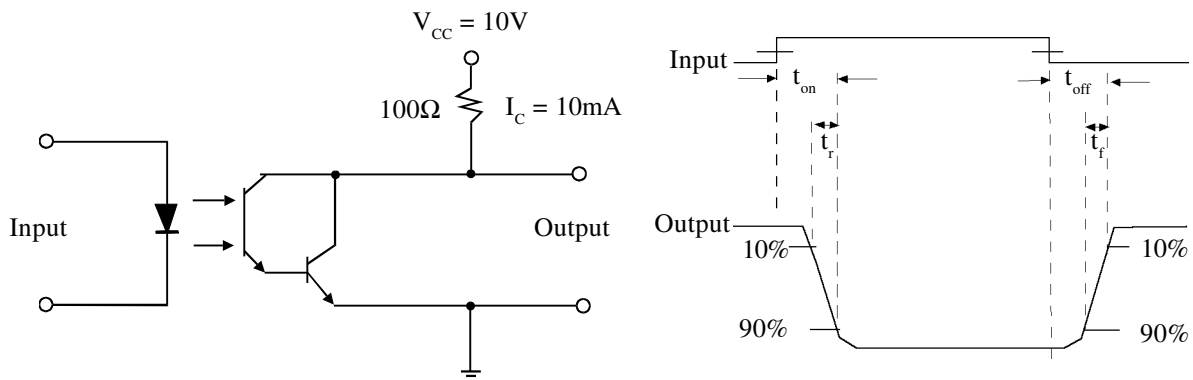
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ )		1.2	1.5	V	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$
	Reverse Voltage ( $V_R$ )	3			V	$I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$
	Reverse Current ( $I_R$ )			10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R = 3\text{V}$
Output	Collector-emitter Breakdown ( $BV_{CEO}$ )	30			V	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$ (note 2)
	Collector-base Breakdown ( $BV_{CBO}$ )	30			V	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$
	Emitter-collector Breakdown ( $BV_{ECO}$ )	5			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$
	$H_{FE}$		16K			$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 5\text{mA}$
	Collector-emitter Dark Current ( $I_{CEO}$ )			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
Coupled	Current Transfer Ratio ( CTR)(Note 2)					
	H11B1	500			%	$1\text{mA } I_F, 5\text{V } V_{CE}$
	H11B2	200			%	$1\text{mA } I_F, 5\text{V } V_{CE}$
	H11B3	100			%	$1\text{mA } I_F, 5\text{V } V_{CE}$
	Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$			1.0	V	$1\text{mA } I_F, 1\text{mA } I_C$
	Input to Output Isolation Voltage $V_{ISO}$	5300			$V_{RMS}$	(note 1)
	Input-output Isolation Resistance $R_{ISO}$	7500			$V_{PK}$	(note 1)
	$5 \times 10^{10}$			$\Omega$	$V_{IO} = 500\text{V}$ (note 1)	
Output Turn on Time	$t_{on}$		125	$\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CC} = 10\text{V}, I_C = 10\text{mA},$	
Output Turn off Time	$t_{off}$		100	$\mu\text{s}$	$R_L = 100\Omega$ , fig.1	

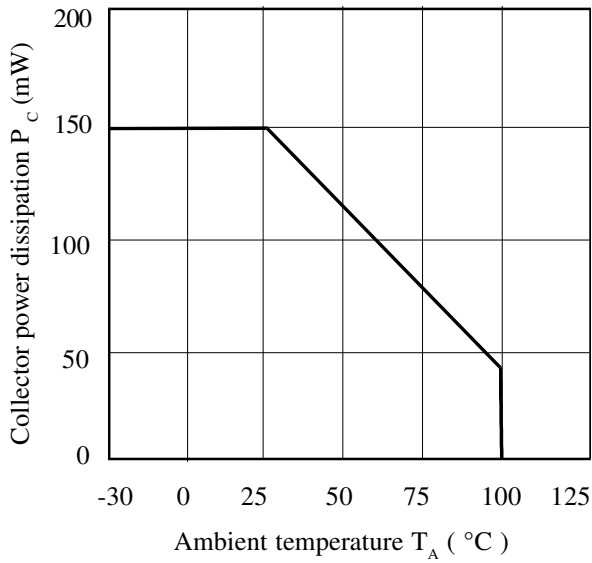
Note 1 Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

Note 2 Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

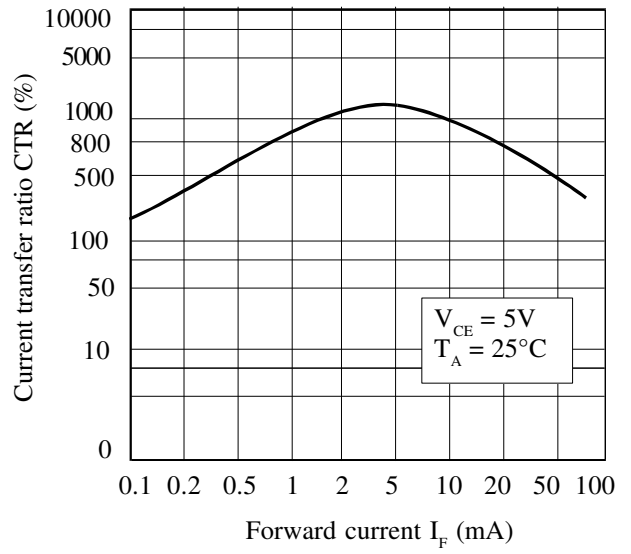
**FIGURE 1**



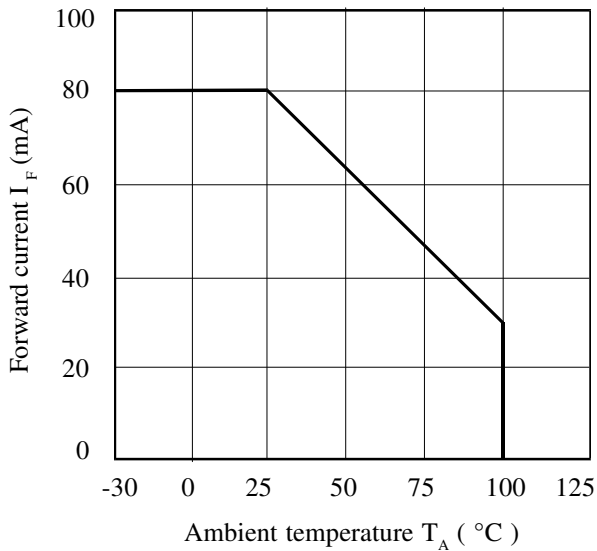
**Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



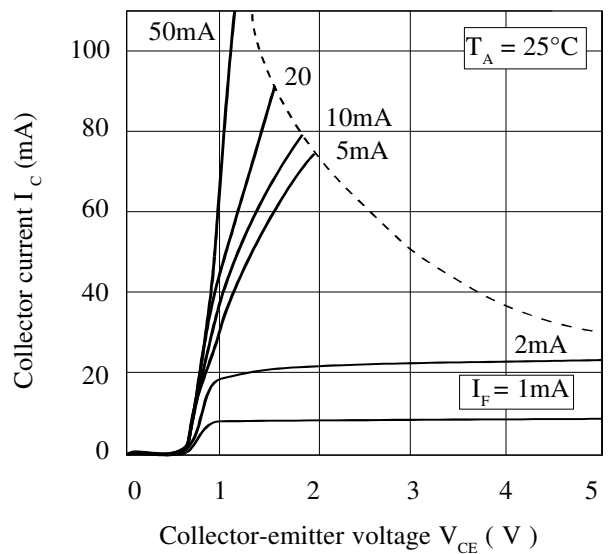
**Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**



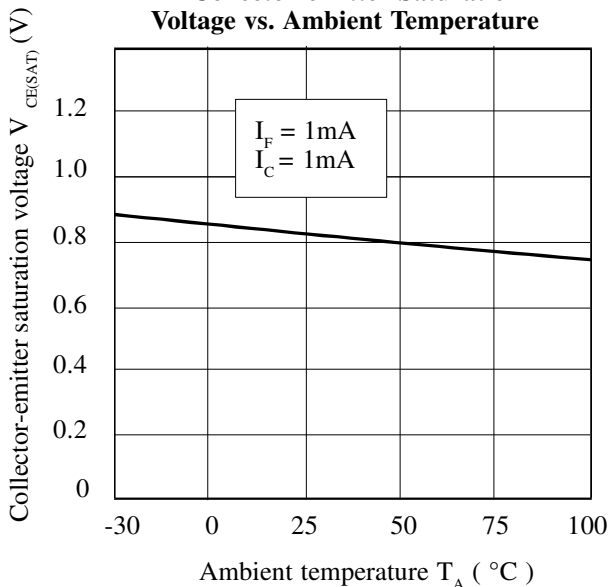
**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



**Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Normalised Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**

