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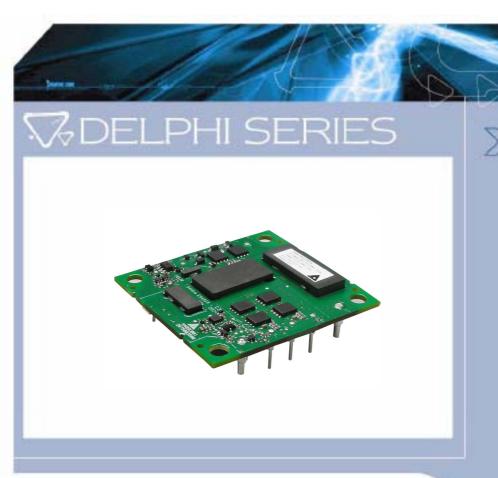
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FEATURES

- High efficiency: 93% @ 3.3V/25A
- Standard footprint:
 61.0x57.9x10.0mm (2.40"×2.28"×0.39")
- Industry standard pin out
- Fixed frequency operation
- Input UVLO, Output OCP, OVP, OTP
- Basic insulation
- 2250V isolation
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS 9000,
 OHSAS 18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada) recognized

Delphi Series H48SC3R325, 85W Half Brick Family DC/DC Power Modules: 48V in, 3.3V/25A out

The Delphi Series H48SC3R325, half brick, 36V~75V input, single output, isolated DC/DC converters is the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing -- Delta Electronics, Inc. This product provides up to 85 watts of power in an industry standard half brick footprint. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. All models are fully protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions. The Delphi Series converters meet all safety requirements with basic insulation.

OPTIONS

 Heat spreader available for extended operation

APPLICATIONS

- Telecom / Datacom
- Wireless Networks
- Optical Network Equipment
- Server and Data Storage
- Industrial / Testing Equipment



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(T_A=25°C, airflow rate=300 LFM, V_{in} =48Vdc, nominal Vout unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS		ndard)		
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
Input Voltage Continuous		0		75	Vdc
Transient	100ms	0		100	Vdc
Operating Temperature	Please refer to Fig. 21 for measuring point	-40		116	°C
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C
Input/Output Isolation Voltage	5 seconds			2250	Vdc
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Operating Input Voltage		36	48	75	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Lockout	I = 4000/ I = = d	20	0.4	0.5	\
Turn-On Voltage Threshold Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	lo=100% Load lo=100% Load	33 31	34 32	35 33	Vdc Vdc
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage	lo=100% Load	1	2	3	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	Vin=36V, 100% Load	The state of the s	2	3.0	A
Minimum -Load Input Current	Vin=48V, Io=0A			70	mA
Off Converter Input Current	Vin=48V		3	7.5	mA
Inrush Current(I ² t)				1	A ² s
Input Reflected-Ripple Current	P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz		20		mA
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection	120 Hz		60		dB
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=48V, lo=lo.max, Tc=25°C	3.267	3.300	3.333	Vdc
Output Voltage Regulation					
Over Load	lo=lo,min to lo,max		±3	±10	mV
Over Line	Vin=36V to 75V		±3	±10	mV
Over Temperature	Tc=-40°C to 85°C		±15		mV
Total Output Voltage Range	over sample load, line and temperature	3.23		3.37	V
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise	5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF Low ESR cap		20	00	
Peak-to-Peak RMS	Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF Low ESR cap		30 10	60 20	mV mV
Operating Output Current Range	Full Load, The Cerattiic, Tohe Low ESR cap		10	25	A
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Output Voltage 10% Low	27.5		35	A
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Output Voltage 1070 EOW	27.0		00	
	48V, Tested with 10µF aluminum, Low ESR cap				
Output Voltage Current Transient	and 1μF Ceramic load cap, Δ lo/Δ t=1A/10μS				
Positive Step Change in Output Current	50% to 75% lo.max		60	100	mV
Negative Step Change in Output Current	75% to 50% lo.max		60	100	mV
Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal)			30		μs
Turn-On Transient	V5 40V/ L 4000V L L		45	0.5	
Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control Start-Up Time, From Input	Vin=48V, Io=100% Load Vin=48V, Io=100% Load		15 15	25 25	ms ms
Output Capacitive Load	Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup		15	20000	μF
EFFICIENCY	Full load, 5% oversiloot of vout at startup	<u> </u>		20000	μι
100% Load			93		%
60% Load			93.5		%
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Input to Output				2250	Vdc
Input to Case				2250	Vdc
Output to Case				2250	Vdc
Isolation Resistance		10			MΩ
Isolation Capacitance			1500		pF
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency			160		kHz
ON/OFF Control Negative Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module On)	Von/off at lon/off=1.0mA	0		1.2	V
Logic High (Module Off)	Von/off at lon/off=0.0 µA	3		50	V
ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic	Telegraphic State Principle			30	
Logic Low (Module Off)	Von/off at lon/off=1.0mA	0		1.2	V
	Von/off at lon/off=0.0 μA	3		50	V
Logic High (Module On)				1	mA
,	Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V				
Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current	lon/off at Von/off=0.0V Logic High, Von/off=15V			50	μΑ
Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current Output Voltage Trim Range	Logic High, Von/off=15V Pout <= max rated power	2.64			V
Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range	Logic High, Von/off=15V Pout <= max rated power Pout ≦ max rated power			50 3.63 10	V %
Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection	Logic High, Von/off=15V Pout <= max rated power	2.64		50 3.63	V
Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	Logic High, Von/off=15V Pout <= max rated power Pout ≦ max rated power Over full temp range			50 3.63 10	V % V
Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current Leakage Current Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection	Logic High, Von/off=15V Pout <= max rated power Pout ≦ max rated power		4.5 75.4	50 3.63 10	V %

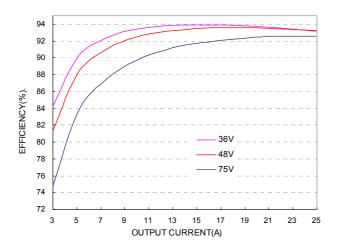
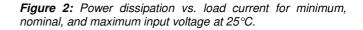


Figure 1: Efficiency vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25° C.



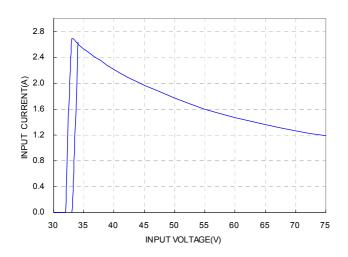


Figure 3: Typical input characteristics at room temperature

For Positive Remote On Logic

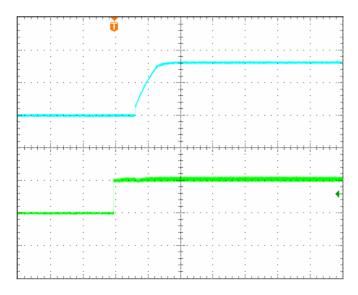


Figure 4: Turn-on transient at full load current (resistive load) (10ms/div). CH2: Vout: 2V/div; CH4: ON/OFF input: 5V/div

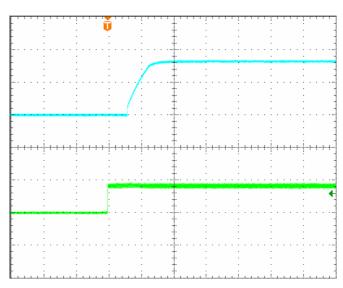


Figure 5: Turn-on transient at minimum load current (10ms/div). CH2: Vout: 2V/div; CH4: ON/OFF input: 5V/div

For Vin turn On Logic

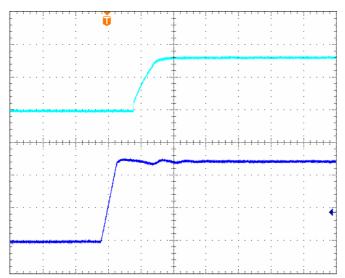


Figure 6: Turn-on transient at full load current (resistive load) (10ms/div). CH2 Vout: 2V/div; CH1:Vin: 20V/div

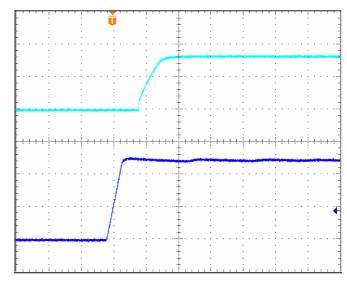
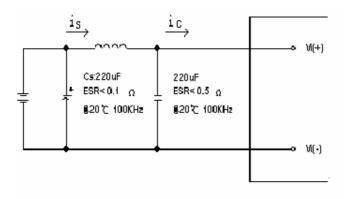


Figure 7: Turn-on transient at zero load current (10ms/div). CH2 Vout: 2V/div; CH1:Vin: 20V/div



Figure 8: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50% of lo, max; di/dt =0.1A/ μ S). Load cap: 10uF Low ESR capacitor and 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (50mV/div), Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.

Figure 9: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75% of lo, max; di/dt = 0.1A/ μ S). Load cap:10uF Low ESR capacitor and 1 μ F ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (50mV/div), Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



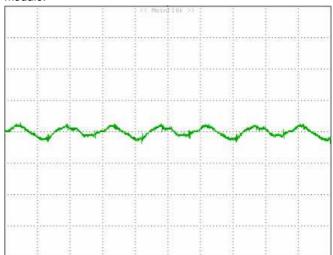
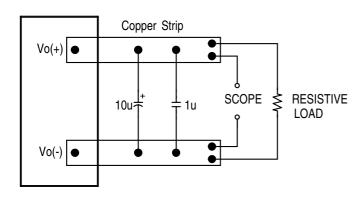


Figure 10: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current

Figure 11: Input Terminal Ripple Current, i_c, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with 12µH source impedance and 220µF electrolytic capacitor (0.1A/div).

Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance (L_{TEST}) of 12 μ H. Capacitor Cs offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.



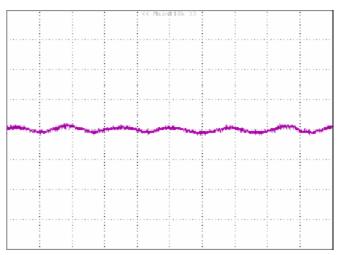
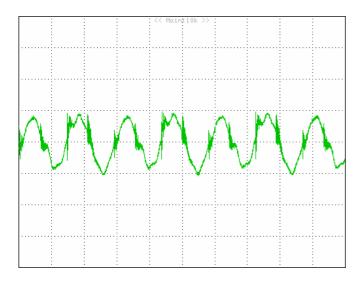


Figure 12: Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup

Figure 13: Input reflected ripple current, i_s, through a 12µH source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (5mA/div)



4.0 3.5 3.0 OUTPUT VOLTAGE(V 2.5 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 35 5 11 17 20 23 26 29 OUTPUT CURRENT(A)

Figure 14: Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current (10mV/div). Load capacitance: 1μF ceramic capacitor and 10μFlow ESR capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.

Figure 15: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

Input Source Impedance

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few $\mu H,$ we advise adding a 220 to 470 μF electrolytic capacitor (ESR < 0.1 Ω at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

Layout and EMC Considerations

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design.

Safety Considerations

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950-1, CSA C22.2 NO. 60950-1 2nd and IEC 60950-1 2nd: 2005 and EN 60950-1 2nd: 2006+A11+A1: 2010, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a normal-blow fuse with (TBD) A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

Soldering and Cleaning Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

Over-Current Protection

The module provides two over current protection levels. When the output current exceeds the low current limit level, the module will endure current limiting till the output voltage is lower than 0.2V. If the output current exceeds the high current limit level, the module will shut down immediately.

The modules will try to restart after shutdown (hiccup mode). If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the load condition is corrected.

Over-Voltage Protection

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the module will shut down.

The modules will try to restart after shutdown (hiccup mode). If the over voltage still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the voltage condition is corrected

Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down.

The module will try to restart after shutdown. If the over-temperature condition still exists during restart, the module will not start up. This restart trial will continue until the temperature is within specification.

Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during logic low and off during logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during logic high and off during logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi(-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin to floating.

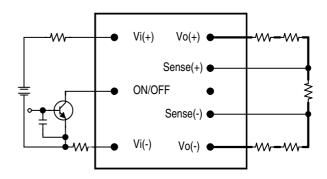


Figure 16: Remote on/off implementation

Remote Sense

Remote sense compensates for voltage drops on the output by sensing the actual output voltage at the point of load. The voltage between the remote sense pins and the output terminals must not exceed the output voltage sense range given here:

$$[Vo(+) - Vo(-)] - [SENSE(+) - SENSE(-)] \le 10\% \times Vout$$

This limit includes any increase in voltage due to remote sense compensation and output voltage set point adjustment (trim).

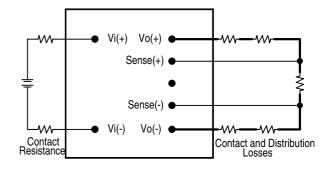


Figure 17: Effective circuit configuration for remote sense operation

If the remote sense feature is not used to regulate the output at the point of load, please connect SENSE(+) to Vo(+) and SENSE(-) to Vo(-) at the module.

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim; however, the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power does not exceed the maximum rated power.

FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

Output Voltage Adjustment (TRIM)

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, the modules may be connected with an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the SENSE(+) or SENSE(-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

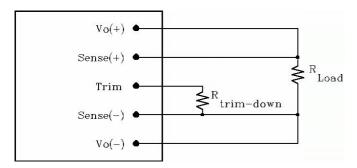


Figure 18: Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and SENSE (-) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage of output voltage change $^{\triangle}$ % is defined as:

Rtrim down=
$$\left(\frac{100}{\Delta} - 2\right) K\Omega$$

Ex. When Trim-down 10% (3.3V×0.9=2.97V)

Vo := 3.3 V
$$\Delta$$
 := 10

$$\frac{100}{\Delta} - 2 = 8 \text{ K}\Omega$$

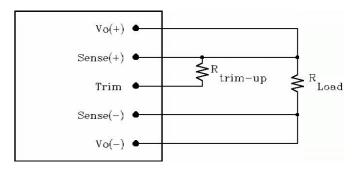


Figure 19: Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and SENSE (+) the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 19). The external resistor value required to obtain a percentage output voltage change $^{\triangle}$ % is defined as:

Rtrim up=
$$\left[\frac{\text{Vo}(100 + \Delta)}{1.225 \Delta} - \frac{100 + 2\Delta}{\Delta} \right]$$
 K Ω

Ex. When Trim-up +10%(3.3V×1.1=3.63V)

Vo := 3.3 V
$$\Delta$$
 := 10
$$\frac{\text{Vo} \cdot \left(100 + \Delta\right)}{1.225 \cdot \Delta} - \frac{100 + 2 \cdot \Delta}{\Delta} = 17.633 \text{ K}\Omega$$

The output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and the trim, however the maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim, not the sum of both.

When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current?

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.

THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

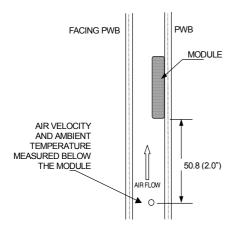
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

Thermal Testing Setup

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 20: Wind Tunnel Test Setup

Thermal Derating

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

THERMAL CURVES

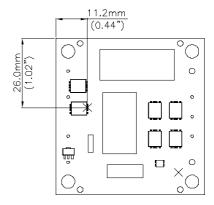


Figure 21: Temperature measurement location The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 116° C

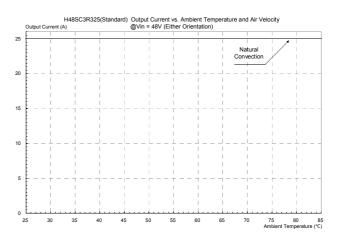
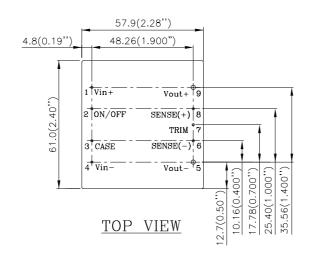
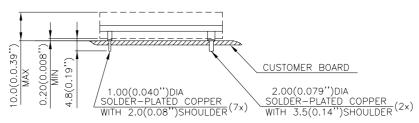


Figure 22: Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @ V_{in}=48V (Either Orientation)

MECHANICAL DRAWING





SIDE VIEW

NOTES:
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

Pin No.	<u>Name</u>	<u>Function</u>		
1	+Vin	Positive input voltage		
2	ON/OFF	Remote ON/OFF		
3	CASE	Case ground		
4	-Vin	Negative input voltage		
5	-Vout	Negative output voltage		
6	-SENSE	Negative remote sense		
7	TRIM	Output voltage trim		
8	+SENSE	Positive remote sense		
9	+Vout	Positive output voltage		

Pin Specification:

Pins 1-4, 6-8 1.00mm (0.040") diameter Pins 5 & 9 2.00mm (0.079") diameter

All pins are copper with Tin plating.

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

Н	48	S	С	3R3	25	Р	S	F	Α
Form	Input	Number of	Product	Output	Output	ON/OFF	Pin		Option Code
Factor	Voltage	Outputs	Series	Voltage	Current	Logic	Length		
H- Half	48 -	S- Single	C- Low Power	3R3- 3.3V	25- 25A	P- Positive	S- 0.19"	F- RoHS 6/6	A- Standard
Brick	36~75V							(Lead Free)	Functions

MODEL LIST

MODEL NAME	INPUT		OUTPUT		EFF @ 100% LOAD	
H48SC3R325PSFA	36V~75V	3.0A	3.3V	25A	93%	

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WARRANTY

Delta offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our web site or is available upon request from Delta.

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