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# HLMP-CWxx

T-1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Precision Optical Performance  
White LED Lamps



## Data Sheet



**HLMP-CW15, HLMP-CW16, HLMP-CW23, HLMP-CW24,  
HLMP-CW30, HLMP-CW31, HLMP-CW70, HLMP-CW72**

### Description

These high intensity white LED lamps are based on InGaN material technology. A blue LED die is coated by a phosphor to produce white. The typical resulting color is described by the coordinates  $x = 0.32$ ,  $y = 0.32$  using the 1931 CIE Chromaticity Diagram.

These T-1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> lamps are untinted, nondiffused, and incorporate precise optics producing well defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angle.

### Features

- Highly luminous white emission
- 15°, 23°, 30°, and 70° viewing angle

### Applications

- Indoor Electronic signs and signals
- Small area illumination
- Legend backlighting
- General purpose indicators

### Benefit

- Reduced power consumption, higher reliability, and increased optical/mechanical design flexibility compared to incandescent bulbs and other alternative white light sources

**CAUTION:** These devices are Class 1C ESD sensitive. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Avago Technologies Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

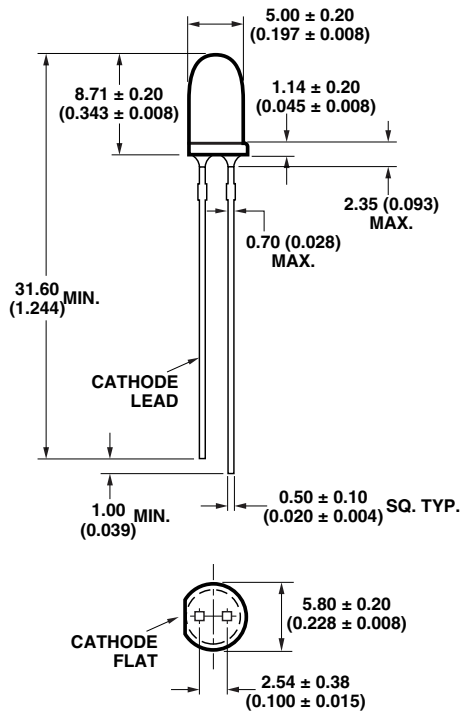
## Device Selection Guide

| Part Number     | Viewing Angle<br>Typ. | Min. Luminous Intensity<br>I <sub>v</sub> (mcd) @ 20 mA |       | Standoff Leads | Package Dimension |
|-----------------|-----------------------|---|-------|----------------|-------------------|
|                 |                       | Min.  | Max.  |                |                   |
| HLMP-CW15-TW0xx | 15°                   | 2500  | 7200  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-TW0xx | 15°                   | 2500  | 7200  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-UV0xx | 15°                   | 3200  | 5500  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-VWBxx | 15°                   | 4200  | 7200  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-VY0xx | 15°                   | 4200  | 12000 | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-VYBxx | 15°                   | 4200  | 12000 | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-VYGxx | 15°                   | 4200  | 12000 | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW15-VYKxx | 15°                   | 4200  | 12000 | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW16-R00xx | 15°                   | 1500  | -     | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW16-TW0xx | 15°                   | 2500  | 7200  | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW16-VY0xx | 15°                   | 4200  | 12000 | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW23-SV0xx | 23°                   | 1900  | 5500  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW23-SVKxx | 23°                   | 1900  | 5500  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW23-TW0xx | 23°                   | 2500  | 7200  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW24-SV0xx | 23°                   | 1900  | 5500  | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW24-TW0xx | 23°                   | 2500  | 7200  | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW30-PS0xx | 30°                   | 880   | 2500  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW30-RU0xx | 30°                   | 1500  | 4200  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW30-STBxx | 30°                   | 1900  | 3200  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW30-SV0xx | 30°                   | 1900  | 5500  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW31-M00xx | 30°                   | 520   | -     | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW31-PS0xx | 30°                   | 880   | 2500  | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW31-SV0xx | 30°                   | 1900  | 5500  | Yes            | B                 |
| HLMP-CW70-LMBxx | 70°                   | 400   | 680   | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW70-LP0xx | 70°                   | 400   | 1150  | No             | A                 |
| HLMP-CW72-LP0xx | 70°                   | 400   | 1150  | Yes            | B                 |

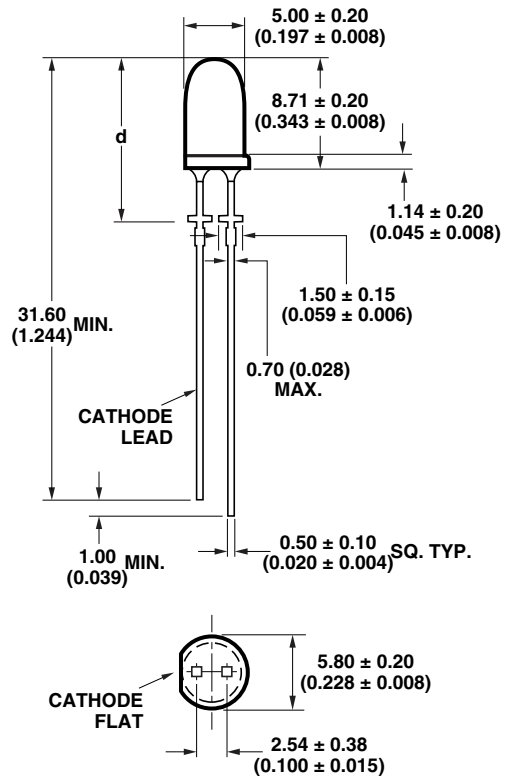
### Notes:

1. Tolerance for each intensity limit is ±15%.
2. Please refer to AN 5352 for detail information on features of stand-off and non stand-off LEDs.

# Package Dimensions



PACKAGE DIMENSION A



PACKAGE DIMENSION B

**NOTES:**

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
2. EPOXY MENISCUS MAY EXTEND ABOUT 1 mm (0.040") DOWN THE LEADS.

| HLMP-CW16                          | HLMP-CW24                           | HLMP-CW31                           | HLMP-CW72                           |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| d = 12.6 ± 0.25<br>(0.496 ± 0.010) | d = 12.52 ± 0.25<br>(0.493 ± 0.010) | d = 11.96 ± 0.25<br>(0.471 ± 0.010) | d = 12.52 ± 0.25<br>(0.493 ± 0.010) |

## Part Numbering System

HLMP - CWxx - x x x xx

### Mechanical Option

00: Bulk  
DD: Ammo Pack

### Color Bin Option

0: Full color bin distribution  
B: Color bins 2 & 3  
G: Color bins 2, 3 & 4  
K: Color bins 2 & 4

### Maximum Intensity Bin Limit

0: No maximum intensity bin limit  
Others: Refer to Device Selection Guide

### Minimum Intensity Bin Limit

Refer to Device Selection Guide

### Viewing Angle and Standoff Option

15: 15° without standoffs  
16: 15° with standoffs  
23: 23° without standoffs  
24: 23° with standoffs  
30: 30° without standoffs  
31: 30° with standoffs  
70: 50° without standoffs  
72: 50° with standoffs

Note: Please refer to AB 5337 for complete information about part numbering system.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

| Parameter                                | Value       | Units |
|--|-------------|-------|
| DC Forward Current <sup>[1]</sup>        | 30          | mA    |
| Peak Forward Current <sup>[2]</sup>      | 100         | mA    |
| Power Dissipation                        | 111         | mW    |
| Reverse Voltage (I <sub>R</sub> = 10 μA) | 5           | V     |
| LED Junction Temperature                 | 110         | °C    |
| Operating Temperature Range              | -40 to +80  | °C    |
| Storage Temperature Range                | -40 to +100 | °C    |

### Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 5.
2. Duty factor 10% Frequency 1 kHz.

## Electrical Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

| Forward Voltage,<br>V <sub>F</sub> (V) @ I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA |      | Reverse Breakdown,<br>V <sub>R</sub> (V) @ I <sub>R</sub> = 10 μA | Capacitance, C (pF),<br>V <sub>F</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz | Thermal Resistance<br>R <sub>θJ-PIN</sub> (°C/W) |
|---|------|---|---|--|
| Typ.  | Max. | Min.  | Typ.  | Typ.   |
| 3.2   | 3.7  | 5   | 70  | 240  |

## Optical Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

| Part Number     | Typical Chromaticity<br>Coordinates <sup>[1]</sup> |      | Viewing Angle<br>2θ <sub>1/2</sub> Degrees <sup>[2]</sup> |
|-----------------|--|------|---|
|                 | X  | Y    | Typ.  |
| HLMP-CW3x-xxxxx | 0.32   | 0.32 | 30  |
| HLMP-CW2x-xxxxx | 0.32   | 0.32 | 23  |
| HLMP-CW1x-xxxxx | 0.32   | 0.32 | 15  |
| HLMP-CW7x-xxxxx | 0.32   | 0.32 | 50  |

### Notes:

1. The chromaticity coordinates are derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram and represent the perceived color of the device.
2. θ<sub>1/2</sub> is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the peak intensity.

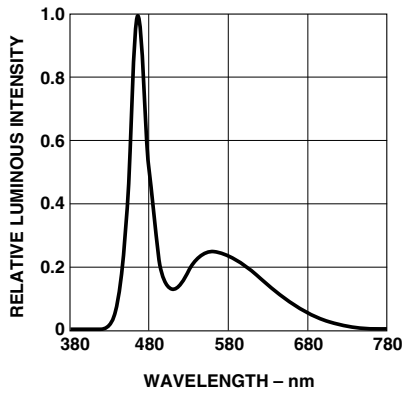


Figure 1. Relative intensity vs. wavelength

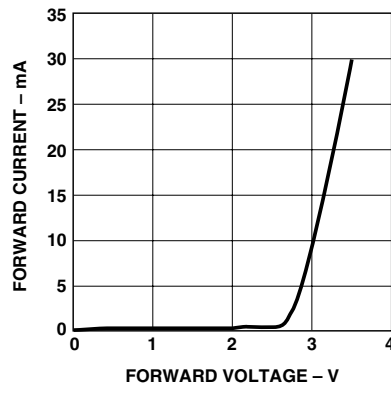


Figure 2. Forward current vs. forward voltage

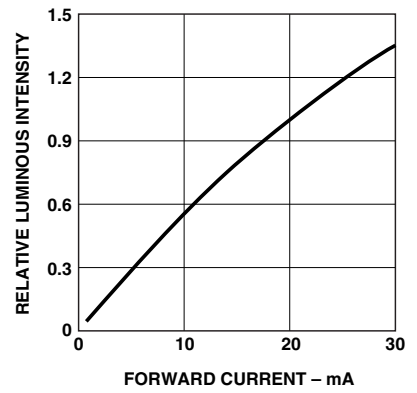


Figure 3. Relative I<sub>v</sub> vs. forward current

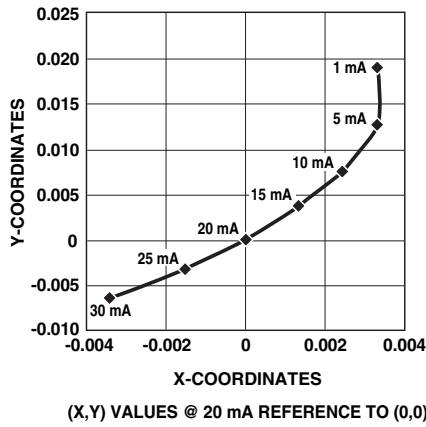


Figure 4. Chromaticity shift vs. current

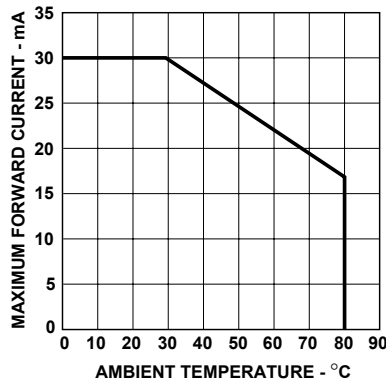


Figure 5. Maximum forward current vs. temperature

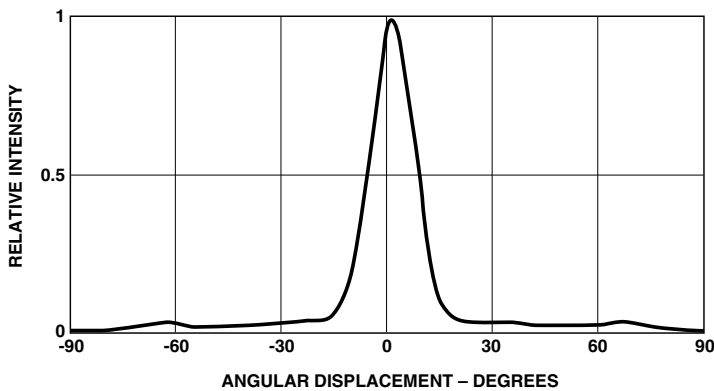


Figure 6a. CW1x spatial radiation pattern

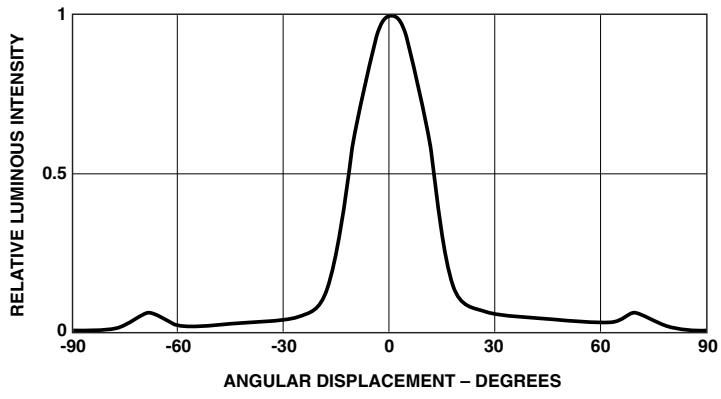


Figure 6b. CW2x spatial radiation pattern

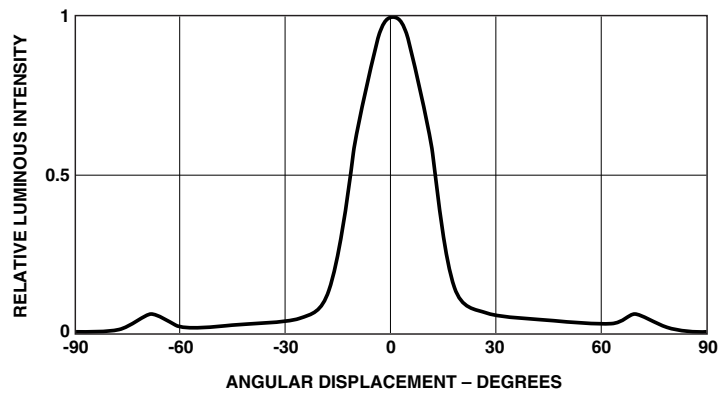


Figure 6c. CW3x spatial radiation pattern

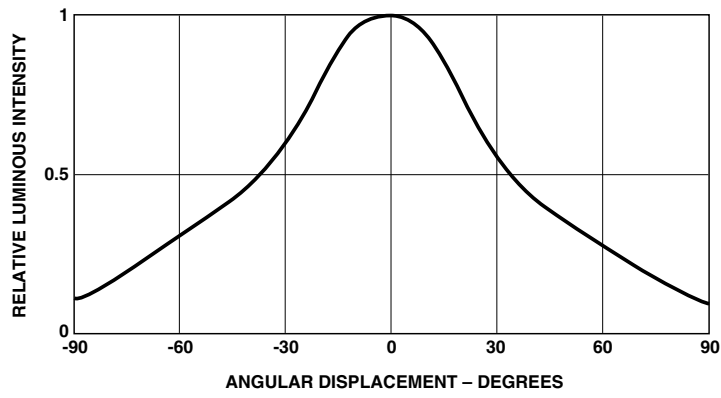


Figure 6c. CW7x spatial radiation pattern



### Intensity Bin Limits

(mcd at 20 mA)

| Bin | Min.  | Max.  |
|-----|-------|-------|
| L   | 400   | 520   |
| M   | 520   | 680   |
| N   | 680   | 880   |
| P   | 880   | 1150  |
| Q   | 1150  | 1500  |
| R   | 1500  | 1900  |
| S   | 1900  | 2500  |
| T   | 2500  | 3200  |
| U   | 3200  | 4200  |
| V   | 4200  | 5500  |
| W   | 5500  | 7200  |
| X   | 7200  | 9300  |
| Y   | 9300  | 12000 |
| Z   | 12000 | 16000 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 15\%$ .

### Color Bin Limit Table

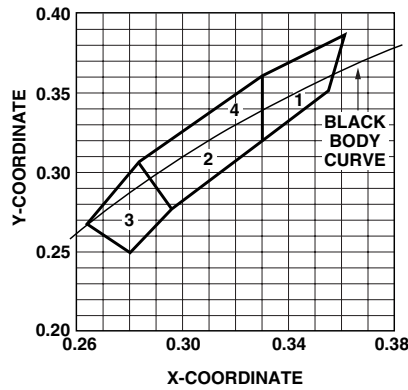
| Rank | Limits (Chromaticity Coordinates) |       |       |       |       |
|------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|      |                                   | x     | y     |       |       |
| 1    | x                                 | 0.330 | 0.330 | 0.356 | 0.361 |
|      | y                                 | 0.360 | 0.318 | 0.351 | 0.385 |
| 2    | x                                 | 0.287 | 0.296 | 0.330 | 0.330 |
|      | y                                 | 0.295 | 0.276 | 0.318 | 0.339 |
| 3    | x                                 | 0.264 | 0.280 | 0.296 | 0.283 |
|      | y                                 | 0.267 | 0.248 | 0.276 | 0.305 |
| 4    | x                                 | 0.283 | 0.287 | 0.330 | 0.330 |
|      | y                                 | 0.305 | 0.295 | 0.339 | 0.360 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm 0.01$ .

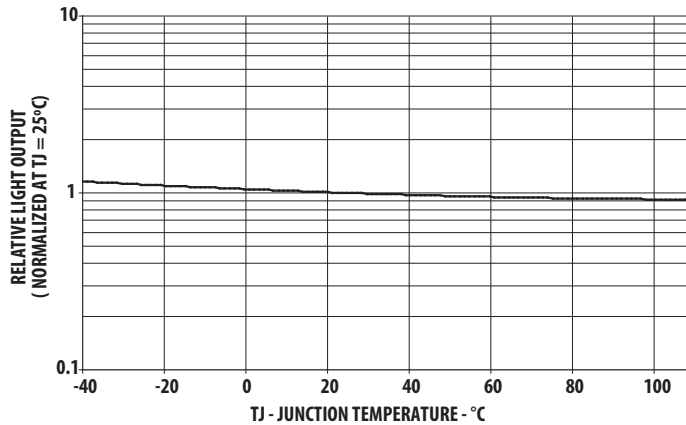
**Note:**

Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact your Avago representative for information on currently available bins.

### Color Bin Limits with Respect to CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram



### Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature



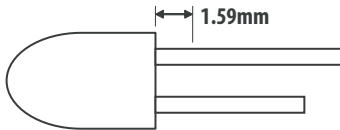
**Precautions:**

**Lead Forming:**

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering on PC board.
- For better control, it is recommended to use proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground which prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. This is highly recommended for hand solder operation, as the excess lead length also acts as small heat sink.

**Soldering and Handling:**

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- LED component may be effectively hand soldered to PCB. However, it is only recommended under unavoidable circumstances such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron’s tip) to the body is 1.59mm. Soldering the LED using soldering iron tip closer than 1.59mm might damage the LED.



- ESD precaution must be properly applied on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component that is ESD sensitive. Do refer to Avago application note AN 1142 for details. The soldering iron used should have grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded.
- Recommended soldering condition:

|                      | Wave Soldering [1, 2] | Manual Solder Dipping |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Pre-heat temperature | 105 °C Max.           | -                     |
| Preheat time         | 60 sec Max            | -                     |
| Peak temperature     | 250 °C Max.           | 260 °C Max.           |
| Dwell time           | 3 sec Max.            | 5 sec Max             |

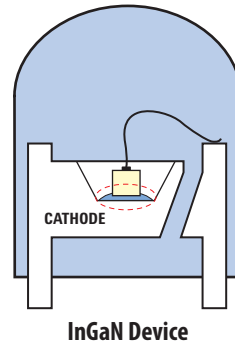
Note:

- 1) Above conditions refers to measurement with thermocouple mounted at the bottom of PCB.
  - 2) It is recommended to use only bottom preheaters in order to reduce thermal stress experienced by LED.
- Wave soldering parameters must be set and maintained according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. Customer is advised to perform daily check on the soldering profile to ensure that it is always conforming to recommended soldering conditions.

Note:

1. PCB with different size and design (component density) will have different heat mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if same wave soldering setting is used. So, it is recommended to re-calibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB.
2. Avago Technologies’ high brightness LED are using high efficiency LED die with single wire bond as shown below. Customer is advised to take extra precaution during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature does not exceed 250°C and the solder contact time does not exceeding 3sec. Over-stressing the LED during soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.

**Avago Technologies LED configuration**



Note: Electrical connection between bottom surface of LED die and the lead frame is achieved through conductive paste.

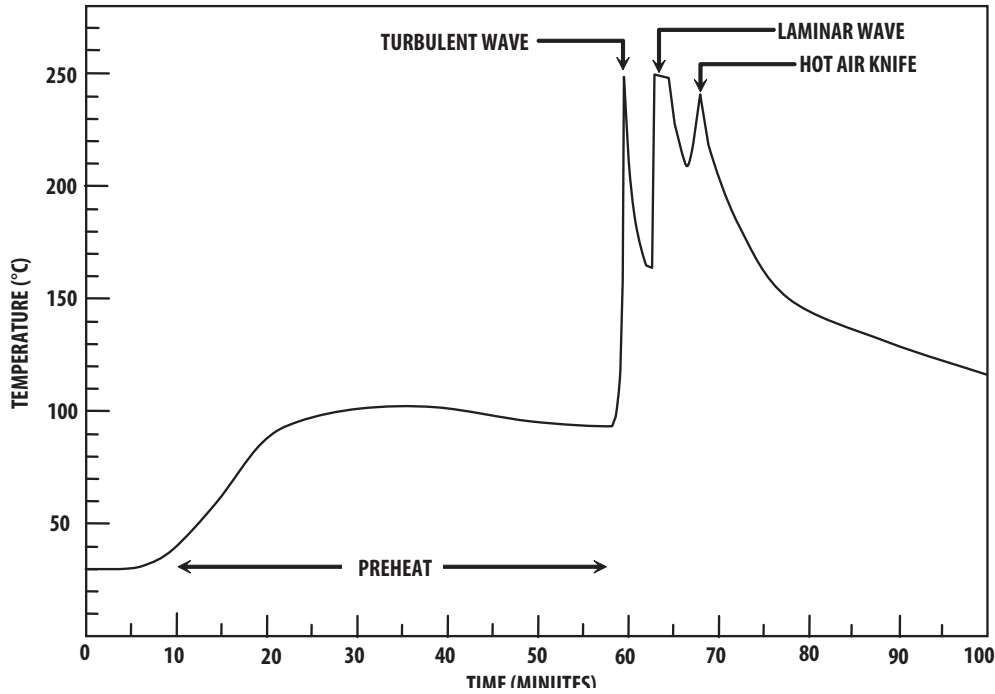
- Any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering should be loosely fitted and should not apply weight or force on LED. Non metal material is recommended as it will absorb less heat during wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperature, LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, PCB must allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of alignment fixture or pallet.
- If PCB board contains both through hole (TH) LED and other surface mount components, it is recommended that surface mount components be soldered on the top side of the PCB. If surface mount need to be on the bottom side, these components should be soldered using reflow soldering prior to insertion the TH LED.
- Recommended PC board plated through holes (PTH) size for LED component leads.

| LED component lead size               | Diagonal                 | Plated through hole diameter             |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 0.45 x 0.45 mm<br>(0.018x 0.018 inch) | 0.636 mm<br>(0.025 inch) | 0.98 to 1.08 mm<br>(0.039 to 0.043 inch) |
| 0.50 x 0.50 mm<br>(0.020x 0.020 inch) | 0.707 mm<br>(0.028 inch) | 1.05 to 1.15 mm<br>(0.041 to 0.045 inch) |

- Over-sizing the PTH can lead to twisted LED after clinching. On the other hand under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty inserting the TH LED.

Refer to application note AN5334 for more information about soldering and handling of high brightness TH LED lamps.

### Example of Wave Soldering Temperature Profile for TH LED



Recommended solder:  
Sn63 (Leaded solder alloy)  
SAC305 (Lead free solder alloy)

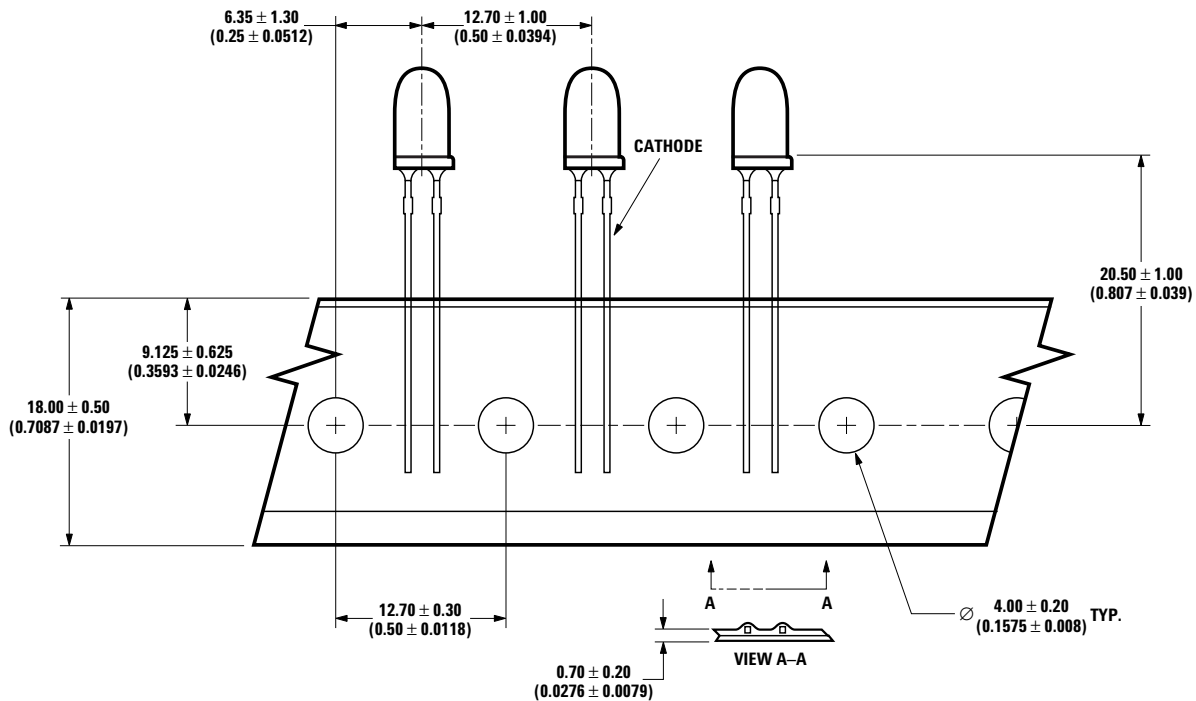
Flux: Rosin flux

Solder bath temperature:  
245°C ± 5°C (maximum peak temperature = 250°C)

Dwell time: 1.5 sec - 3.0 sec (maximum = 3sec)

Note: Allow for board to be sufficiently cooled to room temperature before exerting mechanical force.

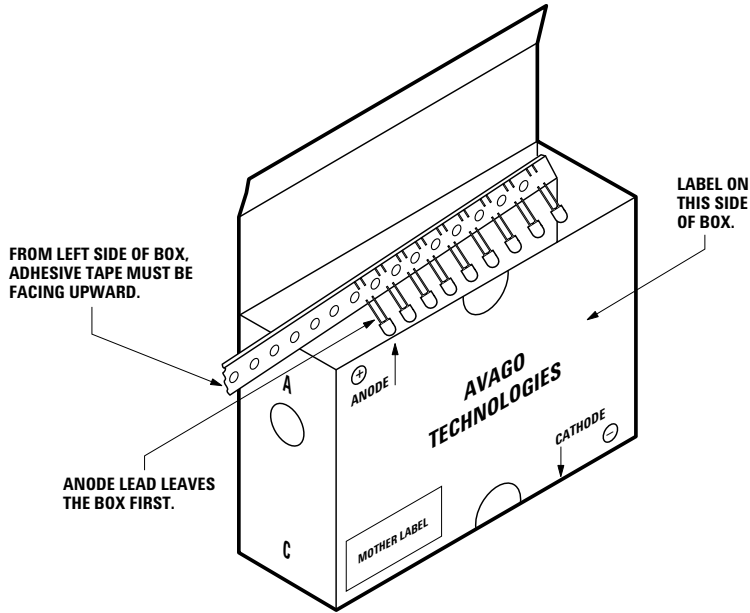
### Ammo Packs Drawing



ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

Note: The ammopacks drawing is applicable to option -DD & -ZZ and regardless of standoff or non standoff.

## Packaging Box Ammo Packs













Note: For InGaN device, the ammo pack packaging box contains ESD logo.

## Packaging Label

(i) Avago Mother Label: (Available on packaging box of ammo pack and shipping box)

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Avago</b><br>TECHNOLOGIES             |  |
| (1P) Item: <b>Part Number</b>            | STANDARD LABEL LS0002                  |
|  | RoHS Compliant                         |
| (1T) Lot: <b>Lot Number</b>              | e1 max temp 250C                       |
|  | (Q) QTY: <b>Quantity</b>               |
| LPN                                      |  |
|  | CAT: <b>Intensity Bin</b>              |
| (9D) MFG Date: <b>Manufacturing Date</b> |  |
|  | BIN: <b>Refer to below information</b> |
| (P) Customer Item:                       | REV:                                   |
|  |  |
| (V) Vendor ID                            | DeptID:                                |
|  |  |
| Made In: <b>Country of Origin</b>        |  |

(ii) Avago Baby Label (Only available on bulk packaging)

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|  |   | RoHS Compliant<br>e1 max temp 250C  |
| PART #: Part Number   |  |   |
| LOT#: Lot Number  |  |   |
| MFG DATE: Manufacturing Date  |  | QUANTITY: Packing Quantity  |
| C/O: Country of Origin  |   |  |
| Customer P/N:   |  | CAT: Intensity Bin  |
| Supplier Code:  |  |  |
|   |   | BIN: Refer to below information   |
|   |   |  |
|   |   | DATECODE: Date Code   |
|   |   |  |

**Acronyms and Definition:**

BIN:

(i) Color bin only or VF bin only

(Applicable for part number with color bins but without VF bin OR part number with VF bins and no color bin)

OR

(ii) Color bin incorporated with VF Bin

(Applicable for part number that have both color bin and VF bin)

**Example:**

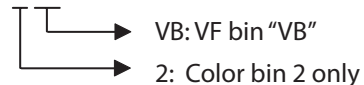
(i) Color bin only or VF bin only

BIN: 2 (represent color bin 2 only)

BIN: VB (represent VF bin "VB" only)

(ii) Color bin incorporate with VF Bin

BIN: 2VB



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