imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

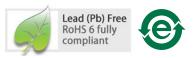
Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



HLMP-Ex1A/1B-xxxDV (15° minimum), HLMP-Ex3A/3B-xxxDV (30° minimum)

5mm Extra High Brightness AllnGaP LED lamps

Data Sheet



Description

These 5mm Extra High Brightness AlInGaP LEDs provide superior light output for excellent readability in sunlight and are extremely reliable. AlInGaP LED technology provides extremely stable light output over long periods of time. These Extra High Brightness lamps utilize the aluminum indium gallium phosphide (AlInGaP) technology.

These LED lamps are untinted. T-1¾ packages incorporating second generation optics producing well defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angles.

These lamps are made with an advanced optical grade epoxy offering superior high temperature and high moisture resistance performance in outdoor signal and sign application. The maximum LED junction temperature limit of +130°C enables high temperature operation in bright sunlight conditions. The epoxy contain both uv-a and uv-b inhibitor to reduce the effects of long term exposure to direct sunlight.

Benefits

- Superior performance for outdoor environment
- Suitable for auto-insertion onto PC board

Features

- Viewing Angle: 15° minimum 30° minimum
- High luminous Intensity
- Color
 - 590nm Amber
 - 626nm Red
- Package options:
 With or without standoff
- Superior resistance to moisture
- Untinted for 15° and 30° lamps

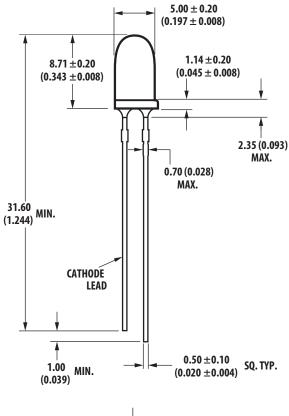
Applications

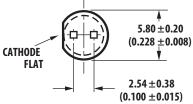
- Traffic management:
 - Traffic signals
 - Pedestrian signals
 - Work zone warning lights
 - Variable message signs
- Solar Power signs
- Commercial outdoor advertising
 - Signs
 - Marquees



Package Dimension

A: Non-standoff

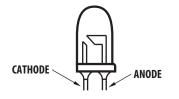




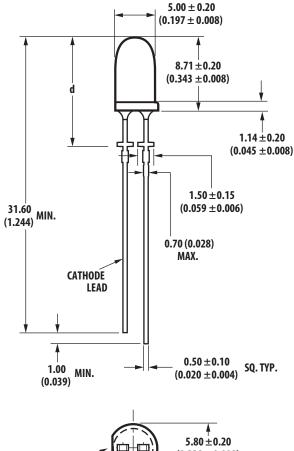
Viewing Angle	d
HLMP-Ex1B	12.39±0.25 (0.476±0.010)
HLMP-Ex3B	11.96±0.25 (0.459±0.010)

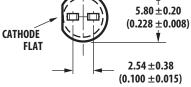
Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches)
- 2. Leads are mild steel with tin plating.
- 3. The epoxy meniscus is 1.21mm max
- 4. For Identification of polarity after the leads are trimmed off, please refer to the illustration below:



B: Standoff





Device Selection Guide

Minimum viewing Angle	Color and Dominant Wavelength (nm),	Lamps without Standoff on leads	Lamps with Standoff on leads	Luminous Intensity lv (mcd) ^[1,2,5] at 20 mA	
2⊖ _{1/2} (Deg) ^[4]	Typ [3]	(Package drawing A)	(Package drawing B)	Min	Мах
15°	Amber 590	HLMP-EL1A-Z1KDV	HLMP-EL1B-Z1KDV	12000	21000
		HLMP-EL1A-Z1LDV	HLMP-EL1B-Z1LDV	12000	21000
	Red 626	HLMP-EG1A-Z10DV	HLMP-EG1B-Z10DV	12000	21000
30°	Amber 590	HLMP-EL3A-WXKDV	HLMP-EL3B-WXKDV	5500	9300
		HLMP-EL3A-WXLDV	HLMP-EL3B-WXLDV	5500	9300
	Red 626	HLMP-EG3A-WX0DV	HLMP-EG3B-WX0DV	5500	9300

Notes:

1. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package.

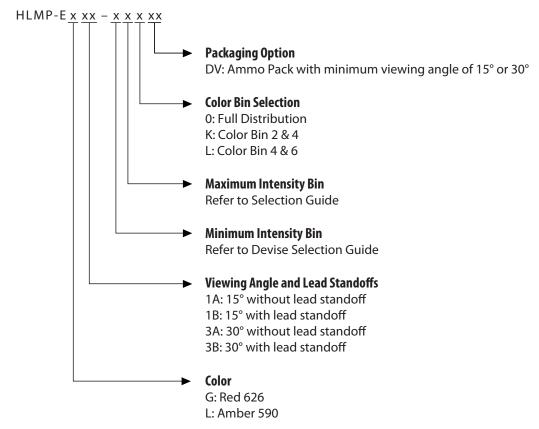
2. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.

3. Dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.

4. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis intensity.

5. Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Part Numbering System



Note: Please refer to AB 5337 for complete information on part numbering system.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

TJ = 25°C

Parameter	Red/ Amber	Unit
DC Forward Current ^[2]	50	mA
Peak Forward Current	100 [1]	mA
Average Forward Current	30	mA
Power Dissipation	120	mW
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100	°C

Notes:

1. Duty Factor 30%, frequency 1KHz.

2. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4

Electrical / Optical Characteristics

TJ = 25°C = رT

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Мах	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage						
Red / Amber	V _F	1.8	2.1	2.4	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5			V	$I_R = 100 \ \mu A$
Dominant Wavelength ^[1]	λ_d				nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Amber		587.0	590.0	594.5		
Red		618.0	626.0	630.0		
Peak Wavelength	λρεακ				nm	Peak of Wavelength of Spectral
Amber			594			Distribution at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Red			634			
Spectral Halfwidth	$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$				nm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Amber			13			
Red			14			
Thermal resistance	$R\Phi_{J-PIN}$		240		°C/W	LED junction to anode lead
Luminous Efficacy ^[2]	η _v				lm/W	Emitted Luminous Flux/Emitted
Amber			500			Radiant Flux
Red			200			
Luminous Flux	Φ_{V}				mlm	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Amber			2000			
Red			1900			
Luminous Efficiency ^[3]	η _e				lm/W	Emitted Luminous Flux/Electrical
Amber			50			Power
Red			55			
Thermal coefficient of λ_d					nm/°C	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$; +25°C $\leq T_J \leq +100$ °C
Amber			0.08			
Red			0.05			

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram referenced to Illuminant E. Tolerance for each color of dominant wavelength is +/- 0.5nm.

2. The radiant intensity, le in watts per steradian, maybe found from the equation $I_e = I_v / \eta_V$ where lv is the luminous intensity in candela and η_V is the luminous efficacy in lumens/ watt.

3. $\eta_e = \Phi_v / I_F x V_F$ where Φ_v is the emitted luminous flux, I_F is electrical forward current and V_F is the forward voltage.

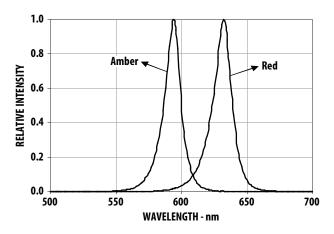


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs Peak Wavelength

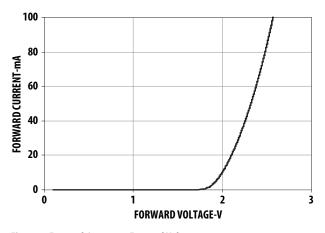


Figure 2. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

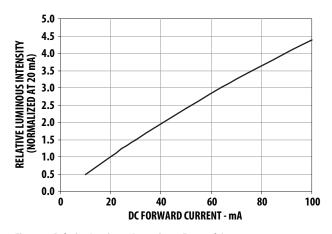


Figure 3. Relative Luminous Intensity vs Forward Current

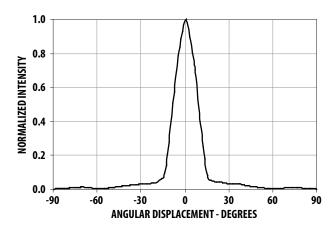


Figure 5. Radiation Pattern for 15° (minimum 15°)

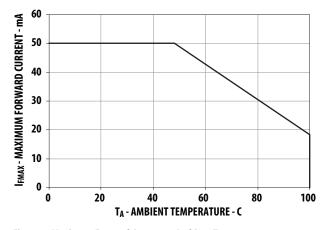


Figure 4. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature

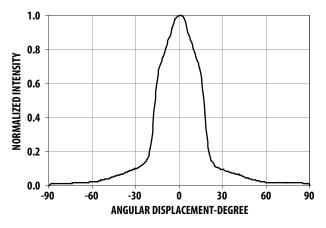


Figure 6. Radiation Pattern for 30° (minimum 30°)

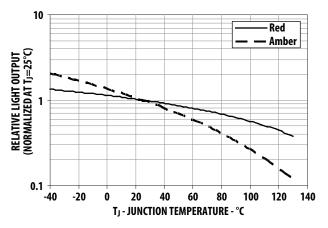


Figure 7. Relative Light Output vs Junction Temperature

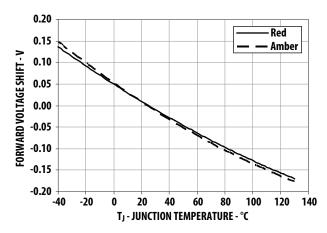


Figure 8. Relative Forward Voltage vs Junction Temperature

Intensity Bin Limit Table (1.3:1 lv bin ratio)

Intensity (mcd) at 20mA		
Min	Мах	
5500	7200	
7200	9300	
9300	12000	
12000	16000	
16000	21000	
	Min 5500 7200 9300 12000	Min Max 5500 7200 7200 9300 9300 12000 12000 16000

Red Color Range

Min Dom	Max Dom	X min	Y Min	X max	Y max
618.0	630.0	0.6872	0.3126	0.6890	0.2943
		0.6690	0.3149	0.7080	0.2920

Tolerance for each bin limit is ± 0.5nm

Bin Min Dom Max Dom Xmin

Amber Color Range

V_F Bin Table (V at 20mA)

Bin ID	Min	Max
VD	1.8	2.0
VA	2.0	2.2
VB	2.2	2.4

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.05V$

0.4420 0.5670 0.4250 587.0 589.5 0.5570 0.4400 0.5720 0.4270 0.5530 589.5 592.0 0.5720 0.4270 0.5820 0.4110 4 0.5670 0.4250 0.5870 0.4130 592.0 0.5870 0.4130 0.5950 0.3980 6 594.5 0.5820 0.4110 0.6000 0.3990

Ymin

Xmax

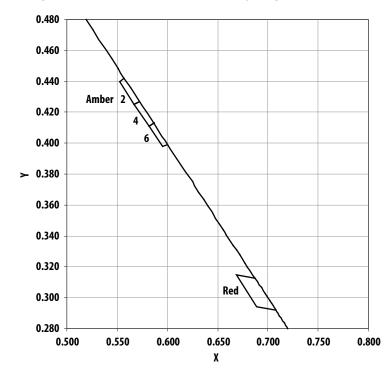
Ymax

Tolerance for each bin limit is ± 0.5 nm

Note:

2

All bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact Avago representative for further information.



Avago Color Bin on CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

Precautions:

Lead Forming:

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering on PC board.
- For better control, it is recommended to use proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground which prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. This is highly recommended for hand solder operation, as the excess lead length also acts as small heat sink.

Soldering and Handling:

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- LED component may be effectively hand soldered to PCB. However, it is only recommended under unavoidable circumstances such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59mm. Soldering the LED using soldering iron tip closer than 1.59mm might damage the LED.



- ESD precaution must be properly applied on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component that is ESD sensitive. Do refer to Avago application note AN 1142 for details. The soldering iron used should have grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded.
- Recommended soldering condition:

	Wave Soldering ^[1, 2]	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat temperature	105°C Max.	-
Preheat time	60 sec Max	-
Peak temperature	260°C Max.	260°C Max.
Dwell time	5 sec Max.	5 sec Max

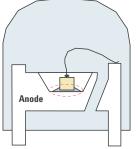
Note:

- 1. Above conditions refers to measurement with thermocouple mounted at the bottom of PCB.
- 2. It is recommended to use only bottom preheaters in order to reduce thermal stress experienced by LED.
- Wave soldering parameters must be set and maintained according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. Customer is advised to perform daily check on the soldering profile to ensure that it is always conforming to recommended soldering conditions.

Note:

- PCB with different size and design (component density) will have different heat mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if same wave soldering setting is used. So, it is recommended to re-calibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB.
- 2. Avago Technologies' high brightness LED are using high efficiency LED die with single wire bond as shown below. Customer is advised to take extra precaution during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature does not exceed 260°C and the solder contact time does not exceeding 5sec. Over-stressing the LED during soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.

Avago Technologies LED Configuration



Note: Electrical connection between bottom surface of LED die and the lead frame is achieved through conductive paste.

 Any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering should be loosely fitted and should not apply weight or force on LED. Non metal material is recommended as it will absorb less heat during wave soldering process.

Note: In order to further assist customer in designing jig accurately that fit Avago Technologies' product, 3D model of the product is available upon request.

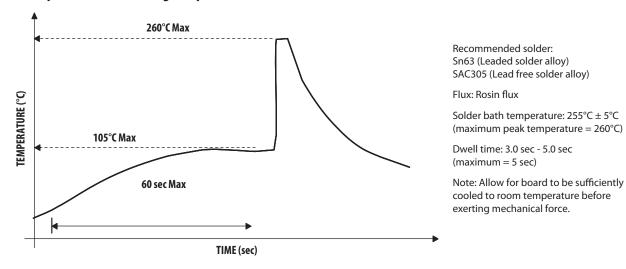
- At elevated temperature, LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, PCB must allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of alignment fixture or pallet.
- If PCB board contains both through hole (TH) LED and other surface mount components, it is recommended that surface mount components be soldered on the top side of the PCB. If surface mount need to be on the bottom side, these components should be soldered using reflow soldering prior to insertion the TH LED.
- Recommended PC board plated through holes (PTH) size for LED component leads.

LED component		Plated through
lead size	Diagonal	hole diameter
0.45 x 0.45 mm	0.636 mm	0.98 to 1.08 mm
(0.018x 0.018 inch)	(0.025 inch)	(0.039 to 0.043 inch)
0.50 x 0.50 mm	0.707 mm	1.05 to 1.15 mm
(0.020x 0.020 inch)	(0.028 inch)	(0.041 to 0.045 inch)

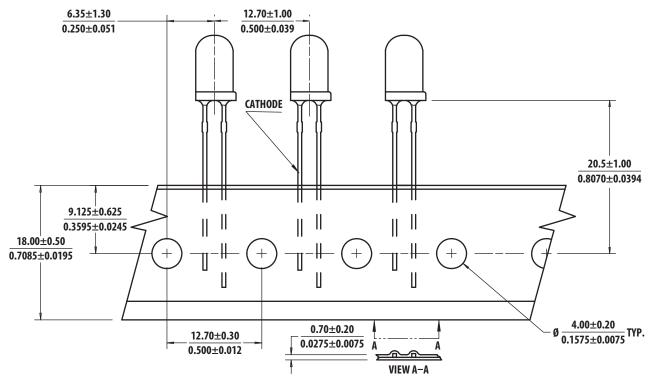
• Over-sizing the PTH can lead to twisted LED after clinching. On the other hand under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty inserting the TH LED.

Refer to application note AN5334 for more information about soldering and handling of high brightness TH LED lamps.

Example of Wave Soldering Temperature Profile for TH LED

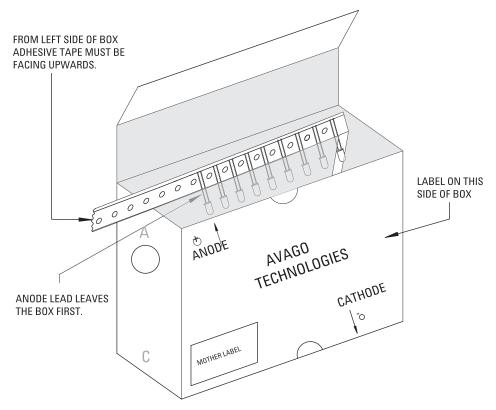


Ammo Packs Drawing



Note: The ammo-packs drawing is applicable for packaging option -DD & -ZZ and regardless standoff or non-standoff

Packaging Box for Ammo Packs



Note: The dimension for ammo pack is applicable for the device with standoff and without standoff.

Packaging Label:

(i) Avago Mother Label: (Available on packaging box of ammo pack and shipping box)

(1P) Item: Part Number	STANDARD LABEL LS0002 RoHS Compliant e3 max temp 260C
(1T) Lot: Lot Number	(Q) QTY: <mark>Quantity</mark>
LPN: 	CAT: Intensity Bin
(9D)MFG Date: Manufacturing Date	BIN: Refer to below information
(P) Customer ltem:	
(V) Vendor ID : 	(9D) Date Code: Date Code
DeptlD:	Made In: Country of Origin

(ii) Avago Baby Label (Only available on bulk packaging)

AVAGO TECHNOLOGIES Lamps Baby Label	RoHS Compliant e3 max temp 260C
(1P) PART #: Part Number	
(1T) LOT #: Lot Number	
(9D)MFG DATE: Manufacturing Date	QUANTITY: Packing Quantity
C/O: Country of Origin	
Customer P/N:	CAT: Intensity Bin
Supplier Code:	BIN: Refer to below information
	DATECODE: Date Code

Acronyms and Definition:

BIN:

(i) Color bin only or VF bin only

(Applicable for part number with color bins but without VF bin OR part number with VF bins and no color bin)

OR

(ii) Color bin incorporated with VF Bin

(Applicable for part number that have both color bin and VF bin)

Example:

(i) Color bin only or VF bin only

BIN: 2 (represent color bin 2 only)

BIN: VB (represent VF bin "VB" only)

(ii) Color bin incorporate with VF Bin



DISCLAIMER: AVAGO'S PRODUCTS AND SOFTWARE ARE NOT SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED, MANUFACTURED OR AUTHORIZED FOR SALE AS PARTS, COMPONENTS OR ASSEMBLIES FOR THE PLANNING, CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE OR DIRECT OPERATION OF A NUCLEAR FACILITY OR FOR USE IN MEDICAL DEVICES OR APPLICATIONS. CUSTOMER IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE, AND WAIVES ALL RIGHTS TO MAKE CLAIMS AGAINST AVAGO OR ITS SUPPLIERS, FOR ALL LOSS, DAMAGE, EXPENSE OR LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH USE.

For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our web site: www.avagotech.com

Avago, Avago Technologies, and the A logo are trademarks of Avago Technologies in the United States and other countries. Data subject to change. Copyright © 2005-2010 Avago Technologies. All rights reserved. AV02-2459EN - April 20, 2010

