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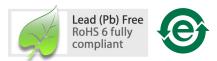
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HLMP-EGxx, HLMP-ELxx T-1¾ (5 mm) High Brightness AllnGaP Red and Amber LEDs



Data Sheet



Description

These Precision Optical Performance AllnGaP LEDs provide superior light output for excellent readability in sunlight and are extremely reliable. AllnGaP LED technology provides extremely stable light output over long periods of time. Precision Optical Performance lamps utilize the aluminum indium gallium phosphide (AllnGaP) technology.

These LED lamps are untinted. T-1¾ packages incorporating second generation optics producing well defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angles.

These lamps are made with an advanced optical grade epoxy offering superior high temperature and high moisture resistance performance in outdoor signal and sign application. The maximum LED junction temperature limit of +130° C enables high temperature operation in bright sunlight conditions. The epoxy contains uv inhibitor to reduce the effects of long term exposure to direct sunlight.

Benefits

- Superior performance for outdoor environment
- Suitable for auto-insertion onto PC board

Features

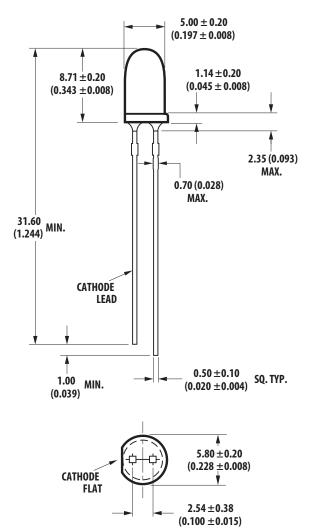
- Viewing angle: 15°, 23° and 30°
- Well defined spatial radiation pattern
- High brightness material
- Available in Red and Amber
 - Red AllnGaP 626 nm
 - Amber AllnGaP 590 nm
- Superior resistance to moisture
- Standoff and non-standoff Package

Applications

- Traffic management:
 - Traffic signals
 - Pedestrian signals
 - Work zone warning lights
 - Variable message signs
- Solar Power signs
- Commercial outdoor advertising
 - Signs
 - Marquee

Package Dimension

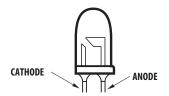
A: Non-standoff



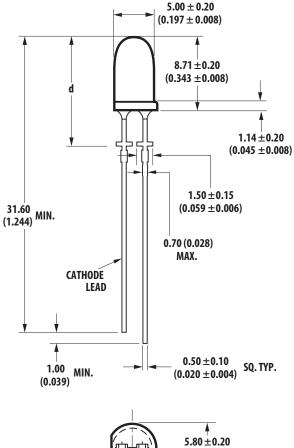
Dimension 'd'
12.30 ± 0.25 mm
12.64 ± 0.25mm
12.10 ± 0.25 mm
12.14 ± 0.25 mm
12.10 ± 0.25mm

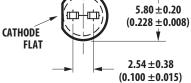
Notes:

- 1. All dimensions in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.20 mm unless other specified.
- 3. Leads are mild steel with tin plating.
- 4. The epoxy meniscus is 1.21 mm max.
- 5. For identification of polarity after the leads are trimmed off, please refer to the illustration below:



B: Standoff





Device Selection Guide

Color and Dominant Wavelength $\lambda_{ m d}$ (nm)				Typical Viewing
Тур [3]	Min	Мах	Standoff	angle (°) ^[4]
Red 626	9300	21000	No	15
Red 626	9300	21000	Yes	
Amber 590	9300	21000	No	
Amber 590	9300	21000	Yes	
Red 626	7200	16000	No	23
Red 626	7200	16000	Yes	
Amber 590	5500	12000	No	
Amber 590	5500	12000	Yes	
Red 626	4200	9300	No	30
Red 626	4200	9300	Yes	
Amber 590	4200	9300	No	
Amber 590	4200	9300	Yes	
	Wavelength λ _d (nm) Typ [3] Red 626 Red 626 Amber 590 Amber 590 Red 626 Amber 590 Red 626 Amber 590 Amber 590 Amber 590 Red 626 Red 626 Amber 590 Red 626 Red 590	Wavelength λ _d (nm) 20 mA ^[1,2,5] Typ ^[3] Min Red 626 9300 Red 626 9300 Amber 590 9300 Amber 590 9300 Red 626 7200 Amber 590 5500 Amber 590 5500 Red 626 4200 Red 626 4200 Red 626 4200	20 mA [1,2,5]Wavelength λ_d (nm)20 mA [1,2,5]Typ [3]MinMaxRed 626930021000Red 626930021000Amber 590930021000Amber 590930021000Red 626720016000Red 626720016000Amber 590550012000Amber 590550012000Amber 59055009300Red 62642009300Red 62642009300Red 62642009300	ConstantWavelength λ_d (nm)20 mA [1,2,5]Typ [3]MinMaxStandoffRed 626930021000NoRed 626930021000YesAmber 590930021000NoAmber 590930021000NoRed 626720016000NoRed 626720016000NoRed 626720012000NoAmber 590550012000NoRed 62642009300YesAmber 590550012000NoAmber 590550012000NoAmber 590550012000NoRed 62642009300NoRed 62642009300NoRed 62642009300No

Notes:

1. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package and it is tested with pulsing condition.

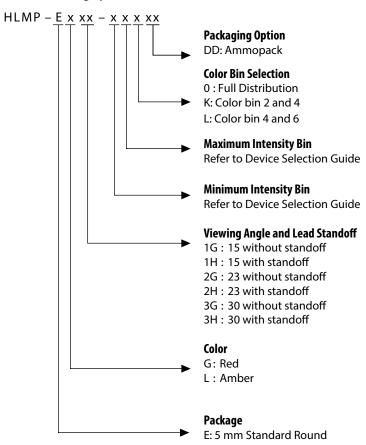
2. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.

3. Dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.

4. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis intensity.

5. Tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 15%

Part Numbering System



Note: Refer to AB 5337 for complete information on the part numbering system.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

T = 25° C و T	
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Parameter	Red/ Amber	Unit
DC Forward Current ^[1]	50	mA
Peak Forward Current	100 [2]	mA
Power Dissipation	120	mW
LED Junction Temperature	130	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100	°C

Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4.

2. Duty Factor 30%, frequency 1 kHz.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics

TJ = 25° C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage Red & Amber	V _F	1.8	2.1	2.4	V	I _F = 20 mA
Reverse Voltage ^[3] Red & Amber	VR	5			V	$I_R = 100 \ \mu A$
Dominant Wavelength ^[1] Red Amber	λ_d	618.0 584.5	626.0 590.0	630.0 594.5	nm	I _F = 20 mA
Peak Wavelength Red Amber	λρεακ		634 594		nm	Peak of Wavelength of Spec- tral Distribution at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Thermal resistance	R0 _{J-PIN}		240		°C/W	LED junction to pin
Luminous Efficacy ^[2] Red Amber	η_{v}		190 490		lm/W	Emitted Luminous Power/ Emitted Radiant Power
Thermal coefficient of λd Red Amber			0.05 0.09		nm/°C	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA};$ +25° C \leq T _J \leq +100° C

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength is derived from the Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.

2. The radiant intensity, I_e in watts per steradian, maybe found from the equation $I_e = I_V / \eta_V$ where I_v is the luminous intensity in candela and η_V is the luminous efficacy in lumens/ watt.

3. Indicates product final testing condition, long term reverse bias is not recommended.

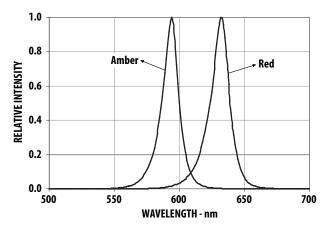


Figure 1. Relative Intensity vs Wavelength

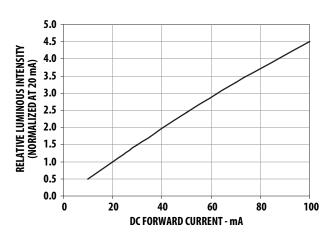


Figure 3. Relative Intensity vs Forward Current

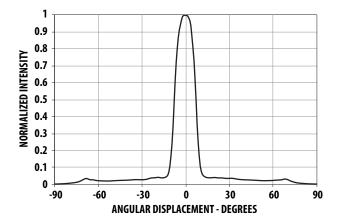


Figure 5. Representative Radiation pattern for 15° Viewing Angle Lamp

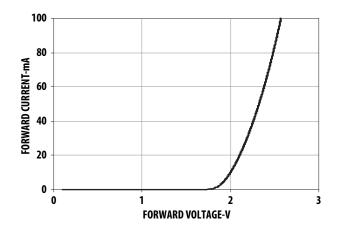


Figure 2. Forward Current vs Forward Voltage

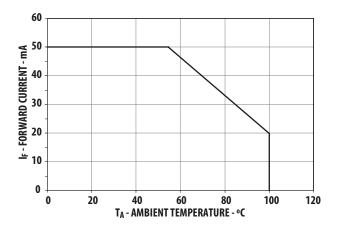


Figure 4. Maximum Forward Current vs Ambient Temperature

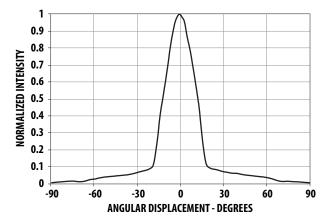


Figure 6. Representative Radiation pattern for 23° Viewing Angle Lamp

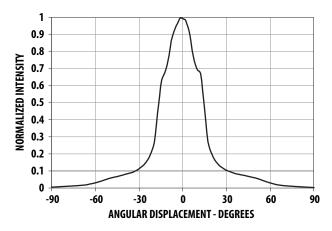


Figure 7. Representative Radiation pattern for 30° Viewing Angle Lamp

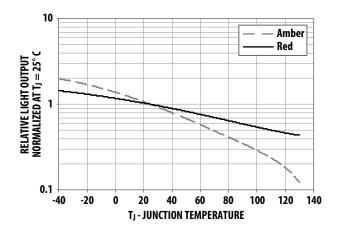


Figure 8. Relative Light Output vs Junction Temperature

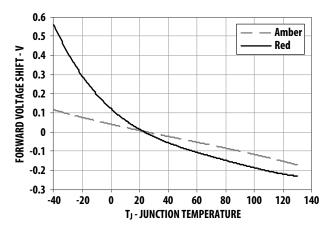


Figure 9. Forward Voltage Shift vs Junction Temperature

Intensity Bin Limit Table (1.3 : 1 lv Bin Ratio)

	Intensity (mcd) at 20 mA
Bin	Min	Max
U	3200	4200
V	4200	5500
W	5500	7200
Х	7200	9300
Y	9300	12000
Z	12000	16000
1	16000	21000

Red Color Range

Min Dom	Max Dom	X min	Y Min	X max	Ymax
618.0	630.0			0.6890	
		0.6690	0.3149	0.7080	0.2920

Xmin

0.5420

0.5370

0.5570

0.5530

0.5720

0.5670

0.5870

Ymin

0.4580

0.4550

0.4420

0.4400

0.4270

0.4250

0.4130

0.4110

Xmax

0.5530

0.5570

0.5670

0.5720

0.5820

0.5870

0.5950

0.6000

Ymax

0.4400

0.4420

0.4250

0.4270

0.4110

0.4130

0.3980

0.3990

Tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 0.5 nm

Мах

Dom

587.0

589.5

592.0

594.5

Amber Color Range

Bin

1

2

4

6

Min

Dom

584.5

587.0

589.5

592.0

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 0.05 V

V_F Bin Table (V at 20 mA)

Bin ID	Min	Мах	
VD	1.8	2.0	
VA	2.0	2.2	
VB	2.2	2.4	

 $\frac{0.5820}{\text{Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 0.5 nm}}$

Note: All bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact your Avago representative for further information.

0.480 0.460 1 0.440 Amber 2 0.420 0.400 **≻** 0.380 0.360 0.340 0.320 Red 0.300 0.280 0.500 0.550 0.600 0.650 0.700 0.750 0.800 Х

Avago Color Bin on CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

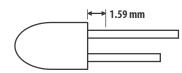
Precautions:

Lead Forming:

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering on PC board.
- For better control, it is recommended to use proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground which prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. This is highly recommended for hand solder operation, as the excess lead length also acts as small heat sink.

Soldering and Handling:

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- LED component may be effectively hand soldered to PCB. However, it is only recommended under unavoidable circumstances such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59mm. Soldering the LED using soldering iron tip closer than 1.59mm might damage the LED.



- ESD precaution must be properly applied on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component that is ESD sensitive. Do refer to Avago application note AN 1142 for details. The soldering iron used should have grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded.
- Recommended soldering condition:

	Wave Soldering [1, 2]	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat temperature	105 °C Max.	-
Preheat time	60 sec Max	-
Peak temperature	260 °C Max.	260 °C Max.
Dwell time	5 sec Max.	5 sec Max

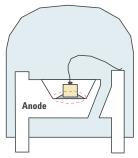
Note:

- 1) Above conditions refers to measurement with thermocouple mounted at the bottom of PCB.
- 2) It is recommended to use only bottom preheaters in order to reduce thermal stress experienced by LED.
- Wave soldering parameters must be set and maintained according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. Customer is advised to perform daily check on the soldering profile to ensure that it is always conforming to recommended soldering conditions.

Note:

- 1. PCB with different size and design (component density) will have different heat mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if same wave soldering setting is used. So, it is recommended to re-calibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB.
- 2. Avago Technologies' high brightness LED are using high efficiency LED die with single wire bond as shown below. Customer is advised to take extra precaution during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature does not exceed 260°C and the solder contact time does not exceeding 5sec. Over-stressing the LED during soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.

Avago Technologies LED Configuration



Note: Electrical connection between bottom surface of LED die and the lead frame is achieved through conductive paste.

 Any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering should be loosely fitted and should not apply weight or force on LED. Non metal material is recommended as it will absorb less heat during wave soldering process.

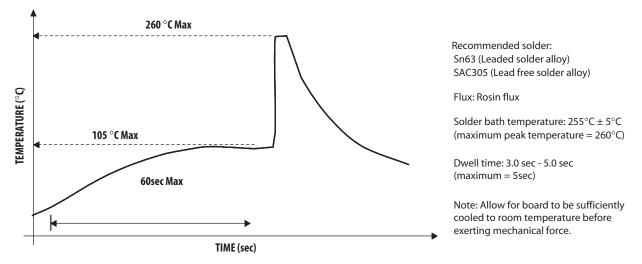
Note: In order to further assist customer in designing jig accurately that fit Avago Technologies' product, 3D model of the product is available upon request.

- At elevated temperature, LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, PCB must allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of alignment fixture or pallet.
- If PCB board contains both through hole (TH) LED and other surface mount components, it is recommended that surface mount components be soldered on the top side of the PCB. If surface mount need to be on the bottom side, these components should be soldered using reflow soldering prior to insertion the TH LED.
- Recommended PC board plated through holes (PTH) size for LED component leads.

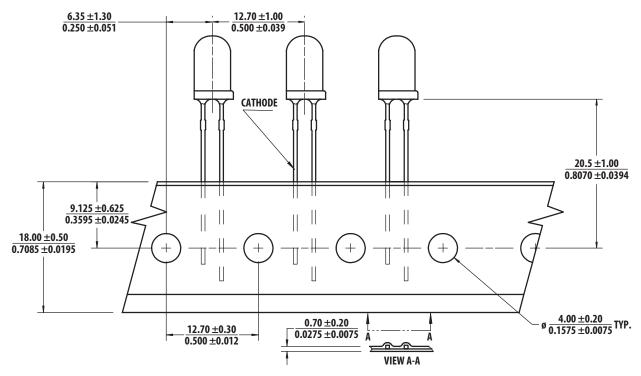
LED component lead size	Diagonal	Plated through hole diameter
0.45 x 0.45 mm	0.636 mm	0.98 to 1.08 mm
(0.018x 0.018 inch)	(0.025 inch)	(0.039 to 0.043 inch)
0.50 x 0.50 mm	0.707 mm	1.05 to 1.15 mm
(0.020x 0.020 inch)	(0.028 inch)	(0.041 to 0.045 inch)

• Over-sizing the PTH can lead to twisted LED after clinching. On the other hand under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty inserting the TH LED.



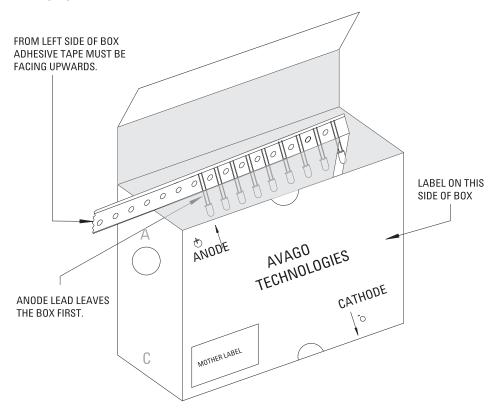


Ammo Packs Drawing



Note: The ammo-packs drawing is applicable for packaging option -DD & -ZZ and regardless standoff or non-standoff

Packaging Box for Ammo Packs



Note: The dimension for ammo pack is applicable for the device with standoff and without standoff.

Packaging Label:

(i) Avago Mother Label: (Available on packaging box of ammo pack and shipping box)

(1P) Item: Part Number 	T E C H N O L O G I E S STANDARD LABEL LS0002 RoHS Compliant e3 max temp 260C (Q) QTY: Quantity IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
LPN:	CAT: Intensity Bin
(9D)MFG Date: Manufacturing Date	BIN: Refer to below information
(P) Customer Item:	
(V) Vendor ID: ┃ 	(9D) Date Code: Date Code
DeptID:	Made In: Country of Origin

(ii) Avago Baby Label (Only available on bulk packaging)

	RoHS Compliant
Lamps Baby Label (1P) PART #: Part Number	e3 max temp 260C
(1T) LOT #: Lot Number	
(9D)MFG DATE: Manufacturing Date	QUANTITY: Packing Quantity
C/O: Country of Origin	
Customer P/N:	CAT: Intensity Bin
Supplier Code:	BIN: Refer to below information
	DATECODE: Date Code

Acronyms and Definition:

BIN:

(i) Color bin only or VF bin only

(Applicable for part number with color bins but without VF bin OR part number with VF bins and no color bin)

OR

(ii) Color bin incorporated with VF Bin

(Applicable for part number that have both color bin and VF bin)

Example:

(i) Color bin only or VF bin only BIN: 2 (represent color bin 2 only) BIN: VB (represent VF bin "VB" only)
(ii) Color bin incorporate with VF Bin BIN: 2 VB
VB: VF bin "VB"
2: Color bin 2 only

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