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### **Current Transducer HO-NP series**

 $I_{\rm DN}$  = 40, 60, 120, 150 A

# Ref: HO 40-NP, HO 60-NP, HO 120-NP, HO 150-NP

For the electronic measurement of current: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary and the secondary circuit.











### **Features**

- Open loop multi-range current transducer
- Voltage output
- Single power supply +5 V
- Overcurrent detect 2.93 × I<sub>PN</sub> (peak value)
- EEPROM Control
- Galvanic separation between primary and secondary circuit
- Low power consumption
- Compact design for THT PCB mounting
- Factory calibrated
- · Dedicated parameter settings available on request (see page 10).

#### **Advantages**

- · Low offset drift
- Over-drivable  $V_{ref}$
- 8 mm creepage /clearance
- Fast response.

## **Applications**

- AC variable speed and servo motor drives
- · Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications
- Combiner box
- Solar inverter on DC side of the inverter (MPPT).

#### **Standards**

- IEC 61800-1: 1997
- IEC 61800-2: 2015
- IEC 61800-3: 2004
- IEC 61800-5-1: 2007
- IEC 62109-1: 2010
- UL 508: 2013.

#### **Application Domain**

Industrial.



### **Absolute maximum ratings**

| Parameter  | Symbol             | Unit | Value |
|--|--------------------|------|-------|
| Supply voltage (not destructive)                 | $U_{C}$            | V    | 8     |
| Supply voltage (not entering non standard modes) | $U_{c}$            | V    | 6.5   |
| Primary conductor temperature                    | $T_{B}$            | °C   | 120   |
| Electrostatic discharge voltage                  | $U_{\mathrm{ESD}}$ | kV   | 2     |

Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may degrade reliability.

### **UL 508: Ratings and assumptions of certification**

File # E189713 Volume: 2 Section: 5

#### **Standards**

- CSA C22.2 NO. 14-10 INDUSTRIAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT Edition 12
- UL 508 STANDARD FOR INDUSTRIAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT Edition 17

#### **Ratings**

| Parameter                       | Symbol       | Unit    | Value                               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| Primary involved potential      |              | V AC/DC | 600                                 |
| Max surrounding air temperature | $T_{A}$      | °C      | 105                                 |
| Primary current                 | $I_{p}$      | А       | According to series primary current |
| Secondary supply voltage        | $U_{C}$      | V DC    | 5                                   |
| Output voltage                  | $V_{ m out}$ | V       | 0 to 5                              |

#### **Conditions of acceptability**

- 1 These devices have been evaluated for overvoltage category III and for use in pollution degree 2 environment.
- 2 A suitable enclosure shall be provided in the end-use application.
- 3 The terminals have not been evaluated for field wiring.
- 4 These devices are intended to be mounted on a printed wiring board of end use equipment. The suitability of the connections (including spacings) shall be determined in the end-use application.
- 5 Primary terminals shall not be straightened since assembly of housing case depends upon bending of the terminals.
- 6 Any surface of polymeric housing have not been evaluated as insulating barrier.
- 7 Low voltage control circuit shall be supplied by an isolating source (such as a transformer, optical isolator, limiting impedance or electro-mechanical relay).

### Marking

Only those products bearing the UR Mark should be considered to be Listed or Recognized and covered under UL's Follow-Up Service. Always look for the Mark on the product.



### **Insulation coordination**

| Parameter   | Symbol           | Unit | Value               | Comment   |
|---|------------------|------|---------------------|---|
| RMS voltage for AC insulation test 50/60 Hz/1 min     | $U_{d}$          | kV   | 4.3                 |   |
| Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μs                   | $\hat{U}_{w}$    | kV   | 8                   |   |
| Partial discharge test voltage ( $q_{\rm m}$ < 10 pC) | $U_{\mathrm{t}}$ | V    | 1500                | Primary / Secondary   |
| Clearance (pri sec.)                                  | $d_{\text{CI}}$  | mm   | > 8                 | Shortest distance through air                                       |
| Creepage distance (pri sec.)                          | $d_{Cp}$         | mm   | > 8                 | Shortest path along device body                                     |
| Clearance (pri sec.)                                  |                  | mm   | > 8                 | When mounted on PCB with recommended layout                         |
| Case material   |                  |      |                     | V0 according to UL 94   |
| Comparative tracking index                            | CTI              |      | 600                 |   |
| Application example                                   |                  | V    | 600<br>CAT III PD2  | Reinforced insulation, non uniform field according to IEC 61800-5-1 |
| Application example                                   |                  | V    | 1000<br>CAT III PD2 | Basic insulation non uniform field according to IEC 61800-5-1       |
| Application example                                   |                  | V    | 600<br>CAT III PD2  | Simple insulation, non uniform field according to UL 508            |

# **Environmental and mechanical characteristics**

| Parameter                     | Symbol           | Unit | Min | Тур | Max | Comment |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Ambient operating temperature | $T_{A}$          | °C   | -40 |     | 105 |         |
| Ambient storage temperature   | $T_{\mathtt{S}}$ | °C   | -40 |     | 105 |         |
| Mass                          | m                | g    |     | 31  |     |         |



### Electrical data HO 40-NP-0100

At  $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $U_{\rm C}$  = +5 V,  $R_{\rm L}$  = 10 k $\Omega$  unless otherwise noted (see Min, Max, typ. definition paragraph in page 11).

| Parameter   | Symbol                              | Unit                                 | Min                    | Тур                    | Max                    | Comment  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Primary nominal RMS current   | $I_{PN}$                            | Α                                    |                        | 40                     |                        |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                                    | $I_{PM}$                            | Α                                    | -100                   |                        | 100                    | @ U <sub>C</sub> ≥ 4.6 V   |
| Number of primary turns   | $N_{P}$                             |                                      |                        | 1,2,4                  |                        | See application information  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +25 °C                                  | $R_{P}$                             | mΩ                                   |                        | 0.09                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +120 °C                                 | $R_{P}$                             | mΩ                                   |                        | 0.12                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Supply voltage 1)   | $U_{C}$                             | V                                    | 4.5                    | 5                      | 5.5                    |  |
| Current consumption   | $I_{\mathtt{C}}$                    | mA                                   |                        | 19                     | 25                     |  |
| Reference voltage (output)  | $V_{ m ref}$                        | V                                    | 2.48                   | 2.5                    | 2.52                   | Internal reference   |
| Reference voltage (input)   | $V_{ref}$                           | V                                    | 0.5                    |                        | 2.65                   | External reference   |
| Output voltage range @ $I_{\rm PM}$                                 | V <sub>out</sub> - V <sub>ref</sub> | V                                    | -2                     |                        | 2                      | Over operating temperature range                                   |
| $V_{\mathrm{ref}}$ output resistance                                | $R_{\text{ref}}$                    | Ω                                    | 130                    | 200                    | 300                    | Series   |
| $V_{ m out}$ output resistance                                      | $R_{\rm out}$                       | Ω                                    |                        | 2                      | 5                      | Series   |
| Allowed capacitive load   | $C_{L}$                             | nF                                   | 0                      |                        | 6                      |  |
| Overcurrent detection output on resistance                          | $R_{on}$                            | Ω                                    | 70                     | 95                     | 150                    | Open drain, active low Over operating temperature range            |
| Overcurrent detection hold  | $t_{ m hold}$                       | ms                                   | 0.7                    | 1                      | 1.4                    | Additional time after threshold has released                       |
| EEPROM control  | $V_{ m out}$                        | mV                                   | 0                      |                        | 50                     | $V_{\rm out}$ forced to GND when EEPROM in an error state $^2$     |
| Electrical offset voltage @ $I_P = 0$ A                             | VoE                                 | mV                                   | -5                     |                        | 5                      | $V_{\text{out}} - V_{\text{ref}} @ V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ |
| Electrical offset current<br>Referred to primary                    | I <sub>OE</sub>                     | Α                                    | -0.25                  |                        | 0.25                   |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\text{ref}}$                         | $TCV_{ref}$                         | ppm/K                                | -170                   |                        | 170                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\text{OE}}$                          | $TCV_{OE}$                          | mV/K                                 | -0.075                 |                        | 0.075                  | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Offset drift referred to primary @ $I_p = 0 \text{ A}$              | TCI <sub>OE</sub>                   | mA/K                                 | -3.75                  |                        | 3.75                   | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Theoretical sensitivity   | $G_{th}$                            | mV/A                                 |                        | 20                     |                        | 800 mV @ I <sub>PN</sub>   |
| Sensitivity error @ $I_{\rm PN}$                                    | $arepsilon_{G}$                     | %                                    | -0.75                  |                        | 0.75                   | Factory adjustment, 1 turn configuration, 4 jumpers in parallel    |
| Temperature coefficient of G  | TCG                                 | ppm/K                                | -200                   |                        | 200                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Linearity error 0 $I_{PN}$  | $\varepsilon_{L}$                   | % of $I_{PN}$                        | -0.75                  |                        | 0.75                   |  |
| Linearity error 0 I <sub>PM</sub>                                   | $arepsilon_{L}$                     | % of $I_{\rm PM}$                    | -0.5                   |                        | 0.5                    |  |
| Magnetic offset current (@ $10 \times I_{PN}$ ) referred to primary | $I_{OM}$                            | A                                    | -0.8                   |                        | 0.8                    | One turn   |
| Reaction time @ 10 % of $I_{PN}$                                    | $t_{\rm ra}$                        | μs                                   |                        |                        | 2                      | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Response time @ 90 % of $I_{PN}$                                    | t <sub>r</sub>                      | μs                                   |                        |                        | 2.5                    | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)   | BW                                  | kHz                                  |                        | 350                    |                        | <u> </u>   |
| Output RMS noise voltage spectral density (100 Hz 100 kHz)          | $e_{no}$                            | μV/√ <del>Hz</del>                   |                        |                        | 16                     |  |
| Output noise voltage<br>(DC 10 kHz)<br>(DC 100 kHz)<br>(DC 1 MHz)   | $V_{no}$                            | mVpp                                 |                        | 8<br>25<br>46.2        |                        |  |
| Primary current, detection threshold                                | $I_{\mathrm{PTh}}$                  | А                                    | 2.64 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 2.93 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 3.22 × I <sub>PN</sub> | Peak value ±10 %, overcurrent detection OCD                        |
| Accuracy @ I <sub>PN</sub>  | X                                   | % of $I_{\scriptscriptstyle \sf PN}$ | -1.5                   |                        | 1.5                    |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A$ = +105 °C                               | X                                   | % of $I_{\scriptscriptstyle \sf PN}$ | -3.85                  |                        | 3.85                   | See formula note 3)  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_{A}$ = +85 °C                              | X                                   | % of $I_{_{\rm PN}}$                 | -3.26                  |                        | 3.26                   | See formula note 3)  |

Notes: 1) 3.3 V SP version available
2) EEPROM in an error state makes the transducer behave like a reverse current saturation. Use of the OCD may help to

differentiate the two cases. 3) Accuracy @  $T_A$  (% of  $I_{PN}$ ) = X + ( $\frac{TCG}{10000} \times (T_A - 25) + <math>\frac{TCI_{OE}}{1000 \times I_{PN}} \times 100 \times (T_A - 25)$ ).



### Electrical data HO 60-NP-0100

At  $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $U_{\rm C}$  = +5 V,  $R_{\rm L}$  = 10 k $\Omega$  unless otherwise noted (see Min, Max, typ. definition paragraph in page 11).

| Parameter   | Symbol                              | Unit              | Min                    | Тур                    | Max                    | Comment  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Primary nominal RMS current                                       | $I_{\sf PN}$                        | А                 |                        | 60                     |                        |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                                  | $I_{PM}$                            | Α                 | -150                   |                        | 150                    | @ U <sub>C</sub> ≥ 4.6 V   |
| Number of primary turns   | $N_{p}$                             |                   |                        | 1,2,4                  |                        | See application information  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +25 °C                                | $R_{\mathbf{p}}$                    | mΩ                |                        | 0.09                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +120 °C                               | $R_{\mathbf{p}}$                    | mΩ                |                        | 0.12                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Supply voltage 1)   | $U_{c}$                             | V                 | 4.5                    | 5                      | 5.5                    |  |
| Current consumption   | $I_{C}$                             | mA                |                        | 19                     | 25                     |  |
| Reference voltage (output)  | $V_{ref}$                           | V                 | 2.48                   | 2.5                    | 2.52                   | Internal reference   |
| Reference voltage (input)   | $V_{ m ref}$                        | V                 | 0.5                    |                        | 2.65                   | External reference   |
| Output voltage range @ $I_{\rm PM}$                               | V <sub>out</sub> - V <sub>ref</sub> | V                 | -2                     |                        | 2                      | Over operating temperature range                                   |
| $V_{\rm ref}$ output resistance                                   | R <sub>ref</sub>                    | Ω                 | 130                    | 200                    | 300                    | Series   |
| $V_{\text{out}}$ output resistance                                | R <sub>out</sub>                    | Ω                 |                        | 2                      | 5                      | Series   |
| Allowed capacitive load   | C <sub>L</sub>                      | nF                | 0                      |                        | 6                      |  |
| Overcurrent detection output on resistance                        | $R_{on}$                            | Ω                 | 70                     | 95                     | 150                    | Open drain, active low,<br>Over operating temperature range        |
| Overcurrent detection hold  | $t_{ m hold}$                       | ms                | 0.7                    | 1                      | 1.4                    | Additional time after threshold has released                       |
| EEPROM control  | $V_{ m out}$                        | mV                | 0                      |                        | 50                     | $V_{\rm out}$ forced to GND when EEPROM in an error state $^{2)}$  |
| Electrical offset voltage @ $I_p$ = 0 A                           | VoE                                 | mV                | -5                     |                        | 5                      | $V_{\text{out}} - V_{\text{ref}} @ V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ |
| Electrical offset current<br>Referred to primary                  | I <sub>o e</sub>                    | А                 | -0.375                 |                        | 0.375                  |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\text{ref}}$                       | $TCV_{ref}$                         | ppm/K             | -170                   |                        | 170                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\text{OF}}$                        | $TCV_{OE}$                          | mV/K              | -0.075                 |                        | 0.075                  | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Offset drift referred to primary @ $I_p = 0$ A                    | TCI <sub>OE</sub>                   | mA/K              | -5.625                 |                        | 5.625                  | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Theoretical sensitivity   | $G_{th}$                            | mV/A              |                        | 13.333                 |                        | 800 mV @ I <sub>PN</sub>   |
| Sensitivity error @ I <sub>PN</sub>                               | $\varepsilon_{G}$                   | %                 | -0.75                  |                        | 0.75                   | Factory adjustment, 1 turn configuration, 4 jumpers in parallel    |
| Temperature coefficient of G                                      | TCG                                 | ppm/K             | -200                   |                        | 200                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Linearity error 0 $I_{PN}$  | $\varepsilon_{L}$                   | % of $I_{PN}$     | -0.65                  |                        | 0.65                   |  |
| Linearity error 0 $I_{PM}$  | $\varepsilon_{L}$                   | % of $I_{\rm PM}$ | -0.5                   |                        | 0.5                    |  |
| Magnetic offset current (@ 10 × $I_{PN}$ ) referred to primary    | $I_{ m OM}$                         | А                 | -0.8                   |                        | 0.8                    | One turn   |
| Reaction time @ 10 % of $I_{PN}$                                  | $t_{\rm ra}$                        | μs                | ĺ                      |                        | 2                      | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Response time @ 90 % of $I_{PN}$                                  | t <sub>r</sub>                      | μs                |                        |                        | 2.5                    | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)                                       | BW                                  | kHz               | İ                      | 350                    |                        |  |
| Output RMS noise voltage spectral density (100 Hz 100 kHz)        | $e_{no}$                            | μV/√Hz            |                        |                        | 11                     |  |
| Output noise voltage<br>(DC 10 kHz)<br>(DC 100 kHz)<br>(DC 1 MHz) | $V_{no}$                            | mVpp              |                        | 5.7<br>16.5<br>31.1    |                        |  |
| Primary current, detection threshold                              | $I_{\mathrm{PTh}}$                  | А                 | 2.64 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 2.93 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 3.22 × I <sub>PN</sub> | Peak value ±10 %, overcurrent detection OCD                        |
| Accuracy @ I <sub>PN</sub>  | X                                   | % of $I_{PN}$     | -1.4                   |                        | 1.4                    |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A$ = +105 °C                             | X                                   | % of $I_{PN}$     | -3.75                  |                        | 3.75                   | See formula note 3)  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A$ = +85 °C                              | X                                   | % of $I_{PN}$     | -3.16                  |                        | 3.16                   | See formula note 3)  |

Notes: 1) 3.3 V SP version available
2) EEPROM in an error state makes the transducer behave like a reverse current saturation. Use of the OCD may help to

differentiate the two cases. <sup>3)</sup> Accuracy @  $T_{\rm A}$  (% of  $I_{\rm PN}$ ) = X + ( $\frac{TCG}{10000}$  × ( $T_{\rm A}$ -25) +  $\frac{TCI_{\rm OE}}{1000 \times I_{\rm PN}}$  × 100 × ( $T_{\rm A}$  -25)).



### Electrical data HO 120-NP-0100

At  $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $U_{\rm C}$  = +5 V,  $R_{\rm L}$  = 10 k $\Omega$  unless otherwise noted (see Min, Max, typ. definition paragraph in page 11).

| A C E   |                      |                    |                        |                        |                        |  |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Parameter   | Symbol               | Unit               | Min                    | Тур                    | Max                    | Comment  |
| Primary nominal RMS current   | $I_{\sf PN}$         | А                  |                        | 120                    |                        |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                                      | $I_{PM}$             | А                  | -300                   |                        | 300                    | @ U <sub>C</sub> ≥ 4.6 V   |
| Number of primary turns   | $N_{P}$              |                    |                        | 1,2,4                  |                        | See application information  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +25 °C                                    | $R_{\mathbf{p}}$     | mΩ                 |                        | 0.09                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +120 °C                                   | $R_{\mathbf{p}}$     | mΩ                 |                        | 0.12                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Supply voltage 1)   | $U_{c}$              | V                  | 4.5                    | 5                      | 5.5                    |  |
| Current consumption   | $I_{\rm c}$          | mA                 |                        | 19                     | 25                     |  |
| Reference voltage (output)  | $V_{ m ref}$         | V                  | 2.48                   | 2.5                    | 2.52                   | Internal reference   |
| Reference voltage (input)   | $V_{ m ref}$         | V                  | 0.5                    |                        | 2.65                   | External reference   |
| Output voltage range @ $I_{_{\rm PM}}$                                | V - V ref            | V                  | -2                     |                        | 2                      | Over operating temperature range                                   |
| $V_{ m ref}$ output resistance  | $R_{\rm ref}$        | Ω                  | 130                    | 200                    | 300                    | Series   |
| $V_{\text{out}}$ output resistance                                    | $R_{\rm out}$        | Ω                  |                        | 2                      | 5                      | Series   |
| Allowed capacitive load   | $C_{L}$              | nF                 | 0                      |                        | 6                      |  |
| Overcurrent detection output on resistance                            | $R_{\sf on}$         | Ω                  | 70                     | 95                     | 150                    | Open drain, active low,<br>Over operating temperature range        |
| Overcurrent detection hold  | $t_{ m hold}$        | ms                 | 0.7                    | 1                      | 1.4                    | Additional time after threshold has released                       |
| EEPROM control  | $V_{ m out}$         | mV                 | 0                      |                        | 50                     | $V_{\rm out}$ forced to GND when EEPROM in an error state $^{2)}$  |
| Electrical offset voltage @ I <sub>P</sub> = 0 A                      | V <sub>oe</sub>      | mV                 | -5                     |                        | 5                      | $V_{\text{out}} - V_{\text{ref}} @ V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ |
| Electrical offset current<br>Referred to primary                      | I <sub>OE</sub>      | А                  | -0.75                  |                        | 0.75                   | 000 101 - 101  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\rm ref}$                              | $TCV_{ref}$          | ppm/K              | -170                   |                        | 170                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\text{OE}}$                            | TCV <sub>o E</sub>   | mV/K               | -0.075                 |                        | 0.075                  | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Offset drift referred to primary @ $I_p = 0 \text{ A}$                | TCI <sub>OE</sub>    | mA/K               | -11.25                 |                        | 11.25                  | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Theoretical sensitivity   | $G_{th}$             | mV/A               |                        | 6.667                  |                        | 800 mV @ I <sub>PN</sub>   |
| Sensitivity error @ I <sub>PN</sub>                                   | € <sub>G</sub>       | %                  | -0.75                  |                        | 0.75                   | Factory adjustment, 1 turn configuration, 4 jumpers in parallel    |
| Temperature coefficient of G  | TCG                  | ppm/K              | -200                   |                        | 200                    | -40 °C 105 °C  |
| Linearity error 0 $I_{PN}$  | $\varepsilon_{L}$    | % of $I_{PN}$      | -0.5                   |                        | 0.5                    |  |
| Linearity error $0 \dots I_{PM}$                                      | $\varepsilon_{L}$    | % of $I_{PM}$      | -0.5                   |                        | 0.5                    |  |
| Magnetic offset current (@ 10 × I <sub>PN</sub> ) referred to primary | I <sub>O M</sub>     | А                  | -0.8                   |                        | 0.8                    | One turn   |
| Reaction time @ 10 % of $I_{PN}$                                      | t                    | μs                 |                        | <u> </u>               | 2                      | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Response time @ 90 % of $I_{PN}$                                      | t <sub>ra</sub>      |                    |                        |                        | 2.5                    | @ 50 A/μs  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)   | $t_{_{\Gamma}}$ $BW$ | μs<br>kHz          |                        | 350                    | 2.0                    | @ 30 Α/μs  |
| Output RMS noise voltage spectral density (100 Hz 100 kHz)            | $e_{no}$             | µV/√ <del>Hz</del> |                        | 330                    | 6.1                    |  |
| Output noise voltage (DC 10 kHz) (DC 100 kHz) (DC 1 MHz)              | $V_{no}$             | mVpp               |                        | 3.6<br>8.9<br>17.1     |                        |  |
| Primary current, detection threshold                                  | $I_{\rm PTh}$        | А                  | 2.64 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 2.93 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 3.22 × I <sub>PN</sub> | Peak value ±10 %, overcurrent detection OCD                        |
| Accuracy @ I <sub>PN</sub>  | X                    | % of $I_{PN}$      | -1.25                  |                        | 1.25                   |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A$ = +105 °C                                 | X                    | % of $I_{PN}$      | -3.60                  |                        | 3.60                   | See formula note <sup>3</sup>                                      |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_{A}$ = +85 °C                                | X                    | % of $I_{PN}$      | -3.01                  |                        | 3.01                   | See formula note 3)  |

Notes: 1) 3.3 V SP version available
2) EEPROM in an error state makes the transducer behave like a reverse current saturation. Use of the OCD may help to differentiate the two cases.
3) Accuracy @  $T_A$  (% of  $I_{PN}$ ) = X + ( $\frac{TCG}{10000}$  × ( $T_A$ -25) +  $\frac{TCI_{OE}}{1000 \times I_{PN}}$  × 100 × ( $T_A$  -25)).



## Electrical data HO 150-NP-0100

At  $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $U_{\rm C}$  = +5 V,  $R_{\rm L}$  = 10 k $\Omega$  unless otherwise noted (see Min, Max, typ. definition paragraph in page 11).

| Parameter   | Symbol                      | Unit                 | Min                    | Тур                    | Max                    | Comment  |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Primary nominal RMS current   | I <sub>PN</sub>             | А                    |                        | 150                    |                        |  |
| Primary current, measuring range 85 °C ¹) 105 °C                    | I <sub>P M</sub>            | А                    | -375<br>-360           |                        | 375<br>360             | @ U <sub>c</sub> ≥ 4.6 V   |
| Number of primary turns   | $N_{P}$                     |                      |                        | 1,2,4                  |                        | See application information  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +25 °C                                  | $R_{P}$                     | mΩ                   |                        | 0.09                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Primary jumper resistance @ +120 °C                                 | $R_{\mathbf{p}}$            | mΩ                   |                        | 0.12                   |                        | 4 jumpers in parallel  |
| Supply voltage 2)   | $U_{c}$                     | V                    | 4.5                    | 5                      | 5.5                    |  |
| Current consumption   | $I_{C}$                     | mA                   |                        | 19                     | 25                     |  |
| Reference voltage (output)  | $V_{ref}$                   | V                    | 2.48                   | 2.5                    | 2.52                   | Internal reference   |
| Reference voltage (input)   | $V_{ m ref}$                | V                    | 0.5                    |                        | 2.65                   | External reference   |
| Output voltage range @ $I_{\scriptscriptstyle PM}$                  | $V_{\rm out} - V_{\rm ref}$ | V                    | -2                     |                        | 2                      | Over operating temperature range                                   |
| $V_{ref}$ output resistance   | $R_{\rm ref}$               | Ω                    | 130                    | 200                    | 300                    | Series   |
| $V_{ m out}$ output resistance                                      | $R_{\rm out}$               | Ω                    |                        | 2                      | 5                      | Series   |
| Allowed capacitive load   | $C_{L}$                     | nF                   | 0                      |                        | 6                      |  |
| Overcurrent detection output on resistance                          | $R_{on}$                    | Ω                    | 70                     | 95                     | 150                    | Open drain, active low,<br>Over operating temperature range        |
| Overcurrent detection hold  | $t_{hold}$                  | ms                   | 0.7                    | 1                      | 1.4                    | Additional time after threshold has released                       |
| EEPROM control  | $V_{ m out}$                | mV                   | 0                      |                        | 50                     | $V_{\rm out}$ forced to GND when EEPROM in an error state $^{3)}$  |
| Electrical offset voltage @ $I_p = 0 \text{ A}$                     | VoE                         | mV                   | -5                     |                        | 5                      | $V_{\text{out}} - V_{\text{ref}} @ V_{\text{ref}} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ |
| Electrical offset current<br>Referred to primary                    | Ioe                         | А                    | -0.9375                |                        | 0.9375                 |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{ m ref}$                             | $TCV_{\mathrm{ref}}$        | ppm/K                | -170                   |                        | 170                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{\rm OE}$                             | $TCV_{OE}$                  | mV/K                 | -0.075                 |                        | 0.075                  | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Offset drift referred to primary @ $I_P$ = 0 A                      | $TCI_{OE}$                  | mA/K                 | -14.0625               |                        | 14.0625                | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Theoretical sensitivity   | $G_{th}$                    | mV/A                 |                        | 5.333                  |                        | 800 mV @ I <sub>PN</sub>   |
| Sensitivity error @ $I_{PN}$  | $arepsilon_{G}$             | %                    | -0.75                  |                        | 0.75                   | Factory adjustment, 1 turn configuration, 4 jumpers in parallel    |
| Temperature coefficient of G  | TCG                         | ppm/K                | -200                   |                        | 200                    | −40 °C 105 °C  |
| Linearity error 0 $I_{PN}$  | $\varepsilon_{L}$           | % of $I_{PN}$        | -0.4                   |                        | 0.4                    |  |
| Linearity error 0 $I_{_{PM}}$                                       | $\varepsilon_{L}$           | % of $I_{_{\rm PM}}$ | -0.5                   |                        | 0.5                    |  |
| Magnetic offset current (@ $10 \times I_{PN}$ ) referred to primary | $I_{OM}$                    | Α                    | -0.8                   |                        | 0.8                    | One turn   |
| Reaction time @ 10 % of $I_{PN}$                                    | t <sub>ra</sub>             | μs                   |                        |                        | 2                      | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Response time @ 90 % of $I_{\rm PN}$                                | $t_{_{\Gamma}}$             | μs                   |                        |                        | 2.5                    | @ 50 A/µs  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB)   | BW                          | kHz                  |                        | 350                    |                        |  |
| Output RMS noise voltage spectral density (100 Hz 100 kHz)          | $e_{no}$                    | μV/√ <del>Hz</del>   |                        |                        | 5.2                    |  |
| Output noise voltage<br>(DC 10 kHz)<br>(DC 100 kHz)<br>(DC 1 MHz)   | $V_{no}$                    | mVpp                 |                        | 3.2<br>7<br>15.3       |                        |  |
| Primary current, detection threshold                                | $I_{\rm PTh}$               | А                    | 2.64 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 2.93 × I <sub>PN</sub> | 3.22 x I <sub>PN</sub> | Peak value ±10 %, overcurrent detection OCD                        |
| Accuracy @ I <sub>PN</sub>  | X                           | % of $I_{PN}$        | -1.15                  |                        | 1.15                   |  |
| Accuracy @ I <sub>PN</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = +105 °C               | X                           | % of $I_{PN}$        | -3.50                  |                        | 3.50                   | See formula note 4)  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_{A}$ = +85 °C                              | X                           | % of $I_{PN}$        | -2.91                  |                        | 2.91                   | See formula note 4)  |

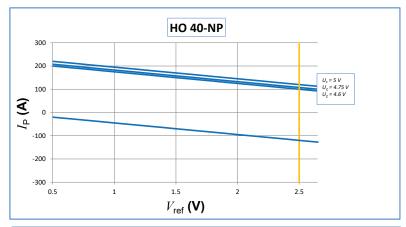
Notes: 1) Magnetic core temperature remaining equal or less than ambiant temperature  $T_{\rm A}$  2) 3.3 V SP version available

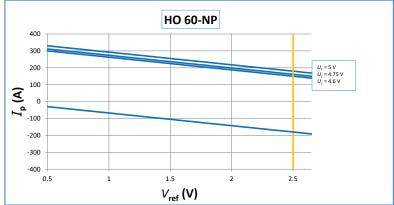
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> EEPROM in an error state makes the transducer behave like a reverse current saturation. Use of the OCD may help to differentiate the two cases 4)

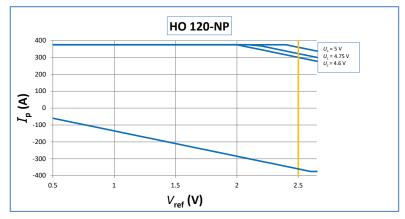
differentiate the two cases <sup>4)</sup> Accuracy @  $T_{\rm A}$  (% of  $I_{\rm P\,N}$ ) = X + ( $\frac{TCG}{10000}$  × ( $T_{\rm A}$ -25) +  $\frac{TCI_{\rm O\,E}}{1000 \times I_{\rm P\,N}}$  × 100 × ( $T_{\rm A}$  -25)).

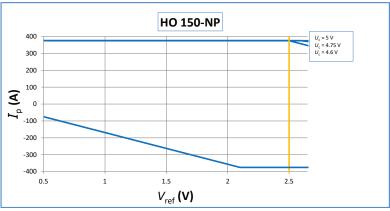


### HO-NP series, measuring range versus external reference voltage





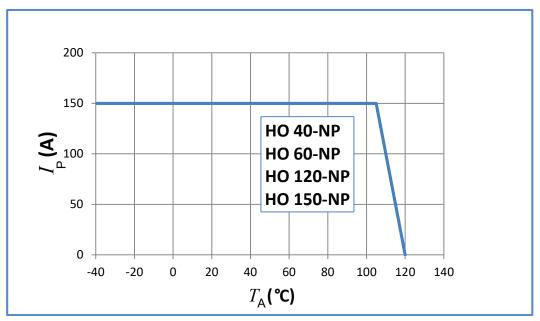






### **Maximum continuous DC current**

For all ranges:



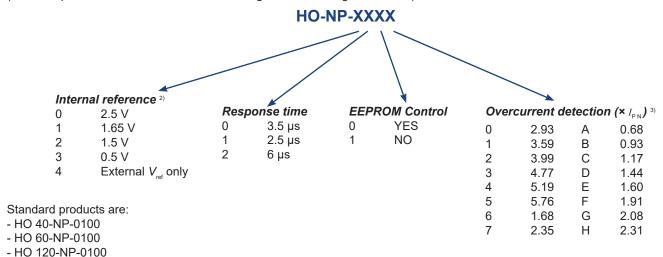
Important notice: whatever the usage and/or application, the transducer jumper temperature shall not go above the maximum rating of 120 °C as stated in page 2 of this datasheet.



- HO 150-NP-0100

#### **HO-NP** series: name and codification

HO family products may be ordered *on request* <sup>1)</sup> with a dedicated setting of the parameters as described below (standard products are delivered with the setting 0100 according to the table).



Notes: 1) For dedicated settings, minimum quantities apply, please contact your local LEM support. 2)  $V_{\rm ref}$  electrical data

| $V_{ref}$ |      | <i>V</i> <sub>ref</sub> <b>(V)</b> | TCV <sub>ref</sub> (ppm/K) |      |     |  |
|-----------|------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----|--|
| parameter | min  | typ                                | max                        | min  | max |  |
| 0         | 2.48 | 2.5                                | 2.52                       | -170 | 170 |  |
| 1         | 1.63 | 1.65                               | 1.67                       | -170 | 170 |  |
| 2         | 1.48 | 1.5                                | 1.52                       | -170 | 170 |  |
| 3         | 0.49 | 0.5                                | 0.51                       | -250 | 250 |  |

 $^{3)}$  OCD (×  $I_{PN}$ ) correction table versus range and temperature All other values or empty cells: no change

|           | HO-N                              | IP-xxx | x     |      | HO-NP-xxxx |    |    |      |         | HO-NP-xxxx         |        |    |      |      |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|------|------------|----|----|------|---------|--------------------|--------|----|------|------|
| OCD       | <i>I</i> <sub>PN</sub> <b>(A)</b> |        | @ 25° | С    | OCD        |    | ;  | OCD  | $I_{P}$ | <sub>N</sub> (A) ( | ฏ 105° | С  |      |      |
| Parameter | 40                                | 60     | 120   | 150  | Parameter  | 40 | 60 | 120  | 150     | Parameter          | 40     | 60 | 120  | 150  |
| Α         |                                   |        |       |      | А          |    |    |      |         | А                  |        |    |      |      |
| В         |                                   |        |       |      | В          |    |    |      |         | В                  |        |    |      |      |
| С         |                                   |        |       |      | С          |    |    |      |         | С                  |        |    |      |      |
| D         |                                   |        |       |      | D          |    |    |      |         | D                  |        |    |      |      |
| E         |                                   |        |       |      | E          |    |    |      |         | E                  |        |    |      |      |
| 6         |                                   |        |       |      | 6          |    |    |      |         | 6                  |        |    |      |      |
| F         |                                   |        |       |      | F          |    |    |      |         | F                  |        |    |      |      |
| G         |                                   |        |       |      | G          |    |    |      |         | G                  |        |    |      |      |
| Н         |                                   |        |       |      | Н          |    |    |      |         | Н                  |        |    |      |      |
| 7         |                                   |        |       |      | 7          |    |    |      |         | 7                  |        |    |      |      |
| 0         |                                   |        |       |      | 0          |    |    |      |         | 0                  |        |    |      | 2.98 |
| 1         |                                   |        |       |      | 1          |    |    |      | 4.05    | 1                  |        |    |      | 4.39 |
| 2         |                                   |        |       | 4.19 | 2          |    |    | 4.01 | 5.00    | 2                  |        |    | 4.38 | 5.38 |
| 3         |                                   |        |       | 6.17 | 3          |    |    | 5.72 | -       | 3                  |        |    | 6.17 |      |
| 4         |                                   |        | 5.71  | -    | 4          |    |    | 6.77 | -       | 4                  |        |    | 7.26 |      |
| 5         |                                   |        | 7.16  | -    | 5          |    | Ì  | -    | -       | 5                  |        |    | -    | -    |

| Tolerance on OCD value |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ±20 %                  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| ±15 %                  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| ±10 %                  | No change  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -                      | Do not use |  |  |  |  |  |



### **HO-NP** series: output compatibility with HAIS Series

| Reference | $I_{PN}(A)$ | $I_{PM}(A)$ | I <sub>PM</sub> /<br>I <sub>PN</sub> | $V_{\text{out}} - V_{\text{ref}}$ @ $I_{PN}(V)$ | Reference   | $I_{PN}(A)$ | <i>I</i> <sub>PM</sub> (A) | $I_{_{\mathrm{PM}}}$ / $I_{_{\mathrm{PN}}}$ | $V_{ m out}$ – $V_{ m ref}$ $\bigcirc$ $I_{ m PN}({ m V})$ |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| HO 40-NP  | 40          | 100         | 2.5                                  | 0.8   |             |             |                            |   |  |
| HO 60-NP  | 60          | 150         | 2.5                                  | 0.8   | HAIS 50-TP  | 50          | 150                        | 3   | 0.625  |
| HO 120-NP | 120         | 300         | 2.5                                  | 0.8   | HAIS 100-TP | 100         | 300                        | 3   | 0.625  |
| HO 150-NP | 150         | 375         | 2.5                                  | 0.8   |             |             |                            |   |  |

The HO-NP gives the same output levels as the HAIS-TP referring to the HAIS nominal currents. This allows easier replacement of HAIS by HO-NP in existing applications.

### **Application information**

Possibilities between range selection and number of turns 1)2)

| Number of primary turns | Primary current        |                         |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                         | I <sub>PN</sub> = 40 A | $I_{PN} = 60 \text{ A}$ | I <sub>PN</sub> = 120 A | I <sub>PN</sub> = 150 A |
| 1                       | 40 A                   | 60 A                    | 120 A                   | 150 A                   |
| 2                       | 20 A                   | 30 A                    | 60 A                    | 75 A                    |
| 4                       | 10 A                   | 15 A                    | 30 A                    | 37.5 A                  |

#### Connection diagram

| Number of primary turns | Primary resistance current RMS $R_{\rm p}~({\rm m}\Omega)~@~{\it T}_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C | Recommended connections                        |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1                       | 0.09   | 10 11 12 13<br>0 0 0 0 0<br>0 0 0 0<br>9 8 7 6 |  |
| 2                       | 0.36   | 10 11 12 13<br>O—O O—O<br>O—O O—O<br>9 8 7 6   |  |
| 4                       | 1.45   | 10 11 12 13<br>0 0 0<br>9 8 7 6                |  |

Notes: 1) The standard configuration is with all jumpers in parallel (1 primary turn) which is the only one calibrated and guaranteed by LEM. The sensitivity may change slightly for all other configurations, therefore, LEM advises the user to characterize any specific configuration.

### Definition of typical, minimum and maximum values

Minimum and maximum values for specified limiting and safety conditions have to be understood as such as well as values shown in "typical" graphs.

On the other hand, measured values are part of a statistical distribution that can be specified by an interval with upper and lower limits and a probability for measured values to lie within this interval.

Unless otherwise stated (e.g. "100 % tested"), the LEM definition for such intervals designated with "min" and "max" is that the probability for values of samples to lie in this interval is 99.73 %.

For a normal (Gaussian) distribution, this corresponds to an interval between -3 sigma and +3 sigma. If "typical" values are not obviously mean or average values, those values are defined to delimit intervals with a probability of 68.27 %, corresponding to an interval between -sigma and +sigma for a normal distribution.

Typical, maximal and minimal values are determined during the initial characterization of the product.

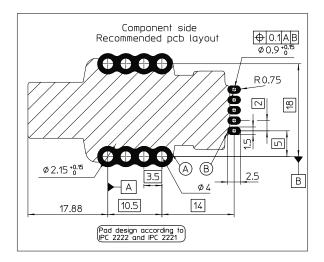
#### Remark

Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: **Products/Product Documentation.** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> The maximum magnetic offset referred to primary is inversely proportional to the number of turns, thus is divided by 2 with 2 turns and by 4 with 4 turns.



### **PCB Footprint** (in mm, general tolerance ±0.3 mm)



(Layout example with 4 jumpers in parallel)

### **Assembly on PCB**

Recommended PCB hole diameter
 2.15 mm for primary pin
 0.9 mm for secondary pin

Maximum PCB thickness 2.4 mm

Wave soldering profile maximum 260 °C, 10 s
 No clean process only

### Insulation distance (nominal values):

|                                       | $d_{	extsf{Cp}}$ | $d_{CI}$ |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| On PCB: A - B                         | 11.65 mm         | -        |
| Between jumper and secondary terminal | 13.08 mm         | 13.65 mm |
| Between core and PCBA                 | 13.56 mm         | -        |

### **Safety**

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock.

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary bus bar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

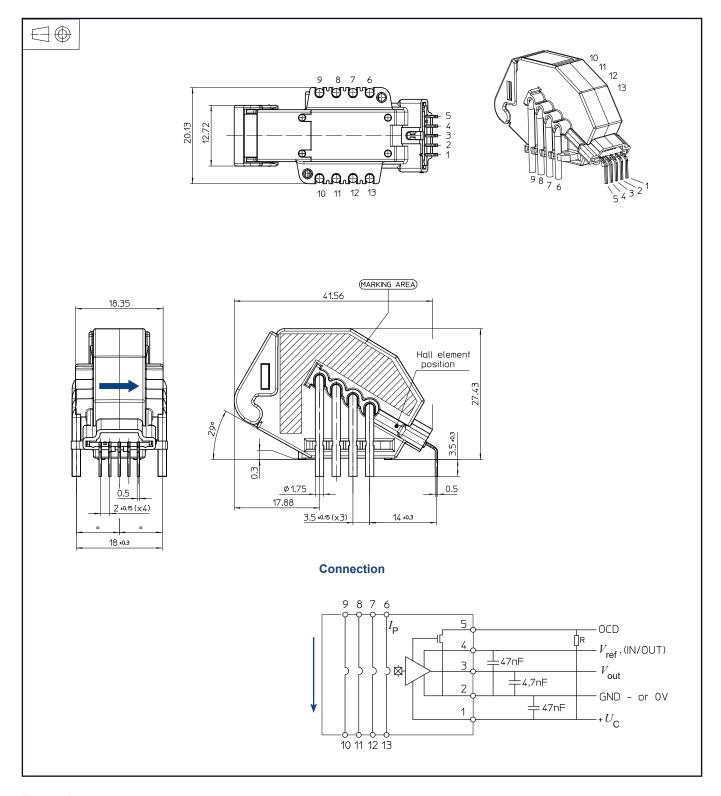
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



### **Dimensions HO-NP series** (in mm, general linear tolerance $\pm 0.3$ mm)



#### Remark:

•  $V_{\text{out}}$  is positive with respect to  $V_{\text{ref}}$  when positive  $I_{\text{p}}$  flows in direction of the arrow shown on the drawing above.