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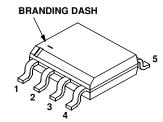


Data Sheet June 2001

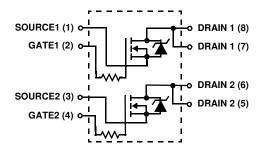
2.3A, 80V, 0.222 Ohm, Dual N-Channel, Logic Level UltraFET Power MOSFET

Packaging

JEDEC MS-012AA



Symbol





Features

- · Ultra Low On-Resistance
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.200\Omega$, $v_{GS} = 10V$
 - $r_{DS(ON)} = 0.222\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 5V$
- · Simulation Models
 - Temperature Compensated PSPICE™ and SABER Electrical Models
 - Spice and SABER Thermal Impedance Models
 - www.Fairchildsemi.com
- Internal $R_G = 50\Omega$
- · Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- · UIS Rating Curve
- Transient Thermal Impedance Curve vs Board Mounting Area

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HUFA76504DK8	MS-012AA	76504DK8

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix T to obtain the variant in tape and reel, e.g., HUFA76504DK8T.

HIJEA76504DK8

Absolute Maximum Ratings T_A = 25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

	HUFA/6504DK8	UNITS
Drain to Source Voltage (Note 1)V _{DSS}	80	V
Drain to Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20k\Omega$) (Note 1)	80	V
Gate to Source Voltage	±16	V
Drain Current		
Continuous (T _A = 25°C, V _{GS} = 5V) (Note 2)	2.3	Α
Continuous (T_A = 25°C, V_{GS} = 10V) (Figure 2) (Note 2)	2.5	Α
Continuous (T _A = 100°C, V _{GS} = 5V) (Note 3)	1.1	Α
Continuous (T _A = 100°C, V _{GS} = 4.5V) (Figure 2) (Note 3)	1.1	Α
Pulsed Drain Current	Figure 4	
Pulsed Avalanche Rating	Figures 6, 17, 18	
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	2.5	W
Derate Above 25°C	20	mW/ ^o C
Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	oC
Maximum Temperature for Soldering		
Leads at 0.063in (1.6mm) from Case for 10s	300	οС
Package Body for 10s, See Techbrief TB334	260	oC
NOTES:		

- 1. $T_{.J} = 25^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$.
- 2. 50°C/W measured using FR-4 board with 0.76 in² (490.3 mm²) copper pad at 1 second.
- 3. 228°C/W measured using FR-4 board with 0.006 in² (3.87 mm²) copper pad at 1000 seconds.

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: http://www.aecouncil.com/

Reliability data can be found at: http://www.mtp.intersil.com/automotive.html.

All Fairchild semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

LIMITS

HUFA76504DK8

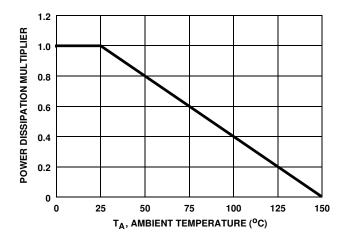
Electrical Specifications $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OFF STATE SPECIFICATIONS							
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	BV _{DSS}	$I_D = 250\mu A, V_{GS} = 0V \text{ (Figure 12)}$		80	-	-	V
		$I_D = 250\mu A, V_{GS} = 0V, T_A = -40^{\circ} C \text{ (Figure 12)}$		70	-	-	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 75V, V_{GS} = 0$	/	-	-	1	μΑ
		V _{DS} = 70V, V _{GS} = 0V, T _A = 150 ^o C		-	-	250	μΑ
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 16V$		-	-	±100	nA
ON STATE SPECIFICATIONS					1	II.	
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(TH)}	V _{GS} = V _{DS} , I _D = 250	μA (Figure 11)	1	-	3	V
Drain to Source On Resistance	r _{DS(ON)}			-	0.173	0.200	Ω
		$I_D = 1.1A, V_{GS} = 5V$	(Figure 9)	-	0.193	0.222	Ω
		I _D = 1.1A, V _{GS} = 4.5V (Figure 9)		-	0.200	0.230	Ω
THERMAL SPECIFICATIONS					1	II.	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Lead	$R_{ heta JL}$			-	-	25	oC/M
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambi-	$R_{\theta JA}$	Pad Area = 0.50 in ²	(323 mm ²) (Note 2)	-	-	50	°C/W
ent		Pad Area = 0.027 in ² (17.4 mm ²) (Figure 23)		-	-	191	oC/W
		Pad Area = 0.006 in ² (3.87 mm ²) (Figure 23)		-	-	228	°C/W
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS (VGS =	4.5V)			+	1	1	
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}		V _{DD} = 40V, I _D = 1.1A		-	100	ns
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	$V_{GS} = 4.5V$, $R_{GS} = 43\Omega$		-	27	-	ns
Rise Time	t _r	(Figures 15, 21, 22)	(Figures 15, 21, 22)		40	-	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}	_		-	73	-	ns
Fall Time	t _f			-	31	-	ns
Turn-Off Time	tOFF			-	-	160	ns
SWITCHING SPECIFICATIONS (VGS =	= 10V)				1	II.	
Turn-On Time	ton	$V_{DD} = 40V, I_D = 2.5A$		-	-	41	ns
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(ON)}	$V_{GS} = 10V$,		-	10	-	ns
Rise Time	t _r	$-R_{GS} = 47\Omega$ (Figures 16, 21, 22)		-	18	-	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(OFF)}			-	115	-	ns
Fall Time	t _f			-	36	-	ns
Turn-Off Time	tOFF	1		-	-	230	ns
GATE CHARGE SPECIFICATIONS							
Total Gate Charge	$Q_{g(TOT)}$	V _{GS} = 0V to 10V	V _{DD} = 40V,	-	6.6	10	nC
Gate Charge at 5V	Q _{g(5)}	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 5V$ $V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 1V$ $I_{D} = 1.1A,$ $I_{g(REF)} = 1.0\text{mA}$ (Figures 14, 19, 20)		-	3.4	5.4	nC
Threshold Gate Charge	Q _{g(TH)}			-	0.3	0.5	nC
Gate to Source Gate Charge	Q _{gs}		-	0.8	-	nC	
Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge	Q _{gd}			-	1.4	-	nC
CAPACITANCE SPECIFICATIONS		•	•				,
Input Capacitance	C _{ISS}	$V_{DS} = 25V, V_{GS} = 0$	V ,	-	270	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OSS}	f = 1MHz (Figure 13)		-	62	-	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{RSS}			-	11	-	pF

Source to Drain Diode Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Source to Drain Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	I _{SD} =1.1A	-	-	1.25	V
		I _{SD} = 0.7A	-	-	1.00	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}	$I_{SD} = 5.0A$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	62	ns
Reverse Recovered Charge	Q _{RR}	$I_{SD} = 5.0A$, $dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	115	nC

Typical Performance Curves



3.0 2.5 V_{GS} = 10V, R_θJA = 50°C/W 1.5 1.5 V_{GS} = 4.5V, R_θJA = 228°C/W 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 T_A, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

FIGURE 1. NORMALIZED POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

FIGURE 2. MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DRAIN CURRENT vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

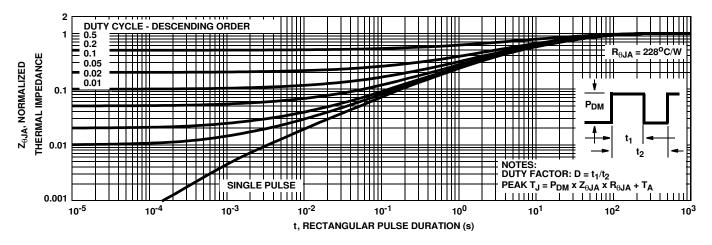


FIGURE 3. NORMALIZED MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE

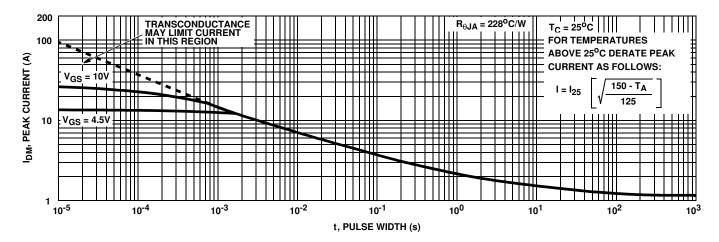


FIGURE 4. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

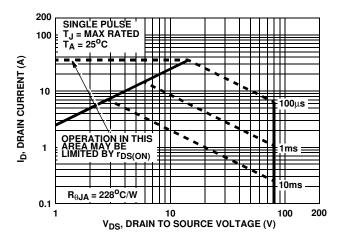


FIGURE 5. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

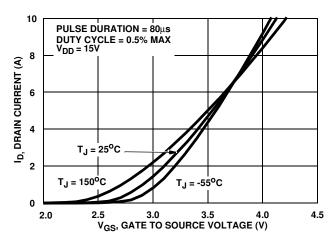


FIGURE 7. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

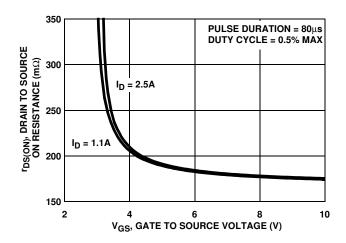
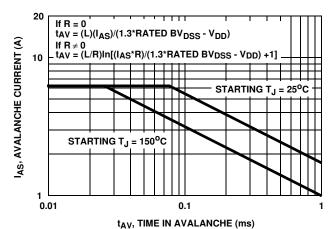


FIGURE 9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs GATE VOLTAGE AND DRAIN CURRENT



NOTE: Refer to Application Notes AN9321 and AN9322.

FIGURE 6. UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CAPABILITY

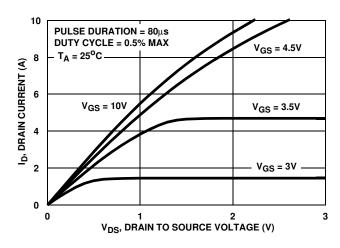


FIGURE 8. SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

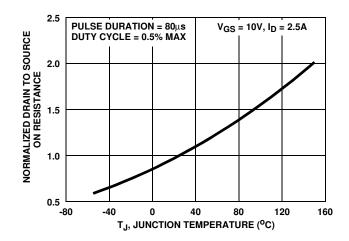


FIGURE 10. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE ON RESISTANCE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

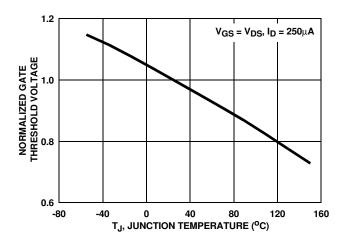


FIGURE 11. NORMALIZED GATE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

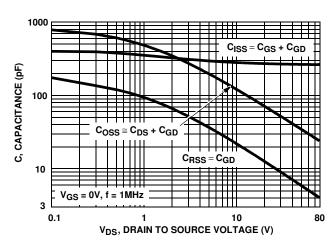


FIGURE 13. CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

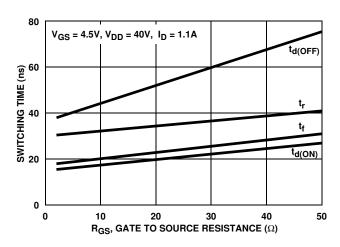


FIGURE 15. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

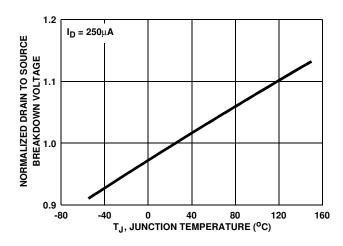
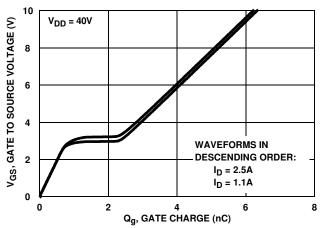


FIGURE 12. NORMALIZED DRAIN TO SOURCE BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE VS JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



NOTE: Refer to Application Notes AN7254 and AN7260.

FIGURE 14. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS FOR CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

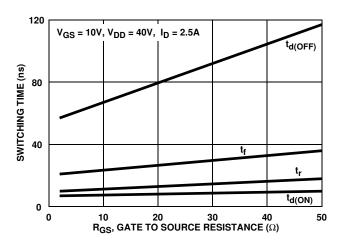


FIGURE 16. SWITCHING TIME vs GATE RESISTANCE

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Test Circuits and Waveforms

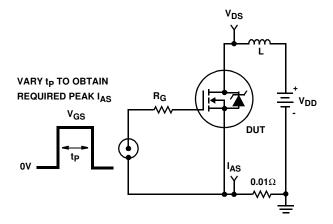


FIGURE 17. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

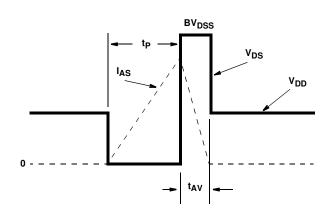


FIGURE 18. UNCLAMPED ENERGY WAVEFORMS

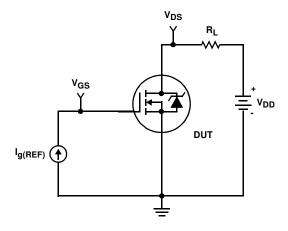


FIGURE 19. GATE CHARGE TEST CIRCUIT

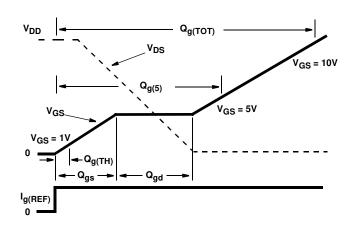


FIGURE 20. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS

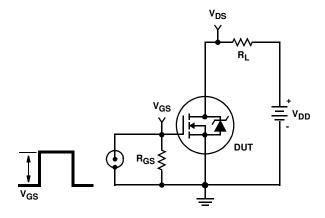


FIGURE 21. SWITCHING TIME TEST CIRCUIT

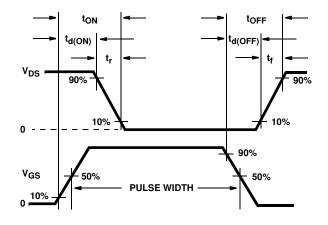


FIGURE 22. SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORM

Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature, T_{JM} , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation, P_{DM} , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature, T_A (°C), and thermal resistance $R_{\theta JA}$ (°C/W) must be reviewed to ensure that T_{JM} is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{A,IA}}$$
 (EQ. 1)

In using surface mount devices such as the SOP-8 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of P_{DM} is complex and influenced by many factors:

- Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
- 2. The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
- 3. The use of external heat sinks.
- 4. The use of thermal vias.
- 5. Air flow and board orientation.
- 6. For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 23 defines the $R_{\theta JA}$ for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Displayed on the curve are $R_{\theta JA}$ values listed in the Electrical Specifications table. The points were chosen to depict the compromise between the copper board area, the thermal resistance and ultimately the power dissipation, P_{DM} .

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 23 or by calculation using Equation 2. $R_{\theta JA}$ is defined as the natural log of the area times a cofficient added to a constant. The area, in square inches is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\theta, IA} = 103.2 - 24.3 \times \ln (Area)$$
 (EQ. 2)

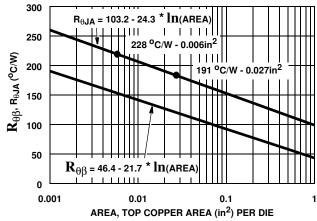


FIGURE 23. THERMAL RESISTANCE vs MOUNTING PAD AREA

While Equation 2 describes the thermal resistance of a single die, several of the new UltraFETTMs are offered with two die in the SOP-8 package. The dual die SOP-8 package introduces an additional thermal component, thermal coupling resistance, $R_{\theta\beta}$. Equation 3 describes $R_{\theta\beta}$ as a function of the top copper mounting pad area.

$$R_{\theta\beta} = 46.4 - 21.7 \times \ln(\text{Area}) \tag{EQ. 3}$$

The thermal coupling resistance vs. copper area is also graphically depicted in Figure 23. It is important to note the thermal resistance ($R_{\theta JA}$) and thermal coupling resistance ($R_{\theta \beta}$) are equivalent for both die. For example at 0.1 square inches of copper:

$$R_{\theta JA1} = R_{\theta JA2} = 159^{\circ}C/W$$

$$R_{\theta\beta 1} = R_{\theta\beta 2} = 97^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

 T_{J1} and T_{J2} define the junction temerature of the respective die. Similarly, P_1 and P_2 define the power dissipated in each die. The steady state junction temperature can be calculated using Equation 4 for die 1 and Equation 5 for die 2.

Example: To calculate the junction temperature of each die when die 2 is dissipating 0.5 Watts and die 1 is dissipating 0 Watts. The ambient temperature is 70°C and the package is mounted to a top copper area of 0.1 square inches per die. Use Equation 4 to calulate T_{J1} and and Equation 5 to calulate T_{J2} .

$$\mathsf{T}_{J1} = \mathsf{P}_1 \mathsf{R}_{\theta J \mathsf{A}} + \mathsf{P}_2 \mathsf{R}_{\theta \beta} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}} \tag{EQ. 4}$$

 $T_{J1} = (0 \text{ Watts})(159^{\circ}\text{C/W}) + (0.5 \text{ Watts})(97^{\circ}\text{C/W}) + 70^{\circ}\text{C}$

 $T_{.11} = 119^{\circ}C$

$$T_{12} = P_2 R_{\theta,1A} + P_1 R_{\theta\beta} + T_A$$
 (EQ. 5)

 $T_{J/2} = (0.5 \text{ Watts})(159^{\circ}\text{C/W}) + (0 \text{ Watts})(97^{\circ}\text{C/W}) + 70^{\circ}\text{C}$

 $T_{J2} = 150^{\circ}C$

HUFA76504DK8

The transient thermal impedance $(Z_{\theta JA})$ is also effected by varied top copper board area. Figure 24 shows the effect of copper pad area on single pulse transient thermal impedance. Each trace represents a copper pad area in square inches corresponding to the descending list in the graph. Spice and SABER thermal models are provided for each of the listed pad areas.

Copper pad area has no perceivable effect on transient thermal impedance for pulse widths less than 100ms. For pulse widths less than 100ms the transient thermal impedance is determined by the die and package. Therefore, CTHERM1 through CTHERM5 and RTHERM1 through RTHERM5 remain constant for each of the thermal models. A listing of the model component values is available in Table 1.

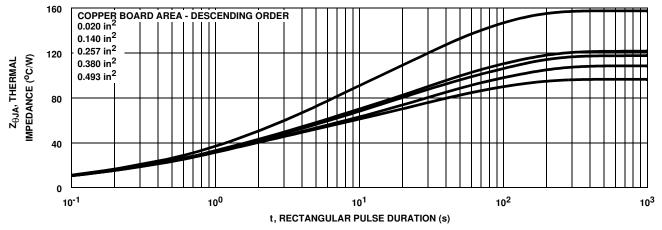


FIGURE 24. THERMAL RESISTANCE vs MOUNTING PAD AREA

REV 18 January 2001

PSPICE Electrical Model .SUBCKT HUFA76504DK8 2 1 3 :

```
CA 12 8 2.5e-10
CB 15 14 3e-10
CIN 6 8 2.6e-10
DBODY 7 5 DBODYMOD
                                                                                                             LDRAIN
DBREAK 5 11 DBREAKMOD
                                                                  DPLCAP
                                                                                                                      DRAIN
DPLCAP 10 5 DPLCAPMOD
                                                               10
                                                                                                            RLDRAIN
                                                                              RSLC1
EBREAK 11 7 17 18 100.6
                                                                                            DBREAK
                                                                              51
EDS 14 8 5 8 1
                                                                RSLC2
EGS 13 8 6 8 1
ESG 6 10 6 8 1
                                                                                ESLC
                                                                                                   11
EVTHRES 6 21 19 8 1
EVTEMP 20 6 18 22 1
                                                                              50
                                                                                                         ▲ DBODY
                                                                             RDRAIN
                                                             <u>6</u>
8
                                                                                          EBREAK
                                                       ESG
IT 8 17 1
                                                                   EVTHRES
                                                                              21
                                                                     1<u>9</u>
8
                                                                                            MWEAK
LDRAIN 2 5 1.0e-9
                                      LGATE
                                                      EVTEMP
LGATE 1 9 4.21e-10
                                              RGATE
                             GATE
                                                        18
22
                                                                6
LSOURCE 3 7 1.28e-10
                                                                                   -MMED
                                              9
                                                     20
                                                                        ←MSTR
                                     RLGATE
MMED 16 6 8 8 MMEDMOD
                                                                                                            LSOURCE
MSTRO 16 6 8 8 MSTROMOD
                                                                        CIN
                                                                                                                      SOURCE
MWEAK 16 21 8 8 MWEAKMOD
                                                                                  8
                                                                                            RSOURCE
BRREAK 17 18 BRREAKMOD 1
                                                                                                           RLSOURCE
RDRAIN 50 16 RDRAINMOD 1.1e-1
                                                                S2A
RGATE 9 20 5.74e1
                                                      S1A
                                                                                                RBREAK
RLDRAIN 2 5 10
                                                                       15
                                                          13
8
                                                               14
13
RLGATE 1 9 42.1
RLSOURCE 3 7 12.8
                                                                                                          RVTEMP
                                                      S<sub>1</sub>B
                                                                o S2B
RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
                                                             13
RSLC2 5 50 1e3
                                                                        CB
                                                                                                          19
                                                CA
                                                                             14
                                                                                          IT
RSOURCE 8 7 RSOURCEMOD 5.72e-2
BVTHRES 22 8 BVTHRESMOD 1
                                                                                                            VBAT
                                                                           <u>5</u>
                                                                8
                                                         EGS
                                                                     EDS
RVTEMP 18 19 RVTEMPMOD 1
                                                                                         8
S1A 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
S1B 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
                                                                                                RVTHRES
S2A 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
S2B 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD
VBAT 22 19 DC 1
ESLC 51 50 VALUE={(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*12),3.7))}
.MODEL DBODYMOD D (IS = 3.1e-13 N = 1.03 RS = 4.2e-2 TRS1 = 3e-4 TRS2 = 1.3e-6 CJO = 6.82e-10 TT = 3.3e-8 M = 0.8 XTI = 4)
.MODEL DBREAKMOD D (RS = 1.65 TRS1 = 1e-3 TRS2 = -9e-6)
MODEL DPLCAPMOD D (CJO = 1.7e-10 IS = 1e-30 M = 0.85)
.MODEL MMEDMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.2 KP = 1.1 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 5.74e1)
.MODEL MSTROMOD NMOS (VTO = 2.56 KP = 18 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u)
MODEL MWEAKMOD NMOS (VTO = 1.94 KP = 0.04 IS = 1e-30 N = 10 TOX = 1 L = 1u W = 1u RG = 5.74e2 RS = 0.1)
.MODEL RBREAKMOD RES (TC1 = 1.12e-3 TC2 = -3e-7)
MODEL RDRAINMOD RES (TC1 = 9e-3 TC2 = 2e-5)
.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1 = 2.8e-3 TC2 = 1.9e-5)
.MODEL RSOURCEMOD RES (TC1 = 1e-3 TC2 = 1e-6)
.MODEL RVTHRESMOD RES (TC1 = -2e-3 TC2 = -3e-6)
.MODEL RVTEMPMOD RES (TC1 = -1.5e-3 TC2 = 1e-6)
.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -4 VOFF= -1)
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -1 VOFF= -4)
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = -0.5 VOFF= 0.5)
.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON = 1e-5 ROFF = 0.1 VON = 0.5 VOFF= -0.5)
.ENDS
```

NOTE: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options:** IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.

SABER Electrical Model

```
REV 18 January 2001
template HUFA76504dk8 n2.n1.n3
electrical n2,n1,n3
var i iscl
dp..model\ dbodymod=\ (is=3.1e-13,\ n1=1.03,\ rs=4.2e-2,\ trs1=3e-4,\ trs2=1.3e-6,\ cjo=6.82e-10,\ tt=3.38e-8,\ m=0.8,\ xti=4)
dp..model dbreakmod = (rs = 1.65, trs1 = 1e-3, trs2 = -9e-6)
dp..model dplcapmod = (cjo = 1.7e-10, isl = 10e-30, n1 = 10, m = 0.85)
m..model mmedmod = (type= n, vto = 2.2, kp = 1.1, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n, vto = 2.56, kp = 18, is = 1e-30, tox = 1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n, vto = 1.94, kp = 0.04, is = 1e-30, tox = 1, rs = .1)
                                                                                                                                   LDRAIN
                                                                                   DPLCAP
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -4, voff = -1)
                                                                                                                                             DRAIN
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -1, voff = -4)
                                                                                10
sw vcsp..model s2amod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = -0.5, voff = 0.5)
                                                                                                                                  RLDRAIN
sw vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron = 1e-5, roff = 0.1, von = 0.5, voff = -0.5)
                                                                                                 RSLC1
                                                                                                             RDBREAK
                                                                                                51
                                                                                 RSLC2 $
c.ca n12 n8 = 2.5e-10
                                                                                                                      72
                                                                                                                                  RDBODY
c.cb n15 n14 = 3e-10
                                                                                                   ISCL
c.cin n6 n8 = 2.6e-10
                                                                                                              DBREAK 
dp.dbody n7 n71 = model=dbodymod
                                                                                                RDRAIN
                                                                              <u>6</u>
8
dp.dbreak n72 n11 = model=dbreakmod
                                                                       ESG
                                                                                                                       11
dp.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod
                                                                                    EVTHRES
                                                                                                21
                                                                                       19
8
                                                                                                                 MWEAK
                                                    LGATE
                                                                      EVTEMP
i.it n8 n17 = 1
                                                                                                                                DBODY
                                                             RGATE
                                           GATE
                                                                                                                 EBREAK
                                                                                                       MMED
I.ldrain n2 n5 = 1e-9
                                                                    20
                                                                                               MSTR
I.lgate n1 n9 = 4.21e-10
                                                   RLGATE
I.Isource n3 n7 = 1.28e-10
                                                                                                                                  LSOURCE
                                                                                          CIN
                                                                                                                                             SOURCE
                                                                                                    8
m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
                                                                                                                RSOURCE
                                                                                                                                 RLSOURCE
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u
                                                                      S1A
                                                                                  S24
                                                                                                                    RBREAK
res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1 = 1.12e-3, tc2 = -3e-7
                                                                                         15
                                                                                                                17
res.rdrain n50 n16 = 1.1e-1, tc1 = 9e-3, tc2 = 2e-5
res.rgate n9 n20 = 5.74e1
                                                                                                                               RVTEMP
                                                                                 o S2B
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
                                                                              13
res.rlgate n1 n9 = 42.1
                                                                                          СВ
                                                                                                                                19
                                                                CA
                                                                                                              IT
                                                                                                14
res.rlsource n3 n7 = 12.8
res.rslc1 n5 n51 = 1e-6, tc1 = 2.8e-3, tc2 = 1.9e-5
                                                                          EGS
                                                                                      EDS
                                                                                             8
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e3
res.rsource n8 n7 = 5.72e-2, tc1 = 1e-3, tc2 = 1e-6
                                                                                                            8
res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1 = -1.5e-3, tc2 = 1e-6
res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1 = -2e-3, tc2 = -3e-6
                                                                                                                    RVTHRES
spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 100.6
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod
v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
equations (
i (n51->n50) +=iscl
iscl: v(n51,n50) = ((v(n5,n51)/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51)*1e6/12))** 3.7))
```

SPICE Thermal Model

rtherm.rtherm8 2 tl = 31

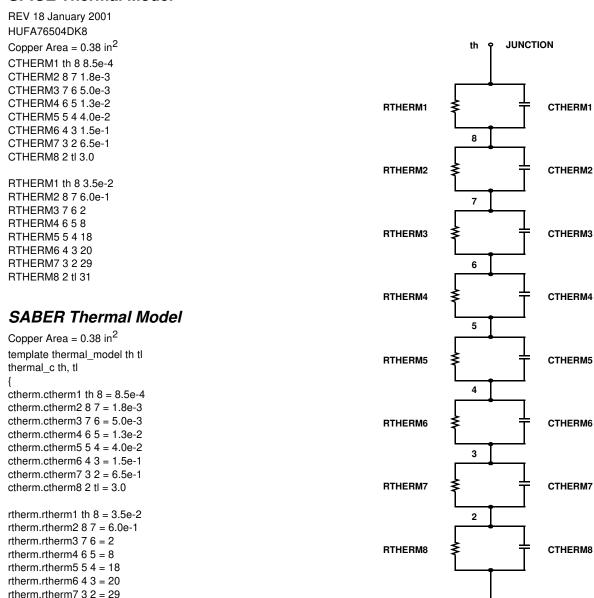
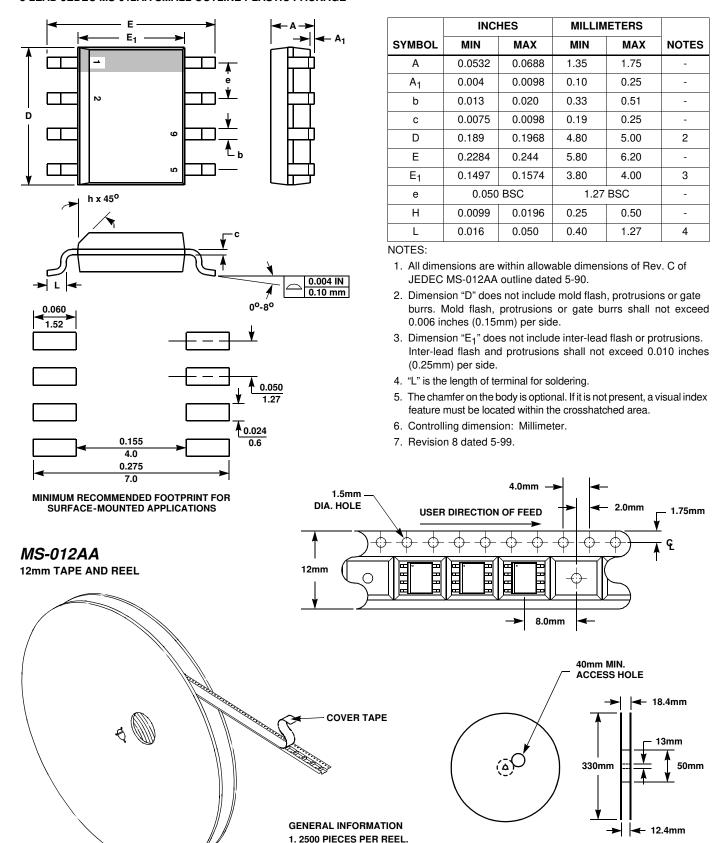


TABLE 1. Thermal Models

AMBIENT

COMPONANT	0.02 in ²	0.14 in ²	0.257 in ²	0.38 in ²	0.493 in ²
CTHERM6	9.0e-2	1.3e-1	1.5e-1	1.5e-1	1.5e-1
CTHERM7	4.0e-1	6.0e-1	4.5e-1	6.5e-1	7.5e-1
CTHERM8	1.4	2.5	2.2	3	3
RTHERM6	39	26	20	20	20
RTHERM7	42	32	31	29	23
RTHERM8	48	35	38	31	25

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EnSigna™	MicroFET™	Quiet Series™	UHC™
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