



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



System Clock Chip for ATI RS/RD600 series chipsets using AMD CPUs

ICS9LPRS464

Description

ATI RD/RS600 series systems using AMD CPUs

Output Features

- Integrated Series Resistors on differential outputs
- Greyhound Compatible CPU outputs
- 2 - 0.7V Low Power differential CPU pairs
- 6 - 0.7V Low Power differential SRC pairs
- 2 - 0.7V Low Power differential ATIG pairs
- 1 - 66 MHz HyperTransport clock
- 2 - 48MHz USB clocks
- 3 - 14.318MHz Reference clocks

Key Specifications

- CPU outputs cycle-to-cycle jitter <150ps
- SRC outputs cycle-to-cycle jitter < 125ps
- ATIG outputs cycle-to-cycle jitter < 125ps
- +/- 100ppm frequency accuracy on all outputs if REF is tuned to +/-100ppm

Features/Benefits:

- 3 - Programmable Clock Request pins for SRC and ATIG clocks
- ATIGCLKs are programmable for frequency
- Spread Spectrum for EMI reduction
- Outputs may be disabled via SMBus
- External crystal load capacitors for maximum frequency accuracy

Pin Configuration

| | | | |
|-----------|----|----|-------------|
| GNDREF | 1 | 56 | FS0/REF0 |
| VDDREF | 2 | 55 | FS1/REF1 |
| X1 | 3 | 54 | FS2/REF2 |
| X2 | 4 | 53 | **PD |
| VDD48 | 5 | 52 | VDDHTT |
| 48MHz_0 | 6 | 51 | HTTCLK0 |
| 48MHz_1 | 7 | 50 | GNDHTT |
| GND48 | 8 | 49 | *CLKREQA# |
| SMBCLK | 9 | 48 | CPUKG0T_LPR |
| SMBDAT | 10 | 47 | CPUKG0C_LPR |
| RESET_IN# | 11 | 46 | VDDCPU |
| SRC5T_LPR | 12 | 45 | GNDCPU |
| SRC5C_LPR | 13 | 44 | CPUKG1T_LPR |
| VDDSRC | 14 | 43 | CPUKG1C_LPR |
| GNDSRC | 15 | 42 | VDDA |
| SRC4T_LPR | 16 | 41 | GND A |
| SRC4C_LPR | 17 | 40 | NC |
| SRC3T_LPR | 18 | 39 | SRC0T_LPR |
| SRC3C_LPR | 19 | 38 | SRC0C_LPR |
| SRC2T_LPR | 20 | 37 | GNDSRC |
| SRC2C_LPR | 21 | 36 | VDDSRC |
| GNDSRC | 22 | 35 | ATIG0T_LPR |
| VDDSRC | 23 | 34 | ATIG0C_LPR |
| SRC1T_LPR | 24 | 33 | VDDATIG |
| SRC1C_LPR | 25 | 32 | GNDATIG |
| VDDSRC | 26 | 31 | ATIG1T_LPR |
| GNDSRC | 27 | 30 | ATIG1C_LPR |
| *CLKREQB# | 28 | 29 | *CLKREQC# |

9LPRS464

56-Pin SSOP/TSSOP

- * Internal Pull-Up Resistor
- ** Internal Pull-Down Resistor

Power Groups

| Pin Number | | Description |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| VDD | GND | |
| 5 | 8 | USB_48 outputs |
| 14,23,26,36 | 15,22,27,37 | SRCCLK outputs |
| 33 | 32 | ATIGCLK differential outputs |
| 42 | 41 | Analog, PLL |
| 46 | 45 | CPUCLK8 differential outputs |
| 52 | 50 | HTTCLK output |
| 2 | 1 | REF outputs |

Functionality

| FS2 | FS1 | FS0 | CPU MHz | HTT MHz | SRC MHz | ATIG MHz | USB MHz |
|-----|-----|-----|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | X / 2 | X / 3 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 230.00 | 76.67 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 240.00 | 80.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 66.66 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 133.33 | 66.66 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 166.67 | 66.66 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 200.00 | 66.66 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 48.00 |

Pin Description

| PIN # | PIN NAME | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-----------|------|--|
| 1 | GNDREF | GND | Ground pin for the REF outputs. |
| 2 | VDDREF | PWR | Ref, XTAL power supply, nominal 3.3V |
| 3 | X1 | IN | Crystal input, nominally 14.318MHz |
| 4 | X2 | OUT | Crystal output, nominally 14.318MHz |
| 5 | VDD48 | PWR | Power pin for the 48MHz outputs and core. 3.3V |
| 6 | 48MHz_0 | OUT | 48MHz clock output. |
| 7 | 48MHz_1 | OUT | 48MHz clock output. |
| 8 | GND48 | GND | Ground pin for the 48MHz outputs |
| 9 | SMBCLK | IN | Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 5V tolerant. |
| 10 | SMBDAT | I/O | Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 5V tolerant. |
| 11 | RESET_IN# | IN | Real Time falling edge triggered input, When asserted, the part initiates a power up reset with the SMBus being reset to it's power up values, and all PLL derived clocks stopped for the duration of Power up Stabilization. REF outputs continue to run. |
| 12 | SRC5T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 13 | SRC5C_LPR | OUT | Complement clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 14 | VDDSRC | PWR | Supply for SRC, 3.3V nominal |
| 15 | GNDSRC | GND | Ground pin for the SRC outputs |
| 16 | SRC4T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 17 | SRC4C_LPR | OUT | Complement clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 18 | SRC3T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 19 | SRC3C_LPR | OUT | Complement clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 20 | SRC2T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 21 | SRC2C_LPR | OUT | Complement clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 22 | GNDSRC | GND | Ground pin for the SRC outputs |
| 23 | VDDSRC | PWR | Supply for SRC, 3.3V nominal |
| 24 | SRC1T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 25 | SRC1C_LPR | OUT | Complement clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 26 | VDDSRC | PWR | Supply for SRC, 3.3V nominal |
| 27 | GNDSRC | GND | Ground pin for the SRC outputs |
| 28 | *CLKREQB# | IN | Programmable Clock Request pin for SRC/ATIG/SB_SRC outputs. If output is selected for control, then that output is controlled as follows: 0 = Enabled, 1 = Tri-state |

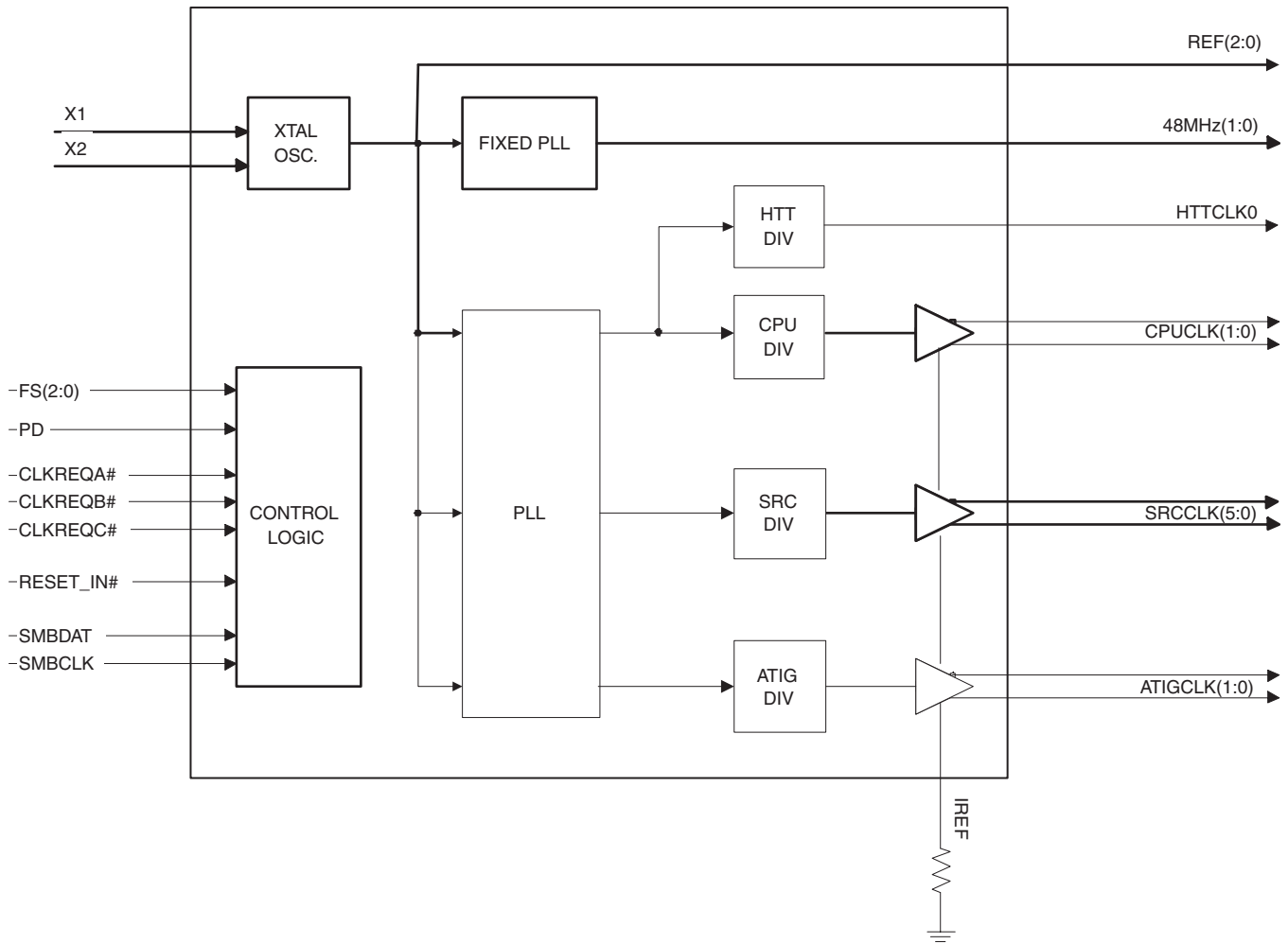
Pin Description (Continued)

| PIN # | PIN NAME | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|-------------|------|---|
| 29 | *CLKREQC# | IN | Programmable Clock Request pin for SRC/ATIG/SB_SRC outputs. If output is selected for control, then that output is controlled as follows: 0 = Enabled, 1 = Tri-state |
| 30 | ATIG1C_LPR | OUT | Complementary clock of low-power differential push-pull PCI-Express pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 31 | ATIG1T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low-power differential push-pull PCI-Express pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 32 | GNDATIG | GND | Ground pin for the ATIG outputs |
| 33 | VDDATIG | PWR | Power supply for ATIG core, nominal 3.3V |
| 34 | ATIG0C_LPR | OUT | Complementary clock of low-power differential push-pull PCI-Express pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 35 | ATIG0T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low-power differential push-pull PCI-Express pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 36 | VDDSRC | PWR | Supply for SRC, 3.3V nominal |
| 37 | GNDSRC | GND | Ground pin for the SRC outputs |
| 38 | SRC0C_LPR | OUT | Complement clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 39 | SRC0T_LPR | OUT | True clock of low power differential SRC clock pair with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 40 | NC | NC | No Connect |
| 41 | GNDAC | GND | Ground for the Analog Core |
| 42 | VDDAC | PWR | 3.3V Power for the Analog Core |
| 43 | CPUKG1C_LPR | OUT | Complementary signal of low-power differential push-pull AMD K8 "Greyhound" clock with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 44 | CPUKG1T_LPR | OUT | True signal of low-power differential push-pull AMD K8 "Greyhound" clock with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 45 | GNDCPU | GND | Ground pin for the CPU outputs |
| 46 | VDDCPU | PWR | Supply for CPU, 3.3V nominal |
| 47 | CPUKG0C_LPR | OUT | Complementary signal of low-power differential push-pull AMD K8 "Greyhound" clock with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 48 | CPUKG0T_LPR | OUT | True signal of low-power differential push-pull AMD K8 "Greyhound" clock with integrated 33 ohm series resistor. (no 50ohm shunt resistor to GND needed) |
| 49 | *CLKREQA# | IN | Programmable Clock Request pin for SRC/ATIG/SB_SRC outputs. If output is selected for control, then that output is controlled as follows: 0 = Enabled, 1 = Tri-state |
| 50 | GNDHTT | PWR | Ground pin for the HTT outputs |
| 51 | HTTCLK0 | OUT | 3.3V single ended 66MHz hyper transport clock |
| 52 | VDDHTT | PWR | Supply for HTT clocks, nominal 3.3V. |
| 53 | **PD | IN | Enter /Exit Power Down. 1 = Power Down, 0 = normal operation. |
| 54 | FS2/REF2 | I/O | Frequency select latch input pin/ 3.3V 14.318MHz reference clock |
| 55 | FS1/REF1 | I/O | Frequency select latch input pin/ 3.3V 14.318MHz reference clock |
| 56 | FS0/REF0 | I/O | Frequency select latch input pin/ 3.3V 14.318MHz reference clock |

General Description

The ICS9LPRS464 is a main clock synthesizer chip that provides all clocks required for ATI RD/RS600-based systems. An SMBus interface allows full control of the device.

Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Max

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | Notes |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|-----|------------------------|-------|-------|
| 3.3V Core Supply Voltage | VDD_A | - | | | V _{DD} + 0.5V | V | 1 |
| 3.3V Logic Input Supply Voltage | VDD_In | - | GND - 0.5 | | V _{DD} + 0.5V | V | 1 |
| Storage Temperature | Ts | - | -65 | | 150 | °C | 1 |
| Ambient Operating Temp | Tambient | - | 0 | | 70 | °C | 1 |
| Case Temperature | Tcase | - | | | 115 | °C | 1 |
| Input ESD protection HBM | ESD prot | - | 2000 | | | V | 1 |

¹Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics - Input/Supply/Common Output Parameters

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS* | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | Notes |
|--|----------------------|---|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | 3.3 V +/-5% | 2 | | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V | 1 |
| Input Low Voltage | V _{IL} | 3.3 V +/-5% | V _{SS} - 0.3 | | 0.8 | V | 1 |
| Input High Current | I _{IH} | V _{IN} = V _{DD} | -5 | | 5 | uA | 1 |
| Input Low Current | I _{IL1} | V _{IN} = 0 V; Inputs with no pull-up resistors | -5 | | | uA | 1 |
| | I _{IL2} | V _{IN} = 0 V; Inputs with pull-up resistors | -200 | | | uA | 1 |
| Low Threshold Input-High Voltage | V _{IH_FS} | 3.3 V +/-5% | 0.7 | | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V | 1 |
| Low Threshold Input-Low Voltage | V _{IL_FS} | 3.3 V +/-5% | V _{SS} - 0.3 | | 0.35 | V | 1 |
| Operating Current | I _{DD3,3OP} | 9LPRS462, all outputs driven | | | 200 | mA | 1 |
| | | 9LPRS464, all outputs driven | | | 180 | mA | 1 |
| Powerdown Current | I _{DD3,3PD} | all diff pairs low/low | | | 21 | mA | 1 |
| Input Frequency | F _i | V _{DD} = 3.3 V | | 14.31818 | | MHz | 2 |
| Pin Inductance | L _{pin} | | | | 7 | nH | 1 |
| Input Capacitance | C _{IN} | Logic Inputs | | | 5 | pF | 1 |
| | C _{OUT} | Output pin capacitance | | | 6 | pF | 1 |
| | C _{INX} | X1 & X2 pins | | | 5 | pF | 1 |
| Clk Stabilization | T _{STAB} | From VDD Power-Up or de-assertion of PD to 1st clock | | | 1.8 | ms | 1 |
| Modulation Frequency | | Triangular Modulation | 30 | | 33 | kHz | 1 |
| Tdrive_PD | | CPU output enable after PD de-assertion | | | 300 | us | 1 |
| Tfall_PD | | PD fall time of | | | 5 | ns | 1 |
| Trise_PD | | PD rise time of | | | 5 | ns | 1 |
| SMBus Voltage | V _{DD} | | 2.7 | | 5.5 | V | 1 |
| Low-level Output Voltage | V _{OL} | @ I _{PULLUP} | | | 0.4 | V | 1 |
| Current sinking at V _{OL} = 0.4 V | I _{PULLUP} | | 4 | | | mA | 1 |
| SMBCLK/SMBDAT Clock/Data Rise Time | T _{R12C} | (Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.15) | | | 1000 | ns | 1 |
| SMBCLK/SMBDAT Clock/Data Fall Time | T _{F12C} | (Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.15) | | | 300 | ns | 1 |

*TA = 0 - 70°C; Supply Voltage VDD = 3.3 V +/-5%

¹Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

²Input frequency should be measured at the REF pin and tuned to ideal 14.31818MHz to meet ppm frequency accuracy on PLL outputs.

AC Electrical Characteristics - Low-Power DIF Outputs: CPUKG and HTT

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | NOTES |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|
| Crossing Point Variation | ΔV_{CROSS} | Single-ended Measurement | | | 140 | mV | 1,2,5 |
| Frequency | f | Spread Specturm On | 198.8 | | 200 | MHz | 1,3 |
| Long Term Accuracy | ppm | Spread Specturm Off | -300 | | +300 | ppm | 1,11 |
| Rising Edge Slew Rate | S_{RISE} | Differential Measurement | 0.5 | | 10 | V/ns | 1,4 |
| Falling Edge Slew Rate | S_{FALL} | Differential Measurement | 0.5 | | 10 | V/ns | 1,4 |
| Slew Rate Variation | t_{SLVAR} | Single-ended Measurement | | | 20 | % | 1 |
| CPU, DIF HTT Jitter - Cycle to Cycle | CPUJ_{C2C} | Differential Measurement | | | 150 | ps | 1,6 |
| Accumulated Jitter | t_{JACC} | See Notes | | | 1 | ns | 1,7 |
| Peak to Peak Differential Voltage | $V_{\text{D(PK-PK)}}$ | Differential Measurement | 400 | | 2400 | mV | 1,8 |
| Differential Voltage | V_{D} | Differential Measurement | 200 | | 1200 | mV | 1,9 |
| Duty Cycle | D_{CYC} | Differential Measurement | 45 | | 55 | % | 1 |
| Amplitude Variation | ΔV_{D} | Change in V_{D} DC cycle to cycle | -75 | | 75 | mV | 1,10 |
| CPU Skew | $\text{CPU}_{\text{SKEW10}}$ | Differential Measurement | | | 100 | ps | 1 |

Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

Single-ended measurement at crossing point. Value is maximum – minimum over all time. DC value of common mode is not important due to the blocking cap.

Minimum Frequency is a result of 0.5% down spread spectrum

Differential measurement through the range of ± 100 mV, differential signal must remain monotonic and within slew rate spec when crossing through this region.

⁵ Defined as the total variation of all crossing voltages of CLK rising and CLK# falling. Matching applies to rising edge rate of CLK and falling edge of CLK#. It is measured using a ± 75 mV window centered on the average cross point where CLK meets CLK#.

⁶ Max difference of t_{CYCLE} between any two adjacent cycles.

⁷ Accumulated t_{JC} over a 10 μ s time period, measured with JIT2 TIE at 50ps interval.

⁸ $V_{\text{D(PK-PK)}}$ is the overall magnitude of the differential signal.

⁹ $V_{\text{D(min)}}$ is the amplitude of the ring-back differential measurement, guaranteed by design, that ring-back will not cross 0V V_{D} . $V_{\text{D(max)}}$ is the largest amplitude allowed.

¹⁰ The difference in magnitude of two adjacent $V_{\text{D_DC}}$ measurements. $V_{\text{D_DC}}$ is the stable post overshoot and ring-back part of the signal.

¹¹ All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed assuming that REFOUT is at 14.31818MHz

AC Electrical Characteristics - Low-Power DIF Outputs: SRC and ATIG

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | NOTES |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------|-----|------|-------|-------|
| Rising Edge Slew Rate | t_{SLR} | Differential Measurement | 0.5 | | 2 | V/ns | 1,2 |
| Falling Edge Slew Rate | t_{FLR} | Differential Measurement | 0.5 | | 2 | V/ns | 1,2 |
| Slew Rate Variation | t_{SLVAR} | Single-ended Measurement | | | 20 | % | 1 |
| Maximum Output Voltage | V_{HIGH} | Includes overshoot | | | 1150 | mV | 1 |
| Minimum Output Voltage | V_{LOW} | Includes undershoot | -300 | | | mV | 1 |
| Differential Voltage Swing | V_{SWING} | Differential Measurement | 300 | | | mV | 1 |
| Crossing Point Voltage | V_{XABS} | Single-ended Measurement | 300 | | 550 | mV | 1,3,4 |
| Crossing Point Variation | $V_{XABSVAR}$ | Single-ended Measurement | | | 140 | mV | 1,3,5 |
| Duty Cycle | D_{CYC} | Differential Measurement | 45 | | 55 | % | 1 |
| SRC, ATIG, Jitter - Cycle to Cycle | $SRCJ_{C2C}$ | Differential Measurement | | | 125 | ps | 1 |
| SRC[5:0] Skew | SRC_{SKEW} | Differential Measurement | | | 250 | ps | 1 |
| SB_SRC[1:0] Skew | SRC_{SKEW} | Differential Measurement | | | 100 | ps | 1 |
| ATIG[3:0] Skew | SRC_{SKEW} | Differential Measurement | | | 100 | ps | 1 |

¹Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

²Slew rate measured through V_{swing} centered around differential zero

³ V_{xabs} is defined as the voltage where $CLK = CLK\#$

⁴Only applies to the differential rising edge (CLK rising and CLK# falling)

⁵Defined as the total variation of all crossing voltages of CLK rising and CLK# falling. Matching applies to rising edge rate of

⁶All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed assuming that REFOUT is at 14.31818MHz

Electrical Characteristics - USB - 48MHz

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS* | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | NOTES |
|------------------------|---------------|--|---------|-----|---------|-------|-------|
| Long Accuracy | ppm | see Tperiod min-max values | -100 | | 100 | ppm | 1,2 |
| Clock period | T_{period} | 48.00MHz output nominal | 20.8229 | | 20.8344 | ns | 2 |
| Clock Low Time | T_{low} | Measure from < 0.6V | 9.3750 | | 11.4580 | ns | 2 |
| Clock High Time | T_{high} | Measure from > 2.0V | 9.3750 | | 11.4580 | ns | 2 |
| Output High Voltage | V_{OH} | $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ | 2.4 | | | V | 1 |
| Output Low Voltage | V_{OL} | $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$ | | | 0.55 | V | 1 |
| Output High Current | I_{OH} | $V_{OH} @ \text{MIN} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ | -33 | | | mA | 1 |
| | | $V_{OH} @ \text{MAX} = 3.135 \text{ V}$ | | | -33 | mA | 1 |
| Output Low Current | I_{OL} | $V_{OL} @ \text{MIN} = 1.95 \text{ V}$ | 30 | | | mA | 1 |
| | | $V_{OL} @ \text{MAX} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | | | 38 | mA | 1 |
| Rise Time | t_{r_USB} | $V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ | 0.5 | | 1.5 | ns | 1 |
| Fall Time | t_{f_USB} | $V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | 0.5 | | 1.5 | ns | 1 |
| Duty Cycle | d_{t1} | $V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$ | 45 | | 55 | % | 1 |
| Group Skew | t_{skew} | $V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$ | | | 250 | ps | 1 |
| Jitter, Cycle to cycle | $t_{jcy-cyc}$ | $V_T = 1.5 \text{ V}$ | | | 130 | ps | 1,2 |

*TA = 0 - 70°C; Supply Voltage VDD = 3.3 V +/-5%, CL = 5 pF with $R_s = 33\Omega$ (unless otherwise specified)

¹Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

²ICS recommended and/or chipset vendor layout guidelines must be followed to meet this specification

Electrical Characteristics - REF-14.318MHz

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | Notes |
|---------------------|----------------------|---|---------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Long Accuracy | ppm | see Tperiod min-max values | -100 | 0 | 100 | ppm | 1,2 |
| Clock period | T _{period} | 14.318MHz output nominal | 69.8270 | 69.84 | 69.8550 | ns | 2 |
| Clock Low Time | T _{low} | Measure from < 0.6V | 30.9290 | | 37.9130 | ns | 2 |
| Clock High Time | T _{high} | Measure from > 2.0V | 30.9290 | | 37.9130 | ns | 2 |
| Output High Voltage | V _{OH} | I _{OH} = -1 mA | 2.4 | | | V | 1 |
| Output Low Voltage | V _{OL} | I _{OL} = 1 mA | | | 0.4 | V | 1 |
| Output High Current | I _{OH} | V _{OH} @ MIN = 1.0 V, V _{OH} @ MAX = 3.135 V | -29 | | -23 | mA | 1 |
| Output Low Current | I _{OL} | V _{OL} @ MIN = 1.95 V, V _{OL} @ MAX = 0.4 V | 29 | | 27 | mA | 1 |
| Rise Time | t _{r1} | V _{OL} = 0.4 V, V _{OH} = 2.4 V | 1 | | 1.5 | ns | 1 |
| Fall Time | t _{f1} | V _{OH} = 2.4 V, V _{OL} = 0.4 V | 1 | | 1.5 | ns | 1 |
| Skew | t _{sk1} | V _T = 1.5 V | | | 100 | ps | 1 |
| Duty Cycle | d _{t1} | V _T = 1.5 V | 45 | | 55 | % | 1 |
| Jitter | t _{jyc-cyc} | V _T = 1.5 V | | | 300 | ps | 1 |

*TA = 0 - 70°C; Supply Voltage VDD = 3.3 V +/-5%, CL = 5 pF with Rs = 33Ω (unless otherwise specified)

¹Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

²All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed assuming that REFOUT is at 14.31818MHz

Table1: CPU and HTT Frequency Selection Table

| Byte 0 | | | | | CPUCLK (2:0) (MHz) | HTT (MHz) | Spread % | Overclock % |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 | | | | |
| CPU SS_EN | CPU FS3 | CPU FS2 | CPU FS1 | CPU FS0 | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | None | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | X / 2 | X / 3 | None | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 230.00 | 76.67 | None | 15% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 240.00 | 80.00 | None | 20% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 66.67 | None | 0% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 133.33 | 66.67 | None | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 166.67 | 66.67 | None | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 200.00 | 66.67 | None | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250.00 | 83.33 | None | 25% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 260.00 | 86.67 | None | 30% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 270.00 | 90.00 | None | 35% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 280.00 | 93.33 | None | 40% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 102.00 | 68.00 | None | 2% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 136.00 | 68.00 | None | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 170.00 | 68.00 | None | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 204.00 | 68.00 | None | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 210.00 | 70.00 | -0.5% | 5% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 220.00 | 73.33 | -0.5% | 10% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 230.00 | 76.67 | -0.5% | 15% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 240.00 | 80.00 | -0.5% | 20% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 66.67 | -0.5% | 0% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 133.33 | 66.67 | -0.5% | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 166.67 | 66.67 | -0.5% | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 200.00 | 66.67 | -0.5% | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250.00 | 83.33 | -0.5% | 25% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 260.00 | 86.67 | -0.5% | 30% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 270.00 | 90.00 | -0.5% | 35% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 280.00 | 93.33 | -0.5% | 40% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 102.00 | 68.00 | -0.5% | 2% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 136.00 | 68.00 | -0.5% | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 170.00 | 68.00 | -0.5% | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 204.00 | 68.00 | -0.5% | |

Table2: SRC Frequency Selection Table

| Byte 0 Bit 5 | Byte 5 | | | | SRC(7:0) (MHz) | Spread % | SRC OverClock % |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 | | | |
| SRC SS_EN | SRC FS3 | SRC FS2 | SRC FS1 | SRC FS0 | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 0 | 0% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 101.00 | 0 | 1% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 102.00 | 0 | 2% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 103.00 | 0 | 3% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 104.00 | 0 | 4% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | 0 | 5% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 106.00 | 0 | 6% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 107.00 | 0 | 7% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 0 | 0% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 101.00 | 0 | 1% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 102.00 | 0 | 2% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 103.00 | 0 | 3% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 104.00 | 0 | 4% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | 0 | 5% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 106.00 | 0 | 6% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 107.00 | 0 | 7% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | -0.25% | 0% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 101.00 | -0.25% | 1% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 102.00 | -0.25% | 2% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 103.00 | -0.25% | 3% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 104.00 | -0.25% | 4% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | -0.25% | 5% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 106.00 | -0.25% | 6% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 107.00 | -0.25% | 7% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | -0.5% | 0% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 101.00 | -0.5% | 1% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 102.00 | -0.5% | 2% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 103.00 | -0.5% | 3% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 104.00 | -0.5% | 4% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | -0.5% | 5% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 106.00 | -0.5% | 6% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 107.00 | -0.5% | 7% |

Table3: ATIG Frequency Selection Table

| Byte 0 | Byte 9 | | | | ATIG(2:0) (MHz) | Spread % | ATIG OverClock % |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Bit 6 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit1 | Bit0 | | | |
| ATIG SS_EN | ATIG FS3 | ATIG FS2 | ATIG FS1 | ATIG FS0 | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 0 | 0% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | 0 | 5% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 110.00 | 0 | 10% |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 115.00 | 0 | 15% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 120.00 | 0 | 20% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 125.00 | 0 | 25% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 130.00 | 0 | 30% |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 135.00 | 0 | 35% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | 0 | 0% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | 0 | 5% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 110.00 | 0 | 10% |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 115.00 | 0 | 15% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 120.00 | 0 | 20% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 125.00 | 0 | 25% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 130.00 | 0 | 30% |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 135.00 | 0 | 35% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | -0.25% | 0% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | -0.25% | 5% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 110.00 | -0.25% | 10% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 115.00 | -0.25% | 15% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 120.00 | -0.25% | 20% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 125.00 | -0.25% | 25% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 130.00 | -0.25% | 30% |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 135.00 | -0.25% | 35% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.00 | -0.5% | 0% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 105.00 | -0.5% | 5% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 110.00 | -0.5% | 10% |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 115.00 | -0.5% | 15% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 120.00 | -0.5% | 20% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 125.00 | -0.5% | 25% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 130.00 | -0.5% | 30% |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 135.00 | -0.5% | 35% |

Table 4: CPU Divider Ratios

| B19b(7:4) | | Divider (3:2) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|-----|
| Divider (1:0) | Bit | 00 | | 01 | | 10 | | 11 | MSB |
| | 00 | 0000 | 2 | 0100 | 4 | 1000 | 8 | 1100 | 16 |
| | 01 | 0001 | 3 | 0101 | 6 | 1001 | 12 | 1101 | 24 |
| | 10 | 0010 | 5 | 0110 | 10 | 1010 | 20 | 1110 | 40 |
| | 11 | 0011 | 15 | 0111 | 30 | 1011 | 60 | 1111 | 120 |
| LSB | Address | Div | Address | | Address | Div | Address | Div | |

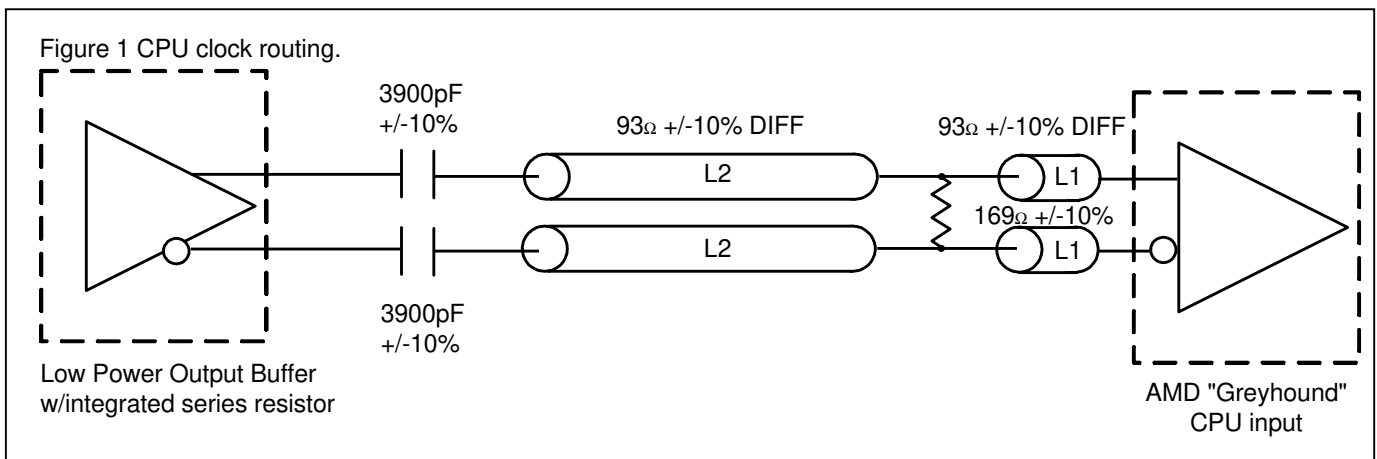
Table 5: HTT Divider Ratios

| B20b(3:0) | | Divider (3:2) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|-----|
| Divider (1:0) | Bit | 00 | | 01 | | 10 | | 11 | MSB |
| | 00 | 0000 | 4 | 0100 | 8 | 1000 | 16 | 1100 | 32 |
| | 01 | 0001 | 3 | 0101 | 6 | 1001 | 12 | 1101 | 24 |
| | 10 | 0010 | 5 | 0110 | 10 | 1010 | 20 | 1110 | 40 |
| | 11 | 0011 | 15 | 0111 | 30 | 1011 | 60 | 1111 | 120 |
| LSB | Address | Div | Address | | Address | Div | Address | Div | |

Table 6: ATIG Divider Ratios

| B19b(3:0) | | Divider (3:2) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|------|-----|
| Divider (1:0) | Bit | 00 | | 01 | | 10 | | 11 | MSB |
| | 00 | 0000 | 2 | 0100 | 4 | 1000 | 8 | 1100 | 16 |
| | 01 | 0001 | 3 | 0101 | 6 | 1001 | 12 | 1101 | 24 |
| | 10 | 0010 | 5 | 0110 | 10 | 1010 | 20 | 1110 | 40 |
| | 11 | 0011 | 7 | 0111 | 14 | 1011 | 28 | 1111 | 56 |
| LSB | Address | Div | Address | | Address | Div | Address | Div | |

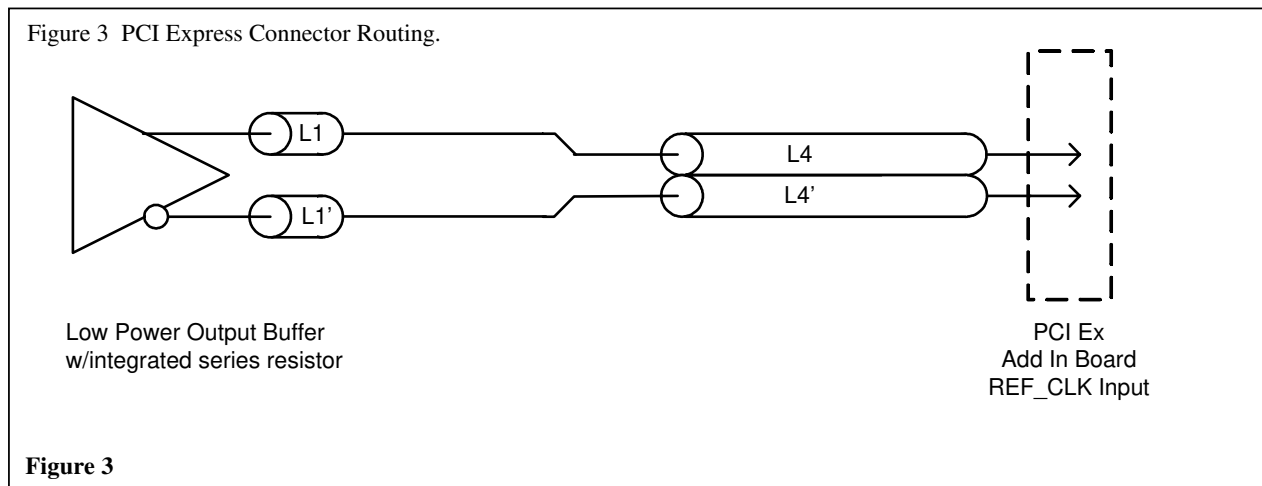
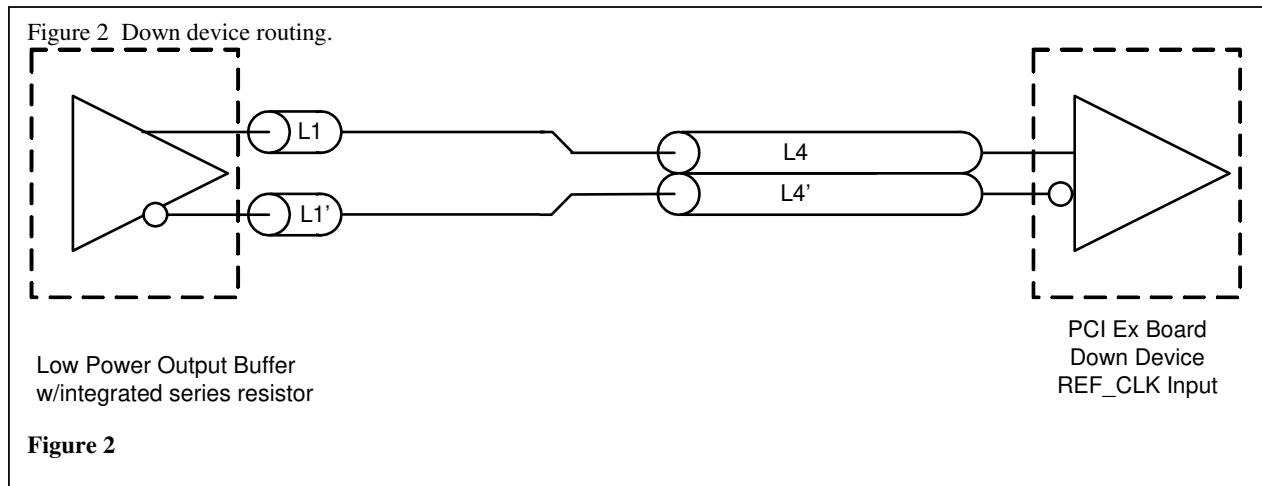
| CPU Clock | | | |
|---|--------------------|------|--------|
| Common Recommendations for Differential Routing | Dimension or Value | Unit | Figure |
| L1 length, Route as coupled 93 ohm trace. | 0.5 max | inch | 1 |
| L2 length, Route as coupled 93 ohm trace. | Contact AMD | inch | 1 |



| SRC Reference Clock | | | |
|---|--------------------|------|--------|
| Common Recommendations for Differential Routing | Dimension or Value | Unit | Figure |
| L1 length, Route as non-coupled 50 ohm trace. | 0.5 max | inch | 2 |
| L2 length, Route as non-coupled 50 ohm trace. | N/A | inch | 2 |
| L3 length, Route as non-coupled 50 ohm trace. | N/A | inch | 2 |
| Rs | 33 | ohm | 2 |
| Rt | 49.9 | ohm | 2 |

| Down Device Differential Routing | Dimension or Value | Unit | Figure |
|---|---------------------|------|--------|
| L4 length, Route as coupled microstrip 100 ohm differential trace. | 2 min to 16 max | inch | 2 |
| L4 length, Route as coupled stripline 100 ohm differential trace. | 1.8 min to 14.4 max | inch | 2 |

| Differential Routing to PCI Express Connector | Dimension or Value | Unit | Figure |
|---|-----------------------|------|--------|
| L4 length, Route as coupled microstrip 100 ohm differential trace. | 0.25 to 14 max | inch | 3 |
| L4 length, Route as coupled stripline 100 ohm differential trace. | 0.225 min to 12.6 max | inch | 3 |



General SMBus serial interface information for the ICS9LPRS464

How to Write:

- Controller (host) sends a start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address $D2_{(H)}$
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the data byte count = X
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending **Byte N through Byte N + X - 1**
- ICS clock will **acknowledge** each byte **one at a time**
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

How to Read:

- Controller (host) will send start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address $D2_{(H)}$
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the read address $D3_{(H)}$
- ICS clock will **acknowledge**
- ICS clock will send the data byte count = X
- ICS clock sends **Byte N + X - 1**
- ICS clock sends **Byte 0 through byte X (if $X_{(H)}$ was written to byte 8).**
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

| Index Block Write Operation | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Controller (Host) | | ICS (Slave/Receiver) |
| T | starT bit | |
| Slave Address $D2_{(H)}$ | | |
| WR | WRite | |
| Beginning Byte = N | | ACK |
| Data Byte Count = X | | ACK |
| Beginning Byte N | | ACK |
| | X Byte | ○ |
| | | ○ |
| | | ○ |
| | | ○ |
| Byte N + X - 1 | | ACK |
| P | stoP bit | |

| Index Block Read Operation | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Controller (Host) | | ICS (Slave/Receiver) | |
| T | starT bit | | |
| Slave Address $D2_{(H)}$ | | | |
| WR | WRite | | |
| Beginning Byte = N | | ACK | |
| Repeat starT | | ACK | |
| Slave Address $D3_{(H)}$ | | | |
| RD | ReaD | | |
| | | ACK | |
| | | Data Byte Count = X | |
| ACK | | | |
| ACK | | X Byte | |
| ○ | | | Beginning Byte N |
| ○ | | | ○ |
| ○ | | | ○ |
| ○ | | ○ | |
| | | Byte N + X - 1 | |
| N | Not acknowledge | | |
| P | stoP bit | | |

SMBus Table: Spread Spectrum Enable and CPU Frequency Select Register

| Byte 0 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|------------|---|------|---|--------|-------|
| Bit 7 | - | FS Source | Latched Input or SMBus Frequency Select | RW | Latched Inputs | SMBus | 0 |
| Bit 6 | - | ATIG SS_EN | ATIG Spread Spectrum Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 0 |
| Bit 5 | - | SRC SS_EN | SRC Spread Spectrum Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 0 |
| Bit 4 | - | CPU SS_EN | CPU Spread Spectrum Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | CPU FS3 | CPU Freq Select Bit 3 | RW | See Table 1: CPU Frequency Selection Table | | 0 |
| Bit 2 | - | CPU FS2 | CPU Freq Select Bit 2 | RW | | | Latch |
| Bit 1 | - | CPU FS1 | CPU Freq Select Bit 1 | RW | | | Latch |
| Bit 0 | - | CPU FS0 | CPU Freq Select Bit 0 | RW | | | Latch |

Note: Each Spread Spectrum Enable bit is independent from the other.
Bit(6:4) must all set to "1" in order to enable spread for CPU, SRC and ATIG clocks.

SMBus Table: Output Control Register

| Byte 1 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|---------|--------|-----|
| Bit 7 | 7 | 48MHz_1 | 48MHz_1 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 6 | 6 | 48MHz_0 | 48MHz_0 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 5 | 54 | REF2 | REF2 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 4 | 55 | REF1 | REF1 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 3 | 56 | REF0 | REF0 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 2 | 51 | HTTCLK0 | HTTCLK0 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 1 | 44,43 | CPUCLK1 | CPUCLK1 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 0 | 48,47 | CPUCLK0 | CPUCLK0 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |

SMBus Table: ATIGCLK and CLKREQB# Output Control Register

| Byte 2 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|----------|----------|------------------------|------|------------------|----------|-----|
| Bit 7 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 6 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 5 | 31,30 | ATIGCLK1 | ATIGCLK1 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 4 | 35,34 | ATIGCLK0 | ATIGCLK0 Output Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 3 | 20,21 | REQBSRC2 | CLKREQB# Controls SRC2 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 2 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 1 | 24,25 | REQBSRC1 | CLKREQB# Controls SRC1 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 0 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |

SMBus Table: SRCCLK Output Control Register

| Byte 3 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|----------|--|------|---------|--------|-----|
| Bit 7 | 12,13 | SRCCLK5 | Master Output control. Enables or disables output, regardless of CLKREQ# inputs. | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 6 | 16,17 | SRCCLK4 | | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 5 | 18,19 | SRCCLK3 | | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 4 | 20,21 | SRCCLK2 | | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 3 | | Reserved | | - | - | - | 1 |
| Bit 2 | 24,25 | SRCCLK1 | | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |
| Bit 1 | | Reserved | | - | - | - | 1 |
| Bit 0 | 39,38 | SRCCLK0 | | RW | Disable | Enable | 1 |

SMBus Table: CLKREQB# and CLKREQC# Output Control Register

| Byte 4 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|------|------------------|----------|-----|
| Bit 7 | 12,13 | REQASRC5 | CLKREQA# Controls SRC5 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 6 | 16,17 | REQASRC4 | CLKREQA# Controls SRC4 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 5 | 18,19 | REQASRC3 | CLKREQA# Controls SRC3 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 4 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 3 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 2 | 31,30 | REQCATIG1 | CLKREQC# Controls ATIG1 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 1 | 35,34 | REQCATIG0 | CLKREQC# Controls ATIG0 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |
| Bit 0 | 39,38 | REQSRC0 | CLKREQC# Controls SRC0 | RW | Does not control | Controls | 0 |

SMBus Table: CPU Stop Control and SRC Frequency Select Register

| Byte 5 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|----------|----------|--|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | | IO_VOUT2 | IO Output Voltage Select (Most Significant Bit) | RW | See Table 8: V_IO Selection (Default is 0.8V) | | 1 |
| Bit 6 | | IO_VOUT1 | IO Output Voltage Select | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 5 | | IO_VOUT0 | IO Output Voltage Select (Least Significant Bit) | RW | | | 1 |
| Bit 4 | Reserved | | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | SRC FS3 | SRC Freq Select Bit 3 | RW | See Table 2: SRC Frequency Selection Table | | 0 |
| Bit 2 | - | SRC FS2 | SRC Freq Select Bit 2 | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 1 | - | SRC FS1 | SRC Freq Select Bit 1 | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 0 | - | SRC FS0 | SRC Freq Select Bit 0 | RW | | | 0 |

SMBus Table: Device ID Register

| Byte 6 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|------------------|------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | Device ID7 (MSB) | DEVICE ID | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 6 | - | Device ID6 | | R | - | - | 1 |
| Bit 5 | - | Device ID5 | | R | - | - | 1 |
| Bit 4 | - | Device ID4 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | Device ID3 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 2 | - | Device ID2 | | R | - | - | 1 |
| Bit 1 | - | Device ID1 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 0 | - | Device ID0 (LSB) | | R | - | - | 0 |

SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

| Byte 7 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|------|------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | RID3 | REVISION ID | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 6 | - | RID2 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 5 | - | RID1 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 4 | - | RID0 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | VID3 | VENDOR ID | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 2 | - | VID2 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 1 | - | VID1 | | R | - | - | 0 |
| Bit 0 | - | VID0 | | R | - | - | 1 |

SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

| Byte 8 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|------|-------------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | BC7 | Byte Count Programming b(7:0) | RW | Writing to this register will configure how many bytes will be read back, default is 9 bytes. | | 0 |
| Bit 6 | - | BC6 | | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 5 | - | BC5 | | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 4 | - | BC4 | | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | BC3 | | RW | | | 1 |
| Bit 2 | - | BC2 | | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 1 | - | BC1 | | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 0 | - | BC0 | | RW | | | 1 |

SMBus Table: REF2, 48MHz Output Strength Control and ATIG Frequency Select Register

| Byte 9 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|--------|-------|------------|--------------------------|------|---|----|-----|
| Bit 7 | 54 | REF2Str | REF2 Strength Control | RW | 1X | 2X | 1 |
| Bit 6 | 7 | 48MHz_1Str | 48MHz_1 Strength Control | RW | 1X | 2X | 1 |
| Bit 5 | 6 | 48MHz_0Str | 48MHz_0 Strength Control | RW | 1X | 2X | 1 |
| Bit 4 | - | Reserved | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | ATIG FS3 | ATIG Freq Select Bit 3 | RW | See Table 3: ATIG Frequency Selection Table | | 0 |
| Bit 2 | - | ATIG FS2 | ATIG Freq Select Bit 2 | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 1 | - | ATIG FS1 | ATIG Freq Select Bit 1 | RW | | | 0 |
| Bit 0 | - | ATIG FS0 | ATIG Freq Select Bit 0 | RW | | | 0 |

SMBus Table: PLLs M/N Programming Enable and REF1, REF0 Output Strength Control Register

| Byte 10 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|----------|-----------------------------|------|---------|--------|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | M/N_EN | PLLs M/N Programming Enable | RW | Disable | Enable | 0 |
| Bit 6 | 55 | REF1Str | REF1 Strength Control | RW | 1X | 2X | 1 |
| Bit 5 | 56 | REF0Str | REF0 Strength Control | RW | 1X | 2X | 1 |
| Bit 4 | - | Reserved | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | Reserved | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 2 | - | Reserved | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 1 | - | Reserved | | | | | 0 |
| Bit 0 | - | Reserved | | | | | 0 |

SMBus Table: CPU PLL VCO Frequency Control Register

| Byte 11 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|---------|----------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | N Div8 | N Divider Prog bit 8 | RW | The decimal representation of M and N Divider in Byte 11 and 12 will configure the VCO frequency. Default at power up = latch-in or Byte 0 Rom table. VCO Frequency = $14.318 \times [\text{NDiv}(9:0)+8] / [\text{MDiv}(5:0)+2]$ | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | N Div 9 | N Divider Prog bit 9 | RW | | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | M Div5 | M Divider Programming bits | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | M Div4 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | M Div3 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | M Div2 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | M Div1 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | M Div0 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: CPU PLL VCO Frequency Control Register

| Byte 12 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|--------|------------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | N Div7 | N Divider Programming b(7:0) | RW | The decimal representation of M and N Divider in Byte 11 and 12 will configure the VCO frequency. Default at power up = latch-in or Byte 0 Rom table. VCO Frequency = $14.318 \times [\text{NDiv}(9:0)+8] / [\text{MDiv}(5:0)+2]$ | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | N Div6 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | N Div5 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | N Div4 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | N Div3 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | N Div2 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | N Div1 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | N Div0 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: CPU PLL Spread Spectrum Control Register

| Byte 13 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|------|---------------------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | SSP7 | Spread Spectrum Programming b(7:0) | RW | These Spread Spectrum bits in Byte 13 and 14 will program the spread percentage. It is recommended to use ICS Spread % table for spread programming. | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | SSP6 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | SSP5 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | SSP4 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | SSP3 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | SSP2 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | SSP1 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | SSP0 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: CPU PLL Spread Spectrum Control Register

| Byte 14 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|-------|--|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | | Reserved | | | | 0 |
| Bit 6 | - | SSP14 | Spread Spectrum Programming b(14:8) | RW | These Spread Spectrum bits in Byte 13 and 14 will program the spread percentage. It is recommended to use ICS Spread % table for spread programming. | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | SSP13 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | SSP12 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | SSP11 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | SSP10 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | SSP9 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | SSP8 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: ATIG PLL VCO Frequency Control Register

| Byte 15 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|--------|----------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | N Div8 | N Divider Prog bit 8 | RW | The decimal representation of M and N Divier in Byte 17 and 18 will configure the VCO frequency. Default at power up = Byte 0 Rom table. VCO Frequency = 14.318 x [NDiv(9:0)+8] / [MDiv(5:0)+2] | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | N Div9 | N Divider Prog bit 9 | RW | | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | M Div5 | M Divider Programming bits | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | M Div4 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | M Div3 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | M Div2 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | M Div1 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | M Div0 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: ATIG PLL VCO Frequency Control Register

| Byte 16 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|--------|------------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | N Div7 | N Divider Programming b(7:0) | RW | The decimal representation of M and N Divier in Byte 17 and 18 will configure the VCO frequency. Default at power up = Byte 0 Rom table. VCO Frequency = 14.318 x [NDiv(9:0)+8] / [MDiv(5:0)+2] | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | N Div6 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | N Div5 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | N Div4 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | N Div3 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | N Div2 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | N Div1 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | N Div0 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: ATIG PLL Spread Spectrum Control Register

| Byte 17 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|------|---------------------------------------|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | SSP7 | Spread Spectrum Programming b(7:0) | RW | These Spread Spectrum bits in Byte 19 and 20 will program the spread percentage. It is recommended to use ICS Spread % table for spread programming. | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | SSP6 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | SSP5 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 4 | - | SSP4 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 3 | - | SSP3 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | SSP2 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 1 | - | SSP1 | | RW | | | X |
| Bit 0 | - | SSP0 | | RW | | | X |

SMBus Table: ATIG PLL Spread Spectrum Control Register

| Byte 18 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|-------|--|------|---|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | | | Reserved | | | | 0 |
| Bit 6 | - | SSP14 | Spread Spectrum Programming b(14:8) | RW | These Spread Spectrum bits in Byte 19 and 20 will program the spread percentage. It is recommended to use ICS Spread % table for spread programming. | | X |
| Bit 5 | - | SSP13 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 4 | - | SSP12 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 3 | - | SSP11 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 2 | - | SSP10 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 1 | - | SSP9 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 0 | - | SSP8 | | RW | | X | |

SMBus Table: CPU and ATIG Divider Ratio Programming Bits Select Register

| Byte 19 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|-----------|--|------|-------------------------------------|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | - | CPU_Div3 | CPU_Divider Ratio Programming Bits | RW | See Table 4: CPU Divider Ratios | | X |
| Bit 6 | - | CPU_Div2 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 5 | - | CPU_Div1 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 4 | - | CPU_Div0 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 3 | - | ATIG_Div3 | ATIG_Divider Ratio Programming Bits | RW | See Table 5: ATIG Divider Ratios | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | ATIG_Div2 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 1 | - | ATIG_Div1 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 0 | - | ATIG_Div0 | | RW | | X | |

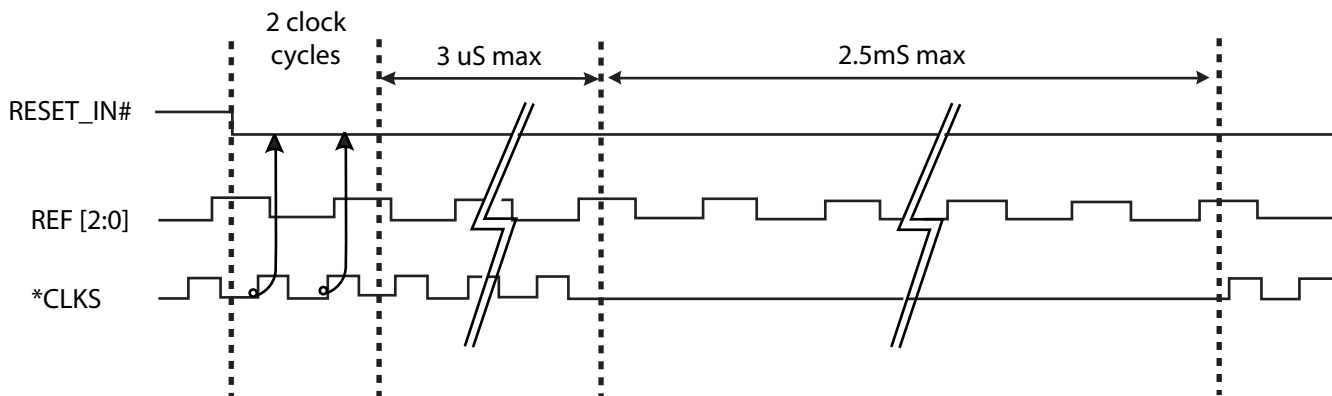
SMBus Table: HTT Divider Ratio Programming Bits Select Register

| Byte 20 | Pin # | Name | Control Function | Type | 0 | 1 | PWD |
|---------|-------|----------|---------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|---|-----|
| Bit 7 | | | Reserved | | | | 0 |
| Bit 6 | | | Reserved | | | | 0 |
| Bit 5 | | | Reserved | | | | 0 |
| Bit 4 | | | Reserved | | | | 0 |
| Bit 3 | - | HTT_Div3 | HTT_Divider Ratio Programming Bits | RW | See Table 6: HTT Divider Ratios | | X |
| Bit 2 | - | HTT_Div2 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 1 | - | HTT_Div1 | | RW | | X | |
| Bit 0 | - | HTT_Div0 | | RW | | X | |

RESET_IN# - Assertion (transition from '1' to '0')

Asserting RESET_IN pin stops all the outputs including CPU, SRC, ATIG, PCI and USB with the REF[2:0] running. The pin is a Schmitt trigger input with debouncing. After it is triggered, REF clocks will wait for two clock cycle to ensure the RESET_IN is asserted. Then, it will take 3uS for the clocks to stop without glitches. The clock chip will be power down and re-power up, and SMBus will be reloaded. It will take no more than 2.5mS for the clocks to come out with correct frequencies and no glitches.

** Deassertion of RESET_IN# (transition from '0' to '1') has NO effect on the clocks.



Shared Pin Operation - Input/Output Pins

The I/O pins designated by (input/output) on the **ICS9LPRS464** serve as dual signal functions to the device. During initial power-up, they act as input pins. The logic level (voltage) that is present on these pins at this time is read and stored into a 5-bit internal data latch. At the end of Power-On reset, (see AC characteristics for timing values), the device changes the mode of operations for these pins to an output function. In this mode the pins produce the specified buffered clocks to external loads.

To program (load) the internal configuration register for these pins, a resistor is connected to either the VDD (logic 1) power supply or the GND (logic 0) voltage potential. A 10 Kilohm (10K) resistor is used to provide both the solid CMOS programming voltage needed during the power-up programming period and to provide an insignificant load on the output clock during the subsequent operating period.

Figure 1 shows a means of implementing this function when a switch or 2 pin header is used. With no jumper is installed the pin will be pulled high. With the jumper in place the pin will be pulled

low. If programmability is not necessary, than only a single resistor is necessary. The programming resistors should be located close to the series termination resistor to minimize the current loop area. It is more important to locate the series termination resistor close to the driver than the programming resistor.

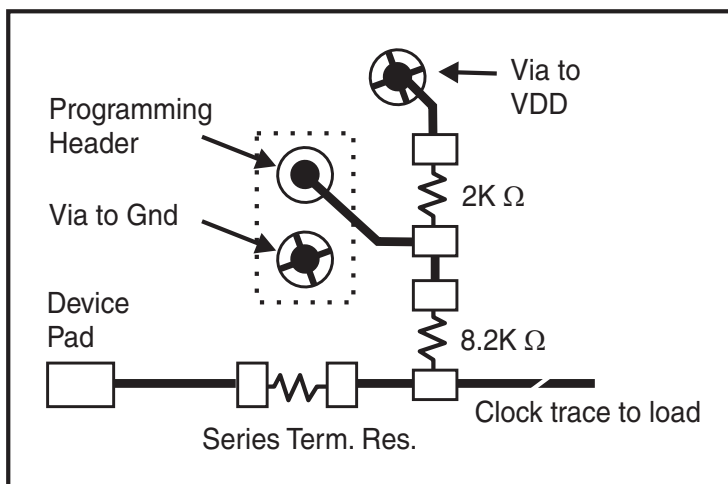
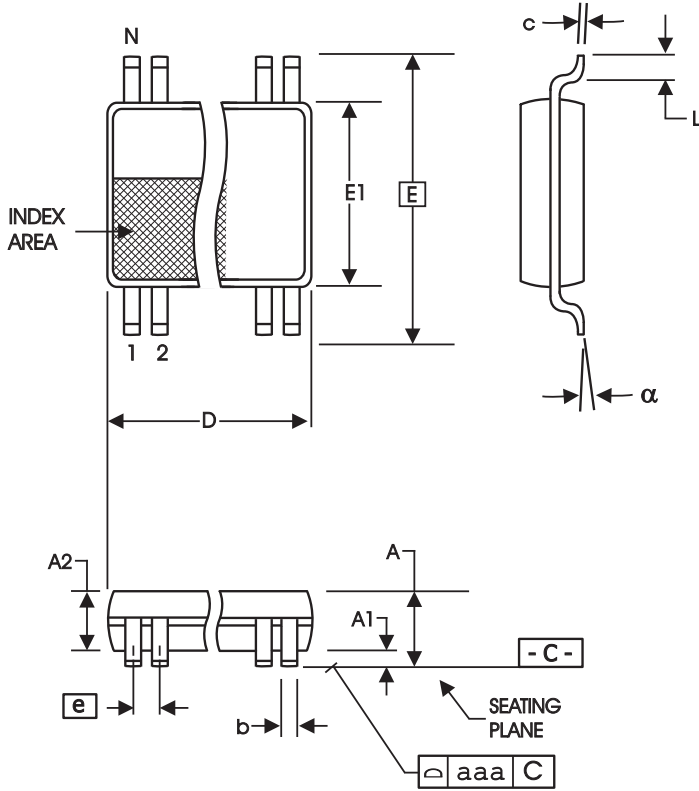


Fig. 1



56-Lead 6.10 mm. Body, 0.50 mm. Pitch TSSOP
(240 mil) (20 mil)

| SYMBOL | In Millimeters | | In Inches | |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | COMMON DIMENSIONS | COMMON DIMENSIONS | COMMON DIMENSIONS | COMMON DIMENSIONS |
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | -- | 1.20 | -- | .047 |
| A1 | 0.05 | 0.15 | .002 | .006 |
| A2 | 0.80 | 1.05 | .032 | .041 |
| b | 0.17 | 0.27 | .007 | .011 |
| c | 0.09 | 0.20 | .0035 | .008 |
| D | SEE VARIATIONS | | SEE VARIATIONS | |
| E | 8.10 BASIC | | 0.319 BASIC | |
| E1 | 6.00 | 6.20 | .236 | .244 |
| e | 0.50 BASIC | | 0.020 BASIC | |
| L | 0.45 | 0.75 | .018 | .030 |
| N | SEE VARIATIONS | | SEE VARIATIONS | |
| alpha | 0° | 8° | 0° | 8° |
| aaa | -- | 0.10 | -- | .004 |

VARIATIONS

| N | D mm. | | D (inch) | |
|----|-------|-------|----------|------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| 56 | 13.90 | 14.10 | .547 | .555 |

Reference Doc.: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

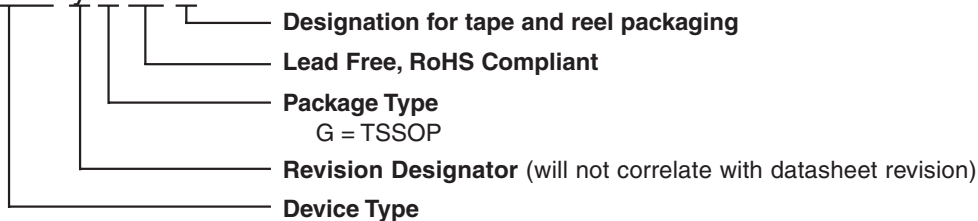
10-0039

Ordering Information

ICS 9LPRS464yGLFT

Example:

ICS XXXX y G LFT



Revision History

| Rev. | Issue Date | Description | Page # |
|------|------------|---|----------|
| A | 4/7/2008 | 1. Updated IDD current. 2. Added Down device routing Diagram and PCI Express Connector Routing Diagram. 3. Going to Release. 4. Updated Rs on REF & USB to 33ohm. 5. Corrected REF ppm to +/- 100ppm. | 5,7-8,13 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

This product is protected by United States Patent NO. 7,342,420 and other patents.

Innovate with IDT and accelerate your future networks. Contact:

www.IDT.com

For Sales

800-345-7015
408-284-8200
Fax: 408-284-2775

For Tech Support

408-284-6578
pcclockhelp@idt.com

Corporate Headquarters

Integrated Device Technology, Inc.
6024 Silver Creek Valley Road
San Jose, CA 95138
United States
800 345 7015
+408 284 8200 (outside U.S.)

Asia Pacific and Japan

Integrated Device Technology
Singapore (1997) Pte. Ltd.
Reg. No. 199707558G
435 Orchard Road
#20-03 Wisma Atria
Singapore 238877
+65 6 887 5505

Europe

IDT Europe, Limited
Prime House
Barnett Wood Lane
Leatherhead, Surrey
United Kingdom KT22 7DE
+44 1372 363 339



www.IDT.com

© 2006 Integrated Device Technology, Inc. All rights reserved. Product specifications subject to change without notice. IDT and the IDT logo are trademarks of Integrated Device Technology, Inc. Accelerated Thinking is a service mark of Integrated Device Technology, Inc. All other brands, product names and marks are or may be trademarks or registered trademarks used to identify products or services of their respective owners.
Printed in USA