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Diode

Silicon Carbide Schottky Diode

IDH08G120C5

5th Generation thinQ!™ 1200 V SiC Schottky Diode

Final Datasheet

Rev. 2.0 2015-07-22

Industrial Power Control



thinQ!TM SiC Schottky Diode

Features:

- Revolutionary semiconductor material Silicon Carbide
- No reverse recovery current / No forward recovery
- Temperature independent switching behavior
- Low forward voltage even at high operating temperature
- Tight forward voltage distribution
- Excellent thermal performance
- Extended surge current capability
- Specified dv/dt ruggedness
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

Benefits

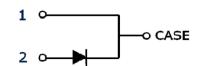
- System efficiency improvement over Si diodes
- Enabling higher frequency / increased power density solutions
- System size / cost savings due to reduced heatsink requirements and smaller magnetics
- Reduced EMI
- Highest efficiency across the entire load range
- Robust diode operation during surge events
- High reliability
- RelatedLinks: <u>www.infineon.com/sic</u>

Applications

- Solar inverters
- Uninterruptable power supplies
- Motor drives
- Power Factor Correction

Package pin definitions

- Pin 1 and backside cathode
- Pin 2 anode













Key Performance and Package Parameters

Туре	V _{DC}	I _F	Q c	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IDH08G120C5	1200V	8A	28nC	175°C	D0812C5	PG-TO220-2-1

1) J-STD20 and JESD22





5th Generation thinQ!™ 1200 V SiC Schottky Diode

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Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	1200	V	
Continues forward current for $R_{th(j-c,max)}$ $T_C = 151^{\circ}C$, D=1 $T_C = 135^{\circ}C$, D=1 $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, D=1	I _F	8.0 11.0 22.8	А	
Surge non-repetitive forward current, sine halfwave $T_{\rm C}$ =25°C, $t_{\rm p}$ =10ms $T_{\rm C}$ =150°C, $t_{\rm p}$ =10ms	I _{F,SM}	70 60	А	
Non-repetitive peak forward current $T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$, $t_{\rm p} = 10 \mu{\rm s}$	I _{F,max}	530	А	
i ² t value $T_{\rm C} = 25$ °C, $t_{\rm p} = 10$ ms $T_{\rm C} = 150$ °C, $t_{\rm p} = 10$ ms	∫ i²dt	25 18	A²s	
Diode dv/dt ruggedness V_R =0960V	d <i>v</i> /d <i>t</i>	80	V/ns	
Power dissipation $T_C = 25$ °C	P _{tot} 126		W	
Operating temperature	T _j	-55175	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55150	°C	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	T_{sold}	260	°C	
Mounting torque M3 and M4 screws	М	0.7	Nm	

Thermal Resistances

Parameter	Compleal	Conditions	Value			Unit
Parameter	Syllibol		min.	typ.	max.	- Unit
Characteristic	-		•	•		•
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R _{th(j-c)}		-	0.92	1.19	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R _{th(j-a)}	leaded	-	-	62	K/W



Electrical Characteristics

Static Characteristics, at T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	anditions		Value	
raiailletei		Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Static Characteristic						
DC blocking voltage	$V_{ m DC}$	<i>T</i> _j = 25°C	1200	-	-	V
Diode forward voltage	V _F	<i>I</i> _F = 8A, <i>T</i> _j =25°C	-	1.65	1.95	V
Diode forward voltage		$I_{\rm F}=8{\rm A},\ T_{\rm j}=150^{\circ}{\rm C}$	-	2.25	2.85	
Reverse current	I _R	V _R =1200V, T _j =25°C		3	40	μА
neverse current		V _R =1200V, T _j =150°C		14	210	

Dynamic Characteristics, at T_j =25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
raiaillelei	Syllibol		min.	typ.	max.	Offic
Dynamic Characteristics						
Total capacitive charge		V _R =800V, T _j =150°C				
	$Q_{\mathbb{C}}$	$Q_C = \int_C^{V_R} C(V) dV$	-	28	-	nC
		0				
		V _R =1 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz	-	365	-	
Total Capacitance	C	V _R =400 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz	-	26	-	pF
		V _R =800 V, f=1 MHz	-	20	-	



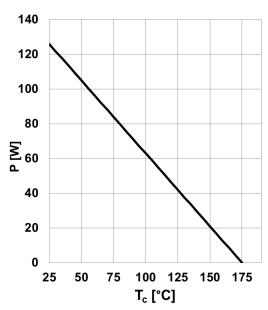


Figure 1. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature, $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{C}})$, $R_{\text{th(j-c)},\text{max}}$

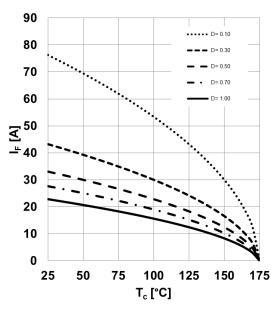


Figure 2. Diode forward current as function of temperature, $T_j \le 175$ °C, $R_{\text{th(j-c)},\text{max}}$, parameter D=duty cycle, V_{th} , R_{diff} @ $T_j = 175$ °C

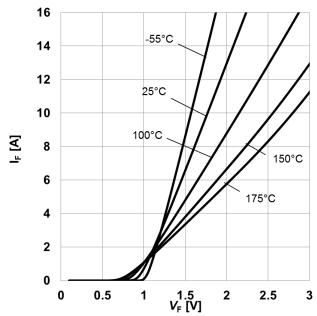


Figure 3. **Typical forward characteristics,** $I_F = f(V_F)$, $t_D = 10 \mu s$, parameter: T_i

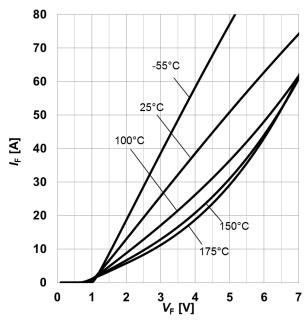


Figure 4. Typical forward characteristics in surge current, $I_F=f(V_F)$, $t_p=10 \ \mu s$, parameter: T_i

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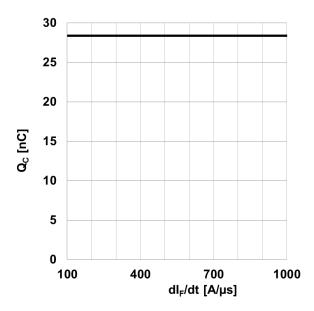


Figure 5. Typical capacitive charge as function of current slope¹, $Q_{\mathbb{C}}=f(dI_{\mathbb{F}}/dt)$, $T_{\mathbb{j}}=150^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 1) Only capacitive charge, guaranteed by design.

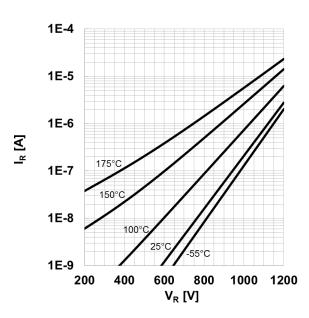


Figure 6. Typical reverse current as function of reverse voltage, $I_R = f(V_R)$, parameter: T_i

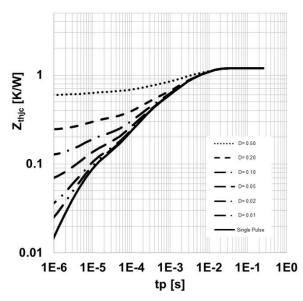


Figure 7. **Max.** transient thermal impedance, $Z_{\text{th,jc}} = f(t_P)$, parameter: $D = t_P/T$

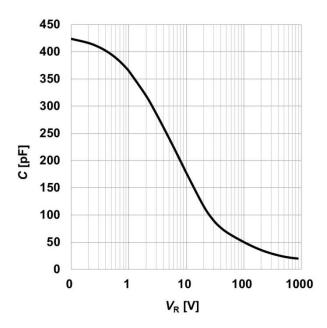


Figure 8. Typical capacitance as function of reverse voltage, $C=f(V_R)$; $T_i=25$ °C; f=1 MHz

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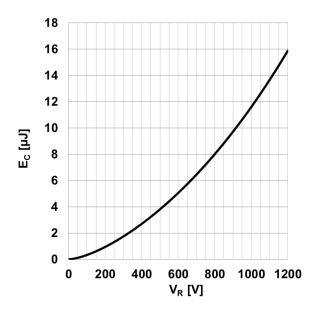
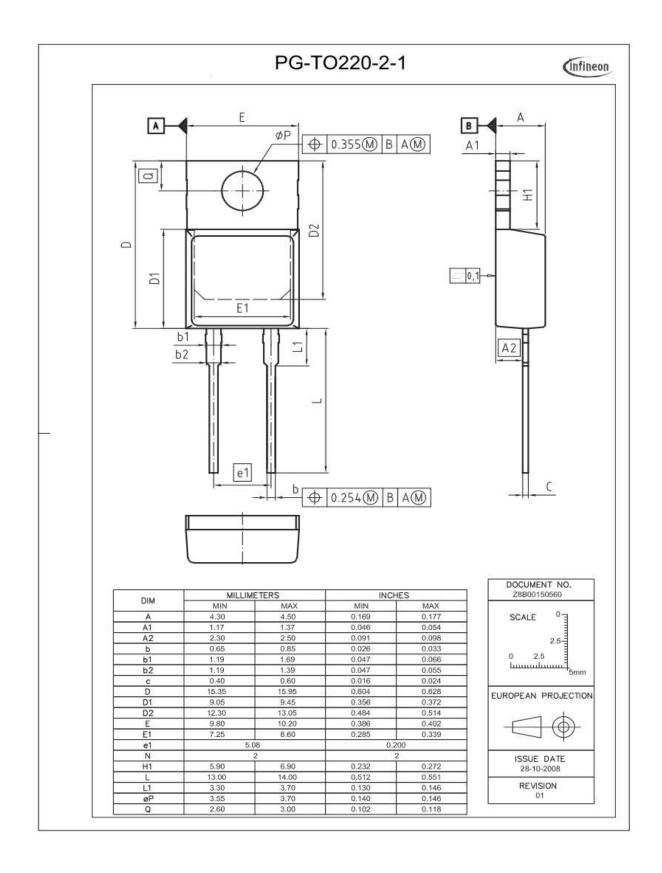


Figure 9. Typical capacitively stored energy as function of reverse voltage,

$$E_C = \int_0^{V_R} C(V)VdV$$







Revision History

IDH08G120C5

Revision: 2015-07-22, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision:						
Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last version)				
2.0	-	Final data sheet				

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