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## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



# ADC1206S040/055/070

Single 12 bits ADC, up to 40 MHz, 55 MHz or 70 MHz

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Product data sheet

## 1. General description

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The ADC1206S040/055/070 are a family of BiCMOS 12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converters (ADC) optimized for a wide range of applications such as cellular infrastructures, professional telecommunications, imaging, and digital radio. It converts the analog input signal into 12-bit binary coded digital words at a maximum sampling rate of 70 MHz. All static digital inputs (SH,  $\overline{CE}$  and OTC) are Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL) and CMOS compatible and all outputs are CMOS compatible. A sine wave clock input signal can also be used.

## 2. Features

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- 12-bit resolution
- Sampling rate up to 70 MHz
- -3 dB bandwidth of 245 MHz
- 5 V power supplies and 3.3 V output power supply
- Binary or twos complement CMOS outputs
- In-range CMOS compatible output
- TTL and CMOS compatible static digital inputs
- TTL and CMOS compatible digital outputs
- Differential AC or Positive Emitter-Coupled Logic (PECL) clock input; TTL compatible
- Power dissipation 550 mW (typical)
- Low analog input capacitance (typical 2 pF), no buffer amplifier required
- Integrated sample and hold amplifier
- Differential analog input
- External amplitude range control
- Voltage controlled regulator included
- -40 °C to +85 °C ambient temperature

## 3. Applications

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High-speed analog-to-digital conversion for:

- Cellular infrastructure
- Professional telecommunication
- Digital radio
- Radar
- Medical imaging
- Fixed network
- Cable modem



- Barcode scanner
- Cable Modem Termination System (CMTS)/  
Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS)

## 4. Quick reference data

**Table 1. Quick reference data**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  
 $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  
 $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol         | Parameter                  | Conditions  | Min  | Typ  | Max         | Unit |
|----------------|----------------------------|---|------|------|-------------|------|
| $V_{CCA}$      | analog supply voltage      |   | 4.75 | 5.0  | 5.25        | V    |
| $V_{CCD}$      | digital supply voltage     |   | 4.75 | 5.0  | 5.25        | V    |
| $V_{CCO}$      | output supply voltage      |   | 3.0  | 3.3  | 3.6         | V    |
| $I_{CCA}$      | analog supply current      |   | -    | 78   | 87          | mA   |
| $I_{CCD}$      | digital supply current     |   | -    | 27   | 30          | mA   |
| $I_{CCO}$      | output supply current      | $f_{clk} = 20$ MHz<br>$f_i = 400$ kHz                                 | -    | 3    | 4           | mA   |
| INL            | integral non-linearity     | $f_{clk} = 20$ MHz<br>$f_i = 400$ kHz                                 | -    | ±2.6 | ±4.5        | LSB  |
| DNL            | differential non-linearity | $f_{clk} = 20$ MHz<br>$f_i = 400$ kHz<br>(no missing code guaranteed) | -    | ±0.5 | +1.1 – 0.95 | LSB  |
| $f_{clk(max)}$ | maximum clock frequency    | ADC1206S040H  | 40   | -    | -           | MHz  |
|                |                            | ADC1206S055H  | 55   | -    | -           | MHz  |
|                |                            | ADC1206S070H  | 70   | -    | -           | MHz  |
| $P_{tot}$      | total power dissipation    | $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz<br>$f_i = 20$ MHz                                  | -    | 550  | 660         | mW   |

## 5. Ordering information

**Table 2. Ordering information**

| Type number  | Package |  |          | Sampling frequency (MHz) |
|--------------|---------|--|----------|--------------------------|
|              | Name    | Description  | Version  |                          |
| ADC1206S040H | QFP44   | plastic quad flat package; 44 leads (lead length 1.3 mm); body 10 × 10 × 1.75 mm | SOT307-2 | 40                       |
| ADC1206S055H | QFP44   | plastic quad flat package; 44 leads (lead length 1.3 mm); body 10 × 10 × 1.75 mm | SOT307-2 | 55                       |
| ADC1206S070H | QFP44   | plastic quad flat package; 44 leads (lead length 1.3 mm); body 10 × 10 × 1.75 mm | SOT307-2 | 70                       |

## 6. Block diagram

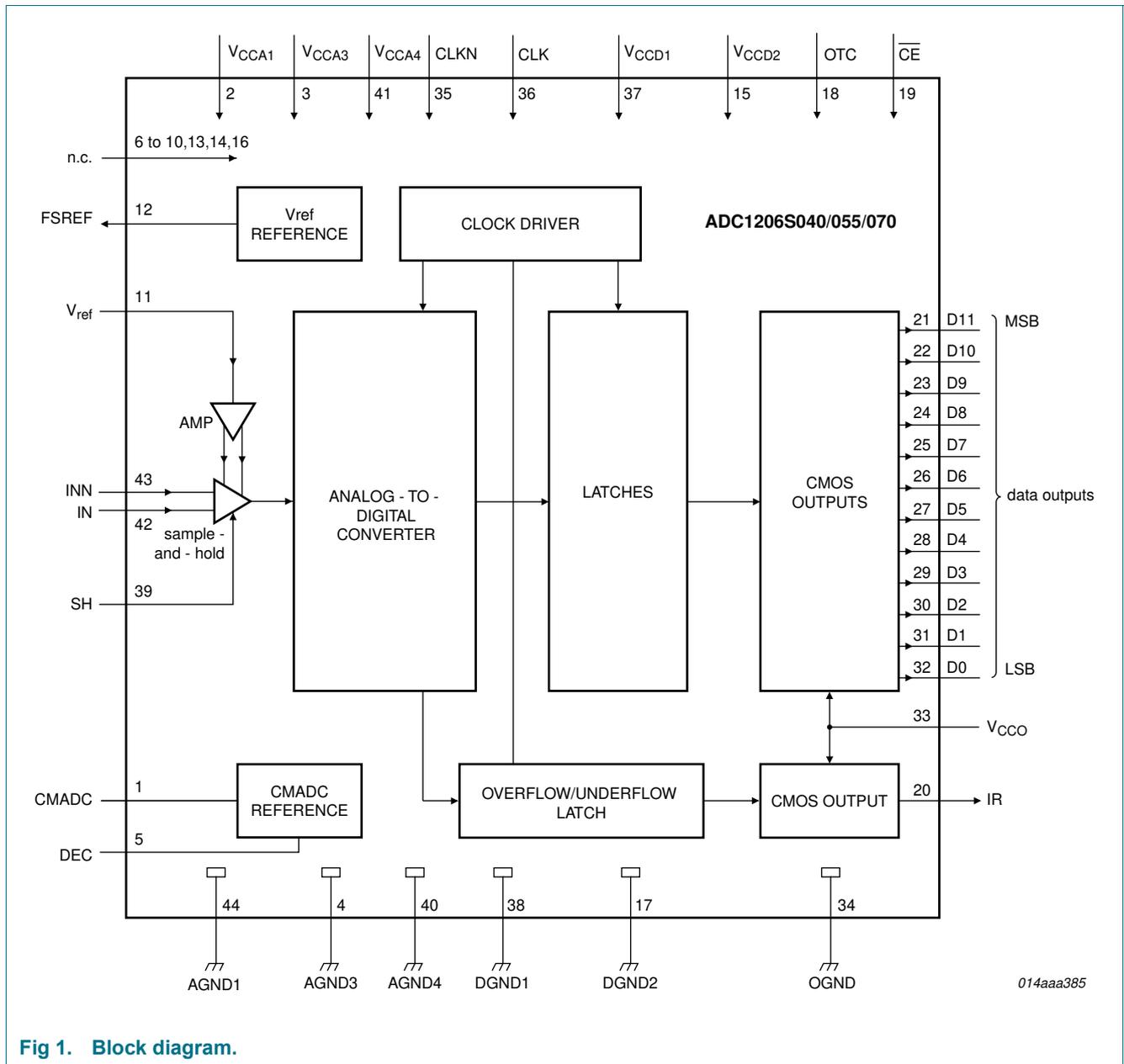


Fig 1. Block diagram.

## 7. Pinning information

### 7.1 Pinning

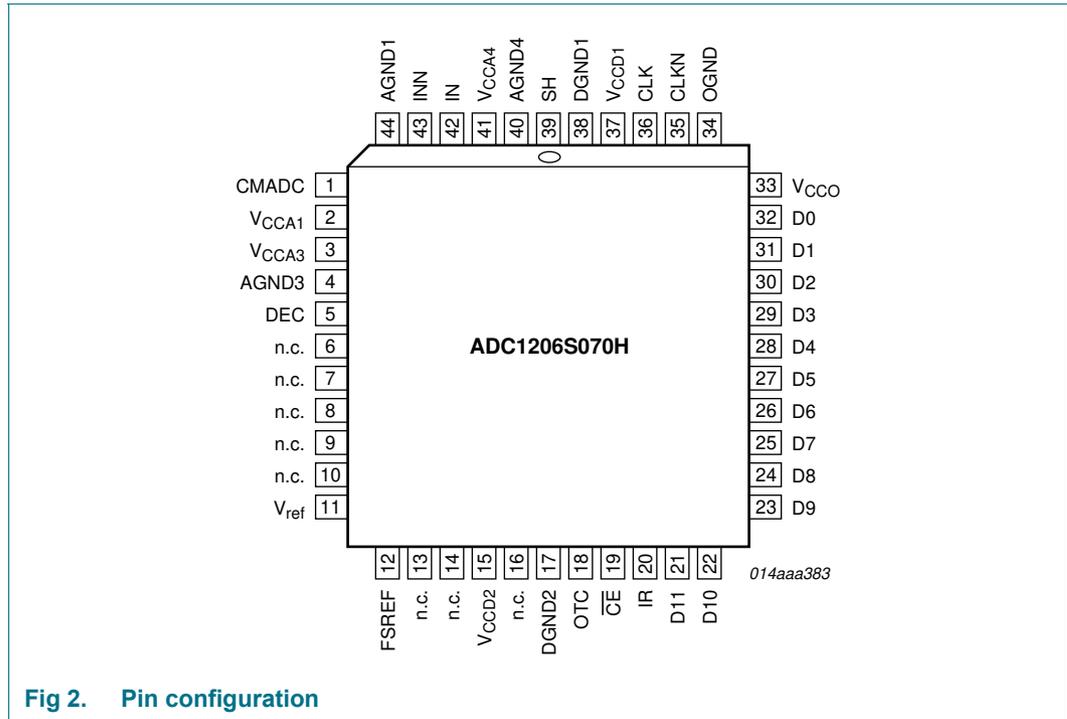


Fig 2. Pin configuration

### 7.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Symbol            | Pin | Description                            |
|-------------------|-----|--|
| CMADC             | 1   | regulator output common mode ADC input |
| V <sub>CCA1</sub> | 2   | analog supply voltage 1 (5 V)          |
| V <sub>CCA3</sub> | 3   | analog supply voltage 3 (5 V)          |
| AGND3             | 4   | analog ground 3                        |
| DEC               | 5   | decoupling node                        |
| n.c.              | 6   | not connected                          |
| n.c.              | 7   | not connected                          |
| n.c.              | 8   | not connected                          |
| n.c.              | 9   | not connected                          |
| n.c.              | 10  | not connected                          |
| V <sub>ref</sub>  | 11  | reference voltage input                |
| FSREF             | 12  | full-scale reference output            |
| n.c.              | 13  | not connected                          |
| n.c.              | 14  | not connected                          |
| V <sub>CCD2</sub> | 15  | digital supply voltage 2 (5 V)         |
| n.c.              | 16  | not connected                          |

Table 3. Pin description ...continued

| Symbol            | Pin | Description  |
|-------------------|-----|--|
| DGND2             | 17  | digital ground 2                                       |
| OTC               | 18  | control input twos complement output; active HIGH      |
| $\overline{CE}$   | 19  | chip enable input (CMOS level; active LOW)             |
| IR                | 20  | in-range output  |
| D11               | 21  | data output; bit 11 (Most Significant Bit (MSB))       |
| D10               | 22  | data output; bit 10                                    |
| D9                | 23  | data output; bit 9                                     |
| D8                | 24  | data output; bit 8                                     |
| D7                | 25  | data output; bit 7                                     |
| D6                | 26  | data output; bit 6                                     |
| D5                | 27  | data output; bit 5                                     |
| D4                | 28  | data output; bit 4                                     |
| D3                | 29  | data output; bit 3                                     |
| D2                | 30  | data output; bit 2                                     |
| D1                | 31  | data output; bit 1                                     |
| D0                | 32  | data output; bit 0 (Least Significant Bit (LSB))       |
| V <sub>CCO</sub>  | 33  | output supply voltage (3.3 V)                          |
| OGND              | 34  | output ground  |
| CLKN              | 35  | complementary clock input                              |
| CLK               | 36  | clock input  |
| V <sub>CCD1</sub> | 37  | digital supply voltage 1 (5 V)                         |
| DGND1             | 38  | digital ground 1                                       |
| SH                | 39  | sample-and-hold enable input (CMOS level; active HIGH) |
| AGND4             | 40  | analog ground 4  |
| V <sub>CCA4</sub> | 41  | analog supply voltage 4 (5 V)                          |
| IN                | 42  | analog input voltage                                   |
| INN               | 43  | complementary analog input voltage                     |
| AGND1             | 44  | analog ground 1  |

## 8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

| Symbol           | Parameter                 | Conditions                          | Min      | Max  | Unit |
|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|------|------|
| V <sub>CCA</sub> | analog supply voltage     |                                     | [1] -0.3 | +7.0 | V    |
| V <sub>CCD</sub> | digital supply voltage    |                                     | [1] -0.3 | +7.0 | V    |
| V <sub>CCO</sub> | output supply voltage     |                                     | [1] -0.3 | +7.0 | V    |
| $\Delta V_{CC}$  | supply voltage difference | V <sub>CCA</sub> - V <sub>CCD</sub> | -1.0     | +1.0 | V    |
|                  |                           | V <sub>CCD</sub> - V <sub>CCO</sub> | -1.0     | +4.0 | V    |
|                  |                           | V <sub>CCA</sub> - V <sub>CCO</sub> | -1.0     | +4.0 | V    |

**Table 4. Limiting values ...continued**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

| Symbol            | Parameter                        | Conditions                                 | Min | Max       | Unit |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----|-----------|------|
| $V_{i(IN)}$       | input voltage on pin IN          | referenced to AGND                         | 0.3 | $V_{CCA}$ | V    |
| $V_{i(INN)}$      | input voltage on pin INN         |  | 0.3 | $V_{CCA}$ | V    |
| $V_{i(clk)(p-p)}$ | peak-to-peak clock input voltage | differential clock drive at pins 35 and 36 | -   | $V_{CCD}$ | V    |
| $I_O$             | output current                   |  | -   | 10        | mA   |
| $T_{stg}$         | storage temperature              |  | -55 | +150      | °C   |
| $T_{amb}$         | ambient temperature              |  | -40 | +85       | °C   |
| $T_j$             | junction temperature             |  | -   | 150       | °C   |

[1] The supply voltages  $V_{CCA}$ ,  $V_{CCD}$  and  $V_{CCO}$  may have any value between -0.3 V and +7.0 V provided that the supply voltage differences  $\Delta V_{CC}$  are respected.

## 9. Thermal characteristics

**Table 5. Thermal characteristics**

| Symbol        | Parameter                                   | Conditions  | Typ | Unit |
|---------------|---|-------------|-----|------|
| $R_{th(j-a)}$ | thermal resistance from junction to ambient | in free air | 75  | K/W  |

## 10. Characteristics

**Table 6. Characteristics**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to 5.25 V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to 5.25 V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to 3.6 V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to 85 °C;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol          | Parameter               | Conditions                           | Test [1] | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|------|-----|------|------|
| <b>Supplies</b> |                         |                                      |          |      |     |      |      |
| $V_{CCA}$       | analog supply voltage   |                                      |          | 4.75 | 5.0 | 5.25 | V    |
| $V_{CCD}$       | digital supply voltage  |                                      |          | 4.75 | 5.0 | 5.25 | V    |
| $V_{CCO}$       | output supply voltage   |                                      |          | 3.0  | 3.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| $I_{CCA}$       | analog supply current   |                                      | I        | -    | 78  | 87   | mA   |
| $I_{CCD}$       | digital supply current  |                                      | I        | -    | 27  | 30   | mA   |
| $I_{CCO}$       | output supply current   | $f_{clk} = 20$ MHz; $f_i = 400$ kHz  | I        | -    | 3   | 4    | mA   |
|                 |                         | $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz; $f_i = 4.43$ MHz | C        | -    | 6.2 | 9    | mA   |
|                 |                         | $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz; $f_i = 20$ MHz   | I        | -    | 9.5 | 12   | mA   |
| $P_{tot}$       | total power dissipation | $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz $f_i = 20$ MHz    |          | -    | 550 | 660  | mW   |

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol  | Parameter                               | Conditions                                   | Test [1] | Min              | Typ              | Max              | Unit |
|---|---|--|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| <b>Inputs</b>   |   |  |          |                  |                  |                  |      |
| CLK and CLKN referenced to DGND <sup>[2]</sup>                              |   |  |          |                  |                  |                  |      |
| $V_{IL}$  | LOW-level input voltage                 | PECL mode; $V_{CCD} = 5$ V                   | I        | 3.19             | -                | 3.52             | V    |
|   |   | TTL mode                                     | C        | 0                | -                | 0.8              | V    |
| $V_{IH}$  | HIGH-level input voltage                | PECL mode; $V_{CCD} = 5$ V                   | I        | 3.83             | -                | 4.12             | V    |
|   |   | TTL mode                                     | C        | 2.0              | -                | $V_{CCD}$        | V    |
| $I_{IL}$  | LOW-level input current                 | $V_{CLK}$ or $V_{CLKN} = 3.19$ V             | C        | -10              | -                | -                | μA   |
| $I_{IH}$  | HIGH-level input current                | $V_{CLK}$ or $V_{CLKN} = 3.83$ V             | C        | -                | -                | 10               | μA   |
| $V_{i(diff)(p-p)}$  | peak-to-peak differential input voltage | AC driving mode; DC voltage level = 2.5 V    | C        | 1                | 1.5              | 2.0              | V    |
| $R_i$   | input resistance                        | $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz                           | D        | 2                | -                | -                | kΩ   |
| $C_i$   | input capacitance                       | $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz                           | D        | -                | -                | 2                | pF   |
| OTC, SH and $\overline{CE}$ (referenced to DGND); see Table 8 and 9         |   |  |          |                  |                  |                  |      |
| $V_{IL}$  | LOW-level input voltage                 |  | I        | 0                | -                | 0.8              | V    |
| $V_{IH}$  | HIGH-level input voltage                |  | I        | 2.0              | -                | $V_{CCD}$        | V    |
| $I_{IL}$  | LOW-level input current                 | $V_{IL} = 0.8$ V                             | I        | -20              | -                | -                | μA   |
| $I_{IH}$  | HIGH-level input current                | $V_{IH} = 2.0$ V                             | I        | -                | -                | 20               | μA   |
| IN and INN (referenced to AGND); see Table 7, $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$ V |   |  |          |                  |                  |                  |      |
| $I_{IL}$  | LOW-level input current                 | SH = HIGH                                    | C        | -                | 10               | -                | μA   |
| $I_{IH}$  | HIGH-level input current                | SH = HIGH                                    | C        | -                | 10               | -                | μA   |
| $R_i$   | input resistance                        | $f_i = 20$ MHz                               | D        | -                | 14               | -                | MΩ   |
| $C_i$   | input capacitance                       | $f_i = 20$ MHz                               | D        | -                | 450              | -                | pF   |
| $V_{I(cm)}$   | common-mode input voltage               | $V_{I(IN)} = V_{I(INN)}$<br>output code 2047 | C        | $V_{CCA3} - 1.7$ | $V_{CCA3} - 1.6$ | $V_{CCA3} - 1.2$ | V    |
| <b>Voltage controlled regulator output CMADC</b>                            |   |  |          |                  |                  |                  |      |
| $V_{O(cm)}$   | common-mode output voltage              |  | I        | -                | $V_{CCA3} - 1.6$ | -                | V    |
| $I_{load}$  | load current                            |  | I        | -                | 1                | 2                | mA   |

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol  | Parameter                               | Conditions   | Test [1] | Min             | Typ               | Max         | Unit |
|---|---|--|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|------|
| <b>Voltage input <math>V_{ref}</math><sup>[3]</sup></b>   |   |  |          |                 |                   |             |      |
| $V_{ref}$   | reference voltage                       | full-scale fixed voltage; $f_i = 20$ MHz; $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz                                       | C        | -               | $V_{CCA3} - 1.75$ | -           | V    |
| $I_{ref}$   | reference current                       |  | C        | -               | 0.3               | 10          | μA   |
| $V_{i(dif)(p-p)}$   | peak-to-peak differential input voltage | $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)}$ ; $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$ V; $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$ V | C        | -               | 1.9               | -           | V    |
| <b>Voltage controlled regulator output FSREF</b>  |   |  |          |                 |                   |             |      |
| $V_{O(ref)}$  | reference output voltage                | $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$ V   | I        | -               | $V_{CCA3} - 1.75$ | -           | V    |
| <b>Digital outputs D11 to D0 and IR (referenced to OGND)</b>  |   |  |          |                 |                   |             |      |
| $V_{OL}$  | LOW-level output voltage                | $I_{OL} = 2$ mA  | I        | 0               | -                 | 0.5         | V    |
| $V_{OH}$  | HIGH-level output voltage               | $I_{OH} = -0.4$ mA   | I        | $V_{CCO} - 0.5$ | -                 | $V_{CCO}$   | V    |
| $I_o$   | output current                          | 3-state output level between 0.5 V and $V_{CCO}$   | I        | -20             | -                 | +20         | μA   |
| <b>Switching characteristics; Clock frequency <math>f_{clk}</math>; see Figure 3</b>  |   |  |          |                 |                   |             |      |
| $f_{clk(min)}$  | minimum clock frequency                 | SH = HIGH  | C        | -               | -                 | 7           | MHz  |
| $f_{clk(max)}$  | maximum clock frequency                 | ADC1206S040H   | C        | 40              | -                 | -           | MHz  |
|   |   | ADC1206S055H   | I        | 55              | -                 | -           | MHz  |
|   |   | ADC1206S070H   | C        | 70              | -                 | -           | MHz  |
| $t_{w(ck)H}$  | HIGH clock pulse width                  | $f_i = 20$ MHz   | C        | 6.8             | -                 | -           | ns   |
| $t_{w(ck)L}$  | LOW clock pulse width                   | $f_i = 20$ MHz   | C        | 6.8             | -                 | -           | ns   |
| <b>Analog signal processing; 50 % clock duty factor; <math>V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9</math> V; <math>V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75</math> V; see Table 7</b> |   |  |          |                 |                   |             |      |
| <b>Linearity</b>  |   |  |          |                 |                   |             |      |
| INL   | integral non-linearity                  | $f_{clk} = 20$ MHz; $f_i = 400$ kHz  | I        | -               | ±2.6              | ±4.5        | LSB  |
| DNL   | differential non-linearity              | $f_{clk} = 20$ MHz; $f_i = 400$ kHz (no missing code guaranteed)                                   | I        | -               | ±0.5              | +1.1 – 0.95 | LSB  |
| $E_{offset}$  | offset error                            | $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$ V; $V_{CCO} = 3.3$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; output code = 2047                | C        | -25             | +5                | +25         | mV   |
| $E_G$   | gain error                              | spread from device to device; $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$ V; $V_{CCO} = 3.3$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C      | C        | -7              | -                 | +7          | %FS  |

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol   | Parameter             | Conditions                          | Test [1]             | Min                                 | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| <b>Bandwidth (<math>f_{clk} = 55</math> MHz)<sup>[4]</sup></b> |                       |                                     |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
| B  | bandwidth             | -3 dB; full-scale input             | C                    | 220                                 | 245 | -   | MHz  |
| <b>Harmonics</b>   |                       |                                     |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
| $\alpha_{2H}$  | second harmonic level | ADC1206S040H; ( $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz) |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
|  |                       | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C                    | -                                   | -78 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -77 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 20$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -71 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | ADC1206S055H; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz) |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
|  |                       | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C                    | -                                   | -77 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -77 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -76 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 20$ MHz                      | I                    | -                                   | -73 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | ADC1206S070H; ( $f_{clk} = 70$ MHz) |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
|  |                       | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C                    | -                                   | -76 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C                    | -                                   | -70 | -   | dBFS |
|  |                       | $\alpha_{3H}$                       | third harmonic level | ADC1206S040H; ( $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz) |     |     |      |
| $f_i = 4.43$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 10$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 20$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -73 | -   | dBFS |
| ADC1206S055H; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz)                            |                       |                                     |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
| $f_i = 4.43$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 10$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 20$ MHz   | I                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -72 | -   | dBFS |
| ADC1206S070H; ( $f_{clk} = 70$ MHz)                            |                       |                                     |                      |                                     |     |     |      |
| $f_i = 4.43$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 10$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -74 | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz   | C                     |                                     |                      | -                                   | -73 | -   | dBFS |

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;

$V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol   | Parameter                 | Conditions                                   | Test [1] | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|--|---------------------------|--|----------|-----|------|-----|------|
| <b>Total harmonic distortion<sup>[5]</sup></b>       |                           |  |          |     |      |     |      |
| THD  | total harmonic distortion | ADC1206S040H; ( $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz)          |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |                           | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                             | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 10$ MHz                               | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 15$ MHz                               | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 20$ MHz                               | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | ADC1206S055H; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz)          |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |                           | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                             | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 10$ MHz                               | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 15$ MHz                               | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 20$ MHz                               | I        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | ADC1206S070H; ( $f_{clk} = 70$ MHz)          |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |                           | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                             | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 10$ MHz                               | C        | -   | -67  | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz                                       | C                         | -  | -67      | -   | dBFS |     |      |
| <b>Thermal noise (<math>f_{clk} = 55</math> MHz)</b> |                           |  |          |     |      |     |      |
| $N_{th(RMS)}$  | RMS thermal noise         | shorted input; SH = HIGH; $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz | C        | -   | 0.45 | -   | LSB  |
| <b>Signal-to-noise ratio<sup>[6]</sup></b>           |                           |  |          |     |      |     |      |
| S/N  | signal-to-noise ratio     | ADC1206S040H; ( $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz)          |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |                           | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                             | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 10$ MHz                               | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 15$ MHz                               | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 20$ MHz                               | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | ADC1206S055H; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz)          |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |                           | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                             | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 10$ MHz                               | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 15$ MHz                               | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 20$ MHz                               | I        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | ADC1206S070H; ( $f_{clk} = 70$ MHz)          |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |                           | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                             | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
|  |                           | $f_i = 10$ MHz                               | C        | -   | 64   | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz                                       | C                         | -  | 63       | -   | dBFS |     |      |

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;

$V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol   | Parameter                              | Conditions                          | Test [1] | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|----------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Spurious free dynamic range; see Figure 7, 13 and 14                           |  |                                     |          |     |      |     |      |
| SFDR   | spurious free dynamic range            | ADC1206S040H; ( $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz) |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |  | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C        | -   | 72   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 71   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 71   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 20$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 69   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | ADC1206S055H; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz) |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |  | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C        | -   | 72   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 71   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 71   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 20$ MHz                      | I        | -   | 69   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | ADC1206S070H; ( $f_{clk} = 70$ MHz) |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |  | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C        | -   | 70   | -   | dBFS |
|  |  | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 69   | -   | dBFS |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz   | C                                      | -                                   | 69       | -   | dBFS |     |      |
| Effective number of bits <sup>[7]</sup>  |  |                                     |          |     |      |     |      |
| ENOB   | effective number of bits               | ADC1206S040H; ( $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz) |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |  | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C        | -   | 10.1 | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 10.1 | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 10.1 | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 20$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 10   | -   | bits |
|  |  | ADC1206S055H; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz) |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |  | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C        | -   | 10.1 | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 10.1 | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 15$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 10   | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 20$ MHz                      | I        | -   | 10   | -   | bits |
|  |  | ADC1206S070H; ( $f_{clk} = 70$ MHz) |          |     |      |     |      |
|  |  | $f_i = 4.43$ MHz                    | C        | -   | 10   | -   | bits |
|  |  | $f_i = 10$ MHz                      | C        | -   | 10   | -   | bits |
| $f_i = 15$ MHz   | C                                      | -                                   | 10       | -   | bits |     |      |
| Two-tone Intermodulation; ( $f_{clk} = 55$ MHz; $f_i = 20$ MHz) <sup>[8]</sup> |  |                                     |          |     |      |     |      |
| $\alpha_{IM}$  | intermodulation suppression            |                                     | C        | -   | -68  | -   | dB   |
| IMD3   | third-order intermodulation distortion |                                     | C        | -   | -70  | -   | dB   |

**Table 6. Characteristics ...continued**

$V_{CCA} = V2$  to  $V44$ ,  $V3$  to  $V4$  and  $V41$  to  $V40 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCD} = V37$  to  $V38$  and  $V15$  to  $V17 = 4.75$  V to  $5.25$  V;  $V_{CCO} = V33$  to  $V34 = 3.0$  V to  $3.6$  V; AGND and DGND shorted together;  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to  $85$  °C;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9$  V;  $V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75$  V;  $V_{I(cm)} = V_{CCA3} - 1.6$  V; typical values measured at  $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5$  V and  $V_{CCO} = 3.3$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 10$  pF; unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol   | Parameter                       | Conditions                                      | Test [1] | Min | Typ        | Max | Unit         |
|--|---------------------------------|---|----------|-----|------------|-----|--------------|
| <b>Bit error rate (<math>f_{clk} = 55</math> MHz)</b>  |                                 |   |          |     |            |     |              |
| BER  | bit error rate                  | $f_i = 20$ MHz; $V_I = \pm 16$ LSB at code 2047 | C        | -   | $10^{-14}$ | -   | times/sample |
| <b>Timing (<math>C_L = 10</math> pF)<sup>[9]</sup></b> |                                 |   |          |     |            |     |              |
| $t_{d(s)}$   | sampling delay time             |   | C        | -   | 0.25       | 1   | ns           |
| $t_{h(o)}$   | output hold time                |   | C        | 4   | 6.4        | -   | ns           |
| $t_{d(o)}$   | output delay time               |   | C        | -   | 9.0        | 13  | ns           |
| <b>3-state output delay times; see Figure 4</b>        |                                 |   |          |     |            |     |              |
| $t_{dZH}$  | float to active HIGH delay time |   | C        | -   | 5.1        | 9.0 | ns           |
| $t_{dZL}$  | float to active LOW delay time  |   | C        | -   | 7.0        | 11  | ns           |
| $t_{dHZ}$  | active HIGH to float delay time |   | C        | -   | 9.7        | 14  | ns           |
| $t_{dLZ}$  | active LOW to float delay time  |   | C        | -   | 9.5        | 13  | ns           |

[1] D = guaranteed by design; C = guaranteed by characterization; I = 100 % industrially tested.

[2] The circuit has two clock inputs: CLK and CLKN. There are 5 modes of operation:

- PECL mode 1: (DC level vary 1:1 with  $V_{CCD}$ ) CLK and CLKN inputs are at differential PECL levels.
- PECL mode 2: (DC level vary 1:1 with  $V_{CCD}$ ) CLK input is at PECL level and sampling is taken on the falling edge of the clock input signal. A DC level of 3.65 V has to be applied on CLKN decoupled to GND via a 100 nF capacitor.
- PECL mode 3: (DC level vary 1:1 with  $V_{CCD}$ ) CLKN input is at PECL level and sampling is taken on the rising edge of the clock input signal. A DC level of 3.65 V has to be applied on CLK decoupled to GND via a 100 nF capacitor.
- Differential AC driving mode 4: When driving the CLK input directly and with any AC signal of minimum 1 V (p - p) and with a DC level of 2.5 V, the sampling takes place at the falling edge of the clock signal. When driving the CLKN input with the same signal, sampling takes place at the rising edge of the clock signal. It is recommended to decouple the CLKN or CLK input to DGND via a 100 nF capacitor.
- TTL mode 1: CLK input is at TTL level and sampling is taken on the falling edge of the clock input signal. In that case the CLKN pin has to be connected to the ground.

[3] The ADC input range can be adjusted with an external reference connected to  $V_{ref}$  pin. This voltage has to be referenced to  $V_{CCA}$ ; see Figure 12.

[4] The -3 dB analog bandwidth is determined by the 3 dB reduction in the reconstructed output, the input being a full-scale sine wave.

[5] Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) is obtained with the addition of the first five harmonics:

$$THD = 20 \log \frac{\sqrt{(\alpha_{2H})^2 + (\alpha_{3H})^2 + (\alpha_{4H})^2 + (\alpha_{5H})^2 + (\alpha_{6H})^2}}{(\alpha_{1H})^2}$$

where  $\alpha_{1H}$  is the fundamental harmonic referenced at 0 dB for a full-scale sine wave input; see Figure 6.

[6] Signal-to-noise ratio (S/N) takes into account all harmonics above five and noise up to Nyquist frequency; see Figure 8.

- [7] Effective number of bits are obtained via a fast Fourier transform (FFT). The calculation takes into account all harmonics and noise up to half of the clock frequency (Nyquist frequency). Conversion to Single-to-noise-and-distortion-ratio (SINAD) is given by  $SINAD = ENOB \times 6.02 + 1.76$  dB; see Figure 5.
- [8] Intermodulation measured relative to either tone with analog input frequencies of 20 and 20.1 MHz. The two input signals have the same amplitude and the total amplitude of both signals provides full-scale to the converter (–6 dB below full-scale for each input signal). IMD3 is the ratio of the RMS value of either input tone to the RMS value of the worst case third order intermodulation product.
- [9] Output data acquisition: the output data is available after the maximum delay of  $t_{d(o)}$ ; see Figure 3.

## 11. Additional information relating to Table 6

**Table 7. Output coding with differential inputs (typical values to AGND);**

$$V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)} = 1.9 \text{ V}, V_{ref} = V_{CCA3} - 1.75 \text{ V}$$

| Code      | $V_{I(IN)(p-p)}$<br>(V) | $V_{I(INN)(p-p)}$ | IR | Binary outputs<br>D11 to D0 | Twos complement<br>outputs D11 to D0 |
|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|----|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Underflow | < 3.125                 | < 4.075           | 0  | 0000 0000 0000              | 10 0000 0000 00                      |
| 0         | 3.125                   | 4.075             | 1  | 0000 0000 0000              | 10 0000 0000 00                      |
| 1         | -                       | -                 | 1  | 0000 0000 0001              | 10 0000 0000 01                      |
| ↓         | -                       | -                 | ↓  | ↓                           | ↓                                    |
| 2047      | 3.6                     | 3.6               | ↓  | 01 1111 1111 11             | 11 1111 1111 11                      |
| ↓         | -                       | -                 | ↓  | ↓                           | ↓                                    |
| 4094      | -                       | -                 | 1  | 1111 1111 1110              | 0111 1111 1110                       |
| 4095      | 4.075                   | 3.125             | 1  | 1111 1111 1111              | 0111 1111 1111                       |
| Overflow  | > 4.075                 | < 3.125           | 0  | 1111 1111 1111              | 0111 1111 1111                       |

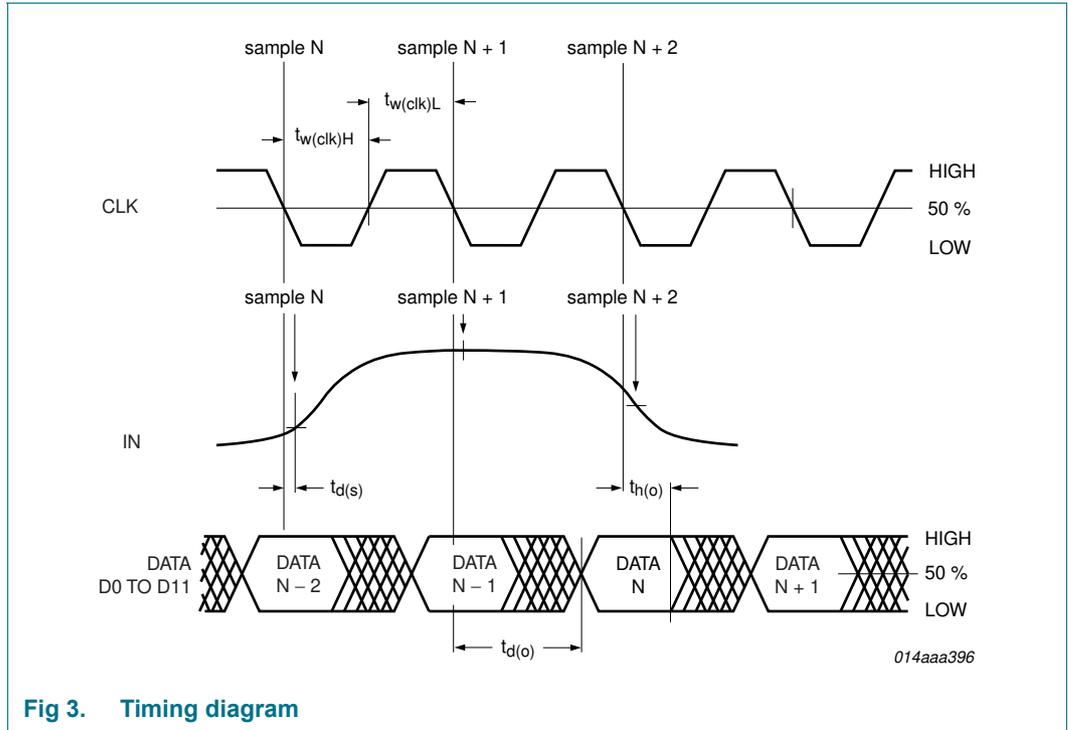
**Table 8. Mode selection**

| OTC              | $\overline{CE}$ | D0 to D11 and IR         |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 0                | 0               | binary; active           |
| 1                | 0               | two's complement; active |
| X <sup>[1]</sup> | 1               | high-impedance           |

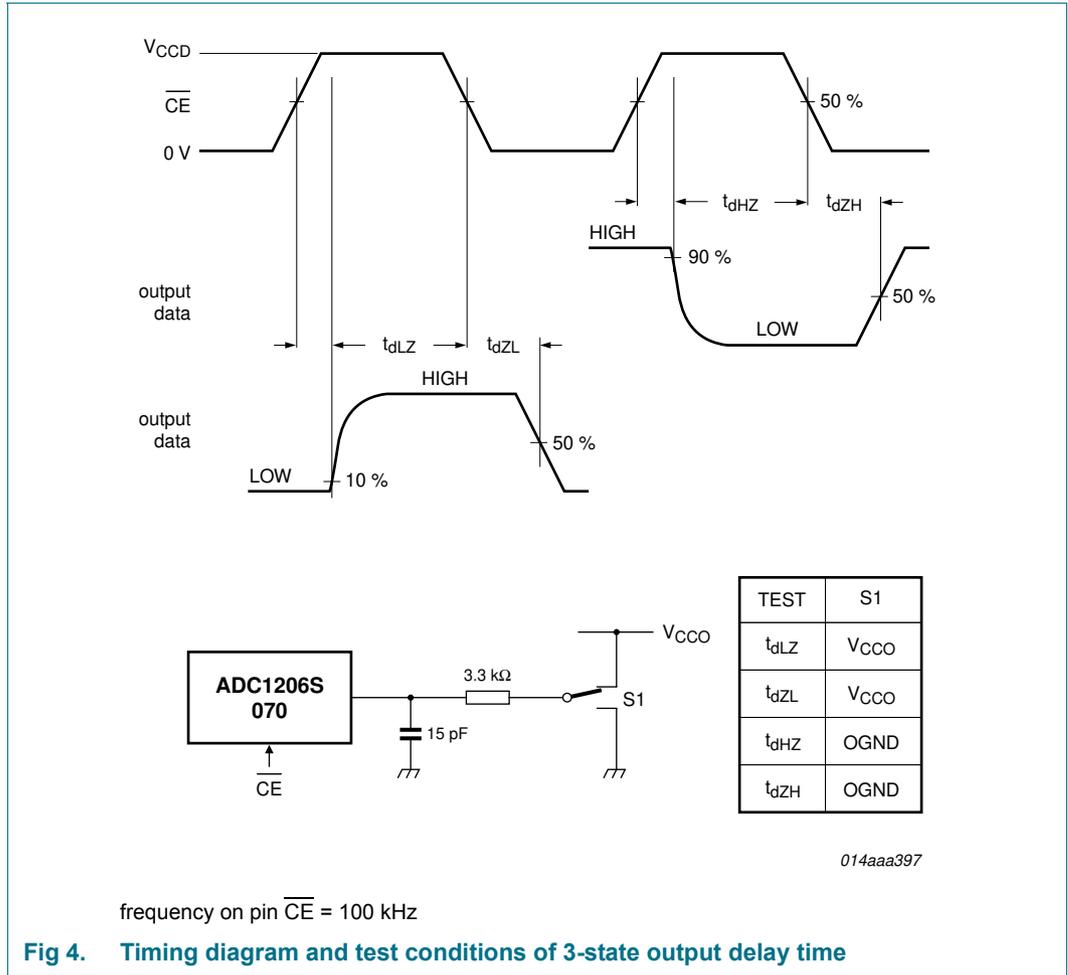
[1] X = don't care.

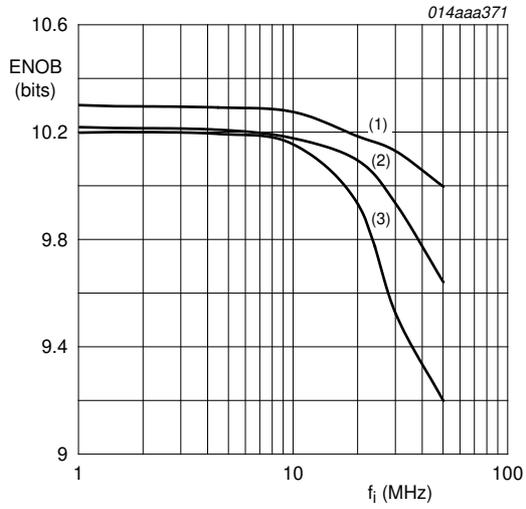
**Table 9. Sample-and-hold selection**

| SH | Sample-and-hold         |
|----|-------------------------|
| 1  | active                  |
| 0  | inactive; tracking mode |



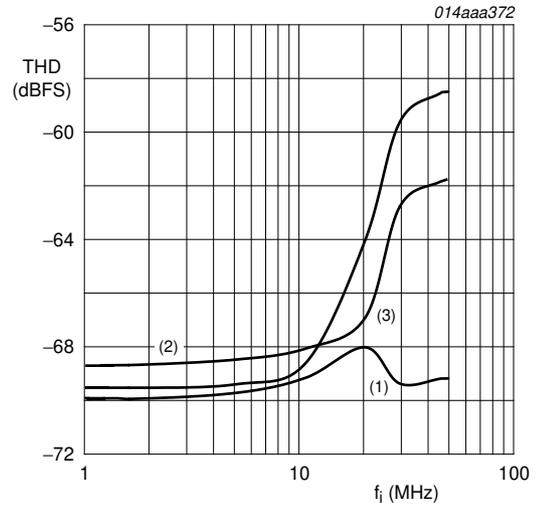
**Fig 3. Timing diagram**





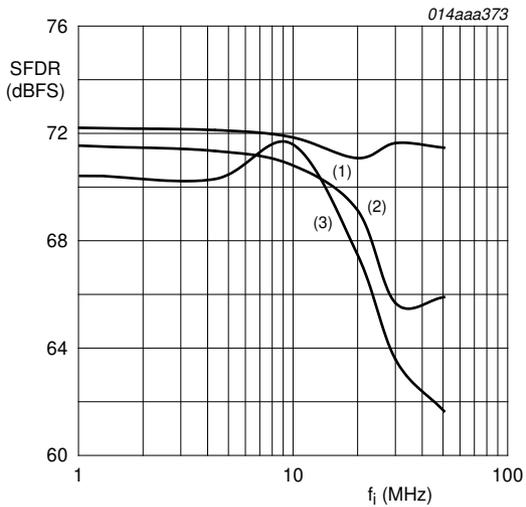
- (1) 40 MHz
- (2) 55 MHz
- (3) 70 MHz

**Fig 5. Effective Number Of Bits (ENOB) as a function of input frequency (sample device).**



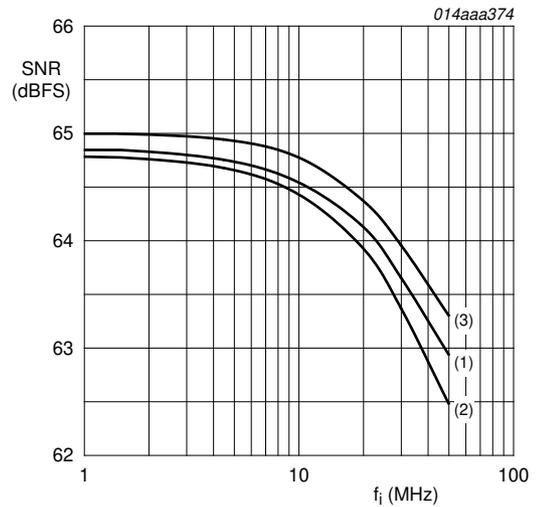
- (1) 40 MHz
- (2) 55 MHz
- (3) 70 MHz

**Fig 6. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) as a function of input frequency (sample device).**



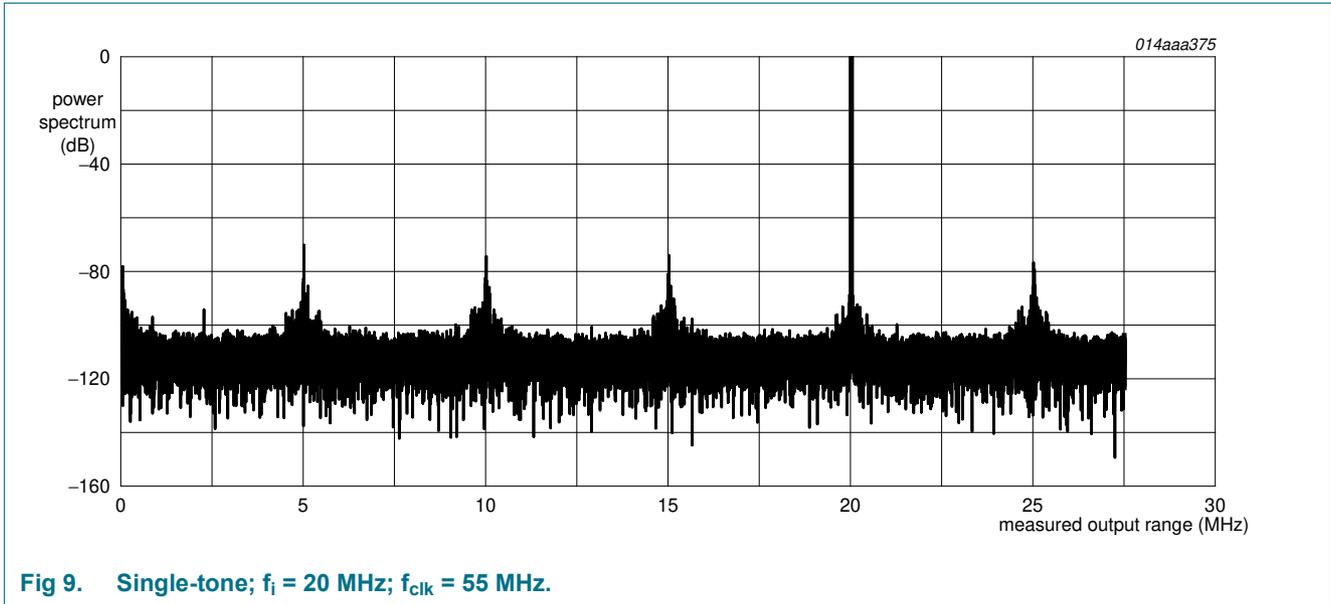
- (1) 40 MHz
- (2) 55 MHz
- (3) 70 MHz

**Fig 7. Spurious Free Dynamic Range (SFDR) as a function of input frequency (sample device).**

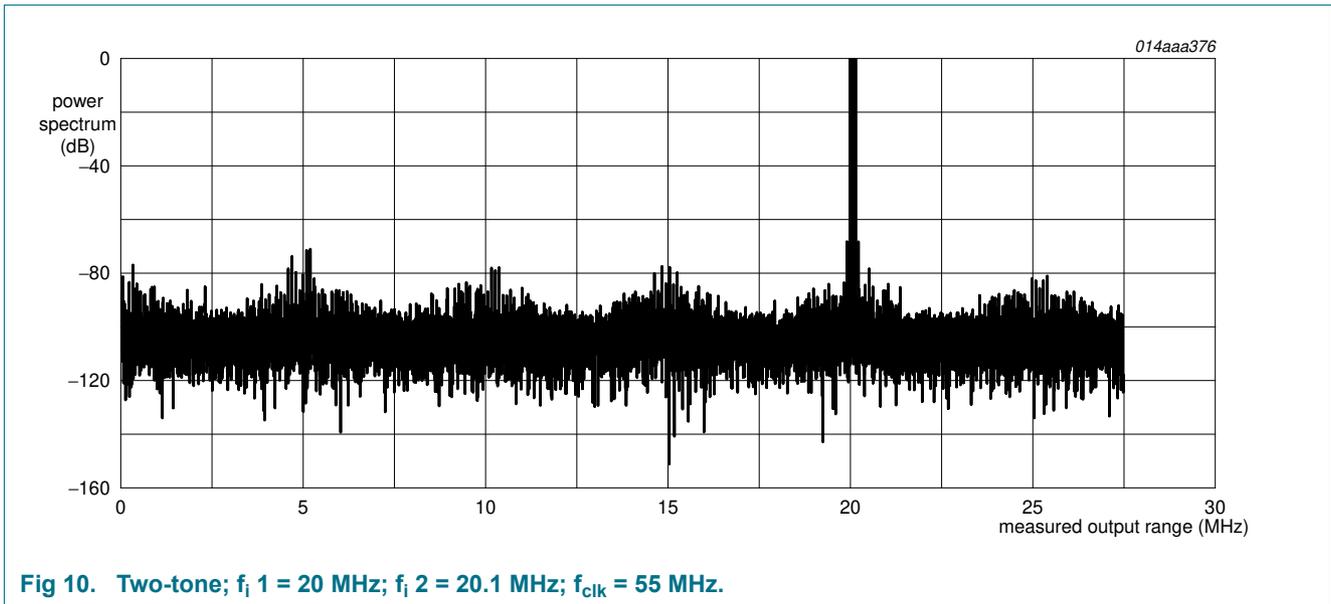


- (1) 40 MHz
- (2) 55 MHz
- (3) 70 MHz

**Fig 8. Signal-to-Noise ratio (S/N) as a function of input frequency (sample device).**



**Fig 9. Single-tone;  $f_i = 20$  MHz;  $f_{clk} = 55$  MHz.**



**Fig 10. Two-tone;  $f_i 1 = 20$  MHz;  $f_i 2 = 20.1$  MHz;  $f_{clk} = 55$  MHz.**

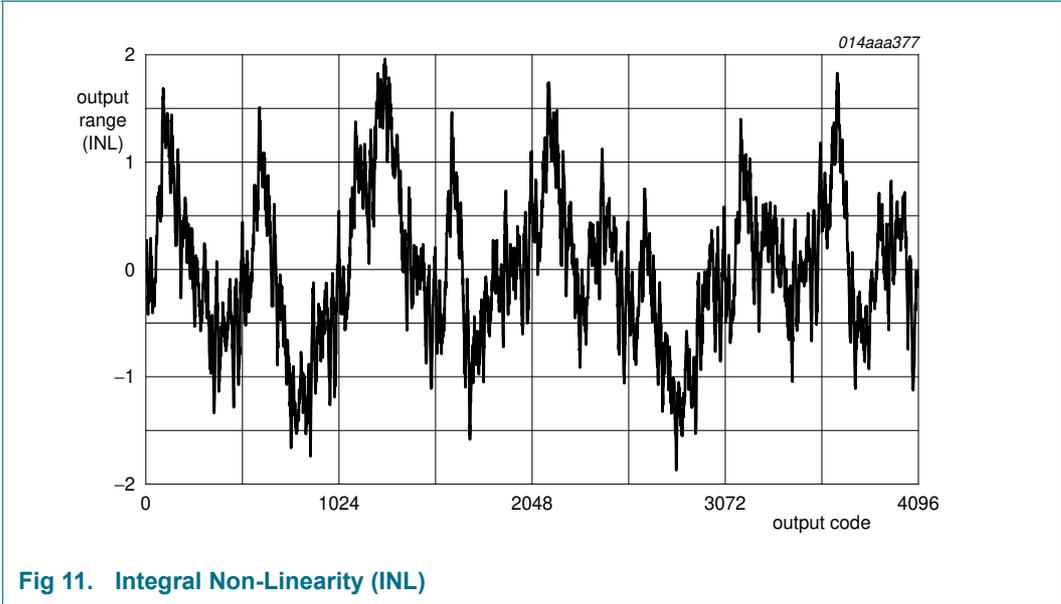


Fig 11. Integral Non-Linearity (INL)

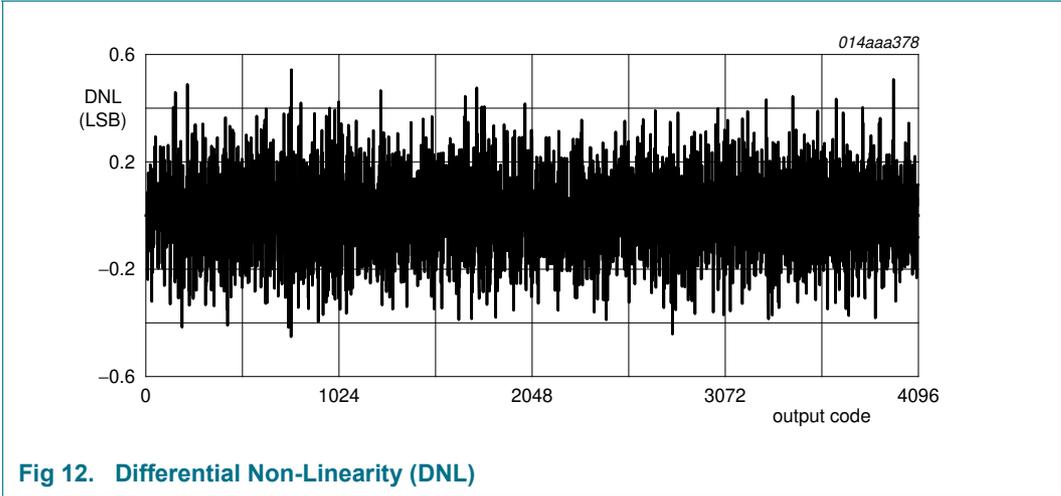
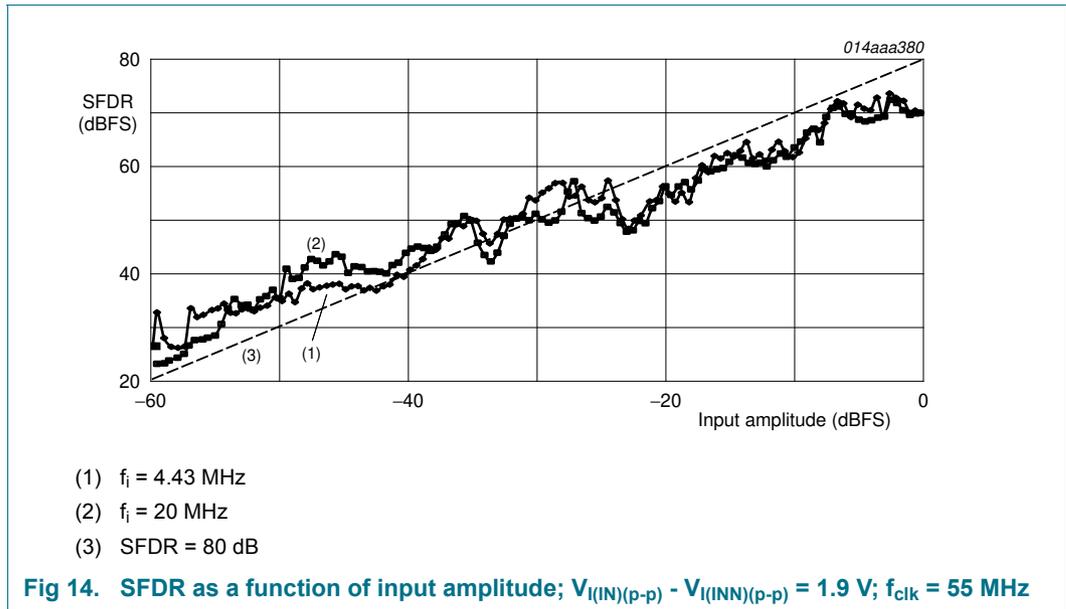
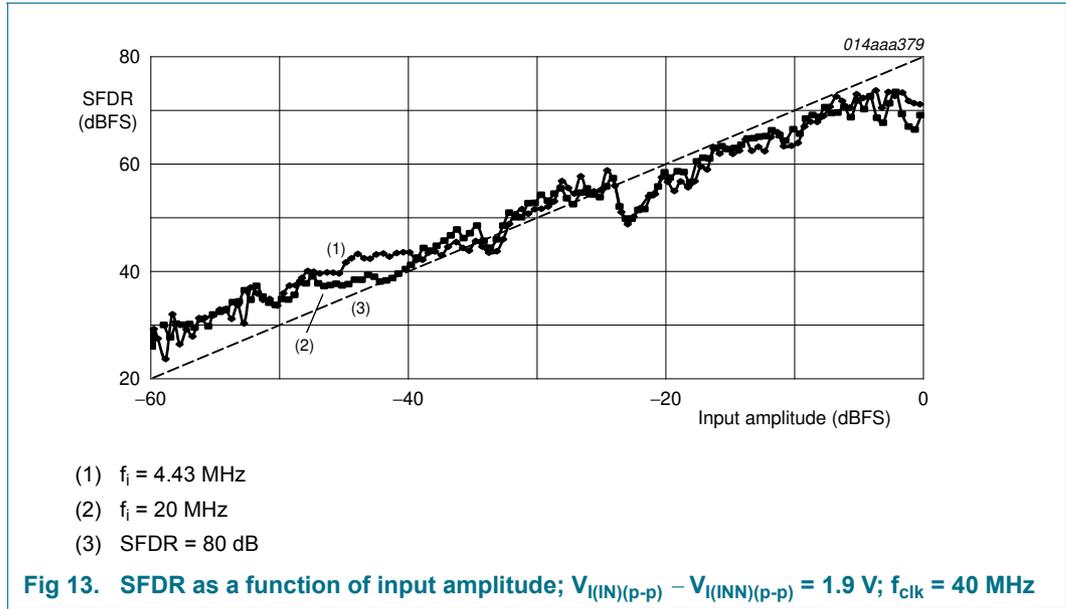
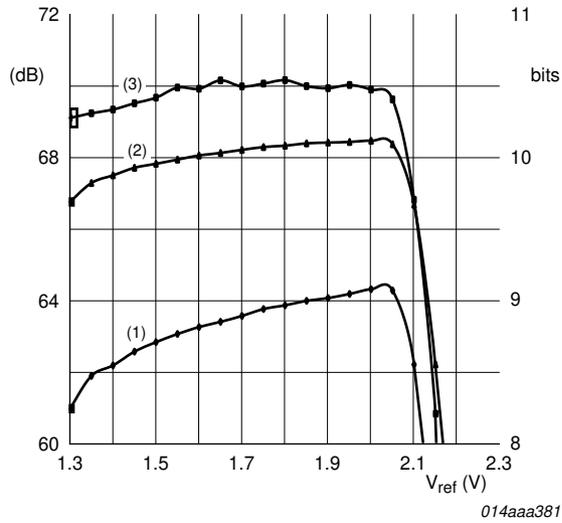


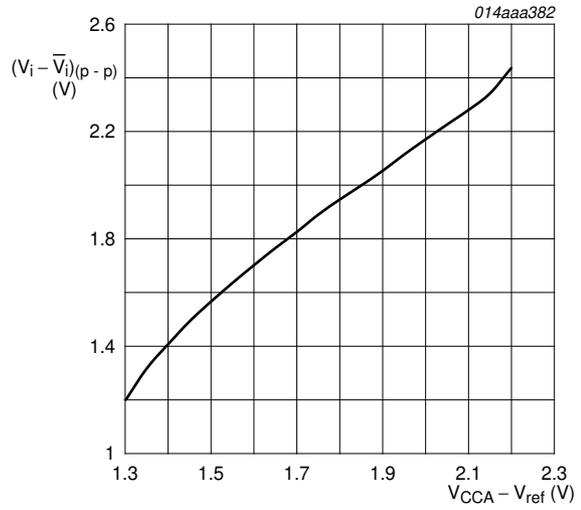
Fig 12. Differential Non-Linearity (DNL)





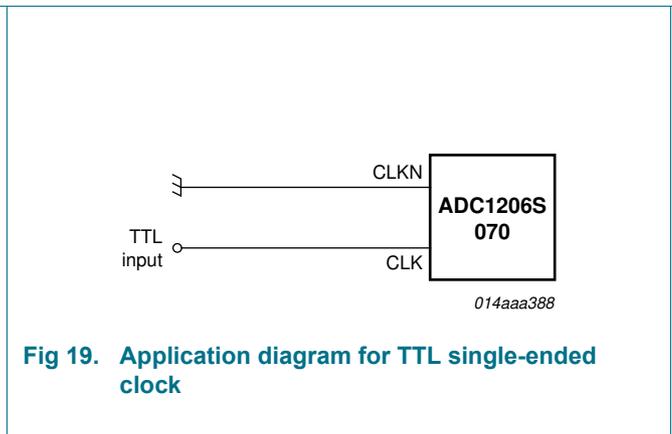
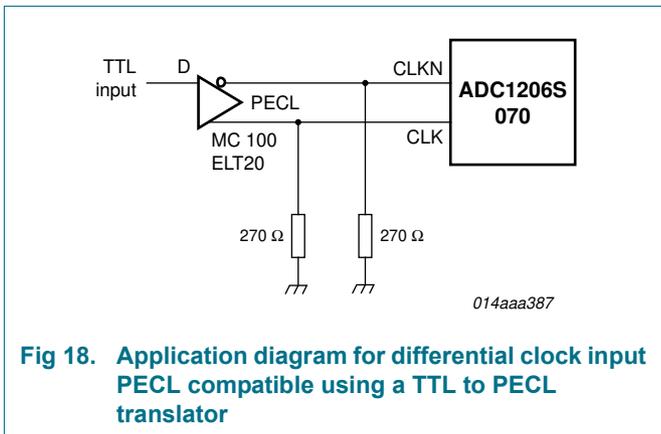
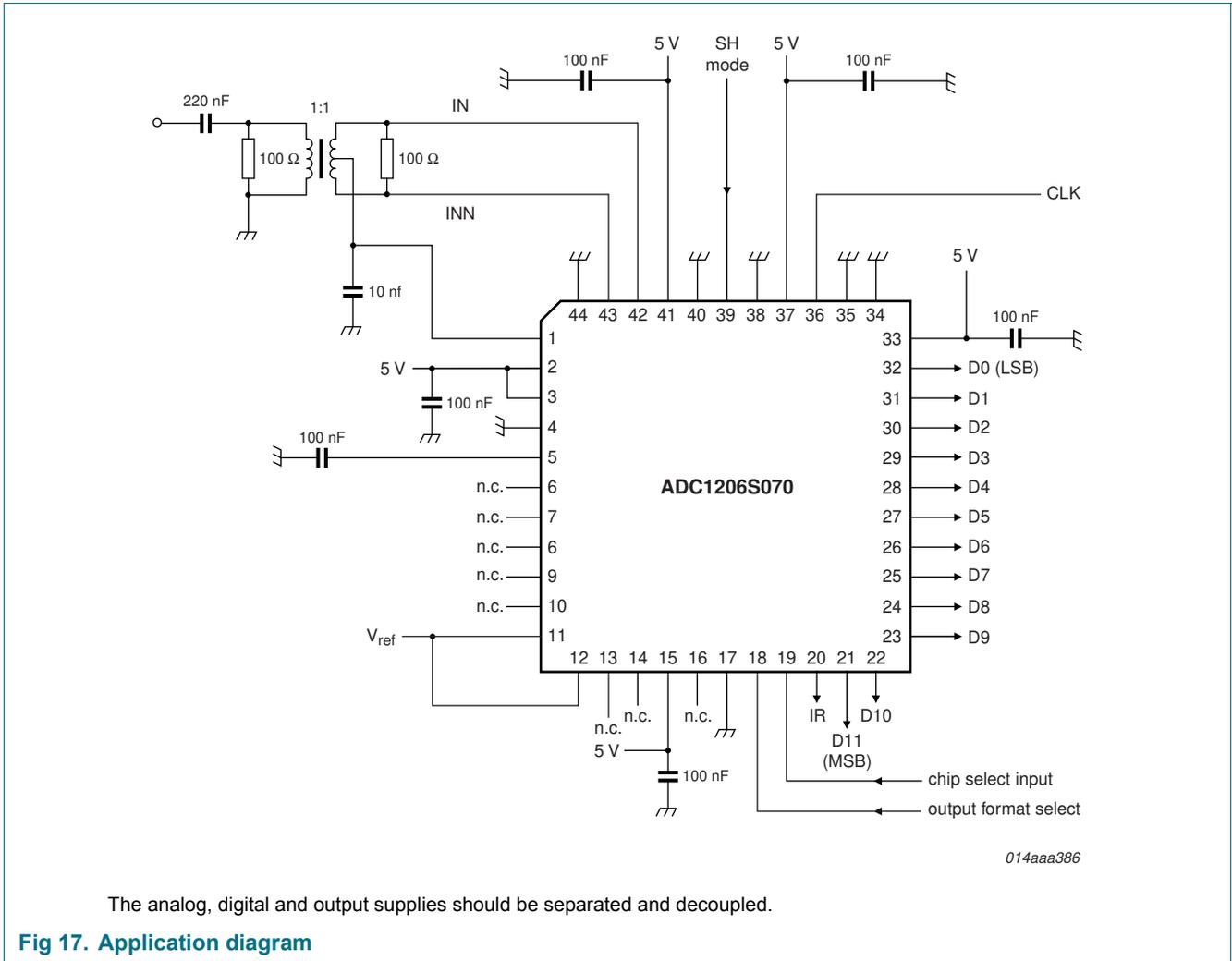
- (1) S/N
- (2) ENOB
- (3) SFDR

**Fig 15. ENOB, SFDR and S/R as a function of  $V_{ref}$ ;**  
 $f_{clk} = 55 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $f_i = 4.43 \text{ MHz}$

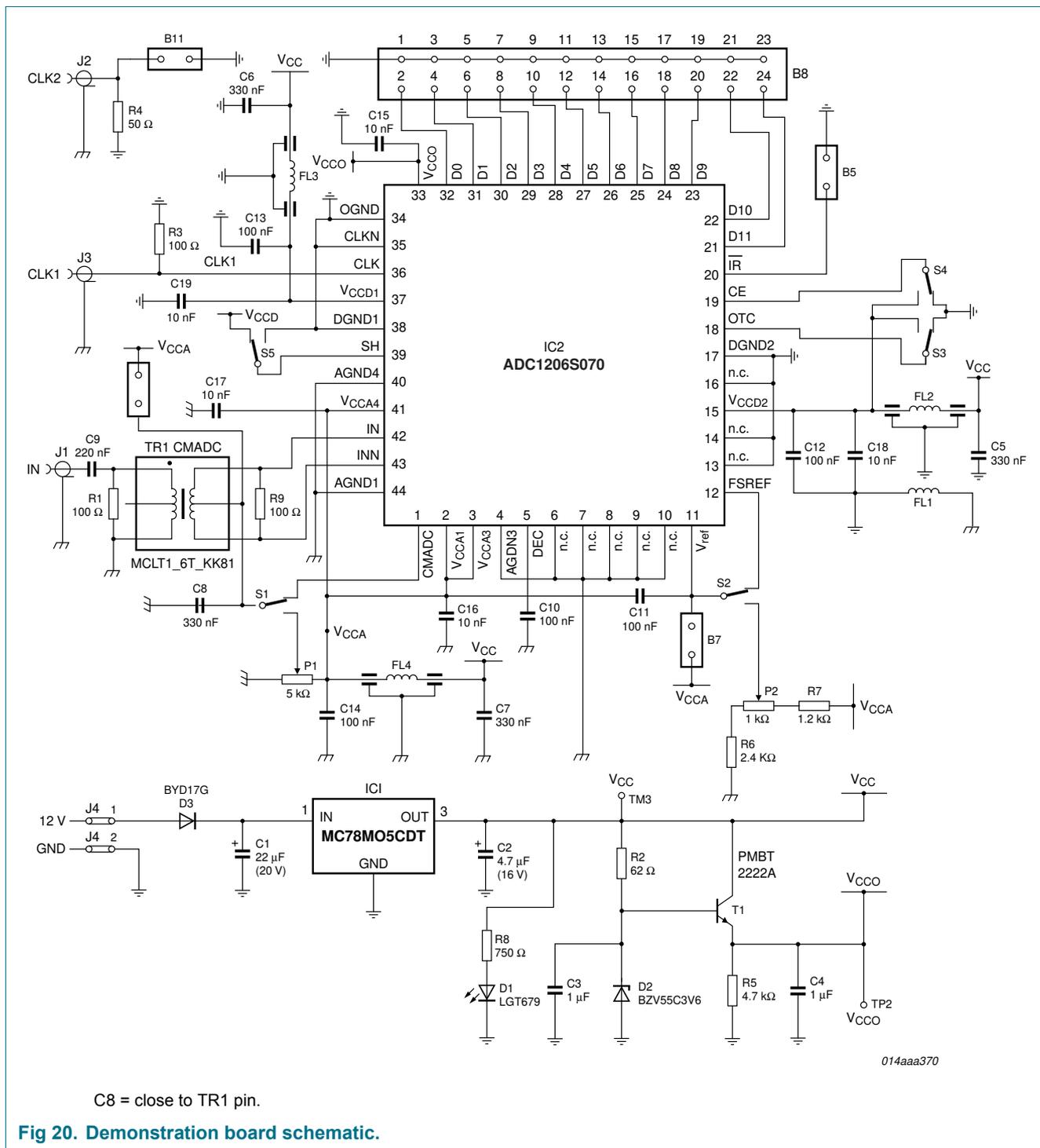


**Fig 16. ADC full-scale;  $V_{I(IN)(p-p)} - V_{I(INN)(p-p)}$  as a function of  $V_{CCA} - V_{ref}$**

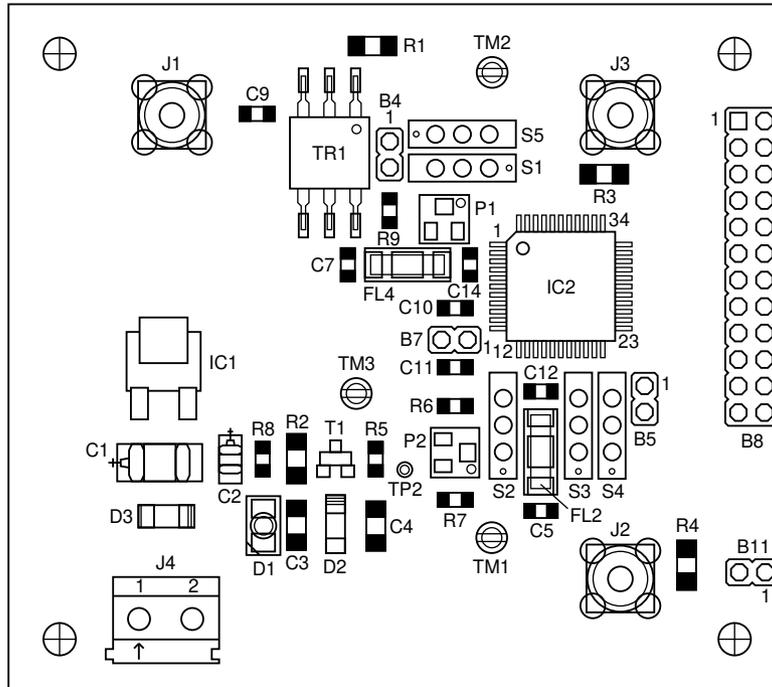
## 12. Application information



## 12.1 Demonstration board

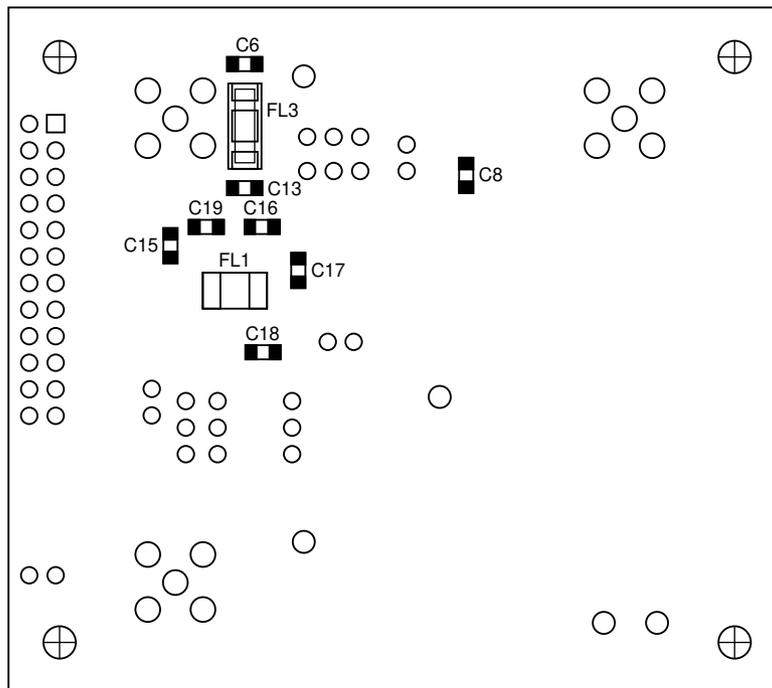


014aaa370



014aaa391

Fig 21. Component placement (top side).



014aaa392

Fig 22. Component placement (underside).

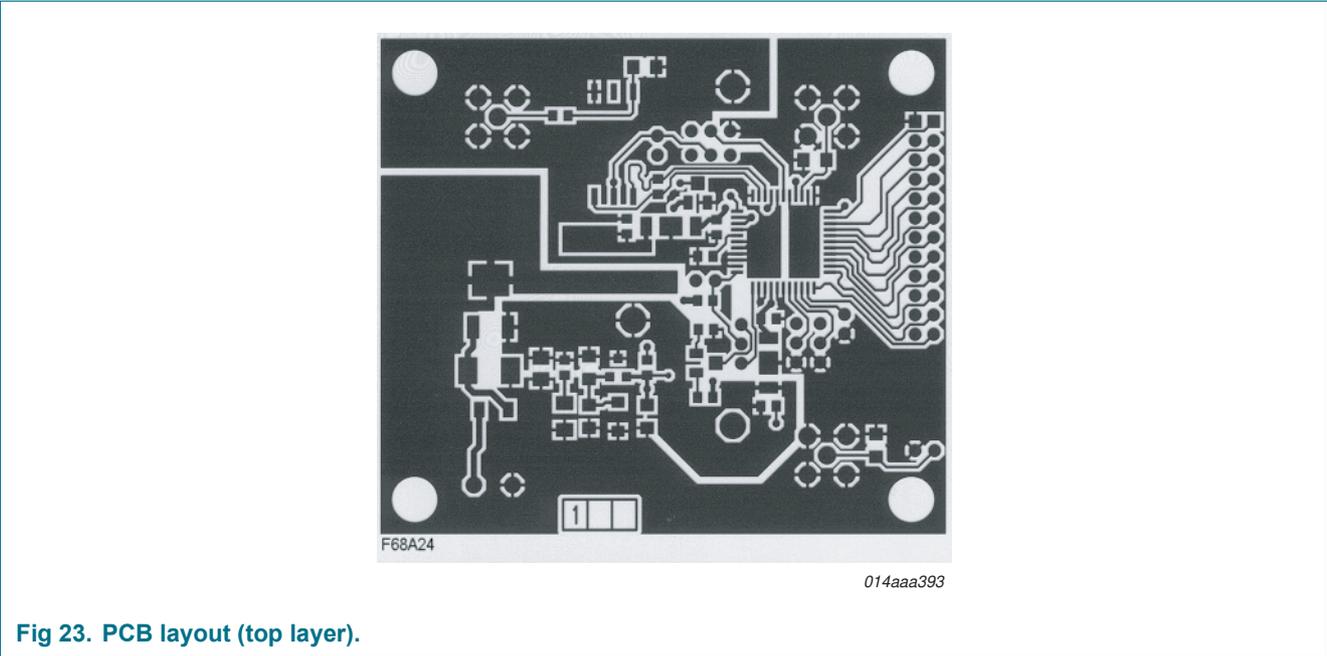


Fig 23. PCB layout (top layer).

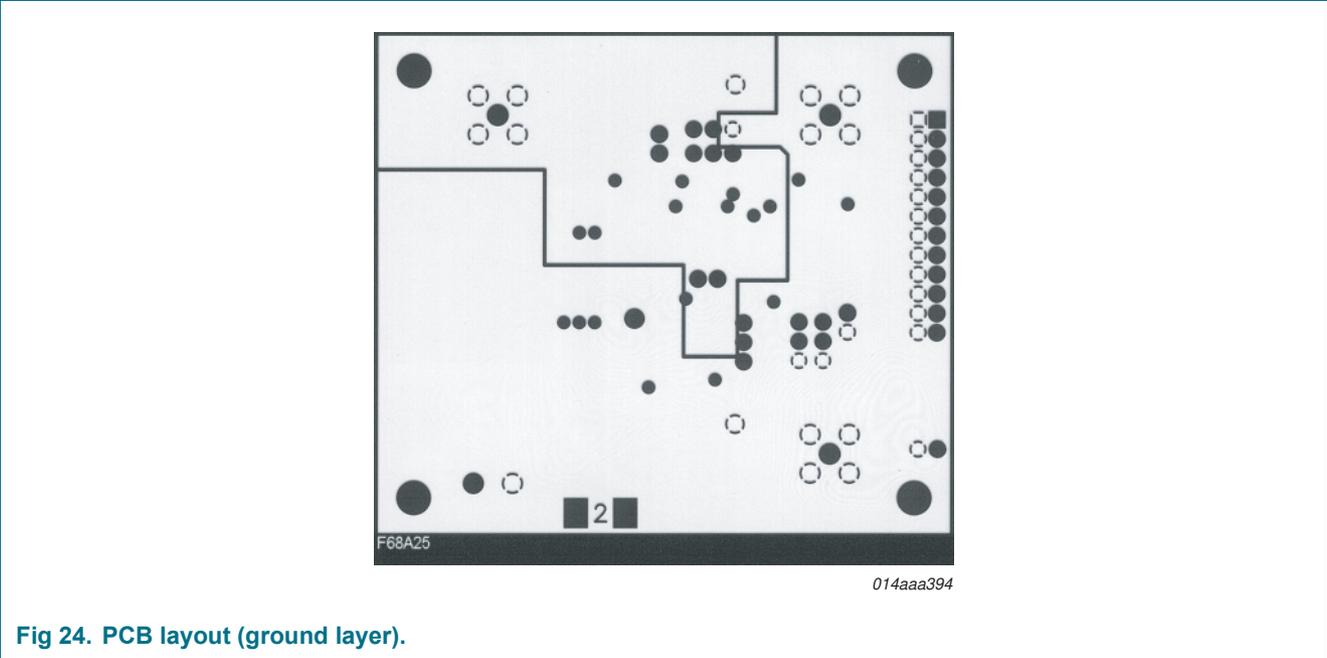


Fig 24. PCB layout (ground layer).

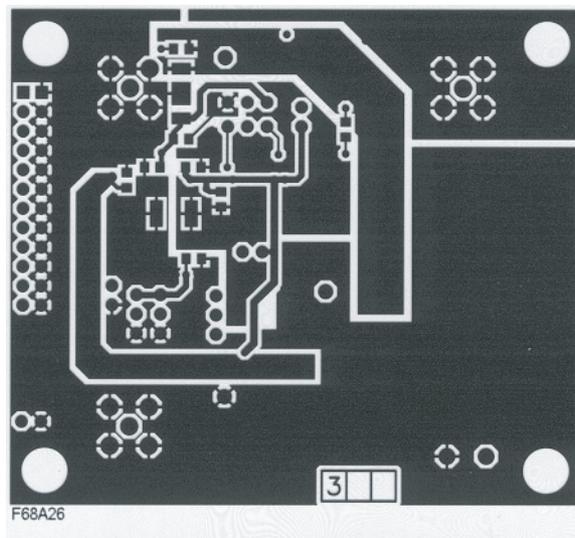


Fig 25. PCB layout (power plane).

## 12.2 Alternative parts

The following alternative parts are also available:

**Table 10. Alternative parts**

| Type number | Description        | Sampling frequency |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| ADC1006S055 | Single 10 bits ADC | [1] 55 MHz         |
| ADC1006S070 | Single 10 bits ADC | [1] 70 MHz         |

[1] Pin to pin compatible

## 12.3 Recommended companion chip

The recommended companion chip is the TDA9901 wide band differential digital controlled variable gain amplifier.

# 13. Support information

## 13.1 Non-linearities

### 13.1.1 Integral Non-Linearity (INL).

It is defined as the deviation of the transfer function from a best fit straight line (linear regression computation). The INL of the code  $i$  is obtained from the equation:

$$INL(i) = \frac{V_{in}(i) - V_{in}(ideal)}{S}$$

where

$$i = 0 \cdot (2^n - 1) \text{ and}$$