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We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



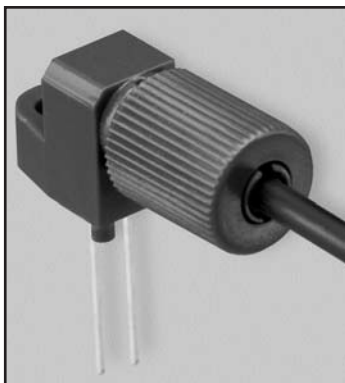
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## DESCRIPTION

The IF-D93 is a very high-sensitivity photodarlington detector housed in a “connector-less” style plastic fiber optic package. Optical response of the IF-D93 extends from 400 to 1100 nm, making it compatible with a wide range of visible and near-infrared LEDs and other optical sources. This includes 650 nm visible red LEDs used for optimum transmission in PMMA plastic optic fiber. The detector package features an internal micro-lens and a precision-molded PBT housing to ensure efficient optical coupling with standard 1000  $\mu\text{m}$  core plastic fiber cable.

## APPLICATION HIGHLIGHTS

The IF-D93 is suitable for low-speed optical links requiring high sensitivity. Triggering rates up to 1 k are possible using the IF-D93 and a suitable LED source. Photodarlington transistor operation provides very high optical gain, eliminating the need for post amplification in many circuits. The integrated design of the IF-D93 makes it a simple, cost-effective solution in a variety of applications.

## APPLICATIONS

- Low-Speed Optical Links
- Optical Interrupter/Reflective Sensors
- Process Control
- Motor Controller Triggering
- Medical Instruments
- Automotive Electronics
- Robotics Control
- EMC/EMI Signal Isolation
- Electronic Games

## FEATURES

- ◆ Mates with Standard 1000  $\mu$ m Core Jacketed Plastic Fiber Optic Cable
- ◆ No Optical Design Required
- ◆ Inexpensive but Rugged Plastic Connector Housing
- ◆ Internal Micro-Lens for Efficient Optical Coupling
- ◆ Connector-Less Fiber Termination
- ◆ Light-Tight Housing provides Interference Free-Transmission
- ◆ Very High Optical Sensitivity
- ◆ RoHS Compliant

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $(T_A = 25^\circ\text{C})$ 

### Operating and Storage Temperature Range

(T<sub>OP</sub>, T<sub>STG</sub>).....-40° to 85°C

Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ) .....85°C

Soldering Temperature  
(2 mm from case bottom)

(T<sub>S</sub>) t ≤ 5 s.....240°C

Collector Emitter Voltage ( $V_{CEQ}$ )....15 V

Emitter Collector Voltage ( $V_{ECQ}$ ).....5 V

Collector Current ( $I_C$ ) .....50 mA

Collector Peak Current  
( $I_{CM}$ )  $t = 1$  ms ..... 100 mA

Power Dissipation  
( $P_{TOT}$ )  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  ..... 100 mW

De-rate Above 25°C .....1.33 mW/°C

### CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Wavelength for Maximum Photosensitivity	$\lambda_{\text{PEAK}}$	—	850	—	nm
Spectral Bandwidth (S=10% of $S_{\text{MAX}}$ )	$\Delta\lambda$	400	—	1100	nm
Switching Times (10% to 90% and 90% to 10%) ( $R_L=1k\Omega$ , $V_{CE}=5\text{ V}$ , $\lambda=880\text{ nm}$ ) See Figure 2.	$t_r, t_f$	—	5, 2.5	—	ms
Responsivity min. @ 880 nm @ 632 nm	R	— —	400 200	— —	$\mu\text{A}/\mu\text{W}$ $\mu\text{A}/\mu\text{W}$
Collector Dark Current ( $V_{CE}=15\text{ volts}$ )	$I_{\text{CEO}}$	—	—	100	nA
Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C=1\text{ mA}$ )	$BV_{\text{CEO}}$	15	—	—	V
Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C=100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ )	$BV_{\text{ECO}}$	5	—	—	V
Saturation Voltage ( $I_C=0.4\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $H=10\text{ }\mu\text{W}$ )	$V_{\text{CE sat}}$	—	1.10	—	V

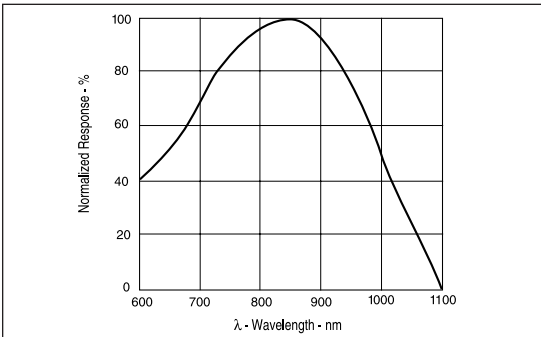


FIGURE 1. Typical detector response versus wavelength.

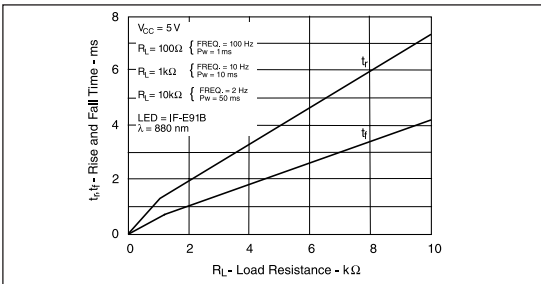


FIGURE 2. Rise and fall times versus load resistance.

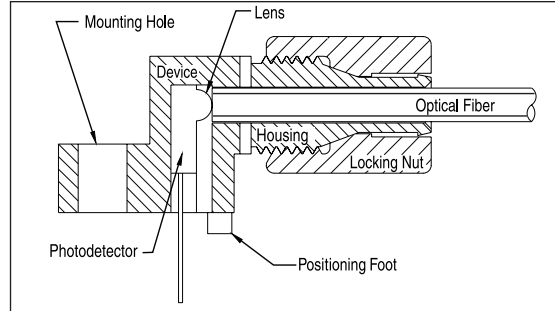
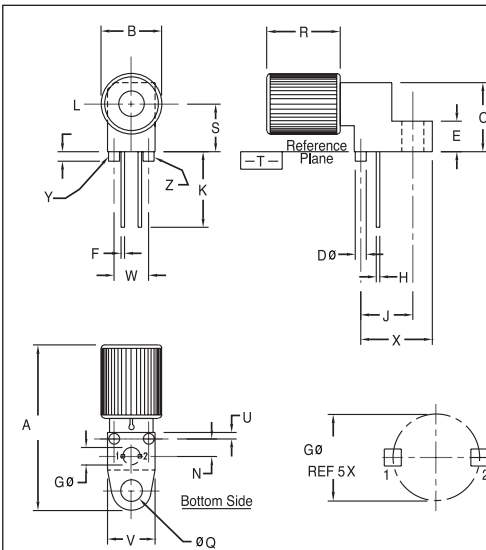


FIGURE 3. Cross-section of fiber optic device.

### FIBER TERMINATION INSTRUCTIONS

1. Cut off the ends of the optical fiber with a single-edge razor blade or sharp knife. Try to obtain a precise 90-degree angle (square).
2. Insert the fiber through the locking nut and into the connector until the core tip seats against the internal micro-lens.
3. Screw the connector locking nut down to a snug fit, locking the fiber in place.



#### NOTES:

1. Y AND Z ARE DATUM DIMENSIONS AND T IS A DATUM SURFACE.
2. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR D Ø (2 PL):  
 $\Phi \ 0.25 \ (0.010) \ \text{T} \ \text{Y} \ \text{Z} \ \text{M}$
3. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR F DIM (2 PL):  
 $\Phi \ 0.25 \ (0.010) \ \text{T} \ \text{Y} \ \text{Z} \ \text{M}$
4. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR H DIM (2 PL):  
 $\Phi \ 0.25 \ (0.010) \ \text{T} \ \text{Y} \ \text{Z} \ \text{M}$
5. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR Q Ø (2 PL):  
 $\Phi \ 0.25 \ (0.010) \ \text{T} \ \text{Y} \ \text{Z} \ \text{M}$
6. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE FOR B (2 PL):  
 $\Phi \ 0.25 \ (0.010) \ \text{T}$
7. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
8. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH

#### PACKAGE IDENTIFICATION:

- ◆ Black housing w/ Red dot
- ◆ PIN 1. Emitter
- ◆ PIN 2. Collector

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	23.24	25.27	.915	.995
B	8.64	9.14	.340	.360
C	9.91	10.41	.390	.410
D	1.52	1.63	.060	.064
E	4.19	4.70	.165	.185
F	0.43	0.58	.017	.023
G	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC	
H	0.43	0.58	.017	.023
J	7.62 BSC		.300 BSC	
K	10.35	11.87	.408	.468
L	1.14	1.65	.045	.065
N	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC	
Q	3.05	3.30	.120	.130
R	10.48	10.99	.413	.433
S	6.98 BSC		.275 BSC	
U	0.83	1.06	.032	.042
V	7.49	7.75	.295	.305
W	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC	
X	10.10	10.68	.397	.427

FIGURE 4. Case outline.