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## Reverse Conducting IGBT with monolithic body diode

## Features:

- Powerful monolithic Body Diode with very low forward voltage
- Body diode clamps negative voltages
- Trench and Fieldstop technology for 1200 V applications offers :
- very tight parameter distribution
- high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE} \text { (sat) }}$
- Low EMI
- Qualified according to JEDEC ${ }^{1}$ for target applications

- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : http://www.infineon.com/igbt/


## Applications:

- Inductive Cooking
- Soft Switching Applications


IHW25N120R2
Soft Switching Series

Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Max. Value | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic $R_{\text {th JC }}$  0.41 <br> IGBT thermal resistance, <br> junction - case $R_{\text {thJCD }}$  0.41 <br> Diode thermal resistance, <br> junction - case $R_{\text {th JA }}$  40 <br> Thermal resistance, <br> junction - ambient    |  |  |  |  |

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | min. | Typ. | max. |  |
| Static Characteristic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $V_{\text {(BR)CES }}$ | $V_{G E}=0 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 1200 | - | - | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $V_{\text {CE(sat) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{GE}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.6 \\ 1.95 \\ 2.0 \end{gathered}$ | $1.8$ |  |
| Diode forward voltage | $V_{F}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{G E}=0 V, I_{F}=25 \mathrm{~A} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 1.8 \end{gathered}$ | $1.75$ |  |
| Gate-emitter threshold voltage | $V_{\text {GE(th })}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline I_{\mathrm{C}}=0.58 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & V_{\mathrm{CE}}=V_{\mathrm{GE}} \end{aligned}$ | 5.1 | 5.8 | 6.4 |  |
| Zero gate voltage collector current | $I_{\text {CES }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CE}}=1200 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & V_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & T_{\mathrm{j}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | - | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ 2500 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | $I_{\text {GES }}$ | $V_{\text {CE }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=20 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 100 | nA |
| Transconductance | $g_{\text {fs }}$ | $V_{C E}=20 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A}$ | - | 16.3 | - | S |
| Integrated gate resistor | $R_{\text {Gint }}$ |  |  | none |  | $\Omega$ |

## Dynamic Characteristic

| Input capacitance | $C_{\text {iss }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CE}}=25 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & V_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & f=1 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | 2342 | - | pF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output capacitance | $C_{\text {oss }}$ |  | - | 68.7 | - |  |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | $C_{\text {rss }}$ |  | - | 55.5 | - |  |
| Gate charge | $Q_{\text {Gate }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=960 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A} \\ & V_{G E}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | 60.7 | - | nC |
| Internal emitter inductance measured 5 mm (0.197 in.) from case | $L_{E}$ |  | - | 13 | - | nH |

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | min. | typ. | max. |  |
| IGBT Characteristic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{\text {d (off) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A} \\ & V_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | - | 324 | - | ns |
| Fall time | $t_{\mathrm{f}}$ |  | - | 55.8 | - |  |
| Turn-on energy | $E_{\text {on }}$ |  | - | - | - |  |
| Turn-off energy | $E_{\text {off }}$ |  | - | 1.59 | - |  |
| Total switching energy | $E_{\text {ts }}$ |  | - | 1.59 | - | mJ |

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_{\mathrm{j}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | min. | Typ. | max. |  |
| IGBT Characteristic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{\text {d ( off) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & T_{\mathrm{j}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & V_{\mathrm{CC}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & V_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | - | 373 | - | ns |
| Fall time | $t_{\text {f }}$ |  | - | 90.6 | - |  |
| Turn-on energy | $E_{\text {on }}$ |  | - | - | - |  |
| Turn-off energy | $E_{\text {off }}$ |  | - | 2.54 | - |  |
| Total switching energy | $E_{\text {ts }}$ |  | - | 2.54 | - | mJ |



Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency for hard switching (turn-off)
( $T_{\mathrm{j}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, D=0.5, V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}$, $\left.V_{G E}=0 /+15 \mathrm{~V}, R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega\right)$

$T_{\mathrm{C}}$, CASE TEMPERATURE
Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
( $T_{\mathrm{j}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 2. IGBT Safe operating area
( $D=0, T_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$,
$\left.T_{\mathrm{j}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=15 \mathrm{~V}\right)$

$T_{\mathrm{C}}$, CASE TEMPERATURE
Figure 4. DC Collector current as a function of case temperature
$\left(V_{G E} \geq 15 \mathrm{~V}, T_{\mathrm{j}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

$V_{\text {CE, }}$, COLLECTOR-Emitter Voltage
Figure 5. Typical output characteristic ( $T_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

$V_{\text {CE }}$, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
( $T_{\mathrm{j}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=20 \mathrm{~V}$ )

$T_{\mathrm{J}}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
( $V_{\text {GE }}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ )

$I_{C}$, COLLECTOR CURRENT
Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load, $T_{J}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

$R_{\mathrm{G}}$, GATE RESISTOR
Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_{J}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)
$T_{\mathrm{J}}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, $V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}$,
$V_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A}, R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E) Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)


$T_{\mathrm{J}}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature ( $I_{C}=0.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ )

$I_{C}$, COLLECTOR CURRENT
Figure 13. Typical turn-off energy as a function of collector current (inductive load, $T_{\mathrm{J}}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)


Figure 14. Typical turn-off energy as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_{J}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}$, $V_{G E}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, I_{C}=25 \mathrm{~A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

$T_{\mathrm{J}}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 15. Typical turn-off energy as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, $V_{\mathrm{CE}}=600 \mathrm{~V}$,
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A}, R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

$V_{\text {CE }}$, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 16. Typical turn-off energy as a function of collector emitter voltage
(inductive load, $T_{J}=175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$,
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GE}}=0 / 15 \mathrm{~V}, I_{\mathrm{C}}=20 \mathrm{~A}, R_{\mathrm{G}}=10 \Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
( $I_{\mathrm{C}}=25 \mathrm{~A}$ )


Figure 19. IGBT transient thermal resistance
( $D=t_{\mathrm{p}} / T$ )


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{G E}=0 \mathrm{~V}, f=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ )

$t_{\mathrm{P}}$, PULSE WIDTH
Figure 20. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ( $D=t_{\mathrm{p}} / T$ )

## Soft Switching Series



Figure 21. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage


Figure 22. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-TO247-3
TO247-3




Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit


Figure B. Definition of switching losses


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit

## Soft Switching Series

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