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Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

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Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China











Low Loss DuoPack: IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode

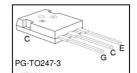








- Very low V_{CE(sat)} 1.5V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175°C
- Short circuit withstand time 5μs
- Positive temperature coefficient in V_{CE(sat)}
- very tight parameter distribution
- high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- very high switching speed
- Low EM
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : http://www.infineon.com/igbt/



Applications:

- Frequency Converters
- Uninterrupted Power Supply

Туре	V _{CE}	<i>I</i> _C	V _{CE(sat),Tj=25°C}	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IKW75N60T	600V	75A	1.5V	175°C	K75T60	PG-TO247-3

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit		
Collector-emitter voltage, <i>T</i> _j ≥ 25°C	V _{CE}	600	V		
DO collectors and Probable T	<i>T</i> _C = 25°C	,	80 ²⁾		
DC collector current, limited by T_{jmax}	<i>T</i> _C = 100°C	1/ _C	75		
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	•	I _{Cpuls}	225	A	
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} = 600 \text{V}$, $T_j = 17$	$t_p = 1 \mu s$	-	225	7^	
Diada famound account limited by T	<i>T</i> _C = 25°C	,	80 ²⁾		
Diode forward current, limited by T_{jmax}	<i>T</i> _C = 100°C	I _F	75		
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	le pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} I_{Fpuls} 225				
Gate-emitter voltage		V _{GE}	±20	V	
Short circuit withstand time ³⁾		4	-		
$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \text{V}, \ V_{\rm CC} \le 400 \text{V}, \ T_{\rm j} \le 150 ^{\circ} \text{C}$		$t_{ t SC}$	5	μS	
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$					
Operating junction temperature	$T_{\rm j}$	-40+175			
Storage temperature		$T_{\rm stg}$	-55+150	°C	
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from (case for 10s	T_{sold}	260		

¹⁾ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

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²⁾ Value limited by bondwire

³⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.



IKW75N60T

Thermal Resistance

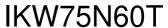
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic		,		•
IGBT thermal resistance,	R _{thJC}		0.35	K/W
junction – case				
Diode thermal resistance,	R _{thJCD}		0.6	
junction – case				
Thermal resistance,	R_{thJA}		40	
junction – ambient				

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Davamatav	Symbol Conditions		Value			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	Тур.	max.	Oilit
Static Characteristic	•					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 0 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 0.2 m \rm A$	600	-	-	٧
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{\text{CE(sat)}}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 75 \rm A$				
		$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1.5	2.0	
		$T_j = 175$ °C	-	1.9	-	
Diode forward voltage	V_{F}	$V_{\rm GE} = 0 \rm V, \ I_F = 75 \rm A$				
		<i>T</i> _j =25°C	-	1.65	2.0	
		T _j =175°C	-	1.6	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\rm GE(th)}$	$I_{\rm C}=1.2$ mA, $V_{\rm CE}=V_{\rm GE}$	4.1	4.9	5.7	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I _{CES}	$V_{\text{CE}} = 600 \text{ V},$ $V_{\text{GE}} = 0 \text{ V}$				μΑ
		<i>T</i> _j =25°C	_	-	40	
		$T_j = 175$ °C	-	-	5000	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I _{GES}	$V_{\rm CE} = 0 \rm V, V_{\rm GE} = 20 \rm V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{\rm CE} = 20 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 75 \rm A$	-	41	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	R_{Gint}			-		Ω

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	Ciss	$V_{\text{CE}}=25\text{V},$	1	4620	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	$V_{GE}=0V$,	-	288	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	f=1MHz	ı	137	-	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{\rm CC} = 480 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 75 \text{A}$	-	470	-	nC
		$V_{\text{GE}}=15\text{V}$				
Internal emitter inductance	LE		-	13	-	nΗ
measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case						
Short circuit collector current	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \text{V}, t_{\text{SC}} \leq 5 \mu \text{s}$	-	690	-	Α
Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.		$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V},$ $T_{j} \le 150^{\circ} \text{ C}$				





Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j =25 °C

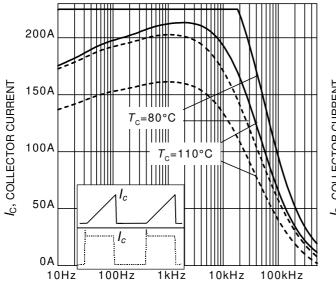
Donomotor	Symbol Conditions -		Value			Unit
Parameter			min.	typ.	max.	Offic
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	T _j =25°C,	-	33	-	ns
Rise time	t_{r}	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 75 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}.$	-	36	-	1
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$r_{\rm G}=5\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}=100$ nH,	-	330	-	
Fall time	t_{f}	C_{σ} =39pF	-	35	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon	L_{σ} , C_{σ} from Fig. E Energy losses include	-	2.0	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E _{off}	"tail" and diode reverse	-	2.5	-	
Total switching energy	Ets	recovery.	-	4.5	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	<i>T</i> _j =25°C,	-	121	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$V_{R} = 400 \text{V}, I_{F} = 75 \text{A},$	-	2.4	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current I_{rrm}		$di_F/dt=1460A/\mu s$	-	38.5	-	Α
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di _{rr} /dt		-	921	-	A/μs

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_j =175 °C

Davamatav	Cymphol	Canditions		Value		I I mil	
Parameter	Symbol Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
IGBT Characteristic						•	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j = 175$ °C,	-	32	-	ns	
Rise time	t_{r}	$V_{CC} = 400 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 75 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V},$	-	37	-		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$r_{\rm G}=5\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}=100$ nH,	-	363	-		
Fall time	t_{f}	C_{σ} =39pF	-	38	-		
Turn-on energy	Eon	L_{σ} , C_{σ} from Fig. E Energy losses include	-	2.9	-	mJ	
Turn-off energy	E _{off}	"tail" and diode reverse	-	2.9	-		
Total switching energy	Ets	recovery.	-	5.8	-		
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						•	
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	182	-	ns	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	V_{R} =400V, I_{F} =75A,	-	5.8	-	μC	
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	$di_F/dt=1460A/\mu s$	-	56.2	-	Α	
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di _{rr} /dt		-	1013	-	A/μs	







100A
10μs
10μs
10μs
50μs
10ms
10ms
11V
10V
100V
1000V

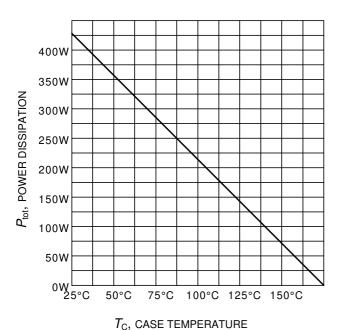
f, SWITCHING FREQUENCY

Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency $(T_i \le 175^{\circ}\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V},$

 $V_{\rm GE} = 0/15 \text{V}, r_{\rm G} = 5\Omega$

 V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 2. Safe operating area $(D = 0, T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, T_j \le 175^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V})$



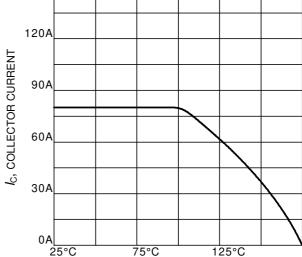


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature $(T_i \le 175^{\circ}C)$

Figure 4. DC Collector current as a function of case temperature $(V_{GE} \ge 15 \text{V}, \ T_i \le 175 ^{\circ}\text{C})$

 $T_{\rm C}$, CASE TEMPERATURE

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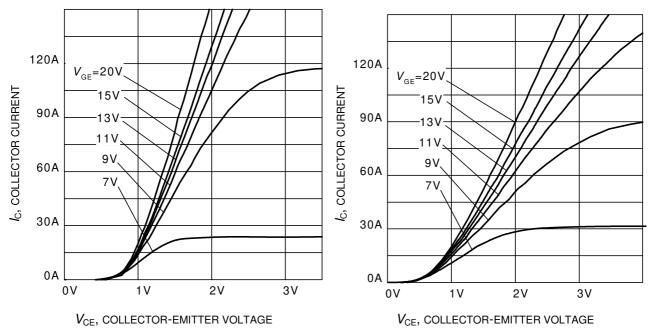


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 25^{\circ}C)$

Figure 6. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 175^{\circ}\text{C})$

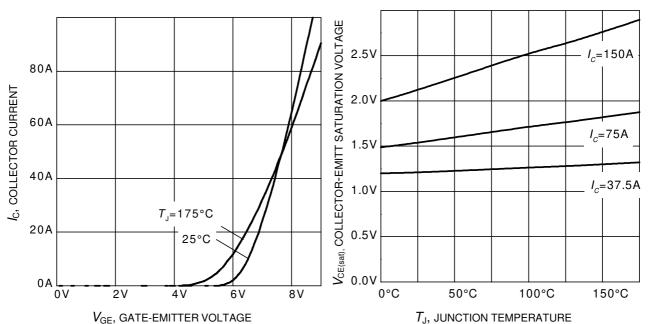
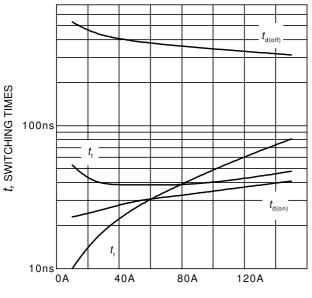


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic $(V_{CE}=20V)$

Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature $(V_{GE} = 15V)$

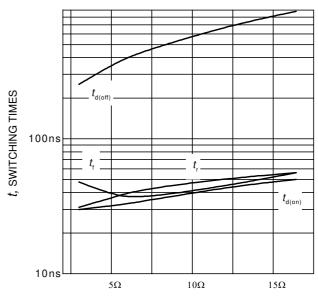






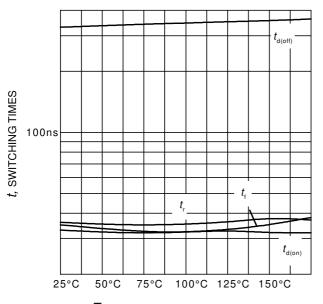
 I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT

Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, r_{G} = 5 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



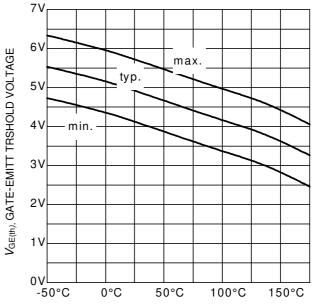
 $R_{\rm G}$, gate resistor

Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, $T_J = 175$ °C, $V_{CE} = 400$ V, $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V, $I_C = 75$ A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 $T_{
m J}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/15\text{V}$, $I_{\text{C}} = 75\text{A}$, $I_{\text{G}} = 5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 $T_{\rm J}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature $(I_C = 1.2\text{mA})$





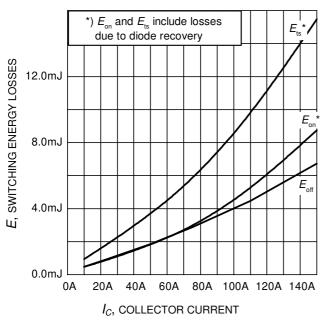


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load, $T_J = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/15\text{V}$, $r_{\text{G}} = 5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

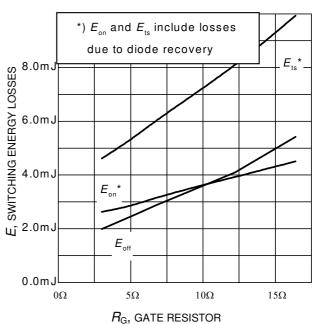


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, $T_J = 175$ °C, $V_{CE} = 400$ V, $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V, $I_C = 75$ A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

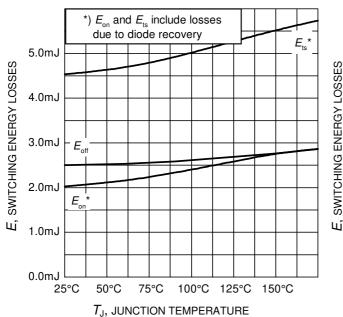
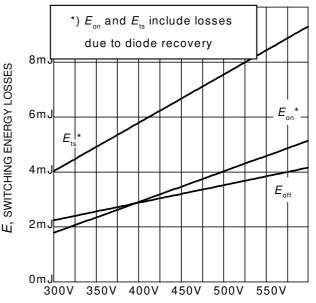


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400 \text{V}$

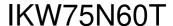
(inductive load, $V_{\rm CE}$ = 400V, $V_{\rm GE}$ = 0/15V, $I_{\rm C}$ = 75A, $r_{\rm G}$ = 5 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage

(inductive load, T_J = 175°C, $V_{\rm GE}$ = 0/15V, $I_{\rm C}$ = 75A, $r_{\rm G}$ = 5 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)





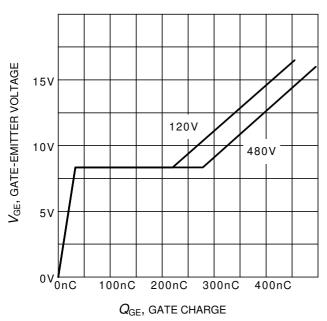
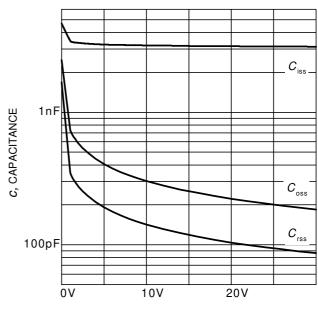
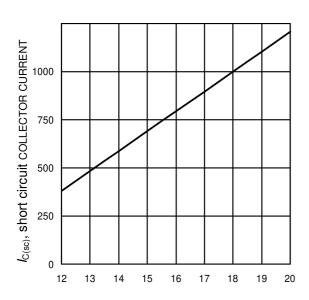


Figure 17. Typical gate charge $(I_C=75 \text{ A})$

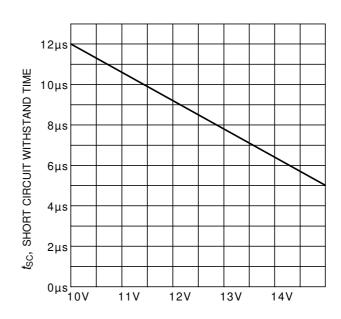


 $V_{\rm CE}$, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage $(V_{GE}=0V, f=1 \text{ MHz})$



 $V_{\rm GE}$, GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gateemitter voltage ($V_{\rm CE} \le 400 \, {\rm V}$, $T_{\rm i} \le 150 \, {\rm ^{\circ}C}$)



 $V_{
m GE},$ GATE- EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage ($V_{\rm CE}$ =400V, start at $T_{\rm J}$ =25°C, $T_{\rm Jmax}$ <150°C)





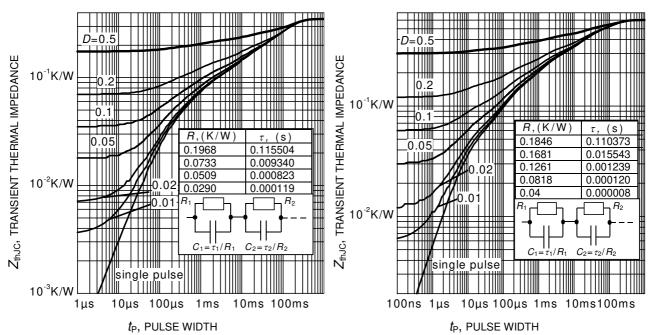


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance $(D = t_0 / T)$

Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width $(D=t_{\rm P}/T)$

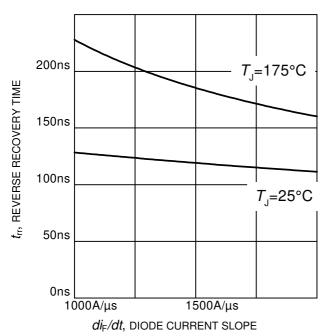
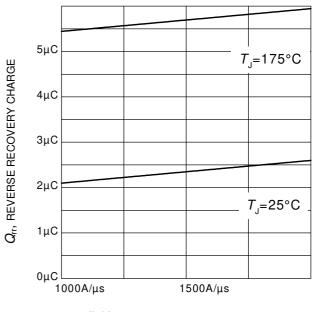


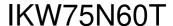
Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=400\text{V}, I_F=75\text{A}, \text{Dynamic test circuit in Figure E})$



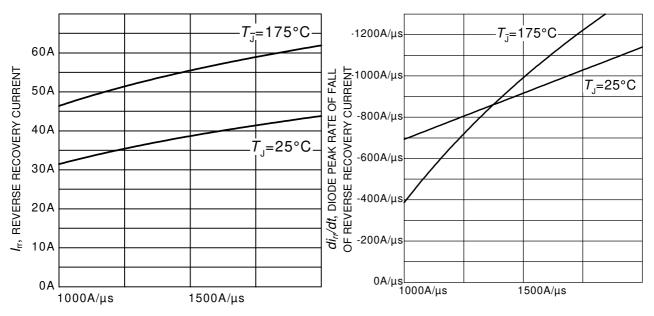
 $di_{\rm F}/dt$, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope

 $(V_R = 400 \text{V}, I_F = 75 \text{A},$ Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)







di_F/dt, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 400V$, $I_F = 75A$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E) di_F/dt, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope (V_R =400V, I_F =75A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

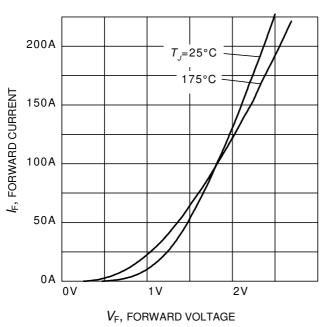
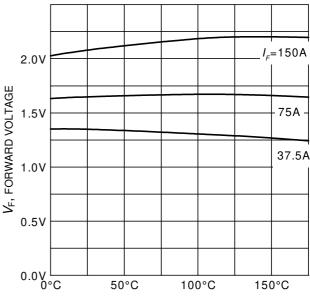


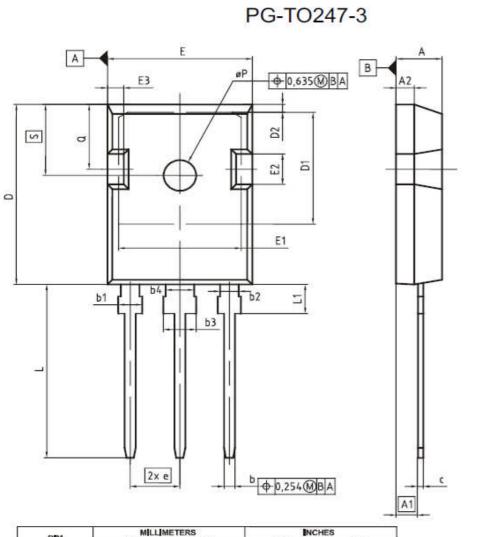
Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage



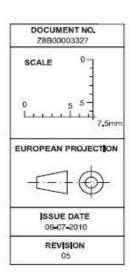
T_J, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
 Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

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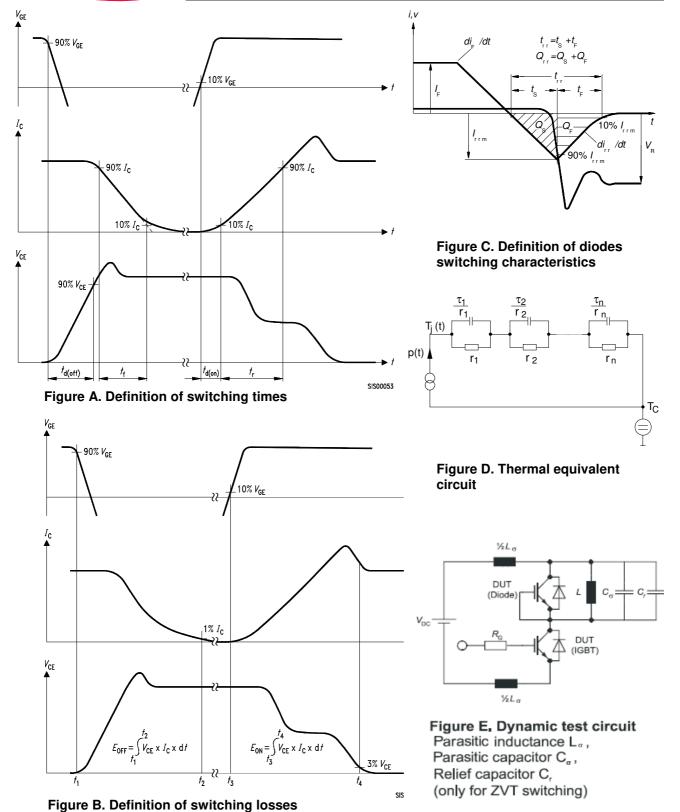


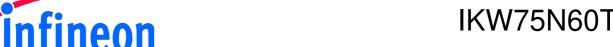
DEM.	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES
DBM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5,21	0.190	0,205
A1	2,27	2,54	0.089	0,100
A2	1.85	2,16	0.073	0,085
ь	1.07	1,33	0,042	0,052
b1	1,90	2.41	0,075	0,095
b2	1.90	2.16	0,075	0,085
b3	2,87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2,87	3.13	0,113	0.123
c	0,55	0.68	0,022	0,027
D	20,80	21,10	0,819	0,831
D1	16,25	17,65	0,640	0,695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0,053
E	15,70	16.13	0.618	0,635
E1	13.10	14.15	0,516	0,557
E2	3,68	5.10	0.145	0,201
E3	1.00	2,60	0,039	0.102
e	5.	44 (BSC)	0.2	214 (BSC)
N.		3		3
L	19,80	20,32	0,780	0.800
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176
øΡ	3,50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6,00	0,216	0,236
S	6,04	6,30	0,238	0,248













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