Chipsmall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!

Contact us

International ΙΩR Rectifier

IR2125(S) & (PbF)

CURRENT LIMITING SINGLE CHANNEL DRIVER

Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
  Fully operational to +500V
  Tolerant to negative transient voltage
  dV/dt immune
- Gate drive supply range from 12 to 18V
- Undervoltage lockout
- Current detection and limiting loop to limit driven power transistor current
- Error lead indicates fault conditions and programs shutdown time
- Output in phase with input
- 2.5V, 5V and 15V input logic compatible
- Also available LEAD-Free

Description

The IR2125(S) is a high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT driver with over-current limiting protection circuitry. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. Logic inputs are compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL outputs, down to 2.5V logic. The output driver features a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. The protection circuitry detects over-current in the driven power transistor and limits the gate drive voltage. Cycle by cycle shutdown is programmed by an external capacitor which directly controls the time interval between detection of the over-current limiting conditions and latched shutdown. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high or low side configuration which operates up to 500 volts.

Product Summary

V_{OFFSET}	500V max.
I_O +/-	1A / 2A
V_{OUT}	12 - 18V
V_{CSth}	230 mV
$t_{on/off}$ (typ.)	150 & 150 ns

Packages
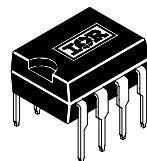
8-Lead PDIP
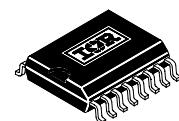
16-Lead SOIC
(Wide Body)

Typical Connection

(Refer to Lead Assignments for correct pin configuration). This/These diagram(s) show electrical connections only. Please refer to our Application Notes and DesignTips for proper circuit board layout.
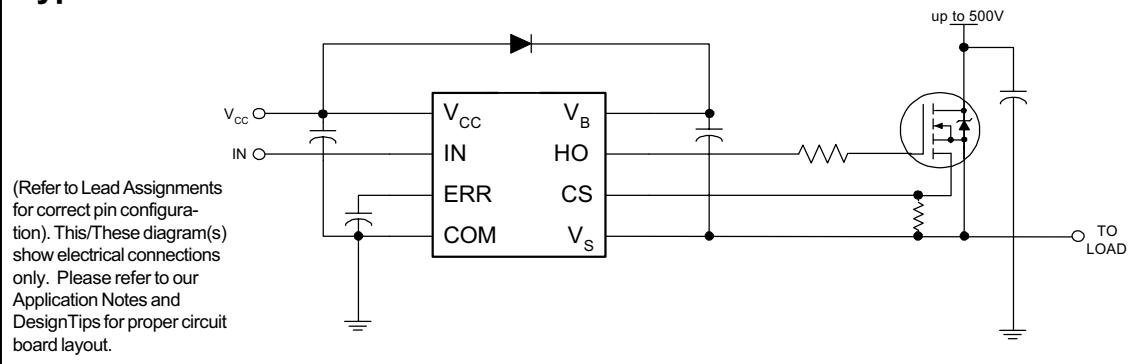
IR2125(S) & (PbF)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The Thermal Resistance and Power Dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_B	High Side Floating Supply Voltage	-0.3	525	
V_S	High Side Floating Offset Voltage	V_B - 25	V_B + 0.3	
V_{HO}	High Side Floating Output Voltage	V_S - 0.3	V_B + 0.3	
V_{CC}	Logic Supply Voltage	-0.3	25	V
V_{IN}	Logic Input Voltage	-0.3	V_{CC} + 0.3	
V_{ERR}	Error Signal Voltage	-0.3	V_{CC} + 0.3	
V_{CS}	Current Sense Voltage	V_S - 0.3	V_B + 0.3	
dV_S/dt	Allowable Offset Supply Voltage Transient	—	50	V/ns
P_D	Package Power Dissipation @ $T_A \leq$ +25°C (8 lead PDIP)	—	1.0	W
	(16 lead SOIC)	—	1.25	
Rth_{JA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (8 lead PDIP)	—	125	°C/W
	(16lLead SOIC)	—	100	
T_J	Junction Temperature	—	150	
T_S	Storage Temperature	-55	150	°C
T_L	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300	

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Input/Output logic timing diagram is shown in Figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The V_S offset rating is tested with all supplies biased at 15V differential.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V_B	High Side Floating Supply Voltage	V_S + 12	V_S + 18	
V_S	High Side Floating Offset Voltage	Note 1	500	
V_{HO}	High Side Floating Output Voltage	V_S	V_B	
V_{CC}	Logic Supply Voltage	0	18	V
V_{IN}	Logic Input Voltage	0	V_{CC}	
V_{ERR}	Error Signal Voltage	0	V_{CC}	
V_{CS}	Current Sense Signal Voltage	V_S	V_B	
T_A	Ambient Temperature	-40	125	°C

Note 1: Logic operational for V_S of -5 to +500V. Logic state held for V_S of -5V to $-V_{BS}$. (Please refer to the Design Tip DT97-3 for more details).

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}) = 15V, C_L = 3300 pF and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified. The dynamic electrical characteristics are measured using the test circuit shown in Figures 3 through 6.

Symbol	Definition	Figure	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{on}	Turn-On Propagation Delay	7	—	170	240	ns	V_{IN} = 0 & 5V V_S = 0 to 600V
t_{off}	Turn-Off Propagation Delay	8	—	200	270		
t_{sd}	ERR Shutdown Propagation Delay	9	—	1.7	2.2	µs	
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time	10	—	43	60	ns	
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time	11	—	26	35		
t_{cs}	CS Shutdown Propagation Delay	12	—	0.7	1.2	µs	
t_{err}	CS to ERR Pull-Up Propagation Delay	13	—	9.0	12		C_{ERR} = 270 pF

Static Electrical Characteristics

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC}, V_{BS}) = 15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified. The V_{IN}, V_{TH} and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to COM. The V_O and I_O parameters are referenced to V_S.

Symbol	Definition	Figure	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V_{IH}	Logic "1" Input Voltage	14	2.2	—	—	V	
V_{IL}	Logic "0" Input Voltage	15	—	—	0.8		
V_{CSTH+}	CS Input Positive Going Threshold	16	150	230	320	mV	
V_{CSTH-}	CS Input Negative Going Threshold	17	130	210	300		
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage, V_{BIAS} - V_O	18	—	—	100		I_O = 0A
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage, V_O	19	—	—	100		I_O = 0A
I_{LK}	Offset Supply Leakage Current	20	—	—	50		$V_B = V_S$ = 500V
I_{QBS}	Quiescent V_{BS} Supply Current	21	—	400	1000		$V_{IN} = V_{CS}$ = 0V or 5V
I_{QCC}	Quiescent V_{CC} Supply Current	22	—	700	1200		$V_{IN} = V_{CS}$ = 0V or 5V
I_{IN+}	Logic "1" Input Bias Current	23	—	4.5	10	µA	V_{IN} = 5V
I_{IN-}	Logic "0" Input Bias Current	24	—	—	1.0		V_{IN} = 0V
I_{CS+}	"High" CS Bias Current	25	—	4.5	10		V_{CS} = 3V
I_{CS-}	"Low" CS Bias Current	26	—	—	1.0		V_{CS} = 0V
V_{BSUV+}	V_{BS} Supply Undervoltage Positive Going Threshold	27	8.5	9.2	10.0		
V_{BSUV-}	V_{BS} Supply Undervoltage Negative Going Threshold	28	7.7	8.3	9.0	V	
V_{CCUV+}	V_{CC} Supply Undervoltage Positive Going Threshold	29	8.3	8.9	9.6		
V_{CCUV-}	V_{CC} Supply Undervoltage Negative Going Threshold	30	7.3	8.0	8.7		
I_{ERR}	ERR Timing Charge Current	31	65	100	130	µA	V_{IN} = 5V, V_{CS} = 3V ERR < V_{ERR+}
I_{ERR+}	ERR Pull-Up Current	32	8.0	15	—	mA	V_{IN} = 5V, V_{CS} = 3V ERR > V_{ERR+}
I_{ERR-}	ERR Pull-Down Current	33	16	30	—		V_{IN} = 0V
I_{O+}	Output High Short Circuit Pulsed Current	34	1.0	1.6	—	A	V_O = 0V, V_{IN} = 5V PW ≤ 10 µs
I_{O-}	Output Low Short Circuit Pulsed Current	35	2.0	3.3	—		V_O = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V PW ≤ 10 µs

IR2125(S) & (PbF)

Functional Block Diagram
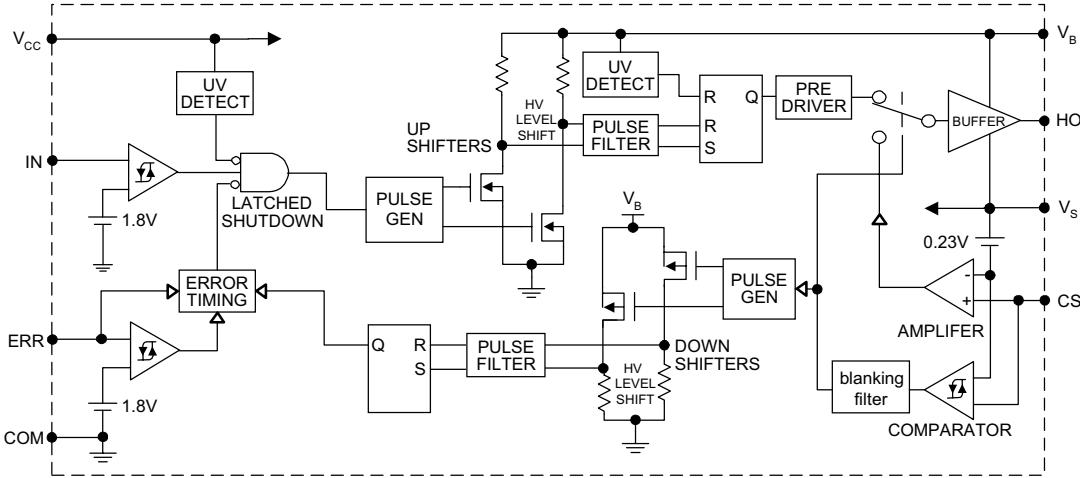
Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
V_{CC}	Logic and gate drive supply
IN	Logic input for gate driver output (HO), in phase with HO
ERR	Serves multiple functions; status reporting, linear mode timing and cycle by cycle logic shutdown
COM	Logic ground
V_B	High side floating supply
HO	High side gate drive output
V_S	High side floating supply return
CS	Current sense input to current sense comparator

Lead Assignments

8 Lead PDIP   16 Lead SOIC (Wide Body)

| **IR2125** | **Part Number** | **IR2125S** |
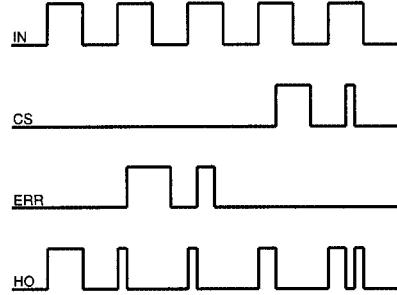
IR2125(S) & (PbF)

Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram
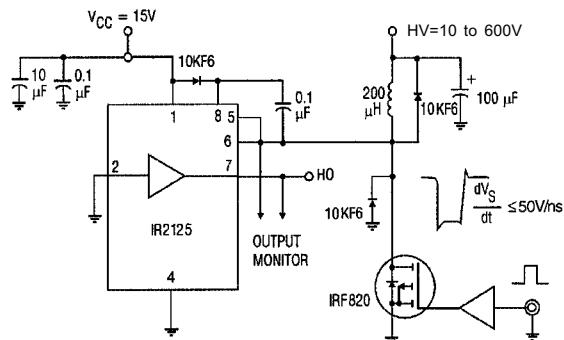
Figure 2. Floating Supply Voltage Transient Test Circuit
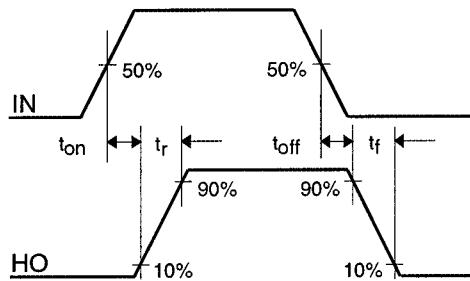
Figure 3. Switching Time Waveform Definitions
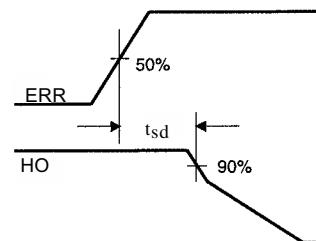
Figure 4. ERR Shutdown Waveform Definitions
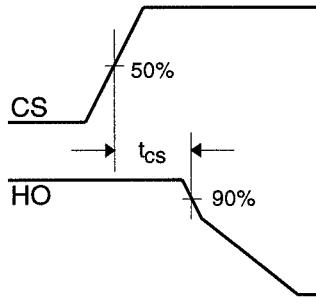
Figure 5. CS Shutdown Waveform Definitions

$$dt = C \times \frac{dV}{I_{ERR}} = C \times \frac{1.8V}{100 \, uA}$$
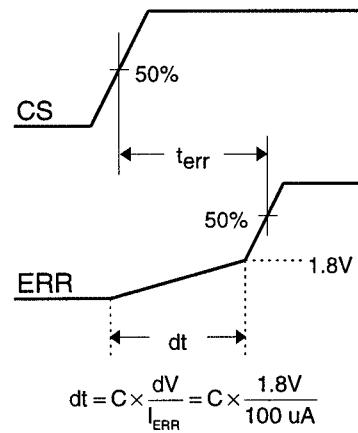
Figure 6. CS to ERR Waveform Definitions
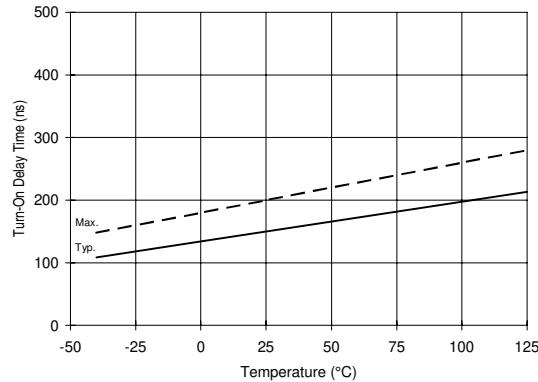
Figure 7A. Turn-On Time vs. Temperature
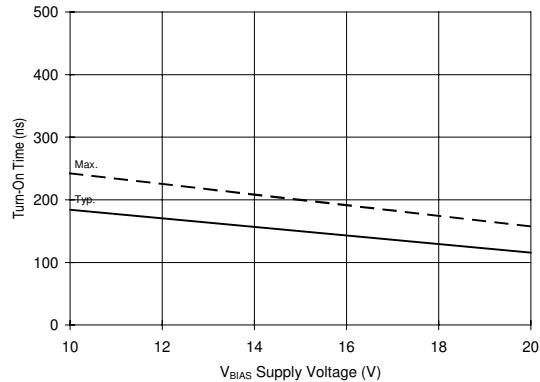
Figure 7B. Turn-On Time vs. Voltage
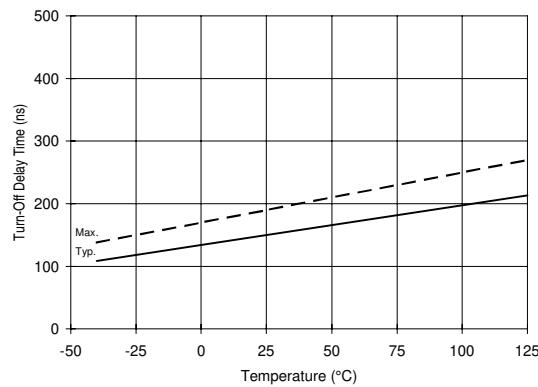
Figure 8A. Turn-Off Time vs. Temperature
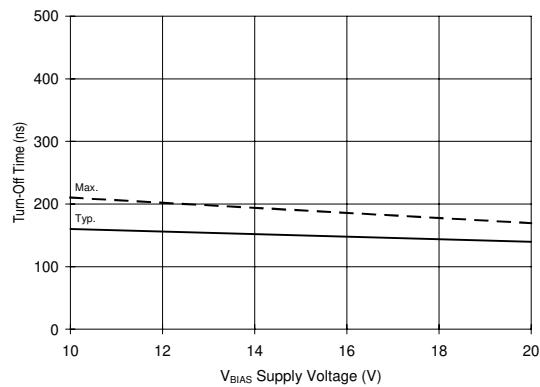
Figure 8B. Turn-Off Time vs. Voltage
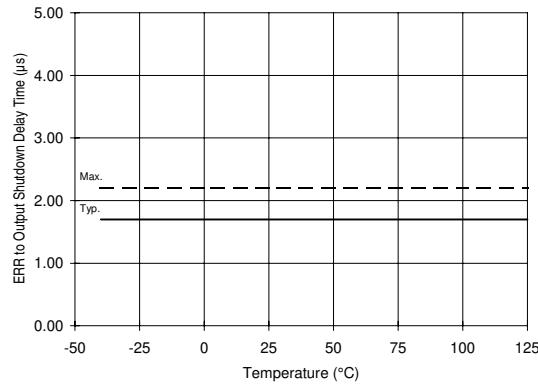
Figure 9A. ERR to Output Shutdown vs. Temperature
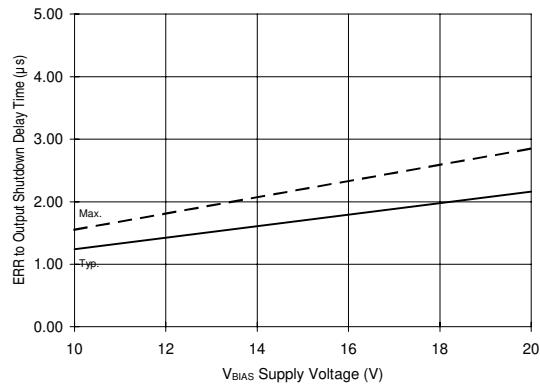
Figure 9B. ERR to Output Shutdown vs. Voltage

www.irf.com
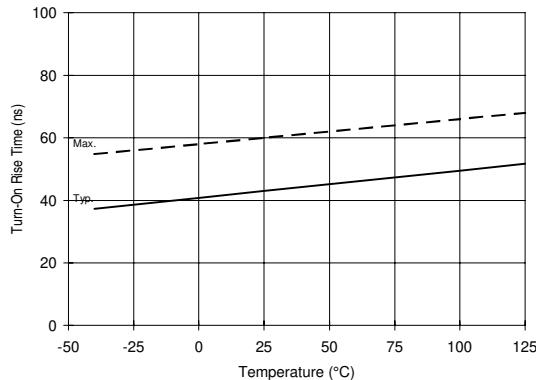
Figure 10A. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Temperature
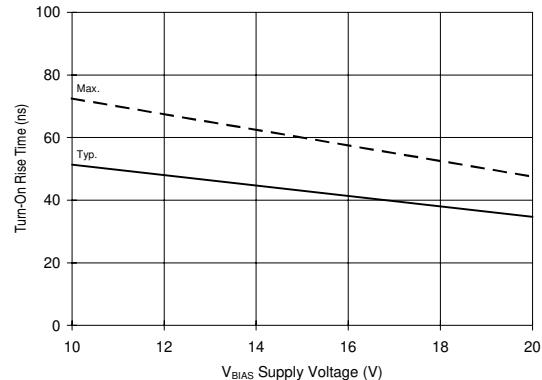
Figure 10B. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Voltage
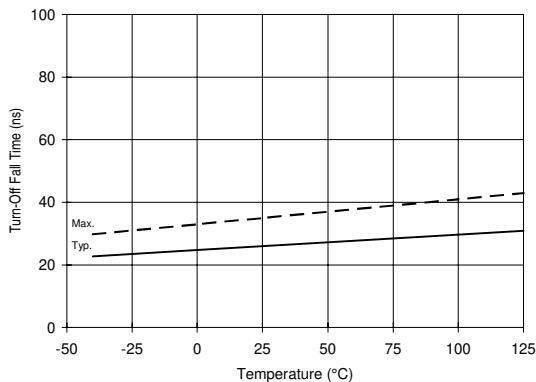
Figure 11A. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Temperature
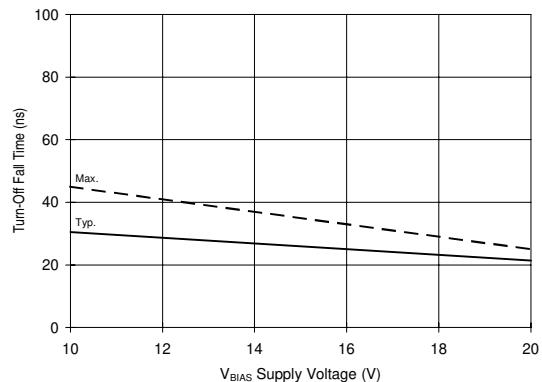
Figure 11B. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Voltage
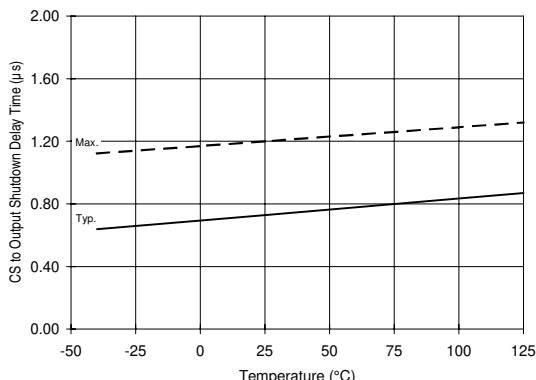
Figure 12A. CS to Output Shutdown vs. Temperature
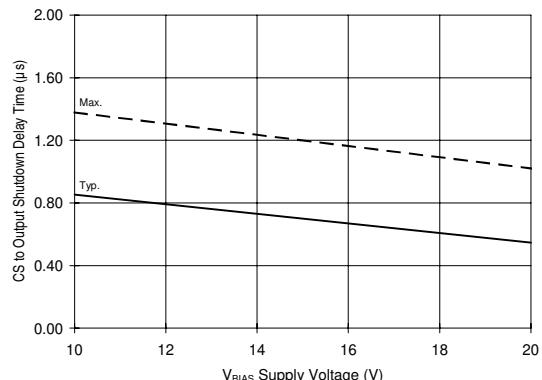
Figure 12B. CS to Output Shutdown vs. Voltage
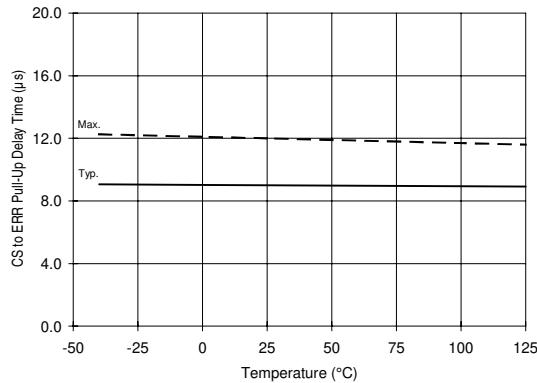
Figure 13A. CS to ERR Pull-Up vs. Temperature
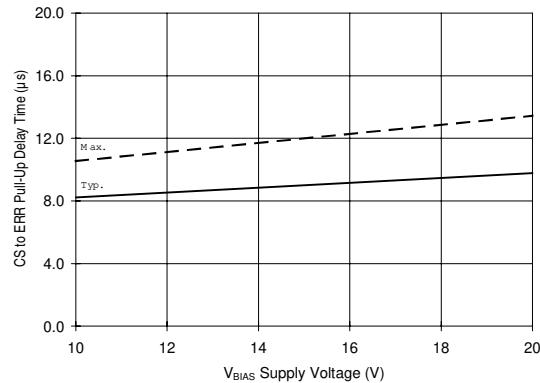
Figure 13B. CS to ERR Pull-Up vs. Voltage
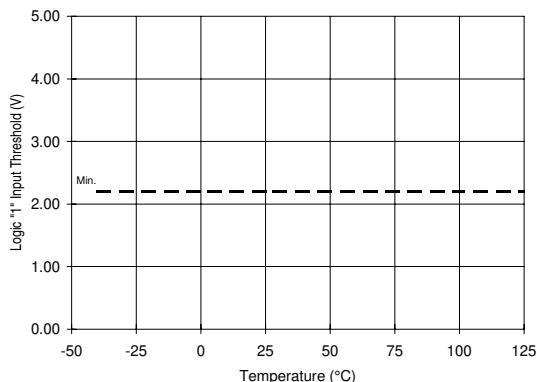
Figure 14A. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Temperature
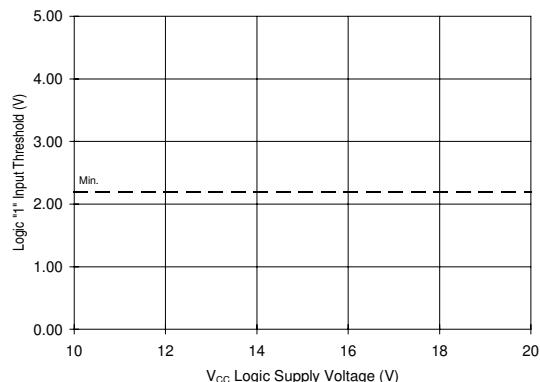
Figure 14B. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Voltage
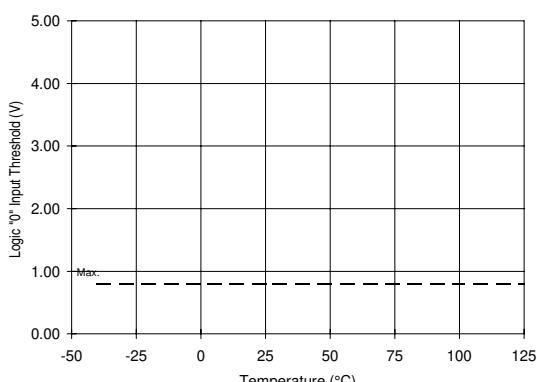
Figure 15A. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Temperature
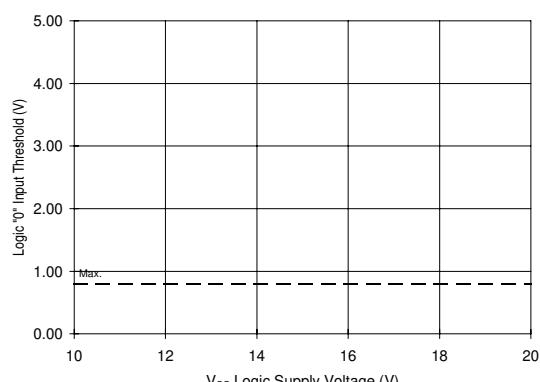
Figure 15B. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Voltage
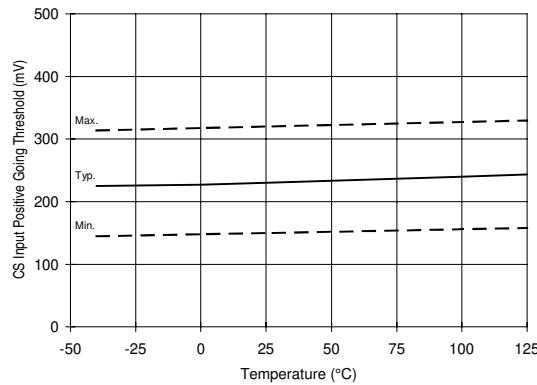
Figure 16A. CS Input Threshold (+) vs. Temperature
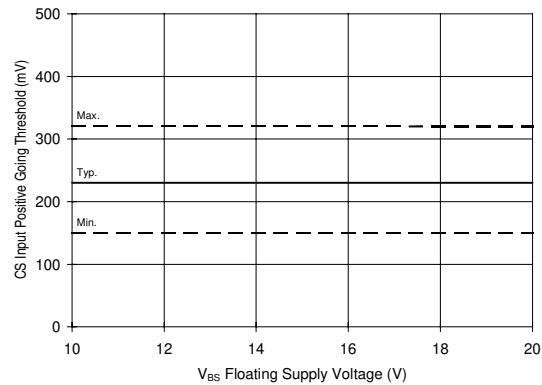
Figure 16B. CS Input Threshold (+) vs. Voltage
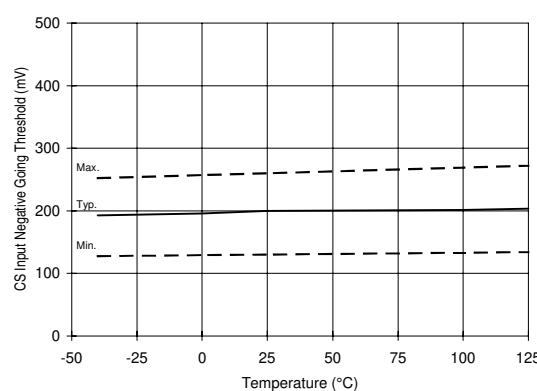
Figure 17A. CS Input Threshold (-) vs. Temperature
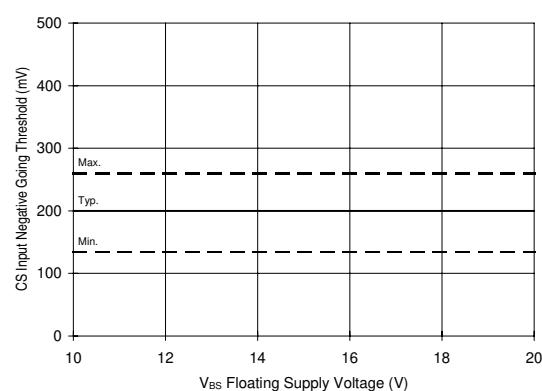
Figure 17B. CS Input Threshold (-) vs. Voltage
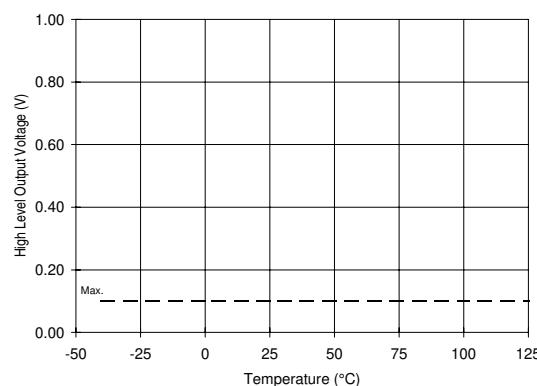
Figure 18A. High Level Output vs. Temperature
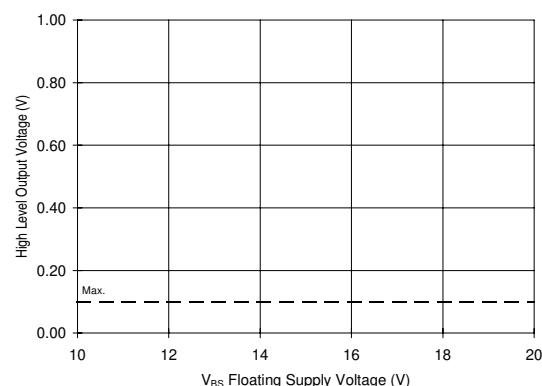
Figure 18B. High Level Output vs. Voltage
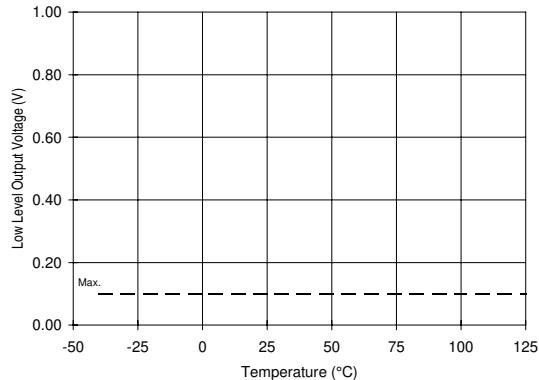
Figure 19A. Low Level Output vs. Temperature
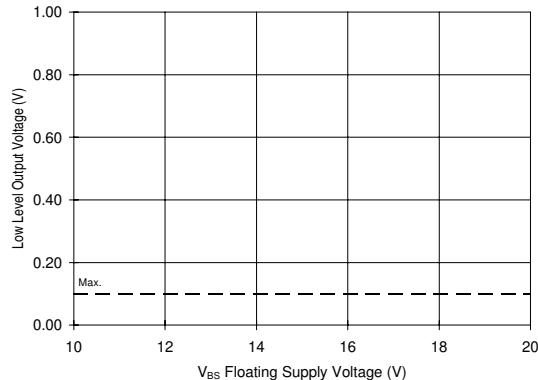
Figure 19B. Low Level Output vs. Voltage
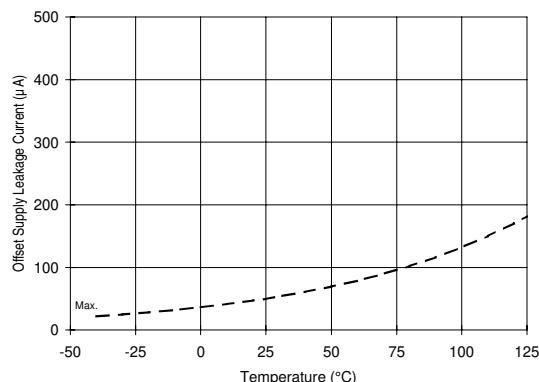
Figure 20A. Offset Supply Current vs. Temperature
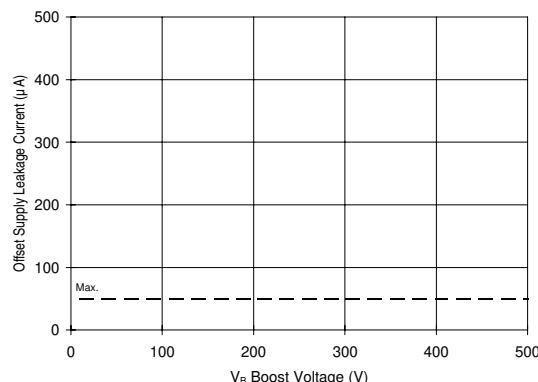
Figure 20B. Offset Supply Current vs. Voltage
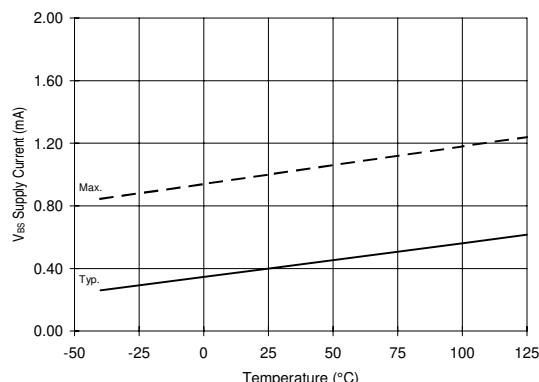
Figure 21A. V$_{BS}$ Supply Current vs. Temperature
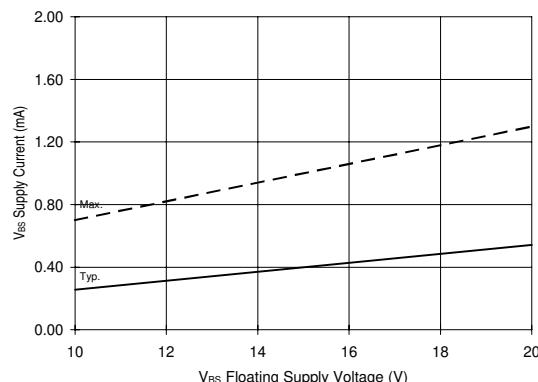
Figure 21B. V$_{BS}$ Supply Current vs. Voltage

IR2125(S) & (PbF)
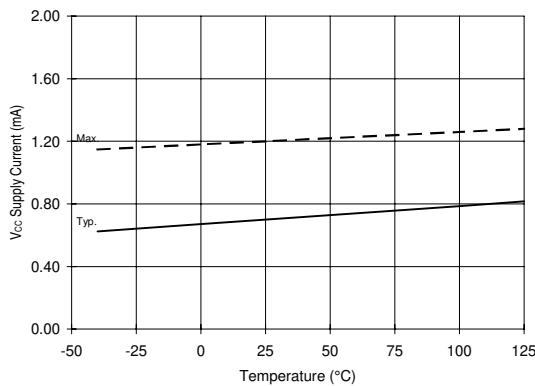
Figure 22A. V$_{CC}$ Supply Current vs. Temperature
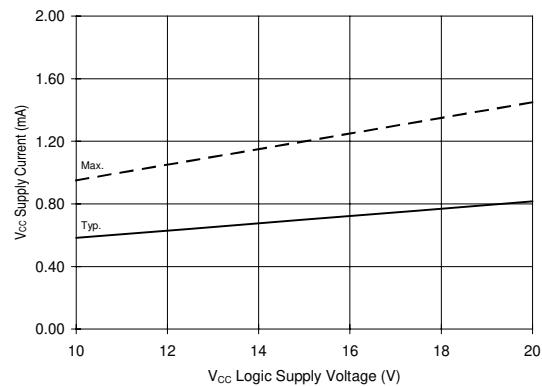
Figure 22B. V$_{CC}$ Supply Current vs. Voltage
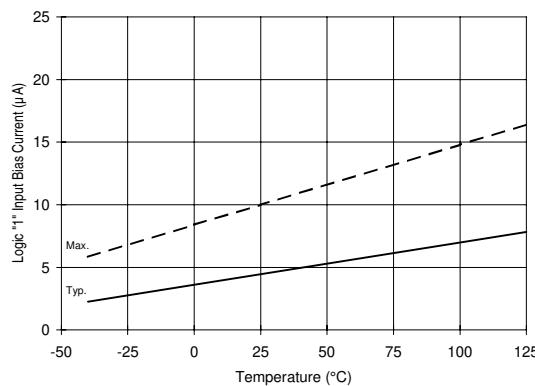
Figure 23A. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature
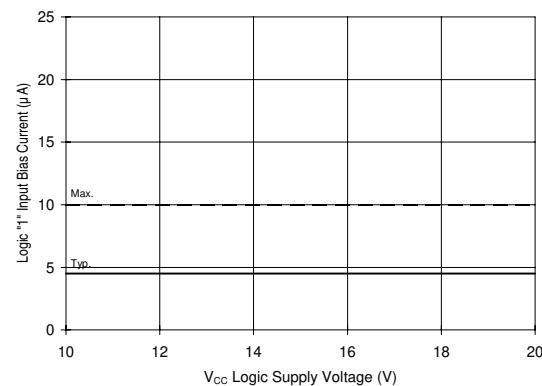
Figure 23B. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Voltage
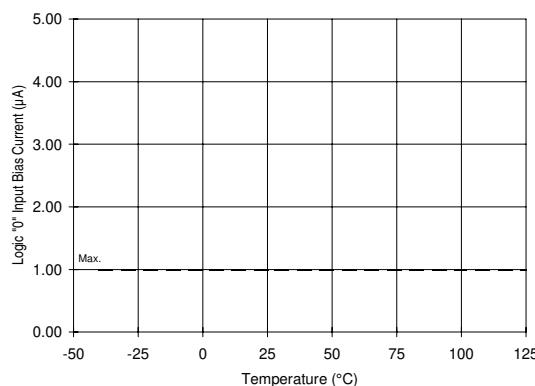
Figure 24A. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Temperature
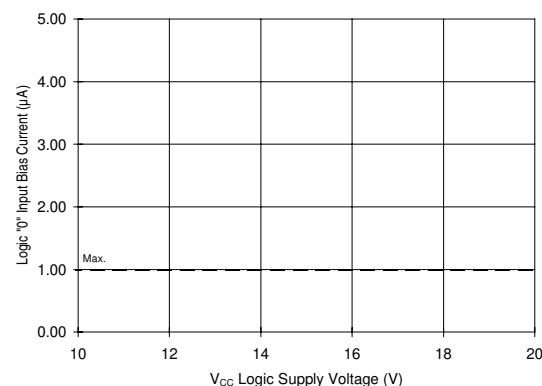
Figure 24B. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Voltage
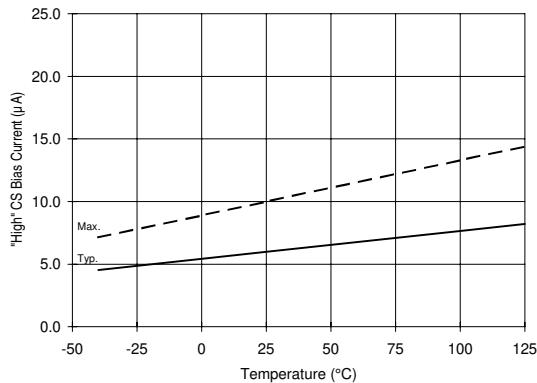
Figure 25A. "High" CS Bias Current vs. Temperature
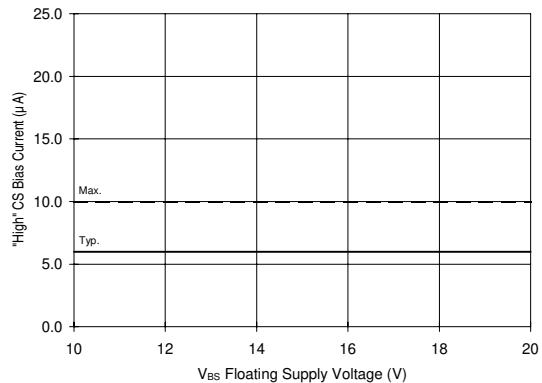
Figure 25B. "High" CS Bias Current vs. Voltage
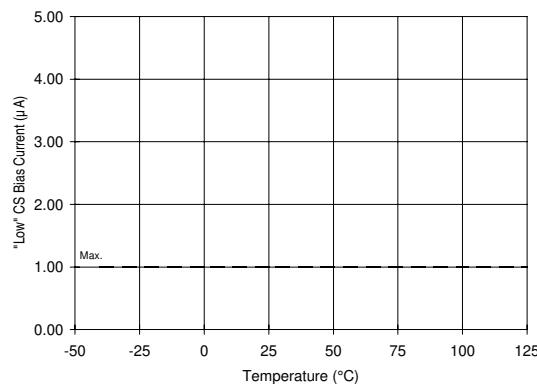
**Figure 26A. "Low" CS Bias Current vs. Temperature**
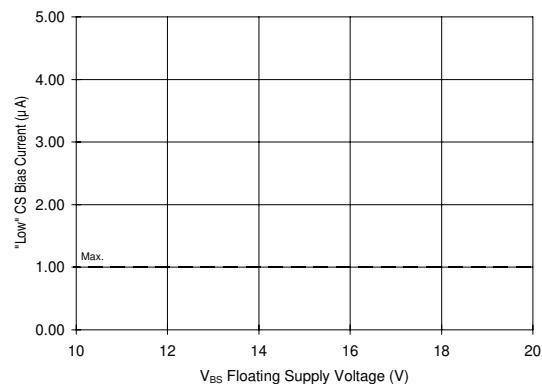
**Figure 26B. "Low" CS Bias Current vs. Voltage**
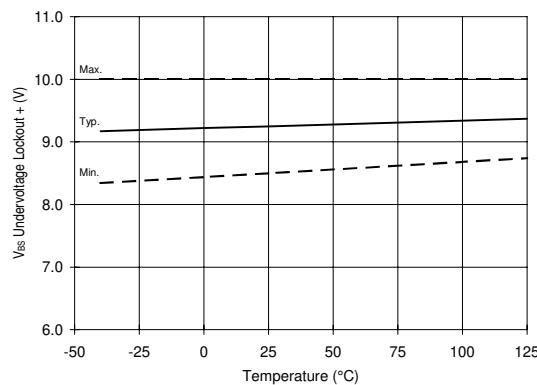
**Figure 27. V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature**
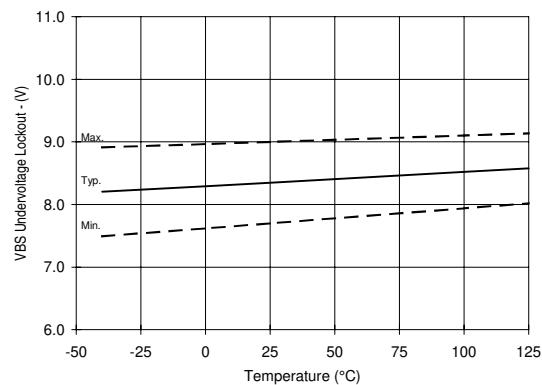
**Figure 28. V$_{BS}$ Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature**
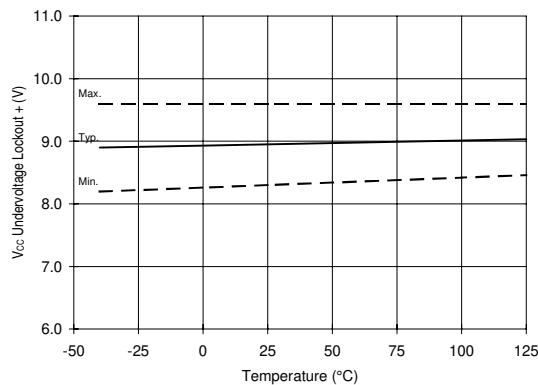
**Figure 29. V$_{CC}$ Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature**
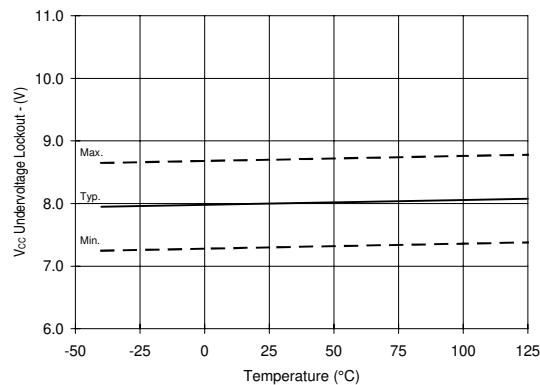
**Figure 30. V$_{CC}$ Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature**
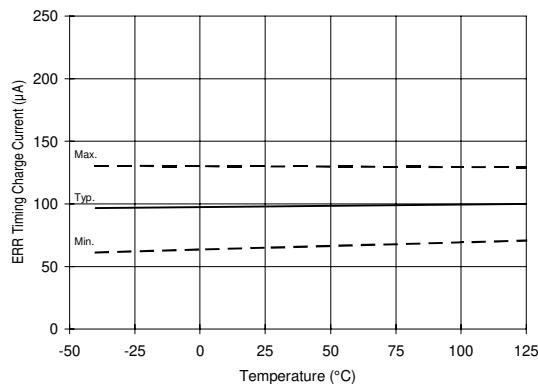
**Figure 31A. ERR Timing Charge Current vs. Temperature**
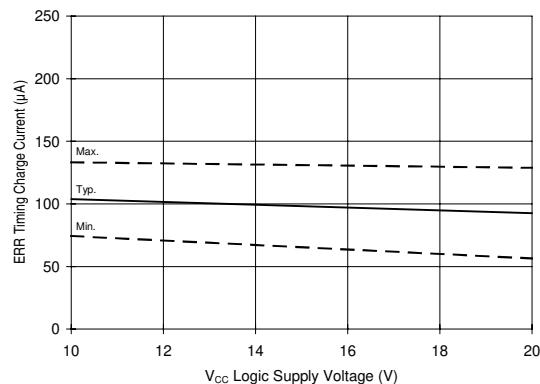
Figure 31B. ERR Timing Charge Current vs. Voltage
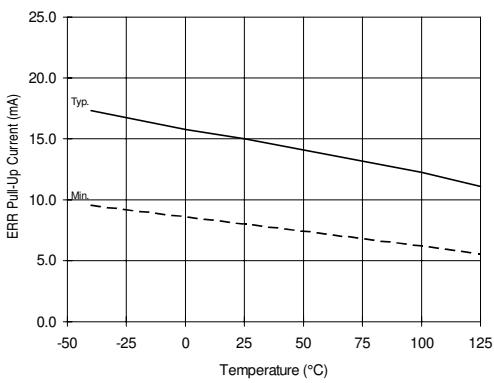
**Figure 32A. ERR Pull-Up Current vs. Temperature**
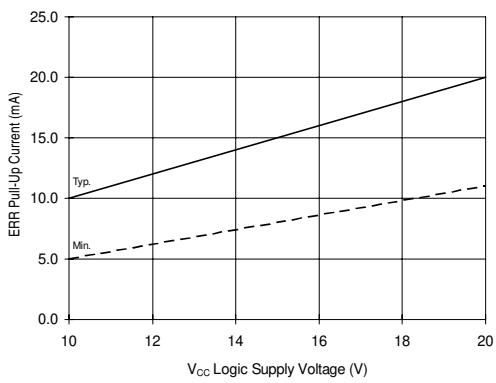
**Figure 32B. ERR Pull-Up Current vs. Voltage**

**Figure 33A. ERR Pull-Down Current vs.Temperature**
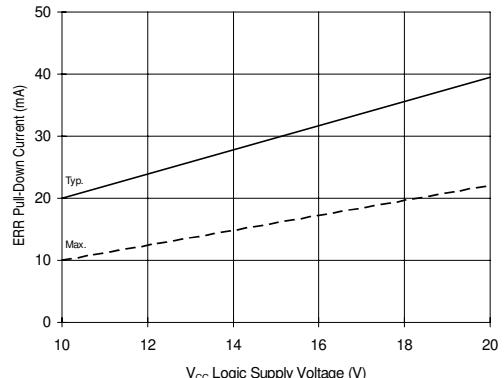
**Figure 33B. ERR Pull-Down Current vs. Voltage**
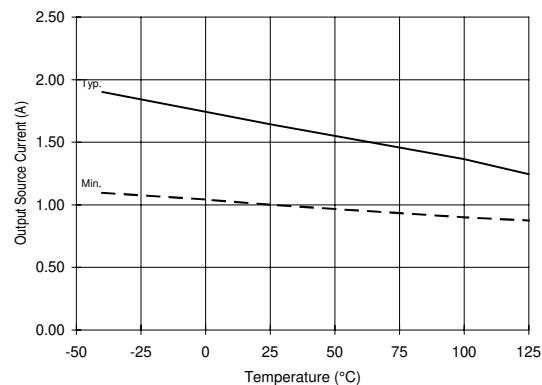
Figure 34A. Output Source Current vs. Temperature
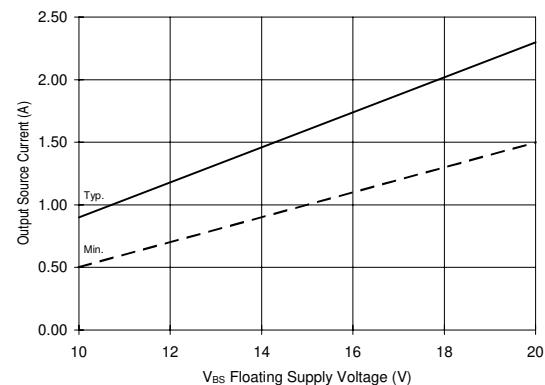

Figure 34B. Output Source Current vs. Voltage
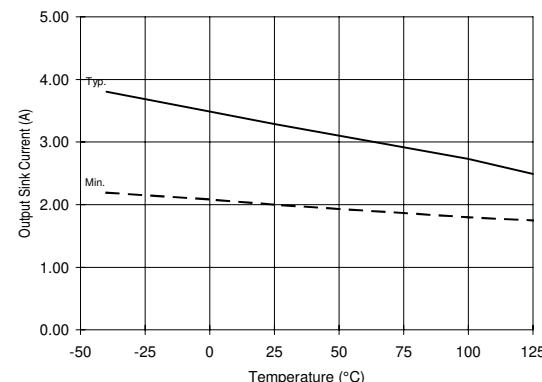
Figure 35A. Output Sink Current vs.Temperature
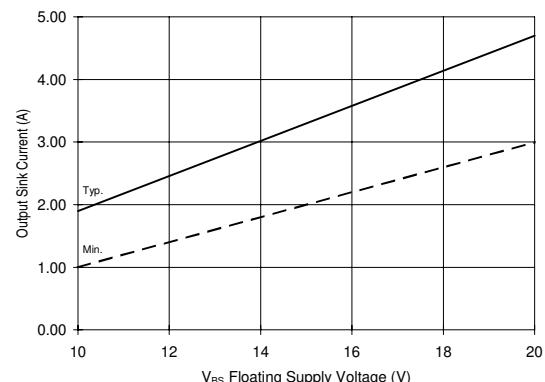

**Figure 35B. Output Sink Current vs. Voltage**
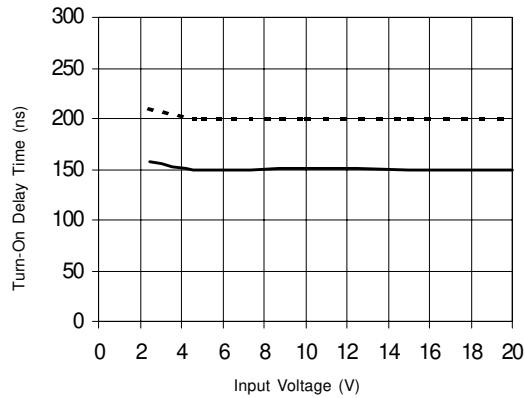
**IR2125(S) & (PbF)**

Figure 36A. Turn-On Time vs. Input Voltage
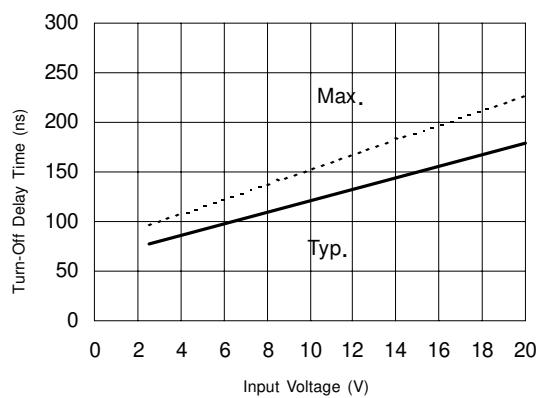

Figure 36B. Turn-Off Time vs. Input Voltage
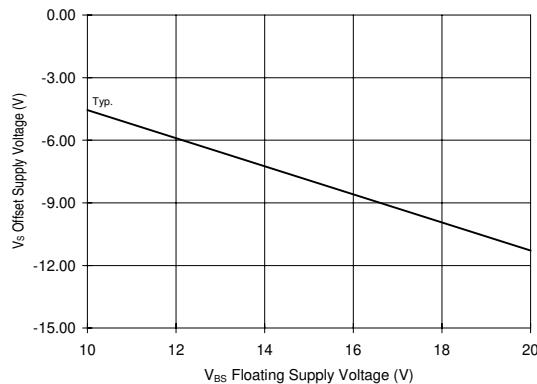
Figure 37. Maximum V$_S$ Negative Offset vs. Supply Voltage

IR2125(S) & (PbF)

Case outlines

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M−1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS−001AB.
5. MEASURED WITH THE LEADS CONSTRAINED TO BE PERPENDICULAR TO DATUM PLANE C.
6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTUSIONS. MOLD PROTUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 [.010].

8-Lead PDIP

01-6014
01-3003 01 (MS-001AB)

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M−1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS−013AA.
5. DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.
6. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTUSIONS. MOLD PROTUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 [.006].

16-Lead SOIC (wide body)

01 6015
01-3014 03 (MS-013AA)

LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION

Part number — IRxxxxxx

Date code — YWW?

Pin 1
Identifier

IꬾR — IR logo

?XXXX

Lot Code
(Prod mode - 4 digit SPN code)

?	MARKING CODE
P	Lead Free Released
	Non-Lead Free Released

Assembly site code
Per SCOP 200-002
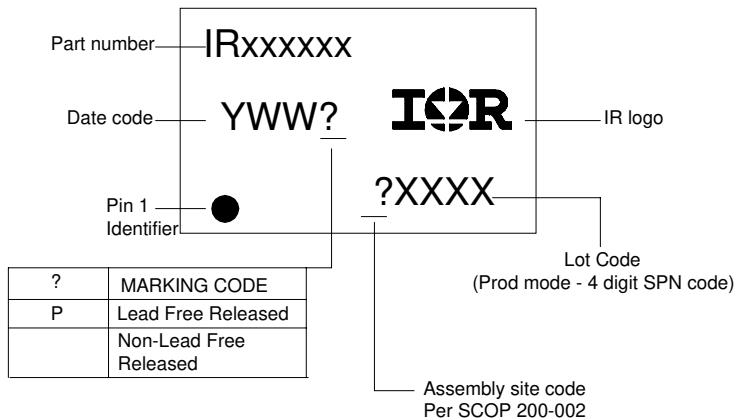
ORDER INFORMATION

Basic Part (Non-Lead Free)
8-Lead PDIP IR2125 order IR2125
16-Lead SOIC IR2125S order IR2125S

Leadfree Part
8-Lead PDIP IR2125 order IR2125PbF
16-Lead SOIC IR2125S order IR2125SPbF

International
IꬾR Rectifier