



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service",our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



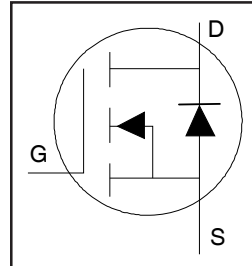
HEXFET® Power MOSFET

**Applications**

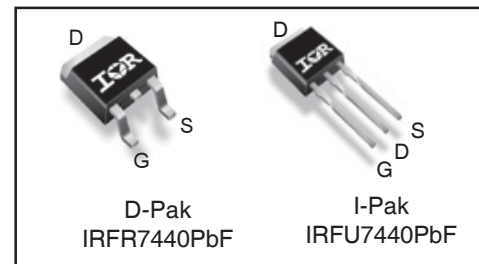
- Brushed Motor drive applications
- BLDC Motor drive applications
- PWM Inverterized topologies
- Battery powered circuits
- Half-bridge and full-bridge topologies
- Electronic ballast applications
- Synchronous rectifier applications
- Resonant mode power supplies
- OR-ing and redundant power switches
- DC/DC and AC/DC converters

**Benefits**

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic  $dV/dt$  Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode  $dV/dt$  and  $dI/dt$  Capability
- Lead-Free
- RoHS Compliant containing no Lead, no Bromide, and no Halogen

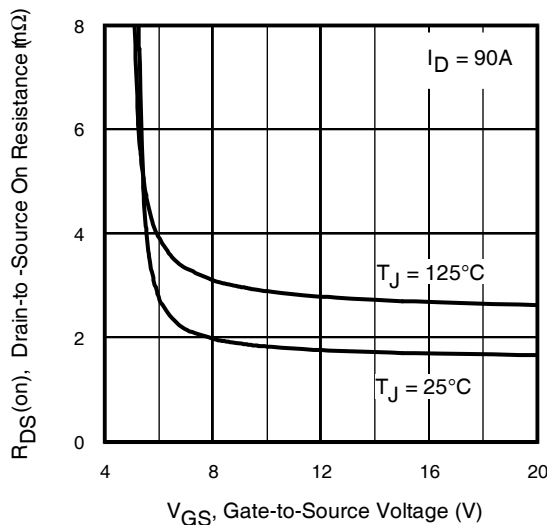


$V_{DSS}$	<b>40V</b>
$R_{DS(on)}$ <b>typ. max.</b>	<b>1.9mΩ</b> <b>2.4mΩ</b>
$I_D$ (Silicon Limited)	<b>180A</b> ①
$I_D$ (Package Limited)	<b>90A</b>

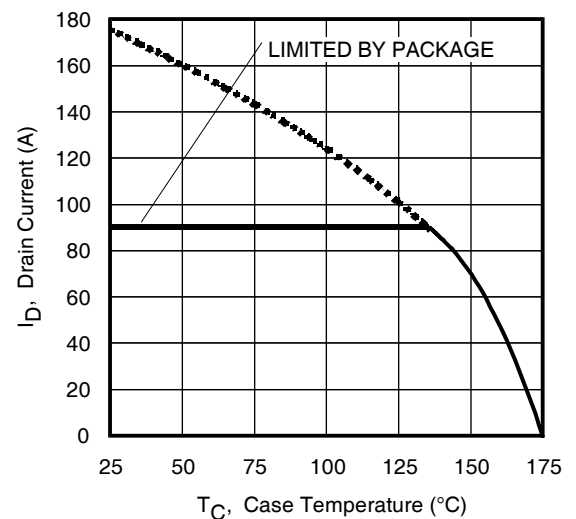


<b>G</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>S</b>
Gate	Drain	Source

Base Part Number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRFR7440PbF	D-PAK	Tube/Bulk	75	IRFR7440PbF
		Tape and Reel	2000	IRFR7440TRPbF
IRFU7440PbF	I-PAK	Tube/Bulk	75	IRFU7440PbF



**Fig 1.** Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage



**Fig 2.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)	180 <sup>①</sup>	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)	125 <sup>①</sup>	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Wire Bond Limited)	90	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>②</sup>	760	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	140	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.95	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery <sup>④</sup>	4.4	V/ns
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	

**Avalanche Characteristics**

$E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>③</sup>	160	mJ
$E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>⑩</sup>	376	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current <sup>②</sup>	See Fig 15,16, 23a, 23b	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy <sup>②</sup>		mJ

**Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case <sup>⑨</sup>	—	1.05	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) <sup>⑨</sup>	—	50	
$R_{\theta WA}$	Junction-to-Ambient <sup>⑨</sup>	—	110	

**Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ <sup>②</sup>
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	28	—	mV/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	1.9	2.4	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $I_D = 90\text{A}$ <sup>⑤</sup>
		—	2.8	—	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 6.0\text{V}$ , $I_D = 50\text{A}$ <sup>⑤</sup>
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.2	3.0	3.9	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 100\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	1	μA	$V_{DS} = 40\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	150		$V_{DS} = 40\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$
$R_G$	Internal Gate Resistance	—	2.6	—	Ω	

**Notes:**

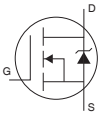
- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 90A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.04\text{mH}$   
 $R_G = 50\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 90\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ .
- ④  $I_{SD} \leq 100\text{A}$ ,  $di/dt \leq 1306\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑥  $C_{OSS}$  eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{OSS}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦  $C_{OSS}$  eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{OSS}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ⑨  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑩ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$  starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 1\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 50\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 27\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ .

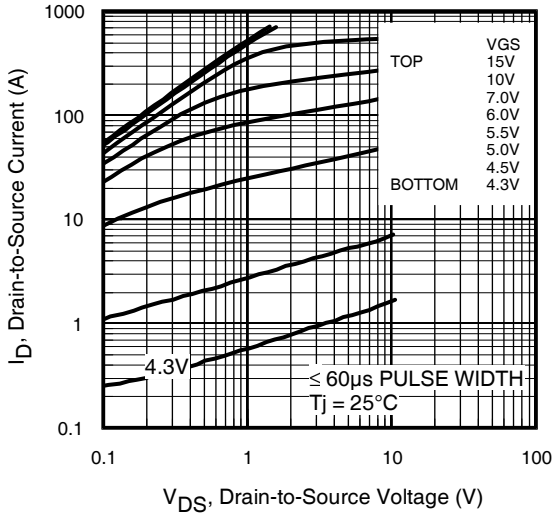


**Dynamic @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

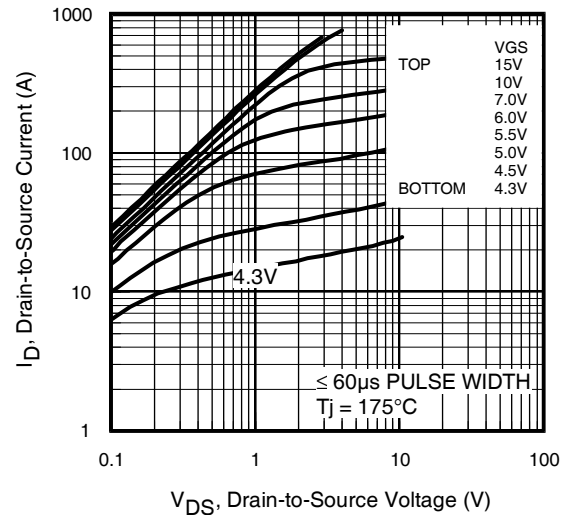
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	280	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 10\text{V}$ , $I_D = 90\text{A}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	89	134	nC	$I_D = 90\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{V}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ⑤ $I_D = 90\text{A}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	26	—		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	26	—		
$Q_{sync}$	Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )	—	63	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	11	—	ns	
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	39	—		$V_{DD} = 20\text{V}$ $I_D = 30\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.7\Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ⑤
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	51	—		
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	34	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	4610	—	pF	
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	690	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ $V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ , See Fig. 5 $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to $32\text{V}$ ⑦ See Fig. 12 $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to $32\text{V}$ ⑥
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	460	—		
$C_{oss\text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	855	—		
$C_{oss\text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1210	—		

**Diode Characteristics**

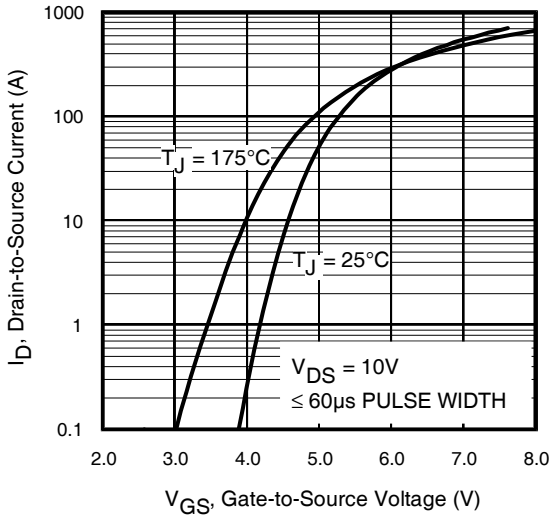
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	180①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	760	A	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	0.9	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_S = 90\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	34	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 34\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 90\text{A}$ $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	33	—	nC	
		—	34	—		
$I_{RRM}$	Reverse Recovery Current	—	1.8	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$



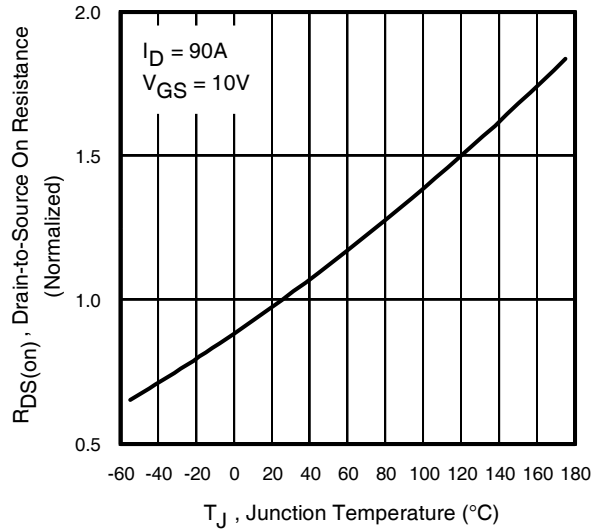
**Fig 3.** Typical Output Characteristics



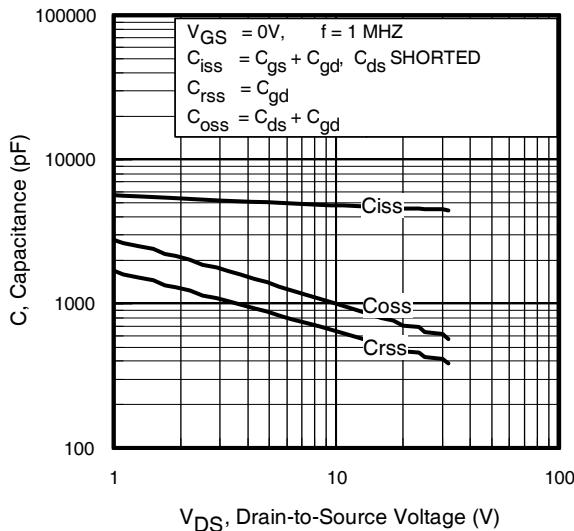
**Fig 4.** Typical Output Characteristics



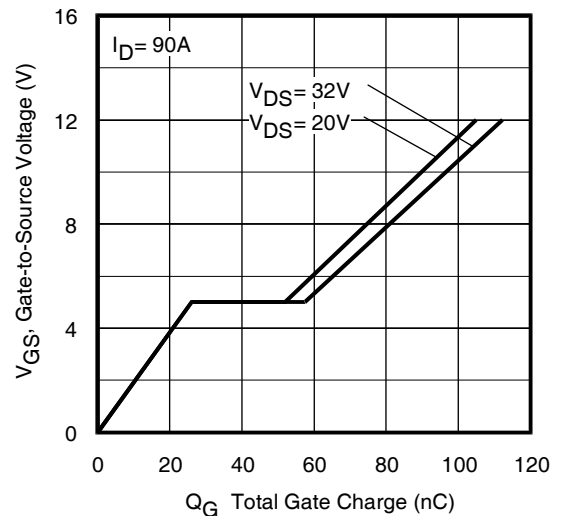
**Fig 5.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



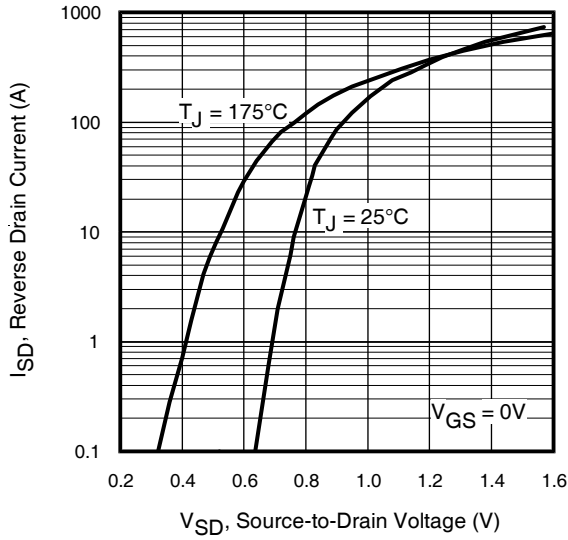
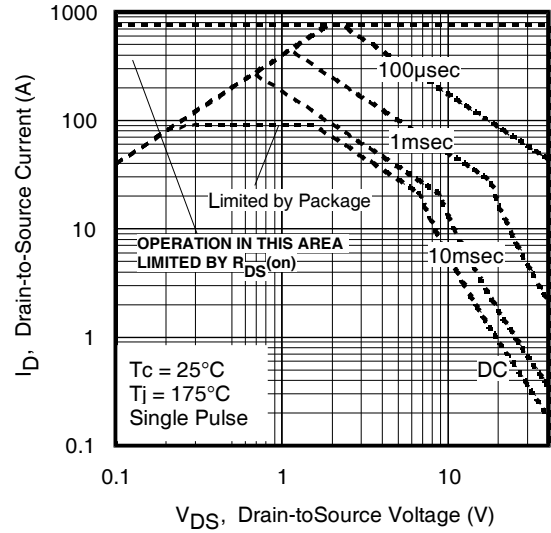
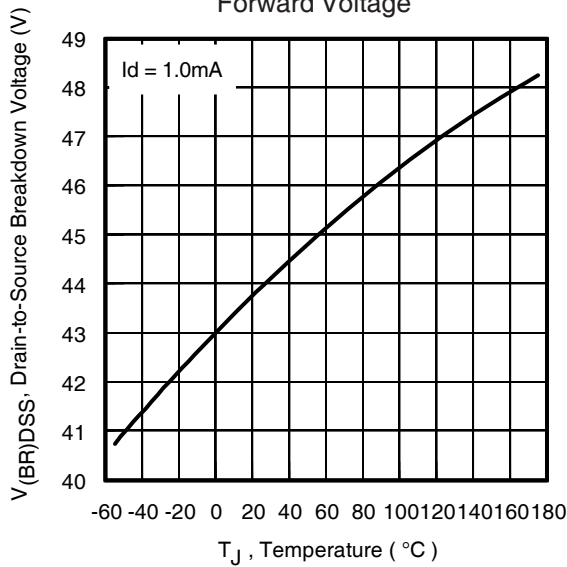
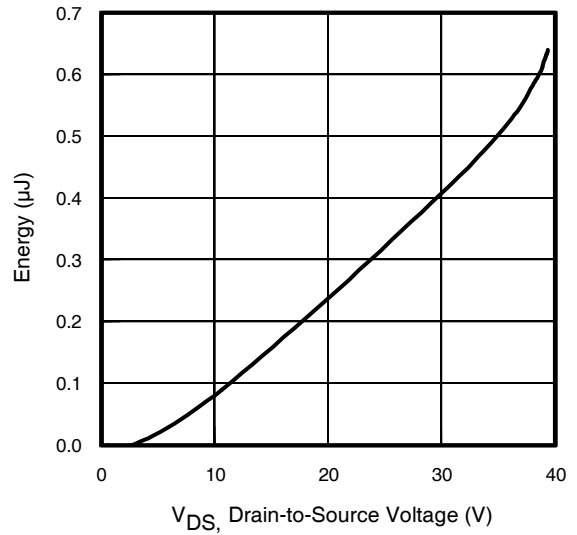
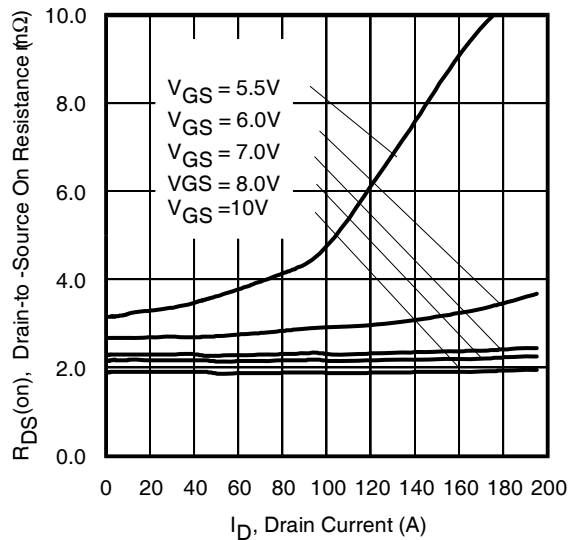
**Fig 6.** Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

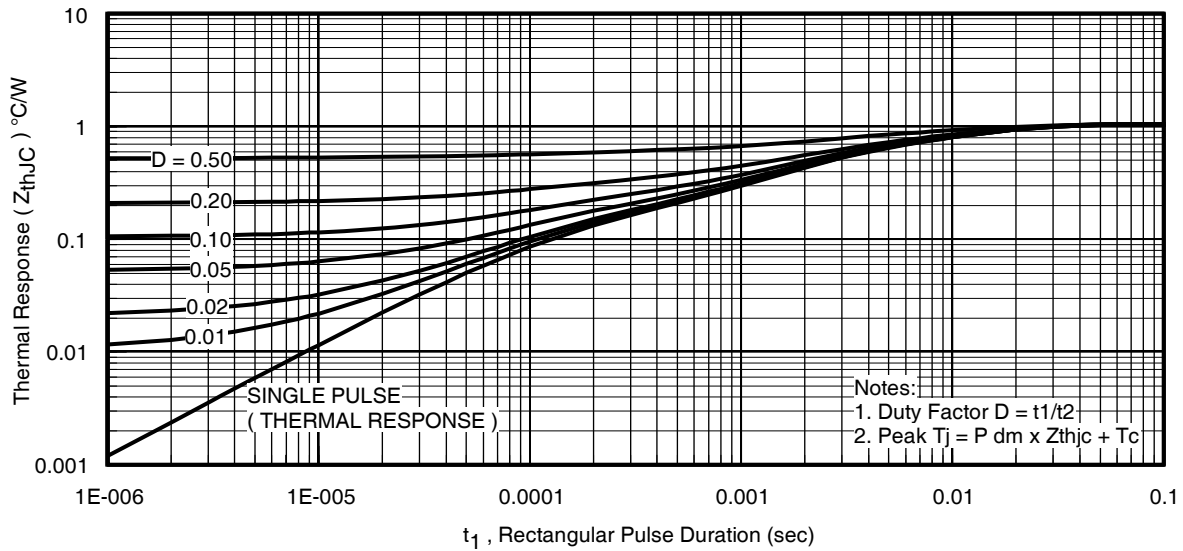
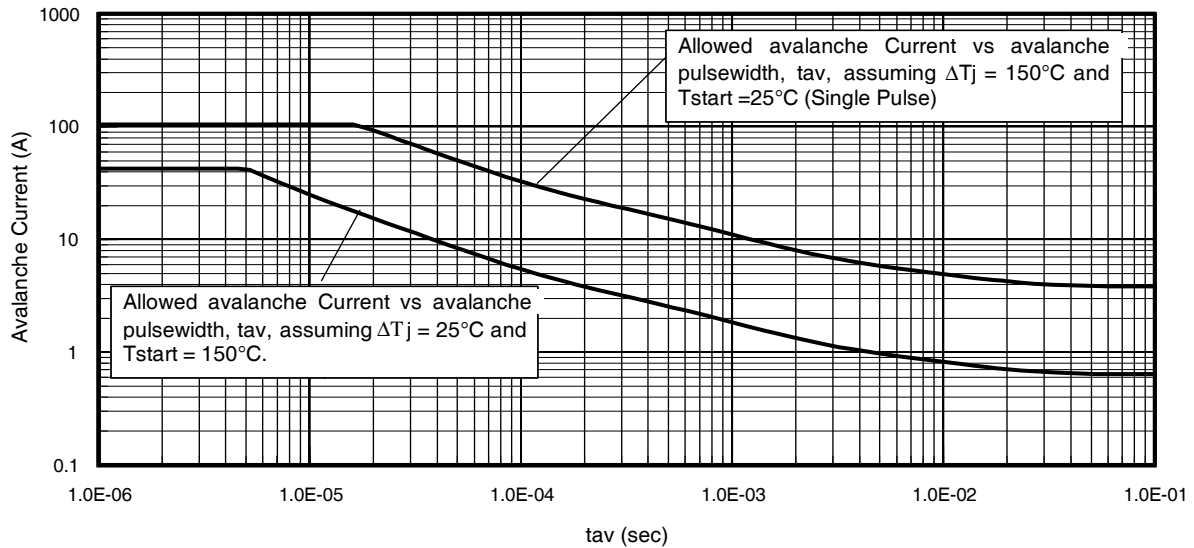
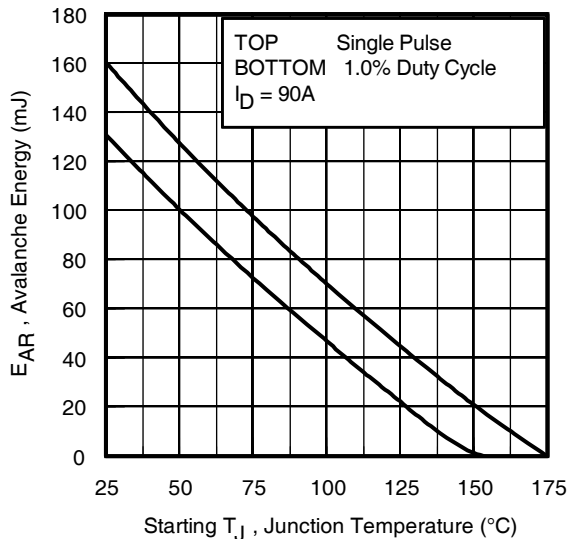


**Fig 7.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 8.** Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage


**Fig 9.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

**Fig 10.** Maximum Safe Operating Area

**Fig 11.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

**Fig 12.** Typical  $C_{OSS}$  Stored Energy

**Fig 13.** Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

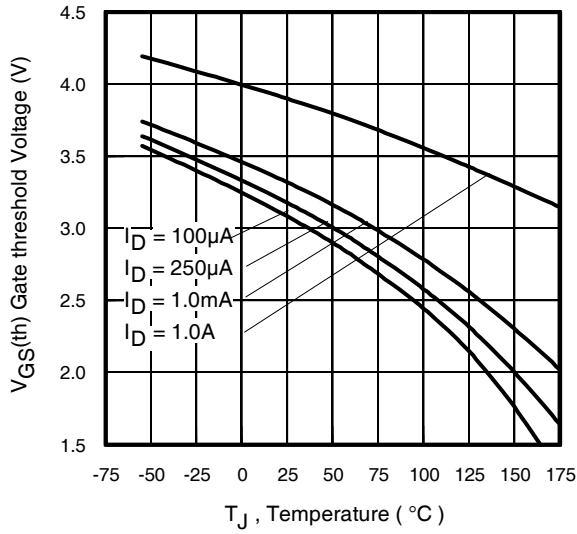
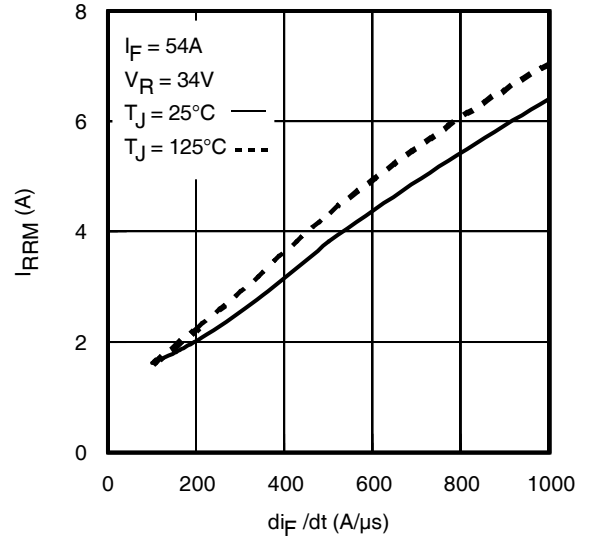
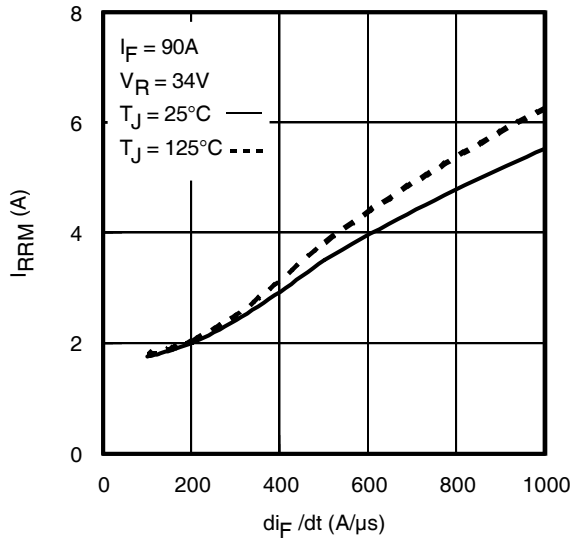
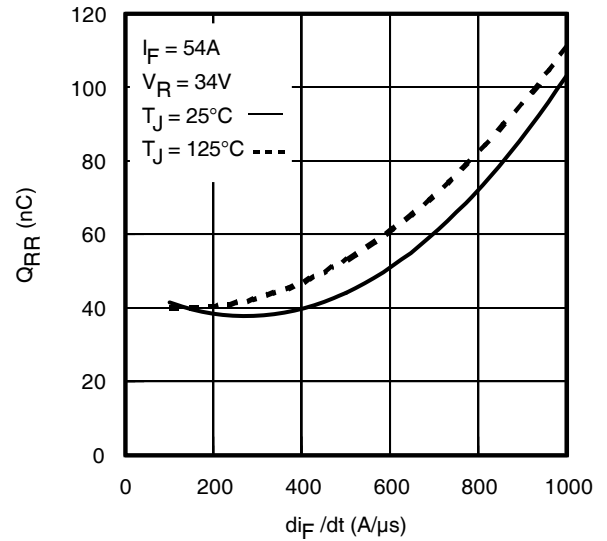
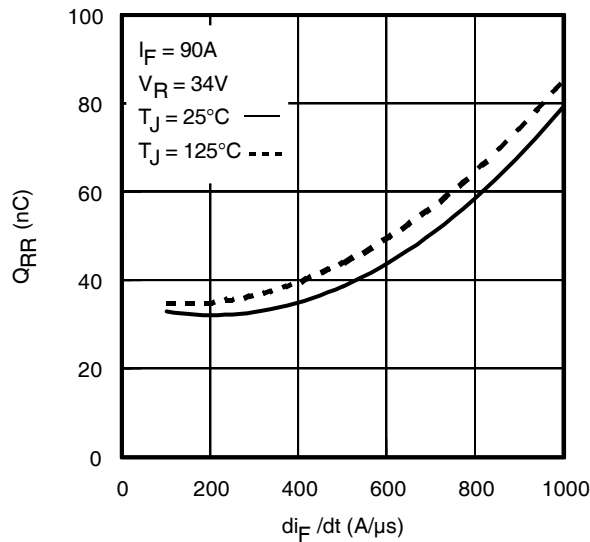

**Fig 14. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case**

**Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth**

**Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature**
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves, Figures 15, 16:  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)**

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 23a, 23b.
4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5.  $BV$  = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 14)

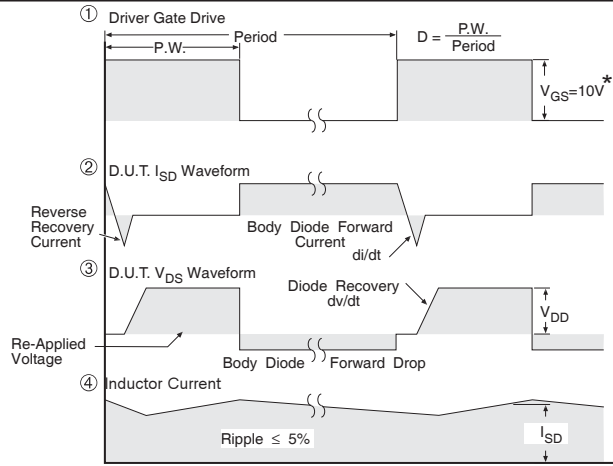
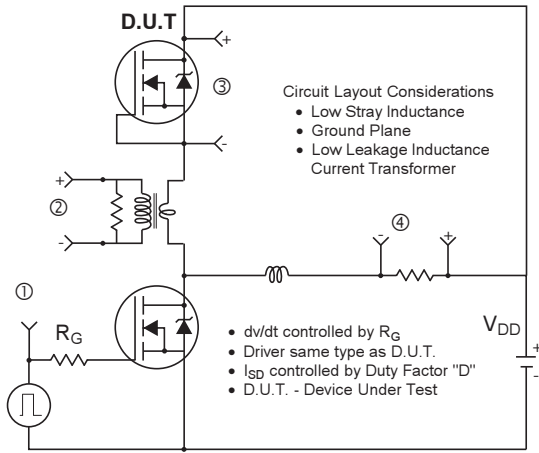
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 ( 1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av} ) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [ 1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th} ]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

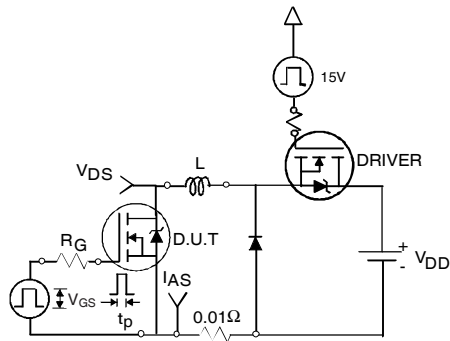

**Fig 17. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature**

**Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$** 

**Fig. 19 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$** 

**Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$** 

**Fig. 21 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$**



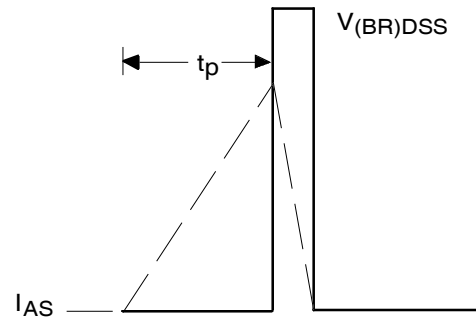


\*  $V_{GS} = 5V$  for Logic Level Devices

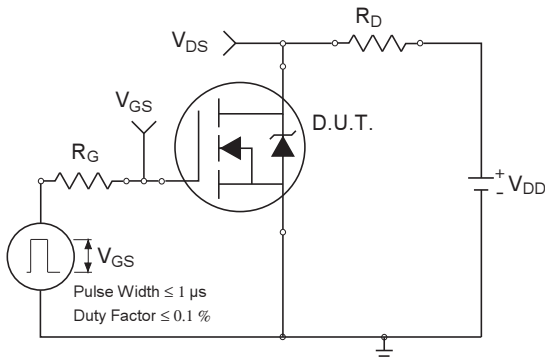
**Fig 22. Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs**



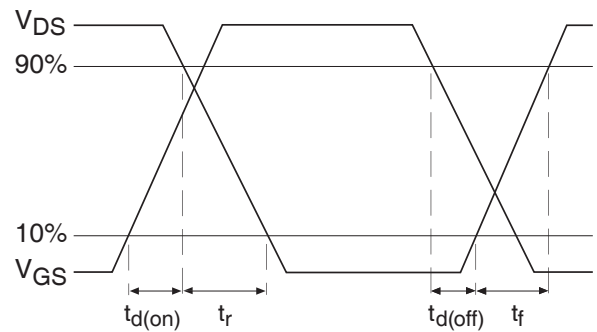
**Fig 23a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit**



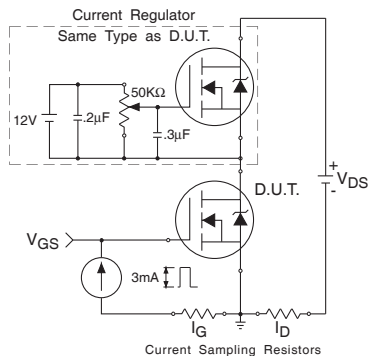
**Fig 23b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms**



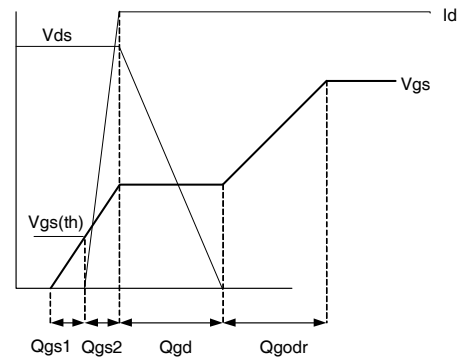
**Fig 24a. Switching Time Test Circuit**



**Fig 24b. Switching Time Waveforms**



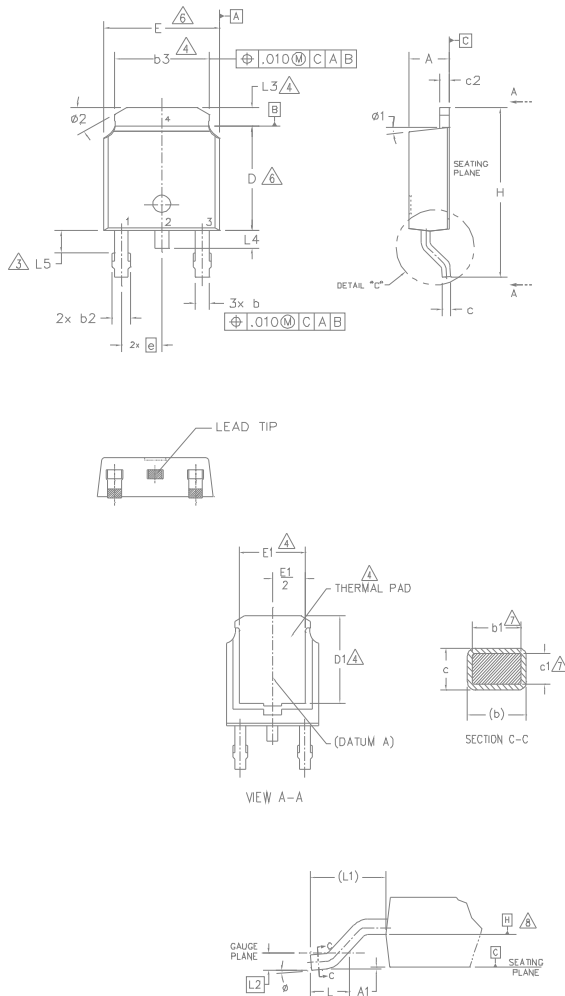
**Fig 25a. Gate Charge Test Circuit**



**Fig 25b. Gate Charge Waveform**

## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES:**

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L5.
- 4.- DIMENSION D1, E1, L3 & b3 ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR THERMAL PAD.
- 5.- SECTION C-C DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .005 AND 0.10 [0.13 AND 0.25] FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- 6.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .006 [0.15] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 7.- DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLIED TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 8.- DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	-	0.13	-	.005	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.64	0.79	.025	.031	7
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b3	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	4
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	7
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	6
D1	5.21	-	.205	-	4
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	6
E1	4.32	-	.170	-	4
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
H	9.40	10.41	.370	.410	
L	1.40	1.78	.055	.070	
L1	2.74 BSC		.108 REF.		
L2	0.51 BSC		.020 BSC		
L3	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L4	-	1.02	-	.040	
L5	1.14	1.52	.045	.060	3
phi	0*	10*	0*	10*	
phi1	0*	15*	0*	15*	
phi2	25*	35*	25*	35*	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

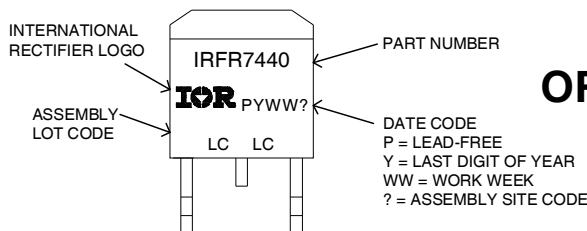
HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

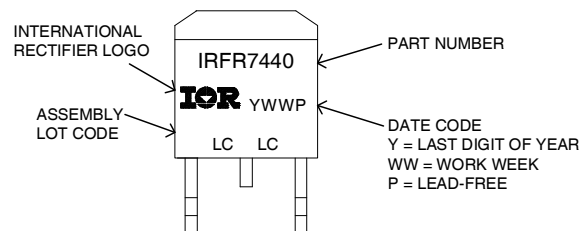
IGBT & CoPAK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information



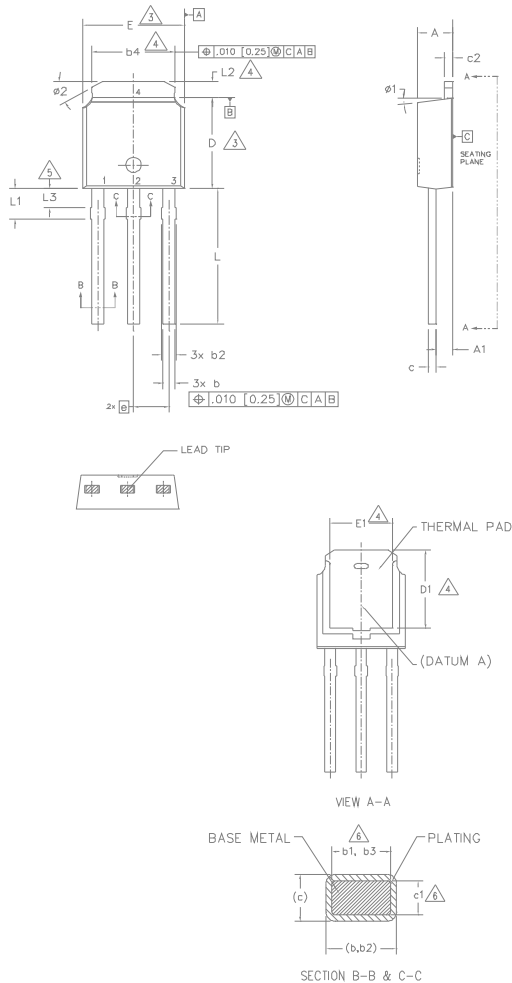
OR



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES:**

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSION ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [0.13] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 4.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTION WITHIN DIMENSION b4, L2, E1 & D1.
- 5.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L3.
- 6.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 7.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-251AA (Date 06/02).
- 8.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.

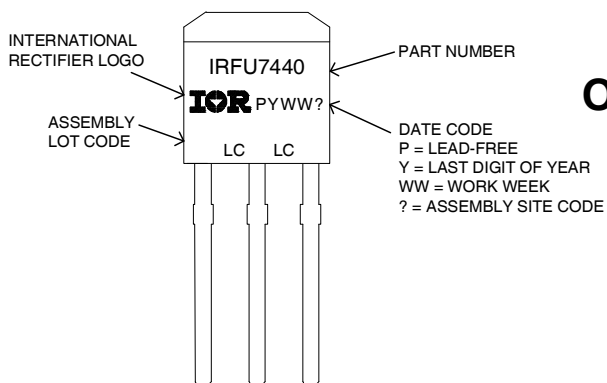
SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	2.39	.086	.094	
A1	0.89	1.14	.035	.045	
b	0.64	0.89	.025	.035	
b1	0.65	0.79	.025	.031	6
b2	0.76	1.14	.030	.045	
b3	0.76	1.04	.030	.041	6
b4	4.95	5.46	.195	.215	4
c	0.46	0.61	.018	.024	
c1	0.41	0.56	.016	.022	6
c2	0.46	0.89	.018	.035	
D	5.97	6.22	.235	.245	3
D1	5.21	-	.205	-	4
E	6.35	6.73	.250	.265	3
E1	4.32	-	.170	-	4
e	2.29 BSC		.090 BSC		
L	8.89	9.65	.350	.380	
L1	1.91	2.29	.045	.090	
L2	0.89	1.27	.035	.050	4
L3	0.89	1.52	.035	.060	5
ø1	0"	15"	0"	15"	
ø2	25"	35"	25"	35"	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

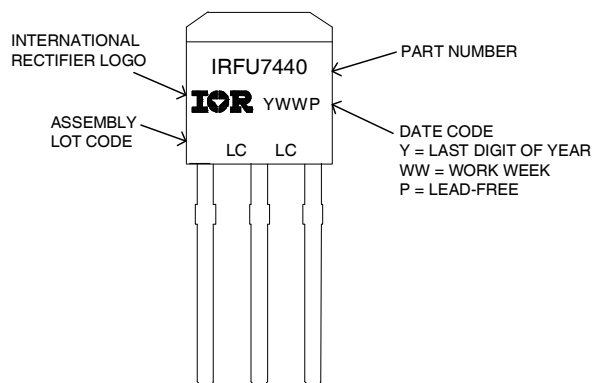
HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

## I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information



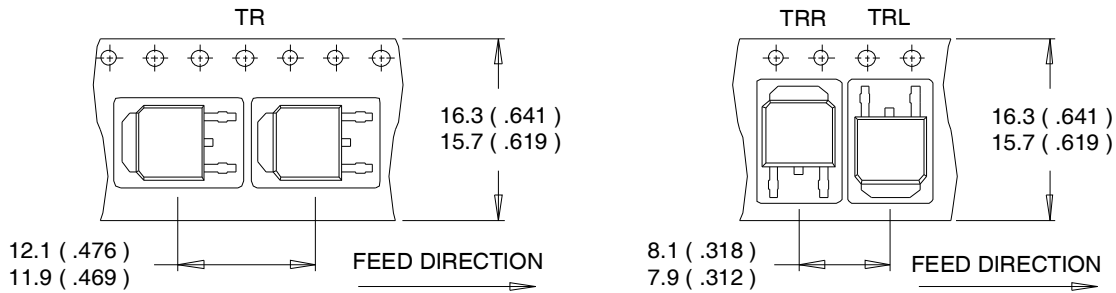
**OR**



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

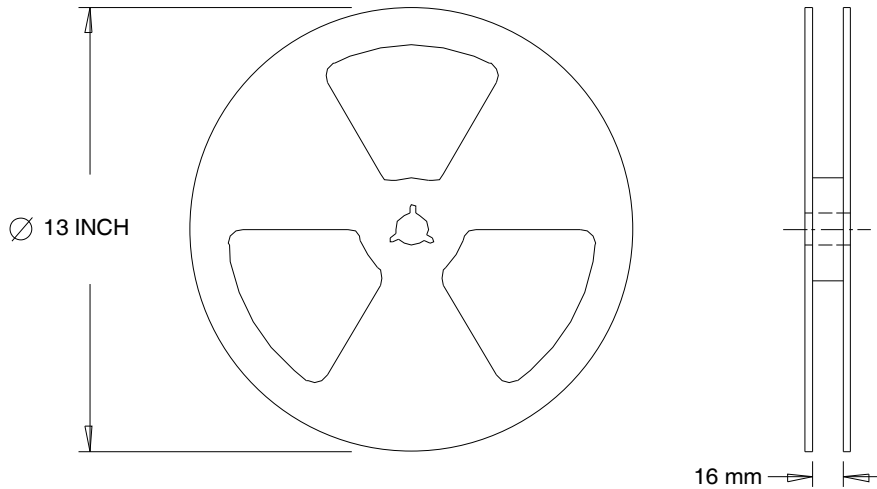
## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES :**

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS ( INCHES ).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



**NOTES :**

1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

**Qualification information<sup>†</sup>**

Qualification level	Industrial <sup>††</sup> (per JEDEC JESD47F <sup>†††</sup> guidelines)	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	D-PAK	MSL1 (per JEDEC J-STD-020D <sup>†††</sup> )
	I-PAK	
RoHS compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability/>

†† Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information: <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/salesrep/>

††† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

**Revision History**

Date	Comments
10/17/2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added I-Pak -All pages</li> </ul>
5/1/2014	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated data sheet based on corporate template.</li> <li>Added "Stong Fet" on header on page7.</li> <li>Updated package outline and part marking on page 9 &amp; 10.</li> </ul>
1/6/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Updated <math>E_{AS(L=1mH)} = 376mJ</math> on page 2</li> <li>Updated note 10 "Limited by <math>T_{Jmax}</math>, starting <math>T_J = 25^{\circ}C</math>, <math>L = 1mH</math>, <math>R_G = 50\Omega</math>, <math>I_{AS} = 27A</math>, <math>V_{GS} = 10V</math>". on page 2</li> </ul>