# imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

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PD-95657

## International **ICPR** Rectifier INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR

#### Features

- Standard: Optimized for minimum saturation voltage and operating frequencies up to 10kHz
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than Generation 3
- Industry standard TO-247AC package
- Lead-Free

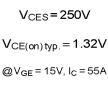
#### **Benefits**

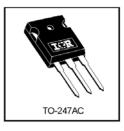
- · Generation 4 IGBT's offer highest efficiency available
- · IGBT's optimized for specified application conditions
- · High Power density
- · Lower conduction losses than similarly rated MOSFET
- Lower Gate Charge than equivalent MOSFET
- · Simple Gate Drive characteristics compared to Thyristors

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**









	Parameter	Max.	Units	
V <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	250	V	
I <sub>C</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Collector Current	98*		
I <sub>C</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Collector Current	55	A	
I <sub>CM</sub>	Pulsed Collector Current ①	196		
I <sub>LM</sub>	Clamped Inductive Load Current 2	196		
$V_{\text{GE}}$	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V	
Earv	Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy 3	160	mJ	
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	200	w	
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	78	V	
TJ	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150		
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		°C	
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case )	1	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)		

#### **Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
R <sub>BJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case		0.64	
R <sub>0CS</sub>	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.24		°C/W
R <sub>AJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount		40	
Wt	Weight	6.0 (0.21)		g (oz)

\* Package limited to 70A

#### Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
V(BR)CES	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	250	—	—	V	$V_{GE}$ = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 250µA	
V <sub>(BR)ECS</sub>	Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④	18	—	—	V	$V_{GE}$ = 0V, $I_{C}$ = 1.0A	
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES} / \Delta T_{J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	_	0.33	—	V/⁰C	$V_{GE}$ = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0mA	
		_	1.32	1.5		I <sub>C</sub> = 55A	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	_	1.69	—	v	I <sub>C</sub> =98A	See Fig.2, 5
		_	1.31	_		I <sub>C</sub> =55A , T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C	
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$ , $I_C = 250 \mu A$	
$\Delta V_{GE(th)} / \Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-12	—	mV/⁰C	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250 \mu A$	
<b>g</b> fe	Forward Transconductance (5)	43	63	—	S	$V_{CE}$ = 100V, $I_{C}$ = 55A	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	uА	$V_{GE}$ = 0V, $V_{CE}$ = 250V	
'CES		_	—	2.0	<b>P</b> ''	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10V, T_{e}$	J = 25°C
		—	—	1000		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 250V, T_{CE} = 250V, T_{CE}$	TJ = 150°C
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	_	—	±100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$	

#### Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	_	200	300		I <sub>C</sub> =55A
Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	_	29	44	nC	V <sub>CC</sub> = 200V See Fig. 8
Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	-	66	99		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V
Turn-On Delay Time	-	40	_		
Rise Time	-	44	_	ne	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C
Turn-Off Delay Time	_	270	400	115	I <sub>C</sub> = 55A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 200V
FallTime	—	510	760		$V_{GE}$ = 15V, $R_{G}$ = 5.0 $\Omega$
Turn-On Switching Loss	_	0.38	_		Energy losses include "tail"
Turn-Off Switching Loss	-	3.50	_	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 14
Total Switching Loss	_	3.88	5.3		
Turn-On Delay Time	—	38	_		T <sub>J</sub> =150°C,
Rise Time	_	45	_	nc	I <sub>C</sub> = 55A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 200V
Turn-Off Delay Time	_	400	_	115	$V_{GE}$ = 15V, $R_{G}$ = 5.0 $\Omega$
FallTime	—	940	_		Energy losses include "tail"
Total Switching Loss	_	6.52	_	mJ	See Fig. 11, 14
Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	_	nH	Measured 5mm from package
Input Capacitance	-	4500	_		V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V
Output Capacitance	_	510	_	pF	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V See Fig. 7
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	-	100	—		f = 1.0MHz
	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)Turn-On Delay TimeRise TimeTurn-Off Delay TimeFall TimeTurn-On Switching LossTurn-Off Switching LossTotal Switching LossTurn-On Delay TimeRise TimeTurn-Off Delay TimeRise TimeTotal Switching LossTurn-Off Delay TimeFall TimeTotal Switching LossInternal Emitter InductanceInput CapacitanceOutput Capacitance	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)—Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)—Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)—Turn-On Delay Time—Rise Time—Turn-Off Delay Time—Fall Time—Turn-Off Switching Loss—Total Switching Loss—Turn-On Delay Time—Turn-Off Switching Loss—Total Switching Loss—Turn-Off Delay Time—Rise Time—Turn-Off Delay Time—Turn-Off Delay Time—Internal Emitter Inductance—Input Capacitance—Output Capacitance—	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)—200Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)—29Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)—66Turn-On Delay Time—40Rise Time—44Turn-Off Delay Time—270Fall Time—510Turn-Off Switching Loss—0.38Turn-Off Switching Loss—3.50Total Switching Loss—3.88Turn-On Delay Time—38Rise Time—45Turn-Off Delay Time—400Fall Time—940Total Switching Loss—6.52Internal Emitter Inductance—13Input Capacitance—4500Output Capacitance—510	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)     —     200     300       Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)     —     29     44       Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)     —     66     99       Turn-On Delay Time     —     40     —       Rise Time     —     44     —       Turn-On Delay Time     —     270     400       Fall Time     —     270     400       Fall Time     —     510     760       Turn-Off Delay Time     —     0.38     —       Turn-On Switching Loss     —     3.50     —       Total Switching Loss     —     3.88     5.3       Turn-On Delay Time     —     3.8     —       Rise Time     —     45     —       Turn-Off Delay Time     —     400     —       Fall Time     —     940     —       Total Switching Loss     —     6.52     —       Internal Emitter Inductance     —     13     —       Input Capacitance     —     510	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)     —     200     300       Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)     —     29     44     nC       Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)     —     66     99       Turn-On Delay Time     —     40     —       Rise Time     —     44     —       Turn-On Delay Time     —     44     —       Turn-Off Delay Time     —     270     400       Fall Time     —     510     760       Turn-On Switching Loss     —     3.50     —       Turn-Off Switching Loss     —     3.88     5.3       Turn-On Delay Time     —     3.88     5.3       Turn-On Delay Time     —     3.88     5.3       Turn-On Delay Time     —     3.88     5.3       Turn-Off Delay Time     —     400     —       Fall Time     —     940     —       Total Switching Loss     —     6.52     —     mJ       Internal Emitter Inductance     —     13     —     nH

Notes:

- $\oplus$   $\;$  Repetitive rating; V\_{GE} = 20V, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. ( See fig. 13b )
- $\textcircled{C} \quad V_{\text{CC}} = 80\% (V_{\text{CES}}), \ V_{\text{GE}} = 20V, \ L = 10 \mu H, \ R_{\text{G}} = 5.0 \Omega, \label{eq:V_CES}$ (See fig. 13a)
- ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 80\mu$ s; duty factor  $\leq 0.1\%$ .
- S Pulse width 5.0µs, single shot.

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International **ISR** Rectifier

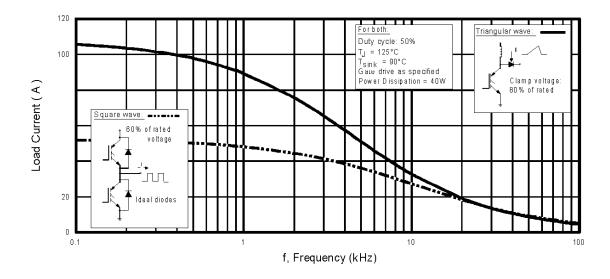
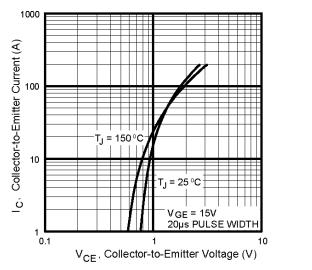
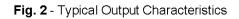


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency (Load Current = I<sub>RMS</sub> of fundamental)





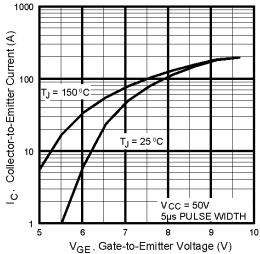


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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International **TOR** Rectifier

55 A

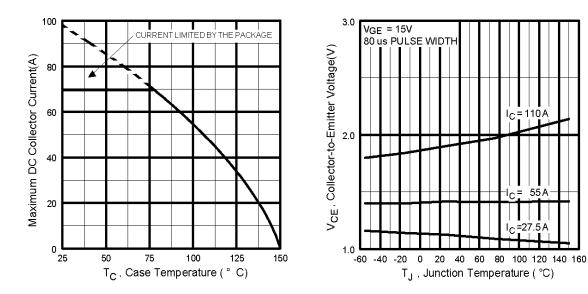


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

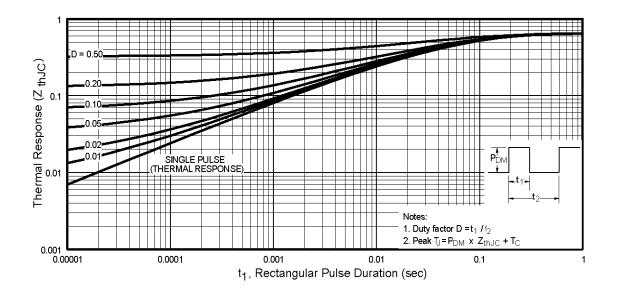
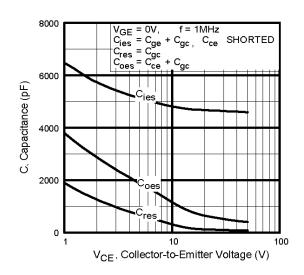
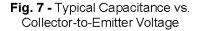


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

# International **ICR** Rectifier





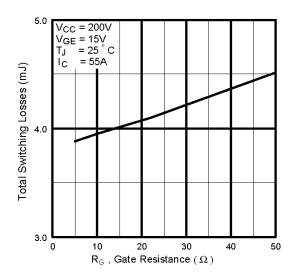


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

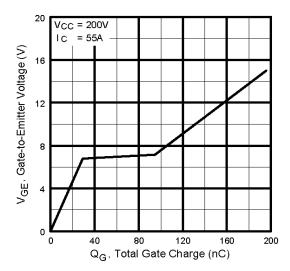


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

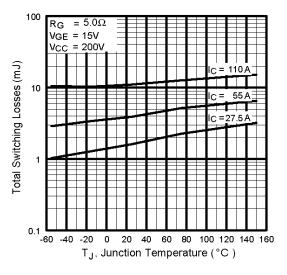
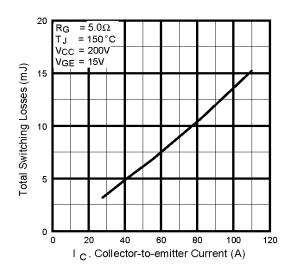
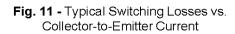
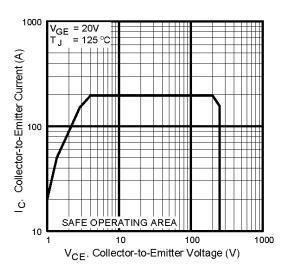


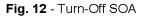
Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

International **tor** Rectifier

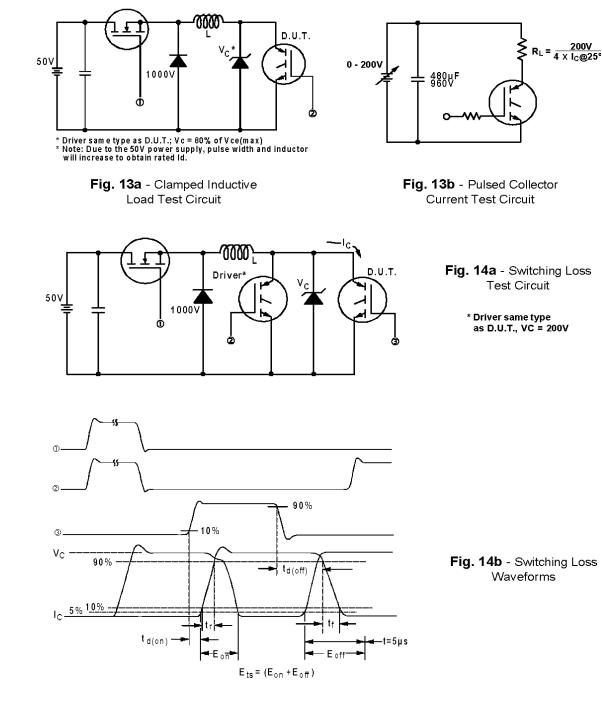






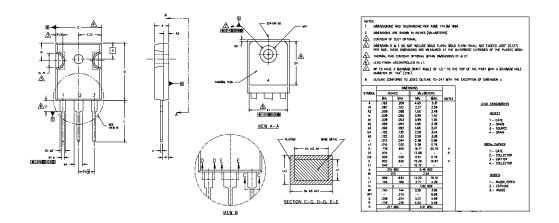


# International **ISPR** Rectifier

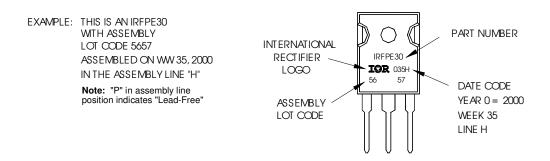


#### TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



#### **TO-247AC Part Marking Information**



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International

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