



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

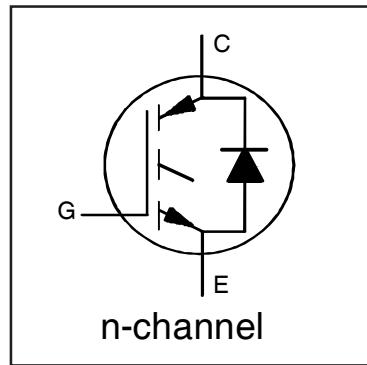
Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Features

- Low $V_{CE(ON)}$ trench IGBT technology
- Low switching losses
- Square RBSOA
- 100% of the parts tested for I_{LM} ①
- Positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ temperature co-efficient
- Ultra fast soft recovery co-pak diode
- Tight parameter distribution
- Lead-Free



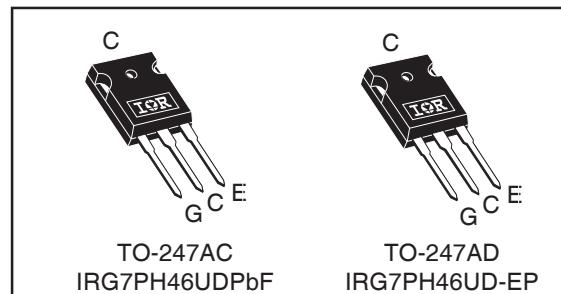
$V_{CES} = 1200V$
 $I_{NOMINAL} = 40A$
 $T_J(max) = 150^{\circ}C$
 $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.7V$

Benefits

- High efficiency in a wide range of applications
- Suitable for a wide range of switching frequencies due to low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and low switching losses
- Rugged transient performance for increased reliability
- Excellent current sharing in parallel operation

Applications

- U.P.S.
- Welding
- Solar Inverter
- Induction Heating



G	C	E
Gate	Collector	Emitter

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	1200	V
$I_c @ T_c = 25^{\circ}C$	Continuous Collector Current (Silicon Limited)	108	
$I_c @ T_c = 100^{\circ}C$	Continuous Collector Current (Silicon Limited)	57	
$I_{NOMINAL}$	Nominal Current	40	
I_{CM}	Pulse Collector Current, $V_{GE} = 20V$	160	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE} = 20V$ ①	160	
$I_f @ T_c = 25^{\circ}C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	108	
$I_f @ T_c = 100^{\circ}C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	57	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current ②	160	
V_{GE}	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 30	V
$P_d @ T_c = 25^{\circ}C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	390	W
$P_d @ T_c = 100^{\circ}C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	156	
T_j	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		$^{\circ}C$
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
R_{JC} (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT) ④	—	—	0.32	$^{\circ}C/W$
R_{JD} (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode) ④	—	—	0.66	
R_{CS}	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.24	—	
R_{JA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	40	—	

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ ③
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.2	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0\text{mA}$ (25°C - 150°C)
$V_{CE(\text{on})}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.7	2.0	V	$I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	2.0	—		$I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.6\text{mA}$
$\Delta V_{GE(\text{th})}/\Delta T_J$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-13	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.6\text{mA}$ (25°C - 150°C)
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	50	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50\text{V}, I_C = 40\text{A}, PW = 20\mu\text{s}$
I_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	1.5	100	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}$
		—	2.0	—	mA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	3.1	4.8	V	$I_F = 40\text{A}$
		—	3.0	—		$I_F = 40\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 200	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 30\text{V}$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	220	320	nC	$I_C = 40\text{A}$ ②
Q_{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	30	50		$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	85	130		$V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	2610	3515	μJ	$I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ ⑤
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1845	2725		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu\text{H}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
E_{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	4455	6240		Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	45	60		
t_r	Rise time	—	40	60	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	410	450		
t_f	Fall time	—	45	60		
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	3790	—	μJ	$I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ ⑤
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	2905	—		$R_G=10\Omega, L=200\mu\text{H}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
E_{total}	Total Switching Loss	—	6695	—		Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	40	—		
t_r	Rise time	—	40	—	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	480	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	200	—		
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	4820	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	150	—		$V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	110	—		$f = 1.0\text{Mhz}$
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 160\text{A}$ $V_{CC} = 960\text{V}, V_p \leq 1200\text{V}$ $R_g = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = +20\text{V}$ to 0V
Erec	Reverse Recovery Energy of the Diode	—	1130	—	μJ	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, I_F = 40\text{A}$ $R_g = 10\Omega, L = 1.0\text{mH}$
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	140	—	ns	
I_{rr}	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	40	—	A	

Notes:

- ① $V_{CC} = 80\%$ (V_{CES}), $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$, $L = 200\mu\text{H}$, $R_G = 10\Omega$.
- ② Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring $V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$ safely.
- ④ R_θ is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .
- ⑤ Values influenced by parasitic L and C of the test circuit.

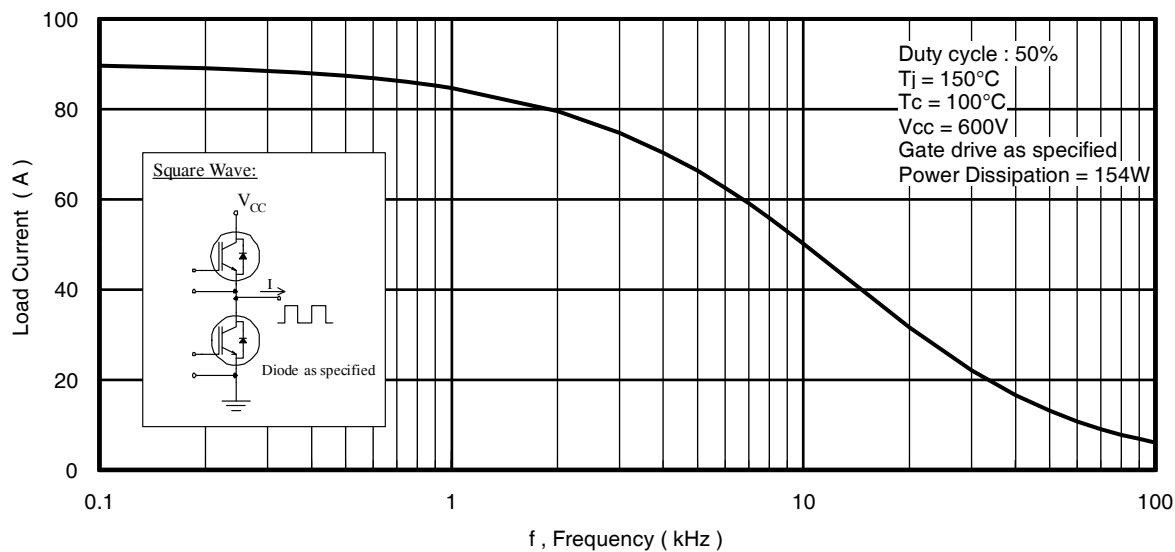


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

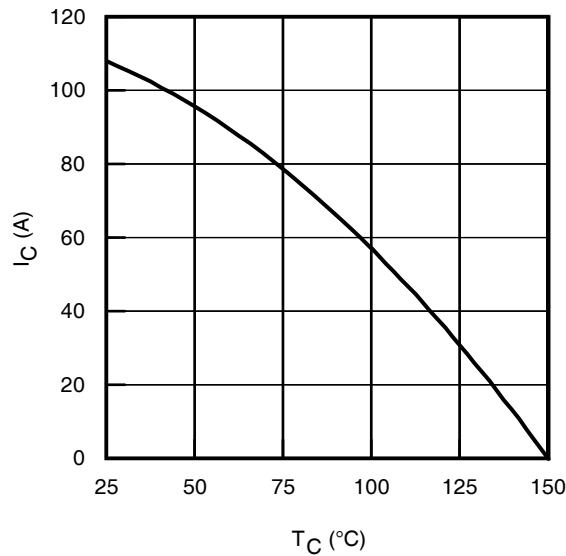


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

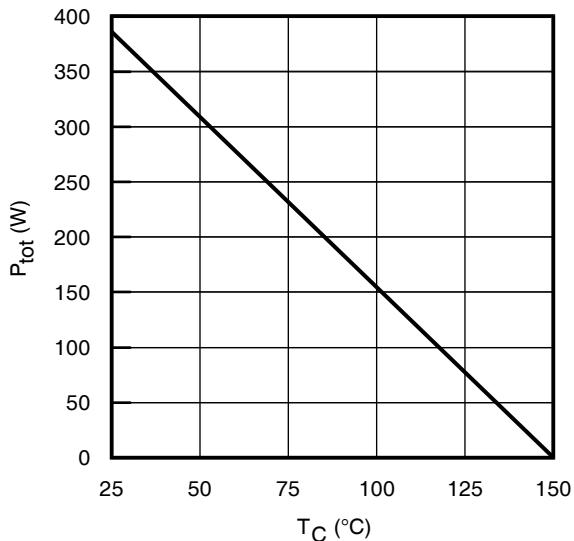


Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

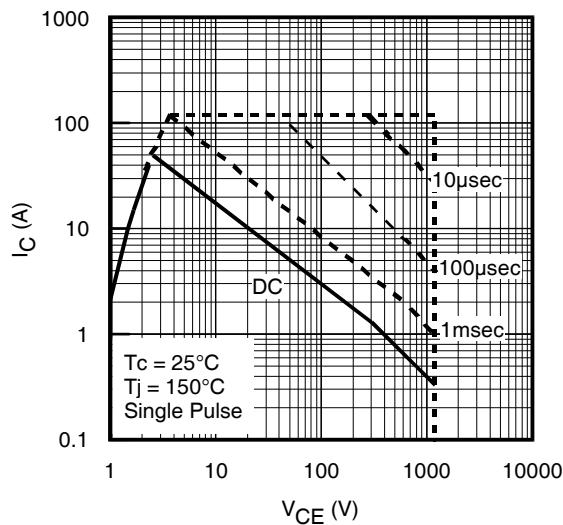


Fig. 3 - Forward SOA
T_c = 25°C, T_j ≤ 150°C; V_{GE} = 15V

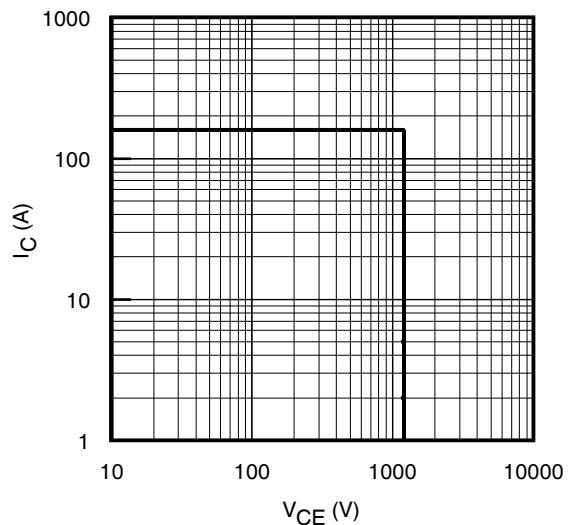


Fig. 4 - Reverse Bias SOA
T_j = 150°C; V_{GE} = 20V

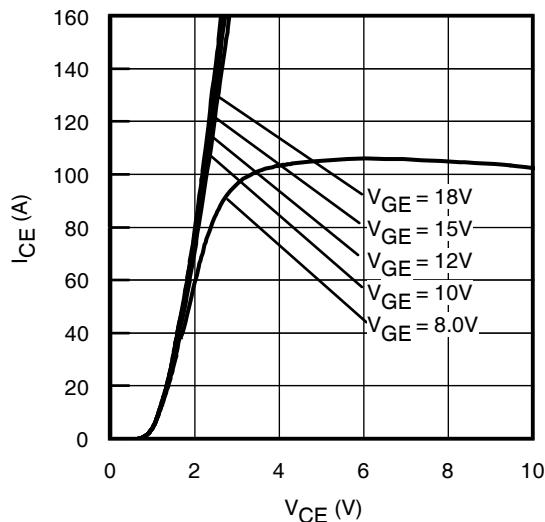


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 30\mu\text{s}$

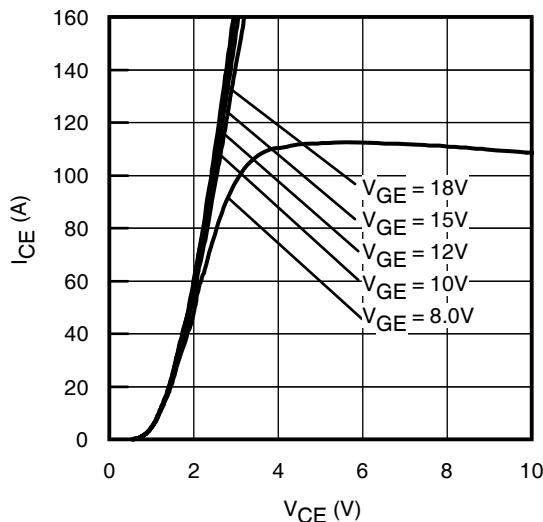


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 30\mu\text{s}$

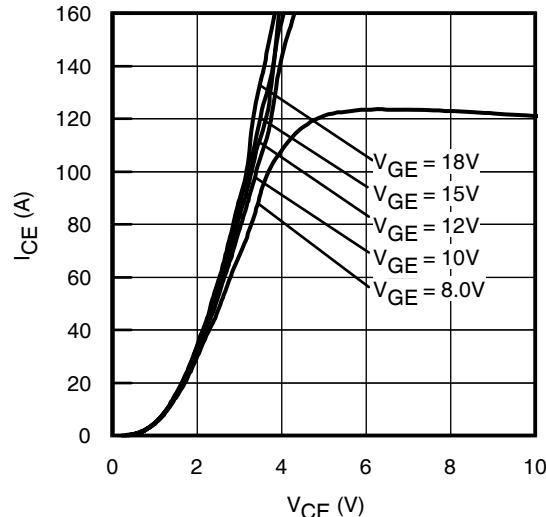


Fig. 7 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 30\mu\text{s}$

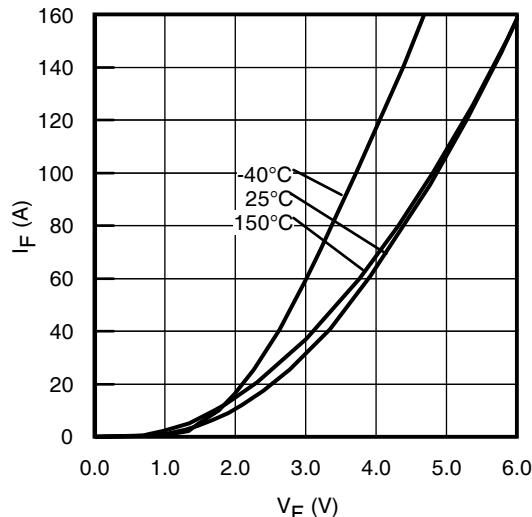


Fig. 8 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
 $t_p = 30\mu\text{s}$

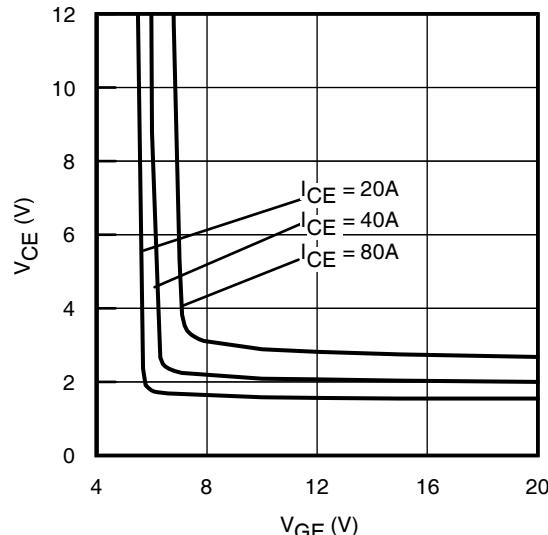


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$

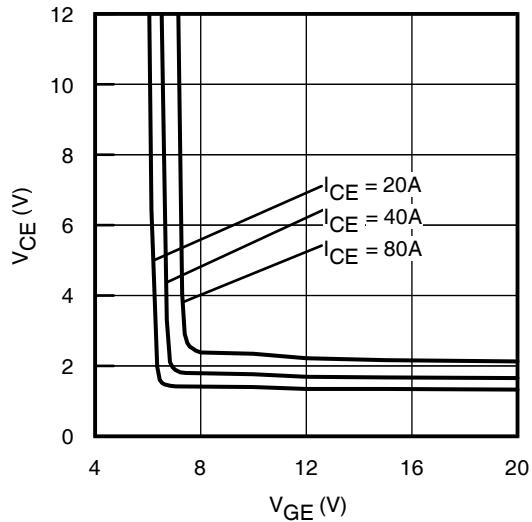


Fig. 10 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

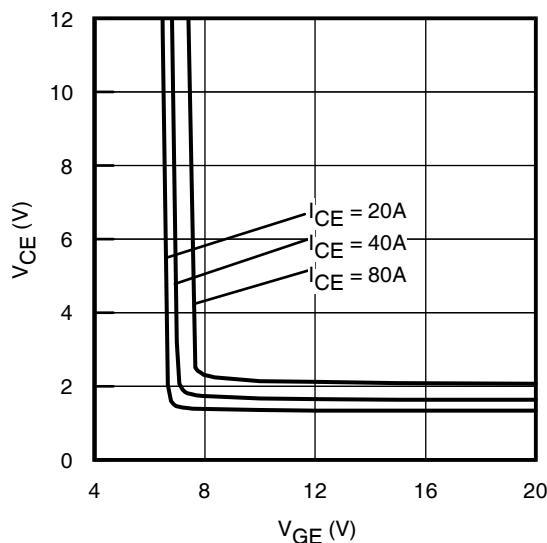


Fig. 11 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

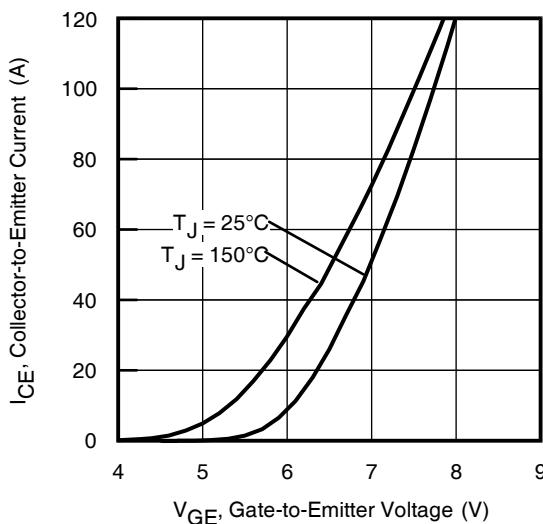


Fig. 12 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$

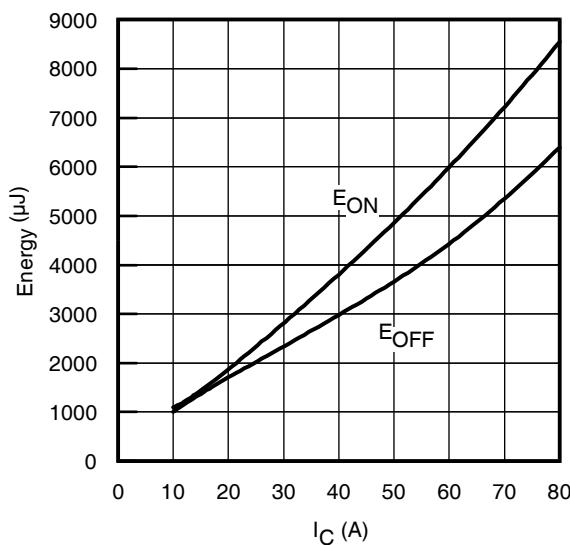


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; L = 200\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, R_G = 10\Omega; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

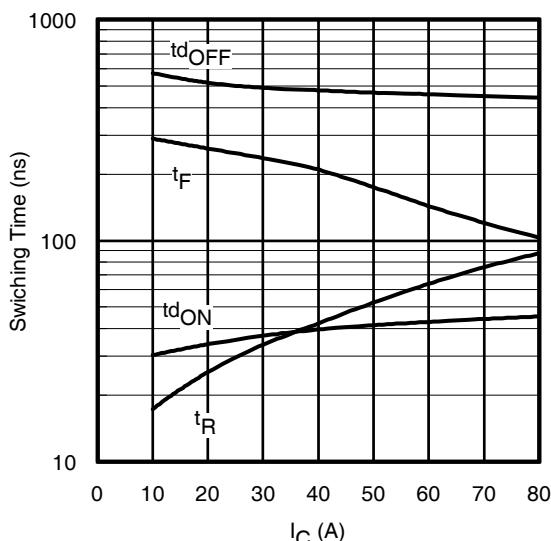


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; L = 200\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, R_G = 10\Omega; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

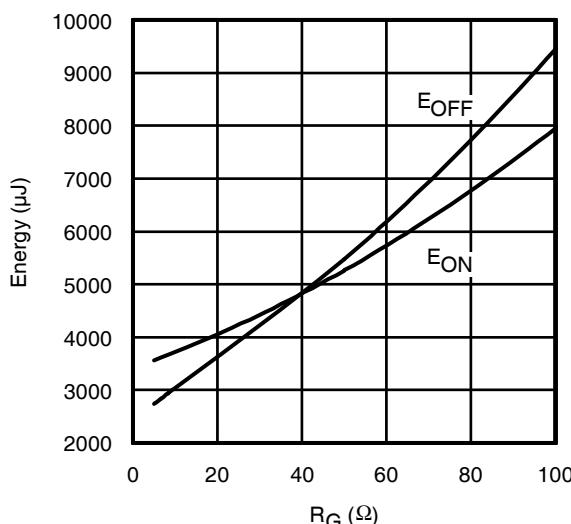


Fig. 15 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; L = 200\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, I_{CE} = 40\text{A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

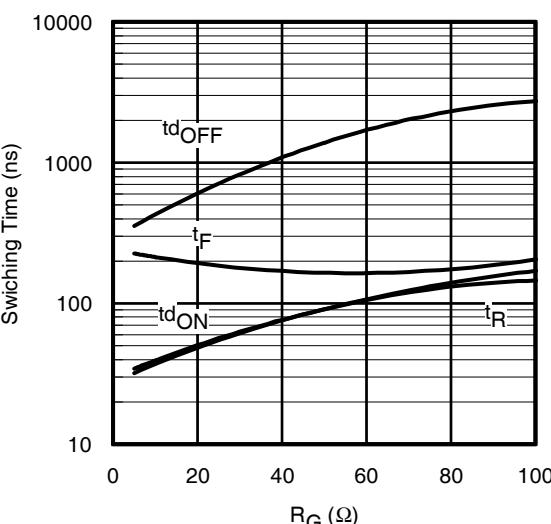


Fig. 16 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; L = 200\mu\text{H}; V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, I_{CE} = 40\text{A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

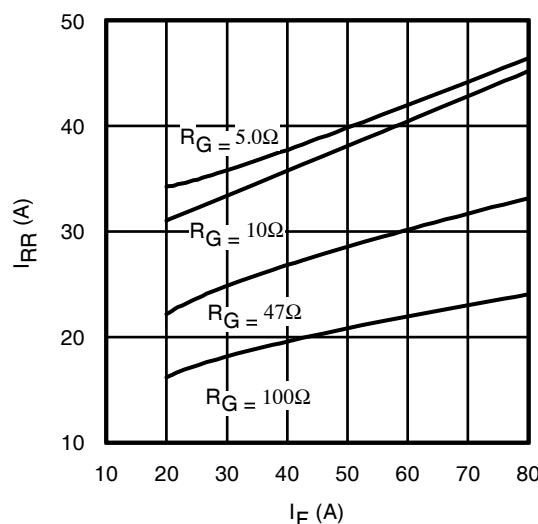


Fig. 17 - Typ. Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

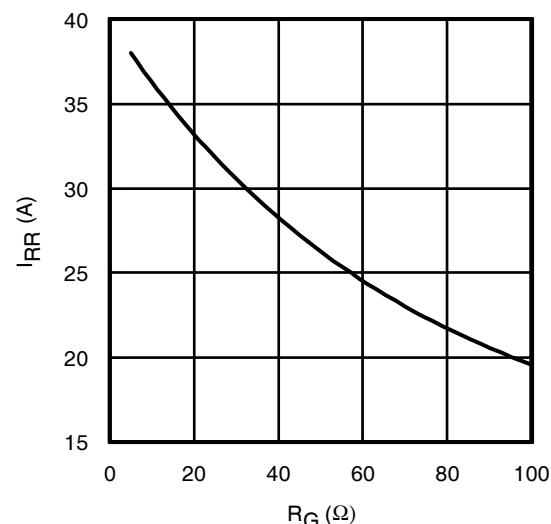


Fig. 18 - Typ. Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

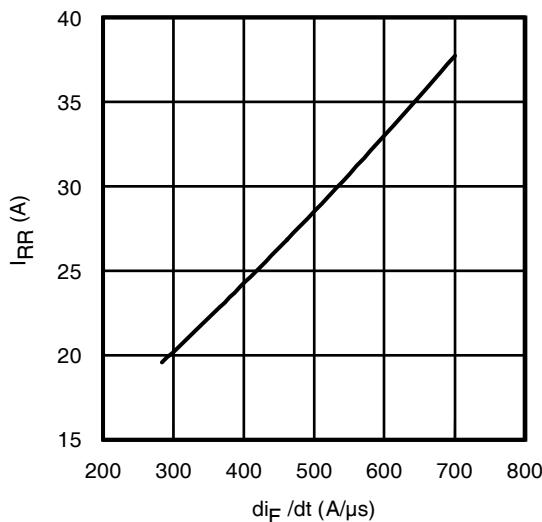


Fig. 19 - Typ. Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt
 $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; I_F = 40\text{A}; T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

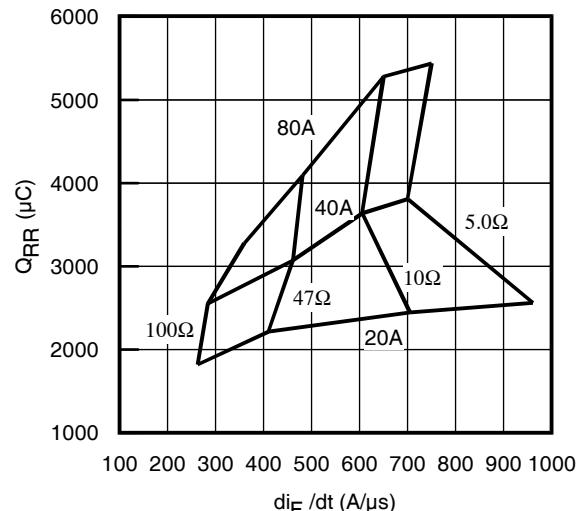


Fig. 20 - Typ. Diode Q_{RR} vs. di_F/dt
 $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

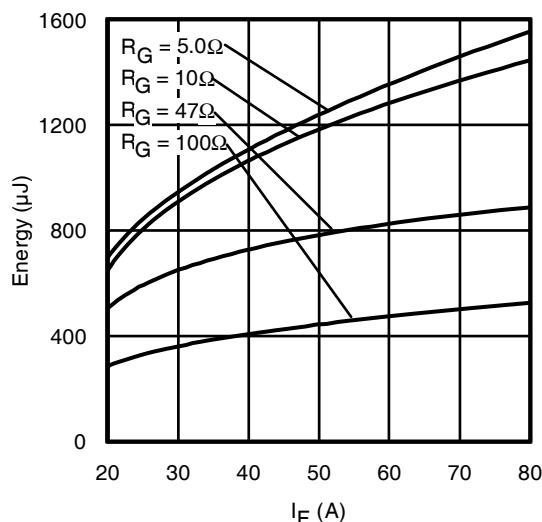


Fig. 21 - Typ. Diode E_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

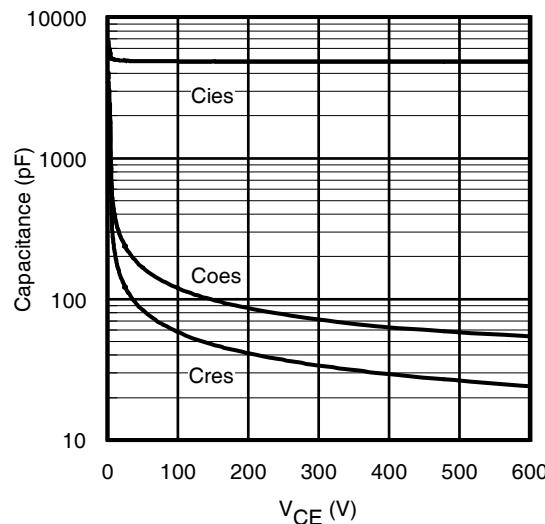


Fig. 22 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0V$; $f = 1MHz$

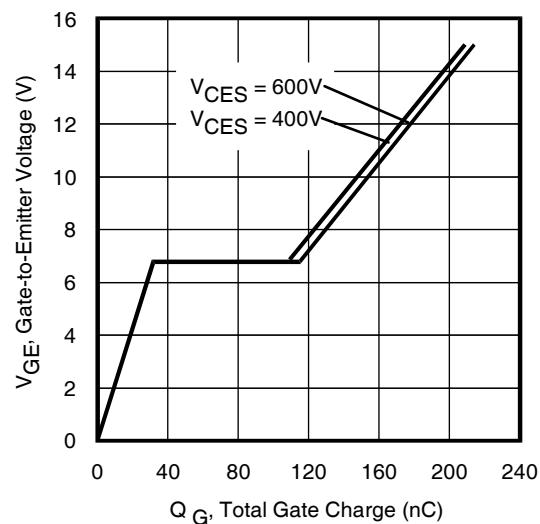


Fig. 23 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 40A$; $L = 2400H$

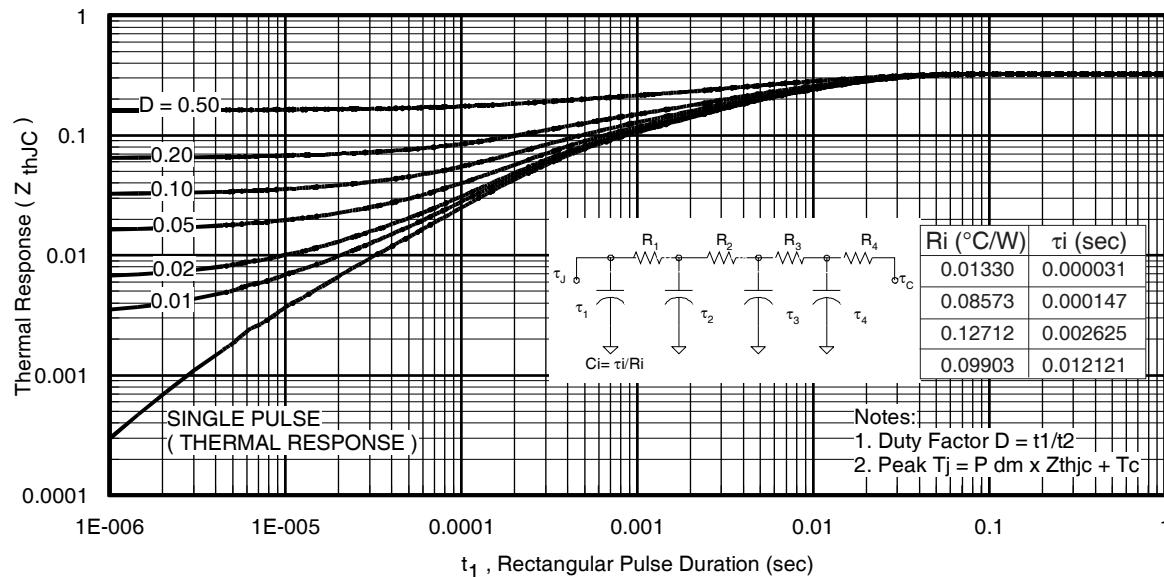


Fig 24. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

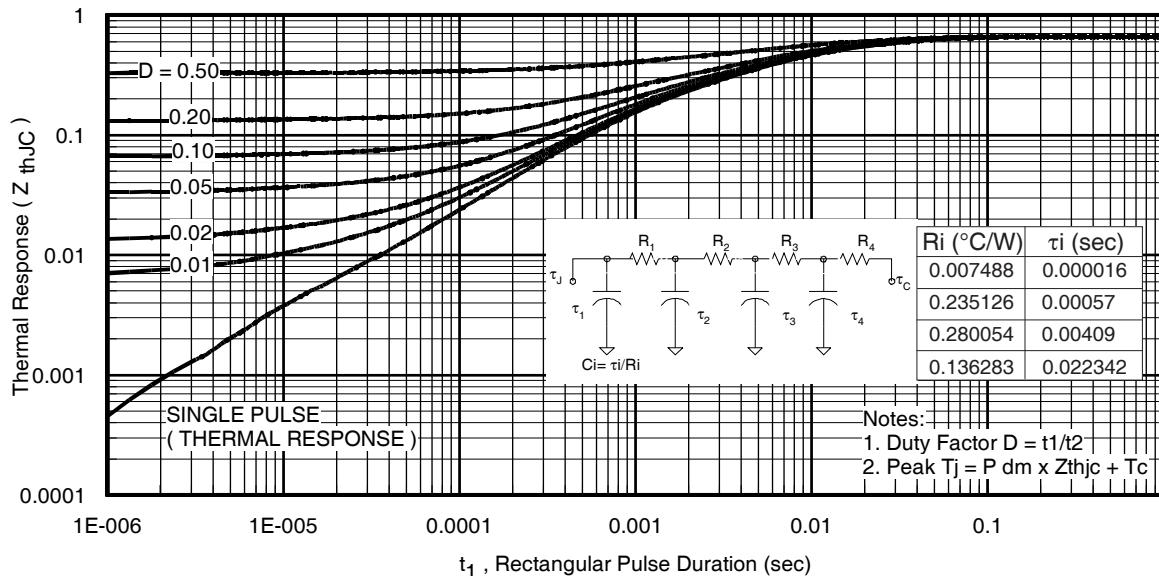


Fig. 25. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

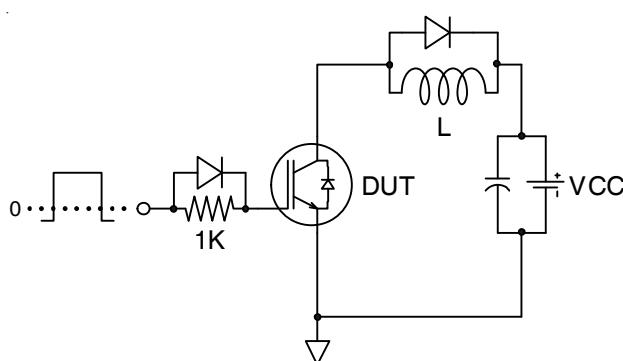


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

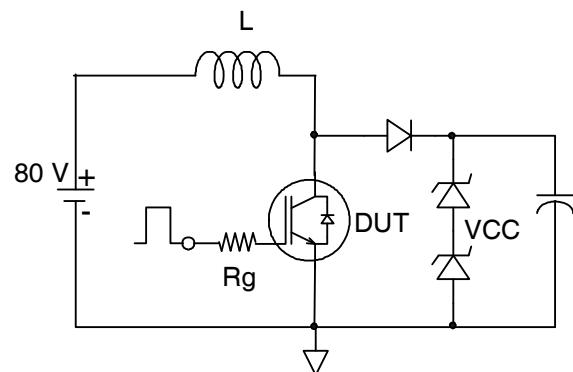


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

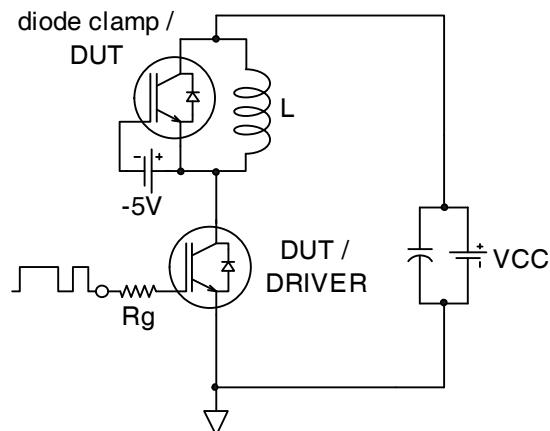


Fig.C.T.3 - Switching Loss Circuit

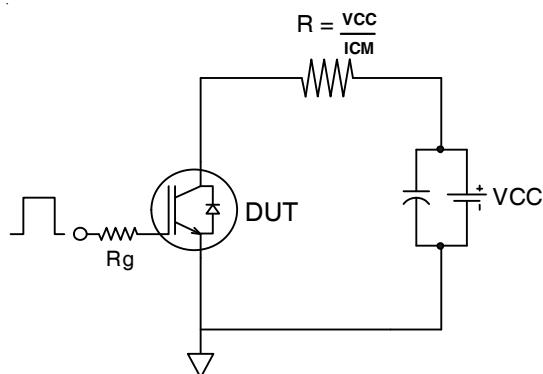


Fig.C.T.4 - Resistive Load Circuit

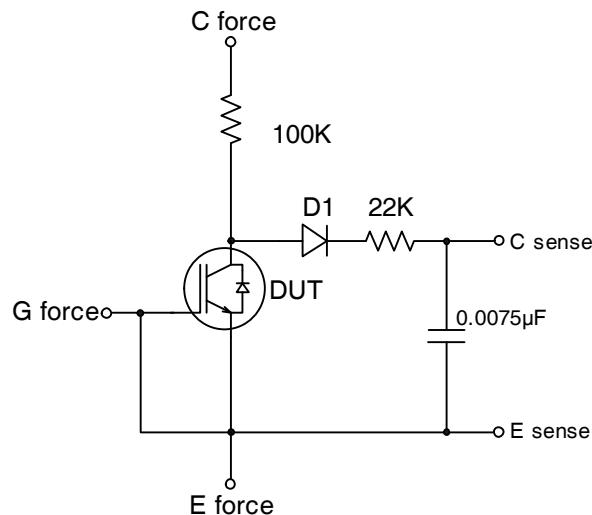


Fig.C.T.5 - BVCES Filter Circuit

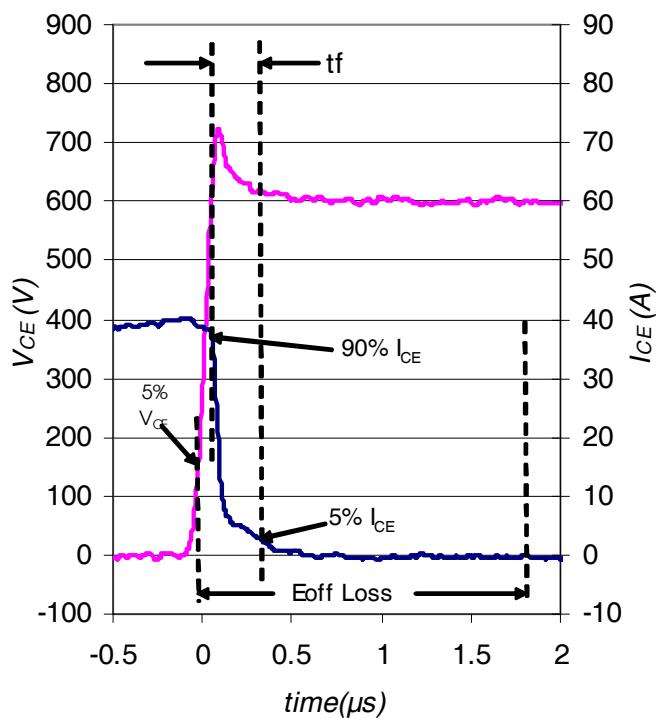


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

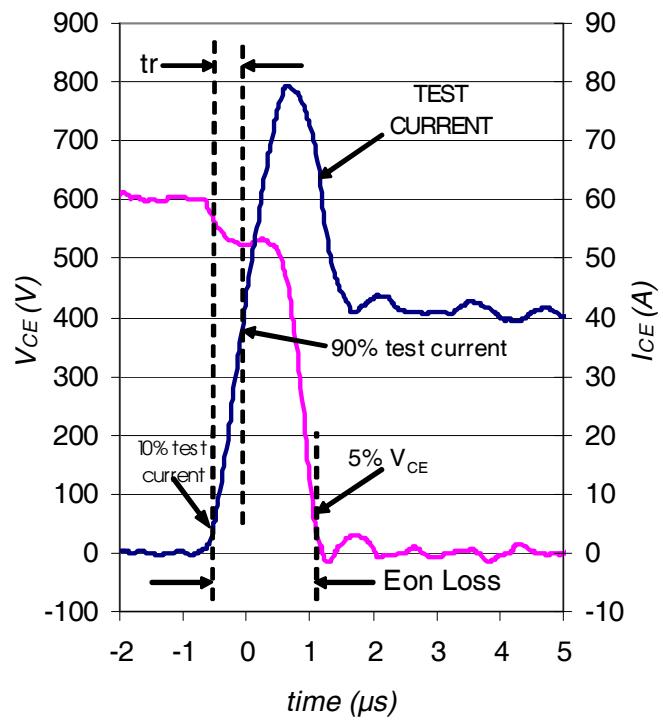


Fig. WF2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

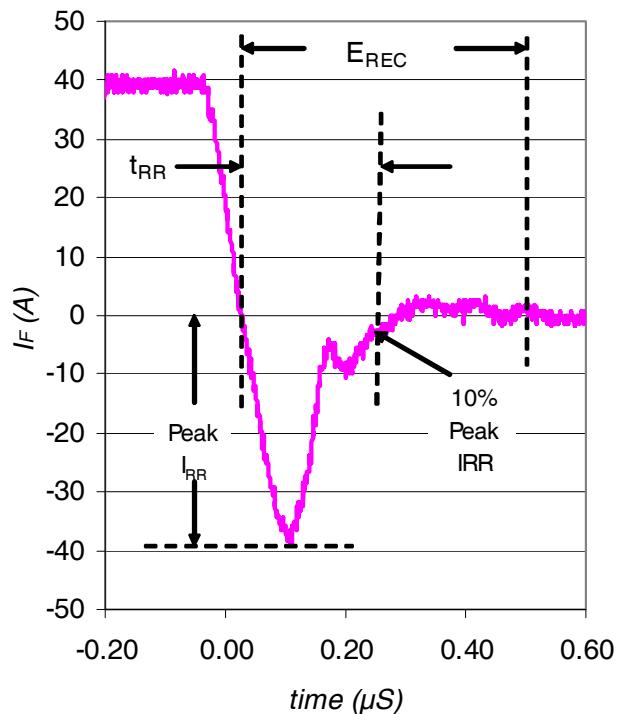
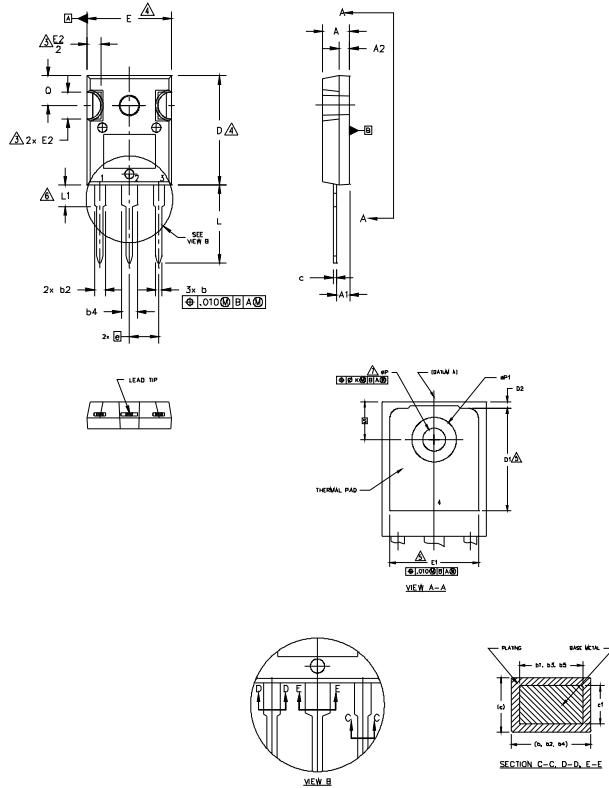


Fig. WF3 - Typ. Diode Recovery Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. D TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89	
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84	
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	
D1	.515	—	13.08	—	4
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35	5
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	
E1	.530	—	13.46	—	
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		
e _k	.010		0.25		
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10	
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
R _P	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	
R _{P1}	—	.291	—	7.39	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

1. GATE
2. DRAIN
3. SOURCE
4. DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

1. GATE
2. COLLECTOR
3. Emitter
4. COLLECTOR

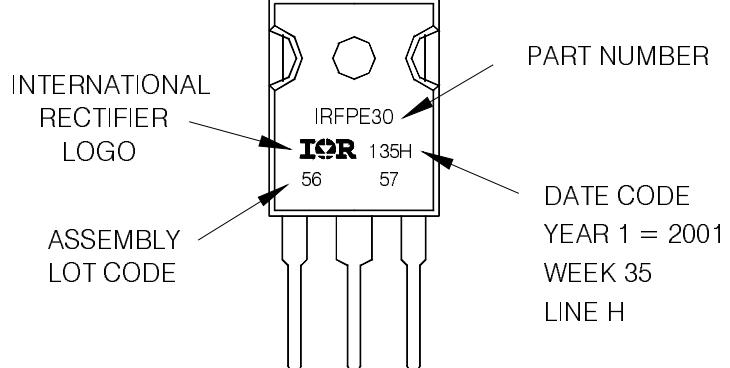
DIODES

1. ANODE/OPEN
2. CATHODE
3. ANODE

TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2001
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead-Free"

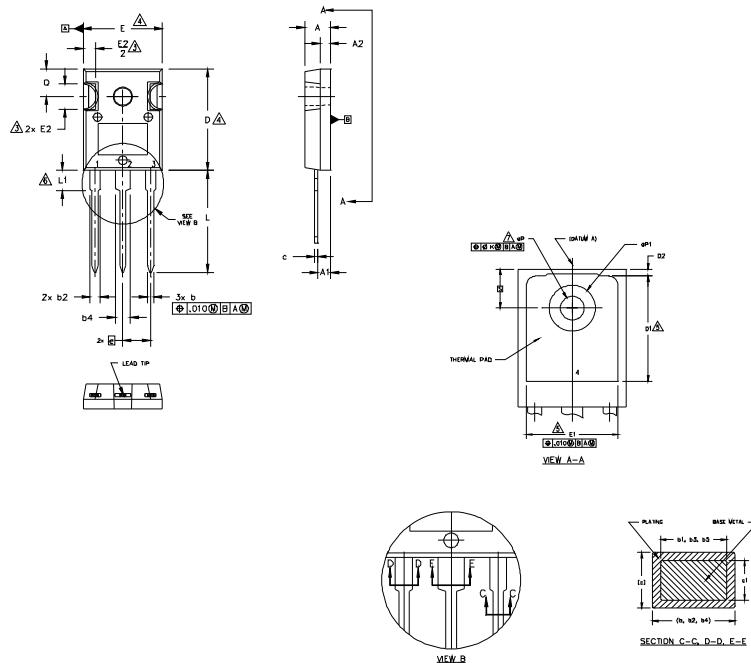


TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

TO-247AD Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED ".005" (.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AD.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS		NOTES
	INCHES	MMILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65
A1	.087	.102	2.21
A2	.059	.098	2.49
b	.039	.055	0.99
b1	.039	.053	1.40
b2	.065	.094	1.65
b3	.065	.092	2.34
b4	.102	.135	2.59
b5	.102	.133	3.38
c	.015	.035	0.38
c1	.015	.033	0.38
D	.776	.815	19.71
D1	.515	—	20.70
D2	.020	.053	4
E	.602	.625	15.29
E1	.530	.550	15.87
E2	.178	.216	4
e	.215 BSC	.546 BSC	
ok	.010	.025	
L	.780	.827	19.57
L1	.146	.169	21.00
eP	.140	.144	4.29
O	—	.291	3.56
S	.209	.224	7.39
	.217 BSC	.551 BSC	5.69

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- Emitter
- 4.- COLLECTOR

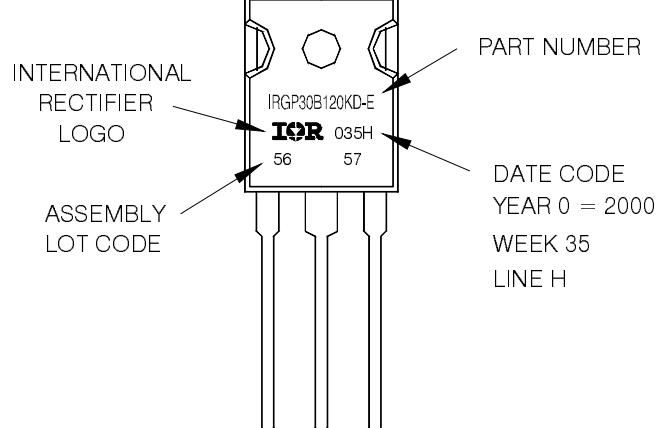
DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

TO-247AD Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRGP30B120KD-E
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AD package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

International
IR Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd., El Segundo, California 90245, USA
To contact International Rectifier, please visit <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/>