



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



IRGP20B120U-EP

INSULATED GATE BIPOLEAR TRANSISTOR

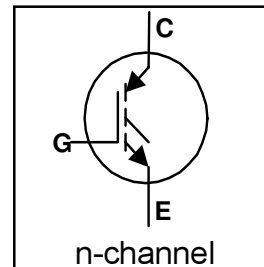
Features

- UltraFast Non Punch Through (NPT) Technology
- 10 μ s Short Circuit capability
- Square RBSOA
- Positive $V_{CE(on)}$ Temperature Coefficient
- Extended lead TO-247 package
- Lead-Free

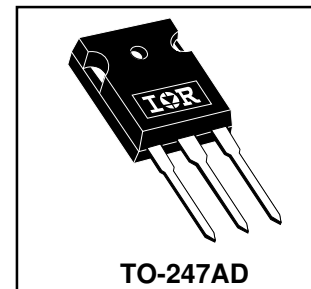
Benefits

- Benchmark efficiency above 20KHz
- Optimized for Welding, UPS, and Induction Heating applications
- Rugged with UltraFast performance
- Low EMI
- Significantly Less Snubber required
- Excellent Current sharing in Parallel operation
- Longer leads for easier mounting

UltraFast IGBT



$V_{CES} = 1200V$
$V_{CE(on) typ.} = 3.05V$
$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 20A, 25^\circ C$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current (Fig.1)	40	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current (Fig.1)	20	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current (Fig.3, Fig. CT.5)	120	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current(Fig.4, Fig. CT.2)	120	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$E_{AS} @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Avalanche Energy, single pulse $I_C = 25A, V_{CC} = 50V, R_{GE} = 25ohm$ $L = 200\mu H$ (Fig. CT.6)	65	mJ
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation (Fig.2)	300	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation (Fig.2)	120	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	10 lbf·in (1.1N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	---	---	0.42	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	---	0.24	---	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	---	---	40	
Wt	Weight	---	6 (0.21)	---	g (oz)
$Z_{\theta JC}$	Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case (Fig.18)				

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.
V _{(BR)CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200			V	V _{GE} = 0V, I _c = 250 μA	
ΔV _{(BR)CES} / ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage		+1.2		V/°C	V _{GE} = 0V, I _c = 1 mA (25 - 125 °C)	
V _{CE(on)}	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage		3.05	3.45	V	I _C = 20A, V _{GE} = 15V	5, 6
			3.37	3.80		I _C = 25A, V _{GE} = 15V	7, 8
			4.23	4.85		I _C = 40A, V _{GE} = 15V	9
			3.89	4.50		I _C = 20A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 125°C	10
			4.31	5.06		I _C = 25A, V _{GE} = 15V, T _J = 125°C	
V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	5.0	6.0	V	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 250 μA	8,9,10,11
ΔV _{GE(th)} / ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage		- 1.2		mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 1 mA (25 - 125 °C)	
g _{fe}	Forward Transconductance	13.6	15.7	17.8	S	V _{CE} = 50V, I _C = 20A, PW=80μs	
I _{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current			250	μA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 1200V	
			420	750		V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 1200V, T _J = 125°C	
			1482	2200		V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 1200V, T _J = 150°C	
I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current			±100	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V	

Switching Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.
Q _g	Total Gate charge (turn-on)		169	254	nC	I _C = 20A	17
Q _{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)		24	36		V _{CC} = 600V	CT 1
Q _{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)		82	126		V _{GE} = 15V	
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss *		850	1050	μJ	I _C = 20A, V _{CC} = 600V	CT 4
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss *		425	650		V _{GE} = 15V, R _g = 5Ω, L = 200μH	WF1
E _{tot}	Total Switching Loss *		1275	1800		T _J = 25°C, Energy losses include tail and diode reverse recovery	WF2
E _{on}	Turn-on Switching Loss *		1350	1550	μJ	I _C = 20A, V _{CC} = 600V	12, 14
E _{off}	Turn-off Switching Loss *		610	875		V _{GE} = 15V, R _g = 5Ω, L = 200μH	CT 4
E _{tot}	Total Switching Loss *		1960	2425		T _J = 125°C, Energy losses include tail and diode reverse recovery	WF1 & 2
td(on)	Turn - on delay time		50	65	ns	I _C = 20A, V _{CC} = 600V	13, 15
tr	Rise time		20	30		V _{GE} = 15V, R _g = 5Ω, L = 200μH	CT 4
td(off)	Turn - off delay time		204	230		T _J = 125°C	WF1
tf	Fall time		24	35			WF2
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance		2200		pF	V _{GE} = 0V	16
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance		210			V _{CC} = 30V	
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		85			f = 1.0 MHz	
RBSOA	Reverse bias safe operating area	FULL SQUARE				T _J = 150°C, I _C = 120A V _{CC} = 1000V, V _P = 1200V R _g = 5Ω, V _{GE} = +15V to 0V	4 CT 2
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	----	----	μs	T _J = 150°C V _{CC} = 900V, V _P = 1200V R _g = 5Ω, V _{GE} = +15V to 0V	CT 3 WF 3
Le	Internal Emitter Inductance		13		nH	Measured 5 mm from the package.	

* Used Diode HF40D120ACE

Fig.1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

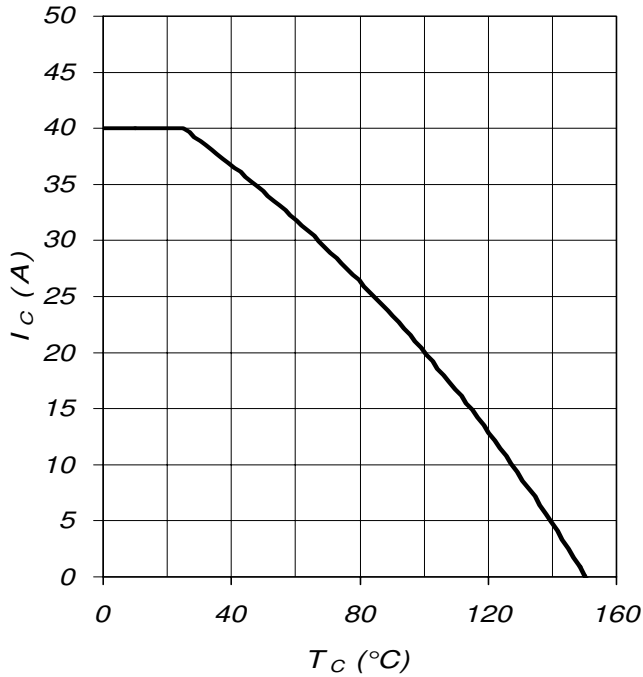


Fig.2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

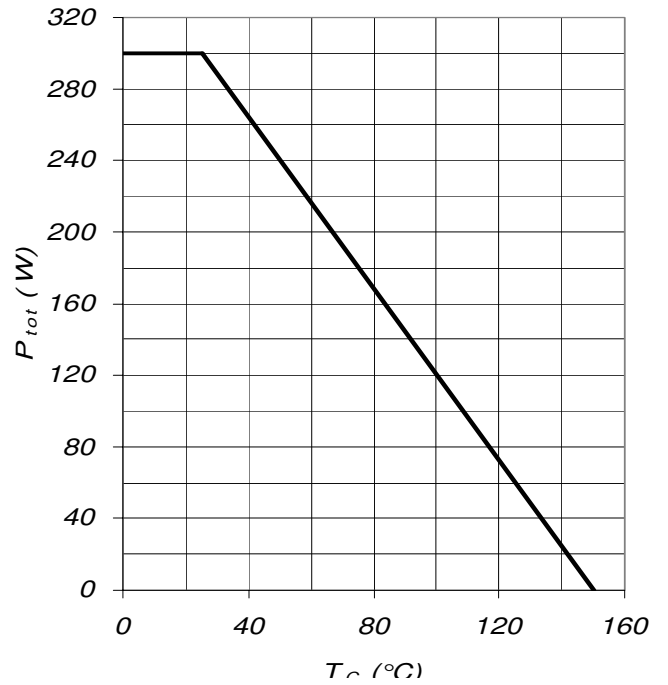


Fig.3 - Forward SOA
 $T_C=25^{\circ}C$; $T_j \leq 150^{\circ}C$

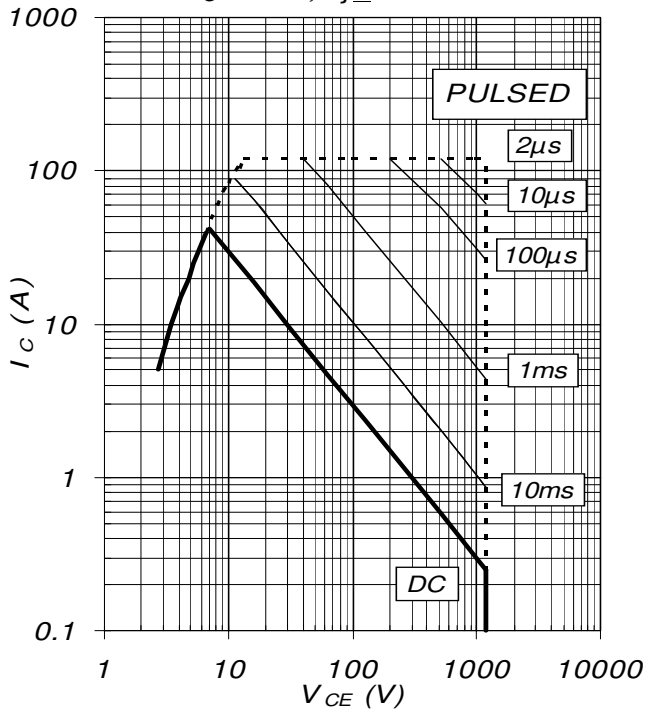


Fig.4 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_j = 150^{\circ}C$, $V_{GE} = 15V$

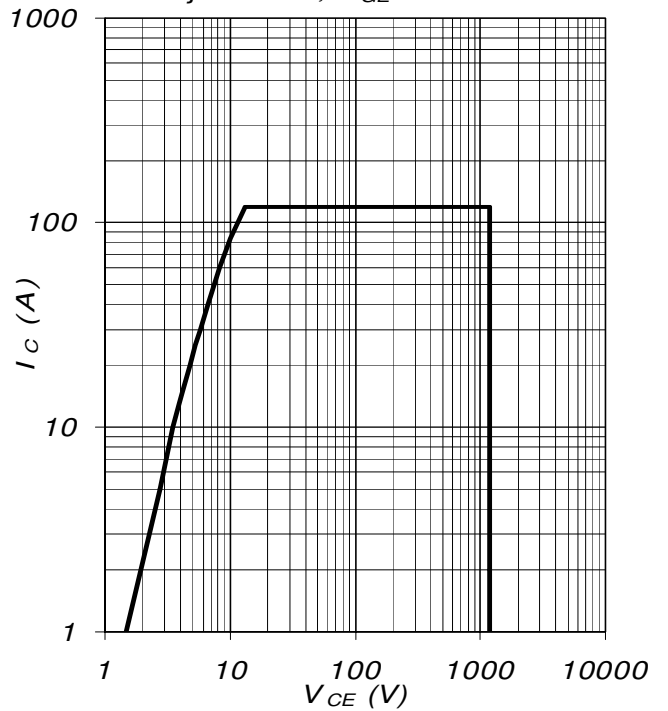


Fig.5 - Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

$T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 300\mu\text{s}$

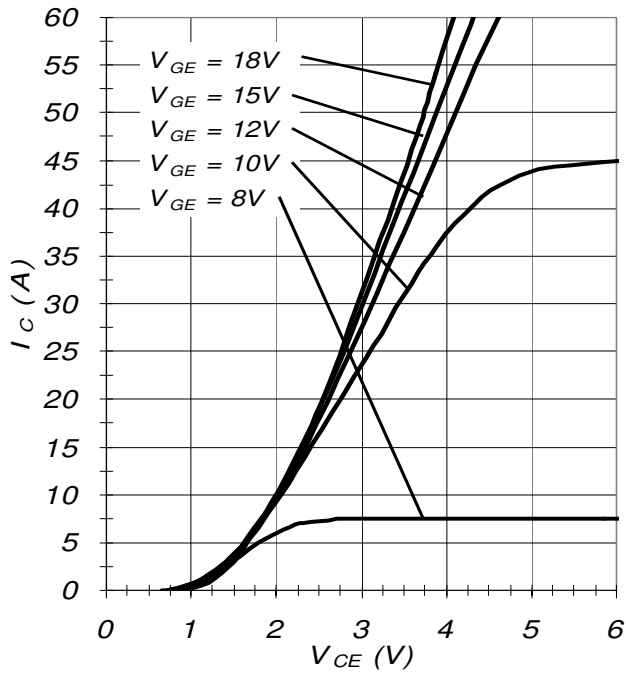


Fig.6 - Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 300\mu\text{s}$

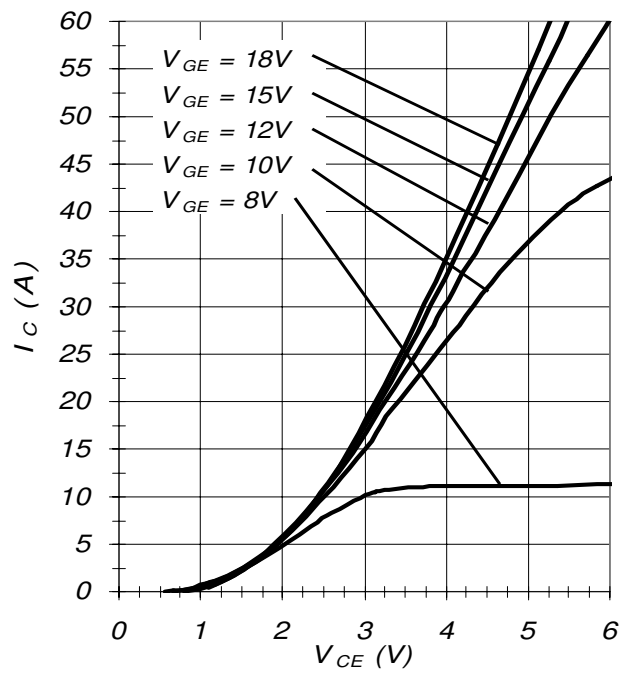


Fig.7 - Typical IGBT Output Characteristics

$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 300\mu\text{s}$

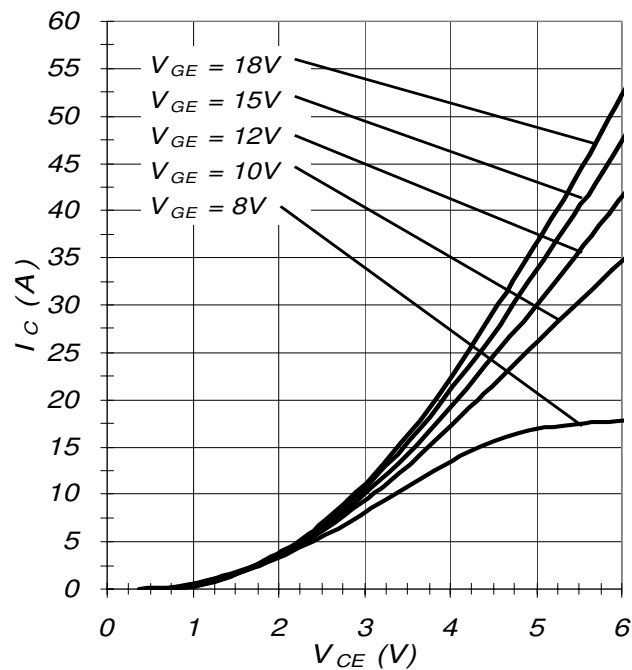


Fig. 8 - Typical V_{CE} vs V_{GE}
 $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$

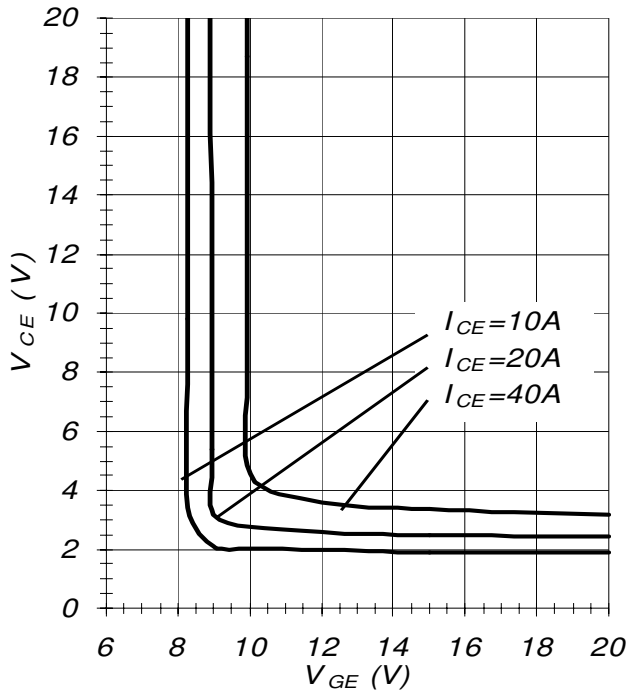


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs V_{GE}
 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

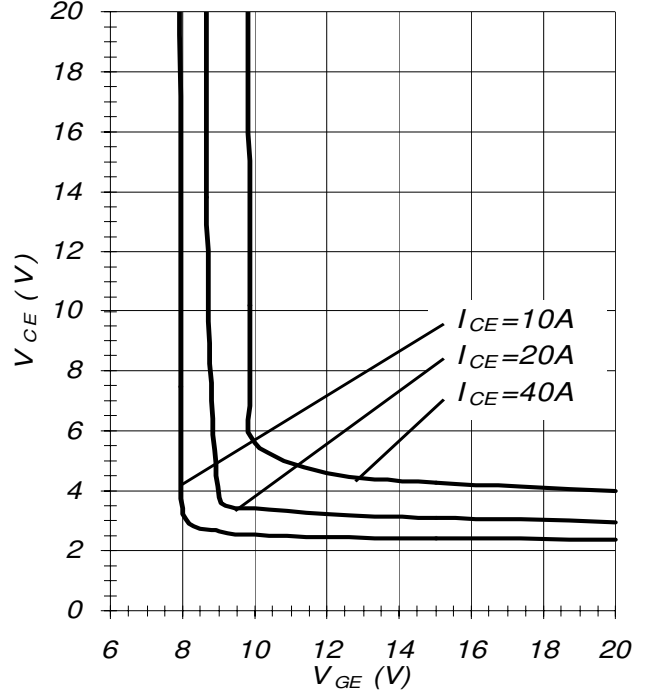


Fig. 10 - Typical V_{CE} vs V_{GE}
 $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

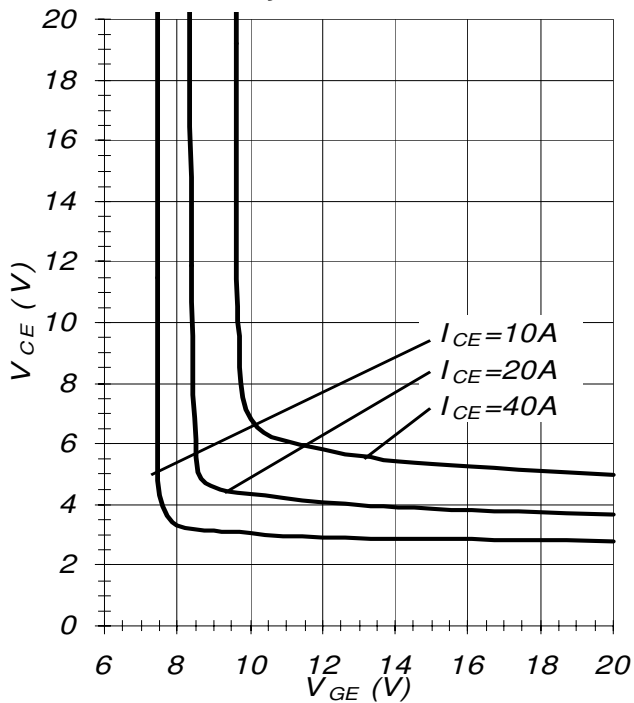


Fig. 11 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$; $t_p = 20\mu\text{s}$

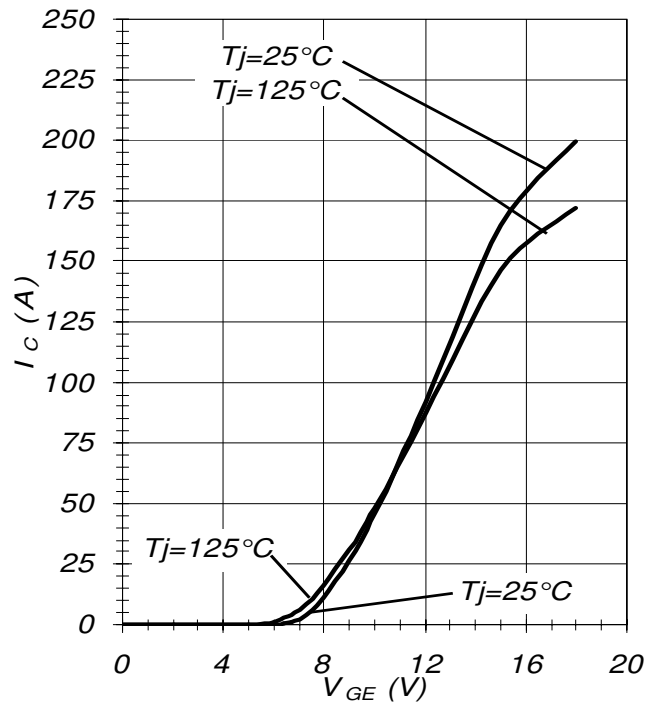


Fig.12 - Typical Energy Loss vs I_C
 $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$;
 $R_g=22\ \Omega$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

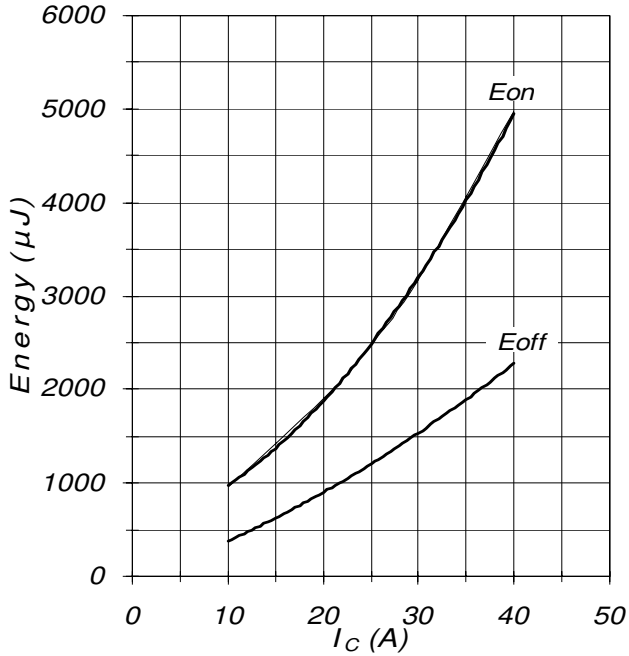


Fig.13 - Typical Switching Time vs I_C
 $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$;
 $R_g=22\ \Omega$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

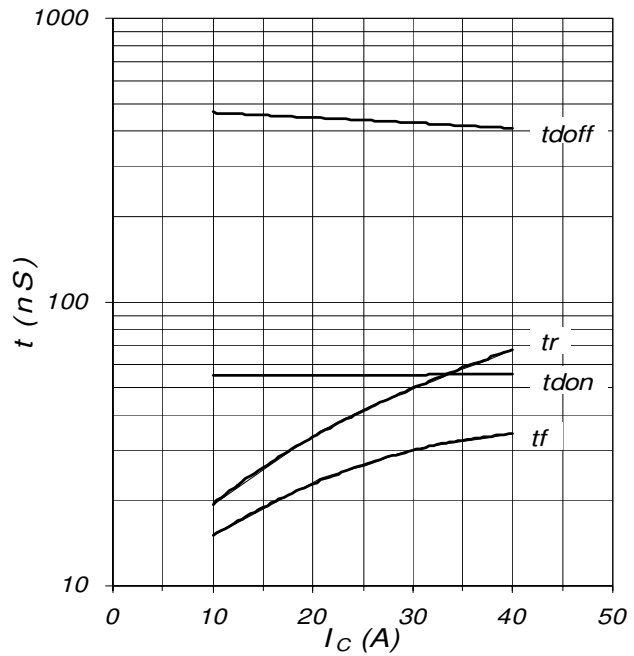


Fig.14 - Typical Energy Loss vs R_g
 $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$;
 $I_{CE}=20\text{A}$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

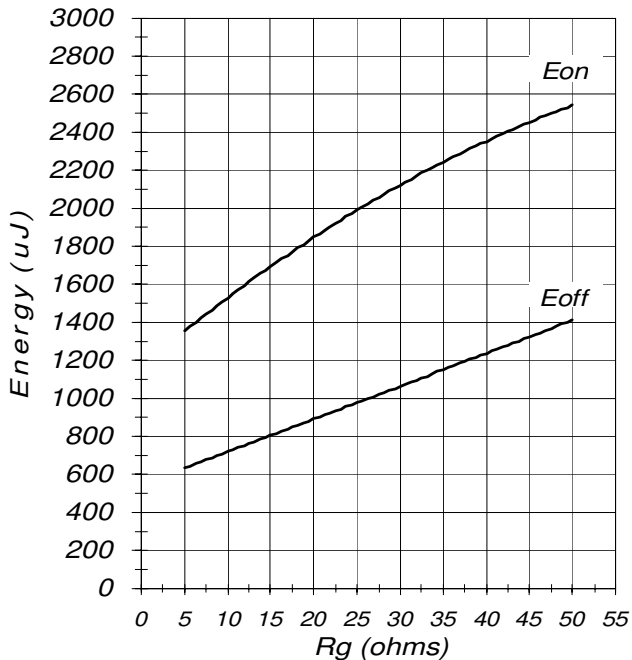


Fig.15 - Typical Switching Time vs R_g
 $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$;
 $I_{CE}=20\text{A}$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

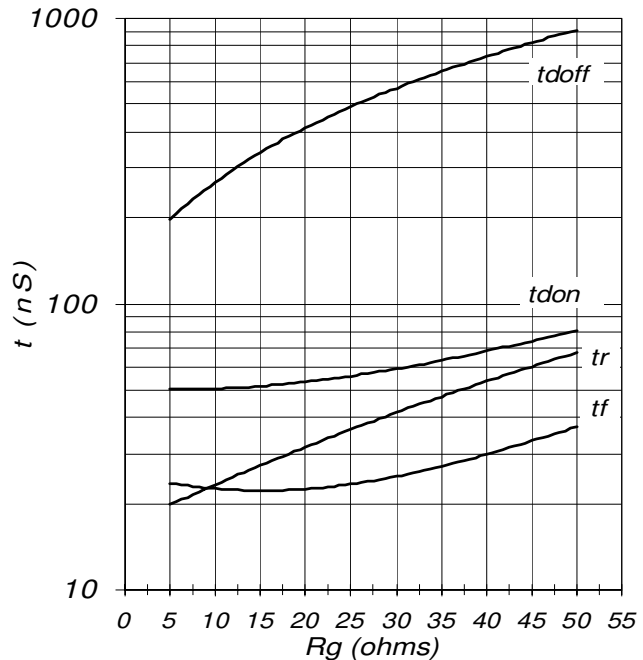


Fig 16 - Typical Capacitance vs V_{CE}
 $V_{GE}=0V; f=1MHz$

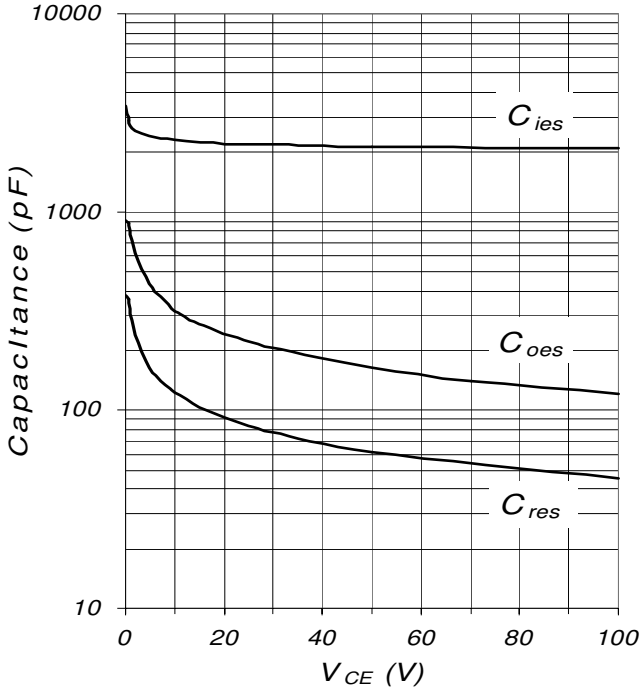


Fig.17 - Typ. Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_C=20A; L=600\mu H$

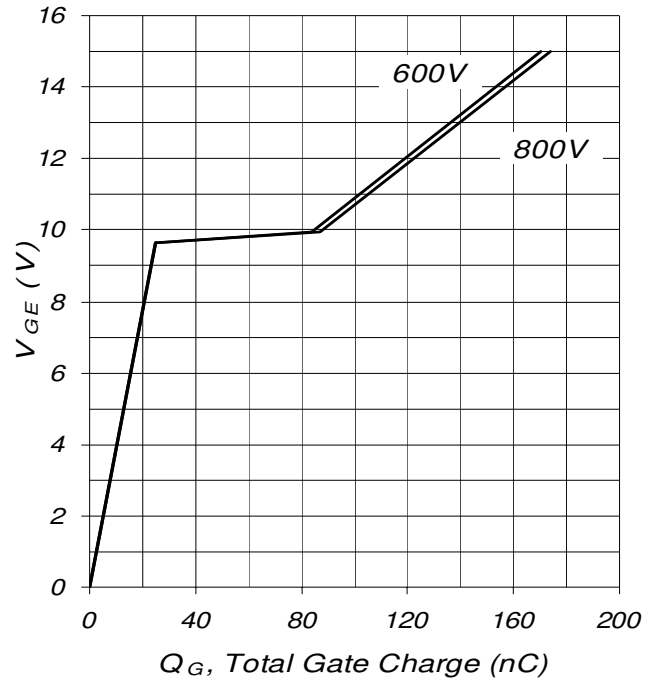


Fig. 18 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

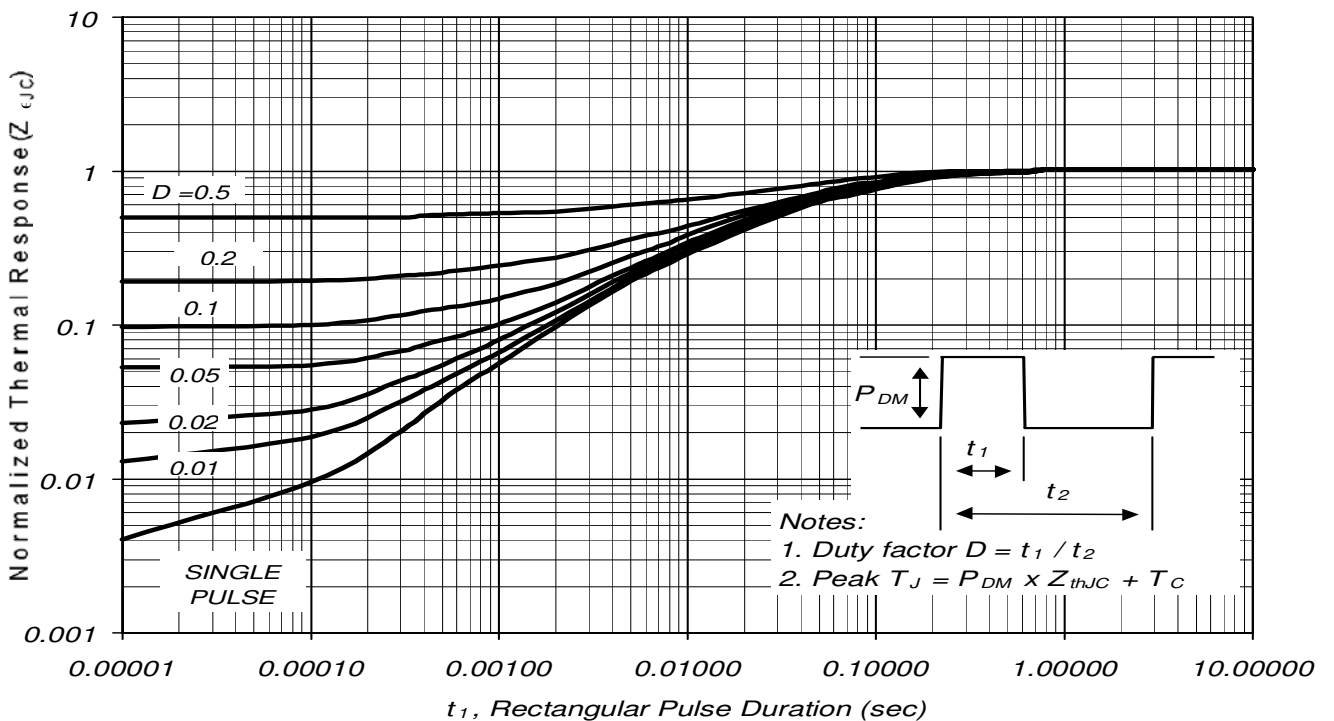


Fig. CT.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

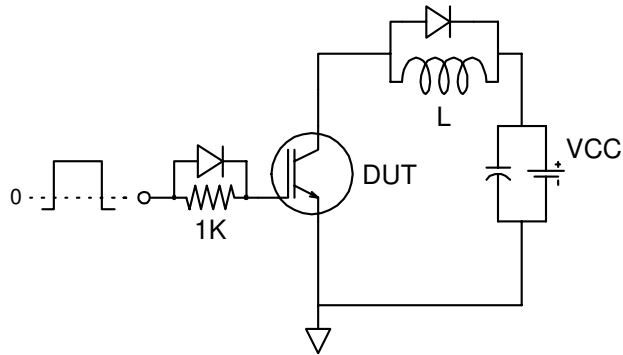


Fig. CT.2 - RBSOA Circuit

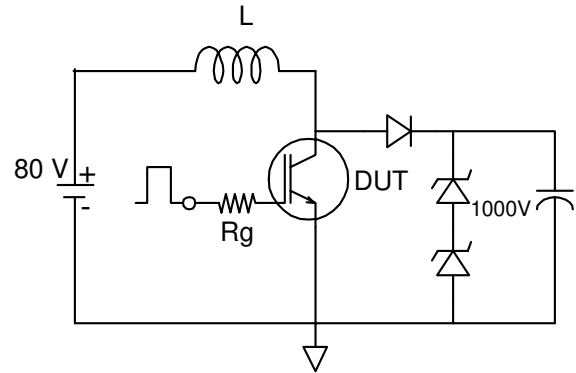


Fig. CT.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit

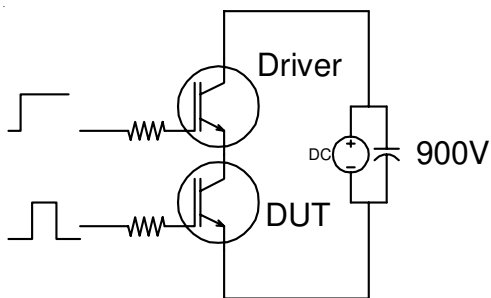


Fig. CT.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

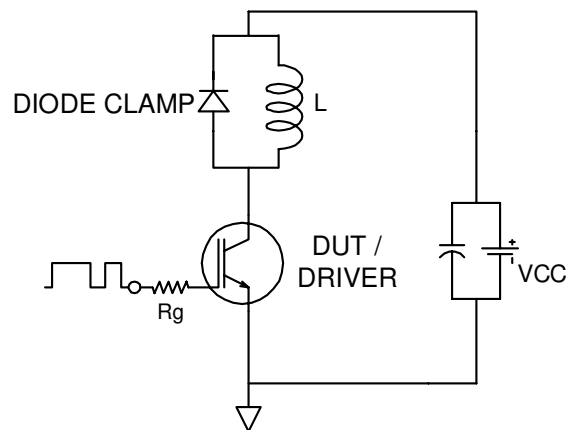


Fig. CT.5 - Resistive Load Circuit

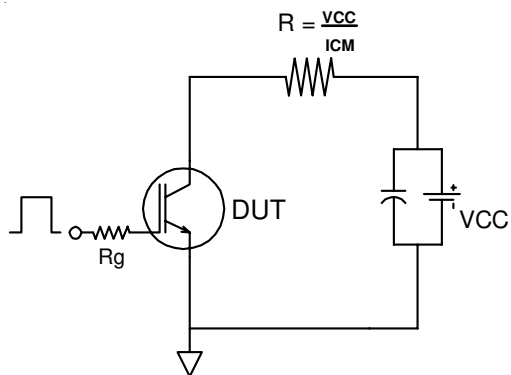


Fig. CT.6 - Unclamped Inductive Load Circuit

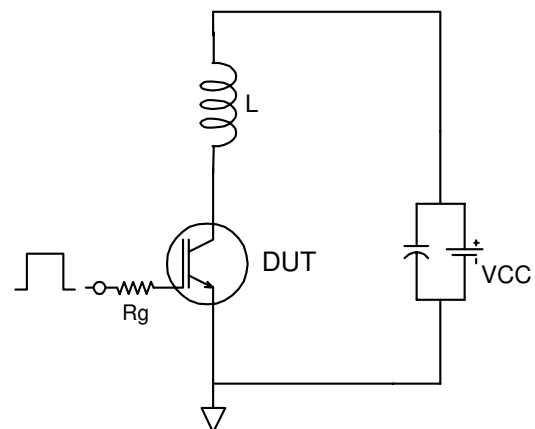


Fig. WF.1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

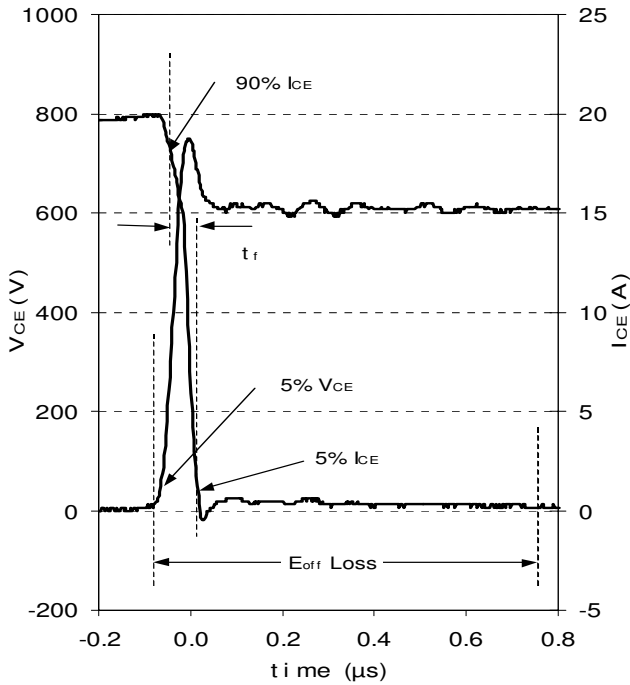


Fig. WF.2 - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

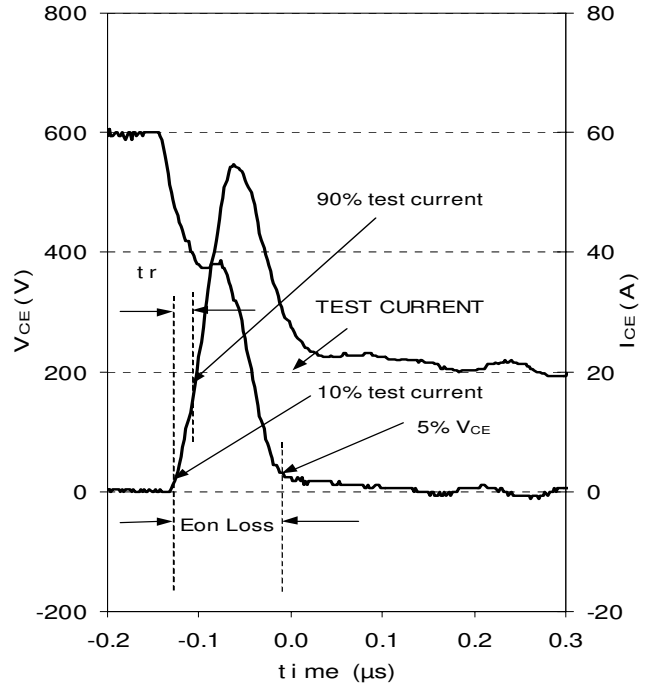
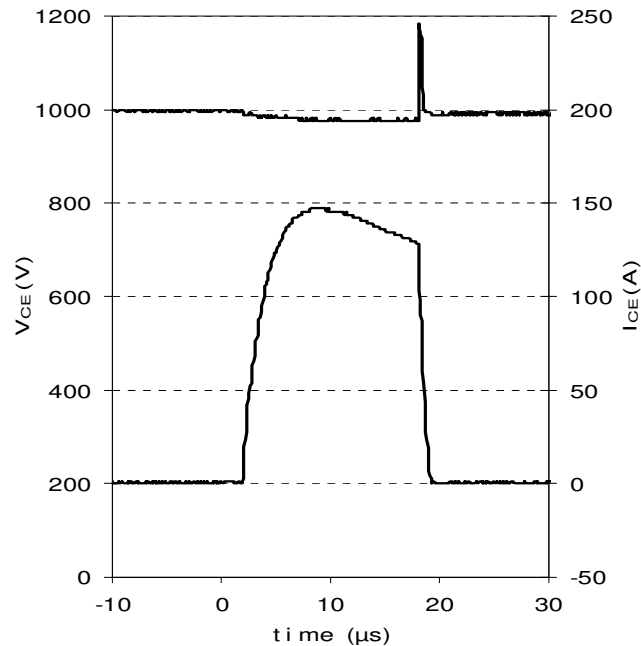


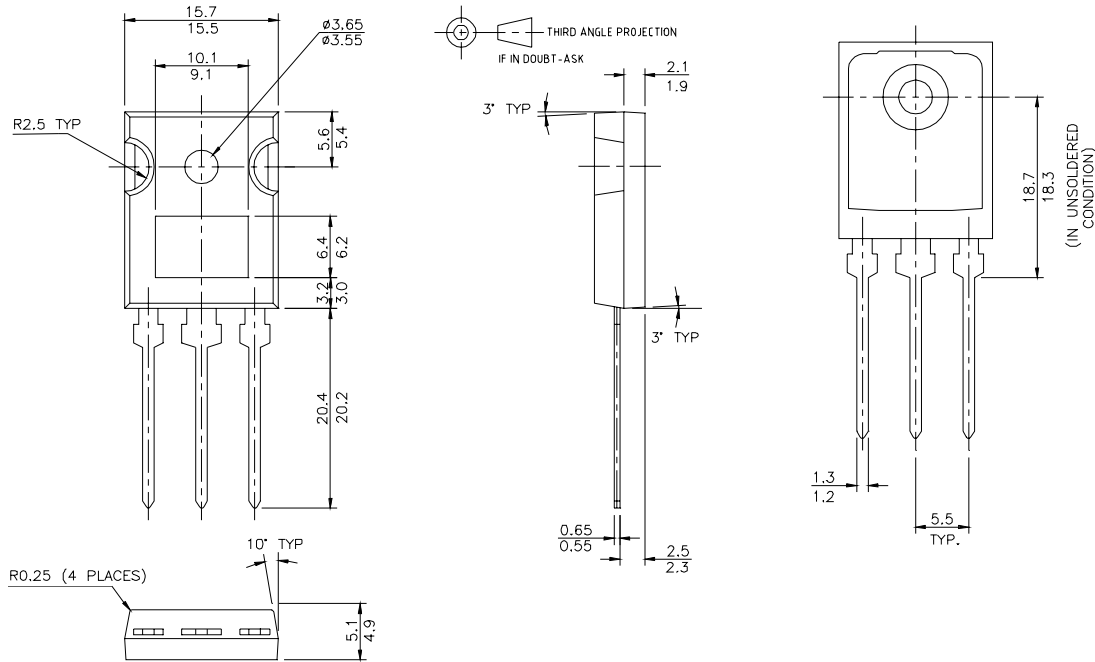
Fig. WF.3- Typ. S.C. Waveform
@ $T_C=150^\circ\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3



IRGP20B120U-EP

TO-247AD Package Outline

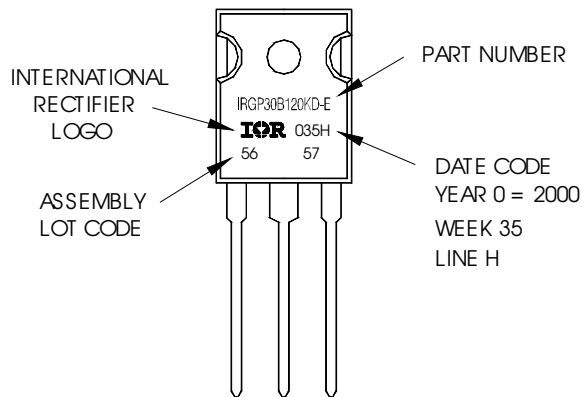
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



TO-247AD Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRGP30B120KD-E
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead-Free"



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>