

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



# Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China











# Integrated Power Module for Small Appliance Motor Drive Applications

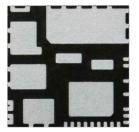
### **Description**

IRSM836-045MA is a 4A, 500V Integrated Power Module (IPM) designed for advanced appliance motor drive applications such as energy efficient fans and pumps. IR's technology offers an extremely compact, high performance AC motor-driver in an isolated package. This advanced IPM offers a combination of IR's low  $R_{\rm DS(on)}$  Trench MOSFET technology and the industry benchmark 3-phase high voltage, rugged driver in a small PQFN package. At only 12x12mm and featuring integrated bootstrap functionality, the compact footprint of this surface-mount package makes it suitable for applications that are space-constrained. Integrated over-current protection, fault reporting and under-voltage lockout functions deliver a high level of protection and fail-safe operation. IRSM836-045MA functions without a heat sink.

#### **Features**

- Integrated gate drivers and bootstrap functionality
- Open-source for leg-shunt current sensing
- Protection shutdown pin
- Low R<sub>DS(on)</sub> Trench FREDFET
- Under-voltage lockout for all channels
- Matched propagation delay for all channels
- Optimized dV/dt for loss and EMI trade offs
- 3.3V Schmitt-triggered active high input logic
- Cross-conduction prevention logic
- Motor power range up to ~130W, without heat sink
- Isolation 1500VRMS min





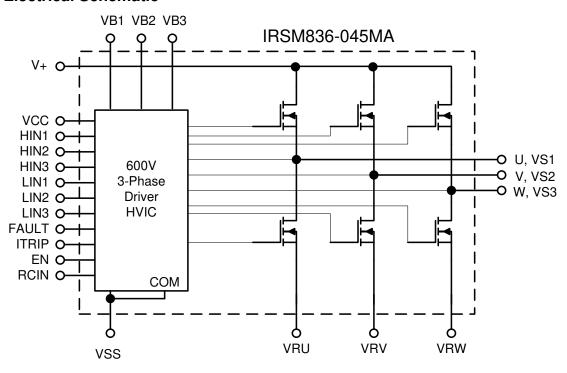
Base Part Number	Packago Typo	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
base Fait Number	Package Type	Form	Quantity	Orderable Part Number
IRSM836-045MA	37L	Tape and Reel	2000	IRSM836-045MATR
INSIVIOSO-U4SIVIA	PQFN 12 x 12 mm		800	IRSM836-045MA

All part numbers are PbF

Photo shown is generic. Refer to final pages of datasheet for accurate module drawings



#### **Internal Electrical Schematic**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the module may occur. These are not tested at manufacturing. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to VSS unless otherwise stated in the table.

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	MOSFET Blocking Voltage		500	V
I <sub>O</sub> @ T=25°C	DC Output Current per MOSFET		4	^
I <sub>OP</sub>	Pulsed Output Current (Note 1)		35	A
P <sub>d</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation per MOSFET		24	W
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Isolation Voltage (1min) (Note 2)		1500	$V_{RMS}$
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	-40	150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 30 seconds)		260	°C
Ts	Storage Temperature	-40	150	°C
V <sub>S1,2,3</sub>	High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	V <sub>B1,2,3</sub> - 20	V <sub>B1,2,3</sub> +0.3	V
V <sub>B1,2,3</sub>	High Side Floating Supply Voltage	-0.3	500	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low Side and Logic Supply voltage	-0.3	20	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage of LIN, HIN, ITRIP, EN, RCIN, FLT	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V

Note 1: Pulse Width = 100μs, TC =25°C, Duty=1%.

Note 2: Characterized, not tested at manufacturing



### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
V+	Positive DC Bus Input Voltage		400	V
V <sub>S1,2,3</sub>	High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	(Note 3)	400	V
V <sub>B1,2,3</sub>	High Side Floating Supply Voltage	V <sub>S</sub> +12	V <sub>S</sub> +20	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low Side and Logic Supply Voltage	13.5	16.5	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage of LIN, HIN, ITRIP, EN, FLT	0	5	V
Fp	PWM Carrier Frequency		20	kHz

The Input/Output logic diagram is shown in Figure 1. For proper operation the module should be used within the recommended conditions. All voltages are absolute referenced to COM. The V<sub>S</sub> offset is tested with all supplies biased at 15V

Note 3: Logic operational for V<sub>s</sub> from COM-5V to COM+250V. Logic state held for V<sub>s</sub> from COM-5V to COM-V<sub>BS</sub>.

#### **Static Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{CC}\text{-COM}) = (V_B\text{-}V_S) = 15 \text{ V}$ .  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified. The  $V_{IN}$  and  $I_{IN}$  parameters are referenced to  $V_{SS}$  and are applicable to all six channels. The  $V_{CCUV}$  parameters are referenced to  $V_{SS}$ . The  $V_{BSUV}$  parameters are referenced to  $V_{S}$ .

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500			V	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, I <sub>LK</sub> =250μA
I <sub>LKH</sub>	Leakage Current of High Side FET's in Parallel		10		μΑ	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, V <sub>DS</sub> =500V
I <sub>LKL</sub>	Leakage Current of Low Side FET's in Parallel Plus Gate Drive IC		15		μΑ	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, V <sub>DS</sub> =500V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Drain to Source ON Resistance		1.5	1.7	Ω	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> =15V, Id = 2A
$V_{\text{IN,th+}}$	Positive Going Input Threshold	2.5			V	
$V_{\text{IN,th-}}$	Negative Going Input Threshold			0.8	V	
V <sub>CCUV+</sub> , V <sub>BSUV+</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> and V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Under-Voltage, Positive Going Threshold	8	8.9	9.8	V	
V <sub>CCUV-</sub> , V <sub>BSUV-</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> and V <sub>BS</sub> supply Under-Voltage, Negative Going Threshold	7.4	8.2	9	V	
V <sub>CCUVH</sub> , V <sub>BSUVH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> and V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Under-Voltage Lock-Out Hysteresis		0.7		V	
I <sub>QBS</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>BS</sub> Supply Current V <sub>IN</sub> =0V			125	μΑ	
Iqcc	Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current V <sub>IN</sub> =0V			3.35	mA	
I <sub>QCC, ON</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current V <sub>IN</sub> =4V			10	mA	
I <sub>IN+</sub>	Input Bias Current V <sub>IN</sub> =4V		100	160	μΑ	
I <sub>IN-</sub>	Input Bias Current V <sub>IN</sub> =0V			1	μΑ	
I <sub>TRIP+</sub>	I <sub>TRIP</sub> Bias Current V <sub>ITRIP</sub> =4V		5	40	μΑ	
I <sub>TRIP</sub> -	I <sub>TRIP</sub> Bias Current V <sub>ITRIP</sub> =0V			1	μΑ	
V <sub>IT, TH+</sub>	I <sub>TRIP</sub> Threshold Voltage	0.37	0.46	0.55	V	
V <sub>IT, TH-</sub>	I <sub>TRIP</sub> Threshold Voltage		0.4		V	
V <sub>IT, HYS</sub>	I <sub>TRIP</sub> Input Hysteresis		0.06		V	





R <sub>BR</sub>	Internal Bootstrap Equivalent Resistor Value	 200		Ω	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C
V <sub>RCIN,TH</sub>	RCIN Positive Going Threshold	 8		V	
R <sub>ON,FAULT</sub>	FAULT Open-Drain Resistance	 50	100	Ω	

Note 4: Characterized, not tested at manufacturing

# **Dynamic Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{\text{CC}}\text{-COM}) = (V_{\text{B}}\text{-}V_{\text{S}}) = 15~\text{V}.~T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\text{o}}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	
T <sub>ON</sub>	Input to Output Propagation Turn-On Delay Time		0.8	1.5	μs	I <sub>D</sub> =1mA, V <sup>+</sup> =50V	
T <sub>OFF</sub>	Input to Output Propagation Turn-Off Delay Time		0.8	1.5	μs	See Fig.2	
T <sub>FIL,IN</sub>	Input Filter Time (HIN, LIN)	200	360		ns	V <sub>IN</sub> =0 & V <sub>IN</sub> =4V	
T <sub>FIL,EN</sub>	Input Filter Time (EN)	200	360		ns	V <sub>IN</sub> =0 & V <sub>IN</sub> =4V	
T <sub>BLT-ITRIP</sub>	I <sub>TRIP</sub> Blanking Time	200	360		ns	V <sub>IN</sub> =0 & V <sub>IN</sub> =4V, V <sub>I/Trip</sub> =5V	
T <sub>FAULT</sub>	Itrip to Fault		600	950	ns	V <sub>IN</sub> =0 & V <sub>IN</sub> =4V	
T <sub>EN</sub>	EN Falling to Switch Turn-Off		680	950	ns	V <sub>IN</sub> =0 & V <sub>IN</sub> =4V	
T <sub>ITRIP</sub>	I <sub>TRIP</sub> to Switch Turn-Off Propagation Delay		900	1200	ns	I <sub>D</sub> =1A, V <sup>+</sup> =50V, See Figure 3	

#### **MOSFET Avalanche Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		209		mJ	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, L=9.53mH, VDD=150V, I <sub>TEST</sub> =6.7A

#### **Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
R <sub>th(J-CT)</sub>	Total Thermal Resistance Junction to Case Top (Note 5)		25		°C/W	One device
R <sub>th(J-CB)</sub>	Total Thermal Resistance Junction to Case Bottom (Note 5)		1.7		°C/W	One device

Note 5: Calculated





#### **Qualification Information**†

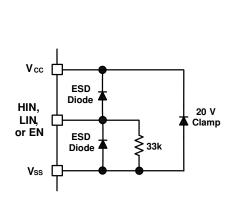
<u> </u>				
Qualification Level		Industrial <sup>††</sup> (per JEDEC JESD 47E)		
Moisture Sensitivity Level		MSL3 <sup>†††</sup> (per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C)		
ECD	Machine Model	Class B (per JEDEC standard JESD22-A115)		
Human Body Model		Class 2 (per standard ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2012)		
RoHS Com	pliant	Yes		

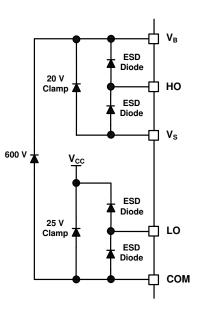
- Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site http://www.irf.com/
- †† Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements. Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information.
- Higher MSL ratings may be available for the specific package types listed here. Please contact your ††† International Rectifier sales representative for further information.

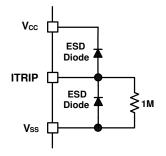


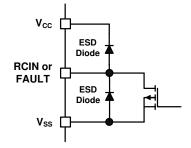


# Input/Output Pin Equivalent Circuit Diagrams



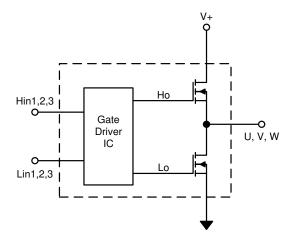








## **Input-Output Logic Level Table**



EN	Itrip	Hin1,2,3	Lin1,2,3	U,V,W
1	0	1	0	V+
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	off
1	1	Χ	Χ	off
0	Χ	Χ	Χ	off

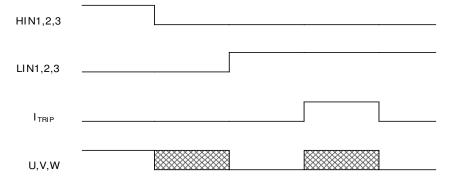


Figure 1: Input/Output Logic Diagram



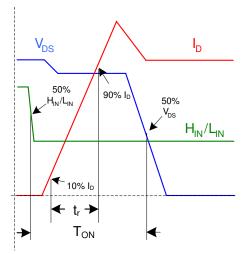


Figure 2a: Input to Output propagation turn-on delay time.

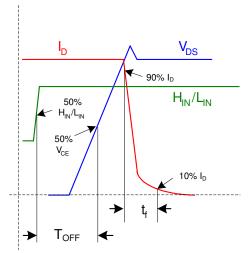


Figure 2b: Input to Output propagation turn-off delay time.

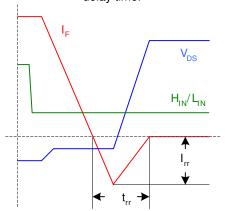


Figure 2c: Diode Reverse Recovery.

Figure 2: Switching Parameter Definitions



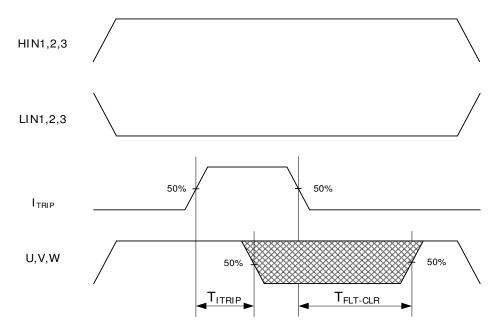
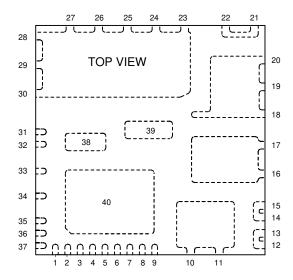


Figure 3: I<sub>TRIP</sub> Timing Waveform



### **Module Pin-Out Description**

out becompain				
Pin	Name	Description		
1	HIN3	Logic Input for High Side Gate Driver - Phase 3		
2	LIN1	Logic Input for Low Side Gate Driver - Phase 1		
3	LIN2	Logic Input for Low Side Gate Driver - Phase 2		
4	LIN3	Logic Input for Low Side Gate Driver - Phase 3		
5	/FLT	Fault Output Pin		
6	I <sub>TRIP</sub>	Over-Current Protection Pin		
7	EN	Enable Pin		
8	RCIN	Reset Programming Pin		
9, 40	VSS, COM	Ground for Gate Drive IC and Low Side Gate Drive Return		
10, 11, 31, 38	U, VS1	Output 1, High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage		
12, 13	VR1	Phase 1 Low Side FET Source		
14, 15	VR2	Phase 2 Low Side FET Source		
16, 17, 39	V, VS2	Output 2, High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage		
18, 19, 20	W, VS3	Output 3, High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage		
21, 22	VR3	Phase 3 Low Side FET Source		
23-30	V+	DC Bus Voltage Positive		
32	VB1	High Side Floating Supply Voltage 1		
33	VB2	High Side Floating Supply Voltage 2		
34	VB3	High Side Floating Supply Voltage 3		
35	VCC	15V Supply		
36	HIN1	Logic Input for High Side Gate Driver - Phase 1		
37	HIN2	Logic Input for High Side Gate Driver - Phase 2		



#### **Notes**

Pins 38 and 39 are not required to be connected electrically on the PCB

All pins with the same name are connected internally. Thus, pins 10, 11, 31 and 38 are internally connected

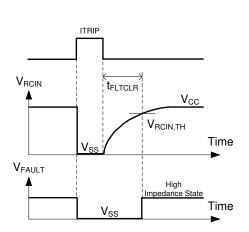
www.irf.com



### Fault Reporting and Programmable Fault Clear Timer

The IRSM836-045MA provides an integrated fault reporting output and an adjustable fault clear timer. There are two situations that would cause the IRSM836-045MA to report a fault via the FAULT pin. The first is an under-voltage condition of V<sub>CC</sub> and the second is when the ITRIP pin recognizes a fault. Once the fault condition occurs, the FAULT pin is internally pulled to V<sub>SS</sub> and the fault clear timer is activated. The fault output stays in the low state until the fault condition has been removed and the fault clear timer expires; once the fault clear timer expires, the voltage on the FAULT pin will return to V<sub>CC</sub>.

The length of the fault clear time period (t<sub>FLTCLR</sub>) is determined by exponential charging characteristics of the capacitor where the time constant is set by R<sub>RCIN</sub> and C<sub>RCIN</sub>. In Figure 4 where we see that a fault condition has occurred (UVLO or ITRIP), RCIN and FAULT are pulled to V<sub>SS</sub>, and once the fault has been removed, the fault clear timer begins. Figure 5 shows that R<sub>RCIN</sub> is connected between the V<sub>CC</sub> and the RCIN pin, while C<sub>RCIN</sub> is placed between the RCIN and V<sub>SS</sub> pins.



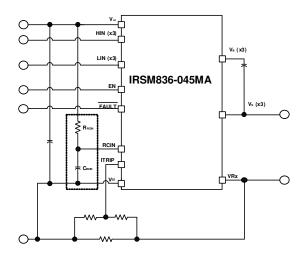


Figure 4: RCIN and FAULT pin waveforms

Figure 5: Programming the fault clear timer

The design guidelines for this network are shown in Table 1.

C	≤1 nF
CRCIN	Ceramic
В	0.5 M $\Omega$ to 2 M $\Omega$
R <sub>RCIN</sub>	>> R <sub>ON,RCIN</sub>

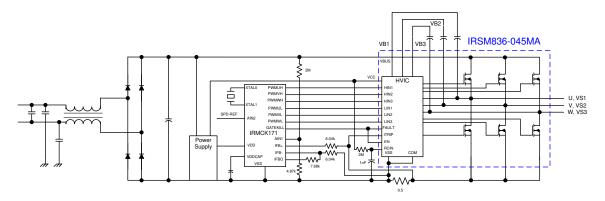
Table 1: Design guidelines

The length of the fault clear time period can be determined by using the formula below.

$$t_{\mathit{FLTCLR}} = - \Big( R_{\mathit{RCIN}} C_{\mathit{RCIN}} \Big) ln \Bigg( 1 - \frac{V_{\mathit{RCIN},\mathit{TH}}}{V_{\mathit{CC}}} \Bigg)$$



### Typical Application Connection IRSM836-045MA



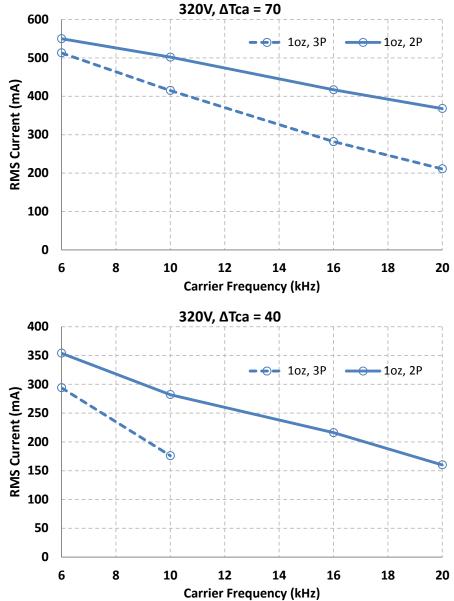
- 1. Electrolytic bus capacitors should be mounted as close to the module bus terminals as possible to reduce ringing and EMI problems. Additional high frequency ceramic capacitor mounted close to the module pins will further improve performance.
- 2. In order to provide good decoupling between VCC-VSS and VB1,2,3-VS1,2,3 terminals, the capacitors shown connected between these terminals should be located very close to the module pins. Additional high frequency capacitors, typically 0.1µF, are recommended.
- 3. Value of the boot-strap capacitors depends upon the switching frequency. Their selection should be made based on application note AN-1044.
- 4. PWM generator must be disabled within Fault duration to guarantee shutdown of the system. Overcurrent condition must be cleared before resuming operation.





### **Current Capability in a Typical Application**

Figure 6 shows the current capability for this module at specified conditions. The current capability of the module is affected by application conditions including the PCB layout, ambient temperature, maximum PCB temperature, modulation scheme, PCB copper thickness and so on. The curves below were obtained from measurements carried out on the IRMCS1471X\_R4-1 reference design board which includes the IRSM836-045MA and IR's IRMCK171 digital control IC.



**Figure 6:** Maximum Sinusoidal Phase Current vs. PWM Switching Frequency Sinusoidal Modulation, V<sup>+</sup>=320V, PF=0.98



#### **PCB Example**

Figure 7 below shows an example layout for the application PCB. The effective area of the V+ top-layer copper plane is ~3cm² in this example. For an FR4 PCB with 1oz copper, Rth(J-A) is about 40°C/W. A lower Rth(J-A) can be achieved using thicker copper and/or additional layers.

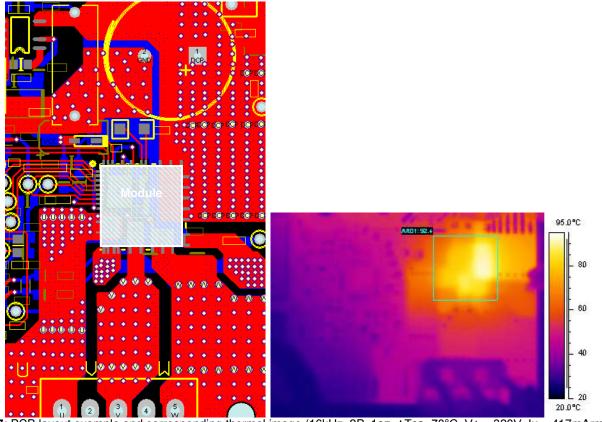


Figure 7: PCB layout example and corresponding thermal image (16kHz, 2P, 1oz, ∆Tca=70°C, V+ = 320V, Iu = 417mArms, Po = 93W)

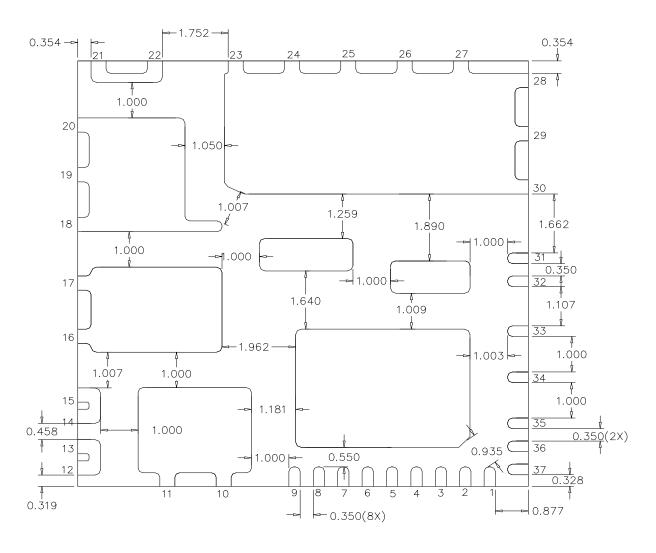
At the module's typical operating conditions, dV/dt of the phase node voltage is influenced by the load capacitance which includes parasitic capacitance of the PCB, MOSFET output capacitance and motor winding capacitance. To turn off the MOSFET, the load capacitance needs to be charged by the phase current. For the IRMCS1171 reference design, turn-off dV/dt ranges from 2 to 5 V/ns depending on the phase current magnitude. Turn-on dV/dt is influenced by PCB parasitic capacitance and motor winding capacitance and typically ranges from 4 to 6 V/ns. The MOSFET turn-on loss combined with the complimentary body diode reverse recovery loss comprises the majority of the total switching losses. Two-phase modulation can be used to reduce switching losses and run the module at higher phase currents.

© 2013 International Rectifier

www.irf.com



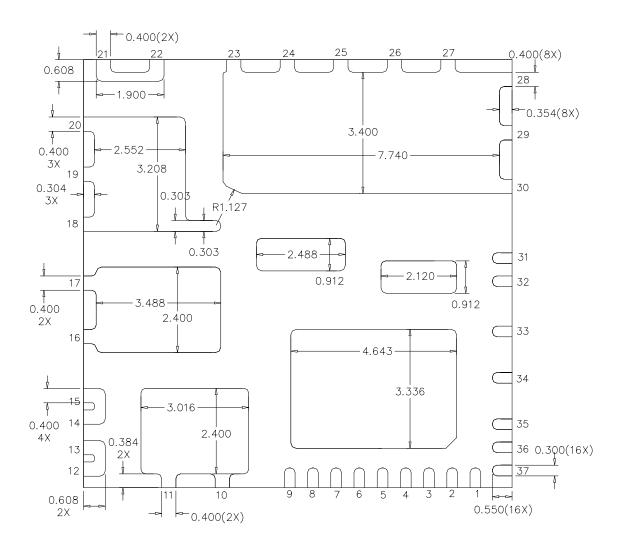
## 37L Package Outline IRSM836-045MA (Bottom View)



Dimensions in mm



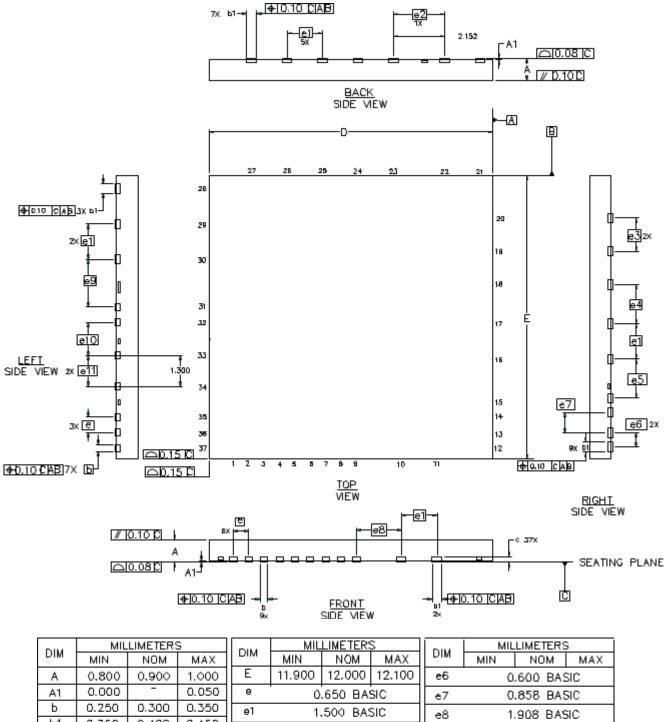
## 37L Package Outline IRSM836-045MA (Bottom View)



Dimensions in mm



### 37L Package Outline IRSM836-045MA (Top and Side View)



2	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	0.800	0.900	1.000
A1	0.000	1	0.050
Ь	0.250	0.300	0.350
b1	0.350	0.400	0.450
С	0,203 REF.		
D	11.900	12.000	12.100

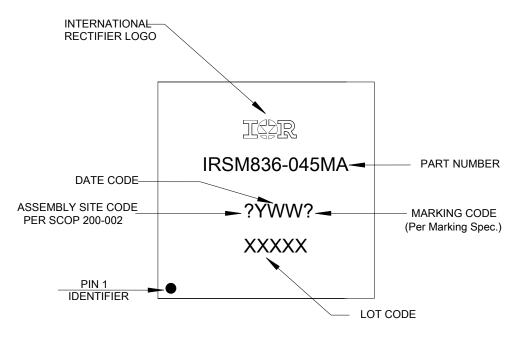
DIM	MILLIME LEKS			
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Ε	11.900	12.000	12,100	
e	0.650 BASIC			
e1	1,500 BASIC			
e2	2.152 BASIC			
е3	1.404 BASIC			
e4	1.650 BASIC			
e5	1.657 BASIC			

DIM	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX		
e6	0.600 BASIC				
e7	0.858 BASIC				
e8	1.908 BASIC				
e9	2.012 BASIC				
e10	1.407 BASIC				
e11	1.300 BASIC				

www.irf.com



## **Top Marking**



(Prod mode - 4 digits SPN code)



### **Revision History**

Formatting corrections; corrected package drawings; added notes about what pins are internally January 18, 2013 connected; updated ordering table stating all parts are PbF.



Data and Specifications are subject to change without notice IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

Visit us at www.irf.com for sales contact information

