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Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





November 2015

2×20W STEREO/1×40W MONO DIGITAL (I2S) AUDIO AMPLIFIER WITH 20 BANDS EQ FUNCTIONS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The IS31AP2111 is a digital I2S interface audio amplifier capable of driving a pair of 8Ω speakers at 20W when operating from a 24V supply. Due to its Class-D output drive stage; it can operate without an external heat-sink or fan.

The IS31AP2111 integrates advanced audio processing capabilities, such as volume control, 20 bands speaker EQ, audio mixing, 3D surround and Dynamic Range Control (DRC). These functions are fully programmable via a simple I2C control interface.

Robust protection circuits are provided to protect the IS31AP2111 from damage due to accidental or erroneous operating conditions. Because of its digital design, the IS31AP2111 is more tolerant to noise and PVT (Process, Voltage, and Temperature) variation than the analog Class-AB or Class-D audio amplifier counterpart. It has a robust anti-pop circuit for pop free operation during power ON. It integrates protection features for short circuit and over temperature.

The IS31AP2111 is available in a thermally enhanced eTSSOP-24 package.

APPLICATIONS

- TV audio
- Boom-box, CD and DVD receiver, docking system
- Powered speaker
- Wireless audio

FEATURES

- 16/18/20/24-bits input with I2S, Left-alignment and Right-alignment data format
- PSNR & DR (A-weighting) speaker: 99dB (PSNR), 104dB (DR) @24V
- Multiple sampling frequencies (F_s)
 - 32kHz / 44.1kHz / 48kHz and
 - 64kHz / 88.2kHz / 96kHz and
 - 128kHz / 176.4kHz / 192kHz
- System clock = 64x, 128x, 192x, 256x, 384x, 512x, 576x, 768x, 1024x Fs
 - 64x~1024x $F_{\rm S}$ for 32kHz / 44.1kHz / 48kHz
 - $64x{\sim}512x$ F_S for 64kHz / 88.2kHz / 96kHz
 - 64x~256x F_s for 128kHz / 176.4kHz / 192kHz
- Supply voltage
 - 3.3V for digital circuit
 - 10V~26V for speaker driver
- speaker output power at 24V
 - 10W \times 2CH into 8 Ω @0.24% THD+N for stereo
 - 20W \times 2CH into 8 Ω @0.38% THD+N for stereo
 - 40W \times 1CH into 4 Ω @0.12% THD+N for mono
- Sound processing including:
 - 20 bands parametric speaker EQ
 - Volume control (+24dB ~ -103dB, 0.125dB/step),
 - Dynamic range control (DRC)
 - Dual band dynamic range control
 - Power clipping
 - 3D surround sound
 - Channel mixing
 - Noise gate with hysteresis window
 - Bass/Treble tone control
 - DC-blocking high-pass filter
- Anti-pop design
- Short circuit and over-temperature protection
- I2C control interface with selectable device address
- Support hardware and software reset
- Internal PLL
- LV Under-voltage shutdown and HV Under-voltage detection
- Power saving mode



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

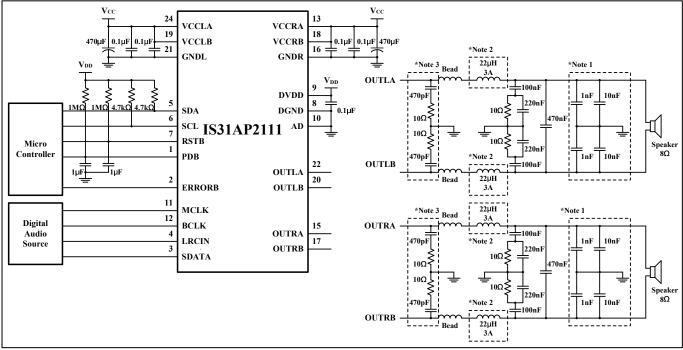


Figure 1 Typical Application Circuit (for BTL Stereo, Single-ended Input)

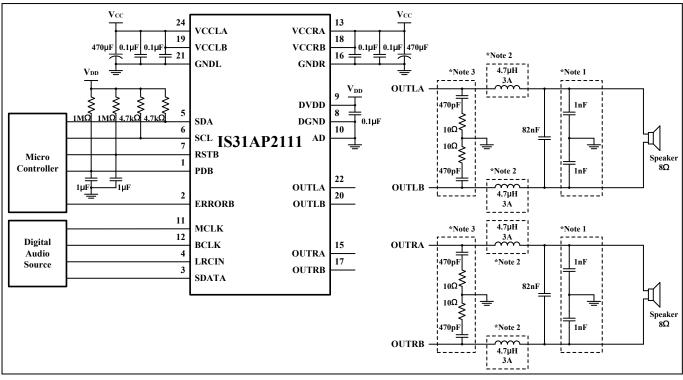


Figure 2 Typical Application Circuit (Economic Type, Moderate EMI Suppression)



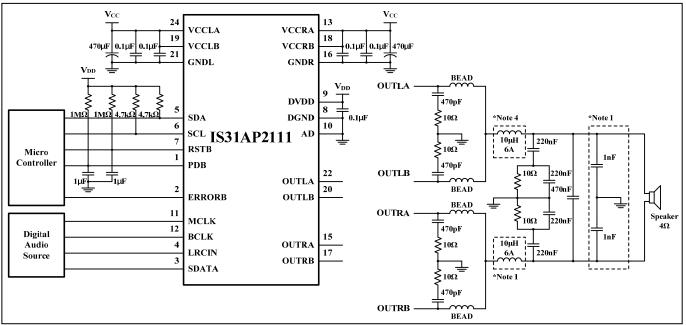


Figure 3 Typical Application Circuit (for Mono)

Note 1: These capacitors should be placed as close to speaker jack as possible, and their values should be determined according to EMI test results.

Note 2: When concerning about short-circuit protection, it is suggested using the choke with its I_{DC} larger than 5A.

Note 3: The snubber circuit can be removed while the V_{CC} ≤20V.

Note 4: When concerning about short-circuit protection, it is suggested using the choke with its I_{DC} larger than 10A.



PIN CONFIGURATION

Package	Pin Configuration (Top View)	Pin Configuration (Top View)
eTSSOP-24	PDB 1 24 VCCLA ERRORB 2 23 NC SDATA 3 222 OUTLA LRCIN 4 21 GNDL SDA 5 20 OUTLB SCL 6 19 VCCLB RSTB 7 18 VCCRB DGND 8 17 OUTRB DVDD 9 16 GNDR AD 10 15 OUTRA MCLK 11 14 NC BCLK 12 13 VCCRA	ERRORB 2 23 SDATA 3 22 LRCIN 4 21 SDA 5 20 SDA 5 20 SCL 6 19 RSTB 7 18 DGND 8 17 DVDD 9 16 AD 10 15 MCLK 11 14



PIN DESCRIPTION

No.	Pin	Description	Characteristics
1	PDB	Power down, low active.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
2	ERRORB	Error status, low active.	Open-drain output
3	SDATA	I2S serial audio data input.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
4	LRCIN	Left/Right clock input (F _S).	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
5	SDA	I2C serial data.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
6	SCL	I2C serial clock input.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
7	RSTB	Reset, low active.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
8	DGND	Digital ground.	
9	DVDD	Digital power.	
10	AD	I2C select address.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
11	MCLK	Master clock input.	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
12	BCLK	Bit clock input (64F _S).	Schmitt trigger TTL input buffer
13	VCCRA	Right channel supply A.	
14, 23	NC	No connection.	
15	OUTRA	Right channel output A.	
16	GNDR	Right channel ground.	
17	OUTRB	Right channel output B.	
18	VCCRB	Right channel supply B.	
19	VCCLB	Left channel supply B.	
20	OUTLB	Left channel output B.	
21	GNDL	Left channel ground.	
22	OUTLA	Left channel output A.	
24	VCCLA	Left channel supply A.	
	Thermal Pad	Connect to GND.	



ORDERING INFORMATION Industrial Range: 0°C to +70°C

Order Part No.	Package	QTY
IS31AP2111-ZLS1-TR IS31AP2111-ZLS1	eTSSOP-24, Lead-free	2500/Reel 62/Tube

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a.) the risk of injury or damage has been minimized;

b.) the user assume all such risks; and

c.) potential liability of Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc is adequately protected under the circumstances



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply for driver stage (VCCR, VCCL), V _{CC}	-0.3V ~ +30V
Supply for digital circuit (DVDD), V _{DD}	-0.3V ~ +3.6V
Input voltage (SDA,SCL,RSTB,PDB,ERRORB,MCLK,	-0.3V ~ +3.6V
BCLK,LRCIN,SDATA), V _{IN}	-0.30 ~ +3.00
Thermal resistance, θ_{JA}	32.8°C/W
Junction temperature range, T _J	0°C ~ 150°C
Storage temperature range, T _{STG}	_65°C ~ +150°C
ESD (HBM)	±2kV
ESD (CDM)	±1kV

Note:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply for driver stage to VCCR/L		7		26	V
V _{DD}	Supply for digital circuit		3.15		3.45	V
TJ	Junction operating temperature		0		125	°C
T _A	Ambient operating temperature		0		70	°C

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} =24V, T_A =25°C, R_L =8 Ω (unless otherwise noted).

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{PDH}	VCC supply current during power down	V _{CC} = 24V		4	200	μA
I _{PDL}	DVDD supply current during power down	V _{DD} = 3.3V		3.6	10	μA
V_{UVH_HV}	Under voltage disabled (For VCC)			10.2		V
V_{UVL_HV}	Under voltage enabled (For VCC)			9.2		V
V_{UVH_LV}	Under voltage disabled (For DVDD)			2.9		V
V_{UVL_LV}	Under voltage enabled (For DVDD)			2.8		V
Р	Static drain-to-source ON-state resistor, PMOS)/ =24)/ = 500mA		245		
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static drain-to-source ON-state resistor, NMOS	—V _{CC} =24V, I _D = 500mA		150		- mΩ
	L/R channel over-current protection			5.1		Α
I _{SC}	Mono channel over-current protection	$v_{\rm CC} = 24 v (NOLE T)$		10		A
	Junction temperature for driver shutdown			158		°C
Τs	Temperature hysteresis for recovery from shutdown			33		°C
Logic Ele	ctrical Characteristics					
V _{IH}	High level input voltage		2.0			V
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage				0.8	V
V _{OH}	High level output voltage		2.4			V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage				0.4	V
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			6.4		pF



AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC}=24V$, $V_{DD}=3.3V$, $f_S=48kHz$, $R_L=8\Omega$ with passive LC lowpass filter (L= 22 μ H, $R_{DC}=0.12\Omega$, C=470nF), input is 1kHz sinewave, volume is 0dB unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Po	RMS output power	THD+N=0.38%, +8dB volume (Note 2)		20		W
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion + noise	P _o = 10W		0.24		%
V _{NO}	Output noise	20Hz ~ 20kHz (Note 3)		179		μV
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	+8dB volume, input level is -9dB (Note 3)		99		dB
DR	Dynamic range	+8dB volume, input level is -68dB (Note 3)		104		dB
PSRR	Power supply ripple rejection	V _{RIPPLE} = 1V _{RMS} at 1kHz		-68		dB
	Channel separation	1W @1kHz		-85		dB

I2C DIGITAL INPUT SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)

Q	Demonstra	Standar	Standard Mode		lode	11
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
f _{SCL}	Serial-Clock frequency	0	100	0	400	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and a START condition	4.7		1.3		μs
t _{HD, STA}	Hold time (repeated) START condition	4.0		0.6		μs
t _{su, sta}	Repeated START condition setup time	4.7		0.6		μs
t _{SU, STO}	STOP condition setup time	4.0		0.6		μs
t _{hd, dat}	Data hold time	0	3.45	0	0.9	μs
t _{su, dat}	Data setup time	250		100		ns
t _{LOW}	SCL clock low period	4.7		1.3		μs
t _{HIGH}	SCL clock high period	4.0		0.6		μs
t _R	Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals, receiving		1000	20+0.1C _b	300	ns
t _F	Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals, receiving		300	20+0.1C _b	300	ns
Cb	Capacitive load for each bus line		400		400	pF
V _{NL}	Noise margin at the low level for each connected device (including hysteresis)	0.1V _{DD}		0.1V _{DD}		V
V _{NH}	Noise margin at the high level for each connected device (including hysteresis)	0.2V _{DD}		0.2V _{DD}		V



I2S DIGITAL INPUT SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)

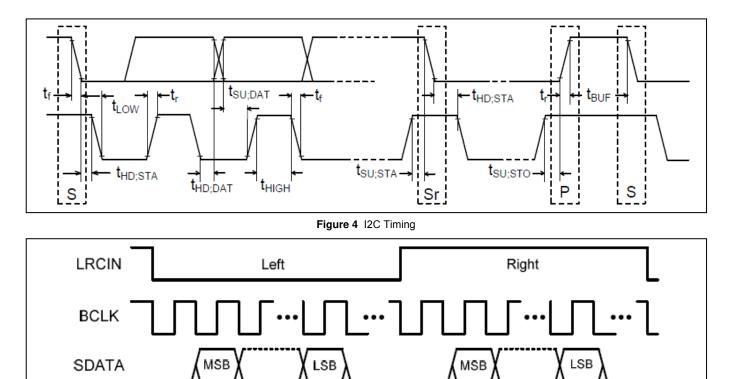
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{LR}	LRCIN period (1/F _s)		10.41		31.25	μs
t _{BL}	BCLK rising edge to LRCIN edge		50			ns
t _{LB}	LRCIN edge to BCLK rising edge		50			ns
t _{BCC}	BCLK period (1/64F _S)		162.76		488.3	ns
t _{BCH}	BCLK pulse width high		81.38		244	ns
t _{BCL}	CBLK pulse width low		81.38		244	ns
t _{DS}	SDATA set up time		50			ns
t _{DH}	SDATA hold time		50			ns

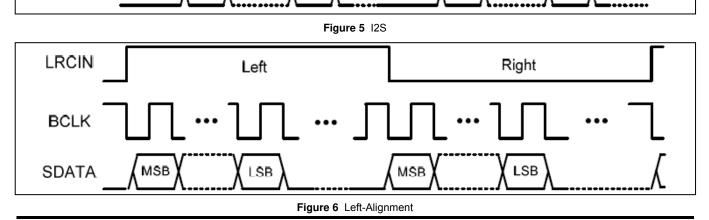
Note 1: Speaker over-current protection is only effective when speaker drivers are properly connected with external LC filters. Please refer to the application circuit example for recommended LC filter configuration.

Note 2: Thermal dissipation is limited by package type and PCB design. The external heat-sink or system cooling method should be adopted for maximum power output.

Note 3: Measured with A-weighting filter.

Note 4: Guaranteed by design.







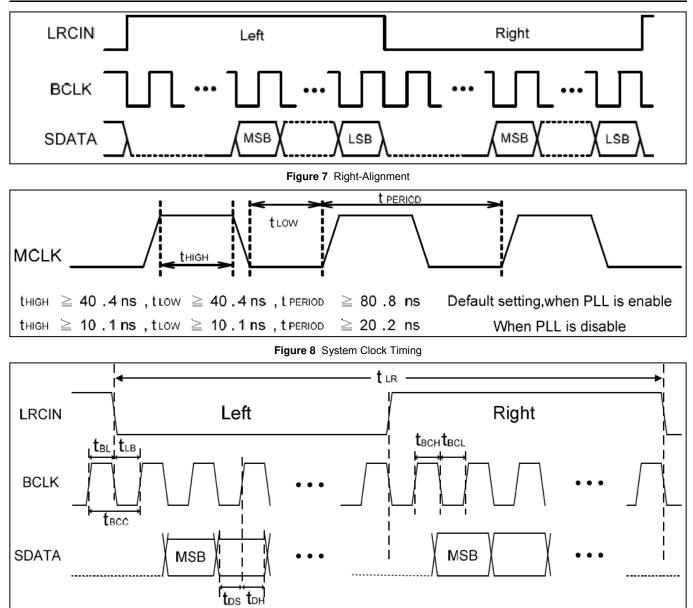
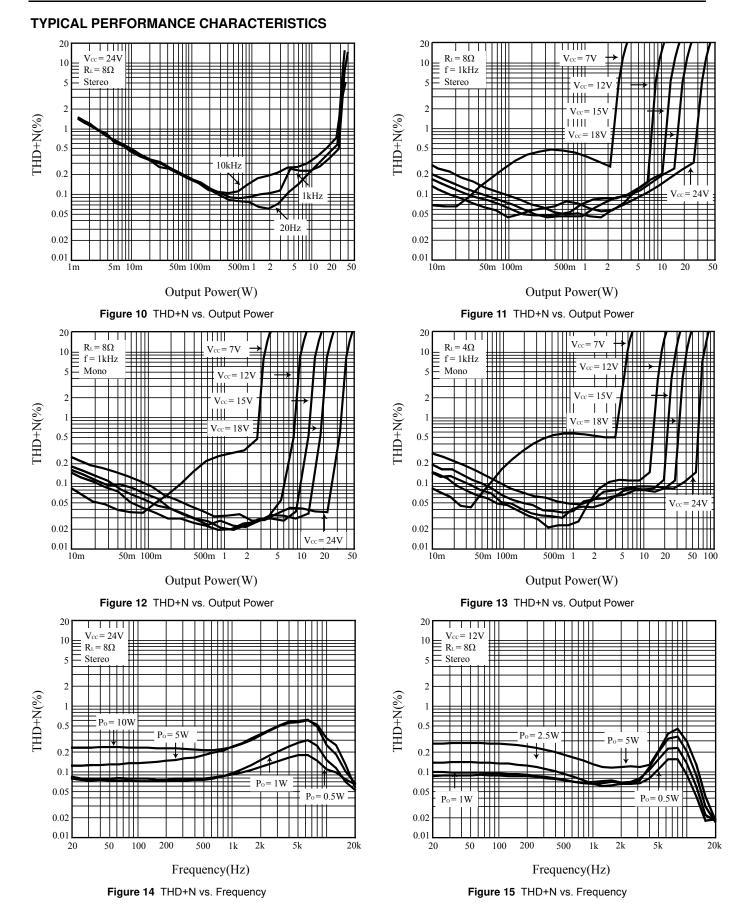


Figure 9 Timing Relationship (Using I2S format as an example)



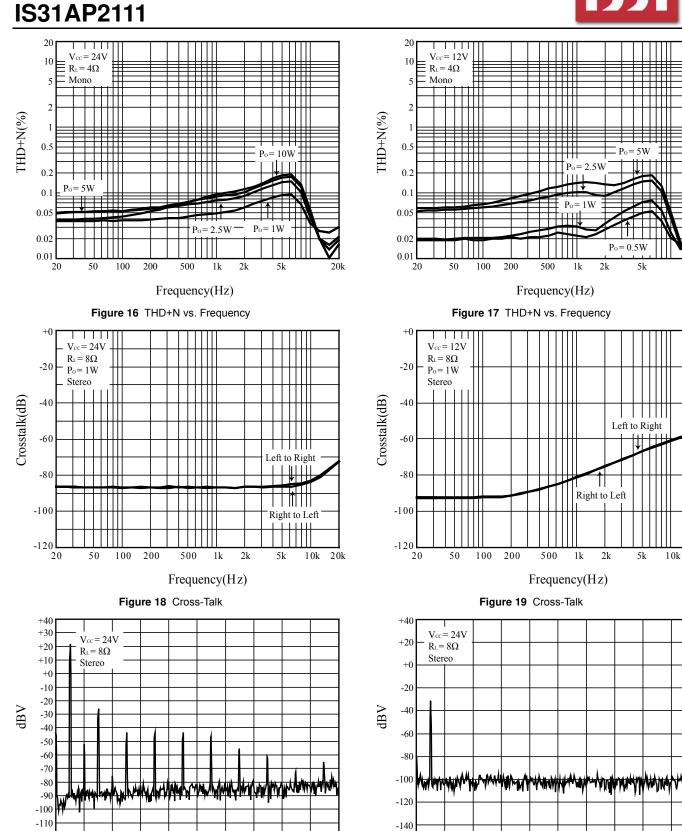


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20k

20k



20k

0k

2k

4k

6k

8k

Figure 21 Spectrum at -60dB Signal Input Level

18k

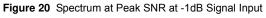
Frequency(Hz)

10k

12k

14k

16k



8k

-120

0k 2k

4k

6k

20k

18k

12k

10k

Frequency(Hz)

14k

16k



100 100 Vcc=12V Vcc=12V 15V 90 $V_{cc}=15V$ 90 80 80 241 =24V Vcc Vcc=22V Efficiency(%) 70 Efficiency(%) 70 18 Vcc=18V 60 60 50 50 40 40 30 30 20 20 $R_L = 8\Omega$ $R_{\rm L} = 8\Omega$ 10 10 Stereo Stereo 0 0 40 10 20 25 30 35 40 10 20 25 30 35 45 50 5 15 45 50 0 -5 15 0 Output Power(W) Output Power(W) Figure 22 Efficiency vs. Total Output Power (Without Power Figure 23 Efficiency vs. Total Output Power (With Power Saving Saving Mode) Mode) 50 45 $R_L = 8\Omega$ $R_L = 8\Omega$ 45 40 Mono Stereo 40 35 Output Power (W) Output Power (W) 35 30 30 THD+N = 10% 25 25 20 20 THD+N = 10% 15 15 10 10 THD+N = 1%THD+N = 1%5 5 0 0 25 26 13 19 25 26 13 19 Supply Voltage(V) Supply Voltage(V) Figure 24 Output Power vs. Supply voltage Figure 25 Output Power vs. Supply voltage 90 + $V_{CC} = 24V$ $R_{\perp} = 4\Omega$ 80 +0.75 $R_L = 8\Omega$ Mono $P_0 = 1W$ 70 +0.5Stereo Output Power (W) 60 +0.25THD+N = 10% 50 ďB +(40 -0.25 30 -0.5 20 THD+N = 1%-0.75 10 0 19 13 25 26 20 50 100 200 500 1k 2k 5k 10k 20k

Supply Voltage(V)
Figure 26 Output Power vs. Supply voltage

Figure 27 Frequency Response

Frequency(Hz)

IS31AP2111





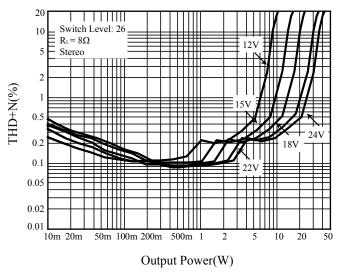
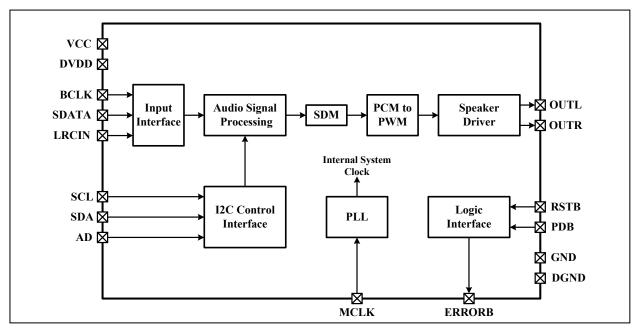


Figure 28 THD+N vs. Output Power



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OPERATION MODES

Without I2C Control

The default settings, Bass, Treble, EQ, Volume, DRC are applied to register table content when using the IS31AP2111 without I2C control. For more information about default settings, please refer to the Default Column of Table 4 (Register Function).

As default state is mute, customers should send a de-mute command via I2C to enable the system.

With I2C Control

When using I2C control, user can program suitable parameters into the IS31AP2111 to enable or enhance specific operation features. Please refer to the register table section (Table 5 ~ Table 25) to get the more detail.

INTERNAL PLL

The IS31AP2111 has an integrated PLL to derive a synchronized internal clock (Fs) from the master clock (MCLK) input.

Fs	MCLK/FS Setting Ratio for PLL	MCLK Frequency	Multiple Edge Evaluation for Master Clock	PWM Career Frequency
48kHz	256x	12.288MHz	4x	384kHz
44.1kHz	256x	11.289MHz	4x	352.8kHz
32kHz	256x	8.192MHz	4x	256kHz

DEFAULT VOLUME

The default volume level of the IS31AP2111 is +2.0dB, and the default state is muted. Please give a de-mute command via I2C to enable the volume when the whole system is stable. For more detailed information, please refer to the register table section Table 7 (State Control 3 Register).

RESET

When a logic LOW is applied to the RSTB pin, the IS31AP2111 will clear the stored data and reset the register table to their default values. The IS31AP2111 will exit the reset state at the 256th MCLK cycle after the RSTB pin is raised to high.

POWER DOWN CONTROL

The IS31AP2111 has a built-in volume fade-in/fadeout design for power down and mute function. The relative power down timing diagrams for speakers are shown in Figure 29 and 30.

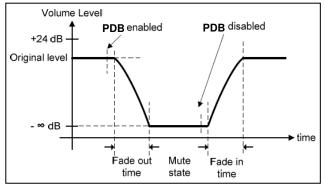


Figure 29 Power Down Timing Diagrams With Mute

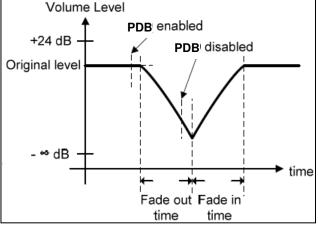


Figure 30 Power Down Timing Diagrams

$$t_{FADE} = \left| 10^{\frac{T \operatorname{arg}et(dB)}{20}} - 10^{\frac{Original(dB)}{20}} \right| \times 128 \times (1/96kHz)$$

The volume level will be decreased to - ∞ dB in several LRCIN (Left/Right clock) cycles. Once the fade-out procedure has completed, the IS31AP2111 will turn off the power stages, stop the clock signals (MCLK, BCLK) from feeding into the digital circuit and turn off the internal analog circuit current. When PDB pin is pulled low, the IS31AP2111 requires t_{FADE} time to finish the above proceduresbefore entering the power down state. The IS31AP2111 will not accept programming commands while it is in the power down state. During power down, all the register table settings are kept until DVDD power is removed.

If cancel the power down function within fade-out procedure, the IC will enter into fade-in after few



delay time (Figure 30). In addition, the IS31AP2111 will power the internal analog circuit and pass the clock signals (MCLK, BCLK) to the digital circuits. Then, the IS31AP2111 will return to its normal operation without powering down.

SELF-PROTECTION CIRCUITS

The IS31AP2111 has built-in protection circuits including thermal, short-circuit and under-voltage detection circuits.

Thermal Protection

When the internal junction temperature increases to greater than 158° C, the power stages will be turned off. Normal operation will begin once the device temperature cools to 125° C. The temperature values may vary by +/- 10%.

Short-Circuit Protection

The short-circuit protection circuit protects the output stage when the speaker wires are shorted to each other or GND/VDD. During normal 24V stereo operation, the current flowing through the power stage should be less than 5.1A. If an over-temperature or short-circuit condition (current greater than 5.1A) occurs, the open-drain ERRORB pin will be pulled low and latched into ERROR state and the output stages are disabled.

Once the over-temperature or short-circuit condition is removed, the IS31AP2111 will exit the ERROR state when one of the following conditions are met: (1) RSTB pin is pulled low, (2) PDB pin is pulled low, or (3) Master mute is enabled through the I2C interface.

Under-Voltage Protection

If the V_{DD} voltage is lower than 2.8V, the IS31AP2111 will turn off its speaker power stages and disable the digital processing section. The IS31AP2111 will return to normal operation When the V_{DD} supply increases above 2.9V.

ANTI-POP DESIGN

The device generates control signals which suppresses pop sounds during initial power on/off, power down/up, mute, and volume level changes.

3D SURROUND SOUND

The IS31AP2111 includes virtual surround sound technology for stereo signals inputs.

POWER ON SEQUENCE

At power up, the IS31AP2111's default volume setting is muted, so a de-mute command needs to be sent via the I2C interface once the device has completely powered up and stable.

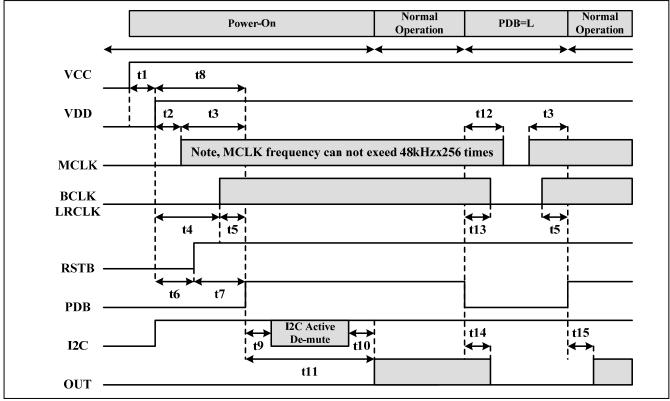


Figure 31 Power On Sequence



Table 2 Power On Sequence

Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
t1		0	-	ms
t2		0	-	ms
t3		10	-	ms
t4		0	-	ms
t5		10	-	ms
t6		10	-	ms
t7		0	-	ms
t8		200	-	ms
t9		20	-	ms
t10		-	0.1	ms
t11		-	0.1	ms
t12		25	-	ms
t13		25	-	ms
t14		-	22	ms
t15	DEF=L or H	-	0.1	ms

POWER OFF SEQUENCE

Hereunder is IS31AP2111's power off sequence.

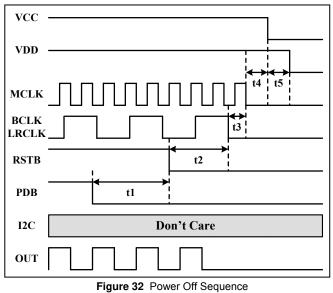


 Table 3 Power Off Sequence

ence
Min.
35ms
0.1ms
0ms
1ms
1ms



I2C-BUS TRANSFER PROTOCOL

I2C INTERFACE

The IS31AP2111 uses a serial bus, which conforms to the I2C protocol, to control the chip's functions with two wires: SCL and SDA. The IS31AP2111 has a 7-bit slave address (A7:A1), followed by the R/W bit, A0. Set A0 to "0" for a write command and set A0 to "1" for a read command. The value of bits A3 is decided by the connection of the AD pin.

The complete slave address is:

Table 1 Slave Address (Write only):

Bit	A7:A4	A3	A2:A1	A0
Value	0110	AD	00	0/1

AD connected to GND, AD = 0; AD connected to VCC, AD = 1;

The SCL line is uni-directional. The SDA line is bidirectional (open-collector) with a pull-up resistor (typically $4.7k\Omega$). The maximum clock frequency specified by the I2C standard is 400kHz. In this discussion, the master is the microcontroller and the slave is the IS31AP2111.

The timing diagram for the I2C is shown in Figure 4. The SDA is latched in on the stable high level of the SCL. When there is no interface activity, the SDA line should be held high.

The "START" signal is generated by lowering the SDA signal while the SCL signal is high. The start signal will alert all devices attached to the I2C bus to check the incoming address against their own chip address.

The 8-bit chip address is sent next, most significant bit first. Each address bit must be stable while the

SCL level is high.

After the last bit of the chip address is sent, the master checks for the IS31AP2111's acknowledge. The master releases the SDA line high (through a pull-up resistor). Then the master sends an SCL pulse. If the IS31AP2111 has received the address correctly, then it holds the SDA line low during the SCL pulse. If the SDA line is not low, then the master should send a "STOP" signal (discussed later) and abort the transfer.

Following acknowledge of IS31AP2111, the register address byte is sent, most significant bit first. IS31AP2111 must generate another acknowledge indicating that the register address has been received.

Then 8-bit of data byte are sent next, most significant bit first. Each data bit should be valid while the SCL level is stable high. After the data byte is sent, the IS31AP2111 must generate another acknowledge to indicate that the data was received.

The "STOP" signal ends the transfer. To signal "STOP", the SDA signal goes high while the SCL signal is high.

READING PORT REGISTERS

To read the device data, the bus master must first

send the IS31AP2111 address with the R/\overline{W} bit set to "0", followed by the command byte, which determines which register is accessed. After a restart, the bus master must then send the IS31AP2111

address with the R/W bit set to "1". Data from the register defined by the command byte is then sent from the IS31AP2111 to the master (Figure 35).

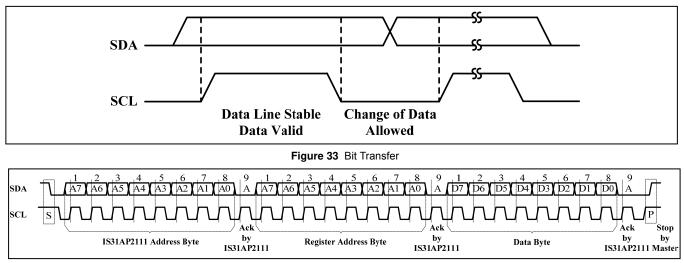


Figure 34 Writing to IS31AP2111

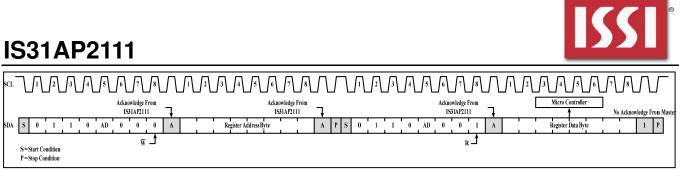
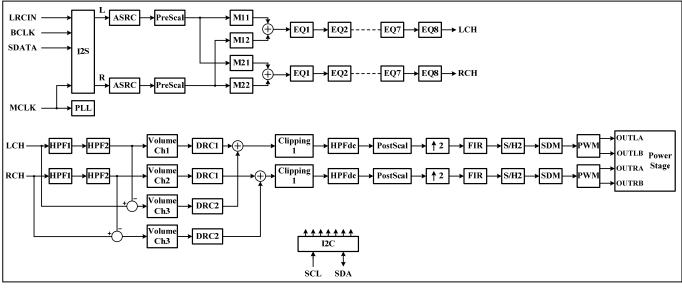


Figure 35 Reading from IS31AP2111

REGISTER DEFINITIONS

The IS31AP2111's audio signal processing data flow is shown below. Users can control these functions by programming appropriate settings in the register table. In this section, the register table is summarized first. The definition of each register follows in the next section.

Dual Band DRC Enable



Dual Band DRC Disable

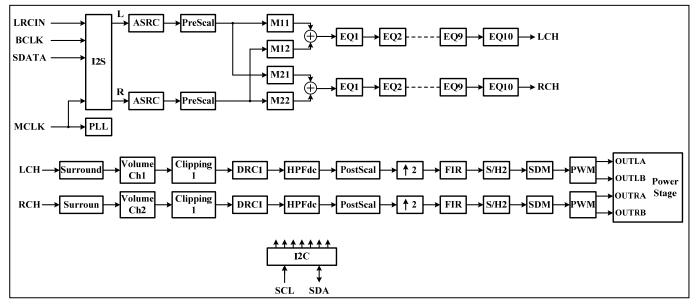




Table 4 Register Function

Address	Name	Table	Default
00h	State Control 1 Register	5	000x 0000
01h	State Control 2 Register	6	xx00 0000
02h	State Control 3 Register	7	xxxx 111x
03h	Master Volume Control Register	8	0001 1000
04h~06h	Channel 1~3 Volume Register	9	0001 0100
07h,08h	Bass/Treble Tone Register	10	xxx1 0000
09h	Reserved (Note)	-	-
0Ah	State Control 4 Register	11	1001 0000
0Bh~0Ch	Channel 1~2 Configuration Register	12	xxx1 0000
0Dh	Reserved	-	-
0Eh	DRC Limiter Attack/Release Rate Register	13	0110 1010
0Fh~10h	Reserved (Note)	-	-
11h	State Control 5 Register	14	xx11 x010
12h	VCC Under Voltage Selection Register	15	1xxx 0001
13h	Noise Gate Gain Register	16	xxx0 xx00
14h	Coefficient RAM Base Address Register	17	x000 0000
15h~23h	User-Defined Coefficients Register	18~22	-
24h	Coefficients Control Register	23	xxxx 0000
25h~29h	Reserved (Note)	-	-
2Ah	Power Saving Mode Switching Level Register	24	0000 1101
2Bh	Volume Fine Tune Register	25	0011 1111

Note: The reserved registers are not allowed to write any bits in them, or the IC will be abnormal.

Table 5 00h State Control 1 Register

Bit	D7:D5	D4	D3
Name	IF	-	PWML_X
Default	000	х	0
Bit	D2	D1	D0
Name	PWMR_X	LV_UVSEL	LREXC
Default	0	0	0

IS31AP2111 supports multiple serial data input formats including I2S, Left-alignment and Rightalignment. These formats are selected by users via D7~D5 of address 00h. The left/right channels can be exchanged to each other by programming to address 00h/D0, LREXC.

IF	Input Format
000	I2S 16-24 bits
001	Left-alignment 16-24 bits
010	Right-alignment 16 bits

011	Right-alignment 18 bits
100	Right-alignment 20 bits
101	Right-alignment 24 bits
Others	Not available
PWML_X	OUTLA/B exchange
0	No exchange
1	Exchange
PWMR_X	OUTRA/B exchange
0	No exchange
1	Exchange
LV_UVSEL	LV Under Voltage Selection
0	2.8V
1	3.1V
LREXC	Left/Right Channel Exchanged
0	No exchange
1	Left/Right exchange



Table 6 01h State Control 2 Register

Bit	D7:D6	D5:D4	D3:D0
Name	-	FS	PMF
Default	XX	00	0000

IS31AP2111 has a built-in PLL and multiple MCLK/Fs ratios are supported. Detail setting is shown in the following table.

- FS Sampling Frequency
- 00 32/44.1/48kHz
- 01 64/88.2/96kHz
- 1x 128/176.4/192kHz

PMF Multiple MCLK/FS Ratio Setting 0000 1024x(FS=00)/ 512x(FS=01)/ 256x(FS=1x) 0001 64x 0010 128x 0011 192x 0100 256x 0101 384x (Not available when FS=1x) 512x (Not available when FS=1x) 0110 0111 576x (Not available when FS=01,1x) 1000 768x (Not available when FS=01,1x) 1001 1024x (Not available when FS=01,1x) Others Not available Note: The FS × PMF should be lower than 49.152MHz, or the system will be error.

Table 7 02h State Control 3 Register

Bit	D7:D4	D3	D2:D1	D0
Name	-	MUTE	CM1:CM2	-
Default	XXXX	1	11	х

IS31AP2111 has mute function including master mute and channel mute. When master mute is enabled, all 2 processing channels are muted. User can mute these 2 channels individually by channel mute. When the mute function is enabled or disabled, the fade-out or fade-in process will be initiated.

MUTE	Master Mute
------	-------------

0 All channel not muted

1 All channel muted

- CMx Channel x Mute
- 0 Channel x not muted
- 1 Channel x muted

Table 8 03h Master Volume Control Register

Bit	D7:D0
Name	MV
Default	0001 1000

IS31AP2111 supports both master-volume (03h Register) and channel-volume control (04h, 05h and 06h Registers) modes. Both volume control settings range from +12dB ~ -103dB and 0.5dB per step. Note that the master volume control is added to the individual channel volume control as the total volume control. For example, if the master volume level is set at, Level A (in dB unit) and the channel volume level is set at Level B (in dB unit), the total volume control setting is equal to Level A plus with Level B. - 103dB \leq Total volume (Level A + Level B) \leq +24dB.

MV	Master Volume
0000 0000	+12.0dB
0000 0001	+11.5dB
0000 0010	+11.0dB
0001 1000	0dB
1110 0110	-103.0dB
1110 0111	-∞
Others	-∞

Table 9 04h~06h Channel 1~3 Volume Registers

Bit	D7:D0
Name	CxV
Default	0001 0100

CxV 0000 0000 0000 0001	Channel x Volume +12.0dB +11.5dB
 0001 0100	+2dB
 1110 0110 1110 0111 Others	-103.0dB -∞ -∞



Table 10 07h/08h Bass/Treble Tone Registers

Bit	D7:D5	D6:D0
Name	-	BTC/TTC
Default	XXX	10000

Last two sets of EQ can be programmed as bass/treble tone boost and cut. When, 0Ah Register, D6, BTE is set to high, the EQ-7 and EQ-8 will perform as bass and treble respectively. The -3dB corner frequency of bass is 360Hz, and treble is 7kHz. The gain range for both filters is +12db ~ -12dB with 1dB per step.

BTC/TTC 00000	Bass/Treble Gain Setting +12dB
 00100 00101	+12dB +11dB
 10000 10001	0dB -1dB
 111xx	-12dB

Table 11 0Ah State Control 4 Register

Bit	D7	D6	D5	D4
Name	SRBP	BTE	TBDRCE	NGE
Default	1	0	0	1
Bit	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	EQL	PSL	DSPB	HPB
Default	0	0	0	0

The IS31AP2111 provides several DSP setting as following.

SRBP	Surround Bypass
0	Surround enable
1	Surround bypass
BTE	Bass/Treble Selection Bypass
0	Bass/treble disable
1	Bass/treble enable
TBDRC	CE Two Band DRC Enable
0	Two band DRC disable
1	Two band DRC enable
NGE	Noise Gate Enable

0 Noise gate disable

1 Noise gate enable

- EQL EQ Link
- 0 Each channel uses individual EQ
- 1 Channel-2 uses channel-1 EQ
- PSL Post-Scale Link
- 0 Each channel uses individual post-scale
- 1 Use channel-1 post-scale

DSPB EQ Bypass

- 0 EQ enable
- 1 EQ bypass

HPB DC Blocking HPF Bypass

- 0 HPF DC enable
- 1 HPF DC bypass

Table 12 0Bh~0ChChannel 1~2 ConfigurationRegisters

Bit	D7:D5	D4	D3
Name	-	CxDRCM	CxPCBP
Default	XXX	1	0
Bit	D2	D1	D0
Bit Name	D2 CxDRCBP	D1 -	D0 CxVBP

The IS31AP2111 can configure each channel to enable or bypass DRC and channel volume and select the limiter set. IS31AP2111 support two mode of DRC, RMS and PEAK detection which can be selected via D4.

CxDRCM	Channel 1/2 DRC Mode
0	Peak detection
1	RMS detection
CxPCBP	Channel 1/2 Power Clipping Bypass
0	Channel 1/2 PC enable
1	Channel 1/2 PC bypass
CxDRCBP	Channel 1/2 DRC Bypass
0	Channel 1/2 DRC enable
1	Channel 1/2 DRC bypass
CxVBP 0 1	Channel 1/2 Volume Bypass Channel 1/2's master volume operation Channel 1/2's master volume bypass



Table 13 0Eh DRC Limiter Attack/Release Rate Register

Bit	D7:D5	D6:D0
Name	LA	LR
Default	0110	1010

The IS31AP2111 defines a set of limiter. The attack/release rates are defines as following table.

LA	DRC Attack Rate
0000	3dB/ms
0001	2.667dB/ms
0010	2.182dB/ms
0011	1.846dB/ms
0100	1.333dB/ms
0101	0.889dB/ms
0110	0.4528dB/ms
0111	0.2264dB/ms
1000	0.15dB/ms
1001	0.1121dB/ms
1010	0.0902dB/ms
1011	0.0752dB/ms
1100	0.0645dB/ms
1101	0.0563dB/ms
1110	0.0501dB/ms
1111	0.0451dB/ms
LR	DRC Release Rate
LR 0000	DRC Release Rate 0.5106dB/ms
0000	0.5106dB/ms
0000 0001	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms
0000 0001 0010	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms 0.0208dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms 0.0208dB/ms 0.0198dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms 0.0208dB/ms 0.0198dB/ms 0.0172dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001 1011 1100	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms 0.0208dB/ms 0.0198dB/ms 0.0172dB/ms 0.0147dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001 1010	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms 0.0208dB/ms 0.0198dB/ms 0.0172dB/ms 0.0147dB/ms 0.0137dB/ms
0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 0101 0110 0111 1000 1001 1011 1100	0.5106dB/ms 0.1371dB/ms 0.0743dB/ms 0.0499dB/ms 0.0360dB/ms 0.0299dB/ms 0.0264dB/ms 0.0208dB/ms 0.0198dB/ms 0.0172dB/ms 0.0137dB/ms 0.0137dB/ms

Table 14 11h State Control 5 Register

Bit	D7:D6	D5	D4		D3
Name	-	SW_RSTB	LVUV_F/	٩DE	-
Default	ХХ	1	1		х
Bit	D2		D1		D0
Name	DIS_MCLK_DET		QT_EN	PW	M_SEL
Default		0	1		0

The IS31AP2111 provides several DSP setting as following.

SW_RSTB	Software Reset
0	Reset
1	Normal operation
LVUV_FADE	Low Under Voltage Fade
0	No fade
1	fade
DIS_MCLK_DE	T Disable MCLK Detect Circuit
0	Enable MCLK detect circuit
1	Disable MCLK detect circuit
QT_EN	Power Saving Mode
0	Disable
1	Enable
PWM_SEL	PWM Modulation
0	Qua-ternary
1	Ternary

Table 1512hVCC Under Voltage SelectionRegister

Bit	D7	D6:D4	D3:D0
Name	Dis_HVUV	-	HV_UVSEL
Default	1	XXX	0001

IS31AP2111 can disable HV under voltage detection via D7. IS31AP2111 support multi-level HV under voltage detection via D3~ D0, using this function, IS31AP2111 will fade out signal to avoid pop sounds if high voltage supply disappear before low voltage supply.

Dis_HVUV	Disable HV Under Voltage Selection
0	Enable
1	Disable



HV_UVSEL UV Detection Le		
0000	8.2V	
0001	9.7V	
0011	13.2V	
0100	15.5V	
1100	19.5V	
Others	9.7V	

Table 16 13h Noise Gate Gain Register

Bit	D7:D5	D4	
Name	-	DIS_NG_FADE	
Default	XXX	0	
Bit	D3:D2	D1:D0	
Bit Name	D3:D2	D1:D0 NG_GAIN	

IS31AP2111 provide noise gate function if receiving 2048 signal sample points smaller than noise gate attack level. User can change noise gate gain via D1~ D0. When noise gate function occurs, input signal will multiply noise gate gain (x1/8, x1/4 x1/2, x0). User can select fade out or not via D4.

DIS_NG_FADE Disable Noise Gate Fade

0 1	Fade No fade		
NG_GAIN	Noise Gate Gain		
00	x1/8		
01	x1/4		
10	x1/2		

10	A1/2
11	Mute

Table 17 14h Coefficient RAM Base Address Register

Bit	D7	D6:D0
Name	-	CFA
Default	х	000 0000

An on-chip RAM in IS31AP2111 stores user-defined EQ and mixing coefficients. The content of this coefficient RAM is indirectly accessed via coefficient registers, which consist of one base address register (14h), five sets of registers (15h ~ 23h) of three consecutive 8-bit entries for each 24-bit coefficient, and one control register (24h) to control access of the coefficients in the RAM.

CFA Coefficient RAM Base Address

Table 1815h~17hUser-Defined CoefficientsRegisters

(Top/Middle/Bottom 8-bits of coefficients A1)

Bit	D7:D0
Name	C1B
Default	-

 Table 19
 18h~1Ah
 User-Defined
 Coefficients

 Registers
 Image: Second Seco

(Top/Middle/Bottom 8-bits of coefficients A2)

Bit	D7:D0
Name	C2B
Default	-

Table 20 1Bh~1DhUser-Defined CoefficientsRegisters

(Top/Middle/Bottom 8-bits of coefficients A1)

Bit	D7:D0
Name	C3B
Default	-

 Table 21 1Eh~20h
 User-Defined Coefficients

 Registers
 Image: Second Sec

(Top/Middle/Bottom 8-bits of coefficients B2)

Bit	D7:D0
Name	C4B
Default	-

Table 2221h~23hUser-DefinedCoefficientsRegisters

(Top/Middle/Bottom 8-bits of coefficients A0)

Bit	D7:D0
Name	C5B
Default	-

Table 23 24h Coefficients Control Register

Bit	D7:D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	-	RA	R1	WA	W1
Default	XXXX	0	0	0	0

RA Enable Of Reading A Set Of Coefficients From RAM

0 Read complete

1 Read enable

- R1 Enable Of Reading A Single Coefficients From RAM
- 0 Read complete
- 1 Read enable