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Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





1M x 32Bits x 4Banks Mobile Synchronous DRAM

Description

These IS42/45SM/RM/VM32400H are mobile 134,217,728 bits CMOS Synchronous DRAM organized as 4 banks of 1,048,576 words x 32 bits. These products are offering fully synchronous operation and are referenced to a positive edge of the clock. All inputs and outputs are synchronized with the rising edge of the clock input. The data paths are internally pipelined to achieve high bandwidth. All input and output voltage levels are compatible with LVCMOS.

Features

- JEDEC standard 3.3V, 2.5V, 1.8V power supply
- · Auto refresh and self refresh
- All pins are compatible with LVCMOS interface
- 4K refresh cycle / 64ms
- Programmable Burst Length and Burst Type
 - 1, 2, 4, 8 or Full Page for Sequential Burst
 - 4 or 8 for Interleave Burst
- Programmable CAS Latency : 2,3 clocks
- All inputs and outputs referenced to the positive edge of the system clock
- Data mask function by DQM

- Internal 4 banks operation
- Burst Read Single Write operation
- Special Function Support
 - PASR(Partial Array Self Refresh)
 - Auto TCSR(Temperature Compensated Self Refresh)
 - Programmable Driver Strength Control
 - Full Strength or 1/2, 1/4 of Full Strength
 - Deep Power Down Mode
- Automatic precharge, includes CONCURRENT Auto Precharge Mode and controlled Precharge

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a.) the risk of injury or damage has been minimized;

b.) the user assume all such risks; and

c.) potential liability of Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc is adequately protected under the circumstances



Figure1: 90Ball FBGA Ball Assignment

-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
А	DQ26 (Q24	VSS)			VDD	DQ23	DQ21
В	DQ28 (V	DDQ	VSSQ)			VDDQ	VSSQ	(DQ19)
С	VSSQ (Q27	DQ25)			DQ22	DQ20	(VDDQ)
D	VSSQ (Q29	DQ30)			(DQ17)	(DQ18)	(VDDQ)
Е		Q31	NC)			NC	DQ16	(VSSQ)
F	VSS (QM3	(A3))			(A2)	DQM2	VDD
G	(A4) (A5	(A6))			(A10)	AO	A1
Н	A7 (A8	NC)			NC	BA1	(A11)
J	CLK (CKE	(A9))			BAO	(/CS)	(/RAS)
к	DQM1)	NC	NC)			(CAS)	(WE)	(DQMO)
L		DQ8	VSS)			VDD	DQ7	(VSSQ)
М	VSSQ (Q10	DQ9)			DQ6	DQ5	(VDDQ)
Ν	VSSQ (Q12	DQ14)			DQ1	DQ3	(VDDQ)
Р	(DQ11) (V	DDQ	VSSQ)			(VDDQ)	(VSSQ)	DQ4
R	DQ13 (Q15	VSS)			VDD	DQ0	DQ2

[Top View]



Table2: Pin Descriptions

Pin	Pin Name	Descriptions
CLK	System Clock	The system clock input. All other inputs are registered to the SDRAM on the rising edge CLK.
СКЕ	Clock Enable	Controls internal clock signal and when deactivated, the SDRAM will be one of the states among power down, suspend or self refresh.
/CS	Chip Select	Enable or disable all inputs except CLK, CKE and DQM.
BA0~BA1	Bank Address	Selects bank to be activated during RAS activity. Selects bank to be read/written during CAS activity.
A0~A11	Address	Row Address: RA0~RA11Column Address: CA0~CA7Auto Precharge: A10
/RAS, /CAS, /WE	Row Address Strobe, Column Address Strobe, Write Enable	RAS, CAS and WE define the operation. Refer function truth table for details.
DQM0~DQM3	Data Input/Output Mask	Controls output buffers in read mode and masks input data in write mode.
DQ0~DQ31	Data Input/Output	Data input/output pin.
VDD/VSS	Power Supply/Ground	Power supply for internal circuits and input buffers.
VDDQ/VSSQ	Data Output Power/Ground	Power supply for output buffers.
NC	No Connection	No connection.



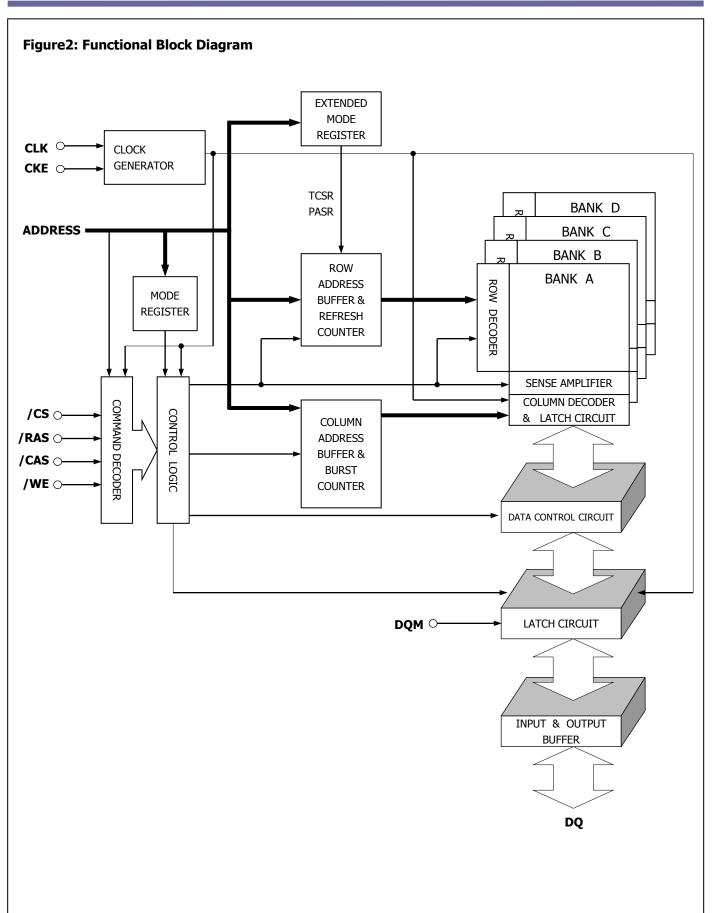
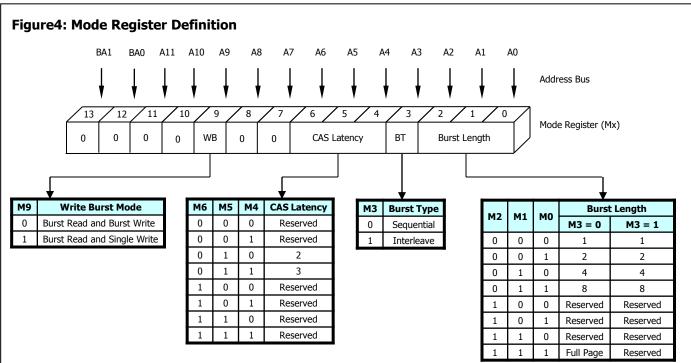




Figure3: Simplified State Diagram EXTENDED MODE SELF REGISTER REFRESH SET MRS SE SELF MRS MODE REF CBR REGISTER IDLE REFRESH SET OPC DPD EXT DEEP Ą POWER POWER DOWN DOWN CKE ↓ ACTIVE ROW POWER ACTIVE CKE DOWN <u>ۍ</u> THE OWNER WART READWITH WRITE Meriz READ Tor QUAN PRE READ $\mathsf{CKE}\downarrow$ CKE ↓ WRITE READ WRITE READ SUSPEND SUSPEND CKE WRITE CKE CKE ↓ $\mathsf{CKE}\downarrow$ WRITE A READ A WRITE A READ A SUSPEND SUSPEND CKE CKE etermin PRE-CHARGE PRECHARGE POWER ON Automatic Sequence Manual Input





Note: M13(BA1) and M12(BA0) must be set to "0" to select Mode Register (vs. the Extended Mode Register)

Burst Type

Accesses within a given burst may be programmed to be either sequential or interleaved; this is referred to as the burst type and is selected via bit M3. The ordering of accesses within a burst is determined by the burst length, the burst type and the starting column address, as shown in Table 3.

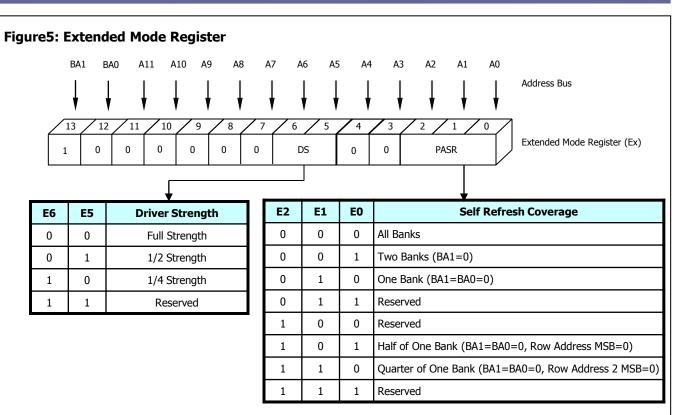
Burst	Starti			Order of Access	s Within a Burst
Length		dress		Sequential	Interleaved
	A2	A1	A0		
2			0	0-1	0-1
2			1	1-0	1-0
	0		0	0-1-2-3	0-1-2-3
4		0	1	1-2-3-0	1-0-3-2
7		1	0	2-3-0-1	2-3-0-1
		1	1	3-0-1-2	3-2-1-0
	0	0	0	0-1-2-3-4-5-6-7	0-1-2-3-4-5-6-7
	0	0	1	1-2-3-4-5-6-7-0	1-0-3-2-5-4-7-6
	0	1	0	2-3-4-5-6-7-0-1	2-3-0-1-6-7-4-5
8	0	1	1	3-4-5-6-7-0-1-2	3-2-1-0-7-6-5-4
0	1	0	0	4-5-6-7-0-1-2-3	4-5-6-7-0-1-2-3
	1	0	1	5-6-7-0-1-2-3-4	5-4-7-6-1-0-3-2
	1	1	0	6-7-0-1-2-3-4-5	6-7-4-5-2-3-0-1
	1	1	1	7-0-1-2-3-4-5-6	7-6-5-4-3-2-1-0
Full Page		=A0-7 ion 0-2	255)	C _n , C _n +1. C _n +2, C _n +3, C _n +4 C _n -1, C _n	Not Supported

Table 3: Burst Definition

Note :

- 1. For full-page accesses: y = 256
- 2. For a burst length of two, A1-A7 select the blockof-two burst; A0 selects the starting column within the block.
- 3. For a burst length of four, A2-A7 select the blockof-four burst; A0-A1 select the starting column within the block.
- 4. For a burst length of eight, A3-A7 select the block-of-eight burst; A0-A2 select the starting column within the block.
- 5. For a full-page burst, the full row is selected and A0-A7 select the starting column.
- 6. Whenever a boundary of the block is reached within a given sequence above, the following access wraps within the block.
- 7. For a burst length of one, A0-A7 select the unique column to be accessed, and mode register bit M3 is ignored.





Note: E13(BA1) must be set to "1" and E12(BA0) must be set to "0" to select Extended Mode Register (vs. the base Mode Register)



Functional Description

In general, this 128Mb SDRAM (1M x 32Bits x 4banks) is a multi-bank DRAM that operates at 3.3V/2.5V/1.8V and includes a synchronous interface (all signals are registered on the positive edge of the clock signal, CLK). Each of the 33,554,432-bit banks is organized as 4,096 rows by 256 columns by 32-bits

Read and write accesses to the SDRAM are burst oriented; accesses start at a selected location and continue for a programmed number of locations in a programmed sequence. Accesses begin with the registration of an ACTIVE command, which is then followed by a READ or WRITE command. The address bits registered coincident with the ACTIVE command are used to select the bank and row to be accessed (BA0-BA1 select the bank, A0-A11 select the row). The address bits (BA0-BA1 select the bank, A0-A7 select the column) registered coincident with the READ or WRITE command are used to select the starting column location for the burst access. Prior to normal operation, the SDRAM must be initialized. The following sections provide detailed information covering device initialization, register definition, command descriptions and device operation.

Power up and Initialization

SDRAMs must be powered up and initialized in a predefined manner. Operational procedures other than those specified may result in undefined operation. Once power is applied to VDD and VDDQ(simultaneously) and the clock is stable(stable clock is defined as a signal cycling within timing constraints specified for the clock pin), the SDRAM requires a 100µs delay prior to issuing any command other than a COMMAND INHIBIT or NOP. CKE must be held high during the entire initialization period until the PRECHARGE command has been issued. Starting at some point during this 100µs period and continuing at least through the end of this period, COMMAND INHIBIT or NOP commands should be applied.

Once the 100µs delay has been satisfied with at least one COMMAND INHIBIT or NOP command having been applied, a PRECHARGE command should be applied. All banks must then be precharged, thereby placing the device in the all banks idle state.

Once in the idle state, two AUTO REFRESH cycles must be performed. After the AUTO REFRESH cycles are complete, the SDRAM is ready for mode register programming. Because the mode register will power up in an unknown state, it should be loaded prior to applying any operational command. And a extended mode register set command will be issued to program specific mode of self refresh operation(PASR). The following these cycles, the Mobile SDRAM is ready for normal operation.

Register Definition

Mode Register

The mode register is used to define the specific mode of operation of the SDRAM. This definition includes the selection of a burst length, a burst type, a CAS latency, an operating mode and a write burst mode. The mode register is programmed via the LOAD MODE REGISTER command and will retain the stored information until it is programmed again or the device loses power.

Mode register bits M0-M2 specify the burst length, M3 specifies the type of burst (sequential or interleaved), M4-M6 specify the CAS latency, M7 and M8 specify the operating mode, M9 specifies the write burst mode, and M10-M11 should be set to zero. M12 and M13 should be set to zero to prevent extended mode register.

The mode register must be loaded when all banks are idle, and the controller must wait the specified time before initiating the subsequent operation. Violating either of these requirements will result in unspecified operation.

Extended Mode Register

The Extended Mode Register controls the functions beyond those controlled by the Mode Register. These additional functions are special features of the mobile DRAM. They include Partial Array Self Refresh (PASR) and Driver Strength (DS).

The Extended Mode Register is programmed via the Mode Register Set command and retains the stored information until it is programmed again or the device loses power.

The Extended Mode Register must be programmed with E7 through E11 set to "0". Also, E12(BA0) must be set to "0", and E13(BA1) must be set to "1". The Extended Mode Register must be loaded when all banks are idle and no bursts are in progress, and the controller must wait the specified time before initiating any subsequent operation. Violating either of these requirements results in unspecified operation.



Burst Length

Read and write accesses to the SDRAM are burst oriented, with the burst length being programmable, as shown in Figure 1. The burst length determines the maximum number of column locations that can be accessed for a given READ or WRITE command. Burst lengths of 1, 2, 4 or 8 locations are available for both the sequential and the interleaved burst types, and a full-page burst is available for the sequential type. The full-page burst is used in conjunction with the BURST TERMINATE command to generate arbitrary burst lengths.

Reserved states should not be used, as unknown operation or incompatibility with future versions may result. When a READ or WRITE command is issued, a block of columns equal to the burst length is effectively selected. All accesses for that burst take place within this block, meaning that the burst will wrap within the block if a boundary is reached. The block is uniquely selected by A1-A7 when the burst length is set to two; by A2-A7 when the burst length is set to four; and by A3-A7 when the burst length is set to eight. The remaining (least significant) address bit(s) is (are) used to select the starting location within the block. Full-page bursts wrap within the page if the boundary is reached.

Bank(Row) Active

The Bank Active command is used to activate a row in a specified bank of the device. This command is initiated by activating CS, RAS and deasserting CAS, WE at the positive edge of the clock. The value on the BA0-BA1 selects the bank, and the value on the A0-A11 selects the row.

This row remains active for column access until a precharge command is issued to that bank. Read and write operations can only be initiated on this activated bank after the minimum tRCD time is passed from the activate command.

Read

The READ command is used to initiate the burst read of data. This command is initiated by activating CS, CAS, and deasserting WE, RAS at the positive edge of the clock. BA0-BA1 input select the bank, A0-A7 address inputs select the starting column location. The value on input A10 determines whether or not Auto Precharge is used. If Auto Precharge is selected the row being accessed will be precharged at the end of the READ burst; if Auto Precharge is not selected, the row will remain active for subsequent accesses. The length of burst and the CAS latency will be determined by the values programmed during the MRS command.

Write

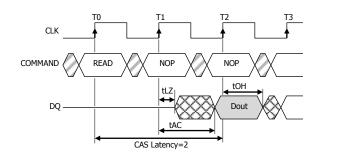
The WRITE command is used to initiate the burst write of data. This command is initiated by activating CS, CAS, WE and deasserting RAS at the positive edge of the clock. BA0-BA1 input select the bank, A0-A7 address inputs select the starting column location. The value on input A10 determines whether or not Auto Precharge is used. If Auto Precharge is selected the row being accessed will be precharged at the end of the WRITE burst; if Auto Precharge is not selected, the row will remain active for subsequent accesses.

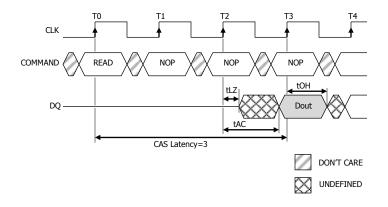


CAS Latency

The CAS latency is the delay, in clock cycles, between the registration of a READ command and the availability of the first piece of output data. The latency can be set to two or three clocks. If a READ command is registered at clock edge n, and the latency is m clocks, the data will be available by clock edge n + m. The DQs will start driving as a result of the clock edge one cycle earlier (n + m - 1), and provided that the relevant access times are met, the data will be valid by clock edge n + m. For example, assuming that the clock cycle time is such that all relevant access times are met, if a READ command is registered at T0 and the latency is programmed to two clocks, the DQs will start driving after T1 and the data will be valid by T2, as shown in Figure 6. Reserved states should not be used as unknown operation or incompatibility with future versions may result.

Figure6: CAS Latency





Operating Mode

The normal operating mode is selected by setting M7 and M8 to zero; the other combinations of values for M7 and M8 are reserved for future use and/or test modes. The programmed burst length applies to both READ and WRITE bursts. Test modes and reserved states should not be used because unknown operation or incompatibility with future versions may result.

Write Burst Mode

When M9 = 0, the burst length programmed via M0-M2 applies to both READ and WRITE bursts; when M9 = 1, the programmed burst length applies to READ bursts, but write accesses are single-location (nonburst) accesses.

Table4: Command 1	Truth Table	
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Function	CKEn-1	CKEn	/CS	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	DQM	ADDR	A10	Note
Device Deselect (NOP)	н	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
No Operation (NOP)	н	Х	L	Н	Н	н	Х	Х		
Mode Register Set	н	Х	L	L	L	L	Х	OP COI	DE	4
Extended Mode Register Set	н	Х	L	L	L	L	Х	OP COI	DE	4
Active (select bank and activate row)	Н	х	L	L	Н	Н	x	Bank/Row		
Read	н	Х	L	Н	L	Н	L/H	Bank/Col	L	5
Read with Autoprecharge	н	Х	L	Н	L	н	L/H	Bank/Col	Н	5
Write	н	Х	L	Н	L	L	L/H	Bank/Col	L	5
Write with Autoprecharge	н	Х	L	Н	L	L	L/H	Bank/Col	Н	5
Precharge All Banks	н	Х	L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Н	
Precharge Selected Bank	н	Х	L	L	Н	L	Х	Bank	L	
Burst Stop	н	Н	L	Н	Н	L	Х	x		
Auto Refresh	н	Н	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х		3
Self Refresh Entry	н	L	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х		3
Self Refresh Exit	L	н	Н	X	Х	Х	- x	х		2
			L	H	H	H				<u> </u>
Precharge Power Down Entry	н	L	H	X	X	X	x	х		
			L	H	H	H				<u> </u>
Precharge Down Exit	L	н	H	X	X	X	x	х		<u> </u>
			L	H	H	H				<u> </u>
Clock Suspend Entry	н	L	H	X	X	X	x	x		<u> </u>
Cleak Custoned Evit			L	V	V	V	v			┣───
Clock Suspend Exit	L	H		<u> </u>	X	<u> </u>	X	X		
Deep Power Down Entry	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	X	Х		6
Deep Power Down Exit	L	Н			Х		Х	Х		

1. CKEn is the logic state of CKE at clock edge n; CKEn-1 was the state of CKE at the previous clock edge.

H: High Level, L: Low Level, X: Don't Care, V: Valid

- 2. Exiting Self Refresh occurs by asynchronously bringing CKE from low to high and will put the device in the all banks idle state once tXSR is met. Command Inhibit or NOP commands should be issued on any clock edges occuring during the tXSR period. A minimum of two NOP commands must be provided during tXSR period.
- 3. During refresh operation, internal refresh counter controls row addressing; all inputs and I/Os are "Don't Care" except for CKE.
- 4. A0-A11 define OP CODE written to the mode register, and BA must be issued 0 in the mode register set, and 1 in the extended mode register set.
- 5. DQM "L" means the data Write/Ouput Enable and "H" means the Write inhibit/Output High-Z. Write DQM Latency is 0 CLK and Read DQM Latency is 2 CLK.
- 6. Standard SDRAM parts assign this command sequence as Burst Terminate. For Bat Ram parts, the Burst Terminate command is assigned to the Deep Power Down function.



Current					Comm	and			
State	/CS	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	BA	A0-A11	Description	Action	Note
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	Set the Mode Register	14
	L	L	L	Н	х	x	Auto or Self Refresh	Start Auto or Self Refresh	5
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	No Operation	
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	Activate the Specified Bank and Row	
Idle	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./ A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./ A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	4
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	x	No Operation	No Operation or Power Down	3
	Н	х	х	х	х	x	Device Deselect	No Operation or Power Down	3
	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Burst Stop	No Operation or Power Down	3
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
-	L	L	L	Н	Х	х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	х	Precharge	Precharge	7
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
Row Active	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/Write AP	Start Write : Optional AP(A10=H)	6
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/Read AP	Start Read : Optional AP(A10=H)	6
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	Х	No Operation	No Operation	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	No Operation	
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Х	Burst Stop	No Operation	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	х	Precharge	Termination Burst : Start the Precharge	
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
Read	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/WriteAP	Termination Burst : Start Write(AP)	8,9
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/Read AP	Terimination Burst : Start Read(AP)	8
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	Н	Н	L	Х	х	Burst Stop	Burst Stop, Row Active	



Current					Comm	and		A - k - k	Nata
State	/CS	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	BA	A0-A11	Description	Action	Note
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	х	Precharge	Termination Burst : Start the Precharge	10
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4
Write	L	Н	L	L	BA Col Add./A10 Write/WriteAP Termination Burst : Start Write(AP)			8	
	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/ReadAP	Terimination Burst : Start READ(AP)	8,9
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	н	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	X X Burst Stop Burst Stop, Row Active		Burst Stop, Row Active	
	L	L	L	L	OP CODE Mode Register Set		Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,12
Read	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
with Auto	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	12
Precharge	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	12
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	н	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,12
Write	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
with Auto	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	12
Precharge	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	12
	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	No Operation	Continue the Burst	
	н	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Device Deselect	Continue the Burst	
	L	Н	н	L	Х	х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	13



Current					Comm	and			
State	/CS	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	BA	A0-A11	Description	Action	Note
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA			No Operation : Bank(s) Idle after tRP	
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Ducchausing	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./ A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
Precharging	L	Н	L	Н	BA Col Add./ A10		Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	X X No Operation No Operation : Bank(s Idle after tRP		No Operation : Bank(s) Idle after tRP	
	Н	Х	Х	х	х	х	Device Deselect	No Operation : Bank(s) Idle after tRP	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Burst Stop	No Operation : Bank(s) Idle after tRP	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,11,12
	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/Write AP	ILLEGAL	4,12
Row Activating	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/Read AP	ILLEGAL	4,12
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	X X No Operation No Operation : Row Active after tRCD			
	Н	х	Х	х	х	х	Device Deselect	No Operation : Row Active after tRCD	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Burst Stop	No Operation : Row Active after tRCD	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,13
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
M 1.	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/WriteAP	Start Write : Optional AP(A10=H)	
Write Recovering	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/Read AP	Start Write : Optional AP(A10=H)	9
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х	No Operation	No Operation : Row Active after tDPL	
	Н	х	х	х	х	х	Device Deselect	No Operation : Row Active after tDPL	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Burst Stop	No Operation : Row Active after tDPL	



Current					Comm	and			
State	/CS	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	BA	A0-A11	Description	Action	Note
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	4,13
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	4,12
Write Recovering	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./ A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	4,12
with Auto	L	Н	L	Н	BA Col Add./ A10		Read/ReadAP	ILLEGAL	4,9,12
Precharge	L	Н	Н	Н	х	х	No Operation	No Operation : Precharge after tDPL	
	Н	Х	х	х	х			No Operation : Precharge after tDPL	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	x	Burst Stop	No Operation : Precharge after tDPL	
	L	L	L	L	OP CODE		Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	Х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	13
	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/Write AP	ILLEGAL	13
Refreshing	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/Read AP	ILLEGAL	13
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	x	No Operation	No Operation : Idle after tRC	
	Н	х	х	х	х	х	Device Deselect	No Operation : Idle after tRC	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	х	Burst Stop	No Operation : Idle after tRC	
	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	ILLEGAL	13,14
	L	L	L	Н	х	Х	Auto or Self Refresh	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	L	BA	Х	Precharge	ILLEGAL	13
	L	L	Н	Н	BA	Row Add.	Bank Activate	ILLEGAL	13
Mode	L	Н	L	L	BA	Col Add./A10	Write/WriteAP	ILLEGAL	13
Register Accessing	L	Н	L	Н	BA	Col Add./A10	Read/Read AP	ILLEGAL	13
	L	Н	Н	Н	х	x	No Operation	No Operation : Idle after 2 Clock Cycle	
	Н	х	х	х	х	х	Device Deselect	No Operation : Idle after 2 Clock Cycle	
	L	Н	Н	L	х	Х	Burst Stop	ILLEGAL	13





- 1. H: Logic High, L: Logic Low, X: Don't care, BA: Bank Address, AP: Auto Precharge.
- 2. All entries assume that CKE was active during the preceding clock cycle.
- 3. If both banks are idle and CKE is inactive, then in power down cycle
- 4. Illegal to bank in specified states. Function may be legal in the bank indicated by Bank Address, depending on the state of that bank.
- 5. If both banks are idle and CKE is inactive, then Self Refresh mode.
- 6. Illegal if tRCD is not satisfied.
- 7. Illegal if tRAS is not satisfied.
- 8. Must satisfy burst interrupt condition.
- 9. Must satisfy bus contention, bus turn around, and/or write recovery requirements.
- 10. Must mask preceding data which don't satisfy tDPL.
- 11. Illegal if tRRD is not satisfied
- 12. Illegal for single bank, but legal for other banks in multi-bank devices.
- 13. Illegal for all banks.
- 14. Mode Register Set and Extended Mode Register Set is same command truth table except BA.



	C	CKE			Cor	nmand					
Current State	Prev Cycle	Current Cycle	/CS	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	BA	A0-A11	Action	Note	
	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	INVALID	2	
	L	н	Н	х	х	х	х	Х	Exit Self Refresh with Device Deselect	3	
Self	L	н	L	н	Н	н	х	Х	Exit Self Refresh with No Operation	3	
Refresh	L	н	L	Н	Н	L	х	Х	ILLEGAL	3	
	L	н	L	Н	L	Х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	3	
	L	Н	L	L	Х	х	х	Х	ILLEGAL	3	
	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Maintain Self Refresh		
	Н	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	INVALID	2	
			Н	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Power Down Mode Exit, All	_	
	L	Н	L	Н	Н	н	х	Х	Banks Idle	3	
Power Down				L	Х	х	х	х	ILLEGAL		
Down	L	L H	L H	L	Х	L	х	х	Х		3
				Х	Х	L	x	Х			
	L	L	Х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Maintain Power Down Mode		
	Н	x	х	Х	Х	x	х	Х	INVALID	2	
Deep	L	н	х	Х	Х	x	х	Х	Deep Power Down Mode Exit	6	
Power Down	L	L	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Maintain Deep Power Down Mode		
	н	н	Н	Х	Х	Х			Refer to the Idle State	4	
	Н	н	L	Н	Х	х			section of the Current State Truth Table	4	
	Н	н	L	L	Н	х				4	
	Н	н	L	L	L	н	х	х	Auto Refresh		
	Н	н	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set	5	
All Banks	Н	L	н	Х	х	х			Refer to the Idle State	4	
Idle	Н	L	L	Н	х	x			section of the Current State Truth Table	4	
	Н	L	L	L	Н	x				4	
	Н	L	L	L	L	н	х	х	Entry Self Refresh	5	
	Н	L	L	L	L	L		OP CODE	Mode Register Set		
	L	х	х	х	х	x	х	х	Power Down	5	
Δον	Н	н	х	Х	Х	х	х	х	Refer to Operations of the Current State Truth Table		
Any State other	Н	L	х	х	х	x	х	х	Begin Clock Suspend next cycle		
than listed above	L	н	х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Exit Clock Suspend next cycle		
	L	L	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Maintain Clock Suspend		



- 1. H: Logic High, L: Logic Low, X: Don't care
- 2. For the given current state CKE must be low in the previous cycle.
- 3. When CKE has a low to high transition, the clock and other inputs are re-enabled asynchronously. When exiting power down mode, a NOP (or Device Deselect) command is required on the first positive edge of clock after CKE goes high.
- 4. The address inputs depend on the command that is issued.
- 5. The Precharge Power Down mode, the Self Refresh mode, and the Mode Register Set can only be entered from the all banks idle state.

6. When CKE has a low to high transition, the clock and other inputs are re-enabled asynchronously. When exiting deep power down mode, a NOP (or Device Deselect) command is required on the first positive edge of clock after CKE goes high and is maintained for a minimum 100usec.



Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Ambient Temperature (Industrial)	0,	-40 ~ 85	
Ambient Temperature (Automotive, A1)	T _A	-40 ~ 85	°C
Ambient Temperature (Automotive, A2)		-40 ~ 105	
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 ~ 150	°C
Voltage on Any Pin relative to VSS	$V_{\text{in}}, V_{\text{out}}$	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Voltage on VDD relative to VSS	VDD, VDDQ	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Short Circuit Output Current	I _{OS}	50	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	1	W

Table7A: 3.3V Absolute Maximum Rating

Note :

Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Table8A: 3.3V Capacitance (T_A=25 °C, f=1MHz, VDD= 3.3V)

Parameter	Pin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
	CLK	C _{I1}	2	4	pF
Input Capacitance	A0~A11, BA0~BA1, CKE, /CS, /RAS, /CAS, /WE, DQM0~DQM3	C _{I2}	2	4	pF
Data Input/Output Capacitance	DQ0~DQ31	C _{IO}	3	5	pF

Table9A: 3.3V DC Operating Condition (Voltage referenced to VSS=0V, T_A = -40 ~ 105 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Dowor Cupply Voltago	VDD	2.7	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ	2.7	3.3	3.6	V	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	2.2	-	VDDQ+0.3	V	2
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	0	0.5	V	3
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	2.4	-	-	V	I _{OH} = -0.1mA
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	-	-	0.4	V	I_{OL} = +0.1mA
Input Leakage Current	ILI	-1	-	1	uA	4
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	-1.5		1.5	uA	5

Note :

1. VDDQ must not exceed the level of VDD

2. VIH(max) = 5.3V AC. The overshoot voltage duration is \leq 3ns.

3. VIL(min) = -2.0V AC. The overshoot voltage duration is \leq 3ns.

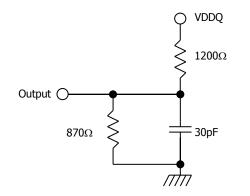
4. Any input $0V \le VIN \le VDDQ$.

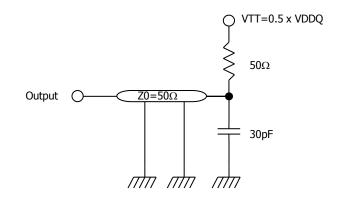
Input leakage currents include Hi-Z output leakage for all bi-directional buffers with tri-state outputs.

5. DOUT is disabled, 0V \leq VOUT \leq VDDQ.

Table10A: 3.3V AC Operating Condition (T_A = -40 ~ 105 °C, VDD = 2.7V-3.6V, VSS=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Unit
AC Input High/Low Level Voltage	V _{IH} / V _{IL}	2.4 / 0.4	V
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level Voltage	V _{TRIP}	0.5 x VDDQ	V
Input Rise / Fall Time	t _R / t _F	1 / 1	ns
Output Timing Measurement Reference Level Voltage	V _{OUTREF}	0.5 x VDDQ	V
Output Load Capacitance for Access Time Measurement	CL	30	pF





DC Output Load Circuit

AC Output Load Circuit



	D				Speed									
	Parame	ter	Sym	Test Condition	-6	-75	Unit	Note						
Operating	g Current		IDD1	Burst Length=1, One Bank Active, $tRC \ge tRC(min) IOL = 0 mA$	55	50	mA	1						
Precharge Standby Current		IDD2P	$CKE \le VIL(max), tCK = 10ns$	0).3									
	Down Moc		IDD2PS	CKE & CLK \leq VIL(max), tCK = ∞	0).3	mA							
	e Standby		IDD2N	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{CKE} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), /CS} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), tCK} = 10 \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Input signals are changed one time during 2} \\ \mbox{clks.} \end{array}$	10		mA							
in Non Power Down Mode		IDD2NS	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} CKE \geq VIH(min), \ CLK \leq VIL(max), \ tCK = \infty \\ \\ \text{Input signals are stable.} \end{array}$	4										
Active Sta	andby Curr	ent	IDD3P	$CKE \le VIL(max), tCK = 10ns$	1 1		1		1		1			
in Power	Down Moc	le	IDD3PS	CKE & CLK \leq VIL(max), tCK = ∞			mA							
	Active Standby Current		IDD3N	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{CKE} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), /CS} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), tCK} = 10 \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Input signals are changed one time during 2} \\ \mbox{clks.} \end{array}$	20		mA							
in Non Po	ower Down	Mode	IDD3NS	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} CKE \geq VIH(min), \ CLK \leq VIL(max), \ tCK = \infty \\ \\ \text{Input signals are stable.} \end{array}$	15									
Burst Mo	de Operatii	ng Current	IDD4	tCK>tCK(min), IOL = 0 mA, Page Burst All Banks Activated, tCCD = 1 clk	85 80		mA	1						
Auto Refr	esh Currer	nt (4K Cycle)	IDD5	$tRC \ge tRFC(min)$, All Banks Active	7	70	mA	2						
	PASR	TCSR												
	4 banks	85°C			300									
Self		45°C			2	30								
Refresh	2 Pank	85°C	IDD6	$CKE \leq 0.2V$	250 200 220 180		uA							
Current	2 Bank	45°C												
	1 Bank	85°C												
		45°C												
Deep Pov	ver Down I	Mode Current	IDD7		2	20	uA	3						

1. Measured with outputs open.

2. Refresh period is 64ms.

3. Typical value at room temperature.

4. Self Refresh mode and Deep Power Down are not supported for A2 grade with TA > $85^{\circ}C$



Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit				
Ambient Temperature (Industrial)		-40 ~ 85					
Ambient Temperature (Automotive, A1)	T _A	-40 ~ 85	°C				
Ambient Temperature (Automotive, A2)		-40 ~ 105					
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 ~ 150	°C				
Voltage on Any Pin relative to VSS	$V_{\rm IN}, V_{\rm OUT}$	-1.0 ~ 3.6	V				
Voltage on VDD relative to VSS	VDD, VDDQ	-1.0 ~ 3.6	V				
Short Circuit Output Current	I _{OS}	50	mA				
Power Dissipation	P _D	1	W				

Table7B: 2.5V Absolute Maximum Rating

Note :

Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Table8B: 2.5V Capacitance (T_A=25 °C, f=1MHz, VDD=2.5V)

Parameter	Pin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance	CLK		2	4	pF
	A0~A11, BA0~BA1, CKE, /CS, /RAS, /CAS, /WE, DQM0~DQM3	C _{I2}	2	4	pF
Data Input/Output Capacitance	DQ0~DQ31	C _{IO}	3	5	pF

Table9B: 2.5V DC Operating Condition (Voltage referenced to VSS=0V, T_A = -40 ~ 105 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Dower Supply Veltage	VDD	2.3	2.5	3.0	V	
Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ	2.3	2.5	3.0	V	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	0.8 x VDDQ	-	VDDQ+0.3	V	2
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	0	0.3	V	3
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	0.9 x VDDQ	-	-	V	I _{OH} = -0.1mA
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	-	-	0.2	V	I_{OL} = +0.1mA
Input Leakage Current	I_{LI}	-1	-	1	uA	4
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	-1.5		1.5	uA	5

Note :

1. VDDQ must not exceed the level of VDD

2. VIH(max) = VDDQ+1.5V AC. The overshoot voltage duration is \leq 3ns.

3. VIL(min) = -1.0V AC. The overshoot voltage duration is \leq 3ns.

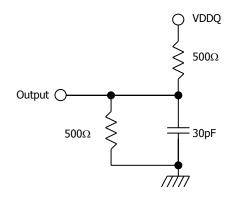
4. Any input $0V \le VIN \le VDDQ$.

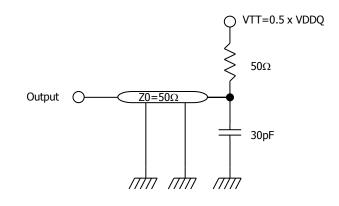
Input leakage currents include Hi-Z output leakage for all bi-directional buffers with tri-state outputs.

5. DOUT is disabled, 0V \leq VOUT \leq VDDQ.

Table10B: 2.5V AC Operating Condition (T_A = -40 ~ 105 °C, VDD = 2.3V – 3.0V, VSS=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Unit
AC Input High/Low Level Voltage	V _{IH} / V _{IL}	0.9 x VDDQ / 0.2	V
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level Voltage	V _{TRIP}	0.5 x VDDQ	V
Input Rise / Fall Time	t _R / t _F	1 / 1	ns
Output Timing Measurement Reference Level Voltage	V _{OUTREF}	0.5 x VDDQ	V
Output Load Capacitance for Access Time Measurement	CL	30	pF





DC Output Load Circuit

AC Output Load Circuit



	_											
	Parame	ter	Sym	lest Condition					Unit	Note		
Operating	g Current		IDD1	Burst Length=1, One Bank Active, $tRC \ge tRC(min) IOL = 0 mA$	55 50 0.3		mA	1				
Precharge Standby Current		IDD2P	$CKE \leq VIL(max), tCK = 10ns$	0.	3							
	Down Moc		IDD2PS	CKE & CLK \leq VIL(max), tCK = ∞	0.	3	mA					
	e Standby		IDD2N	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{CKE} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), /CS} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), tCK} = 10 \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Input signals are changed one time during 2} \\ \mbox{clks.} \end{array}$	10		mA					
in Non Power Down Mode		Mode	IDD2NS	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{CKE} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), CLK} \leq \mbox{VIL(max), tCK} = \infty \\ \mbox{Input signals are stable.} \end{array}$	4							
Active Sta	andby Curr	ent	IDD3P	$CKE \leq VIL(max), tCK = 10ns$	1		1		1			
in Power	Down Moc	le	IDD3PS	CKE & CLK \leq VIL(max), tCK = ∞			mA					
Active Standby Current		IDD3N	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{CKE} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), /CS} \geq \mbox{VIH(min), tCK} = 10 \mbox{ns} \\ \mbox{Input signals are changed one time during 2} \\ \mbox{clks.} \end{array}$	20		mA						
In Non Po	ower Down	Mode	IDD3NS	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{l} CKE \geq VIH(min), \ CLK \leq VIL(max), \ tCK = \infty \\ \\ \text{Input signals are stable.} \end{array}$	15							
Burst Mo	de Operatii	ng Current	IDD4	tCK>tCK(min), IOL = 0 mA, Page Burst All Banks Activated, tCCD = 1 clk	85	80	mA	1				
Auto Refr	resh Currer	nt (4K Cycle)	IDD5	$tRC \ge tRFC(min)$, All Banks Active	7	0	mA	2				
	PASR	TCSR										
	4 hanks	85°C			300 230							
Self	4 banks	45°C										
Refresh	2 Damle	85°C	IDD6	$CKE \leq 0.2V$	25	50	uA					
Current	2 Bank	45°C			200							
	1 Bank	85°C		22		20						
	1 Bank	45°C			180		180		180			
Deep Pov	ver Down I	Mode Current	IDD7		2	0	uA	3				

1. Measured with outputs open.

2. Refresh period is 64ms.

3. Typical value at room temperature

4. Self Refresh mode and Deep Power Down are not supported for A2 grade with TA > $85^{\circ}C$



Davianatan	Crumbal	Dating	11
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Ambient Temperature (Industrial)		-40 ~ 85	
Ambient Temperature (Automotive, A1)	T _A	-40 ~ 85	°C
Ambient Temperature (Automotive, A2)		-40 ~ 105	
Storage Temperature	Τ _{stg}	-55 ~ 150	°C
Voltage on Any Pin relative to VSS	$V_{\rm IN}, V_{\rm OUT}$	-1.0 ~ 2.6	V
Voltage on VDD relative to VSS	VDD, VDDQ	-1.0 ~ 2.6	V
Short Circuit Output Current	I _{OS}	50	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	1	W

Table7C: 1.8V Absolute Maximum Rating

Note :

Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Table8C: 1.8V Capacitance (T_A=25 °C, f=1MHz, VDD=1.8V)

Parameter	Pin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
	CLK		2	4	pF
Input Capacitance	A0~A11, BA0~BA1, CKE, /CS, /RAS, /CAS, /WE, DQM0~DQM3	C _{I2}	2	4	pF
Data Input/Output Capacitance	DQ0~DQ31	C _{IO}	3	5	pF

Table9C: 1.8V DC Operating Condition (Voltage referenced to VSS=0V, T_A = -40 ~ 105 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7	1.8	1.95	V	
Fower Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.7	1.8	1.95	v	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	0.8 x VDDQ	-	VDDQ+0.3	V	2
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	0	0.3	v	3
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	0.9 x VDDQ	-	-	V	I _{OH} = -0.1mA
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	-	-	0.2	V	I_{OL} = +0.1mA
Input Leakage Current	I_{LI}	-1	-	1	uA	4
Output Leakage Current	I_{LO}	-1.5		1.5	uA	5

Note :

1. VDDQ must not exceed the level of VDD

2. VIH(max) = VDDQ+1.5V AC. The overshoot voltage duration is \leq 3ns.

3. VIL(min) = -1.0V AC. The overshoot voltage duration is \leq 3ns.

4. Any input 0V \leq VIN \leq VDDQ.

Input leakage currents include Hi-Z output leakage for all bi-directional buffers with tri-state outputs.

5. DOUT is disabled, $0V \le VOUT \le VDDQ$.