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Smart Two Channel Highside Power Switch For Industrial Applications

Features

- Overload protection
- Current limitation
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump)
- · Fast demagnetization of inductive loads
- Reverse battery protection¹)
- Undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown with auto-restart and hysteresis
- Open drain diagnostic output
- Open load detection in OFF-state
- CMOS compatible input
- Loss of ground and loss of V_{bb} protection
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection

Application

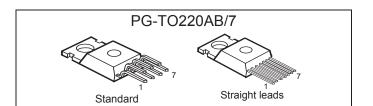
- μC compatible power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12 V and 24 V DC grounded loads in industrial applications
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitve loads
- · Replaces electromechanical relays, fuses and discrete circuits

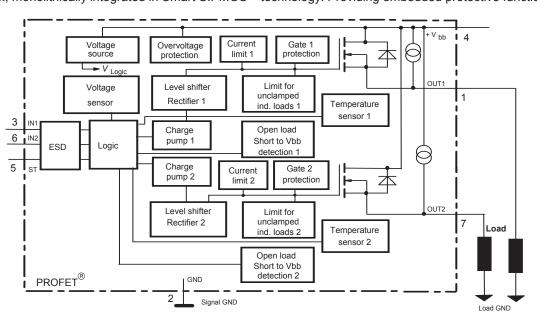
General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS[®] technology. Providing embedded protective functions.

Product Summary

Overvoltage protection	$V_{ m bb(AZ)}$	<u>(</u>)	43	V
Operating voltage	$V_{ m bb(on)}$	₁₎ 5	.0 34	V
Operating temperature	T_{a}	-30	+85	°C
cha	nnels:	each	both parallel	
On-state resistance	Ron	200	100	mΩ
Load current (ISO)	I _{L(ISO)}	2.3	4.4	Α
Current limitation	I _{L(SCr)}	4	4	Α





With external current limit (e.g. resistor R_{GND} =150 Ω) in GND connection, resistor in series with ST connection, reverse load current limited by connected load.



Pin	Symbol	Function
1	OUT1 (Load, L)	Output 1, protected high-side power output of channel 1
2	GND	Logic ground
3	IN1	Input 1, activates channel 1 in case of logical high signal
4	Vbb	Positive power supply voltage, the tab is shorted to this pin
5	ST	Diagnostic feedback: open drain, low on failure
6	IN2	Input 2, activates channel 2 in case of logical high signal
7	OUT2 (Load, L)	Output 2, protected high-side power output of channel 2

Maximum Ratings at T_j = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 4)	$V_{ m bb}$	43	V
Supply voltage for full short circuit protection $T_{j \text{ Start}}$ =-40+150°C	$V_{ m bb}$	34	V
Load dump protection ²) $V_{\text{LoadDump}} = U_{\text{A}} + V_{\text{S}}$, $U_{\text{A}} = 13.5 \text{ V}$ $R_{\text{I}}^{3} = 2 \Omega$, $R_{\text{L}} = 5.3 \Omega$, $t_{\text{d}} = 200 \text{ ms}$, IN= low or high	V _{Load dump} ⁴)	60	V
Load current (Short circuit current, see page 5)	I _L	self-limited	Α
Junction temperature	T _j	+150	°C
Operating temperature range	T _a	-30 +85	
Storage temperature range	$T_{ m stg}$	-40+105	
Power dissipation (DC), T _C ≤ 25 °C	P _{tot}	36	W
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation, single pulse $V_{bb} = 12V$, $T_{j,start} = 150$ °C, $T_{C} = 150$ °C const. one channel, $I_{L} = 2.3$ A, $Z_{L} = 89$ mH, 0 Ω :	E _{AS}	290	mJ
both channels parallel, $I_L = 4.4 \text{ A}$, $Z_L = 47 \text{ mH}$, 0 Ω :		580	
see diagrams on page 9			
Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD) IN: (Human Body Model) all other pins: acc. MIL-STD883D, method 3015.7 and ESD assn. std. S5.1-1993	V _{ESD}	1.0 2.0	kV
Input voltage (DC)	V _{IN}	-10 +16	V
Current through input pin (DC)	I _{IN}	±2.0	mA
Current through status pin (DC)	I _{ST}	±5.0	
see internal circuit diagrams page 7			

Supply voltages higher than $V_{bb(AZ)}$ require an external current limit for the GND and status pins, e.g. with a 150 Ω resistor in the GND connection and a 15 k Ω resistor in series with the status pin. A resistor for the protection of the input is integrated.

 $R_{\rm I}$ = internal resistance of the load dump test pulse generator $V_{\rm Load\ dump}$ is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839



Parameter and Conditions, each channel	Symbol		Values		
at T_j = 25 °C, V_{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified		min	typ	max	

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions Symbol Values		;	Unit			
			min	typ	max	
Thermal resistance	chip - case, both channels: each channel:	R _{thJC}			3.5	K/W
	junction - ambient (free air):	R_{thJA}			7.0 75	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions, each channel	Symbol	Values		Unit	
at T_j = 25 °C, V_{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified		min	typ	max	

Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

Load Switching Cap	abilities and onaracteristics					
On-state resistance (p	oin 4 to 1 or 7)					
$I_{L} = 1.8 \text{ A}$	<i>T</i> _j =25 °C:	Ron		160	200	mΩ
each channel	<i>T</i> _j =150 °C:			320	400	
	ISO Norm (pin 4 to 1 or 7)	_	1.8	2.3		_
$V_{\rm ON} = 0.5 \text{V}, \ T_{\rm C} = 85 \text{G}$		$I_{L(ISO)}$	3.5	4.4		Α
	both channels parallel:					
or GND pulled up, V	or 7) while GND disconnected $_{\text{bb}}$ =30 V, V_{IN} = 0, see diagram	I _{L(GNDhigh)}			10	mA
page 8						
Turn-on time	IN \perp to 90% V_{OUT} :	t_{on}	80	200	400	μs
Turn-off time	IN \square to 10% V_{OUT} :	$t_{ m off}$	80	200	400	
$R_{\rm L}$ = 12 Ω , $T_{\rm j}$ =-40	+150°C					
Slew rate on		dV/dt _{on}	0.1		1	V/µs
10 to 30% V_{OUT} , R_{L} =	= 12 Ω, <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C					
Slew rate off		-dV/dt _{off}	0.1		1	V/µs
70 to 40% V_{OUT} , $R_L =$	= 12 Ω, <i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C					

3



Parameter and Conditions, each channel	Symbol	Values			Unit
at T_j = 25 °C, V_{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified		min	typ	max	

Operating Parameters

Operating Parameters						
Operating voltage ⁵⁾	<i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C:	V _{bb(on)}	5.0		34	V
Undervoltage shutdown	<i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C:	V _{bb(under)}	3.5		5.0	V
Undervoltage restart	T _j =-40+25°C: T _j =+150°C:	V _{bb(u rst)}			5.0 7.0	V
Undervoltage restart of charge see diagram page 12	pump	$V_{ m bb(ucp)}$		5.6	7.0	V
Undervoltage hysteresis $\Delta V_{\text{bb(under)}} = V_{\text{bb(u rst)}} - V_{\text{bb(under)}}$		$\Delta V_{ m bb(under)}$		0.2		V
Overvoltage shutdown	$T_{\rm j}$ =-40+150°C:	$V_{ m bb(over)}$	34		43	V
Overvoltage restart	$T_{\rm j}$ =-40+150°C:	V _{bb(o rst)}	33			V
Overvoltage hysteresis	$T_{\rm j}$ =-40+150°C:	$\Delta V_{ m bb(over)}$		0.5		V
Overvoltage protection ⁶⁾	<i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C:	$V_{\rm bb(AZ)}$	42	47		V
I _{bb} =40 mA						
Standby current (pin 4),		I _{bb(off)}				μΑ
V_{IN} =0	<i>T</i> _j =-40+150°C:			90	150	
Operating current (Pin 2) ⁷), V_{IN} : both channels on, $T_i = -40+1$		I _{GND}		0.6	1.2	mA
Operating current (Pin 2) ⁷⁾ one channel on, T_1 =-40+15	0°C:,	I _{GND}		0.4	0.7	mA

At supply voltage increase up to V_{bb} = 5.6 V typ without charge pump, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{bb}$ - 2 V See also $V_{ON(CL)}$ in table of protection functions and circuit diagram page 8. Add I_{ST} , if I_{ST} > 0, add I_{IN} , if V_{IN} >5.5 V



		1 17		1130	12111
Parameter and Conditions, each channel	Symbol		Values		Unit
at T _j = 25 °C, V _{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified		min	typ	max	
Protection Functions ⁸⁾					
Initial peak short circuit current limit (pin 4 to 1 or 7)	I _{L(SCp)}				
τ _j =-40°C: τ _j =25°C: τ _j =+150°C:		5.5 4.5 2.5	9.5 7.5 4.5	13 11 7	Α
Repetitive short circuit shutdown current limit	I _{L(SCr)}				
$T_{\rm j} = T_{\rm jt}$ (see timing diagrams, page 11)			4		Α
Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{bb}} - V_{\text{ON(CL)}}$ $I_{\text{L}} = 40 \text{ mA}$:	V _{ON(CL)}	41	47	53	V
Thermal overload trip temperature	T_{jt}	150			°C
Thermal hysteresis	$\Delta T_{\rm jt}$		10		K
Reverse battery (pin 4 to 2) 9)	-V _{bb}			32	V
Reverse battery voltage drop (Vout > Vbb)					
I_L = -1.9 A, each channel T_j =150 °C:	-V _{ON(rev)}		610		mV
Diagnostic Characteristics					
Open load detection current (included in standby current $I_{bb(off)}$)	I _{L(off)}		30		μА
Open load detection voltage T_j =-40150°C:	V _{OUT(OL)}	2	3	4	V

Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

⁹⁾ Requires 150 Ω resistor in GND connection. The reverse load current through the intrinsic drain-source diode has to be limited by the connected load. Note that the power dissipation is higher compared to normal operating conditions due to the voltage drop across the intrinsic drain-source diode. The temperature protection is not active during reverse current operation! Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 2 and circuit page 8).



Symbol		Values		Unit
	min	typ	max	
R _I	2.5	3.5	6	kΩ
$V_{IN(T^+)}$	1.7		3.5	V
$V_{IN(T-)}$	1.5			V
$\Delta V_{\text{IN(T)}}$		0.5		V
I _{IN(off)}	1		50	μΑ
I _{IN(on)}	20	50	90	μΑ
t _{d(ST OL3)}		220		μs
$V_{\rm ST(high)}$	5.4	6.1		V
$V_{\rm ST(low)}$			0.4	
			0.6	
	$R_{\rm I}$ $V_{\rm IN(T+)}$ $V_{\rm IN(T-)}$ $\Delta V_{\rm IN(T)}$ $I_{\rm IN(off)}$ $I_{\rm IN(on)}$ $t_{\rm d(ST\ OL3)}$ $V_{\rm ST(high)}$	$R_{\rm I}$ 2.5 $V_{\rm IN(T+)}$ 1.7 $V_{\rm IN(T-)}$ 1.5 $\Delta V_{\rm IN(T)}$ $I_{\rm IN(off)}$ 1 $I_{\rm IN(on)}$ 20 $t_{\rm d(ST\ OL3)}$ $V_{\rm ST(high)}$ 5.4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

 $[\]overline{}^{10)}$ If a ground resistor R_{GND} is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor.



Truth Table

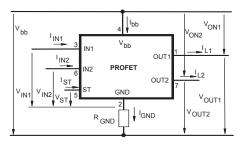
		IN1	IN2	OUT1	OUT2	ST
						ITS612N1
Normal operation		L	L	L	L	Н
		L	Н	L	Н	Н
		Н	L	Н	L	Н
		Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
Open load	Channel 1	L	L	Z	L	L
		L	Н	Z	Н	Н
		Н	X	Н	X	Н
	Channel 2	L	L	L	Z	L
		Н	L	Н	Z	Н
		X	Н	X	Н	Н
Short circuit to V _{bb}	Channel 1	L	L	Н	L	L
		L	Н	Н	Н	Н
		Н	X	Н	X	Н
	Channel 2	L	L	L	Н	L
		Н	L	Н	Н	Н
		X	Н	X	Н	Н
Overtemperature	both channel	L	L	L	L	Н
		X	Н	L	L	L
		Н	Х	L	L	L
	Channel 1	L	Х	L	Х	Н
		Н	Х	L	X	L
	Channel 2	Х	L	Х	L	Н
		Х	Н	X	L	L
Undervoltage/ Overvoltage	·	Х	Х	L	L	Н

L = "Low" Level H = "High" Level X = don't care

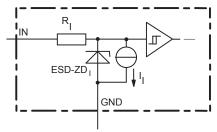
Z = high impedance, potential depends on external circuit

Status signal after the time delay shown in the diagrams (see fig 5. page 12)

Terms

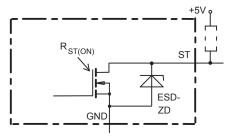


Input circuit (ESD protection)



ESD zener diodes are not to be used as voltage clamp at DC conditions. Operation in this mode may result in a drift of the zener voltage (increase of up to 1 V).

Status output



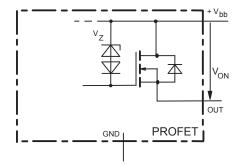
ESD-Zener diode: 6.1 V typ., max 5 mA;

 $R_{ST(ON)}$ < 380 Ω at 1.6 mA, ESD zener diodes are not to be used as voltage clamp at DC conditions.

Operation in this mode may result in a drift of the zener voltage (increase of up to 1 V).

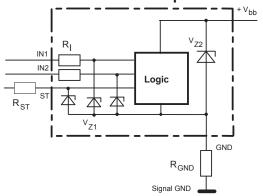


Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



V_{ON} clamped to 47 V typ.

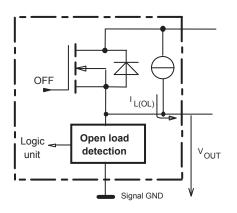
Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



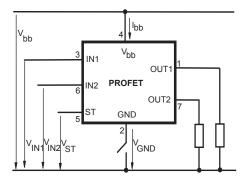
 $V_{\rm Z1}$ = 6.1 V typ., $V_{\rm Z2}$ = 47 V typ., $R_{\rm I}$ = 3.5 k Ω typ, $R_{\rm GND}$ = 150 Ω

Open-load detection

OFF-state diagnostic condition: $V_{OUT} > 3 \text{ V typ.}$; IN low

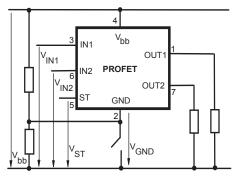


GND disconnect



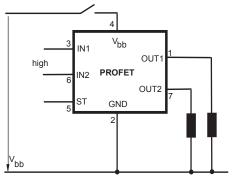
Any kind of load. In case of Input=high is $V_{\rm OUT} \approx V_{\rm IN}$ - $V_{\rm IN(T+)}$. Due to V_{GND} >0, no V_{ST} = low signal available.

GND disconnect with GND pull up



Any kind of load. If $V_{GND} > V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$ device stays off Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} =$ low signal available.

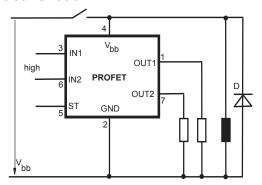
$V_{\mbox{\scriptsize bb}}$ disconnect with energized inductive load



Normal load current can be handled by the PROFET itself

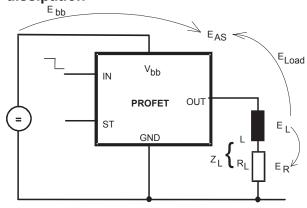


V_{bb} disconnect with charged external inductive load



If other external inductive loads L are connected to the PROFET, additional elements like D are necessary.

Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation



Energy stored in load inductance:

$$E_L = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I_L^2$$

While demagnetizing load inductance, the energy dissipated in PROFET is

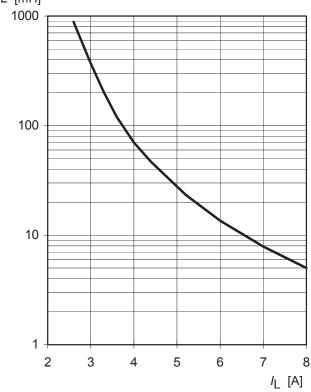
$$\textit{E}_{AS} = \textit{E}_{bb} + \textit{E}_{L} - \textit{E}_{R} = \int \textit{V}_{ON(CL)} \cdot \textit{i}_{L}(t) \; dt,$$

with an approximate solution for $R_L>0\,\Omega$:

$$E_{\text{AS}} = \frac{I_{\text{L}} \cdot L}{2 \cdot R_{\text{L}}} \cdot \left(V_{\text{bb}} + |V_{\text{OUT(CL)}}| \right) \cdot \ln \left(1 + \frac{I_{\text{L}} \cdot R_{\text{L}}}{|V_{\text{OUT(CL)}}|} \right)$$

Maximum allowable load inductance for a single switch off (both channels parallel)

$$L = f(I_L)$$
; $T_{j,\text{start}} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_C = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ const.,
 $V_{bb} = 12 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 0 \Omega$

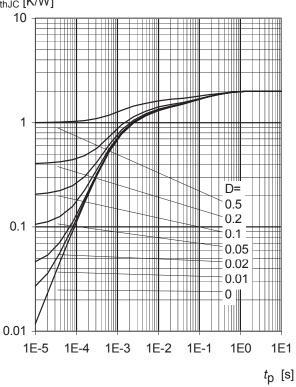




Typ. transient thermal impedance chip case

 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$, one Channel active

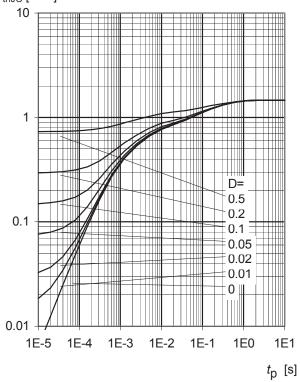




Transient thermal impedance chip case

 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$, both Channel active

Z_{thJC} [K/W]





Timing diagrams

Both channels are symmetric and consequently the diagrams are valid for each channel as well as for permuted channels

Figure 1a: V_{bb} turn on:

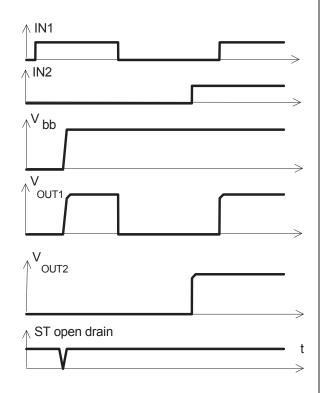


Figure 2a: Switching a lamp:

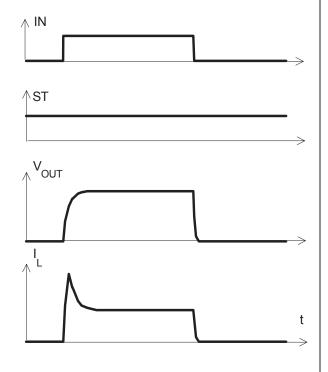


Figure 2b: Switching an inductive load

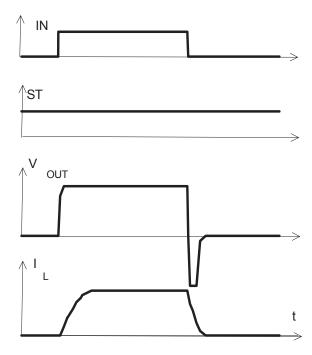
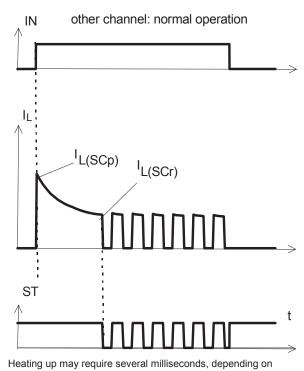


Figure 3a: Short circuit shut down by overtempertature, reset by cooling



external conditions





Figure 4a: Overtemperature: Reset if $T_i < T_{it}$

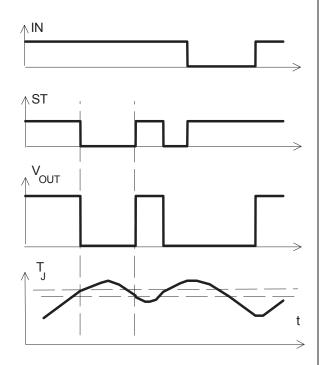


Figure 5a: Open load: detection in OFF-state, turn on/off to open load

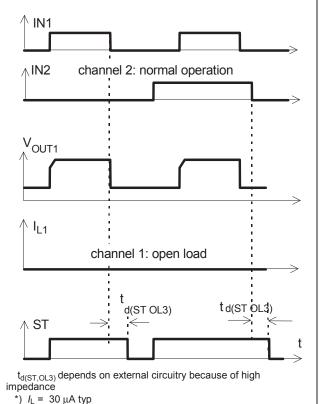


Figure 6a: Undervoltage:

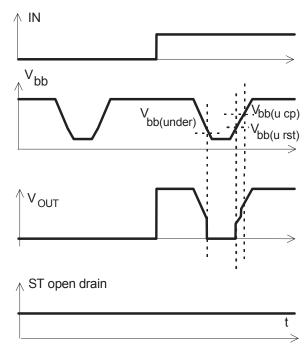
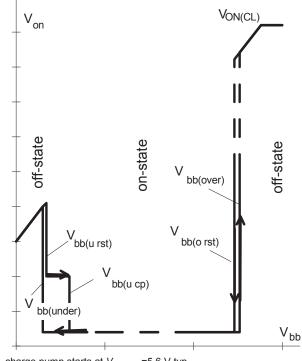


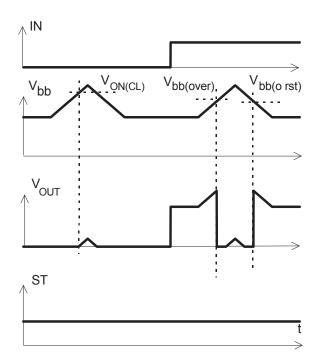
Figure 6b: Undervoltage restart of charge pump



charge pump starts at $V_{\rm bb(ucp)}$ =5.6 V typ.



Figure 7a: Overvoltage:



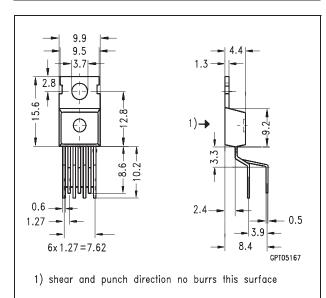


Package and Ordering Code

All dimensions in mm

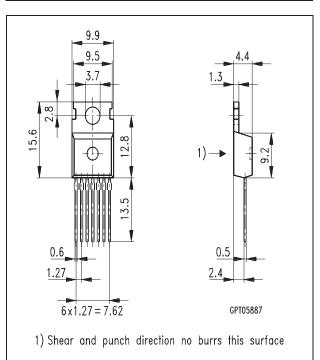
Standard PG-TO220AB/7 Ordering code

ITS612N1 SP000221233



PG-TO220AB/7, Opt. E3230 Ordering code

ITS612N1 E3230 SP000221234



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