

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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ClockIt is a clock with an alarm - short and sweet. For a beginner, expect to spend 20-30 minutes assembling the kit.

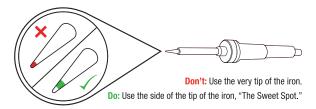
Based on the ATMega microcontroller, the code that runs Clocklt is available online. You can even reprogram Clocklt to be a count-down timer (for those bomb diffusing movie moments), a lovely egg timer, or any other device that requires a display, buzzer, and buttons (external programmer required).

Kit includes:

- 3/4" Female Standoff (quantity: 2)
- 22pF Cap (quantity: 2)
- 4 Digit Display
- ATMega microcontroller
- 5V Wall Wart
- . Push Button (quantity: 3)
- 10μF Cap

- · Resistor 10K 0hm
- Cap 0.1μF
- 1/4" Phillips Screw (quantity: 2)
- · Mini Power Switch
- Buzzer
- · Barrel Jack
- Crystal 16MHz

(!) SOLDERING TIPS





Do: Touch the iron to the component leg and metal ring at the same time.



Do: While continuing to hold the iron in contact with the leg and metal ring, feed solder into the joint.



Don't: Glob the solder straight onto the iron and try to apply the solder with the iron.



Do: Use a sponge to clean your iron whenever black oxidization builds up on the tip.

(!) SOLDERING TIPS



A

Solder flows around the leg and fills the hole - forming a volcano-shaped mound of solder.



В

Error: Solder balls up on the leg, not connecting the leg to the metal ring. Solution: Add flux, then touch up with iron.



C

Error: Bad Connection (i.e. it doesn't look like a volcano)
Solution: Flux then add solder.



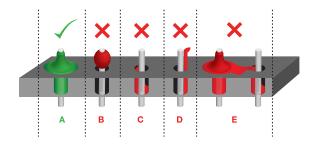
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Error: Bad Connection...and ugly...oh so ugly. Solution: Flux then add solder.



Ε

Error: Too much solder connecting adjacent legs (aka a solder jumper).
Solution: Wick off excess solder



QUICKSTART - YOUR FIRST COMPONENT

[STEPS 1 TO 11]

1 Locate the 10K Resistor.



Bend the legs downward.



3 Locate the 10K Resistor position on the board. TOP

4) Insert the resistor into the PCB.



(5) Push the resistor in so it is nearly flush with the board.



6 Flip board over and slightly bend the legs outward to hold it in place.



QUICKSTART - YOUR FIRST COMPONENT

[STEPS 1 TO 11]

Tip the board over. Hold the soldering iron's "Sweet Spot" so it touches both the leg and the metal ring. Hold for 2 seconds.



8 Feed solder into the joint.



9 Pull solder away first.



(10) Your solder joints should look like this - a tiny volcano.



(11) Clip off any excess on the legs.





Now that you've successfully soldered in a resistor, use the same method to place and solder the rest of the compnents.

(!) EACH STEP HAS TWO PARTS

- **↑** START BY PLACING THE COMPONENT THROUGH THE **TOP SIDE OF THE BOARD.**
- TURN THE BOARD OVER TO SOLDER ON THE BOTTOM SIDE OF THE BOARD.



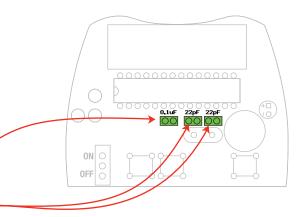
Steps highlighted with a yellow warning triangle represent a polarized component. Pay special attention to the component's markings indicating how to place it on the board.



 $0.1\mu F$ Cap (decoupling cap): Marked "104." Make sure you solder the one $0.1\mu F$ Cap. Do not confuse it with the 22pF caps!



22pF Caps (crystal caps): Marked "220."







ATMega 🛕

ATMega (microcontroller): Make sure the notch on the chip aligns with the notch on the board.



16MHz Crystal (timing source)



TOWINZ Crystal (tilling soul





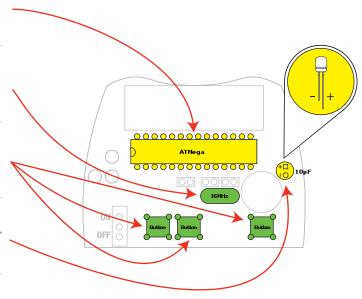
Buttons (time input) - Push into place and solder.





10µF Cap (decoupling cap): Typically the cap has a gold negative sign '-' on the side. This aligns with the black '-' on the board. The short lead is the ground.







Remember highlighted components are polarized.



Display Match the dots on the display with the dots on the board. There is a decimal at the bottom of the board after each number.



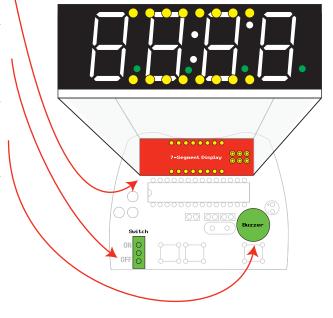
Slide Switch (alarm control): Keep iron tip away from top of switch! Plastic melts easily!





Buzzer (alarm): Remove the sticker that might be covering the buzzer.





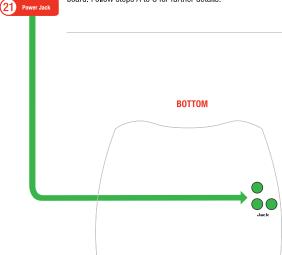


Remember highlighted components are polarized.

(1) WORK ON THE BOTTOM SIDE FOR THIS STEP ONLY



Power Jack (power): Solder this part through the **bottom** of the board. Follow steps A to C for further details.



Take your board and flip it over to the bottom side.



(B) This is the bottom side. Place PowerJack in flush to board.



C Flip back to the top side of the board. Solder the Jack into place.



(!) TROUBLESHOOTING JUMPERS

Did you accidentally solder a jumper between two legs? Don't fret! Here is a simple process using solder wick to remove the excess solder.



Locate a piece of solder wick.



Place solder wick on top of solder.



Place iron on top of solder wick. Hold for 3-4 seconds.



Once the solder begins to flow into the wick, pull the wick and iron away at the same time.



FINAL ASSEMBLY



No screwdriver necessary.
Please only hand-tighten the screws and standoffs.



Standoff & Phillips Screw (mechanical): Attach 2 corner standoffs with 2 screws. Hold the screw in place and twist standoff onto screw.

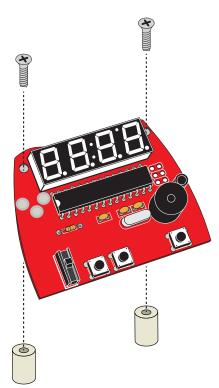


Plug in power and check to see if your blue display lights up.



23 Power Up!





SETTING THE TIME

- 1 Hold Up and Down at the same time.
- 2 Use the Up and Down buttons to adjust the time.
- Press Snooze when done.

SETTING THE ALARM

- 1 Hold Snooze.
- (2) Use the Up and Down buttons to adjust the time.
- 3 Press Snooze when done.



