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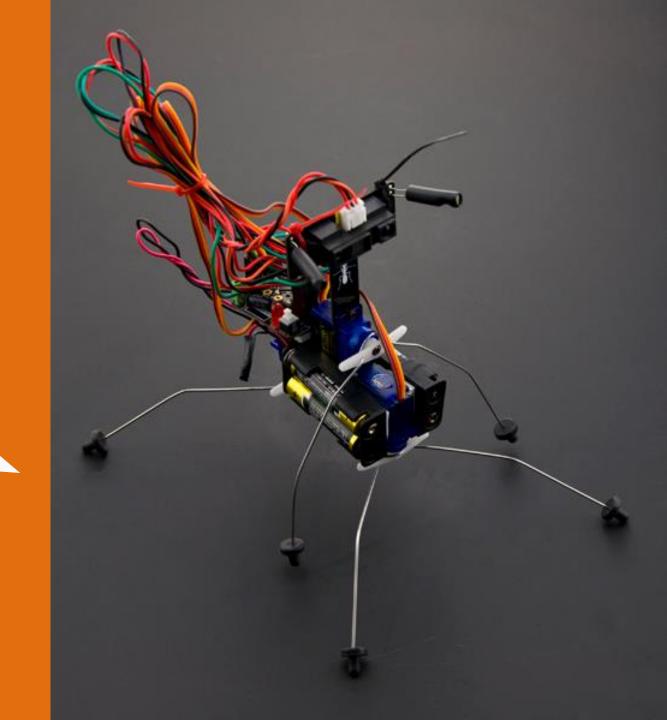
Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





How to build an Insectbot!

Once you pick up an Insectbot, you won't be able to put it down!





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Tools Required

Screwdriver

A screwdriver is used to tighten and loosen screws. It is an essential tool for making your Insectbot. You can get yourself a screwdriver kit with various types of fittings for making robots!

Long-nose Pliers

Long nose pliers are used to bend and cut things. We use long nose pliers in this project to twist steel wire. They can also be used to cut steel wire.



Scissors are used to cut paper and other components.



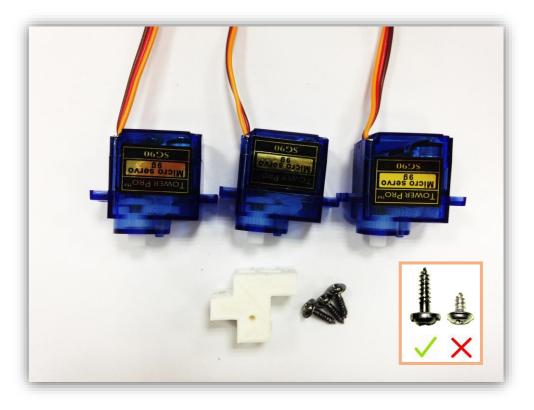


STEP 1: Insectbot Body

You will need:

- 3 x 9G Micro servos
- 1 x Block
- 3 x Long Screws (included in the servo accessory bag)

Note: see diagram for correct screws



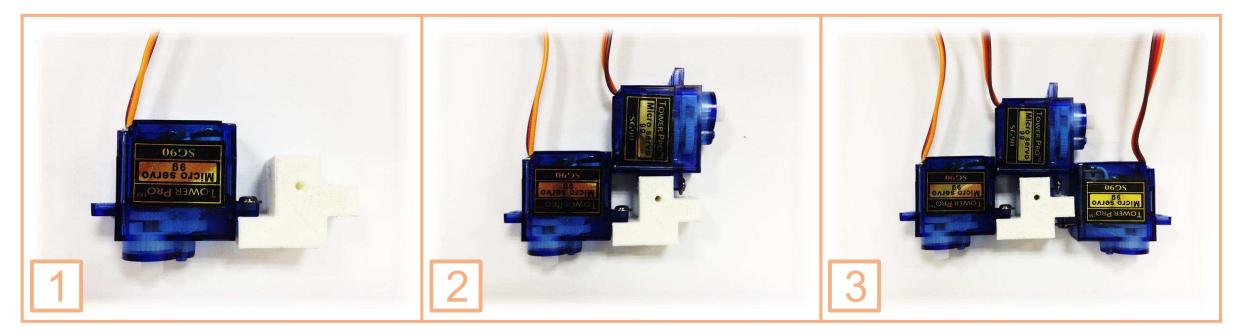




STEP 1: Insectbot Body

Firmly attach the 3 micro servos to the block as pictured using long screws and a screwdriver. Pay careful attention to the direction that each micro servo faces

Note: Make sure each micro servo is securely fastened to the block so that it can't move







STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

You will need steel wire. Find the midpoint of one piece of steel wire and then use the long-nose pliers to bend it in to a "v" shape, just like picture 3.

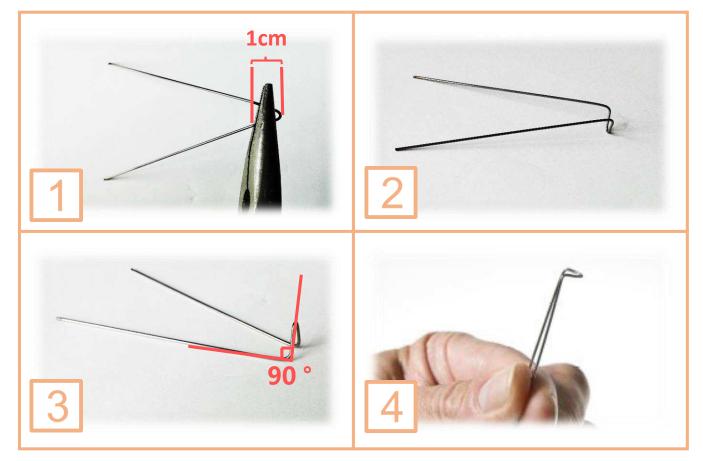




STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Twist the tip of the wire 1cm from the narrow edge of the "v" shape

Make three bent pieces of wire using this method







STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Your micro servos come with accessories. Take a look inside the accessories bag and you will find some servo horns

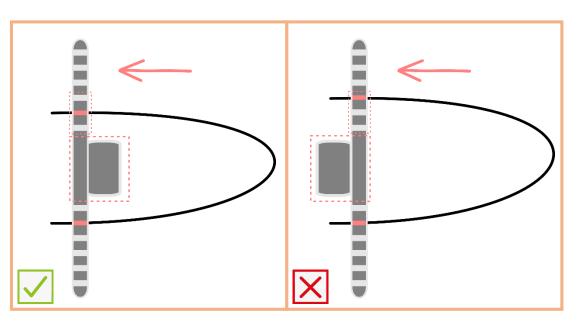
Thread each piece of twisted wire through the holes on the servo horns as pictured on the right

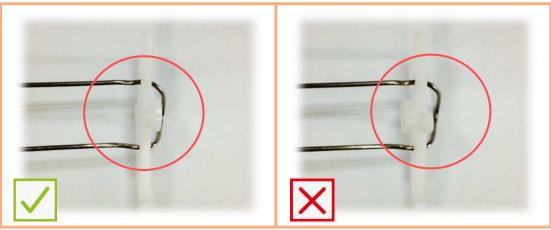
Note:

Be careful that the servo horn is the correct way around - see the diagram for reference

L Caution: Adult supervision required!









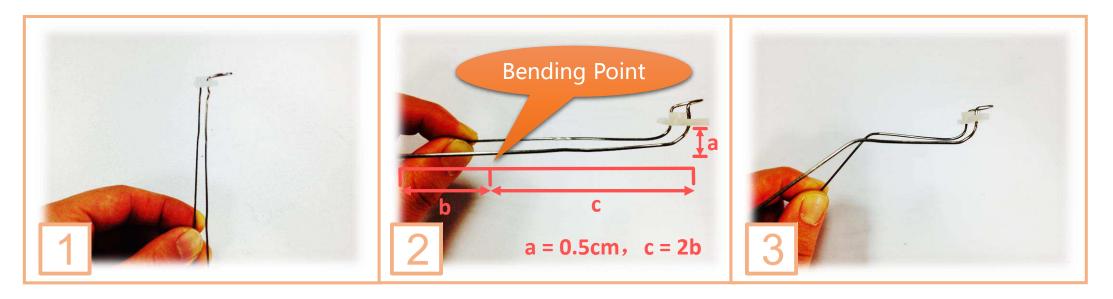


STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Let's make the Insectbot's front and hind legs. They are both made of steel wire that is bent in the same way as before

1) Bend the narrow end of the "v" shape of the steel wire forward as in picture 1. Pay attention that the bent section is no longer than 0.5 cm

2) Find the bending point as it is shown in picture 2. This point is between b and c. Bend the wire so that it looks like picture 33) Repeat the process so that you have two sets of legs

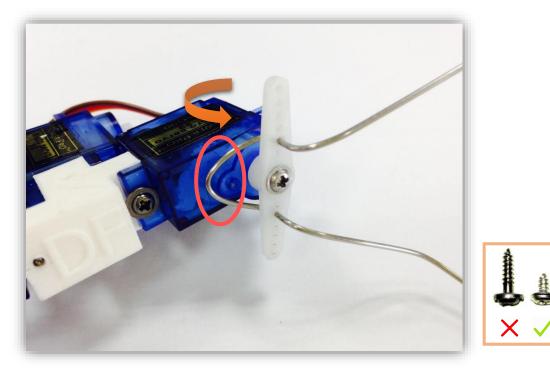




STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Attach the front legs and hind legs to the Insectbot body by attaching each leg's servo horn to a servo using a short screw. Pay attention to the diagram below to make sure you are using the correct length of screw!

Check to see that the servo horns can move freely when attached to the servo. Check that there are no obstructions caused by the bent steel wire that stop the servo horn moving. The red circle in the diagram below shows one possible obstruction. If this happens, you can simply bend the wire forwards out of the way.

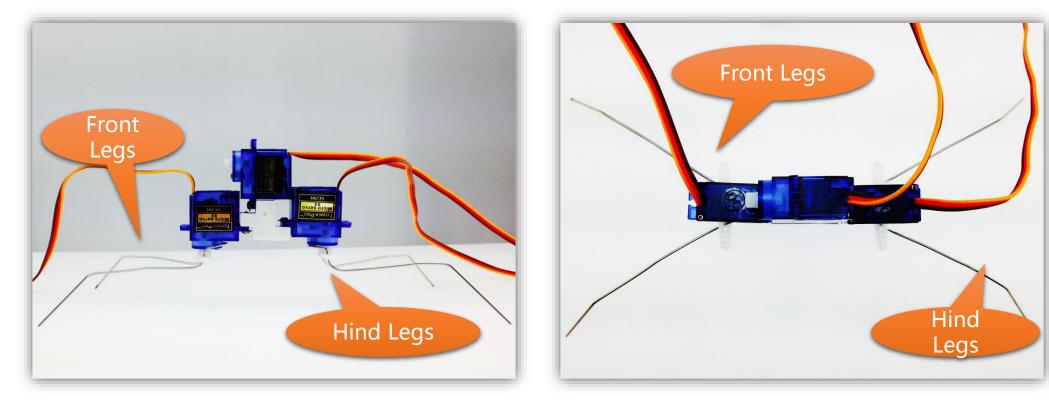




STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Place the Insectbot on a flat surface to make sure that it can stand flat and stable

Check that both the front and hind legs can touch the surface of the table

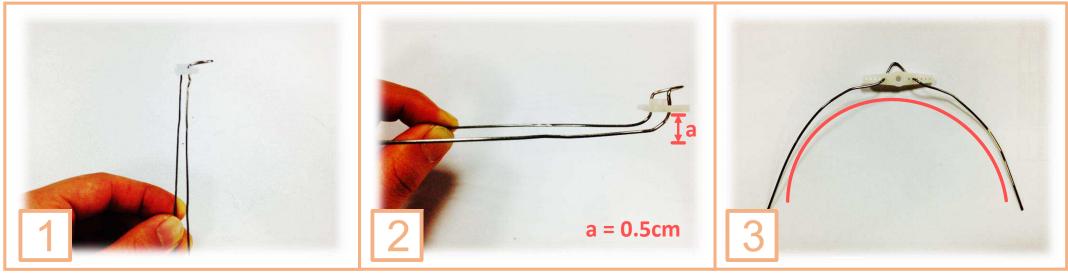




STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Now let's make the Insectbot's middle legs.

- 1) Bend the narrow end of the "v" shape of the steel wire forward as in picture 1, as you did with the other legs
- 2) Pay attention that the bent section is no longer than 0.5 cm
- 3) Bend the wire in to an arch shape, as in picture 3

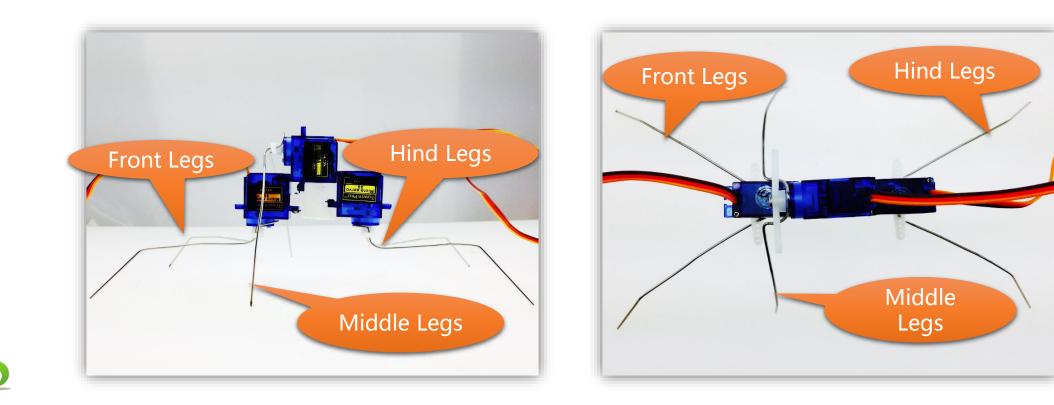




STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

Attach the Insectbot's middle legs to the body using the same process as you did for the front legs and hind legs

Make sure that the Insectbot can stand firmly on a flat surface and that all six legs touch the surface. If the legs do not, bend them so that they do.





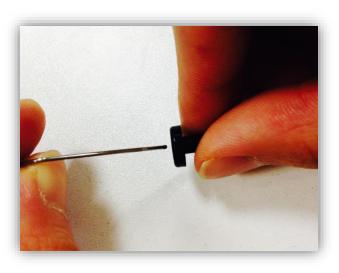
STEP 2: Insectbot Legs

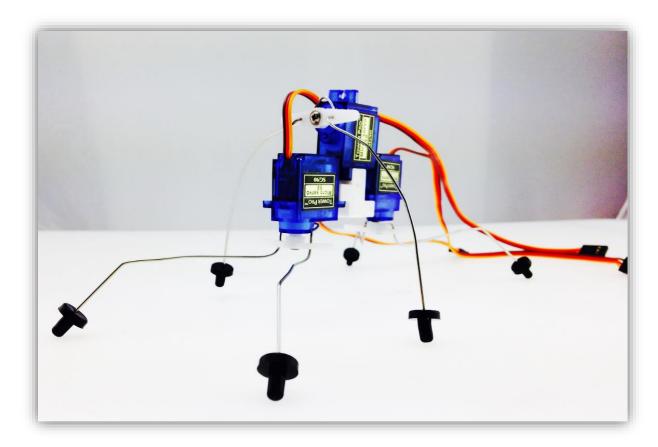
Carefully poke the end of each leg in to a rubber foot so that the sharp ends of the steel wire don't scratch your floors and furniture

Your Insectbot should look like the picture on the right when finished.



Caution: Wire ends are sharp! Adult supervision required!





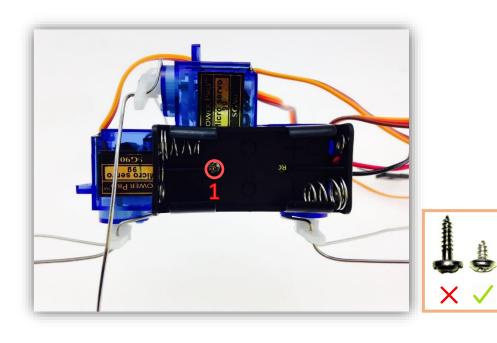


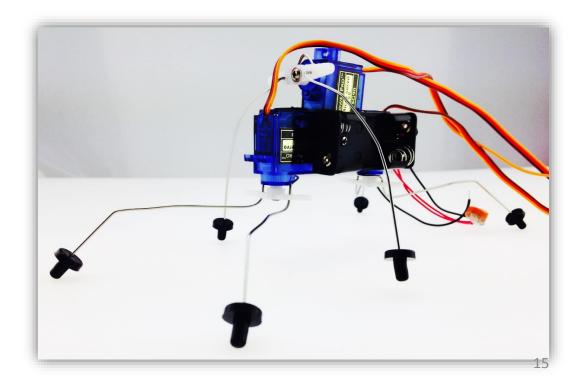


STEP 3: Battery Holder

We need to add a battery holder to each side of Insectbot to give it power

Take out the screws inside the box and then fix them on to both sides of the its body. Be sure to use the correct sized screws as pictured. The first hole should be in line with the hole of the top servo's screw-hole on the body (picture 1)



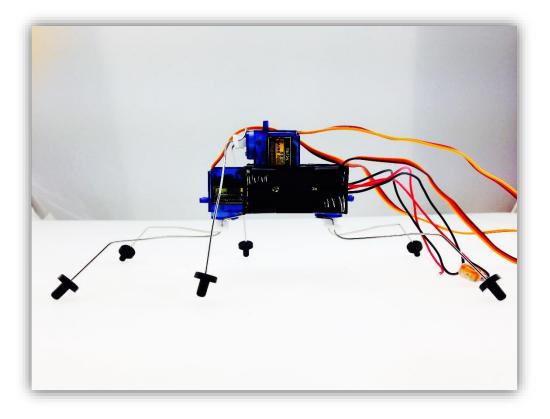


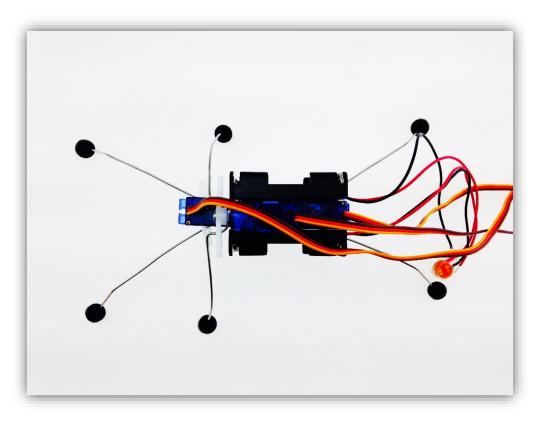




STEP 3: Battery Holder

Use these photos as a reference to see if each battery holder is located in the right place





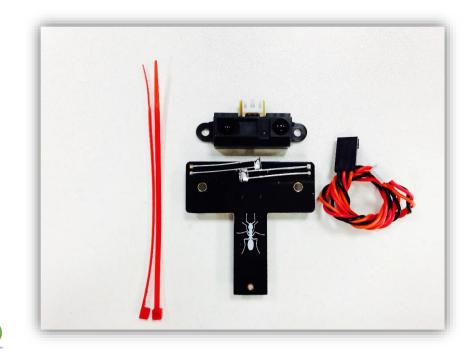


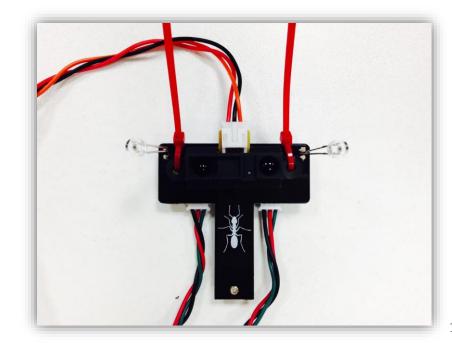


STEP 4: Insectbot Eyes

Now let's make the Insectbot's eyes.

- Take out the IR distance sensor, PCB and two red nylon cable ties from the component bag
- Turn the PCB over so that the back is facing you
- Fix two red cable ties into the two holes along the top of the PCB and tighten them around the edge of it as pictured
- Connect the IR distance sensor to the PCB using the provided wire. Make sure the wire is fully seated in its socket

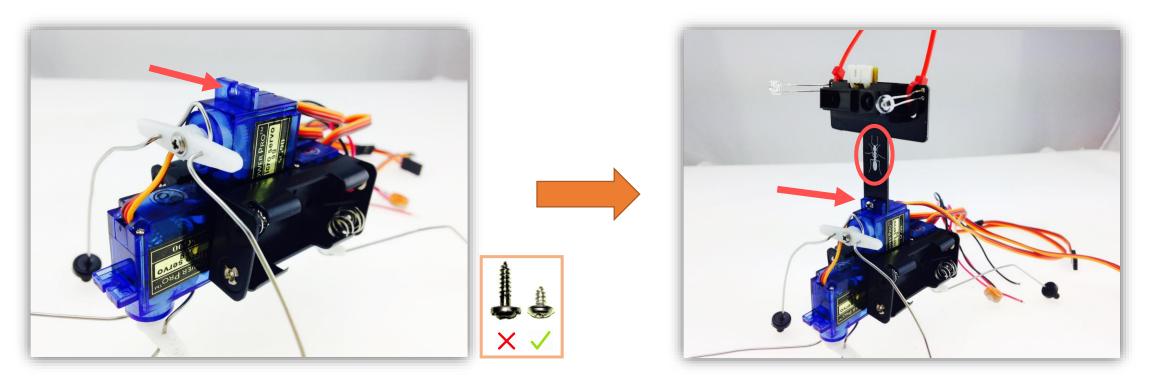






STEP 4: Insectbot Eyes

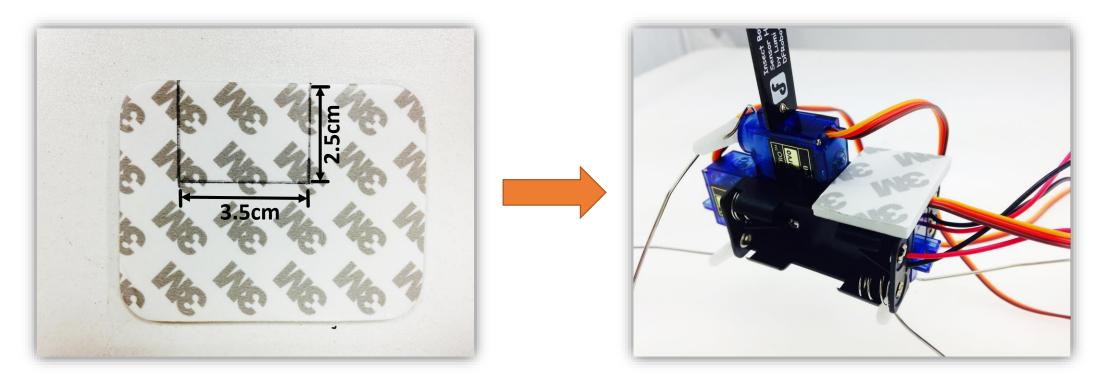
Fix the eye assembly on to the top of Insectbot's body with the same short screws used for the battery holder. The lower picture shows what the completed assembly should look like – note the direction of the PCB





STEP 5: Insectbot Brain

Take the provided 3M double sided tape and draw a 3.5 x 2.5cm square on it. Cut it out using scissors. Stick one side of the tape to the back of the Insectbot's body as pictured



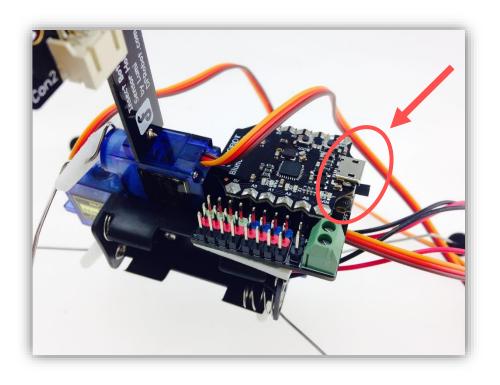


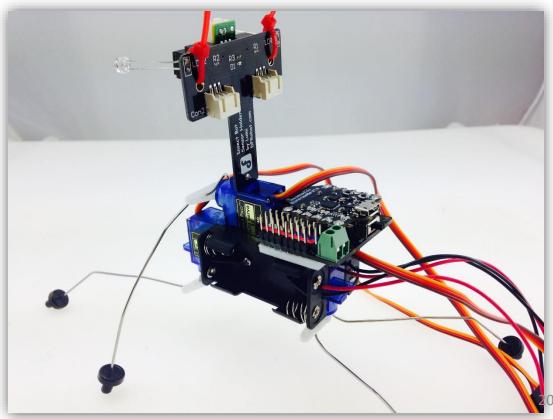


STEP 5: Insectbot Brain

Take out the Beetle Shield. This is the Insectbot's brain!

Stick the shield on to the adhesive pad with the power switch and USB connector of the shield facing towards the rear of the Insectbot









STEP 6: Hardware Connections

You are only one step away from getting your Insectbot moving! All you have to do is complete the circuit connections according to the diagram on the right. Then you can install batteries and play!

NOTE: When connecting the cables, please pay attention to the order of the connections. They must be attached exactly as shown in the map.

Pay particular attention to the upper right of the circuit board with the following symbols: + (red wire), – (black/brown wire) and S (orange/green wire).

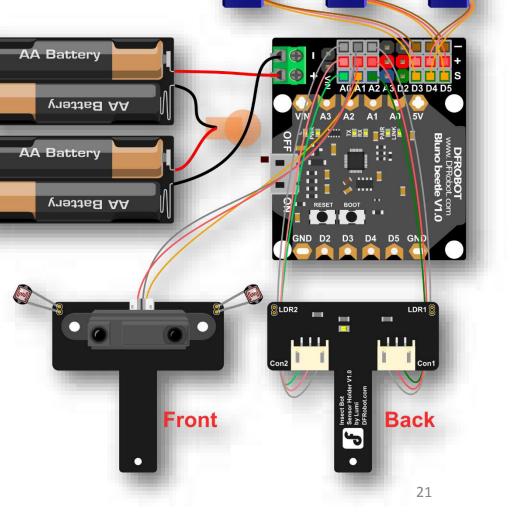
- Infrared Sensor A1
 - S = Orange
 - + = Red
 - = Black

- Light Sensor Con2 A0
- Light Sensor Con1 A2
 - S = Green
 - + = Red
- = Black

Be sure that all cables are connected correctly or you risk damaging your components!

- Forelegs' Steering Gear– D3
- Middle legs' Steering Gear– D5
- Hind Legs' Steering Gear– D4
 - S = Orange
 - + = Red
- = Brown

- Battery Holder Red Wire Beetle terminal +
- Battery Holder Black Wire Beetle terminal -



Forelea

Middle Leg

Hind Lea



STEP 6: Hardware Connections

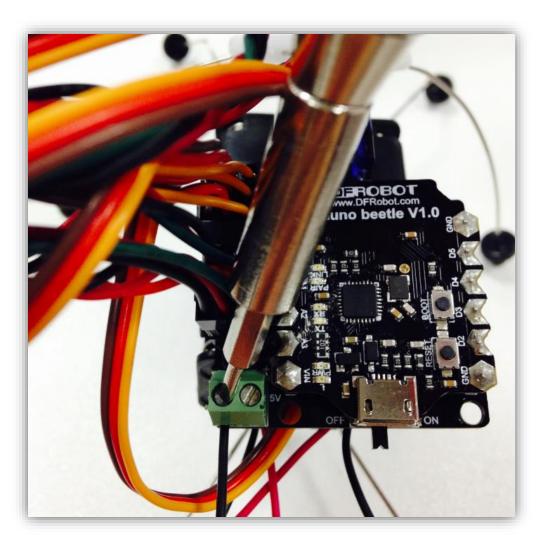
How to use screw terminals:

1. Loosen the screws on the terminal with a screwdriver

2. Place wires inside holes in terminal. Be sure that the red and black wires are in the correct holes:

- Battery Holder Red Wire Beetle terminal +
- Battery Holder Black Wire Beetle terminal –

3. Tighten the screws of the terminal with a screwdriver



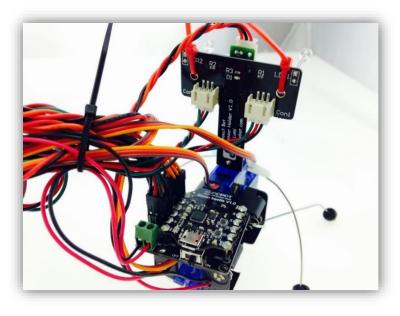


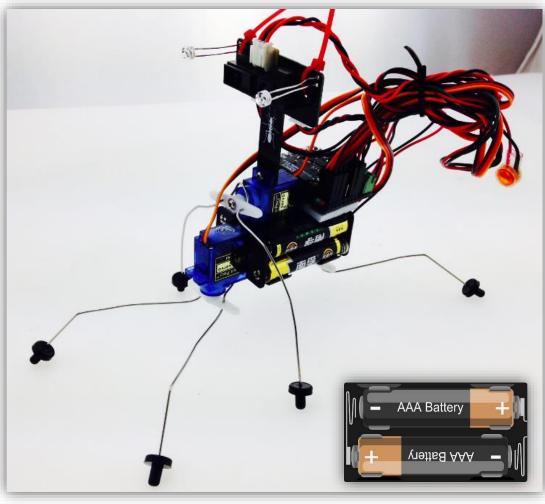


STEP 7: Battery Installation

Place 4 x AAA batteries in to the battery holders. Be sure that they are installed the correct way around (see diagram to the right for reference)

Turn on your Insectbot using the power switch. Does it work? If so, congratulations! You can now tidy the wiring with cable ties.

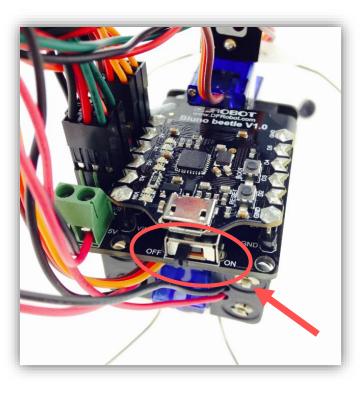


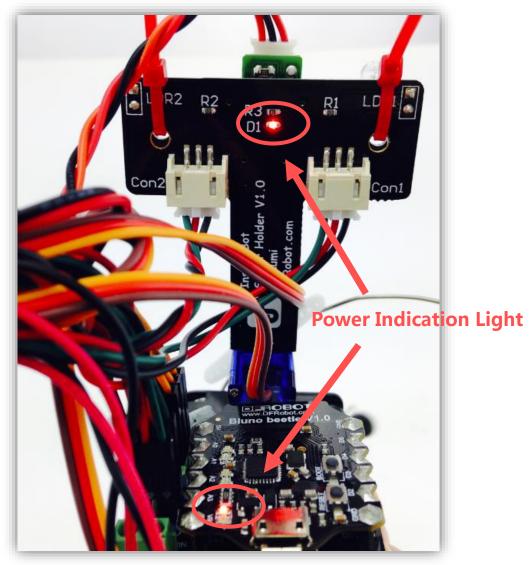




STEP 8: Testing

Turn on your Insectbot using the power switch (as shown in the diagram). You should see a red power indication light.







STEP 8: Testing

Once powered on, your Insectbot can move. If it can't walk properly, don't worry – you just need to adjust the servos. Refer to the next page for details...

