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With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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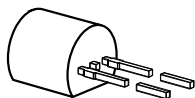


Silicon Temperature Sensors

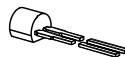
| | |
|----------|----------|
| KT 100 | KTY 10-x |
| KT 110 | KTY 11-x |
| KT 130 | KTY 13-x |
| KT 210 | KTY 21-x |
| KT 230 | KTY 23-x |
| KTY 16-6 | KTY 19-6 |

Features

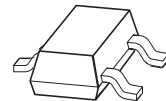
- Temperature dependent resistor with positive temperature coefficient
- Temperature range – 50 °C to + 150 °C (– 60 F to 300 F)
- Available in SMD or leaded or customized packages
- Linear output
- Excellent longterm stability
- Polarity independent due to symmetrical construction
- Fast response time
- Resistance tolerances (R_{25}) of $\pm 3\%$ or $\pm 1\%$



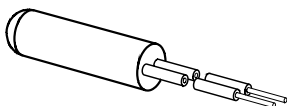
Modified TO-92



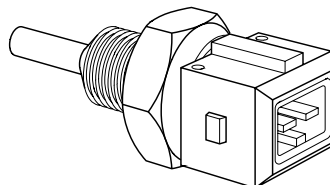
TO-92 Mini



SOT-23



KTY 16-6



KTY 19-6

Standard Packages

| Type | Marking | Ordering Code | $R_{25 \text{ min}}$ | $R_{25 \text{ max}}$ | Package |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | (in Ω with $I_{\text{op}} = 1 \text{ mA}$) | | |
| KT 100 | KT 100 | Q62705-K331 | 1940 | 2060 | TO-92 |
| KT 110 | T1 | Q62705-K332 | 1940 | 2060 | TO-92 Mini |
| KT 130 | T1 | Q62705-K333 | 1940 | 2060 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KT 210 | N1 | Q62705-K334 | 970 | 1030 | TO-92 Mini |
| KT 230 | N1 | Q62705-K335 | 970 | 1030 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KTY 10-5 | KTY 10-5 | Q62705-K110 | 1950 | 1990 | TO-92 |
| KTY 10-6 | KTY 10-6 | Q62705-K132 | 1980 | 2020 | TO-92 |
| KTY 10-62 | KTY 10-62 | Q62705-K71 | 1990 | 2010 | TO-92 |
| KTY 10-7 | KTY 10-7 | Q62705-K111 | 2010 | 2050 | TO-92 |
| KTY 11-5 | T5 | Q62705-K245 | 1950 | 1990 | TO-92 Mini |
| KTY 11-6 | T6 | Q62705-K246 | 1980 | 2020 | TO-92 Mini |
| KTY 11-7 | T7 | Q62705-K247 | 2010 | 2050 | TO-92 Mini |
| KTY 13-5 | T5 | Q62705-K249 | 1950 | 1990 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KTY 13-6 | T6 | Q62705-K250 | 1980 | 2020 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KTY 13-7 | T7 | Q62705-K251 | 2010 | 2050 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KTY 21-5 | N5 | Q62705-K258 | 975 | 995 | TO-92 Mini |
| KTY 21-6 | N6 | Q62705-K259 | 990 | 1010 | TO-92 Mini |
| KTY 21-7 | N7 | Q62705-K260 | 1005 | 1025 | TO-92 Mini |
| KTY 23-5 | N5 | Q62705-K262 | 975 | 995 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KTY 23-6 | N6 | Q62705-K263 | 990 | 1010 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |
| KTY 23-7 | N7 | Q62705-K264 | 1005 | 1025 | SOT-23 ¹⁾ |

Custom Packages

| Type | Marking | Ordering Code | $R_{25 \text{ min}}$ | $R_{25 \text{ max}}$ | Screw Thread |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------|--|----------------------|--------------|
| | | | (in Ω with $I_{\text{op}} = 1 \text{ mA}$) | | |
| KTY 16-6 | none | Q62705-K128 | 1980 | 2020 | – |
| KTY 19-6M | KTY 19M | Q62705-K271 | 1980 | 2020 | ISO M10x1 |
| KTY 19-6Z | KTY 19Z | Q62705-K272 | 1980 | 2020 | NPTF 1/8x27 |
| Connector set for KTY 19 | | Q62901-B80 | | | |

¹⁾ Electrical contact between Pin1 and Pin2 (refer to package outlines drawing).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | KT 1x0 KTY 1x-x | KT 2x0 KTY 2x-x | Unit |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|
| Maximum operating voltage ¹⁾ $T_A \leq 25\text{ °C}, t \leq 10\text{ ms}$ | V_{opmax} | 25 | | V |
| Maximum operating current | I_{opmax} | 5 | 7 | mA |
| Peak operating current $T_A \leq 25\text{ °C}, t \leq 10\text{ ms}$ | I_{opp} | 7 | 10 | mA |
| Operating temperature range | T_{op} | - 50 ... + 150 | | °C |
| Storage temperature range | T_{stg} | - 50 ... + 150 | | °C |

¹⁾ When the temperature sensor is operated with long supply leads, it should be protected through the parallel connection of a > 10 nF capacitor to prevent damage to the sensor through induced voltage peaks.

Electrical Characteristics

$I_{\text{op}} = 1\text{ mA}$

| Thermal Time Constant (τ); (63% of ΔT) | τ_{air} (typ.) | τ_{oil} (typ.) | Unit |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|
| KT 100, KTY 10-x | 40 | 4 | s |
| KT 110, KT 210, KTY 11-x, KTY 21-x | 11 | 1.5 | |
| KT 130, KT 230, KTY 13-x, KTY 23-x | 7 | 1 | |
| KTY 16-6 | 40 | 4 | |
| KTY 19-6M/Z | 40 | 4 | |

General Technical Data: KT- and KTY-Series Temperature Sensors

These temperature sensors are designed for the measurement, control and regulation of air, gases and liquids within the temperature range of -50 °C to $+150\text{ °C}$. The temperature sensing element is an n-conducting silicon crystal in planar technology. The gentle curvature of the characteristic, $R_T = f(T_A)$, is described as a regression parabola in the following expressions.

The resistance of the sensor can be calculated for various temperatures from the following second order equation, valid over the temperature range -30 °C to $+130\text{ °C}$.

$$R_T = R_{25} \times (1 + \alpha \times \Delta T_A + \beta \times \Delta T_A^2) = f(T_A)$$

$$\text{with: } \alpha = 7.88 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ K}^{-1}; \beta = 1.937 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-2}$$

The temperature factor k_T can be derived from this:

$$k_T = \frac{R_T}{R_{25}} = 1 + \alpha \times \Delta T_A + \beta \times \Delta T_A^2 = f(T_A)$$

The temperature at the sensor can be calculated from the change in the sensors resistance from the following equation, which approximates the characteristic curve.

$$T = \left(25 + \frac{\sqrt{\alpha^2 - 4 \times \beta + 4 \times \beta \times k_T} - \alpha}{2 \times \beta} \right) \text{°C}$$

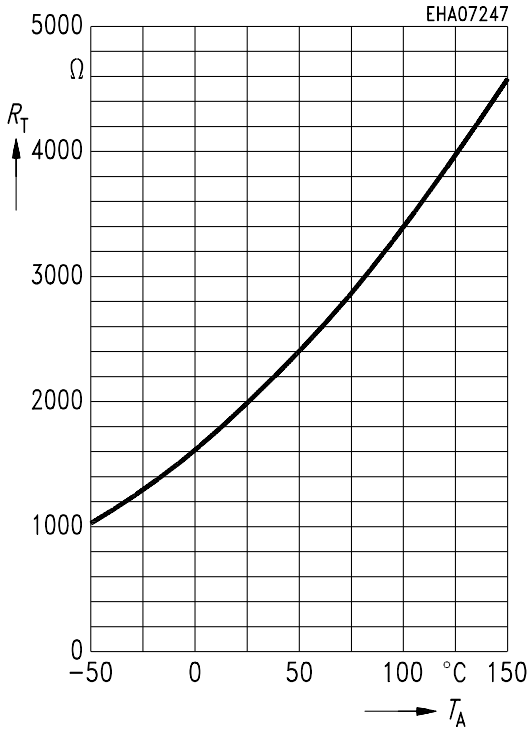
Table 1
Spread of the Temperature Factor k_T

| T_A °C | k_T | | |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| | min. | typ. | max. |
| - 50 | 0.506 | 0.518 | 0.530 |
| - 40 | 0.559 | 0.570 | 0.581 |
| - 30 | 0.615 | 0.625 | 0.635 |
| - 20 | 0.676 | 0.685 | 0.694 |
| - 10 | 0.741 | 0.748 | 0.755 |
| 0 | 0.810 | 0.815 | 0.821 |
| 10 | 0.883 | 0.886 | 0.890 |
| 20 | 0.960 | 0.961 | 0.962 |
| 25 | 1.0 ¹⁾ | | |
| 30 | 1.039 | 1.040 | 1.041 |
| 40 | 1.119 | 1.123 | 1.126 |
| 50 | 1.204 | 1.209 | 1.215 |
| 60 | 1.291 | 1.300 | 1.308 |
| 70 | 1.383 | 1.394 | 1.405 |
| 80 | 1.478 | 1.492 | 1.506 |
| 90 | 1.577 | 1.594 | 1.611 |
| 100 | 1.680 | 1.700 | 1.720 |
| 110 | 1.786 | 1.810 | 1.833 |
| 120 | 1.896 | 1.923 | 1.951 |
| 130 | 2.010 | 2.041 | 2.072 |
| 140 | 2.093 | 2.128 | 2.163 |
| 150 | 2.196 | 2.235 | 2.274 |

1) Normalising point

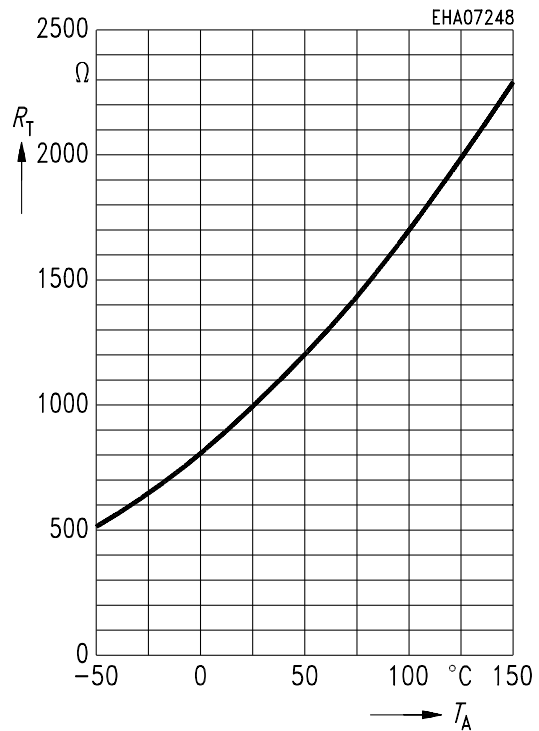
Sensor Resistance $R_T = k_T \times R_{25} = f(T_A)$

$I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$; Example: $R_{25} = 2000 \ \Omega$



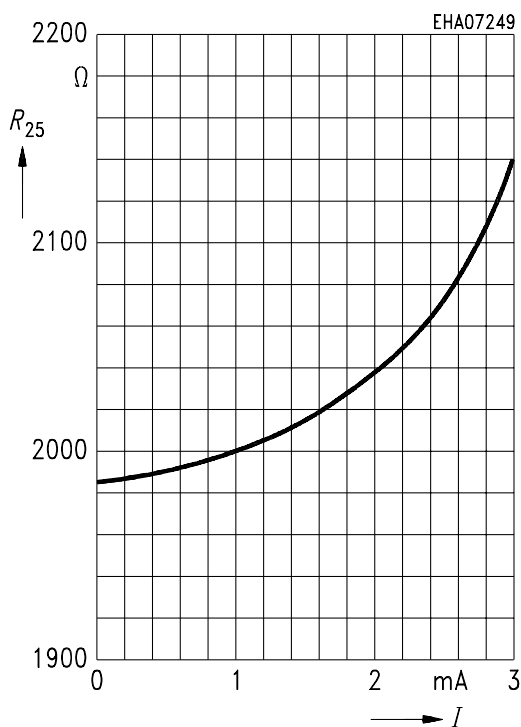
Sensor Resistance $R_T = k_T \times R_{25} = f(T_A)$

$I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$; Example: $R_{25} = 1000 \ \Omega$



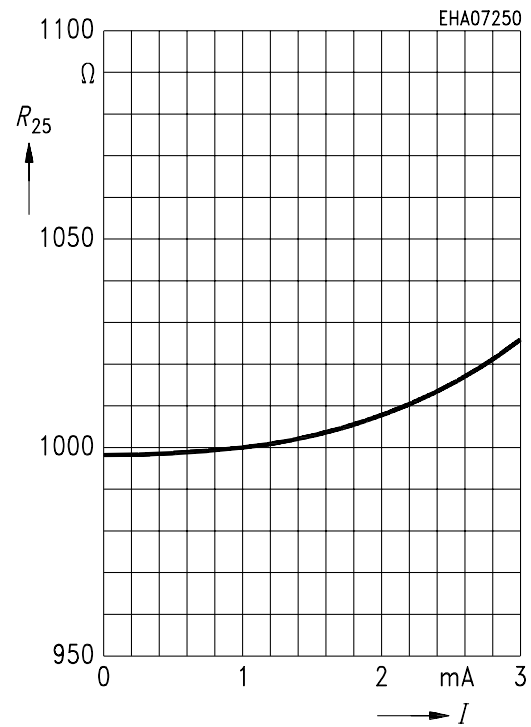
Typical Dependence of Sensor Resistance on Supply Current

Example: KTY 10-6 in oil at $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$



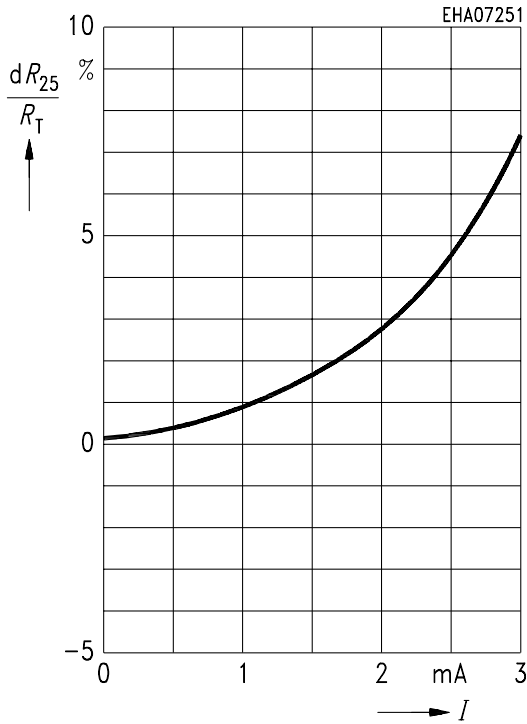
Typical Dependence of Sensor Resistance on Supply Current

Example: KTY 21-6 in oil at $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$



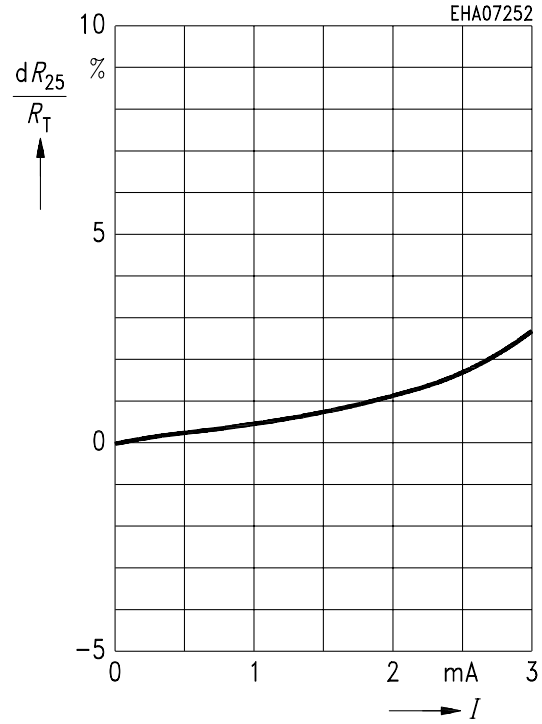
Typical Deviation of Sensor Resistance from the Basic Resistance R_{25} ($I_B = 1\text{mA}$) Versus Supply Current

Example: KTY 10-6 in oil at $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

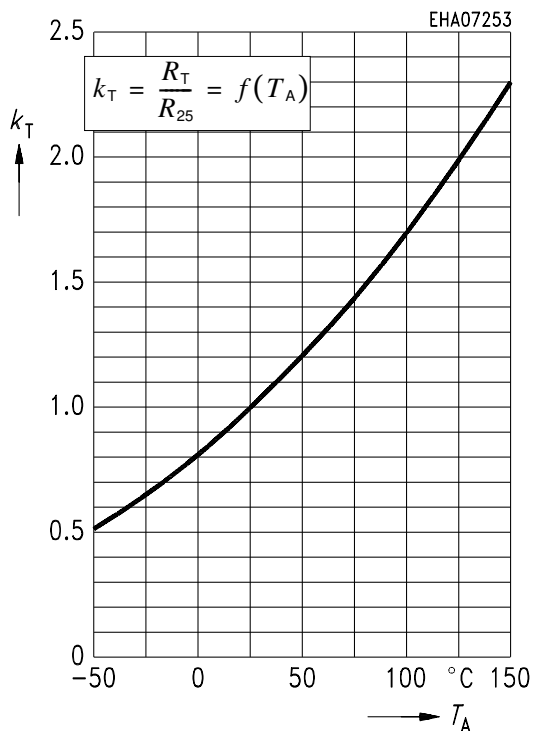


Typical Deviation of Sensor Resistance from the Basic Resistance R_{25} ($I_B = 1\text{mA}$) Versus Supply Current

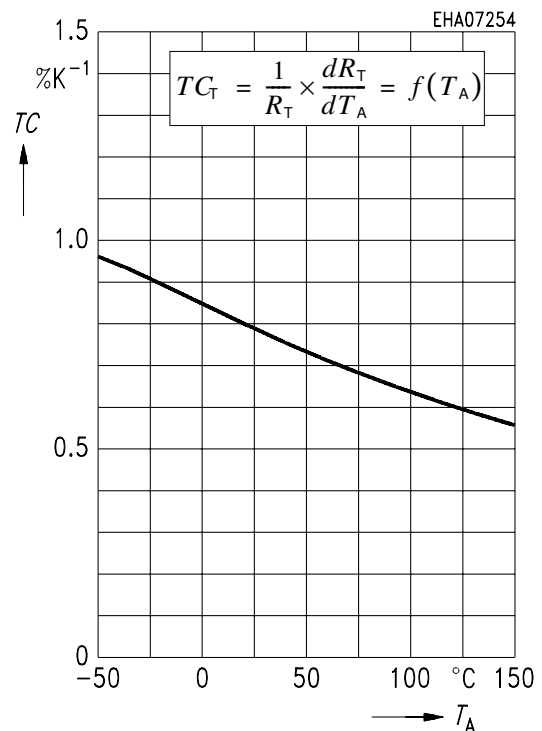
Example: KTY 21-6 in oil at $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



Typical Relationship of the Temperature Factor

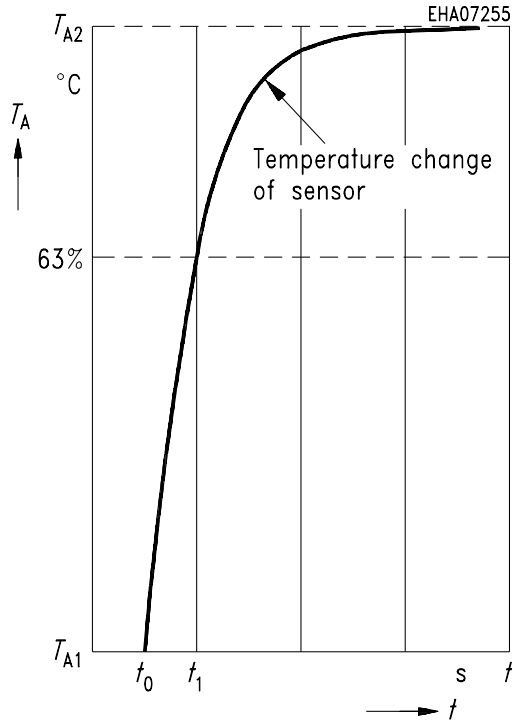


Typical Relationship of the Temperature Factor



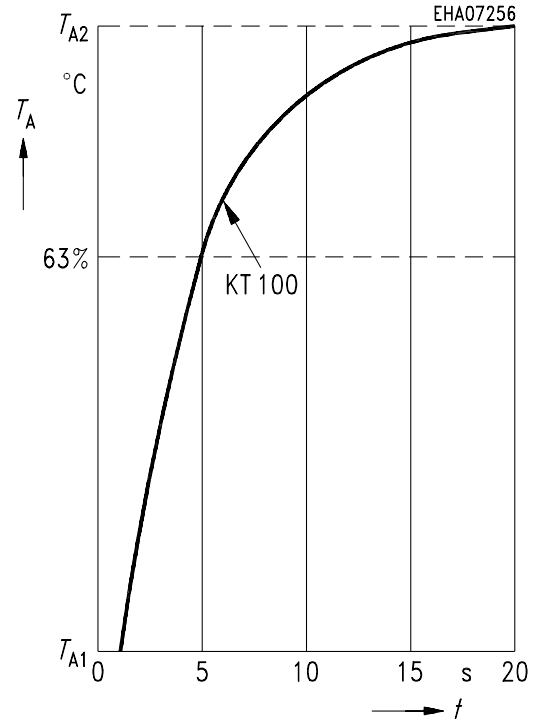
Definition of the Thermal Time Constant τ

$$\Delta T_A = T_{A2} - T_{A1}; \tau = t_1 - t_0$$



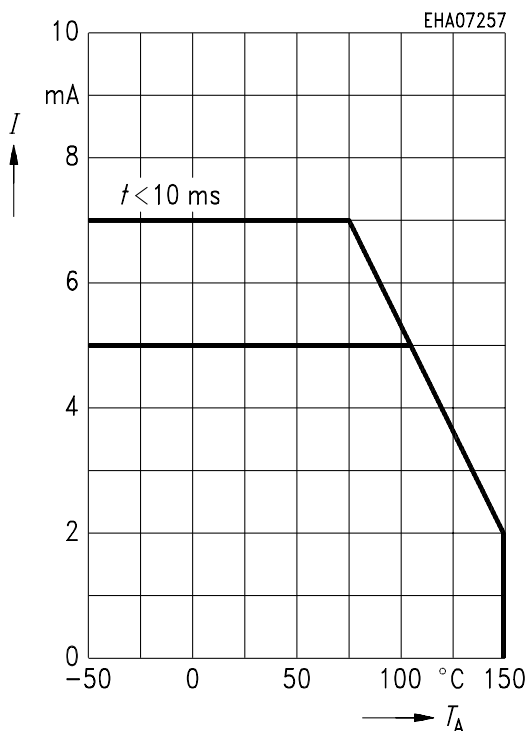
Thermal Time constant

$$\tau = 5 \text{ s}$$



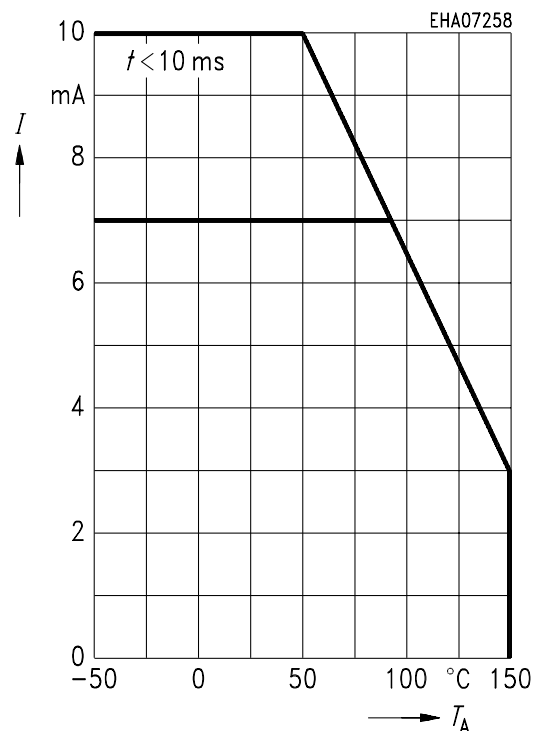
Peak Current in Air

$$R_{25} = 2000 \Omega; \hat{I} = f(T_A)$$

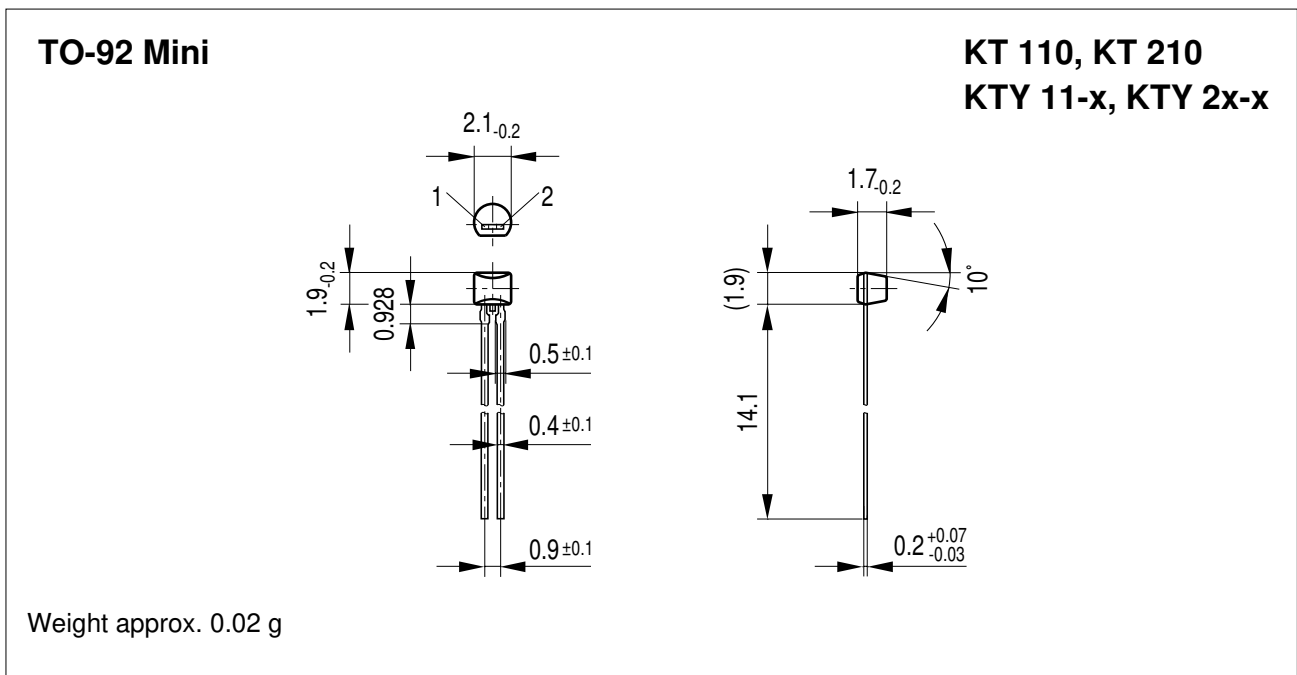
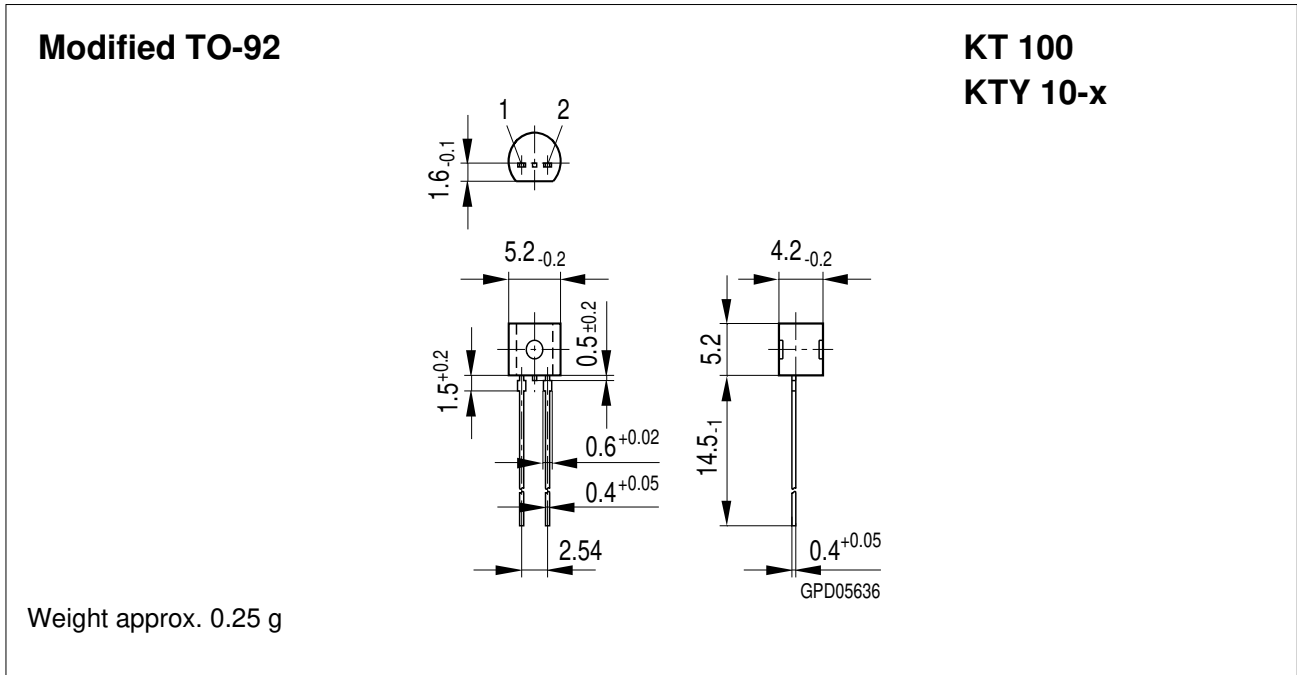


Peak Current in Air

$$R_{25} = 1000 \Omega; \hat{I} = f(T_A)$$



Package Outlines



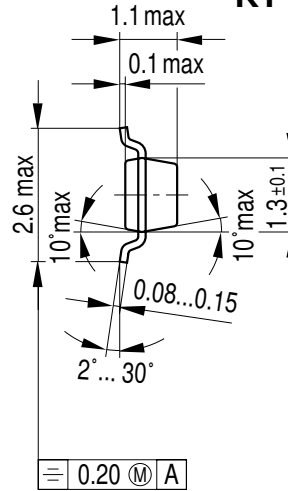
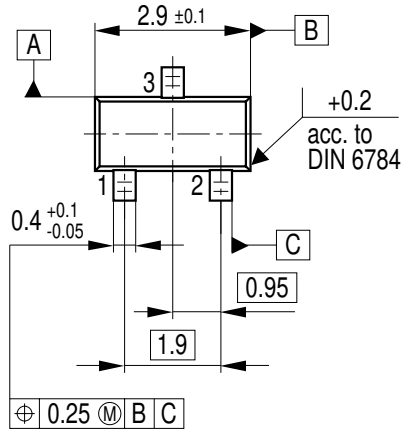
Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

Dimensions in mm

SOT-23
(Small Outline Transistor)

KT 130, KT 230
KTY 13-x, KTY 23-x

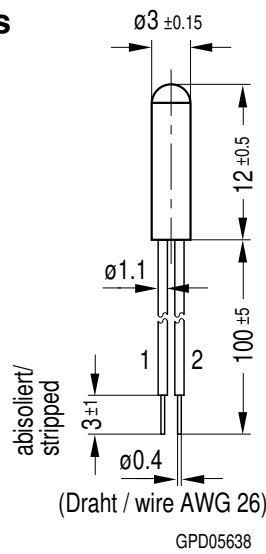


Weight approx. 0.01 g

Pins 1 - 2: R_{25}

Ni-plated Brass Tube Housing
with Tefzel Isolated Leadwires

KTY 16-6



Weight approx. 0.07 g

Sorts of Packing

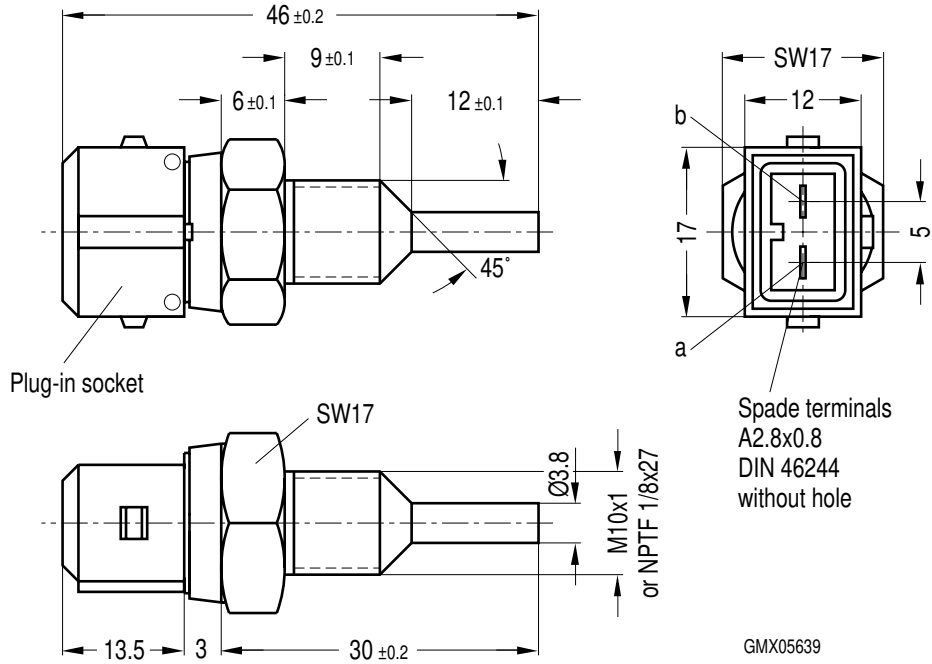
Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

SMD = Surface Mounted Device

Dimensions in mm

Stainless Steel Housing, BSS303 (equiv. DIN 1.4305)

KTY 19-6M/Z



Weight approx. 20 g

Sorts of Packing

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information".

Dimensions in mm