

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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Current Transducer LAH 100-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.





Electrical data

| $I_{_{\mathrm{PM}}}$ | Primary nominal rms cu Primary current, measu | | | 100 0 ±16 | 60 | | A A |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| $R_{\rm M}$ | Measuring resistance @ |) | $T_A = 1$ | 70 °C | $T_A = 8$ | 35 °C | |
| | | | $R_{\text{M min}}$ | R _{M max} | R _{M min} | R _{M max} | < |
| | with ±12 V | $@I_{PN}$ [± A DC] | 0 | 63 | 0 | 57 | Ω |
| | | @ I_{PN} [A rms] 2) | 0 | 11 | 0 | 5 | Ω |
| | with ±15 V | $@I_{PN}$ [± A DC] | 20 | 120 | 45 | 114 | Ω |
| | | @ I_{PN} [A rms] 2) | 20 | 51 | 45 | 45 | Ω |
| | | $Q I_P < I_{PN}^{3)}$ | | | | | |
| I_{\scriptscriptstyleSN} | Secondary nominal rms | current | | 50 | | | mΑ |
| $K_{_{\mathrm{N}}}$ | Conversion ratio | | | 1:200 | 0 | | |
| $U_{\rm c}$ | Supply voltage (±5 %) | | | ±12 | 15 | | V |
| $I_{_{ m C}}$ | Current consumption | | | 10 (@ ± | ±15 V)+ | $I_{_{ m S}}$ | mΑ |

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

| X | Accuracy 4) @ I_{PN} , T_{Δ} = 25 °C | ±0.25 | | % |
|------------------------------------|---|--------|-------|------|
| \mathcal{E}_{L} | Linearity error | < 0.15 | | % |
| _ | | Тур | Max | |
| $I_{\scriptscriptstyle 	extsf{O}}$ | Offset current @ T _A = 25 °C | | ±0.15 | mA |
| I_{OM} | Magnetic offset current @ $I_P = 0$ and specified R_M , | | | |
| | after an overload of 5 × $I_{\scriptscriptstyle { m PN}}$ | ±0.10 | ±0.15 | mΑ |
| $I_{\scriptscriptstyle	extsf{OT}}$ | Temperature variation of I_{\odot} 0 °C +70 °C | ±0.10 | ±0.40 | mΑ |
| | −25 °C +85 °C | ±0.10 | ±0.50 | mΑ |
| $t_{\sf ra}$ | Reaction time to 10 % of $I_{\rm PN}$ | < 200 | | ns |
| t_{r} | Step response time $^{5)}$ to 90 % of I_{PN} | < 500 | | ns |
| d <i>i</i> /dt | di/dt accurately followed | > 200 | | A/µs |
| BW | Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB) | DC 2 | 00 | kHz |

General data

| T_{A} | Ambient operating temperature | | − 25 +85 | °C |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----|
| $T_{\rm s}$ | Ambient storage temperature | | -40 + 90 | °C |
| $R_{\rm s}$ | Resistance of secondary winding | @ $T_A = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 115 | Ω |
| Ü | | @ $T_A = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 121 | Ω |
| m | Mass | | 24 | g |
| | Standards | | EN 50178: 1997 | |

Notes: 1) For 10 s, with $R_{\rm M} \le 25 \Omega (U_{\rm C} = \pm 15 \text{ V})$

- 2) 50 Hz Sinusoidal
- $^{3)}$ The measuring resistance $R_{
 m M\,min}$ may be lower (see "LAH Technical Information" leaflet)
- $^{\scriptscriptstyle 4)}$ Without $I_{\scriptscriptstyle
 m OM}$ & $I_{\scriptscriptstyle
 m OM}$
- ⁵⁾ With a d*i*/d*t* of 100 A/μs.

$I_{PN} = 100 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- · Printed circuit board mounting
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- · Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.

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Current Transducer LAH 100-P

| In | Insulation coordination | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-------|----|--|--|--|--|
| U_{d} | Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min | 5 | kV | | | | |
| $\hat{U}_{_{ m d}}$ | Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs | 12 | kV | | | | |
| U _e | Partial discharge extinction rms voltage @ 10 pC | > 2 | kV | | | | |
| C | | Min | | | | | |
| $d_{\rm Cn}$ | Creepage distance 1) | 11.75 | mm | | | | |
| $oldsymbol{d}_{	extsf{CP}}$ | Clearance 1) | 11.75 | mm | | | | |
| CTI | Comparative tracking index (group IIIa) | 175 | | | | | |

Note: 1) On PCB with soldering pattern UTEC93-703.

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

| | EN 50178 | IEC 61010-1 | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| $d_{\text{Cp}}, d_{\text{Cl}}$ | Rated insulation voltage | Nominal voltage | |
| Basic insulation | 1000 V | 1000 V | |
| Reinforced insulation | 500 V | 500 V | |

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



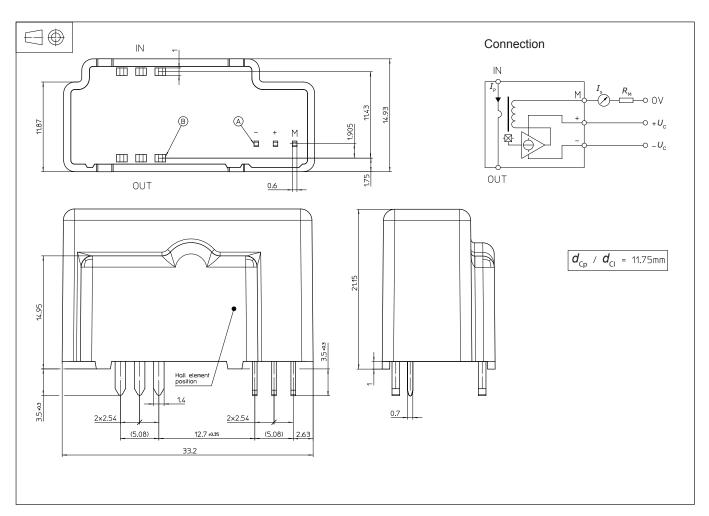
Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LAH 100-P (in mm)



| Number | Primary current | | Nominal output currrent | Turns ratio | Primary resistance | Primary insertion inductance $L_{\rm p}$ [μ H] | |
|---------------------|--|-----|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| of primary turns | $\begin{array}{c c} & \text{nominal} & \text{maximum} \\ & I_{\text{PN}}\left[\mathbf{A}\right] & & I_{\text{P}}\left[\mathbf{A}\right] \end{array}$ | | $I_{SN}[mA]$ | K _N | $R_{_{\mathrm{P}}}$ [m Ω] | | |
| 1 | 100 | 160 | 50 | 1 : 2000 | 0.08 | 0.007 | |

Mechanical characteristics

• General tolerance ±0.

±0.2 mm

 Fastening & connection of primary Recommended PCB hole 6 pins 1.4 mm × 1 mm

• Fastening & connection of secondary 3 pins 0.7 mm × 0.6 mm Recommended PCB hole 1.2 mm

Remarks

- $I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows from terminals "IN" to terminals "OUT".
- The jumper temperature and PCB should not exceed 100 °C.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.