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We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!


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## Current Transducer LAH 50-P

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.

## Electrical data

| $I_{\text {PN }}$ | Primary nominal rms current |  | 50 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I_{\text {PM }}$ | Primary current, measuring range ${ }^{1)}$ |  | $0 \ldots \pm 110$ A |  |
| $R_{\text {M }}$ | Measuring resista |  | $T_{\mathrm{A}}=70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $T_{\mathrm{A}}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | with $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$ | @ $I_{\text {PN }}[ \pm \mathrm{ADC}]$ | $\underset{0}{R_{\text {M } \text { min }}} R_{\text {M max }}{ }_{221}$ | $\begin{gathered} R_{\mathrm{M} \min } \\ 0 \\ R_{\mathrm{M} \text { max }} \\ 214 \Omega \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | @ $I_{\text {PN }}[\mathrm{Arms}]^{2)}$ | 0115 | $0108 \Omega$ |
|  | with $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | $@ I_{\text {PN }}[ \pm \mathrm{ADC}]$ | 0335 | $0327 \Omega$ |
|  |  | @ $I_{\text {PN }}[\mathrm{Arms}]^{2)}$ | 0195 | $0 \quad 188 \Omega$ |
| $I_{\text {SN }}$ | Secondary nominal rms current |  | 25 | mA |
| $K_{\text {N }}$ | Conversion ratio |  | 1:2000 |  |
| $U_{\text {c }}$ | Supply voltage ( $\pm 5$ |  | $\pm 12 \ldots 15$ | V |
| $I_{\text {c }}$ | Current consumptio |  | 10 @ $\pm 15$ | $)+I_{s} \quad m A$ |

## Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

| $x$ | Accuracy ${ }^{3)}$ @ $I_{\text {PN }}, T_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 0.25$ |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\varepsilon_{\text {L }}$ | Linearity error | < 0.15 |  | \% |
|  |  | Typ |  |  |
| $I_{\text {O }}$ | Offset current @ $I_{\mathrm{P}}=0, T_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\pm 0.15$ | mA |
| $I_{\text {OM }}$ | Magnetic offset current @ $I_{\mathrm{P}}=0$ and specified $R_{\mathrm{M}}$, after an overload of $5 \times I_{\mathrm{PN}}$ | $\pm 0.10$ | $\pm 0.15$ | mA |
| $I_{\text {OT }}$ | $\begin{aligned} \text { Temperature variation of } I_{\circ} & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\pm 0.10$ | $\pm 0.30$ | mA |
|  |  | $\pm 0.10$ | $\pm 0.40$ | mA |
| $t_{\text {ra }}$ | Reaction time to $10 \%$ of $I_{\text {PN }}$ | < 200 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {r }}$ | Step response time ${ }^{4)}$ to $90 \%$ of $I_{\text {PN }}$di/dt accurately followed | < 500 |  | A/ |
| di/d $t$ |  | > 200 |  |  |
| BW | Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB) | DC .. 2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} / \mu \mathrm{s} \\ & \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ |
| General data |  |  |  |  |
| $T_{\text {A }}$ | Ambient operating temperature | -25 .. | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $T_{\text {s }}$ | Ambient storage temperature | -40 .. | +90 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $R_{\text {s }}$ | Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_{\text {A }}=70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 115 |  | $\Omega$ |
|  | @ $T_{\mathrm{A}}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 121 |  | $\Omega$ |
| $m$ | Mass | 22 |  | g |
|  | Standards | EN 50 | 178: |  |

Notes: ${ }^{1)}$ During 10 s , with $R_{\mathrm{M}} \leq 71 \Omega\left(\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{C}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}\right)$
${ }^{2)}$ Sinusoidal wave 50 Hz
${ }^{3}$ ) Without $I_{0} \& I_{\mathrm{OM}}$
${ }^{4)}$ With a di/dt of $100 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$.

## $I_{\mathrm{PN}}=50 \mathrm{~A}$



## Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Printed circuit board mounting
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.


## Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.


## Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.


## Application domain

- Industrial.

Current Transducer LAH 50-P
Insulation coordination

| $U_{d}$ | Rms voltage for AC insulation test, $50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$ | 5 | kV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\hat{U}_{\mathrm{w}}$ | Impulse withstand voltage $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | 12 | kV |
| $U_{\mathrm{e}}$ | Partial discharge extinction rms voltage @ 10 pC | $>2$ | kV |
|  |  | Min |  |
| $d_{\mathrm{C}_{p}}$ | Creepage distance ${ }^{1)}$ | 11.75 | mm |
| $d_{\mathrm{Cl}}$ | Clearance ${ }^{1)}$ | 11.75 | mm |
| $C T I$ | Comparative tracking index (group IIIa) | 175 |  |

Note: ${ }^{11}$ On PCB with soldering pattern UTEC93-703.

## Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

|  | EN 50178 | IEC 61010-1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $d_{\mathrm{Cp}}, d_{\mathrm{C}}, \hat{U}_{\mathrm{w}}$ | Rated insulation voltage | Nominal voltage |
| Basic insulation | 1000 V | 1000 V |
| Reinforced insulation | 500 V | 500 V |

## Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.


This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.


Caution, risk of electrical shock
When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.A protective housing or additional shield could be used.
Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LAH 50-P (in mm)


Connection


OUT

|  | $d_{C 1}(m \mathrm{~m})$ | $d_{C p}(m \mathrm{~m})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A-B$ | 11.75 | 11.75 |


| Number of <br> primary turns | Primary current |  | Nominal output <br> current <br> $I_{\mathrm{SN}}[\mathrm{mA}]$ | Turns <br> ratio <br> $K_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Primary <br> resistance <br> $R_{\mathrm{P}}[\mathrm{m} \Omega]$ | Primary insertion <br> inductance <br> $L_{\mathrm{P}}[\mu \mathrm{H}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nominal <br> $I_{\mathrm{PN}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | Maximum <br> $I_{\mathrm{P}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 25 | $1: 2000$ | 0.12 | 0.008 |
| 1 | 50 | 110 | 25 |  |  |  |

## Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Fastening \& connection of primary Recommended PCB hole
- Fastening \& connection of secondary

Recommended PCB hole
$\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
6 pins $1.4 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2 mm
3 pins $0.7 \times 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$
1.2 mm

## Remarks

- $I_{\mathrm{S}}$ is positive when $I_{\mathrm{P}}$ flows from terminals IN to terminals OUT.
- The jumper temperature and PCB should not exceed $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectionnal measurements...), please contact us.

