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## DIN 48 SIZE LCD ELECTRONIC COUNTER

# LC4H-W Counters 

## UL File No.: E122222 C-UL File No.: E122222

## Features

1. Two-stage presetting (upper and lower limits)

2. Bright and Easy-to-Read Display A brand new bright 2-color backlight LCD display. The easy-to-read screen in any location makes checking and setting procedures a cinch.

## 3. Simple Operation

Seesaw buttons make operating the unit even easier than before.
4. Short Body of only 64.5 mm 2.539
inch (screw type) or $\mathbf{7 0 . 1} \mathbf{~ m m ~} 2.760$
inch (pin type)
With a short body, it easily installs in even narrow control panels.

## 5. Conforms to IP66's Weather Resistant Standards

The water-proof panel keeps out water and dirt for reliable operation even in poor environments.

## 6. Screw terminal and Pin Type are Both Standard Options

The two terminal types are standard options to support either front panel installation or embedded installation.

## 7. Changeable Panel Cover

Also offers a black panel cover to meet your design considerations.
8. Compliant with UL, c-UL and CE.

## 9. Low Price

All this at an affordable price to provide you with unmatched cost performance.

RoHS Directive compatibility information http://www.nais-e.com/

## Product types

| Digit | Count speed | Output mode |  | Output | Operating voltage | Power down insurance | Terminal type | Part number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Output 1 | Output 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | $30 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{cps}) /$ 5 KHz (Kcps) switchable | - Maintain output/over count I <br> - Maintain output/over count II <br> - Maintain output/over count III <br> - One shot/over count (4 modes) | - Maintain output/hold count <br> - Maintain output/over count I <br> - Maintain output/over count II <br> - Maintain output/over count III <br> - One shot/over count <br> - One shot/recount I <br> - One shot/recount II <br> - One shot/hold count <br> (8 modes) | Relay$(1 a+1 a)$ | 100 to 240 V AC | Available | 11 pins | LC4H-W-R6-AC240V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Screw terminal | LC4H-W-R6-AC240VS |
|  |  |  |  |  | 24 V AC |  | 11 pins | LC4H-W-R6-AC24V |
|  |  |  |  |  | 24VAC |  | Screw terminal | LC4H-W-R6-AC24VS |
|  |  |  |  |  | 12 to 24 V DC |  | 11 pins | LC4H-W-R6-DC24V |
|  |  |  |  |  | - 24 VDC |  | Screw terminal | LC4H-W-R6-DC24VS |
|  |  |  |  | Transistor (1a+1a) | 100 to 240 V AC |  | 11 pins | LC4H-W-T6-AC240V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Screw terminal | LC4H-W-T6-AC240VS |
|  |  |  |  |  | 24 V AC |  | 11 pins | LC4H-W-T6-AC24V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Screw terminal | LC4H-W-T6-AC24VS |
|  |  |  |  |  | 12 to 24 V DC |  | 11 pins | LC4H-W-T6-DC24V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Screw terminal | LC4H-W-T6-DC24VS |

* A rubber gasket (ATC18002) and a mounting frame (AT8-DA4) are included.


## Part names



UP keys : Used to set the corresponding digits for the count-up mode.

RESET key : Used to reset counting and its output.
SET/LOCK key
: Used to select between the Setting 1 display and Setting 2 display and to lock the keys (UP and RESET keys not responsive to touch). Used also to set and confirm the input mode.

## Specifications

| Item |  |  | Ralay output type |  | Transistor output type |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AC type | DC type | AC type | DC type |
| Rating | Rated operating voltage |  | $\begin{gathered} 100 \text { to } 240 \text { V AC } \\ 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \end{gathered}$ | 12 to 24 V DC | $\begin{gathered} 100 \text { to } 240 \text { V AC } \\ 24 \text { V AC } \end{gathered}$ | 12 to 24 V DC |
|  | Rated frequency |  | 50/60 Hz common | - | 50/60 Hz common | - |
|  | Rated power consumption |  | Max. 10 V A | Max. 3 W | Max. 10 V A | Max. 3 W |
|  | Rated control capacity |  | $3 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ AC (resistive load) |  | $100 \mathrm{~mA}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |
|  | Input mode |  | Addition (UP)/Subtraction (DOWN)/Direction (DIR)/Individuality (IND)/Phase (PHASE) (5 modes selectable by DIP switch) |  |  |  |
|  | Counting speed |  | $30 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{cps}) / 5 \mathrm{KHz}(\mathrm{cps})$ (selectable by DIP switch) |  |  |  |
|  | Counting input (Input 1, 2) |  | Min. input signal width: 16.7 ms at $30 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{cps}) / 0.1 \mathrm{~ms}$ at $5 \mathrm{KHz}(\mathrm{cps}) \mathrm{ON}$ time: OFF time $=1: 1$ |  |  |  |
|  | Reset input |  | Min. input signal width: $1 \mathrm{~ms}, 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ (selected by DIP switch) |  |  |  |
|  | Input signal |  | Contact or Open collector input/Input impedance: $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less, Input residual voltage: 2 V or less, Open impedance: $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more, Max. energized voltage: 40 V DC |  |  |  |
|  | Output mode |  | Output 1. HOLD-B, C, D SHOT-A (4 modes) Output 2. HOLD-A, B, C SHOT-A, B, C, D (8 modes) (selectable by DIP switch) |  |  |  |
|  | One shot output time |  | Approx. 1 s |  |  |  |
|  | Indication |  | 7-segment LCD, Counter value (backlight red LED), Setting value (backlight yellow LED) |  |  |  |
|  | Digit |  | -99999 to 999999 ( -5 digits to 6 digits) (0 to 999999 for setting) |  |  |  |
|  | Memory |  | EEP-ROM (Overwriting times: $10^{5}$ ope. or more) |  |  |  |
| Contact | Contact arrangement |  | 1 Form A + 1 Form A |  | 1 Form A + 1 Form A (Open collector) |  |
|  | Contact resistance (Intial value) |  | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (at 1 A 6 V DC) |  | - |  |
|  | Contact material |  | Ag alloy/Au flush |  | - |  |
| Life | Mechanical (contact) |  | Min. $2 \times 10^{7}$ ope. |  | - |  |
|  | Electrical (contact) |  | Min. $10^{5}$ ope. (At rated control voltage) |  | Min. $10^{7}$ ope. (At rated control voltage) |  |
| Electrical | Allowable operating voltage range |  | 85 to $110 \%$ of rated operating voltage |  |  |  |
|  | Break down voltage (Initial value) |  | Between live and dead metal parts: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min (pin type) Between input and output: $2,000 \mathrm{Vrms}$ for 1 min Between open contacts: $1,000 \mathrm{Vrms}$ for 1 min |  | Between live and dead metal parts: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min Between input and output: $2,000 \mathrm{~V}$ AC for 1 min |  |
|  | Insulation resistance (At 500 V DC) (Initial value) |  | Between live and dead metal parts: Min. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (pin type) <br> Between input and output: Min. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ <br> Between open contact: Min. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |  | Between live and dead metal parts: Min. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (pin type) Between input and output: Min. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |  |
|  | Temperature rise |  | Max. $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$(under the flow of nominal operating current at nominal voltage) |  | - |  |
| Mechanical | Vibration resistance | Functional | 10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single amplitude: 0.35 mm (10 min on 3 axes) |  |  |  |
|  |  | Destructive | 10 to 55 Hz (1 cycle/min), single amplitude: 0.75 mm (1 h on 3 axes) |  |  |  |
|  | Shock resistance | Functional | Min. $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (4 times on 3 axes) |  |  |  |
|  |  | Destructive | Min. $294 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (5 times on 3 axes) |  |  |  |
| Operating conditions | Ambient temperature |  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Ambient humidity |  | Max. 85 \% RH (non-condensing) |  |  |  |
|  | Air pressure |  | 860 to 1,060 h Pa |  |  |  |
|  | Ripple rate |  | - | 20 \% or less | - | 20 \% or less |
| Connection |  |  | 11-pin/screw terminal |  |  |  |
| Protective construction |  |  | IP66 (front panel with a rubber gasket) |  |  |  |

## Applicable standard

| Safety standard | EN61812-1 | Pollution Degree 2/Overvoltage Category II |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EMC | (EMI)EN61000-6-4 <br> Radiation interference electric field strength <br> Noise terminal voltage <br> (EMS)EN61000-6-2 <br> Static discharge immunity <br> RF electromagnetic field immunity <br> EFT/B immunity <br> Surge immunity <br> Conductivity noise immunity <br> Power frequency magnetic field immunity <br> Voltage dip/Instantaneous stop/Voltage fluctuation immunity | EN55011 Group1 ClassA <br> EN55011 Group1 ClassA <br> EN61000-4-2 4 kV contact 8 kV air <br> EN61000-4-3 $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ AM modulation ( 80 MHz to 1 GHz ) $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ pulse modulation ( 895 MHz to 905 MHz ) <br> EN61000-4-4 2 kV (power supply line) <br> 1 kV (signal line) <br> EN61000-4-5 1 kV (power line) <br> EN61000-4-6 $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ AM modulation ( 0.15 MHz to 80 MHz ) <br> EN61000-4-8 $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$ <br> EN61000-4-11 $10 \mathrm{~ms}, 30 \%$ (rated voltage) $100 \mathrm{~ms}, 60 \%$ (rated voltage) $1,000 \mathrm{~ms}, 60 \%$ (rated voltage) $5,000 \mathrm{~ms}, 95 \%$ (rated voltage) |

Dimensions

- LC4H-W electrical counter

Screw terminal type (Flush mount): M3.5


Pin type
(Flush mount/Surface mount)


- Dimensions for flush mounting (with adapter installed)

Screw terminal type


- Installation panel cut-out dimensions

The standard panel cut-out dimensions are shown below. Use the mounting frame (AT8-DA4) and rubber gasket (ATC18002).


Pin type


- For connected installations


Note 1): The installation panel thickness should be between 1 and 5 mm .039 and .197 inch.
2): For connected installations, the waterproofing ability between the unit and installation panel is lost.

## Terminal layouts and Wiring diagrams <br> - Pin type

Relay output type


## - Screw terminal type

Relay output type


Transistor output type


Transistor output type


Note) For connecting the output leads of the transistor output type, refer to 5) Transistor output on page 141.

## Setting the operation mode and counter

## Setting procedure 1) Setting the output mode (output 1, 2)

Set the output 1 and output 2 with the DIP switches on the side of the counter.
The minimum input signal width and maximum counting speed for the reset are set at the same time.
DIP switches

| $\bigcirc$ | Item | OFF | ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Output mode Output 1 | Refer to table 1 |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |
| 4 | Minimum reset input signal width | 20 ms | 1 ms |
| 5 | Maximum counter setting | 30 Hz | 5 kHz |
| 6 | Output mode Output 2 | Refer to table 2 |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |

Table 1

| DIP swith No. |  | Output mode <br> (Output 1) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 |  |  |
| ON | ON | ON | - (See note 1) |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | HOLD-B |
| ON | OFF | OFF | HOLD-C |
| OFF | ON | OFF | HOLD-D |
| ON | ON | OFF | SHOT-A |
| OFF | OFF | ON | $-($ See note 1) |
| ON | OFF | ON | $-($ See note 1) |
| OFF | ON | ON | $-($ See note 1 ) |



| DIP swith No. |  |  | Output mode <br> (Output 2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| ON | ON | ON | HOLD-A |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | HOLD-B |
| ON | OFF | OFF | HOLD-C |
| OFF | ON | OFF | HOLD-D |
| ON | ON | OFF | SHOT-A |
| OFF | OFF | ON | SHOT-B |
| ON | OFF | ON | SHOT-C |
| OFF | ON | ON | SHOT-D |

Notes:1) The counter and set value displays will display DIP Err.
2) Set the DIP switches before installing the counter on the panel.

Setting procedure 2) Setting the set value
3) When the DIP SW setting is changed, turn off the power once.

Set the set value with the UP keys on the front of the counter.
4) The DIP switches are set as ON before shipping.

## Front display section

Counter display
Set value display
Controlled output indicator
(4) Setting $1 / 2$ selection display (*Note)
(5) Lock indicator
*Note:
Pressing the [SET/LOCK] key switches the display between the set value 1 and 2 displays.
Display either set value [1] or [2], and set the value.

(6) UP keys
[Changes the corresponding digit of the set value in the addition direction (upwards)]
7) RESET switch

Resets the counting value and the output
B SET/LOCK switch
Used to select between the Setting 1 display and Setting 2 display, to set and confirm the input mode, and to lock the keys (UP and RESET keys not responsive to touch).

## Procedure 3) Setting the input mode

Set the input mode using the key and switch in the front display section on the counter front.
(1) Hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the first digit. The setting mode is accessed.
(2) Now release the SET/LOCK key.
(3) Press the UP key for the first digit and the input position changes counterclockwise.

Example)
Input mode displayed
(UP: addition mode)

(4) Press the RESET key and the input mode being displayed is set. The display then goes back to normal.

## - Checking the input mode

Hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the second digit. The input mode is displayed for about 2 seconds and then the display goes back to normal. (During these 2 seconds, all operations other than the display are being performed.)

- Locking the keys

Hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the sixth digit. The keys will lock. This means that the UP and RESET keys do not respond to touch. To unlock the keys, hold down the SET/LOCK key and press the UP key for the sixth digit again.

* The input mode, maximum counting speed and minimum reset signal width cannot be preset independently for Setting 1 and Setting 2.
- Selecting the Setting 1 or Setting 2 display
Press the SET/LOCK key and the display changes between Setting 1 and Setting 2. (This operation does not affect overall operation.)


## Changing the setting

1. While the counter is working, the UP key can be used to change the setting. Keep the following points in mind, however.
1) Suppose that a preset count-up value is smaller than the displayed count value. The counter counts up to the full scale mark (999999), goes back to "0", and counts up again to the preset number. When the preset count-up value is larger than the displayed count value, the counter counts up to the preset value.
2) Suppose that the counter is preset to count down. Whether a preset count-down value is smaller or arger than the count value, the counter counts down to "0".
2. When the preset value is " 0 ", the counter does not start in the count-up mode. It starts counting up when the count value comes to " 0 " again.
1) Up-count input

The counter counts up to the full scale mark (999999), goes back to "0" and starts counting up again.
2) Down-count input

The counter counts down to the full scale mark (-99999) and the display reads 000000 . The count value does not become " 0 " and so the counter does not count up.
3) Direction input, individual input, and phase input The preset value is counted up or down to any number other than " 0 " once. When it comes to " 0 " again, the counter starts counting up.

## LC4H-W

## Operation modes

## 1. Input mode

(1) For the input mode, you can choose one of the following five modes.

- Addition

| UP |
| :---: |
| DOWN |
| DIR |
| IND |
| PHASE |


| - - Subtraction | DOWN |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Directive | DIR |
| - Independent | IND |
| - Phase | PHASE |

(2) After the counter has been reset, setting 2 is displayed in the count-down mode. " 0 " appears instead in all other modes.


## 2. Output mode

For the set value 1, you can choose one of the following four modes.

| - Maintain output/over count I | HOLD-B |
| :--- | ---: |
| - Maintain output/over count II | HOLD-C |
| - Maintain output/over count III | HOLD-D |
|  | - One shot/over count |

For the set value 2, you can choose one of the following eight modes.

| - Maintain output/hold count | HOLD-A |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Maintain output/over count I | HOLD-B |
| - Maintain output/over count II | HOLD-C |
| - Maintain output/over count III | HOLD-D |
| - One shot/over count | SHOT-A |
| - One shot/recount I | SHOT-B |
| - One shot/recount II | SHOT-C |
| - One shot/hold count | SHOT-D |

- Output mode for set value 1



## LC4H-W

- Output mode for set value 2

| Output mode | Operation | (Example when input mode is either addition or subtraction) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maintain output Hold count HOLD-A | Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting. During that time, the count display does not change from that at count-up completion. | Counting (addition) <br> Counting (subtraction) <br> Counting able/unable <br> Output control 2 <br> * n : Set value 2 | OFF | n-3 | n-2 | n-1 |  | Una |  |
| Maintain output Over count I HOLD-B | Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until resetting. However, counting is possible despite completion of count-up. | Counting (addition) <br> Counting (subtraction) <br> Counting able/unable <br> Output control 2 <br> * n: Set value 2 | $\square$ $\square$ <br> OFF | n-2 | n-1 | n <br> 0 <br> Able <br> O N | $n+1$ -1 | n+2 |  |
| Maintain output Over count II HOLD-C | Output control is maintained after count-up completion and until the next signal enters. However, counting is possible despite completion of countup. | Counting (addition) <br> Counting (subtraction) <br> Counting able/unable <br> Output control 2 <br> * n : Set value 2 | $\square$ <br> OFF | n-2 | n-1 |  $n$ <br>  0 <br> Able  <br> O N  | n+1 <br> -1 <br> F F | n+2 |  |
| Maintain output Over count III HOLD-D | If the count value is greater than or equal to the preset value when counting up, the counter starts counting up again. The count operation is possible anyway. | Counting (addition) <br> Counting (subtraction) <br> Counting able/unable <br> Output control 2 (addition) <br> Output control 2 (subtraction) <br> * n : Set value 2 |  | n-2 | n-1 1 | 0 <br> Able <br> ON | n+1 | n+2 |  |
| One shot Over count SHOT-A | Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec ). Counting is possible despite completion of count-up. | Counting (addition) <br> Counting (subtraction) <br> Counting able/unable <br> Output control 2 <br> * $n$ : Set value 2 |  | n-2 | n-1 |  | n+1 <br> -1 <br>  <br> 1 s | $n+2$ <br> -2 <br>  |  |
| One shot Recount I SHOT-B | Output control is maintained after count-up completion for a fixed time (approx. 1 sec ). Counting is possible despite completion of count-up. However, reset occurs simultaneous with completion of count-up. While output is being maintained, restarting of the count is not possible. | Counting (addition) <br> Counting (subtraction) <br> Counting able/unable <br> Output control 2 <br> * n: Set value 2 | ------ $\square$ <br> OFF | n-2 | n-1 | 0 <br> n <br> Rese <br> Able <br> ON <br> Ap | 1 <br> $\mathrm{n}-1$ <br>  <br>  | 2 <br> n-2 <br>  <br> F F |  |



|  |  | Output mode for set value 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | HOLD-C HOLD-D | HOLD-B | SHOT-A |
| Output mode for set value 2 | SHOT-A | As usual (this combination unchanged) | As usual (this combination unchanged) |  |
|  | SHOT-B |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SHOT-C } \\ \hline \text { SHOT-D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |

Note) When control output 1 is on, the output mode of setting 2 (SHOT-A, B, C, D) is also on and output 1 changes as shown in the above table.

## 3. Count-up

(1) In control output 1, when the count value is equal to the preset value 1 , it is counted. (However, if the output mode of the preset value 1 is HOLD-D, it is counted when the count value is greater than or equal to the preset value 1, regardless of the input mode.)
(2) In control output 2, when the count value is equal to 0 in the count-down input mode, it is counted. In the other modes, when the count value is equal to the preset value 2 , it is counted. (However, if the output mode of the preset value 2 is HOLD-D, it is counted when the count value is greater than or equal to the preset value 2 , regardless of the input mode.)
(3) It is not counted even when the counting conditions are satisfied right after resetting. It can be counted from when the count value changes.

