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CMOS IC FROM 192K byte, RAM 16384 byte on-chip 8-bit 1-chip Microcontroller with USB-host controller

Overview

The LC87F1JJ2A is an 8-bit microcomputer that, integrates on a single chip a number of hardware features such as 192K-byte flash ROM, 16384-byte RAM, an on-chip debugger, a 16-bit timer/counter, a 16-bit timer, four 8-bit timers, a base timer serving as a realtime clock, 3 channels of synchronous SIO interface with automatic data transfer capabilities, an asynchronous/synchronous SIO interface, a UART interface, a full-speed USB interface (host control function), a 12-channel AD converter, 2 channels of 12-bit PWM, a system clock frequency divider, an infrared remote control receiver circuit, and an interrupt feature.

Features

■Flash ROM

- 196608 × 8 bits
- Capable of on-board programming with a wide range of supply voltages: 3.0 to 5.5V
- Block-erasable in 128 byte units
- Writes data in 2-byte units

■RAM

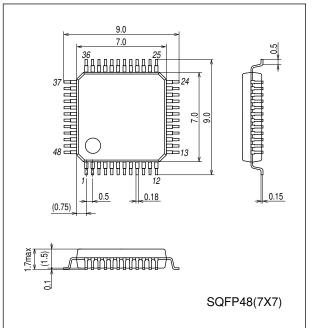
• 16384×9 bits

■Package Form

• SQFP48(7×7): Lead-/Halogen-free type

Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ) 3163B



* This product is licensed from Silicon Storage Technology, Inc. (USA).



■Bus Cycle Time

• 83.3ns (When CF=12MHz)

Note: The bus cycle time here refers to the ROM read speed.

- ■Minimum Instruction Cycle Time (tCYC)
 - 250ns (When CF=12MHz)

■Ports

• I/O ports

- no porta	
Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1-bit units	28 (P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P34,
	P70 to P73, PWM0, PWM1, XT2)
Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 4-bit units	8 (P00 to P07)
• USB ports	2 (UHD+, UHD-)
 Dedicated oscillator ports 	2 (CF1, CF2)
• Input-only port (also used for oscillation)	1 (XT1)
• Reset pin	$1(\overline{\text{RES}})$
• Power supply pins	6 (VSS1 to VSS3, VDD1 to VDD3)

- ■Timers
 - Timer 0: 16-bit timer/counter with 2 capture registers.
 - Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers) \times 2 channels Mode 1: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers)
 - + 8-bit counter (with two 8-bit capture registers)
 - Mode 2: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 16-bit capture registers)
 - Mode 3: 16-bit counter (with two 16-bit capture registers)
 - Timer 1: 16-bit timer/counter that supports PWM/toggle outputs
 - Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) + 8-bit timer/
 - counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - Mode 1: 8-bit PWM with an 8-bit prescaler \times 2 channels
 - Mode 2: 16-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - (toggle outputs also possible from lower-order 8 bits)
 - Mode 3: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - (lower-order 8 bits may be used as PWM outputs)
 - Timer 4: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
 - Timer 5: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
 - Timer 6: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - Timer 7: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - Base timer
 - 1) The clock is selectable from the subclock (32.768kHz crystal oscillation), system clock, and timer 0 prescaler output.
 - 2) Interrupts programmable in 5 different time schemes

■SIO

- SIO0: Synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Transfer clock cycle: 4/3 to 512/3 tCYC
 - Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 256 bits, specifiable in 1-bit units) (Suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units)
- SIO1: 8-bit asynchronous/synchronous serial interface Mode 0: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (2- or 3-wire configuration, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 1: Asynchronous serial I/O (half-duplex, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, 8 to 2048 tCYC baudrates)
 - Mode 2: Bus mode 1 (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 3: Bus mode 2 (start detect, 8 data bits, stop detect)
- SIO4: Synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Transfer clock cycle: 4/3 to 1020/3 tCYC
 - Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 8192 bytes, specifiable in 1 byte units) (Suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units or in word units)
 - 4) Auto-start-on-falling-edge function
 - 5) Clock polarity selectable
 - 6) CRC16 calculator circuit built in

- SIO9: Synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Transfer clock cycle: 4/3 to 1020/3 tCYC
 - 3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 8192 bytes, specifiable in 1 byte units) (Suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units or word units)
 - 4) Auto-start-on-falling-edge function
 - 5) Clock polarity selectable
 - 6) CRC16 calculator circuit built in

Full Duplex UART

- 1) Data length: 7/8/9 bits selectable
- 2) Stop bits: 1 bit (2 bits in continuous transmission mode)
- 3) Baud rate: 16/3 to 8192/3 tCYC
- ■AD Converter: 8 bits × 12 channels
- ■PWM: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 2 channels

■Infrared Remote Control Receiver Circuit

- 1) Noise rejection function (noise filter time constant: Approx. 120µs when the 32.768kHz crystal oscillator is selected as the base clock)
- 2) Supports data encoding systems such as PPM (Pulse Position Modulation) and Manchester encoding.
- 3) X'tal HOLD mode release function

■USB Interface (host control function)

- 1) Compliant with full-speed (12M bps) specifications
- 2) Supports 4 transfer types (control transfer, bulk transfer, interrupt transfer, and isochronous transfer).

■Audio Interface

- 1) Sampling frequency (fs): 8kHz/11.025kHz/12kHz/16kHz/22.05kHz/24kHz/32kHz/44.1kHz/48kHz
- 2) Master clock frequency: 256fs/384fs
- 3) Bit clock selectable: 48fs/64fs 16/18/20/24 bits
- 4) Data bit length:
- 5) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
- 6) Left-justification/right-justification/I2S format selectable

■Watchdog Timer

- Watchdog timer using external RC circuitry
- Interrupt and reset signals selectable

■Clock Output Function

1) Can output a clock with a clock rate of 1/1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, or 1/64 of the source oscillator clock selected as the system clock.

2) Can output the source oscillation clock for the subclock.

■Interrupts

- 41 sources, 10 vector addresses
 - 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
 - 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Level	Interrupt Source
1	00003H	X or L	INT0
2	0000BH	X or L	INT1
3	00013H	H or L	INT2/T0L/INT4/UHC bus active/remote control signal receive
4	0001BH	H or L	INT3/INT5/base timer
5	00023H	H or L	T0H/INT6/UHC device attach/UHC device detach/UHC resume
6	0002BH	H or L	T1L/T1H/INT7/SIO9/AIF start
7	00033H	H or L	SIO0/UART1 receive
8	0003BH	H or L	SIO1/SIO4/UART1 transmit/AIF end
9	00043H	H or L	ADC/T6/T7/UHC-ACK/UHC-NAK/UHC error/UHC-STALL
10	0004BH	H or L	Port 0/PWM0/PWM1/T4/T5/UHC-SOF/DMCOPY/AIF error

[•] Priority levels X > H > L

• Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.

Subroutine Stack Levels: 8192 levels maximum (The stack is allocated in RAM.)

■High-speed Multiplication/Division Instructions

- 16 bits \times 8 bits (5 tCYC execution time)
- 24 bits \times 16 bits (12 tCYC execution time)
- 16 bits ÷ 8 bits (8 tCYC execution time)
- 24 bits ÷ 16 bits (12 tCYC execution time)

■Oscillation and PLL Circuits

- RC oscillation circuit (internal): For system clock
- CF oscillation circuit: For system clock
- Crystal oscillation circuit:
- For system clock, and realtime clock • PLL circuit (internal): For USB interface (see Fig.5) and audio interface (see Fig. 6)

■Standby Function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
 - 1) Oscillation is not halted automatically.
 - 2) There are three ways of releasing the HALT mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the lower level.
 - (2) System resetting by watchdog timer
 - (3) Generating an interrupt
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
- 1) The PLL base clock generator, CF, RC and crystal oscillators automatically stop operation.
- 2) There are five ways of releasing the HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the lower level
 - (2) System resetting by watchdog timer
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins
 - * The INT0 and INT1 pins must be configured only for level detection.
 - (4) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (5) Having an bus active interrupt source established in the USB host control circuit
- X'tal HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except the base timer.
 - 1) The PLL base clock generator, CF and RC oscillator automatically stop operation.
 - 2) The state of crystal oscillation established when the X'tal HOLD mode is entered is retained.
 - 3) There are seven ways of releasing the X'tal HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
 - (2) System resetting by watchdog timer
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins
 - * The INT0 and INT1 pins must be configured only for level detection.
 - (4) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (5) Having an interrupt source established in the base timer circuit
 - (6) Having an bus active interrupt source established in the USB host control circuit
 - (7) Having an interrupt source established in the infrared remote controller receiver circuit

■Development Tools

• On-chip debugger: TCB87- type B + LC87F1JJ2A

■Flash ROM Programming Boards

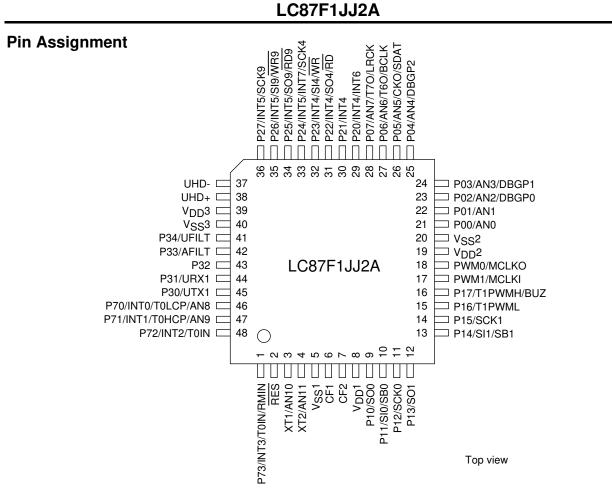
Package	Programming board
SQFP48(7×7)	W87F55256SQ

■ Flash ROM Programmer

Maker		Model		Device
Flash Support Group, Inc. (FSG)	Single	AF9708/ AF9709/AF9709B/AF9709C (including Ando Electric Co., Ltd. models)	Rev. 03.12 or later	LC87F1JJ2A
Flash Support Group, Inc. (FSG) + Our company(Note 1)	Onboard single/ganged	AF9101/AF9103(main unit) (FSG) SIB87(interface driver) (Our company model)	(Note 2)	LC87F1JJ2A
Our company	Single/ganged	SKK/SKK Type B (SANYO FWS) SKK-DBG Type B	Application version: 1.04 or later Chip data version:	LC87F1JJ2
	single/ganged	(SANYO FWS)	2.17 or later	

Note 1: PC-less standalone onboard programming is possible using the FSG onboard programmer (AF9101/AF9103) and the serial interface driver (SIB87) provided by Our company in pair.

Note 2: Dedicated programming device and program are required depending on the programming conditions. Contact Our company or FSG if you have any questions or difficulties regarding this matter.

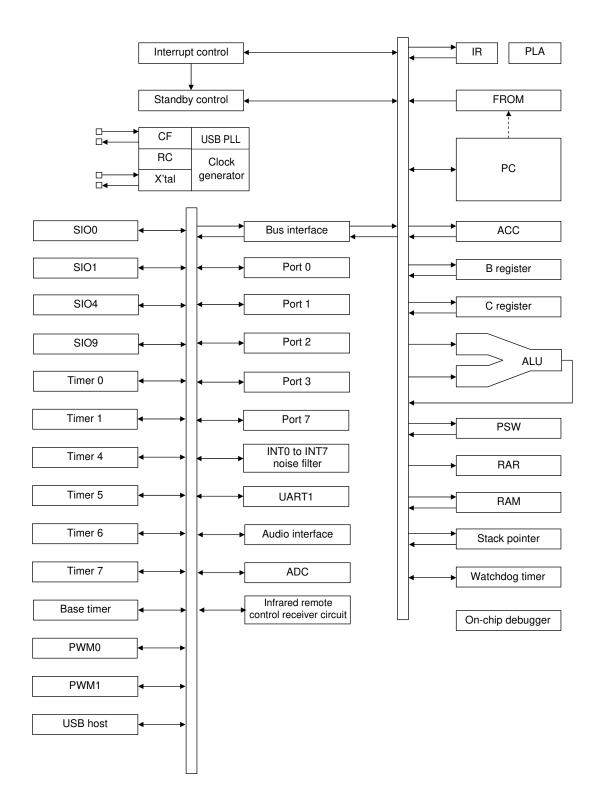


SQFP48(7×7) "Lead-/Halogen-free type"

1	SQFP48	NAME	SQFP48
P04/A	25	P73/INT3/T0IN/RMIN	1
P05/AN	26	RES	2
P06/AN	27	XT1/AN10	3
P07/AN	28	XT2/AN11	4
P20/	29	V _{SS} 1	5
P2	30	CF1	6
P22/IN	31	CF2	7
P23/IN	32	V _{DD} 1	8
P24/INT	33	P10/SO0	9
P25/IN	34	P11/SI0/SB0	10
P26/IN	35	P12/SCK0	11
P27/I	36	P13/SO1	12
	37	P14/SI1/SB1	13
I	38	P15/SCK1	14
	39	P16/T1PWML	15
,	40	P17/T1PWMH/BUZ	16
P3	41	PWM1/MCLKI	17
P3	42	PWM0/MCLKO	18
	43	V _{DD} 2	19
P3	44	V _{SS} 2	20
P3	45	P00/AN0	21
P70/INT	46	P01/AN1	22
P71/INT	47	P02/AN2/DBGP0	23
P72/	48	P03/AN3/DBGP1	24

SQFP48	NAME
25	P04/AN4/DBGP2
26	P05/AN5/CKO/SDAT
27	P06/AN6/T6O/BCLK
28	P07/AN7/T7O/LRCK
29	P20/INT4/INT6
30	P21/INT4
31	P22/INT4/SO4/RD
32	P23/INT4/SI4/WR
33	P24/INT5/INT7/SCK4
34	P25/INT5/SO9/RD9
35	P26/INT5/SI9/WR9
36	P27/INT5/SCK9
37	UHD-
38	UHD+
39	V _{DD} 3
40	V _{SS} 3
41	P34/UFILT
42	P33/AFILT
43	P32
44	P31/URX1
45	P30/UTX1
46	P70/INT0/T0LCP/AN8
47	P71/INT1/T0HCP/AN9
48	P72/INT2/T0IN

System Block Diagram



Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O			De	scription			Option
V _{SS} 1,V _{SS} 2, V _{SS} 3	-	- power supply						
V _{DD} 1, V _{DD} 2	-	+ power supply						No
V _{DD} 3	-	USB reference	voltage					Yes
Port 0	I/O	• 8-bit I/O ports	5					Yes
P00 to P07		 I/O specifiabl 	e in 4-bit units					
		 Pull-up resist 	ors can be turne	d on and off in	4-bit units.			
		HOLD releas	•					
		Port 0 interru	pt input					
		Pin functions			D07)			
			input ports: ANC gger pins: DBGI	-				
		-	clock output/aud	-				
		-			CLK input/output			
					CK input/output			
Port 1	I/O	8-bit I/O ports						Yes
P10 to P17	-	 I/O specifiabl 	e in 1-bit units					
		Pull-up resist	ors can be turne	d on and off in	1-bit units.			
		Pin functions						
		P10: SIO0 da	ta output	P1	4: SIO1 data inpu	ut/bus input/outp	ut	
			ta input/bus inpu	-	5: SIO1 clock inp	•		
			ock input/output		6: Timer 1 PWML	•		
			P13: SIO1 data output P17: Timer 1 PWMH output/beeper output					
Port 2	I/O	8-bit I/O ports						Yes
P20 to P27		I/O specifiable in 1-bit units Dull up resistors can be turned an and off in 1 bit units						
		 Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1-bit units. Pin functions 						
			NT4 input/HOLD) release input/ti	mer 1 event inpu	t/timer 0L captur	e input/	
			mer 0H capture	-				
			•	•	mer 1 event input	t/timer 0L captur	e input/	
		ti	mer 0H capture	input				
			ut/timer 0L capt					
			ta input/output/p					
			ta input/output/p					
					OH capture 1 inp	but		
			ta input/output/p					
			ta input/output/p ock input/output	barallel interface	WR9 output			
			owledge types					
			Rising	Falling	Rising & Falling	H level	L level	
		INT4	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
		INT5	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
		INT6	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
		INT7	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
Port 3	I/O	• 5-bit I/O ports						Yes
P30 to P34		 I/O specifiabl Pull-up resist 	e in 1-bit units ors can be turne	d on and off in	L-bit unite			
		Pull-up resist Pin functions	ors can be turne	o on and on M	i-dit utilits.			
	1	• Pill functions P30: UART1	transmit					
		P31: UART1						
				r circuit connect	ion pin (See Fig.	6.)		
	1	P34: USB inte	erface PLL filter	circuit connectio	on pin (See Fig. 5	.)		

Pin Name	I/O			Dese	ription			Option
Port 7	I/O	4-bit I/O ports						No
P70 to P73	-	I/O specifiable in 1-bit units						
		Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1-bit units.						
		 Pin functions 						
		P70: INT0 input	/HOLD release	input/timer 0L c	apture input/wat	chdog timer out	out	
		P71: INT1 input		•	• •			
		P72: INT2 input			ent input/timer 0	L capture input/		
			l clock counter i	•				
		P73: INT3 input	· ·	,	event input/timer	0H capture inp	ut/	
			mote control rec	•				
		AD converter in		P70), AN9(P71)				
		Interrupt acknow	vieage types		Rising &			
			Rising	Falling	Falling	H level	L level	
		INT0	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	
		INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	
			enable	enable	enable	le disable	disable	
		INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	
PWM0	I/O	PWM0, PWM1 or	utput ports					No
PWM1		General-purpose	input port					
		 Pin functions 						
		PWM0: Audio in	terface master	clock output				
		PWM1: Audio in		•				
UHD-	I/O	USB data I/O pin						No
UHD+	I/O	USB data I/O pin	UHD+/general-	purpose I/O por	t			No
RES	I	Reset pin						No
XT1	I	 32.768kHz crys 	tal oscillator inp	ut				No
		Pin functions						
		General-purpos						
		AD converter in						
		Must be connec	ted to V _{DD} 1 wh	ien not to be us	ed.			
XT2	I/O	 32.768kHz crys 	tal oscillator out	put				No
		Pin functions						
		General-purpos						
		AD converter in			a if nat ta ha ····	م		
CF1		Must be configu Ceramic/crystal r		m and kept ope	I II NOT TO DE USE	u.		No
CF2	0		· · ·					No
012	0	Ceramic/crystal resonator output						INU

Port Output Types

The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor. Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

Port Name	Option Selected in Units of	Option Type	Output Type	Pull-up Resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable (Note 1)
		2	Nch-open drain	No
P10 to P17	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
P20 to P27 P30 to P34		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P70	-	No	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P71 to P73	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
PWM0, PWM1	-	No	CMOS	No
UHD+, UHD-	-	No	CMOS	No
XT1	-	No	Input only	No
XT2	-	No	32.768kHz crystal resonator output (Nch-open drain when in general-purpose output mode)	No

Note 1: Programmable pull-up resistors for port 0 are controlled in 4 bit units (P00 to 03, P04 to 07).

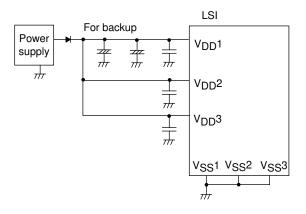
User Options

Option Name	Туре	Flash ROM Version	Option Selected in Units of	Setting
Port output type		0		CMOS
	P00 to P07	0	1 bit	Nch-open drain
	D10 1 D17	<u>^</u>		CMOS
	P10 to P17	0	1 bit	Nch-open drain
		0		CMOS
	P20 to P27	0	1 bit	Nch-open drain
	P20 to P24		4 64	CMOS
	P30 to P34	0	1 bit	Nch-open drain
Program start		0		00000h
address	-	0	-	1FE00h
USB Regulator		0		Use
	USB Regulator	0	-	Nonuse
	USB Regulator	_		Use
	(at HOLD mode)	0	-	Nonuse
	USB Regulator			Use
	(at HALT mode)	0	-	Nonuse

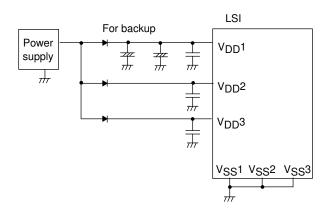
Power Pin Treatment

Connect the IC as shown below to minimize the noise input to the V_{DD1} pin and extend the backup period. Be sure to electrically short the V_{SS1} , V_{SS2} , and V_{SS3} pins.

Example 1: When the microcontroller is in the backup state in the HOLD mode, the power to sustain the high level of output ports is supplied by their backup capacitors.



Example 2: The high level output at ports is not sustained and unstable in the HOLD backup mode.



USB Reference Power Option

When a voltage 4.5 to 5.5V is supplied to V_{DD1} and the internal USB reference voltage circuit is activated, the reference voltage for USB port output is generated. The active/inactive state of the reference voltage circuit can be switched by optional settings. The procedure for marking the optional settings is described below.

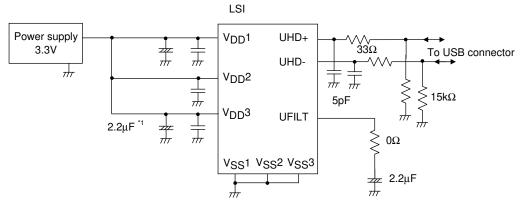
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Option settings	USB regulator	Use	Use	Use	Nonuse
	USB regulator in HOLD mode	Use	Nonuse	Nonuse	Nonuse
	USB regulator in HALT mode	Use	Nonuse	Use	Nonuse
Reference voltage circuit state	Normal mode	Active	Active	Active	Inactive
	HOLD mode	Active	Inactive	Inactive	Inactive
	HALT mode	Active	Inactive	Active	Inactive

• When the USB reference voltage circuit is made inactive, the level of the reference voltage for USB port output is equal to V_{DD}1.

- Selection (2) or (3) can be used to set the reference voltage circuit inactive in HOLD or HALT mode.
- When the reference voltage circuit is activated, the current drain increases by approximately 100µA compared with when the reference voltage circuit is inactive.

Circuit example 1: When VDD1=VDD2=3.3V

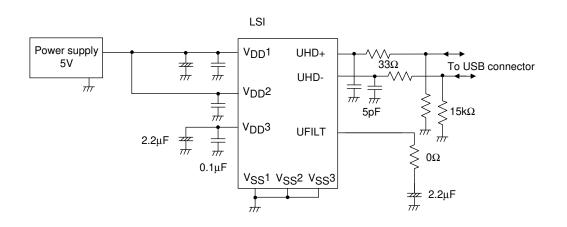
- Inactivating the reference voltage circuit (selection (4)).
- Connecting $V_{DD}3$ to $V_{DD}1$ and $V_{DD}2$.



*1: Needs adjustment on target board.

Circuit example 2: When $V_{DD}1=V_{DD}2=5.0V$

- Activating the reference voltage circuit (selection (1)).
- Isolating VDD3 from VDD1 and VDD2, and connecting capacitor between VDD3 and VSS.



Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = 7$	$V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V$
--	--------------------------

	Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	ł		Specif	cation	
		0,			V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	uni
Max	kimum supply voltage	V _{DD} max	V _{DD} 1, V _{DD} 2, V _{DD} 3	$V_{DD}1 = V_{DD}2 = V_{DD}3$		-0.3		+6.5	
Inp	ut voltage	V _I (1)	XT1, CF1			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	
•	ut/output tage	V _{IO} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3, 7 PWM0, PWM1 XT2			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
	Peak output current	IOPH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2	 When CMOS output type is selected Per 1 applicable pin 		-10			
		IOPH(2)	PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 applicable pin		-20			
		IOPH(3)	Port 3 P71 to P73	When CMOS output type is selected Per 1 applicable pin		-5			
rrent	Average output current (Note 1-1)	IOMH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2	When CMOS output type is selected Per 1 applicable pin		-7.5			
it cu		IOMH(2)	PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 applicable pin		-15			
High level output current		IOMH(3)	Port 3 P71 to P73	When CMOS output type is selected Per 1 applicable pin		-3			
High	Total output current	ΣIOAH(1)	Ports 0, 2	Total current of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣIOAH(2)	Port 1 PWM0, PWM1	Total current of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣIOAH(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1	Total current of all applicable pins		-45			
		ΣIOAH(4)	Port 3 P71 to P73	Total current of all applicable pins		-10			
		ΣIOAH(5)	UHD+, UHD-	Total current of all applicable pins		-25			m/
	Peak output current	IOPL(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 applicable pin				20	
		IOPL(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 applicable pin				30	
		IOPL(3)	Ports 3, 7 XT2	Per 1 applicable pin				10	
rrent	Average output current (Note 1-1)	IOML(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 applicable pin				15	
it cu		IOML(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 applicable pin				20	
Low level output current		IOML(3)	Ports 3, 7 XT2	Per 1 applicable pin				7.5	
-ow lev	Total output current	ΣIOAL(1)	Ports 0, 2	Total current of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(2)	Port 1 PWM0, PWM1	Total current of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1	Total current of all applicable pins				80	
		ΣIOAL(4)	Ports 3, 7 XT2	Total current of all applicable pins				15	
		ΣIOAL(5)	UHD+, UHD-	Total current of all applicable pins				25	
	owable power sipation	Pd max	SQFP48(7×7)	Ta=-40 to +85°C				140	mV
	erating ambient nperature	Topr				-40		+85	°C
	orage ambient nperature	Tstg				-55		+125	- (

Note 1-1: The average output current is an average of current values measured over 100ms intervals.

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

	0					Specific	cation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Operating	V _{DD} (1)	V _{DD} 1=V _{DD} 2=V _{DD} 3	$0.245 \mu s \le tCYC \le 200 \mu s$		3.0		5.5	
supply voltage (Note 2-1)			$0.490\mu s \le tCYC \le 200\mu s$ Except in onboard programming mode		2.7		5.5	
Memory sustaining supply voltage	VHD	V _{DD} 1=V _{DD} 2=V _{DD} 3	RAM and register contents sustained in HOLD mode.		2.0		5.5	
High level input voltage	V _{IH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 P71 to P73 P70 port input/ interrupt side PWM0, PWM1		2.7 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (2)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.7 to 5.5	0.9V _{DD}		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (3)	XT1, XT2, CF1, RES		2.7 to 5.5	0.75V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Low level input voltage	V _{IL} (1)	Ports 1, 2, 3 P71 to P73		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.1V _{DD} +0.4	
	V _{IL} (2)	P70 port input/ interrupt side		2.7 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (3)	Port 0 PWM0, PWM1		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.15V _{DD} +0.4	
	V _{IL} (4)			2.7 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (5)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.7 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.8V _{DD} -1.0	
	V _{IL} (6)	XT1, XT2, CF1, RES		2.7 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}	
Instruction	tCYC			3.0 to 5.5	0.245		200	
cycle time (Note 2-2)			Except in onboard programming mode	2.7 to 5.5	0.490		200	μs
External system clock frequency	FEXCF(1)	CF1	 CF2 pin open System clock frequency division ratio=1/1 External system clock duty =50±5% 	3.0 to 5.5	0.1		12	
			 CF2 pin open System clock frequency division ratio=1/1 External system clock duty =50±5% 	2.7 to 5.5	0.1		6	MHz
Oscillation frequency	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	When 12MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	3.0 to 5.5		12		
range (Note 2-3)	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	When 6MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.7 to 5.5		6		MHz
	FmRC		Internal RC oscillation	2.7 to 5.5	0.3	1.0	2.0	
	FsX'tal	XT1, XT2	32.768kHz crystal oscillation See Fig. 2.	2.7 to 5.5		32.768		kHz

Allowable Operating Conditions at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

Note 2-1: V_{DD} must be held greater than or equal to 3.0V in the flash ROM onboard programming mode.

Note 2-2: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is 3/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/1 and 6/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/2.

Note 2-3: See oscillation characteristics examples.

Devemeter	Cumbal	Din/Domort/o	Conditions			Specifica	ation	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
High level input current	I _{IH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Port 7 RES PWM0, PWM1 UHD+, UHD-	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off V _{IN} =V _{DD} (Including output Tr's off leakage current)	2.7 to 5.5			1	
	I _{IH} (2)	XT1, XT2	Input port configuration VIN=VDD	2.7 to 5.5			1	
	I _{IH} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{DD}	2.7 to 5.5			15	
Low level input current	lμ <u>(</u> 1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Port 7 RES PWM0, PWM1 UHD+, UHD-	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off VIN=VSS (Including output Tr's off leakage current)	2.7 to 5.5	-1			μA
	I _{IL} (2)	XT1, XT2	Input port configuration VIN=VSS	2.7 to 5.5	-1			
	I _{IL} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{SS}	2.7 to 5.5	-15			
High level output	V _{OH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	I _{OH} =-1mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1			
voltage	V _{OH} (2)	P71 to P73	I _{OH} =-0.4mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (3)	-	I _{OH} =-0.2mA	2.7 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			1
	V _{OH} (4)	PWM0, PWM1	I _{OH} =-10mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1.5			1
	V _{OH} (5)	P05 to P07	I _{OH} =-1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (6)	(Note 3-1)	I _{OH} =-1mA	2.7 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
Low level output	V _{OL} (1)	P00, P01	I _{OL} =30mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
voltage	V _{OL} (2)		I _{OL} =5mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	V
	V _{OL} (3)		I _{OL} =2.5mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	1
	V _{OL} (4)	Ports 0, 1, 2	I _{OL} =10mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	1
	V _{OL} (5)	PWM0, PWM1	I _{OL} =1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	1
	V _{OL} (6)	XT2	I _{OL} =1mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	1
	V _{OL} (7)	Ports 3, 7	I _{OL} =1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	1
	V _{OL} (8)		I _{OL} =1mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
Pull-up resistance	Rpu(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	V _{OH} =0.9V _{DD}	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80	
	Rpu(2)	Port 7		2.7 to 4.5	18	50	150	kΩ
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS	RES Port 1, 2, 3, 7		2.7 to 5.5		0.1V _{DD}		v
Pin capacitance	СР	All pins	For pins other than that under test: VIN=VSS f=1MHz Ta=25°C	2.7 to 5.5		10		pF

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V

Note 3-1: When the CKO system clock output function (P05) or audio interface output function (P05 to P07) is used.

Serial I/O Characteristics at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$ 1. SIO0 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-1-1)

	Parameter	Symbol	Pin/	Conditions	-		Spec	ification												
	1		Remarks		V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit											
	Frequency	tSCK(1)	SCK0(P12)	See Fig. 9.		2														
	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(1)				1														
	High level pulse width	tSCKH(1)				1														
clock		tSCKHA(1a)	*	 Continuous data transfer mode USB, AIF, SIO4, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-1-2) 		4														
Input clock	Frequency	tSCKHA(1b)		 Continuous data transfer mode USB used at the same time. AIF, SIO4, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-1-2) 		2.7 10 3.3	2.7 to 5.5	2.7 10 0.0						2.7 10 5.5	- 2.7 to 5.5	2.7 10 0.0	7			tCYC
×,		tSCKHA(1c)	*	 Continuous data transfer mode USB, AIF, SIO4, SIO9, and DMCOPY used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-1-2) 		9														
	Frequency	tSCK(2)	K(2) SCK0(P12) • W SKL(2) • S KH(2) • C SKHA(2a) • C • KHA(2a) • C • S • S • S • S • S • S • S • S • S • S	When CMOS output type is selected		4/3														
5	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(2)		• See Fig. 9.			1/2													
	High level	tSCKH(2)				1/2			tSCł											
ut clock	pulse width	tSCKHA(2a)		 Continuous data transfer mode USB, AIF, SIO4, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected See Fig. 9. 		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) + (10/3)tCYC												
Output		tSCKHA(2b)	•	 Continuous data transfer mode USB used at the same time. AIF, SIO4, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected. See Fig.9. 	2.7 to 5.5	tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) + (19/3)tCYC	tCYC											
		tSCKHA(2c)	•	 Continuous data transfer mode USB, AIF, SIO4, SIO9, and DMCOPY used at the same time When CMOS output type is selected See Fig.9. 		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) + (25/3)tCYC												

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Margins must be allowed according to the actual operating conditions.

Note 4-1-2: In an application where the serial clock input is to be used in the continuous data transfer mode, the time from SIORUN being set when serial clock is high to the falling edge of the first serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

		Parameter	Symbol	Pin/	Conditions		Specification				
	Г	arameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
input	Da	ta setup time	tsDI(1)	SB0(P11), SI0(P11)	 Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. See Fig. 9. 		0.03				
Serial input	Da	ta hold time	thDI(1)			2.7 to 5.5	0.03				
	clock	Output delay	tdDO(1)	SO0(P10), SB0(P11)	Continuous data transfer mode (Note 4-1-3)				(1/3)tCY C +0.05	μs	
Serial output	Input clock		tdDO(2)		Synchronous 8-bit mode (Note 4-1-3)	2.7 to 5.5			1tCYC +0.05	·	
Seria	Output clock	Output clock	tdDO(3)		(Note 4-1-3)	2.7 10 5.5			(1/3)tCY C +0.05		

Note 4-1-3: Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK.

Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 9.

		Davaarataa	Ourseland.	Pin/	Orandikiran			Spec	fication	
		Parameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
	X	Frequency	tSCK(3)	SCK1(P15)	See Fig. 9.		2			
	Input clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(3)			2.7 to 5.5	1			
clock	u u	High level pulse width	tSCKH(3)				1			tCYC
Serial clock	Ş	Frequency	tSCK(4)	SCK1(P15)	When CMOS output type is selected		2			
	Output clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(4)		• See Fig. 9.	2.7 to 5.5		1/2		10.01/
	Õ	High level pulse width	tSCKH(4)					1/2		tSCK
Serial input	Da	ata setup time	tsDI(2)	SB1(P14), SI1(P14)	 Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. See Fig. 9. 		0.03			
Serial	Da	ata hold time	thDI(2)			2.7 to 5.5	0.03			
Serial output	O	utput delay time	tdDO(4)	SO1(P13), SB1(P14)	 Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 9. 	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μs

2. SIO1 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-2-1)

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Margins must be allowed according to the actual operating conditions.

3. SIO4 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-3-1)

	E	Parameter	Symbol	Pin/	Conditions	F		Spec	ification	
	Г	arameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
		Frequency	tSCK(5)	SCK4(P24)	See Fig. 9.		2			
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(5)				1			
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(5)				1			
	ck	puise wour	tSCKHA(5a)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-3-2) 		4			
	Input clock		tSCKHA(5b)		 USB used at the same time SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-3-2) 	2.7 to 5.5	7			tCYC
			tSCKHA(5c)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, SIO9, and DMCOPY used at the same time. AIF not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-3-2) 	-	12			
Serial clock		Frequency	tSCK(6)	SCK4(P24)	When CMOS output type is selected.		4/3			
Seri		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(6)		• See Fig. 9.			1/2		
		High level	tSCKH(6)					1/2		tSCK
	Ş	(Note 4-3-3)	tSCKHA(6a)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected. See Fig. 9. 	-	tSCKH(6) + (5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) + (10/3)tCYC	
	Output clock		tSCKHA(6b)		 USB used at the same time. SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO9, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected. See Fig. 9. 	2.7 to 5.5	tSCKH(6) + (5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) + (19/3)tCYC	tCYC
			tSCKHA(6c)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, SIO9, and DMCOPY used at the same time. AIF not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected. See Fig. 9. 		tSCKH(6) + (5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) + (34/3)tCYC	

Note 4-3-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Margins must be allowed according to the actual operating conditions.

- Note 4-3-2: In an application where the serial clock input is to be used in the continuous data transfer mode, the period from the time SI4RUN is set with the serial clock set high to the falling edge of the first serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.
- Note 4-3-3: When using the serial clock output, make sure that the load at the SCK4 (P24) pin meets the following conditions:

Clock rise time tSCKR \leq 0.037µs (see Figure 12.) at Ta=+25°C, V_{DD}=3.3V

Con	tinued from preceding	page.	1	Γ						
	Parameter	Symbol	Pin/	Conditions		Specification				
	1 dramotor	Cymbol	Remarks	Conditione	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
input	Data setup time	tsDI(3)	SO4(P22), SI4(P23)	 Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. See Fig. 9 		0.03				
Serial	Data hold time	thDI(3)			2.7 to 5.5	0.03				
Serial output	Output delay time	tdDO(5)	SO4(P22), SI4(P23)	 Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 9. 	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μs	

4. SIO9 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-4-1)

		Parameter	Cumbal	Pin/	Conditions			Specifi	cation		
	Г	rarameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
		Frequency	tSCK(7)	SCK9(P27)	See Fig. 9.		2				
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(7)				1				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(7)				1				
lock	ock		tSCKHA(7a)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO4, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-4-2) 		4				
Serial clock	Input clock		tSCKHA(7b)		 USB used at the same time. SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO4, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-4-2) 	2.7 to 5.5	7			tCYC	
			tSCKHA(7c)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, SIO4, and DMCOPY used at the same time. AIF not used at the same time. See Fig. 9. (Note 4-4-2) 	-		15			

Note 4-4-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Margins must be allowed according to the actual operating conditions.

Note 4-4-2: In an application where the serial clock input is to be used in the continuous data transfer mode, the period from the time SI9RUN is set with the serial clock set high to the falling edge of the first serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

	-	Devementer	Cumbal	Pin/	Conditions			Specif	ication	
	F	Parameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
		Frequency	tSCK(8)	SCK9(P27)	When CMOS output type is selected.		4/3			tCYC
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(8)		• See Fig. 9.			1/2		1001
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(8)					1/2		tSCK
Serial clock	ck	(Note 4-4-3)	tSCKHA(8a)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO4, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected. See Fig. 9. 		tSCKH(8) + (5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(8) + (10/3)tCYC	
	Output clock		tSCKHA(8b)		 USB used at the same time. SIO0 continuous transfer mode, AIF, SIO4, and DMCOPY not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected See Fig. 9. 	2.7 to 5.5	tSCKH(8) + (5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(8) + (19/3)tCYC	tCYC
			tSCKHA(8c)		 USB, SIO0 continuous transfer mode, SIO4, and DMCOPY used at the same time. AIF not used at the same time. When CMOS output type is selected. See Fig. 9. 		tSCKH(8) + (5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(8) + (43/3)tCYC	
nput	Da	ta setup time	tsDI(4)	SO9(P25), SI9(P26)	Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. See Fig. 9.		0.03			
Serial input	Da	ta hold time	thDI(4)			2.7 to 5.5	0.03			
Serial output	Ou	utput delay time	tdDO(6)	SO9(P25), SI9(P26)	 Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode See Fig. 9. 	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μs

Note 4-4-3: When using the serial clock output, make sure that the load at the SCK9 (P27) pin meets the following conditions:

Clock rise time tSCKR < 0.037 μ s (see Figure 12.) at Ta=+25°C, V_{DD}=3.3V

Devenueter	Question	Dia (De se este	O and this was			Speci	ification	
Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
High/low level pulse width	tPIH(1) tPIL(1)	INT0(P70), INT1(P71), INT2(P72), INT4(P20 to P23), INT5(P24 to P27), INT6(P20), INT7(P24)	 Interrupt source flag can be set. Event inputs for timer 0 or 1 are enabled. 	2.7 to 5.5	1			
	tPIH(2) tPIL(2)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/1	 Interrupt source flag can be set. Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled. 	2.7 to 5.5	2			tCYC
	tPIH(3) tPIL(3)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/32	 Interrupt source flag can be set. Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled. 	2.7 to 5.5	64			
	tPIH(4) tPIL(4)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/128	 Interrupt source flag can be set. Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled. 	2.7 to 5.5	256			
	tPIL(5)	RMIN(P73)	Recognized by the infrared remote control receiver circuit as a signal	2.7 to 5.5	4			RMCK (Note 5-1)
	tPIL(6)	RES	Resetting is enabled.	2.7 to 5.5	200			μs

Note 5-1: Represents the period of the reference clock (1 tCYC to 128 tCYC or the source frequency of the subclock) for the infrared remote control receiver circuit.

Parameter	Symbol	Dia (Demonitor	Din/Demorka Conditions			Specifi	cation		
Parameter		Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Resolution	Ν	AN0(P00) to		3.0 to 5.5		8		bit	
Absolute accuracy	ET	AN8(P70),	. ,.	(Note 6-1)	3.0 to 5.5			±1.5	LSB
Conversion time	TCAD	AN9(P71), AN10(XT1),	AD conversion time=32×tCYC (when ADCR2=0) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	15.68 (tCYC=		97.92 (tCXC-		
		AN11(XT2)		4.0 10 0.0	(.010= 0.490μs)	(tCYC= 3.06µs) 97.92 (tCYC= 3.06µs) 97.92 = (tCYC=			
					23.52		97.92		
				3.0 to 5.5	(tCYC=		(tCYC=		
					0.735µs)	3.06µs)	3.06µs)	μs	
			AD conversion time=64×tCYC		18.82		97.92	μο	
			(when ADCR2=1) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	(tCYC=		(tCYC=		
					0.294µs)		1.53µs)		
					47.04		97.92		
				3.0 to 5.5	(tCYC=		(tCYC=		
					0.735µs)		1.53µs)		
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			3.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		V _{DD}	V	
Analog port	IAINH]	VAIN=V _{DD}	3.0 to 5.5			1		
input current	IAINL]	VAIN=V _{SS}	3.0 to 5.5	-1			μA	

Note 6-1: The quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB) is excluded from the absolute accuracy.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the period from the time when an instruction for starting a conversion process is issued to the time the conversion results register(s) are loaded with a complete digital conversion value corresponding to the analog input value.

Consumption Current Characteristics at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/	Pin/ Conditions		Specification				
r ai di i elei		Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Normal mode consumption current	IDDOP(1)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3	FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		11	27		
(Note 7-1)	IDDOP(2)		 Internal PLL oscillation stopped Internal RC oscillation stopped USB circuit stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio 	3.0 to 3.6		6.2	16		
	IDDOP(3)		FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		16	37		
	IDDOP(4)		 Internal PLL oscillation mode active Internal RC oscillation stopped USB circuit active 1/1 frequency division ratio 	3.0 to 3.6		8.0	21	mA	
	IDDOP(5)		 FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode 	4.5 to 5.5		7.2	17		
	IDDOP(6)		System clock set to 6MHz side	3.0 to 3.6		4.4 11	11		
	IDDOP(7)	-	 Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio 	2.7 to 3.0		3.6	8.2		
	IDDOP(8)		FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)	4.5 to 5.5		0.77	3.7		
	IDDOP(9)		 FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to internal RC oscillation 	3.0 to 3.6		0.43	2.0		
	IDDOP(10)		1/2 frequency division ratio	2.7 to 3.0		0.36	1.6		
	IDDOP(11)		 FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode 	4.5 to 5.5		47	184		
	IDDOP(12)		 System clock set to crystal oscillation side (32.768kHz) 	3.0 to 3.6		19	65	μA	
	IDDOP(13)		 Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio 	2.7 to 3.0		15	51		
HALT mode consumption current (Note7-1)	IDDHALT(1)		HALT mode FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		4.9	12		
	IDDHALT(2)		 Internal PLL oscillation stopped Internal RC oscillation stopped USB circuit stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio 	3.0 to 3.6		2.7	6.4		
	IDDHALT(3)		HALT mode FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 12MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		9.5	23		
	IDDHALT(4)		 Internal PLL oscillation mode active Internal RC oscillation stopped USB circuit active 1/1 frequency division ratio 	3.0 to 3.6		4.7	12	mA	
	IDDHALT(5)		HALT mode FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		3.0	7.3		
	IDDHALT(6)	-	FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 6MHz side	3.0 to 3.6		1.6	3.8		
	IDDHALT(7)	1	 Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio 	2.7 to 3.0		1.3	2.9		
	IDDHALT(8)	-	HALT mode	4.5 to 5.5		0.41	2.0		
	IDDHALT(9)	-	 FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped) FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode 	3.0 to 3.6		0.20	0.95		
		4	 System clock set to internal RC oscillation 						

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors.

Deverseter	Ourseland	Pin/	O a statistic sec		Specification				
Parameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(11)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3	HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)	4.5 to 5.5		31	132		
	IDDHALT(12)		 FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode System clock set to crystal oscillation side (32.768kHz) Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio HOLD mode CF1=V_{DD} or open (External clock mode) 	3.0 to 3.6		9.1	53		
	IDDHALT(13)			2.7 to 3.0		6.3	42		
HOLD mode	IDDHOLD(1)			4.5 to 5.5		0.24	72	μA	
consumption current	IDDHOLD(2)			3.0 to 3.6		0.12	38		
	IDDHOLD(3)			2.7 to 3.0		0.11	33		
Timer HOLD mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(4)		Timer HOLD mode CF1=V _{DD} or open (External clock mode) FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		26	115		
	IDDHOLD(5)			3.0 to 3.6		6.1	50		
	IDDHOLD(6)			2.7 to 3.0		3.8	40		

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors.

USB Characteristics and Timing at $Ta = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = 0V$

Deservator	Querra la cal	Quaditiens		Specification					
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	unit			
High level output	V _{OH(USB)}	 15kΩ±5% to GND 	2.8		3.6	V			
Low level output	V _{OL(USB)}	• 1.5kΩ±5% to 3.6V	0.0		0.3	V			
Output signal crossover voltage	V _{CRS}		1.3		2.0	V			
Differential input sensitivity	V _{DI}	• (UHD+)-(UHD-)	0.2			V			
Differential input common mode range	V _{CM}		0.8		2.5	V			
High level input	V _{IH(USB)}		2.0			V			
Low level input	V _{IL(USB)}				0.8	V			
USB data rise time	^t R	• R _S =33Ω, C _L =50pF	4		20	ns			
USB data fall time t _F		• R _S =33Ω, C _L =50pF	4		20	ns			

F-ROM Programming Characteristics at $Ta = +10^{\circ}C$ to $+55^{\circ}C$, VSS1 = VSS2 = VSS3 = 0V

Deventer	O wash al	Pin/	Oraclitican	Specifica			ication	cation	
Parameter	Symbol	Remarks		V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Onboard programming current	IDDFW(1)	V _{DD} 1	 Excluding power dissipation in the microcontroller block 	3.0 to 5.5		5	10	mA	
Programming time tFW(1)		Erase operation			20	30	ms		
	tFW(2)		Write operation	3.0 to 5.5		40	60	μs	

Main System Clock Oscillation

The constant values of the oscillator and oscillation circuit for the main and system clocks must be determined after exercising extensive oscillation evaluation tests. For an application in which the USB host function is to be used, use an oscillator having the accuracy and precision that satisfy the USB specifications.

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized in the following cases (see Figure 4):

- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after VDD goes above the operating voltage lower limit.
- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the instruction for starting the main clock oscillation circuit is executed.
- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the HOLD mode is released.
- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the X'tal HOLD mode is released with CFSTOP (OCR register, bit 0) set to 0.

Subsystem Clock Oscillation

Table 1 shows the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Crystal Oscillator

Nominal Frequency		Oscillator	Circuit Constant			Operating	Oscillation Stabilization Time			
	Vendor Name	Name	C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]	Voltage Range [V]	typ [s]	max [s]	Remarks
32.768kHz	EPSON TOYOCOM	MC-306	18	18	OPEN	560k	2.7 to 5.0	1.1	3.0	Applicable CL value=12.5pF SMD type

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized in the following cases (see Figure 4):

- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillation circuit is executed.
- Till the oscillation gets stabilized after the HOLD mode is released with EXTOSC (OCR register, bit 6) set to 1.

Note: The components that are involved in oscillation should be placed as close to the IC and to one another as possible because they are vulnerable to the influences of the circuit pattern.

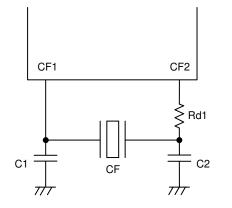


Figure 1 CF Oscillator Circuit

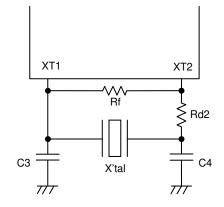


Figure 2 Crystal Oscillator Circuit

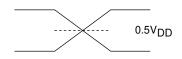
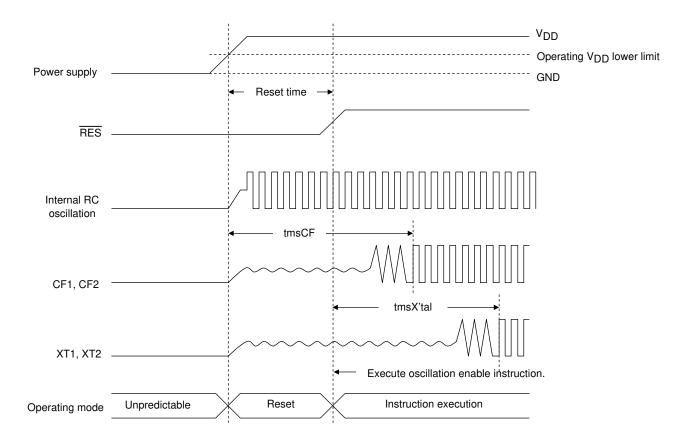
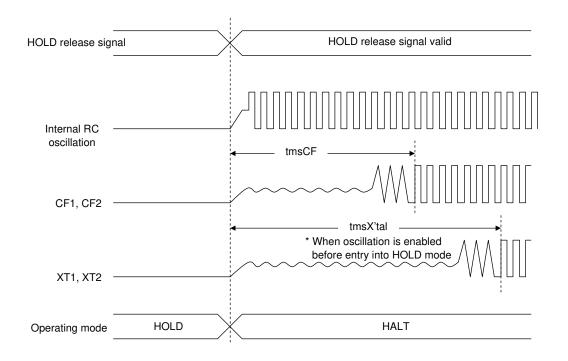


Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

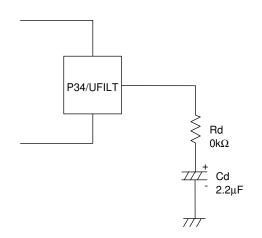


Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time

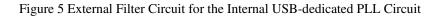


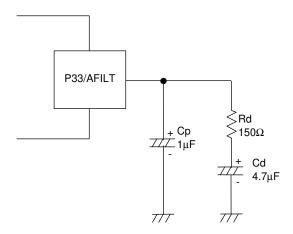
HOLD Release Signal and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Time



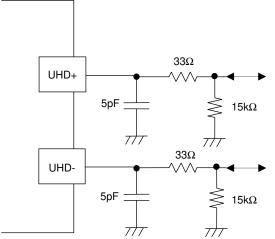
When using the internal PLL circuit to generate the 48MHz clock for USB, it is necessary to connect a filter circuit to the P34/UFILT pin such as that shown in the left figure.





To generate the master clock for the audio interface using the internal PLL circuit, it is necessary to connect a filter circuit to the P33/AFILT pin that is shown in the left figure.

Figure 6 External Filter Circuit for Audio Interface (Used with Internal PLL Circuit)



It is necessary to adjust the Circuit Constant of the USB Port Peripheral Circuit for each mounting board.

Figure 7 USB Port Peripheral Circuit