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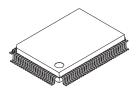
8-bit Microcontroller 256K-byte Flash ROM / 10240-byte RAM



www.onsemi.com

Overview

The LC87F5VP6A is an 8-bit microcomputer that, centered around a CPU running at a minimum bus cycle time of 66.6 ns, integrate on a single chip a number of hardware features such as 256K-byte flash ROM (onboard rewritable), 10240-byte RAM, Onchip debugging function, sophisticated 16-bit timers/counters (may be divided into 8-bit timers), a 16-bit timer / counter (may be divided into 8-bit timers/counters or 8-bit PWMs), four 8-bit timers with a prescaler, a base timer serving as a time-of-day clock, a high-speed clock counter, two synchronous SIO ports (with automatic block transmission / reception capabilities), an asynchronous / synchronous SIO port, two UART ports (full duplex), four 12-bit PWM channels, an 8-bit 15-channel AD converter, a system clock frequency divider, and a 29-source 10-vector interrupt feature.



PQFP100 14x20 / QIP100E

Features

- Flash ROM
 - Capable of on-board-programming with wide range, 2.7 to 5.5 V, of voltage source
 - Block-erase in 512 byte units
 - 262144 × 8 bits

■ RAM

- 10240×9 bits
- Minimum Bus Cycle Time
 - 66.6 ns (15 MHz) $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$
 - 83.3 ns (12 MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$
 - 125 ns (8 MHz) $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$

Note: Bus cycle time indicates the speed to read ROM.

- Minimum Instruction Cycle Time (tCYC)
 - 200 ns (15 MHz)
 250 ns (12 MHz)
 375 ns (8 MHz)
 VDD = 3.0 to 5.5 V
 VDD = 2.8 to 5.5 V
 VDD = 2.5 to 5.5 V

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 26 of this data sheet.

^{*} This product is licensed from Silicon Storage Technology, Inc. (USA)

■ Ports

• Normal withstand voltage I/O ports

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1-bit units 64 (P1n, P2n, P3n, P70 to P73, P8n, PAn, PBn, PCn,

S2Pn, PWM0, PWM1, XT2)

16 (PEn, PFn)

8 (P0n)

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 2-bit units

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 4-bit units

• Normal withstand voltage input port

1 (XT1) • Dedicated oscillator ports 2 (CF1, CF2)

• Reset pins 1 (RES)

• Power pins 8 (V_SS1 to V_SS4, V_{DD}1 to V_{DD}4)

■ Timers

• Timer 0: 16-bit timer/counter with capture register

Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers) ×2 channels

Mode 1: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers)

+ 8-bit counter (with two 8-bit capture registers)

Mode 2: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 16-bit capture registers)

Mode 3: 16-bit counter (with two 16-bit capture registers)

• Timer 1: 16-bit timer/counter that supports PWM/toggle output

Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) + 8-bit timer/counter(with toggle outputs)

Mode 1: 8-bit PWM with an 8-bit prescaler × 2 channels

Mode 2: 16-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)

(toggle outputs also from the lower-order 8-bits)

Mode 3: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) (The lower-order 8 bits can be used as PWM.)

- Timer 4: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
- Timer 5: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
- Timer 6: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
- Timer 7: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
- Base timer
 - 1) The clock is selectable from the subclock (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator), system clock, and timer 0 prescaler output.
 - 2) Interrupts programmable in 5 different time schemes.

■ High-speed Clock Counter

- 1) Can count clocks with a maximum clock rate of 30 MHz (at a main clock of 15 MHz).
- 2) Can generate output real-time.

■ SIO

- SIO0: 8-bit synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (maximum transfer clock cycle = 4/3 tCYC)
 - 3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 256 bits, specifiable in 1 bit units, suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units)
- SIO1: 8-bit asynchronous/synchronous serial interface
 - Mode 0: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (2- or 3-wire configuration, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 1: Asynchronous serial I/O (half-duplex, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, 8 to 2048 tCYC baudrates)
 - Mode 2: Bus mode 1 (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 3: Bus mode 2 (start detect, 8 data bits, stop detect)
- SIO2: 8 bit synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first mode
 - 2) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (maximum transfer clock cycle = 4/3 tCYC)
 - 3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 32 bytes)

- UART: 2 channels
 - Full duplex
 - 7/8/9 bit data bits selectable
 - 1 stop bit (2 bits in continuous transmission mode)
 - Built-in baudrate generator (with baudrates of 16/3 to 8192/3 tCYC)
- AD Converter: 8 bits × 15 channels
- PWM: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 4 channels
- Remote Control Receiver Circuit (sharing pins with P73, INT3, and T0IN)
 - 1) Noise filtering function (noise filter time constant selectable from 1 tCYC, 32 tCYC, and 128 tCYC)
 - 2) The noise filtering function is available for the INT3, T0IN, or T0HCP signal at P73. When P73 is read with an instruction, the signal level at that pin is read regardless of the availability of the noise filtering function.
- Watchdog Timer
 - External RC watchdog timer
 - Interrupt and reset signals selectable
- Clock Output Function
 - 1) Able to output selected oscillation clock 1/1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64 as system clock.
 - 2) Able to output oscillation clock of sub clock.

■ Interrupts

- 29 sources, 10 vector addresses
 - 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
 - 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Level	Interrupt Source
1	00003H	X or L	INT0
2	0000BH	X or L	INT1
3	00013H	H or L	INT2/T0L/INT4
4	0001BH	H or L	INT3/INT5/base timer0/base timer1
5	00023H	H or L	T0H/INT6
6	0002BH	H or L	T1L/T1H/INT7
7	00033H	H or L	SIO0/UART1 receive/UART2 receive
8	0003BH	H or L	SIO1/SIO2/UART1 transmit/UART2 transmit
9	00043H	H or L	ADC/T6/T7/PWM4, PWM5
10	0004BH	H or L	Port 0/T4/T5/PWM0, PWM1

- Priority levels X > H > L
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.
- Subroutine Stack Levels: 5120 levels maximum (the stack is allocated in RAM)
- High-speed Multiplication/Division Instructions
 - 16-bits × 8-bits (5 tCYC execution time)
 - 24-bits × 16-bits (12 tCYC execution time)
 - 16-bits ÷ 8-bits (8 tCYC execution time)
 - 24-bits ÷ 16-bits (12 tCYC execution time)
- Oscillation Circuits
 - RC oscillation circuit (internal) : For system clock
 - CF oscillation circuit
 Crystal oscillation circuit
 For system clock, with internal Rf
 For low-speed system clock
 - Multifrequency RC oscillation circuit (internal) : For system clock

- System Clock Divider Function
 - Can run on low current.
 - The minimum instruction cycle selectable from 200 ns, 400 ns, 800 ns, 1.6 μs, 3.2 μs, 6.4 μs, 12.8 μs, 25.6 μs and 51.2 μs (at a main clock rate of 15 MHz).

■ Standby Function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
 - 1) Oscillation is not halted automatically.
 - 2) Canceled by a system reset or occurrence of interrupt.
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
 - 1) The CF, RC, and crystal oscillators automatically stop operation.
 - 2) There are three ways of resetting the HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
- X'tal HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except the base timer.
 - 1) The CF and RC oscillators automatically stop operation.
 - 2) The state of crystal oscillation established when the HOLD mode is entered is retained.
 - 3) There are four ways of resetting the X'tal HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (4) Having an interrupt source established in the base timer circuit

■ On-chip Debugger Function

• Permits software debugging with the test device installed on the target board.

■ Package Form

• QIP100E(14×20): Pb-Free and Halogen Free type

■ Development Tools

• Evaluation (EVA) chip : LC87EV690

• Emulator : EVA62S + ECB876600D + SUB875C00 + POD100QFP

 $ICE-B877300 + SUB875C00 + POD100QFP \ or \ POD100SQFP-TypeB$

• On-chip-debugger : TCB87-TypeB + LC87F5VP6A

■ Programming Boards

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Package	Programming boards								
QIP100E(14 × 20)	W87F52256Q								

■ Flash ROM Programmer

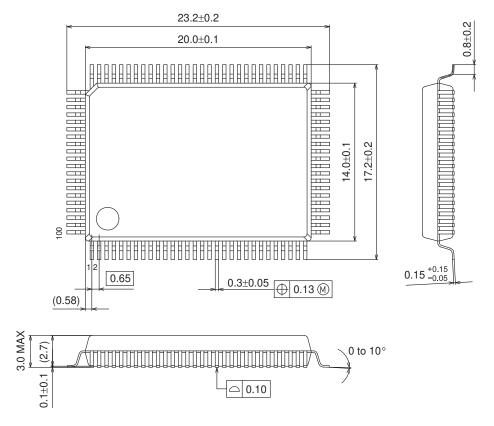
Maker	Model	Support version(Note)	Device
Flash Support Group, Inc.	AF9708/09/09B		
(Single)	(including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)		
	AF9723(Main body)		
Flash Support Group, Inc.	(including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)		
(Gang)	AF9833(Unit)		
	(including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)		
ON Comissanduster	SKK/SKK Type-B/SKK DBG Type-B	Application Version After 1.04	L COZEEVIDOA
ON Semiconductor	(SanyoFWS)	Chip Data Version After 2.20	LC87F5VP6A

Package Dimensions

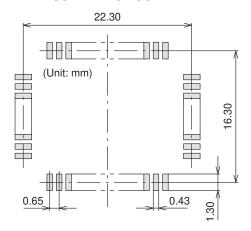
unit: mm

PQFP100 14x20 / QIP100E

CASE 122BV ISSUE A



SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



NOTE: The measurements are not to guarantee but for reference only.

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXXX = Specific Device Code

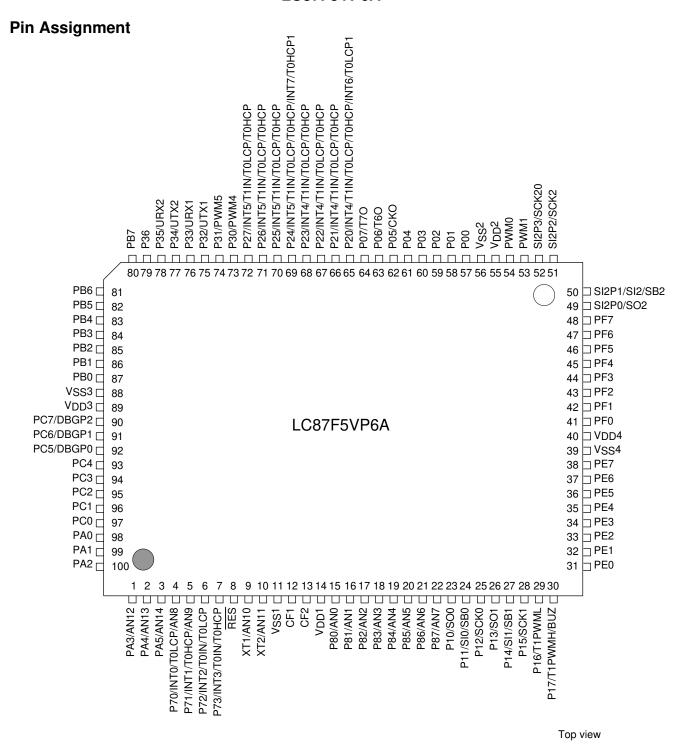
Y = Year

M = Month

DDD = Additional Traceability Data

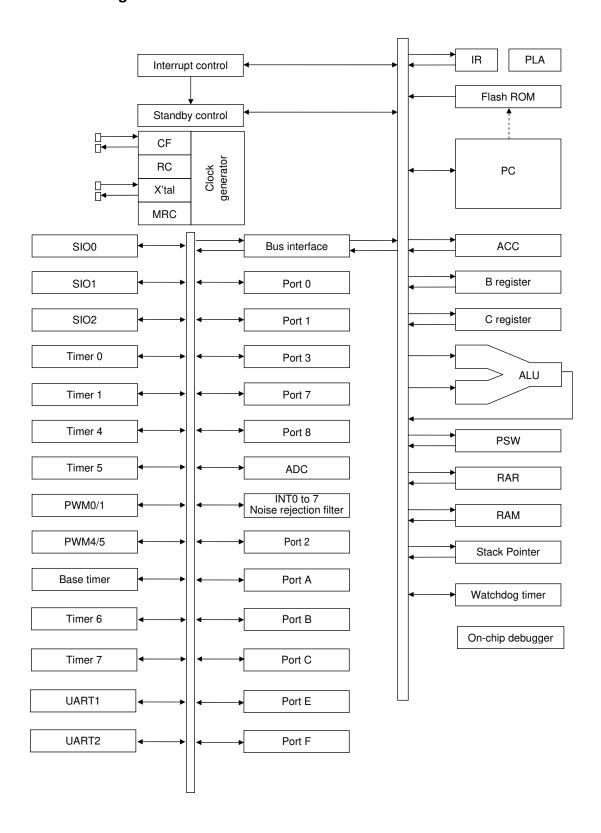
^{*}For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

^{*}This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present.



QIP100E(14×20) "Pb-Free Type"

System Block Diagram



Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O			Desc	cription			Option			
V _{SS} 1, V _{SS} 2 V _{SS} 3, V _{SS} 4	-	- Power supply pi	n					No			
V _{DD} 1, V _{DD} 2 V _{DD} 3, V _{DD} 4	-	+ Power supply p	in					No			
Port 0	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port						Yes			
P00 to P07		I/O specifiable in	n 4-bit units								
		Pull-up resistor	can be turned or	and off in 4-bit	units						
		HOLD release in	nput								
		Port 0 interrupt i	input								
		 Pin functions 									
		P05: System clo	ock output (syste	m clock/subcloc	k selectable)						
		P06: Timer 6 to	ggle output								
		P07: Timer 7 to	ggle output								
Port 1	I/O	8-bit I/O port						Yes			
P10 to P17		I/O specifiable in	n 1-bit units								
		Pull-up resistor	can be turned or	and off in 1-bit	units						
		 Pin functions 									
		P10: SIO0 data	output								
		P11: SIO0 data	input, bus I/O								
		P12: SIO0 clock	(I/O								
		P13: SIO1 data	output								
		P14: SIO1 data	•								
		P15: SIO1 clock	(I/O								
		P16: Timer 1 P\	VML output								
		P17: Timer 1 P\	: Timer 1 PWMH output, Beeper output								
Port 2	I/O	8-bit I/O port						Yes			
P20 to P27		I/O specifiable in 1-bit units Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units									
		•									
		Other functions									
		P20: INT4 input									
		timer 0H c									
		P21 to P23: INT									
		timer 0H c									
		•	P24: INT5 input/HOLD reset input/timer 1 event input/timer 0L capture input/								
			apture input/INT	•							
		P25 to P27: INT	•	eset input/timer	event input/tim	er uL capture in	iput/				
			apture input								
		Interrupt acknow	vieage type		Rising/						
			Rising	Falling	Falling	H level	L level				
		INT4	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				
		INT5	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				
		INT6	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				
		INT7	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable				
						I.	J				
Port 3	I/O	• 7-bit I/O port						Yes			
	- "	I/O specifiable in	n 1-hit units					100			
P30 to P36		Pull-up resistor		and off in 1-hit	units						
		• Pin functions									
		P30: PWM4 out	put								
		P30: PWM4 output P31: PWM5 output									
		P32: UART1 transmit									
		P33: UART1 transmit									
		P34: UART2 tra									
		P35: UART2 red	ceive								

Continued on next page.

Continued from preceding page.

Pin Name	I/O	Description	Option
Port 7	I/O	• 4-bit I/O port	No
P70 to P73		I/O specifiable in 1-bit units	
		Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units	
		Other functions	
		P70: INT0 input/HOLD release input/Timer 0L capture input/Output for watchdog timer	
		P71: INT1 input/HOLD release input/Timer 0H capture input	
		P72: INT2 input/HOLD release input/Timer 0 event input/Timer 0L capture input	
		P73: INT3 input with noise filter/Timer 0 event input/Timer 0H capture input	
		Interrupt acknowledge type	
		Rising/]
		Rising Falling H level L level	
		INTO enable enable disable enable enable	
		INT1 enable enable disable enable enable	
		INT2 enable enable enable disable disable	
		INT3 enable enable enable disable disable	
			J
		AD converter input port: AN8 (P70), AN9 (P71)	
Port 8	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port	No
P80 to P87		I/O specifiable in 1-bit units	
		Other functions	
		P80 to P87: AD converter input port	
Port A	I/O	6-bit I/O port	Yes
PA0 to PA5		• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units	
		Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units	
		Shared pins	
		AD converter input ports: PA3(AN12) to PA5(AN15)	
Port B	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port	Yes
PB0 to PB7		I/O specifiable in 1-bit units	
		Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units	
Port C	I/O	• 8-bit I/O port	Yes
PC0 to PC7		I/O specifiable in 1-bit units	
. 66 16 1 67		Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units	
		Pin functions	
		DBGP0 to DBGP2 (PC5 to PC7): On-chip Debugger	
Port E	I/O	8-bit I/O port	No
PE0 to PE7		I/O specifiable in 2-bit units	
FLO (O FL7		Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units	
Port F	I/O	8-bit I/O port	No
	., 0	I/O specifiable in 2-bit units	
PF0 to PF7		Pull-up resistor can be turned on and off in 1-bit units	
SIO2 Port	I/O	4-bit I/O port	No
	1/0	• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units	NO
SI2P0 to SI2P3		Shared functions:	
		SI2P0: SIO2 data output	
		·	
		SI2P1: SIO2 data input, bus input/output	
		SI2P2: SIO2 clock input/output	
D14440 D14444	1/0	SI2P3: SIO2 clock output	
PWM0, PWM1	I/O	• PWM0, PWM1 output port	No
DEC		General-purpose I/O available	
RES	I	Reset pin	No
XT1	1	Input terminal for 32.768kHz X'tal oscillation	No
		Shared functions:	
		AN10: AD converter input port	
		General-purpose input port	
		Must be connected to V _{DD} 1 if not to be used.	
XT2	I/O	Output terminal for 32.768kHz X'tal oscillation	No
		Shared functions:	
		AN11: AD converter input port	
		General-purpose I/O port	
		Must be set for oscillation and kept open if not to be used.	
CF1	1	Ceramic resonator input pin	No
	•	pp	

Port Output Types

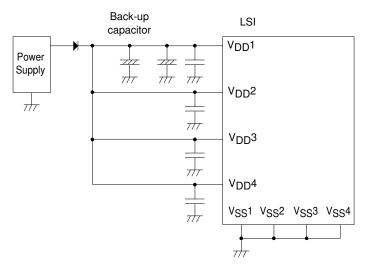
The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor.

Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

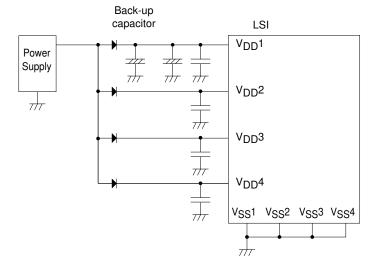
Port	Options Selected in Units of	Option Type	Output Type	Pull-up Resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable (Note 1)
		2	N-channel open drain	No
P10 to P17	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P20 to P27	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P30 to P36	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P70	-	No	N-channel open drain	Programmable
P71 to P73	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
P80 to P87	-	No	N-channel open drain	No
PA0 to PA5	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
PB0 to PB7	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
PC0 to PC7	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	N-channel open drain	Programmable
PE0 to PE7	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
PF0 to PF7	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
SI2P0, SI2P2 SI2P3	-	No	CMOS	No
SI2P1	-	No	CMOS (when selected as ordinary port) N-channel open drain (When SIO2 data is selected)	No
PWM0, PWM1	-	No	CMOS	No
XT1	-	No	Input only	No
XT2	-	No	Output for 32.768kHz quartz oscillator N-channel open drain (when in general-purpose No output mode)	No

Note 1 : Programmable pull-up resistors for port 0 are controlled in 4-bit units (P00 to 03, P04 to 07).

- *1: Make the following connection to minimize the noise input to the V_{DD1} pin and prolong the backup time. Be sure to electrically short the V_{SS1} , V_{SS2} , V_{SS3} and V_{SS4} pins.
 - (Example 1) When backup is active in the HOLD mode, the high level of the port outputs is supplied by the backup capacitors.



(Example 2) The high-level output at the ports is unstable when the HOLD mode backup is in effect.



Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Sumbol	Pine/Pomerko	Conditions			Spec	ification	
rarameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Maximum Supply voltage	V _{DD} max	V _{DD} 1, V _{DD} 2, V _{DD} 3, V _{DD} 4	$V_{DD}1 = V_{DD}2 = V_{DD}3 = V_{DD}4$		-0.3		+6.5	
Input voltage	V _I (1)	XT1, CF1			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	
Input/Output Voltage	V _{IO} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 7, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1,XT2			-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
Peak output current	IOPH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3	CMOS output select per 1 application pin		-10			
	IOPH(2)	PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 application pin.		-20			
	IOPH(3)	P71 to P73	Per 1 application pin.		-5			
Average output current (Note1-1)	t IOM(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3	CMOS output select per 1 application pin		-7.5			
±	IOM(2)	PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 application pin.		-10			
Line Line	IOM(3)	P71 to P73	Per 1 application pin.		-3			
Total output	ΣΙΟ Α Η(1)	P71 to P73	Total of all applicable pins		-10			
Total output current current	ΣΙΟ Α Η(2)	PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
년 년	ΣIOAH(3)	Port 0	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
H	ΣΙΟ Α Η(4)	Port 0 PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3	Total of all applicable pins		-45			
	ΣΙΟΑΗ(5)	Ports 2, 3, B	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
	ΣΙΟΑΗ(6)	Ports A, C	Total of all applicable pins		-25			mA
	ΣΙΟΑΗ(7)	Ports 2, 3, A, B, C	Total of all applicable pins		-45			
	ΣΙΟΑΗ(8)	Port F	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
	ΣΙΟΑΗ(9)	Ports 1, E	Total of all applicable pins		-25			
	ΣΙΟΑΗ(10)	Ports 1, E, F	Total of all applicable pins		-45			
Peak output current	IOPL(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 application pin.				20	
cur	IOPL(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 application pin.				30	
tndtr	IOPL(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Per 1 application pin.				10	
Average output current (Note1-1)	t IOML(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2, 3 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1	Per 1 application pin.				15	
	IOML(2)	P00, P01	Per 1 application pin.				20	
	IOML(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Per 1 application pin.				7.5	

Note 1-1: Average output current is average of current in 100 ms interval.

Continued on next page.

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D-	a va mata v	Cumbal	Pins/Remarks	Conditions			Speci	fication	
Pa	arameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
To	otal output	ΣIOAL(1)	Port 7, XT2	Total of all applicable pins				15	
cur	rrent	ΣIOAL(2)	Port 8	Total of all applicable pins				15	
		ΣIOAL(3)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	Total of all applicable pins				20	
ŧ		ΣIOAL(4)	PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3	Total of all applicable pins				45	
urre		ΣIOAL(5)	Port 0	Total of all applicable pins				45	
Low level output current		ΣIOAL(6)	Port 0 PWM0, PWM1 SI2P0 to SI2P3	Total of all applicable pins				80	
<u>√</u>		ΣIOAL(7)	Ports 2, 3, B	Total of all applicable pins				45	
Lo		ΣIOAL(8)	Ports A, C	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(9)	Ports 2, 3, A, B, C	Total of all applicable pins				80	
		ΣIOAL(10)	Port F	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(11)	Ports 1, E	Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(12)	Ports 1, E, F	Total of all applicable pins				80	
Maximu	um power	Pd max	QIP100E(14×20)	Ta=-40 to +85°C				320	
dissipat	tion		TQFP100(14x14)					238	mW
Operation temperate	ing ambient ature	Topr				-40		+85	
Storage	e ambient ature	Tstg				-55		+125	°C

Note 1-1: Average output current is average of current in 100 ms interval.

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Recommended Operating Conditions at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0$ V

Davamatar	Cumbal	Dina/Damarka	Conditions			Specif	ication		
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Operating	V _{DD} (1)	$V_{DD}1 = V_{DD}2 =$	0.196 μs ≤ tCYC ≤ 200 μs		3.0		5.5		
supply voltage		$V_{DD}3 = V_{DD}4$	0.245 μs ≤ tCYC ≤ 200 μs		2.8		5.5		
(Note2-1)			0.367 μs ≤ tCYC ≤ 200 μs		2.5		5.5		
Memory sustaining supply voltage	VHD	$V_{DD}1 = V_{DD}2 =$ $V_{DD}3 = V_{DD}4$	RAM and register contents in HOLD mode.		2.0		5.5		
High level input voltage	V _{IH} (1)	Ports 1, 2, 3 SI2P0 to SI2P3 P71 to P73 P70 port input/ interrupt side		2.5 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}		
	V _{IH} (2)	Ports 0, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F PWM0, PWM1		2.5 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}	.,	
	V _{IH} (3)	P70 Watchdog timer side		2.5 to 5.5	0.9V _{DD}		v_{DD}	V	
	V _{IH} (4)	XT1, XT2, CF1, RES		2.5 to 5.5	0.75V _{DD}		V_{DD}		
Low level input voltage	V _{IL} (1)	Ports 1, 2, 3 SI2P0 to SI2P3		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.1V _{DD} +0.4		
		P71 to P73 P70 port input/ interrupt		2.5 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}		
	V _{IL} (2)	Ports 0, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.15V _{DD} +0.4		
		PWM0, PWM1		2.5 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}		
	V _{IL} (5)	Port 70 Watchdog Timer		2.5 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.8V _{DD} -1.0		
	V _{IL} (6)	XT1, XT2, CF1, RES		2.5 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}		
Instruction cycle	tCYC			3.0 to 5.5	0.196		200		
time				2.8 to 5.5	0.245		200	μS	
(Note2-2)				2.5 to 5.5	0.367		200		
External system	FEXCF(1)	CF1	CF2 pin open	3.0 to 5.5	0.1		15		
clock frequency			System clock frequency	2.8 to 5.5	0.1		12		
			division rate = 1/1 • External system clock duty = 50 ±5%	2.5 to 5.5	0.1		8	MHz	
			CF2 pin open	3.0 to 5.5	0.2		30		
			System clock frequency	2.8 to 5.5	0.2		24		
			division rate = 1/2	2.5 to 5.5	0.2		16		
Oscillation frequency	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	15 MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	3.0 to 5.5		15			
Range (Note2-3)	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	12 MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.8 to 5.5		12			
	FmCF(3)	CF1, CF2	8 MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.5 to 5.5		8		MHz	
	FmRC		Internal RC oscillation	2.5 to 5.5	0.3	1.0	2.0		
	FmMRC		Frequency variable RC oscillation	2.5 to 5.5		16			
	FsX'tal	XT1, XT2	32.768 kHz crystal oscillation. See Fig. 2.	2.5 to 5.5		32.768		kHz	

Note 2-1: V_{DD} must be held greater than or equal to 2.7 V in the flash ROM onboard programming mode.

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Note 2-2: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is 3/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/1 and 6/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/2.

Note 2-3: See Tables 1 and 2 for the oscillation constants.

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0$ V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions		Specification				
i arameter	Symbol	i iiis/i temarks	Oditations	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
High level input current	l _{IH(1)}	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 7, 8 Ports A, B, C SI2P0 to SI2P3 RES PWM0, PWM1	Output disable Pull-up resistor OFF VIN=VDD (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	2.5 to 5.5			1		
	I _{IH} (2)	XT1, XT2	Using as an input port V _{IN} = V _{DD}	2.5 to 5.5			1		
	I _{IH} (3)	CF1	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	2.5 to 5.5			15		
Low level input current	l _L (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 7, 8 Ports A, B, C, E, F SI2P0 to SI2P3 RES PWM0, PWM1	Output disable Pull-up resistor OFF VIN = VSS (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	2.5 to 5.5	-1			μА	
	I _{IL} (2)	XT1, XT2	Using as an input port VIN = VSS	2.5 to 5.5	-1				
	I _{IL} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} = V _{SS}	2.5 to 5.5	-15				
High level output	V _{OH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1				
voltage	V _{OH} (2)	Ports A, B, C, E, F	$I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4				
	V _{OH} (3)	SI2P0 to SI2P	$I_{OH} = -0.2 \text{ mA}$	2.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4				
	V _{OH} (4)	Ports 71, 72, 73	$I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4				
	V _{OH} (5)		$I_{OH} = -0.2 \text{ mA}$	2.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4				
	V _{OH} (6)	PWM0, PWM1	I _{OH} = −10 mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1.5				
	V _{OH} (7)	P30, P31(PWM4, 5	I _{OH} = −1.6 mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4				
	V _{OH} (8)	output mode)	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$	2.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4				
Low level output	V _{OL} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	I _{OL} = 10 mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	V	
voltage	V _{OL} (2)	Ports A, B, C, E, F	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	1	
	V _{OL} (3)	SI2P0 to SI2P3 PWM0, PWM1,	I _{OL} = 1.0 mA	2.5 to 5.5			0.4		
	V _{OL} (4)	P00, P01	I _{OL} = 30 mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5		
	V _{OL} (5)		I _{OL} = 5.0 mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4		
	V _{OL} (6)		I _{OL} = 2.5 mA	2.5 to 5.5			0.4		
	V _{OL} (7)	Ports 7, 8, XT2	I _{OL} = 1.6 mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4		
	V _{OL} (8)		I _{OL} = 1.0 mA	2.5 to 5.5			0.4		
Pull-up resistation	Rpu(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	V _{OH} = 0.9V _{DD}	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80		
	Rpu(2)	Port 7		2.5 to 5.5	15	35	120	kΩ	
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS	Ports A, B, C, E, F RES Ports 1, 2, 7 SI2P0 to SI2P3		2.5 to 5.5	13	0.1V _{DD}	120	V	
Pin capacitance	СР	All pins	• For pins other than that under test: V _{IN} = V _{SS} • f = 1 MHz • Ta = 25°C	2.5 to 5.5		10		pF	

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

Serial I/O Characteristics at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0$ V

1. SIO0 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-1-1)

	D	arameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions			Spec	ification	
		arameter	Symbol	/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
		Frequency	tSCK(1)	SCK0(P12)	• See Fig. 6.		2			
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(1)				1			
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(1)				1			
	Input clock		tSCKHA(1a)		Continuous data transmission/reception mode SIO2 is not in use simultaneous. See Fig. 6. (Note 4-1-2)	2.5 to 5.5	4			tCYC
clock			tSCKHA(1b)		Continuous data transmission/reception mode SIO2 is in use simultaneous. See Fig. 6. (Note 4-1-2)		6			
Serial clock		Frequency	tSCK(2)	SCK0(P12)	CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.		4/3			
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(2)		, and the second			1/2	•	+0.014
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(2)					1/2		tSCK
	Output clock		tSCKHA(2a)		Continuous data transmission/reception mode SIO2 is not in use simultaneous. CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5	tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) +(10/3) tCYC	
			tSCKHA(2b)		Continuous data transmission/reception mode SIO2 is in use simultaneous. CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) +(16/3) tCYC	tCYC
nput	Da	ta setup time	tsDI(1)	SI0(P11), SB0(P11)	Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK See fig. 6.		0.03			
Serial input	Da	ta hold time	thDI(1)		600 lig. 0.	2.5 to 5.5	0.03			
	Input clock	Output delay time	tdD0(1)	SO0(P10), SB0(P11),	Continuous data transmission/reception mode (Note 4-1-3)				(1/3)tCYC +0.05	
Serial output	Input		tdD0(2)		Synchronous 8-bit mode. (Note 4-1-3)	0.51.55			1tCYC +0.05	μЅ
Serial	Output clock		tdD0(3)		• (Note 4-1-3)	2.5 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-1-2: To use serial-clock-input in continuous trans/rec mode, a time from SI0RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

Note 4-1-3: Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

2. SIO1 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-2-1)

	_		O. mah al	Pins/	O a madiki a ma			Spec	ification	
	Р	arameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
	ķ	Frequency	Tsck(3)	SCK1(P15)	• See Fig. 6.		2			
	Input clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(3)			2.5 to 5.5	1			
Serial clock	In	High level pulse width	tSCKH(3)				1			tCYC
Serial	Output clock	Frequency	tSCK(4)	SCK1(P15)	CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.		2			
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(4)			2.5 to 5.5	1/2			10014
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(4)					1/2		tSCK
Serial input	Data setup time		tsDI(2)	SI1(P14), SB1(P14)			0.03			
Serial	Da	ta hold time	thDI(2)			2.5 to 5.5	0.03			
Serial output	Ou	itput delay ie	tdD0(4)	SO1(P13), SB1(P14)	Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μѕ

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

3. SIO2 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-3-1)

	Da	ırameter	Symbol	Pins/	Conditions			Spe	cification			
	1 0	liameter	Symbol	Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min.	typ	max.	unit		
		Frequency	tSCK(5)	SCK2 (SI2P2)	• See Fig. 6.		2					
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(5)				1					
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(5)				1					
	Input clock		tSCKHA(5a)		Continuous data transmission/ reception mode of SIO0 is not in use simultaneous. See Fig. 6. (Note 4-3-2)	2.5 to 5.5	4			tCYC		
Serial clock			tSCKHA(5b)		Continuous data transmission/ reception mode of SIO0 is in use simultaneous. See Fig. 6. (Note 4-3-2)		7					
Seria		Frequency	tSCK(6)	SCK2 (SI2P2),	CMOS output selected.See Fig. 6.		4/3					
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(6)	SCK2O (SI2P3)				1/2		tSCK		
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(6)					1/2		ISCK		
	Output clock		tSCKHA(6a)		Continuous data transmission/ reception mode of SIO0 is not in use simultaneous. CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5	tSCKH(6) +(5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) +(10/3)tCYC			
					tSCKHA(6b)		Continuous data transmission/ reception mode of SIO0 is in use simultaneous. CMOS output selected. See Fig. 6.		tSCKH(6) +(5/3)tCYC		tSCKH(6) +(19/3)tCYC	tCYC
input	Da	ta setup time	tsDI(3)	SI2(SI2P1), SB2(SI2P1)	Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK See fig. 6.		0.03					
Serial input	Data hold Time		thDI(3)			2.5 to 5.5	0.03					
Serial output	Output delay time		tdD0(5)	SO2 (SI2P0), SB2(SI2P1)	Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.	2.5 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μѕ		

Note 4-3-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-3-2: To use serial-clock-input, a time from SI2RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

Pulse Input Conditions at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0$ V

Davamatav	Cumbal	Pins/Remarks	Conditions			Specification			
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
High/low level pulse width	tPIH(1) tPIL(1)	INT0(P70), INT1(P71), INT2(P72) INT4(P20 to P23), INT5(P24 to P27), INT6(P20)	Interrupt source flag can be set. Event inputs for timer 0 or 1 are enabled.	2.5 to 5.5	1				
	tPIH(2) tPIL(2)	INT7(P24) INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/1.	Interrupt source flag can be set. Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.5 to 5.5	2			tCYC	
	tPIH(3) tPIL(3)	INT3(P73)(The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/32.)	Interrupt source flag can be set.Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.5 to 5.5	64				
	tPIH(4) tPIL(4)	INT3(P73)(The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/128.)	Interrupt source flag can be set.Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.5 to 5.5	256				
	tPIL(5)	RES	Reset acceptable.	2.5 to 5.5	200			μS	

AD Converter Characteristics at Ta = -40 °C to +85 °C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0$ V

Dawa waataw	O. mala al	Disa/Dassasile	O a maliki a ma		Specification					
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit		
Resolution	N	AN0(P80) to		3.0 to 5.5		8		bit		
Absolute accuracy	ET	AN7(P87), AN8(P70),	(Note 6-1)	3.0 to 5.5			±1.5	LSB		
Conversion time	TCAD	AN9(P71), AN10(XT1), AN11(XT2),	AD conversion time = 32×tCYC (when ADCR2=0) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	11.74 (tCYC= 0.367 μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 3.06 μs)			
		AN12(PA3), AN13(PA4), AN14(PA5)		3.0 to 5.5	23.53 (tCYC= 0.735 μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 3.06 μs)			
			AD conversion time = 64×tCYC (when ADCR2=1) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	15.68 (tCYC= 0.245 μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 1.53 μs)	μ\$		
				3.0 to 5.5	23.49 (tCYC= 0.367 μs)		97.92 (tCYC= 1.53 μs)			
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			3.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		v _{DD}	٧		
Analog port input current	IAINH		VAIN = V _{DD} VAIN = V _{SS}	3.0 to 5.5 3.0 to 5.5	-1		1	μΑ		

Note 6-1: The quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB) is excluded from the absolute accuracy value.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the interval from the time the instruction for starting the converter is issued till the complete digital value corresponding to the analog input value is loaded in the required register.

 $\textbf{Consumption Current Characteristics} \text{ at Ta} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ V}_{SS}\text{1} = \text{V}_{SS}\text{2} = \text{V}_{SS}\text{3} = \text{V}_{SS}\text{4} = 0 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	T		Specification		
Farameter	Symbol	rins/nemarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Normal mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDOP(1)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3 =V _{DD} 4	FmCF = 15 MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal=32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 15 MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		12.3	23.5	
			Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	3.0 to 4.5		7	17.2	
	IDDOP(2)		FmCF = 12 MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 12 MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		11.1	22.5	
	IDDOP(3)		Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.8 to 4.5		6.3	16.3	
	IDDOP(4)		FmCF = 8 MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode System clock set to 8 MHz side	4.5 to 5.5		8.2	17.0	mA
	IDDOP(5)		Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		4.5	12.0	
	IDDOP(6)		FmCF = 0 Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		1.2	5.5	
	IDDOP(7)		System clock set to internal RC oscillation frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		0.68	4.0	
	IDDOP(8)		FmCF = 0 Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		1.5	6.5	
	IDDOP(9)		System clock set to 1 MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		0.8	5.2	
	IDDOP(10)		FmCF = 0 Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		47	150	
	IDDOP(11)		System clock set to 32.768 kHz side. Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		25	100	μΑ
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(1)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3 =V _{DD} 4	HALT mode FmCF = 15 MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		5	9.5	
,			System clock set to 15 MHz side Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	3.0 to 5.5		2.7	5.2	
	IDDHALT(2)		HALT mode FmCF = 12 MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		3.6	8.5	mA
	IDDHALT(3)		System clock set to 12 MHz side Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.8 to 5.5		2.1	4.6	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors

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Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
rarameter	Cymbol	T III3/T ICITIATIO	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(4)	V _{DD} 1 =V _{DD} 2 =V _{DD} 3 =V _{DD} 4	HALT mode FmCF = 8 MHz ceramic oscillation mode FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		1.1	3.2	
	IDDHALT(5)		System clock set to 8 MHz side Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		0.57	1.6	
	IDDHALT(6)		HALT mode FmCF = 0 Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		0.38	1.1	mA
	IDDHALT(7)		System clock set to internal RC oscillation frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		0.19	0.9	IIIA
	IDDHALT(8)		HALT mode FmCF = 0 Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		1.15	4.3	
	IDDHALT(9)		System clock set to 1 MHz with frequency variable RC oscillation Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		0.57	3.1	
	IDDHALT(10)		HALT mode FmCF = 0 Hz (oscillation stopped) FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode.	4.5 to 5.5		21	100	
	IDDHALT(11)		System clock set to 32.768 kHz side. Internal RC oscillation stopped frequency variable RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ratio.	2.5 to 4.5		6	90	μΑ
HOLD mode	IDDHOLD(1)	V _{DD} 1	HOLD mode	4.5 to 5.5		0.08	40	
consumption current	IDDHOLD(2)		• CF1 = V _{DD} or open (External clock mode)	2.5 to 4.5		0.04	28	
Timer HOLD mode	IDDHOLD(3)		Timer HOLD mode CF1 = VDD or open (External clock mode)	4.5 to 5.5		19	95	
consumption current	IDDHOLD(4)		FmX'tal = 32.768 kHz by crystal oscillation mode	2.5 to 4.5		5	85	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors

F-ROM Programming Characteristics at Ta = +10 °C to +55 °C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Cumbal	Pins/Remarks	Conditions					
Parameter	Symbol	Pins/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Onboard programming current	IDDFW(1)	V _{DD} 1	Without CPU current	2.7 to 5.5		8	15	mA
Programming	tFW(1)		• Erasing	2.7 to 5.5		20	30	ms
time	tFW(2)		programming	2.7 to 5.5		40	60	μS

UART (Full Duplex) Operating Conditions at Ta = -40°C to +85°C, $V_{SS}1 = V_{SS}2 = V_{SS}3 = V_{SS}4 = 0$ V

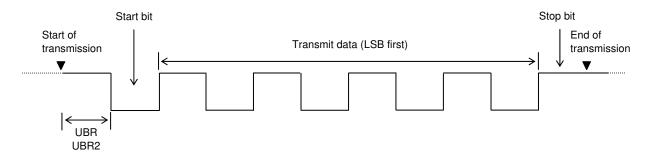
Dozomotov	Complete I	Pins/Remarks	O a maliki a ma		Specifica			cation	
Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Transfer rate	UBR, UBR2	UTX1(P32),							
		RTX1(P33),		2.5 to 5.5	16/3		8192/3	tCYC	
		UTX2(P33),		2.5 (0 5.5					
		RTX2(P34)							

Data length: 7/8/9 bits (LSB first)

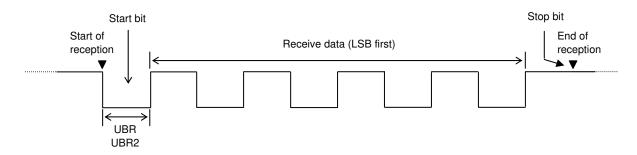
Stop bits : 1-bit (2-bit in continuous data transmission)

Parity bits : None

Example of Continuous 8-bit Data Transmission Mode Processing (First Transmit Data = 55H)



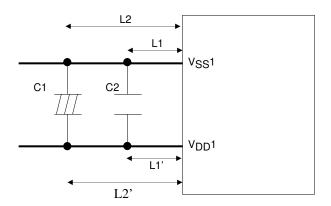
Example of Continuous 8-bit Data Reception Mode Processing (First Receive Data = 55H)



VDD1, VSS1 Terminal Condition

It is necessary to place capacitors between VDD1 and VSS1 as describe below.

- Place capacitors as close to V_{DD}1 and V_{SS}1 as possible.
- Place capacitors so that the length of each terminal to the each leg of the capacitor be equal (L1 = L1', L2 = L2').
- Place high capacitance capacitor C1 and low capacitance capacitor C2 in parallel.
- Capacitance of C2 must be more than $0.1 \mu F$.
- Use thicker pattern for V_{DD}1 and V_{SS}1.



Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Oscillator

Nominal	Vendor	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage		lation tion Time	Domostro	
Frequency	Name		C1	C2	Rf1	Rd1	Range	typ	max	Remarks	
			[pF]	[pF]	[Ω]	[Ω]	[V]	[ms]	[ms]		
15MHz		CSTCE15M0V53-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	470	2.8 to 5.5	0.05	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
12MHz		CSTCE12M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	470	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
10MHz		CSTCE10M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	680	2.4 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
TUIVITZ	MURATA	CSTLS10M0G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	680	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
8MHz	MURATA	CSTCE8M00G52-R0	(10)	(10)	Open	1k	2.3 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
OIVITZ		CSTLS8M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1k	2.5 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
4041.1-		CSTCR4M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	
4MHz		CSTLS4M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	Open	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.03	0.5	Internal C1,C2	

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after V_{DD} goes above the operating voltage lower limit (see Fig. 4).

Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a Our designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 2 Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Crystal Oscillator

Nominal	Vendor	Ossillator Nama		Circuit (Constant		Operating Voltage	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Domovico	
Frequency	Name	Oscillator Name	C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf2 [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]	Range [V]	typ [s]	max [s]	Remarks	
32.768kHz	EPSON TOYOCOM	MC-306	18	18	Open	560k	2.2 to 5.5	1.5	3.0	Applicable CL value=12.5pF	

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillation circuit is executed and to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the HOLD mode is reset (see Figure. 4).

Note: The components that are involved in oscillation should be placed as close to the IC and to one another as possible because they are vulnerable to the influences of the circuit pattern.

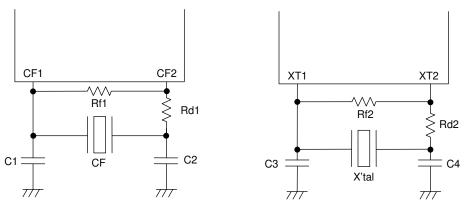
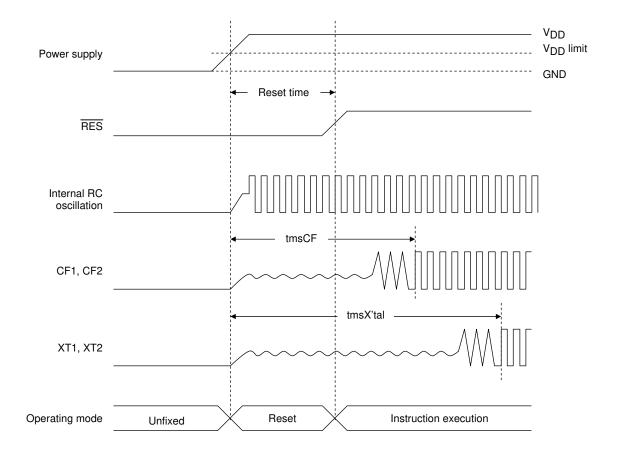


Figure 1 Ceramic Oscillator Circuit

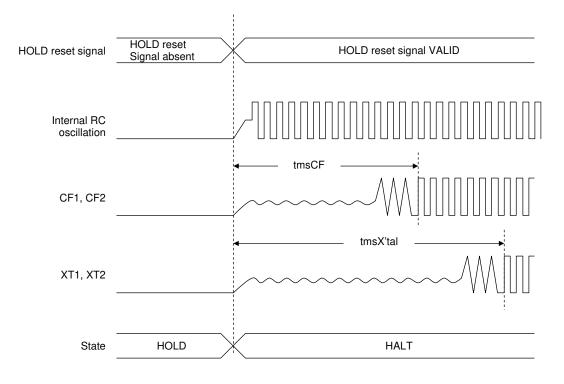
Figure 2 Crystal Oscillator Circuit



Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

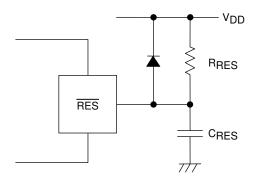


Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



HOLD Release Signal and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Times



Note:

Select C_{RES} and R_{RES} value to assure that at least 200 μs reset time is generated after the V_{DD} becomes higher than the minimum operating voltage.

Figure 5 Reset Circuit

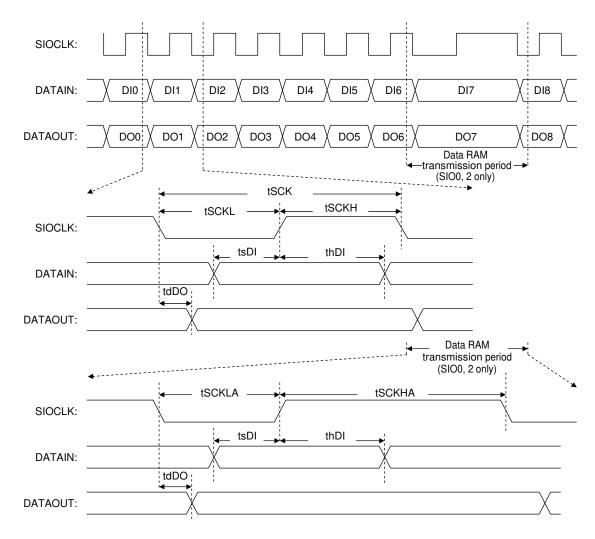


Figure 6 Serial I/O Waveforms

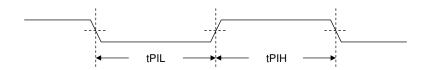


Figure 7 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform