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Ultra low dropout regulators, low noise, 150 mA

Rev. 1 — 28 September 2012

Product data sheet

1. Product profile

1.1 General description

The LD6816 series is a small-size Low DropOut regulator (LDO) family with a typical voltage drop of 45 mV at 150 mA current rating. Operating voltages can range from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The devices are available with fixed output voltages between 1.2 V and 3.6 V.

In disabled mode the LD6816CX4/xxH devices show a high-ohmic state at the output pin, while the LD6816CX4/xxP and LD6816CX4/CxxP devices contain a pull-down switching transistor to provide a low-ohmic output state (auto discharge function).

All devices of the LD6816 series are available in a 0.4 mm pitch Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WLCSP) making them ideal for use in portable applications requiring component miniaturization. All devices are manufactured in monolithic silicon technology.

1.2 Features and benefits

- 150 mA output current rating
- Input voltage range from 2.3 V to 5.5 V
- Fixed output voltage between 1.2 V and 3.6 V
- Dropout voltage 45 mV at 150 mA output rating
- Low quiescent current in shutdown mode (typical 0.1 μA)
- 30 μV RMS output noise voltage (typical value) at 10 Hz to 100 kHz
- Turn-on time < 150 μs</p>
- 55 dB Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) at 1 kHz
- Over-temperature protection
- Output current limiter
- LD6816CX4/xxH: high-ohmic (3-state) output state when disabled
- LD6816CX4/xxP and LD6816CX4/CxxP: low-ohmic output state when disabled (auto discharge function)
- Integrated ESD protection up to 10 kV Human Body Model (HBM)
- WLCSP with 0.4 mm pitch and package size of 0.76 mm \times 0.76 mm \times 0.47 mm
- Pb-free, Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) compliant and free of halogen and antimony (dark green compliant)

1.3 Applications

Analog and digital interfaces requiring lower than standard supply voltages in mobile appliances such as smart phones, mobile phone handsets and cordless telephones. Other typical applications are digital still cameras, mobile internet devices, personal navigation devices and portable media players.



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2. Pinning information

2.1 Pinning



2.2 Pin description

Table 1.	Pin description	
Symbol	Pin	Description
GND	A1	supply ground
EN	A2	device enable input; active HIGH
OUT	B1	regulator output voltage
IN	B2	regulator input voltage

3. Ordering information

Table 2. Ordering information						
Type number	Package					
	Name	Description	Version			
LD6816CX4/xxx	WLCSP4	wafer-level chip-scale package; 4 bumps (2 \times 2) [1]	-			
LD6816CX4/CxxP	WLCSP4	wafer-level chip-scale package with backside coating; 4 bumps (2 \times 2) [1]	-			

[1] Size 0.76 mm \times 0.76 mm.

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3.1 Ordering options

Further information on output voltage is available on request; see <u>Section 18 "Contact</u> information".

 Table 3.
 Type number extension of high-ohmic output in WLCSP4

Type number	Nominal output voltage	Type number	Nominal output voltage
LD6816CX4/12H	1.2 V	LD6816CX4/25H	2.5 V
LD6816CX4/13H	1.3 V	LD6816CX4/27H	2.7 V
LD6816CX4/14H	1.4 V	LD6816CX4/28H	2.8 V
LD6816CX4/16H	1.6 V	LD6816CX4/29H	2.9 V
LD6816CX4/18H	1.8 V	LD6816CX4/30H	3.0 V
LD6816CX4/20H	2.0 V	LD6816CX4/33H	3.3 V
LD6816CX4/22H	2.2 V	LD6816CX4/36H	3.6 V
LD6816CX4/23H	2.3 V	-	-

Table 4. Type number extension of pull-down output in WLCSP4

Type number	Nominal output voltage	Type number	Nominal output voltage
LD6816CX4/12P	1.2 V	LD6816CX4/23P	2.3 V
LD6816CX4/13P	1.3 V	LD6816CX4/25P	2.5 V
LD6816CX4/14P	1.4 V	LD6816CX4/27P	2.7 V
LD6816CX4/16P	1.6 V	LD6816CX4/28P	2.8 V
LD6816CX4/18P	1.8 V	LD6816CX4/29P	2.9 V
LD6816CX4/20P	2.0 V	LD6816CX4/30P	3.0 V
LD6816CX4/21P	2.1 V	LD6816CX4/33P	3.3 V
LD6816CX4/22P	2.2 V	LD6816CX4/36P	3.6 V

Table 5. Type number extension of pull-down output in WLCSP4 with backside coating

Type number	Nominal output voltage	Type number	Nominal output voltage
LD6816CX4/C12P	1.2 V	LD6816CX4/C23P	2.3 V
LD6816CX4/C13P	1.3 V	LD6816CX4/C25P	2.5 V
LD6816CX4/C14P	1.4 V	LD6816CX4/C27P	2.7 V
LD6816CX4/C16P	1.6 V	LD6816CX4/C28P	2.8 V
LD6816CX4/C18P	1.8 V	LD6816CX4/C29P	2.9 V
LD6816CX4/C20P	2.0 V	LD6816CX4/C30P	3.0 V
LD6816CX4/C21P	2.1 V	LD6816CX4/C33P	3.3 V
LD6816CX4/C22P	2.2 V	LD6816CX4/C36P	3.6 V

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4. Block diagram



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5. Limiting values

Table 6. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	voltage on pin IN	4 ms transient	-0.5	+6.0	V
P _{tot}	total power dissipation		<u>11</u> -	770	mW
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
Tj	junction temperature		-40	+125	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	human body model level 6	[2] _	±10	kV
		machine model class 3	<u>[3]</u> _	±400	V

[1] The (absolute) maximum power dissipation depends on the junction temperature T_j. Higher power dissipation is allowed with lower ambient temperatures. The conditions to determine the specified values are T_{amb} = 25 °C and the use of a two layer Printed-Circuit Board (PCB).

[2] According to IEC 61340-3-1.

[3] According to JESD22-A115C.

6. Recommended operating conditions

Table 7.Operating conditions

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

		· ····		-		
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	-	+85	°C
Tj	junction temperature		-	-	+125	°C
Pin IN						
V _{IN}	voltage on pin IN		2.3	-	5.5	V
Pin EN						
V_{EN}	voltage on pin EN		0	-	V _{IN}	V
Pin OUT						
C _{L(ext)}	external load capacitance		[1] 0.7	1.0	-	μF

[1] See Section 10.1 "Output capacitor values".

7. Thermal characteristics

Table 8. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	٦	Гур	Unit
R _{th(j-a)}	thermal resistance from junction to ambient		[1][2]	130	K/W

[1] The overall R_{th(j-a)} can vary depending on the board layout. To minimize the effective R_{th(j-a)}, all pins must have a solid connection to larger Cu layer areas for example to the power and ground layer. In multi-layer PCB applications, the second layer is used to create a large heat spreader area directly below the LDO. If this layer is either ground or power, it is connected with several vias to the top layer connecting to the device ground or supply. Avoid the use of solder-stop varnish under the chip.

[2] Use the measurement data given for a rough estimation of the R_{th(j-a)} in your application. The actual R_{th(j-a)} value can vary in applications using different layer stacks and layouts.

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8. Characteristics

Table 9. Electrical characteristics

At recommended input voltages and $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output voltage	e						
V _{do}	dropout voltage	I_{OUT} = 150 mA; $V_{IN} < V_{O(nom)}$	[1]	-	45	75	mV
ΔV_O	output voltage variation	$V_{OUT} < 1.8 \text{ V}; I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$					
		T _{amb} = +25 °C		-3	±0.5	+3	%
		$-30 \text{ °C} \leq T_{amb} \leq +85 \text{ °C}$		-4	-	+4	%
		$V_{OUT} \ge 1.8 \text{ V}; I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$					
		T _{amb} = +25 °C		-2	±0.5	+2	%
		$-30 \text{ °C} \leq T_{amb} \leq +85 \text{ °C}$		-3	-	+3	%
Line regulation	error						
$\Delta V_{O}/(V_{O}x\Delta V_{I})$	relative output voltage variation with input voltage	$V_{IN} = (V_{O(nom)} + 0.2 \text{ V}) \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	[1]	-0.1	-	+0.1	%/V
Load regulation	n error						
$\Delta V_{O}/(V_{O}x\Delta I_{O})$	relative output voltage variation with output current	$1~\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150~\text{mA}$		-	0.0025	0.01	%/mA
Output curren	t						
I _{OUT}	current on pin OUT			-	-	150	mA
I _{OM}	peak output current	V_{IN} = (V_{O(nom)} + 0.2 V) to 5.5 V	[1]				
		$\label{eq:VO(nom)} \begin{split} V_{O(nom)} &\geq 1.8 \ V; \\ V_{OUT} &= 0.95 \ \times \ V_{O(nom)} \end{split}$		300	-	-	mA
		V _{O(nom)} < 1.8 V;		300	-	-	mA
		$V_{OUT} = 0.9 \times V_{O(nom)}$					
I _{sc}	short-circuit current	pin OUT		-	600	-	mA
Regulator qui	escent current						
lq	quiescent current	$V_{EN} = 1.4 \text{ V}; I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$		-	70	100	μA
		V_{EN} = 1.4 V; 1 mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq$ 150 mA		-	155	250	μA
		$V_{EN} \le 0.4 V$		-	0.1	1	μA
Ripple rejection	on and output noise						
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio	$\label{eq:VIN} \begin{array}{l} V_{IN} = V_{O(nom)} + 1.0 \ V; \ I_{OUT} = 1 \ mA; \\ f_{ripple} = 1 \ kHz \end{array}$	[1]	-	-55	-	dB
$V_{n(o)(RMS)}$	RMS output noise voltage	f_{ripple} = 10 Hz to 100 kHz; $C_{L(ext)}$ = 1 μ F		-	30	-	μV
Enable input a	and timing						
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	pin EN		0	-	0.4	V
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	pin EN		1.1	-	5.5	V
t _{startup(reg)}	regulator start-up time		<u>[1]</u>	-	150	-	μS

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Table 9. Electrical characteristics ...continued

At recommended input voltages and $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
LD6816CX4/xx	P and LD6816CX4/CxxP; auto	discharge function				
t _{sd(reg)}	regulator shutdown time	$\label{eq:VIN} \begin{array}{l} V_{\text{IN}} = 5.5 \ \text{V}; \ V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.05 \times V_{\text{O(nom)}}; \\ C_{L(ext)} = 1 \ \mu F \end{array}$	-	300	-	μS
R _{pd}	pull-down resistance		-	100	-	Ω
Over-temperat	ure protection					
T _{sd}	shutdown temperature		-	160	-	°C
T _{sd(hys)}	shutdown temperature hysteresis		-	20	-	°K

[1] $V_{O(nom)}$ = nominal output voltage (device specific).

9. Dynamic behavior

9.1 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)

PSRR stands for the capability of the regulator to suppress unwanted signals on the input voltage like noise or ripples.



$PSRR[dB] = 20log \frac{V_{out(ripple)}}{V_{in(ripple)}}$ for all frequencies.

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9.2 Dropout

The dropout voltage is defined as the smallest input to output voltage difference at a specified load current when the regulator operates within its linear region. This means that the input voltage is below the nominal output voltage value and the pass transistor works as a plain resistor.

A small dropout voltage guarantees lower power consumption and efficiency maximization.



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9.3 Accuracy

The LD6816 series guarantees high accuracy of the nominal output voltage.



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9.4 Quiescent current

Quiescent (or ground) current is the difference between input and output current of the regulator.



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9.5 Noise

Output noise voltage of an LDO circuit is given as noise density or RMS output noise voltage over a defined frequency spectrum (10 Hz to 100 kHz). Permanent conditions are a constant output current and a ripple-free input voltage. The output noise voltage is generated by the LDO regulator.



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9.6 Line Regulation

Line regulation is the capability of the circuit to maintain the nominal output voltage while varying the input voltage.



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9.7 Load Regulation

Load regulation is the capability of the circuit to maintain the nominal output voltage while varying the output current.



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9.8 Start-up and shutdown

Start-up time defines the time needed for the LDO to achieve 95 % of its typical output voltage level after activation via the enable pin. Shutdown time defines the time needed for the LDO to pull-down the output voltage to 10 % of its nominal output voltage after deactivation via the enable pin.



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9.9 Enable threshold voltage

An active HIGH signal enables the LDO when the signal exceeds the minimum input HIGH voltage threshold. The LDO is in Off state as long the signal is below the maximum LOW threshold. The input voltage threshold is independent from the LDO input voltage.



10. Application information

10.1 Output capacitor values

The LD6816 series requires external capacitors at the output to guarantee a stable regulator behavior. Do not under-run the specified minimum Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR). The absolute value of the total capacitance attached to the output pin OUT influences the shutdown time ($t_{sd(reg)}$) of the LD6816 series.

Table 10. External load capacitor

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
C _{L(ext)}	external load capacitance		[1] -	1.0	-	μF
ESR	equivalent series resistance		5	-	500	mΩ

[1] The minimum value of capacitance for stability and correct operation is 0.7 μ F. The specified capacitor tolerance is ±30 % or better over the temperature and operating conditions range. The recommended capacitor type is X7R to meet the full device temperature specification of -40 °C to +125 °C.

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11. Test information

11.1 Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with *NX1-00023 NXP Semiconductors Quality and Reliability Specification* and is suitable for use in consumer applications.

12. Marking

WLCSP dies are laser marked with the following information (see <u>Table 11</u> to <u>13</u> and <u>Figure 23</u>):

- 1. Shaded area: marking of pin A1
- The character N gives the version code and describes the output mode of the LDO. If the code is legible, the LDO has an integrated pull down transistor ("P" version). If the character N is rotated counterclockwise by 90°, the LDO is a "H" version.
- 3. "YYY" symbolizes a placeholder for some characters of the lot ID

		Ζ	
	YY	Υ	
	Transpare	aaa-005249 nt top view	
Fig 23. Marking WLCS	94		

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	J J				
Type number	Nominal output voltage	Marking code	Type number	Nominal output voltage	Marking code
LD6816CX4/12H	1.2 V	Α	LD6816CX4/27H	2.7 V	Р
LD6816CX4/14H	1.4 V	С	LD6816CX4/28H	2.8 V	Q
LD6816CX4/16H	1.6 V	D	LD6816CX4/29H	2.9 V	R
LD6816CX4/18H	1.8 V	E	LD6816CX4/30H	3.0 V	S
LD6816CX4/22H	2.2 V	K	LD6816CX4/33H	3.3 V	V
LD6816CX4/23H	2.3 V	L	LD6816CX4/36H	3.6 V	Y
LD6816CX4/25H	2.5 V	Ν	-	-	-

Table 11. Marking code of high-ohmic output

Table 12.Marking of pull-down output

Type number	Nominal output voltage	Marking code	Type number	Nominal output voltage	Marking code
LD6816CX4/12P	1.2 V	Α	LD6816CX4/23P	2.3 V	L
LD6816CX4/13P	1.3 V	В	LD6816CX4/25P	2.5 V	Ν
LD6816CX4/14P	1.4 V	С	LD6816CX4/27P	2.7 V	Р
LD6816CX4/16P	1.6 V	E	LD6816CX4/28P	2.8 V	Q
LD6816CX4/18P	1.8 V	G	LD6816CX4/29P	2.9 V	R
LD6816CX4/20P	2.0 V	Ι	LD6816CX4/30P	3.0 V	S
LD6816CX4/21P	2.1 V	J	LD6816CX4/33P	3.3 V	V
LD6816CX4/22P	2.2 V	K	LD6816CX4/36P	3.6 V	Υ

Table 13. Marking code of pull-down output with backside coating

Type number	Nominal output voltage	Marking code	Type number	Nominal output voltage	Marking code
LD6816CX4/C12P	1.2 V	А	LD6816CX4/C23P	2.3 V	L
LD6816CX4/C13P	1.3 V	В	LD6816CX4/C25P	2.5 V	Ν
LD6816CX4/C14P	1.4 V	С	LD6816CX4/C27P	2.7 V	Р
LD6816CX4/C16P	1.6 V	E	LD6816CX4/C28P	2.8 V	Q
LD6816CX4/C18P	1.8 V	G	LD6816CX4/C29P	2.9 V	R
LD6816CX4/C20P	2.0 V	I	LD6816CX4/C30P	3.0 V	S
LD6816CX4/C21P	2.1 V	J	LD6816CX4/C33P	3.3 V	V
LD6816CX4/C22P	2.2 V	K	LD6816CX4/C36P	3.6 V	Y

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13. Package outline



WLCSP4: wafer level chip-size package; 4 bumps (2 x 2)

Fig 24. Package outline WLCSP4

Table 14. Dimensions for Figure 24

Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
A	0.44	0.47	0.50	mm
A ₁	0.18	0.20	0.22	mm
A ₂	0.26	0.27	0.28	mm
b	0.21	0.26	0.31	mm
D	0.71	0.76	0.81	mm
E	0.71	0.76	0.81	mm
e	-	0.4	-	mm

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WLCSP4: wafer level chip-size package with backside coating; 4 bumps (2 x 2)

Fig 25. Package outline WLCSP4 with backside coating

Table 15. Dimensions for Figure 25

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
A	0.47	0.51	0.55	mm
A ₁	0.18	0.20	0.22	mm
A ₂	0.26	0.27	0.28	mm
A ₃	0.03	0.04	0.05	mm
b	0.21	0.26	0.31	mm
D	0.71	0.76	0.81	mm
E	0.71	0.76	0.81	mm
е	-	0.4	-	mm

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14. Soldering



Table 16. Dimensions of for Figure 26

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
С	-	0.25	-	mm
D	0.71	0.76	0.81	mm
E	0.71	0.76	0.81	mm
е	-	0.4	-	mm
f	-	0.325	-	mm

15. Soldering of SMD packages

This text provides a very brief insight into a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description"*.

15.1 Introduction to soldering

Soldering is one of the most common methods through which packages are attached to Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs), to form electrical circuits. The soldered joint provides both the mechanical and the electrical connection. There is no single soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and Surface Mount Devices (SMDs) are mixed on one printed wiring board; however, it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. Reflow soldering is ideal for the small pitches and high densities that come with increased miniaturization.

15.2 Wave and reflow soldering

Wave soldering is a joining technology in which the joints are made by solder coming from a standing wave of liquid solder. The wave soldering process is suitable for the following:

• Through-hole components

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• Leaded or leadless SMDs, which are glued to the surface of the printed circuit board

Not all SMDs can be wave soldered. Packages with solder balls, and some leadless packages which have solder lands underneath the body, cannot be wave soldered. Also, leaded SMDs with leads having a pitch smaller than ~0.6 mm cannot be wave soldered, due to an increased probability of bridging.

The reflow soldering process involves applying solder paste to a board, followed by component placement and exposure to a temperature profile. Leaded packages, packages with solder balls, and leadless packages are all reflow solderable.

Key characteristics in both wave and reflow soldering are:

- · Board specifications, including the board finish, solder masks and vias
- · Package footprints, including solder thieves and orientation
- The moisture sensitivity level of the packages
- Package placement
- Inspection and repair
- · Lead-free soldering versus SnPb soldering

15.3 Wave soldering

Key characteristics in wave soldering are:

- Process issues, such as application of adhesive and flux, clinching of leads, board transport, the solder wave parameters, and the time during which components are exposed to the wave
- · Solder bath specifications, including temperature and impurities

15.4 Reflow soldering

Key characteristics in reflow soldering are:

- Lead-free versus SnPb soldering; note that a lead-free reflow process usually leads to higher minimum peak temperatures (see <u>Figure 27</u>) than a SnPb process, thus reducing the process window
- Solder paste printing issues including smearing, release, and adjusting the process window for a mix of large and small components on one board
- Reflow temperature profile; this profile includes preheat, reflow (in which the board is heated to the peak temperature) and cooling down. It is imperative that the peak temperature is high enough for the solder to make reliable solder joints (a solder paste characteristic). In addition, the peak temperature must be low enough that the packages and/or boards are not damaged. The peak temperature of the package depends on package thickness and volume and is classified in accordance with Table 17 and 18

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Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)		
	Volume (mm ³)		
	< 350	≥ 350	
< 2.5	235	220	
≥ 2.5	220	220	

Table 17. SnPb eutectic process (from J-STD-020C)

Table 18.Lead-free process (from J-STD-020C)

Package thickness (mm)	Package reflow temperature (°C)				
	Volume (mm ³)				
	< 350	350 to 2000	> 2000		
< 1.6	260	260	260		
1.6 to 2.5	260	250	245		
> 2.5	250	245	245		

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on the packing, must be respected at all times.

Studies have shown that small packages reach higher temperatures during reflow soldering, see Figure 27.



For further information on temperature profiles, refer to Application Note *AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description".*

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16. Revision history

Table 19. Revision histo	ry			
Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
LD6816_SER v.1	20120928	Product data sheet	-	-

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17. Legal information

17.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

17.2 Definitions

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