# imall

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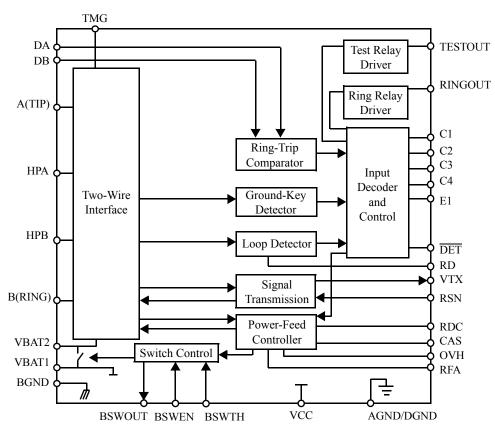
Le79489

Subscriber Line Interface Circuit Ve580 Series

### **DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS**

- Ideal for low power sensitive applications
- Low standby power (normal and reverse)
- Automatic on-chip battery switching
- On-chip thermal management
- On-chip thermal shutdown
- -20 V to -60 V battery operation
- Programmable current limit
- Programmable resistive feed
- Programmable loop-detect threshold
- Selectable overhead for metering applications
- Two-wire impedance set by single external impedance

- On-chip ring and test relay drivers and relay snubber circuits
- Polarity reversal (full transmission)
- Loop and ground-key detector
- Comparator for ring-trip detection
- Ground-start capability
- On-hook transmission



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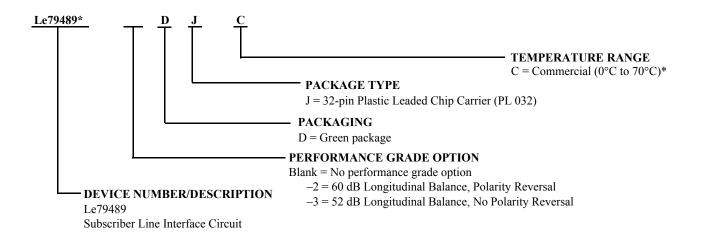
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## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

#### **Standard Products**

Zarlink standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the elements below.



| Valid Combinations |                     |                     |  |  |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Le79489*           | (Blank)<br>-2<br>-3 | DJC <sup>1, 2</sup> |  |  |

- 1. For delivery using a tape and reel packing system, add a "T" suffix to the OPN (Ordering Part Number) when placing an order.
- 2. The green package meets RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Council to minimize the environmental impact of electrical equipment.

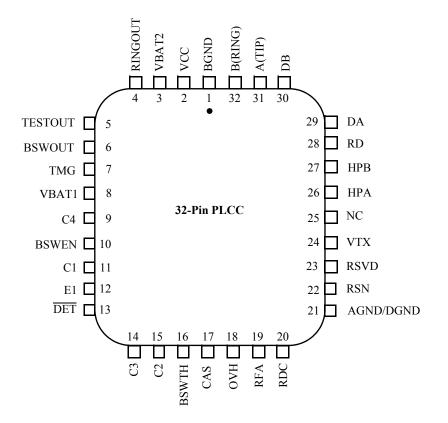
#### Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Contact Zarlink sales to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to obtain additional data on Zarlink's standard military–grade products.

<sup>\*</sup>Zarlink reserves the right to fulfill all orders for this device with parts marked with the "Am" part number prefix, until such time as all inventory bearing this mark has been depleted. It should be noted that parts marked with either the "Am" or the "Le" part number prefix are equivalent devices in terms of form, fit, and function. The only difference between the two is in the part number prefix appearing on the topside mark.

## **CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**

## **Top View**



Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 is marked for orientation.
- 2.  $NC = No \ Connect$
- 3. RSVD = Reserved. Do not connect to this pin.

## **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

| Pin Names   | Туре      | Description   |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| AGND/DGND   | Gnd       | Analog and Digital ground.  |
| A(TIP)      | Output    | Output of A(TIP) power amplifier.   |
| BGND        | Gnd       | Battery (power) ground.   |
| B(RING)     | Output    | Output of B(RING) power amplifier.  |
| BSWEN       |           | Battery Switch Control. Internally connected to automatic battery switch circuitry. BSWEN can be overridden by external logic. BSWEN Low connects VBAT1 to VBAT2. BSWEN High disconnects VBAT1 from VBAT2.  |
| BSWOUT      | Output    | Buffered Output. Internally connected to battery switch circuitry. The output is open-collector with a built-in pull-up resistor. BSWOUT Low indicates VBAT1 is connected to VBAT2. BSWOUT High indicates VBAT1 is disconnected from VBAT2. This output is valid only in the Active states.   |
| BSWTH       | Input     | Input for setting automatic battery switch threshold. Normally tied to Battery 2. Tie to ground for manual switching.   |
| C3C1        | Input     | Decoder. TTL compatible. C3 is MSB and C1 is LSB.   |
| C4          | Input     | Test Relay Input – Active Low. $1 = Off. 0 = On.$   |
| CAS         | Capacitor | Anti-sat pin for capacitor to filter reference voltage when operating in anti-sat region.   |
| DA          | Input     | Ring-trip negative. Negative input to ring-trip comparator.   |
| DB          | Input     | Ring-trip positive. Positive input to ring-trip comparator.   |
| DET         | Output    | Switchhook detector. When enabled, a logic Low indicates the selected detector is tripped. The detect is selected by the logic inputs (C3–C1). The output is open-collector with a built-in 15 k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor.   |
| E1          | Input     | Ground-Key Detect Select. E1 = 1 selects the hook switch detector. E1 = 0 selects the ground-key detector. In the Tip Open state, ground key is selected independent of E1.   |
| HPA         | Capacitor | High-Pass Filter Capacitor. A(TIP) side of high-pass filter capacitor.  |
| HPB         | Capacitor | High-Pass Filter Capacitor. B(RING) side of high-pass filter capacitor.   |
| NC          | _         | No connect. This pin not internally connected.  |
| OVH         | Input     | Overhead Control. Logic High enables minimized nonmetering overhead. Logic Low enables 2.2 V metering DC overhead. TTL-compatible.  |
| RD          | Resistor  | Detector resistor. Detector threshold set and filter pin.   |
| RDC         | Resistor  | DC feed resistor. Connection point for the DC feed current programming network. The other end of t network connects to the receiver summing node (RSN). Connection point for the DC feed current programming network. The other end of the network connects to RSN. V <sub>RDC</sub> is negative for normal polarity and positive for reverse polarity. |
| RFA         | _         | Resistive feed adjust. Adjust the DC feed resistance gain coefficient, GDC, with external resistor connected to ground.   |
| RINGOUT     | Output    | Ring Relay Driver. Open-collector driver with emitter internally connected to BGND.   |
| RSN         | Input     | Receive Summing Node. The metallic current (AC and DC) between A(TIP) and B(RING) is equal 500 times the current into this pin. The networks that program receive gain, two-wire impedance, an feed current all connect to this node.   |
| RSVD        | _         | Reserved. These pins are reserved for Zarlink use. Make no connection to these pins.  |
| TESTOUT     | Output    | Test Relay Driver. Open collector driver with emitter internally connected to AGND.   |
| TMG         |           | Thermal Management. External resistor connects this pin to VBAT2 to offload power dissipation fro<br>SLIC. Functions during normal polarity, Active state.  |
| VBAT1       | Battery   | Most negative battery supply and substrate connection.  |
| VBAT2       | Battery   | Battery supply for output power amplifiers. Switched to VBAT1 by BSWEN.   |
| VCC         | Power     | +5 V power supply.  |
| VTX         | Output    | Transmit Audio. This output is a 0.5066 unity gain version of the A(TIP) and B(RING) metallic voltage VTX also sources the two-wire input impedance programming network.  |
| Exposed Pad | Battery   | This must be electrically tied to VBAT1.  |

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Storage temperature  |
|--|
| With respect to AGND/DGND:   |
| V <sub>CC</sub>  |
| V <sub>BAT1</sub><br>Continuous  |
| $V_{BAT2}$ and BSWTH +0.4 V to $V_{BAT1}$  |
| BGND   |
| $\begin{array}{l} A(TIP) \mbox{ or } B(RING) \mbox{ with respect to } BGND: \\ Continuous V_{BAT1} \mbox{ to } +1 \ V \\ 10 \ ms \ (f = 0.1 \ Hz) \70 \ V \ to +5 \ V \\ 1 \ \mu s \ (f = 0.1 \ Hz) \80 \ V \ to +8 \ V \\ 250 \ ns \ (f = 0.1 \ Hz) \90 \ V \ to +12 \ V \end{array}$ |
| Current from A(TIP) or B(RING)±150 mA  |
| TESTOUT/RINGOUT/current  |
| TESTOUT/RINGOUT/voltage BGND to +7 V   |
| TESTOUT/RINGOUT/transient BGND to +10 V  |
| DA and DB inputs<br>Voltage on ring-trip inputsV <sub>BAT1</sub> to 0 V<br>Current on ring-trip inputs±10 mA   |
| C4–C1, BSWEN, OVH, E1<br>Input voltage –0.4 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.4 V   |
| Maximum power dissipation, continuous*<br>T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C, No heat sink (see note):<br>In 32-pin PLCC package  |
| Thermal data (θ <sub>JA</sub> )<br>In 32-pin PLCC package43°C/W typ  |
| ESD immunity (HBM) JESD22 Class 1C compliant   |

\* Thermal limiting circuitry on chip will shut down the circuit at a junction temperature of about 165°C. Continuous operation above 145°C junction temperature may degrade device reliability.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### Package Assembly

Green package devices are assembled with enhanced, environmental compatible lead-free, halogen-free, and antimony-free materials. The leads possess a matte-tin plating which is compatible with conventional board assembly processes or newer lead-free board assembly processes. The peak soldering temperature should not exceed 245°C during printed circuit board

## **OPERATING RANGES**

#### **Commercial (C) Devices**

| Ambient temperature   |
|---|
| V <sub>CC</sub>   |
| BAT140.5 V to -60 V   |
| BAT220 V to BAT1  |
| AGND/DGND 0 V   |
| BGND with respect to GND $\dots -100 \text{ mV}$ to $+100 \text{ mV}$ |
| Load resistance on VTX to GND $\ldots \ldots .20~k\Omega$ min         |

Operating ranges define those limits over which the functionality of the device is guaranteed by production testing.

\*Zarlink guarantees the performance of this device over commercial (0 to 70°C) and industrial (-40 to 85 °C) temperature ranges by conducting electrical characterization over each range and by conducting a production test with single insertion coupled to periodic sampling. These characterization and test procedures comply with section 4.6.2 of Bellcore TR-TSY-000357 Component Reliability Assurance Requirements for Telecommunications Equipment.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| Description                                      | Test Conditions (See Note 1)   | Min                  | Тур   | Max   | Unit  | Note  |
|--|--|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Transmission Performance                         |  |                      |       |       |       |       |
| 2-wire return loss<br>(See Test Circuit D)       | 200 Hz to 3.4 kHz  | 26                   |       |       | dB    | 4, 6  |
| Analog output (V <sub>TX</sub> ) impedance       |  |                      | 3     | 20    | Ω     | 4     |
| Analog output (V <sub>TX</sub> ) offset voltage  |  | -50                  |       | +50   | mV    |       |
| Overload level, 2-wire                           | Active state   | 2.5                  |       |       | Vpk   | 2a, 3 |
| THD, Total Harmonic Distortion                   | 0 dBm  |                      | -64   | -50   |       | 3     |
|  | +7 dBm   |                      | -55   | -40   | dB    | 3     |
| THD, open loop                                   | $0 \text{ dBm}, \text{R}_{\text{LAC}} = 600 \Omega$  |                      |       | -36   |       | 4     |
| Longitudinal Capability (See Test C              | Circuit C)   |                      |       |       |       |       |
| Longitudinal to metallic L-T<br>200 Hz to 1 kHz  | Normal polarity-3*Normal polarity0°C to +70°CNormal polarity-40°C to +85°CReverse polarity-40°C to +85°C-2   | 52<br>60<br>58<br>54 |       |       | 15    |       |
| Longitudinal to metallic L-T<br>1 kHz to 3.4 kHz | Normal polarity $-3$ Normal polarity $0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ Normal polarity $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ Reverse polarity $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ | 52<br>54<br>54<br>54 |       |       | dB    | 8     |
| Longitudinal signal generation 4-L               | 200 Hz to 3.4 kHz  | 40                   |       |       | dB    |       |
| Longitudinal current per pin<br>(A or B)         | Active state   | 15                   | 27    |       | mArms | 7     |
| Longitudinal impedance at A or B                 | 0 to 100 Hz  |                      | 25    |       | Ω/pin | 4     |
| Longitudinal Induction                           |  |                      |       | 23    | dBrnc | 4     |
| Idle Channel Noise                               |  | 1                    | 1     |       |       |       |
| C-message weighted noise                         | $R_L = 600 \Omega$   |                      | +7    | +12   | dBrnC | 4, 8  |
| Psophometric weighted noise                      | $R_L = 600 \Omega$   |                      | -83   | -78   | dBmp  | 8     |
| Insertion Loss (See Test Circuits A              | and B)   |                      |       |       |       |       |
| Gain, 4- to 2-wire                               | 0 dBm, 1 kHz 0°C to 70°C   | -0.15                | 0     | +0.15 |       |       |
|  | -40°C to 85°C  | -0.20                | 0     | +0.20 |       | 4     |
| Gain, 2- to 4-wire, 4-to-4-wire                  | 0 dBm, 1 kHz 0°C to 70°C   | -6.05                | -5.90 | -5.75 |       |       |
|  | -40°C to 85°C  | -6.10                | -5.90 | -5.70 |       | 4     |
| Gain, 4- to 2-wire                               | Open loop  | -0.35                |       | +0.35 | dB    | 4     |
| Gain, 2- to 4-wire, 4- to 4-wire                 | Open loop  | -6.25                | -5.90 | -5.55 |       | 4     |
| Gain over frequency                              | 300 to 3.4 kHz, relative to 1 kHz  | -0.10                |       | +0.10 |       |       |
| Gain tracking                                    | +3 dBm to -55 dBm relative to 0 dBm  | -0.10                |       | +0.10 |       |       |
| Gain tracking open loop                          | 0 dB to -15 dB   | -0.35                |       | +0.35 |       | 4     |
| Group delay                                      | 0 dBm, 1 kHz   | 1                    | 4     |       | μs    | 4,6   |

Note:

\* P.G. = Performance Grade

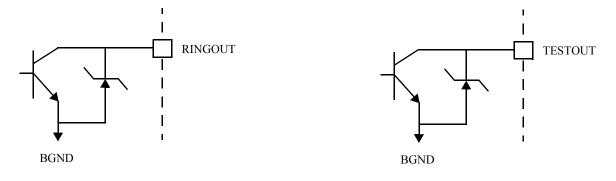
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

| Description                                     | Test Conditions (See Note 1)   | Min                | Min Typ Max |                    | Unit  | Note |
|---|--|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------|------|
| Line Characteristics                            |  | 1                  |             |                    |       | 1    |
| I <sub>L</sub> , Active Short loop              | $R_{LDC} = 250 \Omega$   | 44.2               | 48.6        | 54.0               |       |      |
| Medium loop                                     | LDC  | 33.4               | 37.1        | 40.8               |       |      |
| Long loop                                       | $R_{LDC} = 2 k\Omega$  | 17.2               | 19.2        | 21.2               |       |      |
| I <sub>L</sub> , Active Short loop              | $R_{LDC} = 250 \Omega$   | 44.2               | 48.6        | 54.0               |       |      |
| Long loop                                       | $R_{LDC} = 2 k\Omega$  | 16.0               | 18.0        | 20.0               | mA    |      |
| $I_L$ , Accuracy, Standby state                 | $I_{L} = \frac{ V_{BAT1}  - 3 V}{R_{L} + 400}$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ | 0.7 I <sub>L</sub> | IL          | 1.3 I <sub>L</sub> |       |      |
|   | Current limited region   | 18                 | 30          |                    |       |      |
| I <sub>L</sub> , Loop current, Disconnect state | $R_L = 0$  |                    |             | 100                | μΑ    |      |
| I <sub>L</sub> LIM                              | Active, A and B to GND   |                    | 95          | 135                | mA    |      |
| Vapparent                                       |  |                    | 52          |                    |       | 4    |
|   | Active, Normal   | 40.3               | 41.7        |                    | V     |      |
| V <sub>AB</sub> , Open loop voltage             | Reverse Polarity   | 39.8               | 41.7        |                    | v     |      |
|   | OVH = 0  | 37                 | 39          |                    |       |      |
| BAT SW hysteresis                               |  |                    | 1150        |                    | mV    |      |
| BAT SW threshold                                |  |                    | BAT2        |                    | V     |      |
| (from $V_{BAT1}$ to $V_{BAT2}$ )                |  |                    | + 8.5       |                    | v     |      |
| I <sub>A</sub> , Leakage, Tip Open state        | $R_L = 0$  |                    |             | 100                | μΑ    |      |
| I <sub>B</sub> , Current, Tip Open state        | B to GND   | 18                 | 30          | 56                 | mA    |      |
| V <sub>A</sub> , Active                         | RA to BAT1 = 7 k $\Omega$ , RB to<br>GND = 100 $\Omega$              |                    |             |                    | V     | 4    |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio (V                 | ripple = 100 mVrms), Active Normal State                             | 1                  |             |                    |       |      |
| V <sub>CC</sub>                                 | 50 Hz to 3.4 kHz   | 30                 | 45          |                    |       | 2    |
| V <sub>BAT1</sub>                               | 50 Hz to 3.4 kHz   | 28                 | 50          |                    |       | 3    |
| V <sub>BAT2</sub>                               | 50 Hz to 3.4 kHz   | 35                 | 50          |                    |       | 4    |
| $V_{BAT1}$ , Open loop, $R_{LAC} = 600 \Omega$  | 50 Hz  | 8                  | 14          |                    | dB    |      |
| (Anti-sat region)                               | 100 Hz   | 15                 | 22          |                    |       | 4    |
|   | 200 Hz   | 20                 | 29          |                    |       | 4    |
|   | 500 Hz to 3.4 kHz  | 28                 | 40          |                    |       |      |
| Effective internal resistance                   | CAS pin to GND   | 85                 | 170         | 255                | kΩ    | 4    |
| <b>Device Power Dissipation</b>                 |  |                    | •           |                    |       |      |
| Open loop, Disconnect state                     |  |                    | 35          | 70                 |       |      |
| Open loop, Standby state                        |  |                    | 50          | 85                 |       |      |
| Open loop, Active state                         | OVH = 1  |                    | 150         | 250                |       |      |
| Open loop, Active state                         | OVH = 0  |                    | 550         | 620                | mW    | 9    |
| Off hook, Standby state                         | $R_{\rm L} = 600 \ \Omega$   |                    | 1000        | 1300               |       |      |
| Off hook, Active state                          | $R_{\rm L} = 250 \ \Omega$   |                    | 880         | 1200               |       |      |
|   | $R_{\rm L} = 700 \ \Omega$   |                    | 800         | 1000               |       |      |
| Supply Currents, Battery                        |  | 1                  | 1           |                    |       | 1    |
| I <sub>CC</sub> ,                               | Disconnect state   |                    | 2.5         | 4.5                |       |      |
| Open Loop V <sub>CC</sub> supply current        | Standby state  |                    | 3.0         | 4.5                |       |      |
|   | Active state   |                    | 6.3         | 9.5                | mA    |      |
| I <sub>BAT1</sub> ,                             | Disconnect state   |                    | 0.5         | 1.0                | 111/3 |      |
| Open Loop $V_{BAT1}$ supply current             | Standby state  |                    | 0.7         | 1.5                |       |      |
|   | Active state   |                    | 2.8         | 4.8                |       |      |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

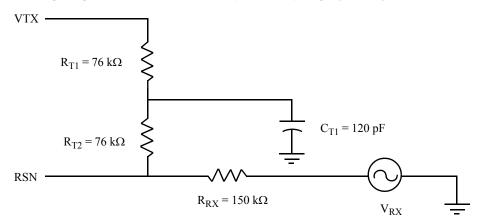
| Description  | Description Test Conditions (See Note 1)  |            | Тур  | Max  | Unit  | Note |
|--|---|------------|------|------|-------|------|
| RFI Rejection  | 1   | l          |      |      | L     |      |
| RFI rejection  | 100 kHz to 30 MHz<br>(See Figure E)   |            |      | 0.7  | mVrms | 4    |
| Logic Inputs (C4–C1, E1, BSWEN,  | OVH [-5, -6 only])  |            |      |      |       |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub> , Input High voltage<br>C3<br>C1, C2, C4, BSWEN, OVH, E1 |   | 2.5<br>2.0 |      |      | V     |      |
| V <sub>IL</sub> , Input Low voltage                                      |   |            |      | 0.8  |       |      |
| I <sub>IH</sub> , Input High current C4–C1,<br>OVH, E1                   |   | -75        |      | 40   |       |      |
| I <sub>IH</sub> , Input High current, BSWEN                              |   | -75        |      | 1200 | μA    |      |
| I <sub>IL</sub> , Input Low current, except C1                           |   | -400       |      |      |       |      |
| I <sub>IL</sub> , Input Low current, C1                                  |   | -600       | -300 |      |       |      |
| Logic Output (DET, BSWOUT)   |   |            |      |      |       |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub> , Output Low voltage                                     | $I_{OUT} = 0.3 \text{ mA}$  |            |      | 0.40 | V     |      |
| V <sub>OH</sub> , Output High voltage                                    | $I_{OUT} = -0.05 \text{ mA}$  | 2.4        |      |      | v     |      |
| <b>Ring-Trip Comparator Input (DA,</b>                                   | DB)   |            |      |      |       |      |
| Bias current   |   | -500       | -50  |      | nA    |      |
| Offset voltage   | Source resistance = $2 M\Omega$   | -50        | 0    | +50  | mV    | 5    |
| Loop Detector  |   |            |      |      |       |      |
| I <sub>T</sub> , Loop-detect threshold tolerance                         | Active state, Off-hook to On-hook<br>$R_D = 35.4 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $I_T = 368/R_D$<br>On-hook to Off-hook  | -15        |      | +15  |       |      |
|  | $R_D = 35.4 \text{ k}\Omega, I_T = 414/R_D$   | -20        |      | +20  | %     |      |
|  | Standby state, Off-hook to On-hook<br>$R_D = 35.4 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $I_T = 425/R_D$<br>On-hook to Off-hook | -15        |      | +15  | 70    |      |
|  | $R_{\rm D} = 35.4 \text{ k}\Omega, I_{\rm T} = 471/R_{\rm D}$   | -20        |      | +20  |       |      |
| Loop-detect threshold hysteresis   | Active state  |            |      |      |       |      |
|  | Standby state   |            | 1.3  |      | A     | 4    |
| IGK, GND key-detector threshold  | R <sub>L</sub> from BX to GND<br>Active, Standby, and Tip Open states                                       | 5          | 9    | 13   | mA    |      |
| Relay Driver Output (RINGOUT/T   | ESTOUT)   |            |      |      |       |      |
| On voltage   | $I_{OL} = 40 \text{ mA}$  |            | +0.3 | +0.7 | V     |      |
| Off leakage  | $V_{OH} = +5 V$   |            |      | 100  | μΑ    |      |
| Zener breakover  | ener breakover $I_Z = 100 \ \mu A$  |            | 7.5  |      | V     |      |
| Zener On voltage   | $I_Z = 40 \text{ mA}$   |            | 7.9  | 10   | v     |      |

#### **RELAY DRIVER SCHEMATICS**



Notes:

1. Unless otherwise specified, test conditions are  $V_{CC} = +5 V$ , BAT1 = -50 V, BAT2 = -34 V,  $R_L = 600 \Omega$ ,  $R_{DC1} = R_{DC2} = 5.833 k\Omega$ ,  $R_{TMG} = 570 \Omega$ ,  $R_D = 35.4 k\Omega$ ,  $RFA = 0 \Omega$ , no fuse resistors,  $C_{HP} = 0.22 \mu F$ ,  $C_{DC} = 0.5 \mu F$ ,  $C_{CAS} = 0.33 \mu F$ ,  $C_{VBAT12} = 220 nF$ ,  $D_1 = D_2 = 1N400x$ , OVH = 1, two-wire AC input impedance is a 600  $\Omega$  resistance synthesized by the programming network shown below.



- a. Overload level exists when THD = 1%.
   b. Overload level exists when THD = 1.5%.
- 3. This parameter is tested at 1 kHz in production. Performance at other frequencies is guaranteed by characterization.
- 4. Not tested in production. This parameter is guaranteed by characterization or correlation to other tests.
- 5. Tested with  $0 \Omega$  source impedance. 2 M $\Omega$  is specified for system design only.
- 6. Group delay can be greatly reduced by using a Z<sub>T</sub> network such as that shown in Note 1 above. The network reduces the group delay to less than 2 μs and increases 2WRL. The effect of group delay on linecard performance also may be compensated for by synthesizing complex impedance with the DSLAC<sup>TM</sup> or QSLAC<sup>TM</sup> device.
- 7. Minimum current level is guaranteed not to cause a false Loop Detect. The SLIC must be functional in this condition.
- 8. Four-wire performance is 5–9 dB better than the specified two-wire values.
- 9. Open loop, Active state, Metering mode power dissipation may be reduced from a typical of 550 mW to a typical of 150 mW by connecting the DET pin to the OVH pin. This connection will force the SLIC into the nonmetering mode while on hook. With this connection, a metering signal sent after the SLIC goes on hook may be distorted on the 2W line because the SLIC is forced into the nonmetering mode. To eliminate this distortion, a delay can be added between the time the SLIC goes on hook and the time the SLIC switches to nonmetering mode by using an RC circuit for the DET pin to OVH pin connection.

|       |          |                           | DET Output          | ŧ         |
|-------|----------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| State | C3 C2 C1 | 2-Wire Status             | E1 = 1              | E1 = 0    |
| 0     | 0 0 0    | Standby, Reverse Polarity | Loop detector       | GK        |
| 1     | 0 0 1    | Reserved                  | Х                   | Х         |
| 2     | 0 1 0    | Active, Reverse Polarity  | Loop detector       | GK        |
| 3     | 0 1 1    | Tip Open                  | GK or loop detector | GK        |
| 4     | 1 0 0    | Disconnect                | Ring trip           | Ring trip |
| 5     | 1 0 1    | Ringing                   | Ring trip           | Ring trip |
| 6     | 1 1 0    | Active, Normal            | Loop detector       | GK        |
| 7     | 1 1 1    | Standby, Normal           | Loop detector       | GK        |

Table 1. SLIC Decoding

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| Table 2. User-Programmable Co | omponents |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
|-------------------------------|-----------|

| $Z_{\rm T} = 253(Z_{2\rm WIN} - 2R_{\rm F})$   | $\begin{array}{l} Z_T \text{ is connected between the VTX and RSN pins. The fuse resistors} \\ \text{are } R_F, \text{ and } Z_{2WIN} \text{ is the desired two-wire AC input impedance.} \\ \text{When computing } Z_T, \text{ the internal current amplifier pole and any} \\ \text{external stray capacitance between VTX and RSN must be taken} \\ \text{into account. The internal amplifier pole is:} \\ \hline \frac{22 \text{ kHz} \bullet \text{R}_{LAC}}{600 \ \Omega \ \pm 10\%} \end{array}$ |
|--|--|
| $Z_{RX} = \frac{Z_{L}}{G_{42L}} \bullet \frac{500(Z_{T})}{Z_{T} + 253(Z_{L} + 2R_{F})}$  | $Z_{RX}$ is connected from VRX to RSN. $Z_T$ is defined above, and $G_{42L}$ is the desired receive gain. $Z_L$ is the 2-wire load impedance.  |
| $I_{LIMIT} = \frac{625(GFA)}{R_{DC1} + R_{DC2}}$ $C_{DC} = 1.5 \text{ ms} \bullet \frac{R_{DC1} + R_{DC2}}{R_{DC1} \bullet R_{DC2}}$ $GFA = 0.99 \bullet \frac{(RFA + 30.1 \text{ k}\Omega)}{(RFA + 32 \text{ k}\Omega)}$ $RCL = 1.4 \bullet (R_{DC1} + R_{DC2}) \bullet \frac{(RFA + 60 \text{ k}\Omega)}{(RFA + 100 \text{ k}\Omega)}$ | $R_{DC1},R_{DC2},\text{and}C_{DC}$ form the network connected to the $R_{DC}$ pin. $R_{DC1}$ and $R_{DC2}$ are approximately equal. $I_{LIMIT}$ is the desired loop current in the constant-current region.  |
| $R_{\rm D} = \frac{365}{I_{\rm T}}, \qquad \qquad C_{\rm D} = \frac{0.5 \text{ ms}}{R_{\rm D}}$  | $R_D$ and $C_D$ form the network connected from $R_D$ to AGND/DGND<br>and $I_T$ is the threshold current between on hook and off hook in the<br>Active state.  |
| $C_{CAS} = \frac{1}{3.4 \cdot 10^5 \pi f_c}$   | $C_{CAS}$ is the regulator filter capacitor and $f_c$ is the desired filter cutoff frequency.  |
| $I_{\text{Standby}} = \frac{\left  V_{\text{BAT1}} \right  - 3 V}{400 \ \Omega + R_{\text{L}}}$  | Standby loop current (resistive region).   |
| $C_{BSWEN} = 5 \ \mu mhos \bullet T_D(ms)$   | $C_{BSWEN}$ is connected from BSWEN to GND for automatic<br>switching. T <sub>D</sub> is the delay in switching from BAT1 to BAT2. The<br>delay from BAT2 to BAT1 is about 0.1 T <sub>D</sub> .  |

| $R_{\text{FEED}} = 2 \bullet R_{\text{FUSE}} + \left(\frac{R_{\text{DC1}} + R_{\text{DC2}}}{\text{GDC}}\right)$ $GDC = 47.9 \left(\frac{40 \text{ k}\Omega + \text{RFA}}{120 \text{ k}\Omega + \text{RFA}}\right)$ | The DC feed resistance can be adjusted with a resistance (RFA) from the RFA pin to ground.                             |
|--|--|
| Thermal Management Equations (Active, Normal, and Reverse  | Polarity States)   |
| $R_{TMG} \ge \frac{ V_{BAT2}  - 6 V}{I_{LOOPmax}} \qquad (OVH = 1)$  | $R_{TMG}$ is connected from TMG to VBAT2 and is used to limit power dissipation within the SLIC in Active states only. |
| $R_{TMG} \ge \frac{ V_{BAT2}  - 7.5 V}{I_{LOOPmax}} \qquad (OVH = 0)$  |  |
| $P_{RTMG} = \frac{( V_{BAT2}  - 6 V - (I_{L} \bullet R_{L}))^{2}(R_{TMG})}{(R_{TMG} + 40)^{2}}$<br>(OVH = 1)   | Power dissipated in the thermal management resistor, $R_{TMG}$ , during the Active states.                             |
| $P_{RTMG} = \frac{( V_{BAT2}  - 7.5 V - (I_{L} \bullet R_{L}))^{2}(R_{TMG})}{(R_{TMG} + 40)^{2}}$<br>(OVH = 0)   |  |
| $P_{SLIC} = ( V_{BAT2}  \bullet I_L) - P_{RTMG} - R_L \bullet (I_L)^2 + 0.22 W$  | Power dissipated in the SLIC while in the Active states.   |

## Table 2. User-Programmable Components (continued)

## **DC FEED CHARACTERISTICS** $R_{DC} = R_{DC1} + R_{DC2} = 11.67 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $RFA = 0 \Omega$ No fuse resistors OVH = 1BAT1 = -50 V60 18.8 mA, 38.8 V 3 41.5 V 48.0 mA, 18.5 V V<sub>AB</sub> (Volts) 2 1 0 50.0 mA 60 l<sub>L</sub> (mA) 0

#### Notes:

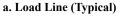
Graph is for illustration only.

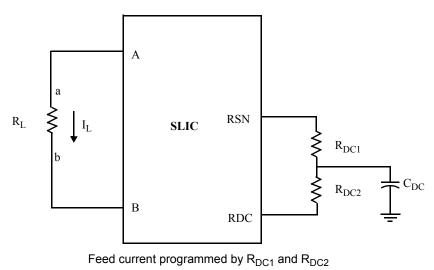
$$I. \quad V_{AB} = I_{LIMIT} \bullet RCL - I_{L} \bullet RCL$$

2. 
$$V_{AB} = 52 V - I_L \left(\frac{RDC}{GDC}\right)$$

$$V_{AB} = 0.8 |V_{BAT1}| + 2.2 - I_L \left(\frac{RDC}{5 \bullet GDC}\right), OVH = 1$$
  
3a.

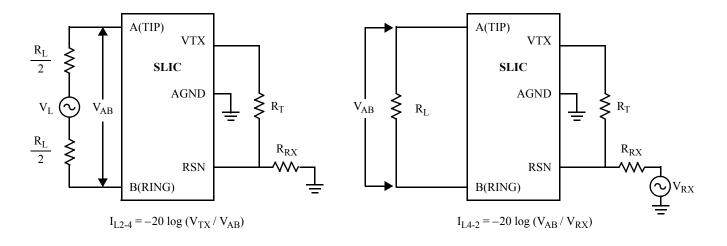
3b. 
$$V_{AB} = 0.8 |V_{BAT1}| - 1.0 - I_L \left(\frac{RDC}{5 \bullet GDC}\right), OVH = 0$$



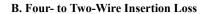


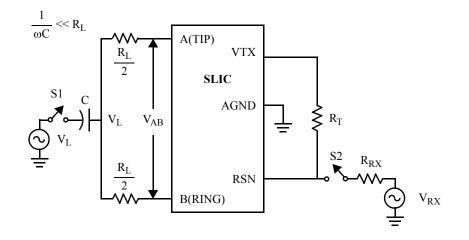
b. Feed Programming Figure 1. DC Feed Characteristics

## **TEST CIRCUITS**



#### A. Two- to Four-Wire Insertion Loss



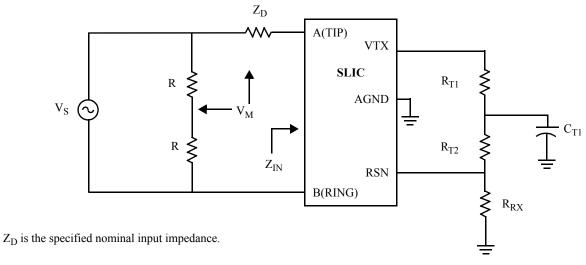


S2 Open, S1 Closed L-T Long. Bal. = 20 log  $(V_{AB} / V_L)$  L-4 Long. Bal. = 20 log  $(V_{TX} / V_L)$ 

S2 Closed, S1 Open 4-L Long. Sig. Gen. = 20 log ( $V_L / V_{RX}$ )

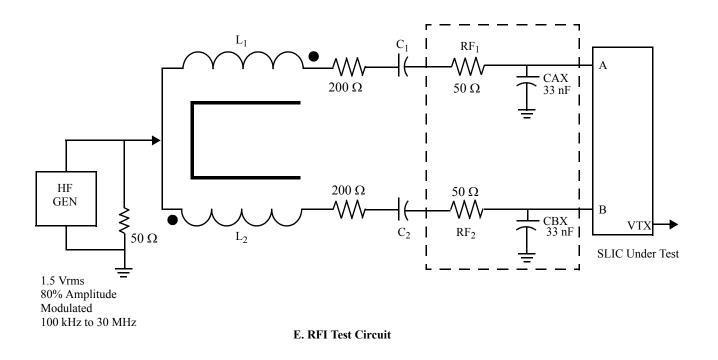
#### C. Longitudinal Balance

## **TEST CIRCUITS (continued)**

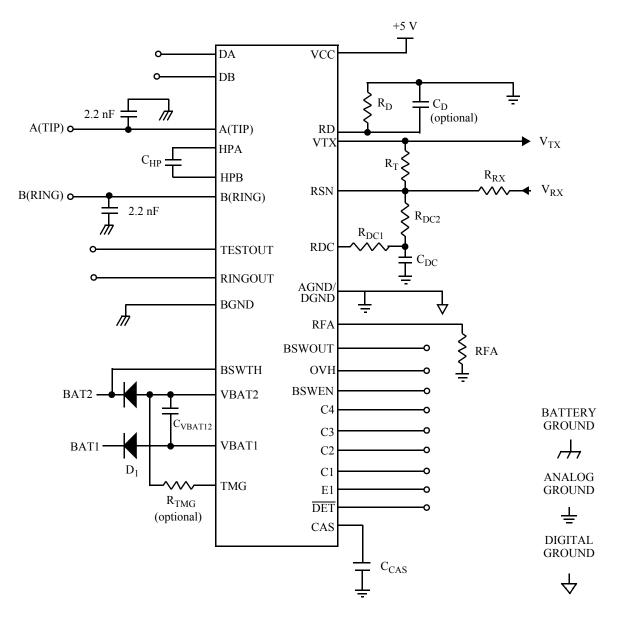


Return loss =  $-20 \log (2 V_M / V_S)$ 

#### D. Two-Wire Return Loss Test Circuit

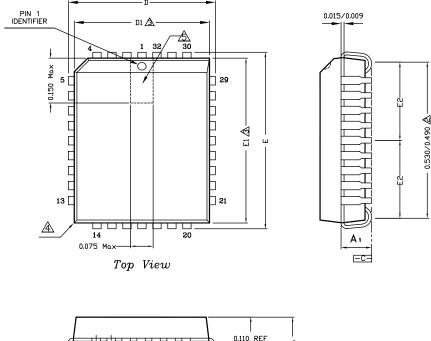


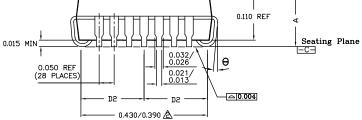
## **TEST CIRCUITS (continued)**



F. Le79489 Test Circuit

## PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS 32-Pin PLCC





#### NOTES:

| 32-Pin PLCC |         |           |        |            |
|-------------|---------|-----------|--------|------------|
| JEDEC # N   | /IS-016 |           |        |            |
| Symbol      | Min     | Nom       | Max    | <u> </u>   |
| Α           | 0.125   |           | 0.140  | 3          |
| A1          | 0.075   | 0.090     | 0.095  | <u> </u>   |
| D           | 0.485   | 0.490     | 0.495  |            |
| D1          | 0.447   | 0.450     | 0.453  |            |
| D2          |         | 0.205 REF |        |            |
| E           | 0.585   | 0.590     | 0.595  |            |
| E1          | 0.547   | 0.550     | 0.553  |            |
| E2          |         |           |        |            |
| θ           | 0 deg   |           | 10 deg | <u>∕5∖</u> |

Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14,5M-1994.

To be measured at seating plan - C - contact point.

Dimensions "D1" and "E1" do not include mold protrusion. Allowable mold protrusion is 0.010 inch per side. Dimensions "D" and "E" include mold mismatch and determined at the parting line; that is "D1" and "E1" are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.

Exact shape of this feature is optional.

Details of pin 1 identifier are optional but must be located within the zone indicated.

- 6 Sum of DAM bar protrusions to be 0.007 max per lead.
- 7 Controlling dimension : Inch.
- 8 Reference document : JEDEC MS-016

## 32-Pin PLCC

#### Note:

Packages may have mold tooling markings on the surface. These markings have no impact on the form, fit or function of the device. Markings will vary with the mold tool used in manufacturing.

## **REVISION SUMMARY**

#### **Revision C to Revision D**

• In the Electrical Characteristics table on page 8, some information was changed in the Test Conditions column in the Loop Detector section and the "Loop-detect threshold hysteresis" row was added to this section.

#### **Revision D to Revision E**

- The physical dimensions (PL032) were added to the Physical Dimensions section.
- Updated the Pin Description table to correct inconsistencies.

#### **Revision E to Revision F**

- Updated OPN (Ordering Part Number) throughout document.
- Absolute Maximum Ratings: Notes updated to standard.
- Operating Ranges: Temperature statement updated to standard.
- Updated "Sales Office Listing."
- Updated physical dimension drawings.

#### Revision F1 to G1

- Removed non-green OPNs from Ordering Information.
- Removed all QFN package information throughout data sheet.
- In Electrical Characteristics, removed specifications for polarity grade options, 1 and 4 6

#### Revision G1 to G2

• Added notes to Ordering Information on page 2.

#### **Revision G2 to G3**

- Enhanced format of package drawing in Physical Dimensions
- Added new headers/footers due to Zarlink purchase of Legerity on August 3, 2007



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