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## 1 Form A Solid-State Relay



## DESCRIPTION

The LH1525 relay are SPST normally open switches (1 form A) that can replace electromechanical relays in many applications. The relay requires a minimal amount of LED drive current to operate, making it ideal for battery powered and power consumption sensitive applications. The relay is constructed using a GaAIAs LED for actuation control and an integrated monolithic die for the switch output. The die, fabricated in a high-voltage dielectrically isolated technology, comprised of a photodiode array, switch-control circuitry, and MOSFET switches. In addition, the relay employs current-limiting circuitry, enabling it to pass lightning surge testing as per ANSI/TIA-968-B and other regulatory surge requirements when overvoltage protection is provided. The relay can be configured for AC/DC or DC-only operation.

## FEATURES

- Extremely low operating current
- High speed operation
- Isolation test voltage $5300 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RMS}}$
- Current limit protection
- High surge capability
- DC only option
- Clean bounce free switching
- Low power consumption
- Surface mountable
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912


## APPLICATIONS

- General telecom switching
- Battery powered switch applications
- Industrial controls
- Programmable controllers
- Instrumentation


## Note

- See "solid-state relays" (application note 56)


## AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL1577 file no. E52744 system code H, double protection
- CSE certification 093751
- BSI no. 7979, BSI no. 7980
- FIMKO 25149


| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
| INPUT |  |  |  |  |
| LED input ratings: continuous forward current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {F }}$ | 50 | mA |
| LED input ratings: reverse voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | 8 | V |
| OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |
| Output operation (each channel): DC or peak AC load voltage | L L $\leq 50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | 400 | V |
| Continuous DC load current, bidirectional operation pin 4 to 6 |  | I | 125 | mA |
| Continuous DC load current, unidirectional operation pins 4, 6 (+) to pin $5(-)$ |  | I | 250 | mA |
| SSR |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient operating temperature range |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -40 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Pin soldering temperature ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\mathrm{t}=10 \mathrm{~s}$ max. | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {sld }}$ | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input to output isolation test voltage | $\mathrm{t}=1 \mathrm{~s}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ISO }}$ | 5300 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RMS }}$ |
| Power dissipation |  | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {diss }}$ | 550 | mW |

## Notes

- Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.
${ }^{(1)}$ Refer to reflow profile for soldering conditions for surface mounted devices (SMD). Refer to wave profile for soldering conditions for through hole devices (DIP).

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LED forward current, switch turn-on | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{t}=10 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {fon }}$ |  | 0.33 | 0.5 | mA |
| LED forward current, switch turn-off | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}= \pm 350 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{t}=100 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {Foff }}$ | 0.001 | 0.23 |  | mA |
| LED forward voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 0.8 | 1.16 | 1.40 | V |
| OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| On-resistance, AC/DC, each pole | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}= \pm 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | Ron | 17 | 26 | 36 | $\Omega$ |
| On-resistance, DC: pin 4, 6 (+) to 5 (-) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | 4.25 | 7 | 8.25 | $\Omega$ |
| Off-resistance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}= \pm 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {OFF }}$ |  | 2000 |  | $\mathrm{G} \Omega$ |
| Current limit AC ${ }^{(1)}$ : pin $4( \pm)$ to 6 ( $\pm$ ) | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{t}=5 \mathrm{~ms}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=7 \mathrm{~V}$ | lımt | 170 | 185 | 270 | mA |
| Off-state leakage current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}= \pm 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ |  | 0.67 | 200 | nA |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}= \pm 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ |  | 0.096 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output capacitance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ |  | 22 |  | pF |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ |  | 6.42 |  | pF |
| Switch offset | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ |  | 0.2 |  | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ |
| TRANSFER |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capacitance (input to output) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ISO }}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{ClO}_{10}$ |  | 0.75 |  | pF |

## Notes

- Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluations. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.
(1) No DC mode current limit available.

| SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise specified $)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |  |
| Turn-on time | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ |  | 1.25 |  | ms |  |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}}$ |  | 0.22 | 1 | ms |  |
| Turn-off time | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=1.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ |  | 0.6 |  | ms |  |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ |  | 1.1 | 1.5 | ms |  |

LH1525AT, LH1525AAB, LH1525AABTR
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| PARAMETER |  | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Climatic classification |  | IEC 68 part 1 |  | 40/85/21 |  |
| Pollution degree |  | DIN VDE 0109 |  | 2 |  |
| Tracking resistance (comparative tracking index) |  | Insulation group Illa | CTI | 175 |  |
| Highest allowable overvoltage |  | Transient overvoltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IOTM }}$ | 8000 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Max. working insulation voltage |  | Recurring peak voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IORM }}$ | 890 | $V_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Insulation resistance at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{10}=500 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {IS }}$ | $\geq 10^{12}$ | W |
| Insulation resistance at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{S}}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {IS }}$ | $\geq 10^{9}$ | W |
| Insulation resistance at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {IS }}$ | $\geq 10^{11}$ | W |
| Partial discharge test voltage |  | Methode a, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {pd }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IORM }} \times 1.875$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {pd }}$ | 1669 | $V_{\text {peak }}$ |
| Safety limiting values maximum values allowed in the event of a failure | Case temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{SI}}$ | 175 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Input current |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | 300 | mA |
|  | Output power |  | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {So }}$ | 700 | mW |
| Minimum external air gap (clearance) |  | Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air |  | $\geq 7$ | mm |
| Minimum external tracking (creepage) |  | Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body |  | $\geq 7$ | mm |
| Insulation thickness |  |  |  | $\geq 0.4$ | mm |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(T_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise specified)


Fig. 1 - Recommended Operating Conditions


Fig. 2 - LED Voltage vs. Temperature


Fig. 3 - LED Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage


Fig. 4 - LED Reverse Current vs. LED Reverse Voltage


Fig. 5 - LED Current for Switch Turn-on vs. Temperature


Fig. 6 - On-Resistance vs. Temperature


Fig. 7 - LED Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature


Fig. 8 - Load Current vs. Load Voltage


Fig. 9 - Current Limit vs. Temperature


Fig. 10 - Variation in On-resistance vs. LED Current


Fig. 11 - Switch Capacitance vs. Applied Voltage


Fig. 12 - Output Isolation


Fig. 13 - Leakage Current vs. Applied Voltage at Elevated Temperatures


Fig. 14 - Insertion Loss vs. Frequency


Fig. 15 - Switch Breakdown Voltage vs. Load Current


Fig. 16 - Switch Breakdown Voltage vs. Temperature


Fig. 17 - Switch Offset Voltage vs. Temperature


Fig. 18 - LED Offset Voltage vs. LED Current


Fig. 19 - Turn-on Time vs. LED Current


Fig. 20 - Turn-off Time vs. Temperature


Fig. 21 - Turn-on Time vs. LED Temperature


Fig. 22 - Turn-off Time vs. LED Current

## APPLICATIONS

## INPUT CONTROL

The LH1525 low turnon current SSR has highly sensitive photodetection circuits that will detect even the most minute currents flowing through the LED. Leakage current must be considered when designing a circuit to turn on and off these relays.
Figure 23 shows a typical logic circuit for providing LED drive current. $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ is the input resistor that limits the amount of current flowing through the LED. For 5 V operation, a $2700 \Omega$ resistor will limit the drive current to about 1.4 mA . Where high-speed actuation is desirable, use a lower value resistor for $R_{1}$. An additional RC peaking circuit is not required with the LH1525 relay.
$R_{2}$ is an optional pull-up resistor which pulls the logic level high output $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}\right)$ up toward the VS potential. The pull-up resistance is set at a high value to minimize the overall current drawn from the VS. The primary purpose of this resistor is to keep the differential voltage across the LED below its turnon threshold. LED dropout voltage is graphed vs. temperature in the typical performance characteristics section. When the logic gate is high, leakage current will flow through $\mathrm{R}_{2} . \mathrm{R}_{2}$ will draw up to 8 mA before developing a voltage potential which may possibly turn on the LED.

Each application should be evaluated, over the full operating temperature range to make sure that leakage current through the input control LED is kept to a value less than the minimum LED forward current for switch turn-off specification.

ilh1525at_22
Fig. 23 - Input Control Circuit

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters


> ISO method A



ISO method A

i178002


## PACKAGE MARKING

## Note

- Tape and reel suffix (TR) is not part of the package marking.


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