



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

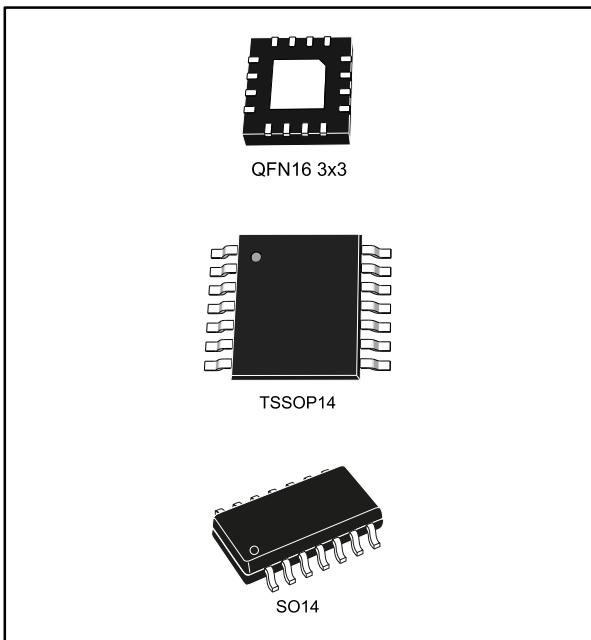
Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

Low-power quad operational amplifiers

Datasheet - production data



Related products

- See [TSB572](#) and [TSB611](#), 36 V newer technology devices, which have enhanced accuracy and ESD rating, reduced power consumption, and automotive grade qualification
- See LM2902 and LM2902W for automotive grade applications

Description

These circuits consist of four independent, high gain operational amplifiers with frequency compensation implemented internally. They operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages.

Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low-power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

Features

- Wide gain bandwidth: 1.3 MHz
- Input common mode voltage range includes ground
- Large voltage gain: 100 dB
- Very low supply current/amplifier: 375 μ A
- Low input bias current: 20 nA
- Low input voltage: 3 mV max
- Low input offset current: 2 nA
- Wide power supply range:
 - Single supply: 3 V to 30 V
 - Dual supplies: ± 1.5 V to ± 15 V

Table 1: Device summary

Product reference	Part numbers
LM124 ⁽¹⁾	LM124
LM224x	LM224, LM224A ⁽²⁾ , LM224W ⁽³⁾
LM324x	LM324, LM324A, LM324W

Notes:

⁽¹⁾Prefixes LM1, LM2, and LM3 refer to temperature range.

⁽²⁾Suffix A refers to enhanced V_{IO} performance

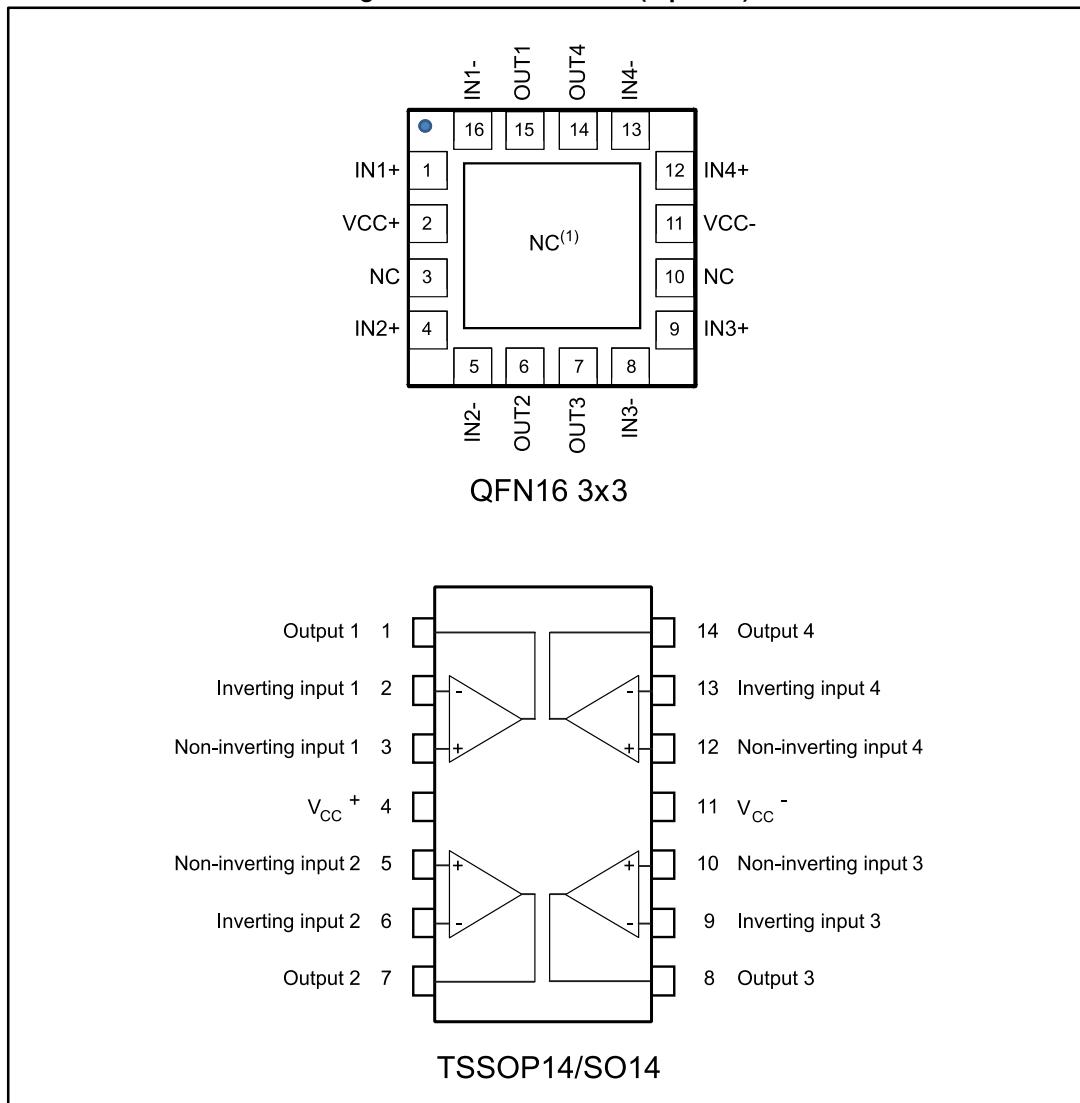
⁽³⁾Suffix W refers to enhanced ESD ratings

Contents

1	Pin connections and schematic diagram	3
2	Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions	5
3	Electrical characteristics	7
4	Electrical characteristic curves	9
5	Typical single-supply applications	12
6	Package information	14
6.1	QFN16 3x3 package information.....	15
6.2	TSSOP14 package information.....	17
6.3	SO14 package information.....	18
7	Ordering information.....	19
8	Revision history	20

1 Pin connections and schematic diagram

Figure 1: Pin connections (top view)



1. The exposed pads of the QFN16 3x3 can be connected to VCC- or left floating

Figure 2: Schematic diagram (LM224A, LM324A, LM324W, one channel)

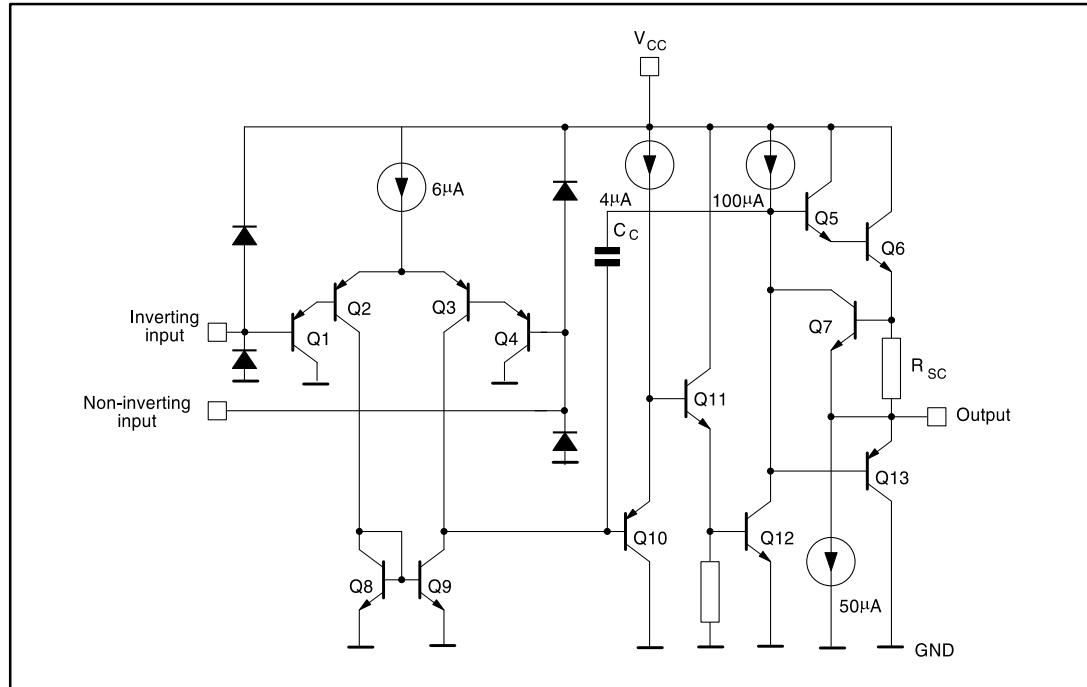
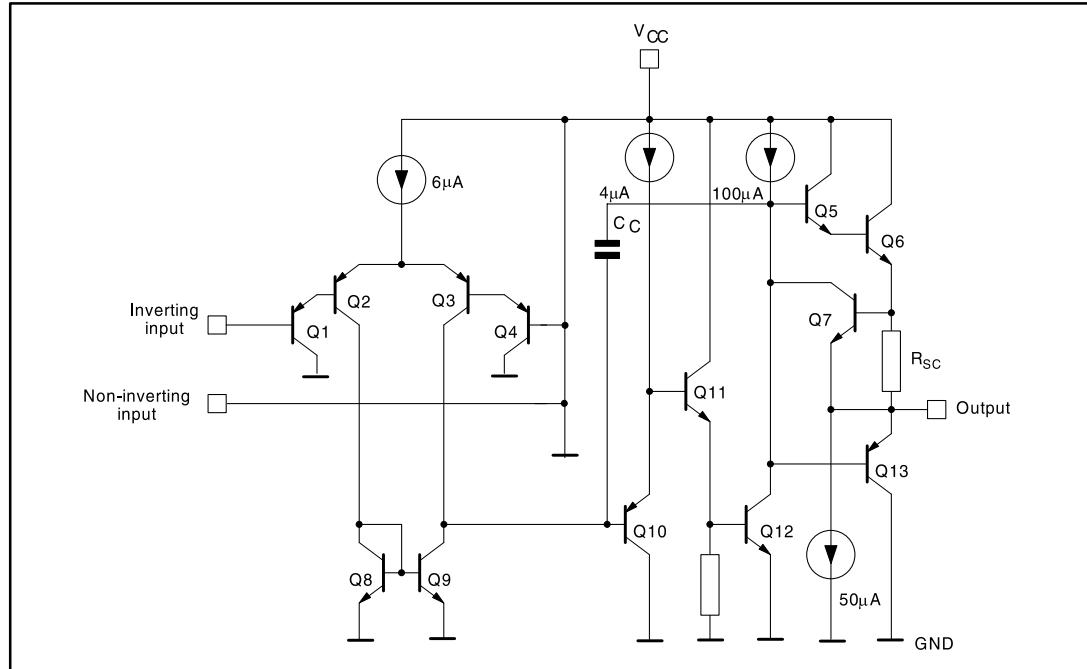


Figure 3: Schematic diagram (LM124, LM224, LM324, one channel)



2 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{cc}	Supply voltage	±16 or 32	V
V _i	Input voltage	-0.3 to V _{cc} + 0.3	
V _{id}	Differential input voltage ⁽¹⁾	32	
P _{tot}	Power dissipation: D suffix	400	mW
	Output short-circuit duration ⁽²⁾	Infinite	
I _{in}	Input current ⁽³⁾	50	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
T _j	Maximum junction temperature	150	
R _{thja}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient ⁽⁴⁾	QFN16 3x3	°C/W
		TSSOP14	
		SO14	
R _{thjc}	Thermal resistance junction to case	QFN16 3x3	
		TSSOP14	
		SO14	
ESD	HBM: human body model ⁽⁵⁾	LM224A, LM324A	V
		LM124W, LM324W	
		LM124, LM224, LM324	
	MM: machine model ⁽⁶⁾	100	
	CDM: charged device model	1500	

Notes:

⁽¹⁾Neither of the input voltages must exceed the magnitude of (V_{cc}⁺) or (V_{cc}⁻).

⁽²⁾Short-circuits from the output to V_{cc} can cause excessive heating if V_{cc} > 15 V. The maximum output current is approximately 40 mA independent of the magnitude of V_{cc}. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous short-circuits on all amplifiers.

⁽³⁾This input current only exists when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistor becoming forward biased and thereby acting as an input diode clamp. In addition to this diode action, there is also an NPN parasitic action on the IC chip. This transistor action can cause the output voltages of the op amps to go to the V_{cc} voltage level (or to ground for a large overdrive) for the time during which an input is driven negative. This is not destructive and normal output starts up again for input voltages higher than -0.3 V.

⁽⁴⁾Short-circuits can cause excessive heating. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous short-circuits on all amplifiers. These are typical values given for a single layer board (except for TSSOP which is a two-layer board).

⁽⁵⁾Human body model: 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 kΩ resistor between two pins of the device, done for all couples of pin combinations with other pins floating.

⁽⁶⁾Machine model: a 200 pF cap is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5 Ω), done for all couples of pin combinations with other pins floating.

Table 3: Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	Single supply	V
		±1.5 to ±15	
V _{ICM}	Common-mode input voltage range		(V _{CC}) - 0.1 to (V _{CC+}) - 1
T _{Oper}	Operating temperature range	LM124	-55 to 125
		LM224	-40 to 105
		LM324	0 to 70

3 Electrical characteristics

Table 4: VCC+ = 5 V, VCC- = Ground, Vo = 1.4 V, Tamb = 25 °C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{io} LM224A, LM224W, LM324A, LM324W	T _{amb} = 25 °C		2	3	mV
	T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}			5	
	Input offset voltage ⁽¹⁾	T _{amb} = 25 °C	LM124		
			LM224	2	
			LM324	2	
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	LM124		
			LM224		
			LM324	7	
I _{io}	Input offset current	T _{amb} = 25 °C		2	nA
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}		20	
I _{ib}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾	T _{amb} = 25 °C		20	100
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}		200	
A _{vd}	Large signal voltage gain, V _{CC} ⁺ = 15 V, R _L = 2 kΩ, V _o = 1.4 V to 11.4 V	T _{amb} = 25 °C	50	100	V/mV
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	25		
SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio, R _s ≤ 10 kΩ, V _{CC} ⁺ = 5 V to 30 V	T _{amb} = 25 °C	65	110	dB
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	65		
I _{cc}	Supply current, all amps, no load	T _{amb} = 25 °C, V _{CC} = 5V		0.7	mA
		T _{amb} = 25 °C, V _{CC} = 30 V		1.5	
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max} , V _{CC} = 5 V		0.8	
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max} , V _{CC} = 30 V		1.5	
V _{icm}	Input common mode voltage range ⁽³⁾	V _{CC} = 30 V, T _{amb} = 25 °C	0	28.5	V
		V _{CC} = 30 V, T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	0	28	
CMR	Common mode rejection ratio, R _s ≤ 10 kΩ	T _{amb} = 25 °C	70	80	dB
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	60		
I _{source}	Output current source, V _{id} = 1 V	V _{CC} = 15 V, V _o = 2 V	20	40	mA
I _{sink}	Output sink current, V _{id} = -1 V	V _{CC} = 15 V, V _o = 2 V	10	20	
		V _{CC} = 15 V, V _o = 0.2 V	12	50	μA
V _{OH}	High level output voltage, V _{CC} = 30 V, R _L = 2 kΩ	T _{amb} = 25 °C	26	27	V
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	26		
	High level output voltage, V _{CC} = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ	T _{amb} = 25 °C	27	28	
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	27		
	High level output voltage, V _{CC} = 5 V, R _L = 2 kΩ	T _{amb} = 25 °C	3.5		
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	3		

Electrical characteristics

LM124, LM224x, LM324x

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{OL}	T _{amb} = 25 °C		5	20	mV
	T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}			20	
SR	Slew rate V _{CC} = 15 V, V _i = 0.5 to 3 V, R _L = 2 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF, unity gain		0.4		V/μs
GBP	Gain bandwidth product V _{CC} = 30 V, f = 100 kHz, V _{in} = 10 mV, R _L = 2 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF		1.3		MHz
THD	Total harmonic distortion f = 1 kHz, A _v = 20 dB, R _L = 2 kΩ, V _o = 2 V _{pp} , C _L = 100 pF, V _{CC} = 30 V		0.015		%
e _n	Equivalent input noise voltage f = 1 kHz, R _s = 100 Ω, V _{CC} = 30 V		40		nV/√Hz
DV _{io}	Input offset voltage drift		7	30	μV/°C
DI _{io}	Input offset current drift		10	200	pA/°C
V _{o1} /V _{o2}	Channel separation ⁽⁴⁾	1 kHz ≤ f ≤ 20 kHz	120		kHz

Notes:

(1)V_o = 1.4 V, R_s = 0 Ω, 5 V < V_{CC} < 30 V, 0 < V_{IC} < V_{CC} - 1.5 V

(2)The direction of the input current is out of the IC. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so there is no load change on the input lines.

(3)The input common-mode voltage of either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is (V_{CC}) - 1.5 V, but either or both inputs can go to 32 V without damage.

(4)Due to the proximity of external components, ensure that there is no coupling originating from stray capacitance between these external parts. Typically, this can be detected at higher frequencies because this type of capacitance increases.

4 Electrical characteristic curves

Figure 4: Input bias current vs. temperature

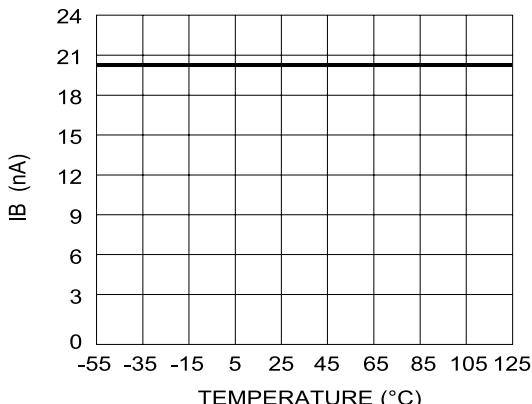


Figure 5: Output current limitation

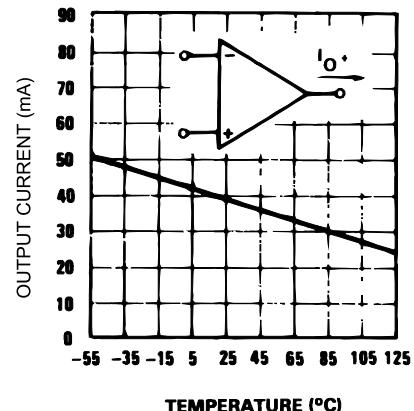


Figure 6: Input voltage range

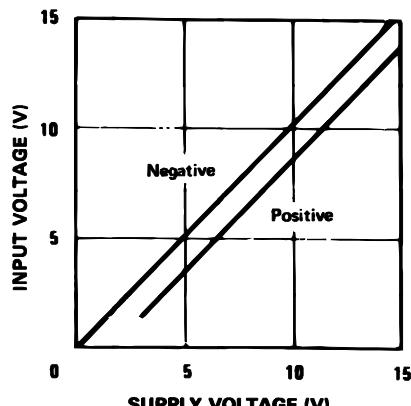


Figure 7: Supply current vs. supply voltage

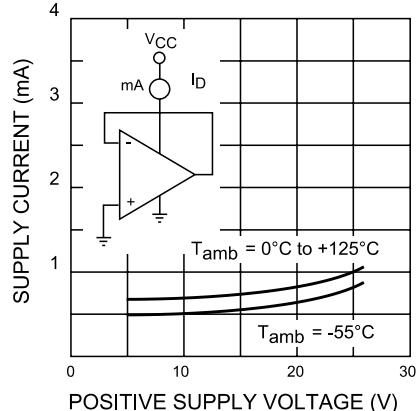


Figure 8: Gain bandwidth product vs. temperature

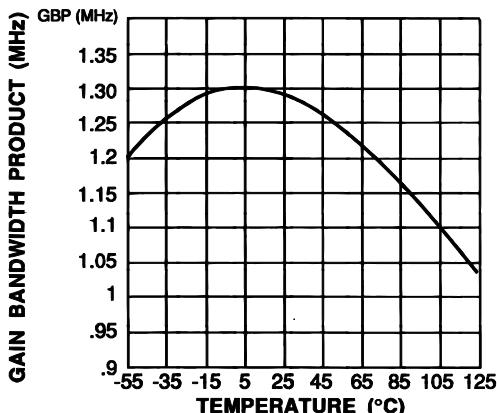
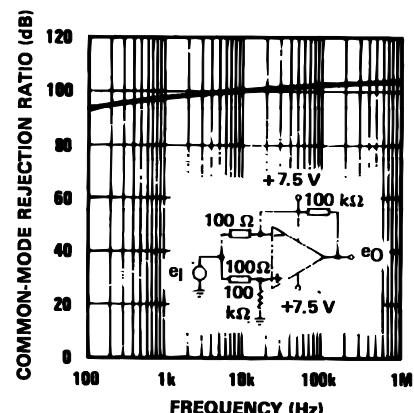


Figure 9: Common-mode rejection ratio



Electrical characteristic curves

LM124, LM224x, LM324x

Figure 10: Open loop frequency response

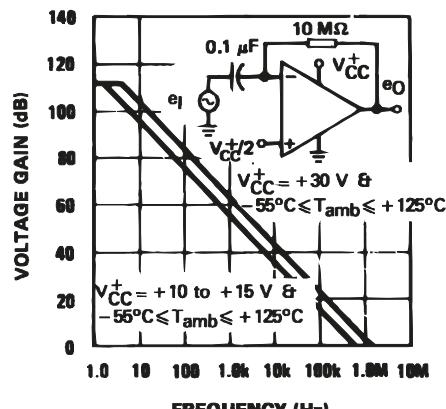


Figure 11: Large signal frequency response

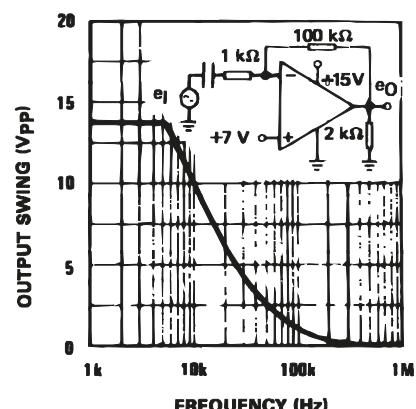


Figure 12: Voltage follower pulse response

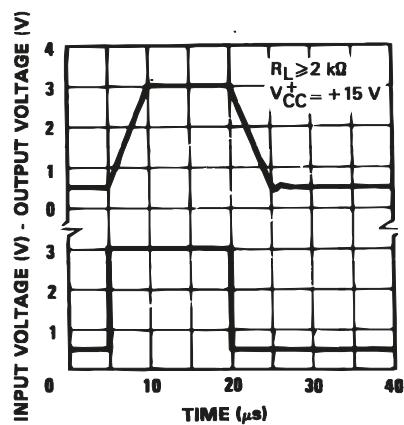


Figure 13: Output characteristics (current sinking)

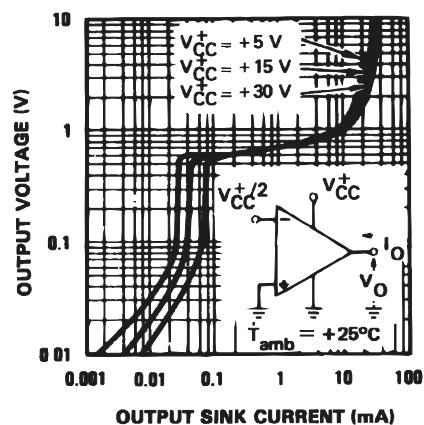


Figure 14: Voltage follower pulse response (small signal)

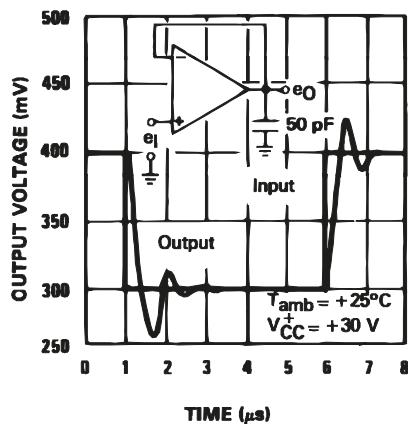


Figure 15: Output characteristics (current sourcing)

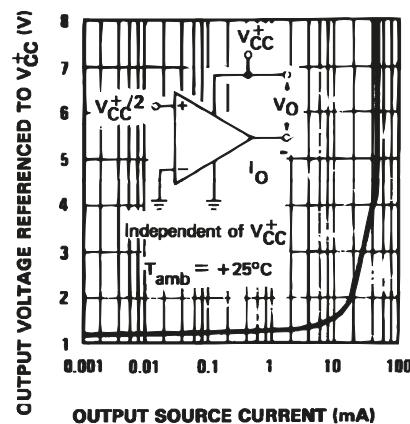


Figure 16: Input current vs. supply voltage

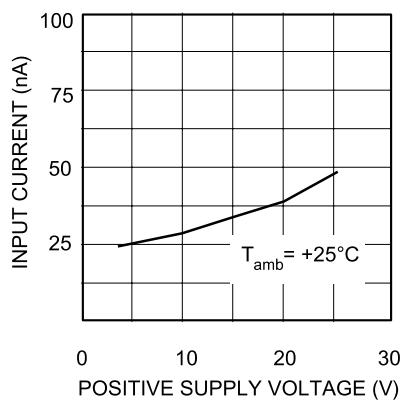


Figure 17: Large signal voltage gain vs. temperature

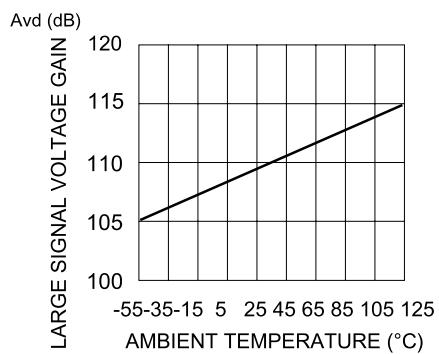


Figure 18: Power supply and common mode rejection ratio vs. temperature

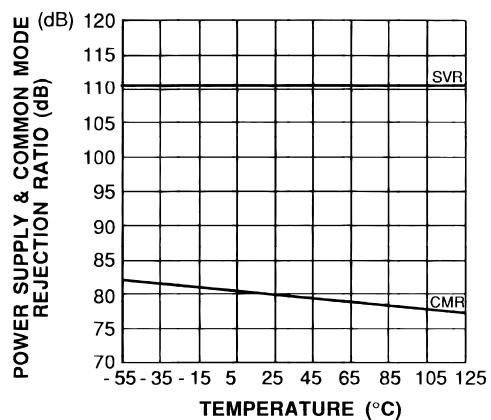
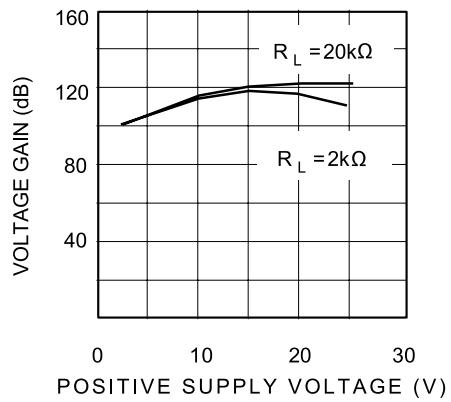


Figure 19: Voltage gain vs. supply voltage



5 Typical single-supply applications

Figure 20: AC coupled inverting amplifier

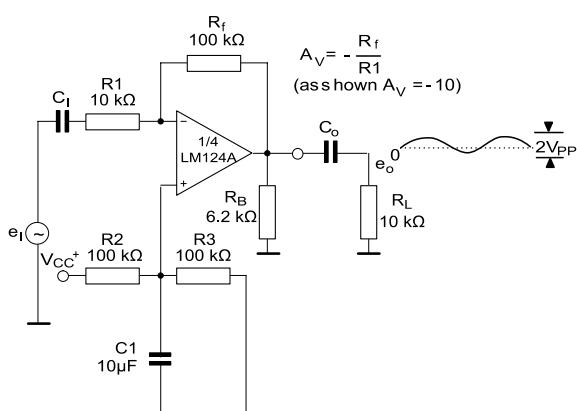


Figure 21: High input Z adjustable gain DC instrumentation amplifier

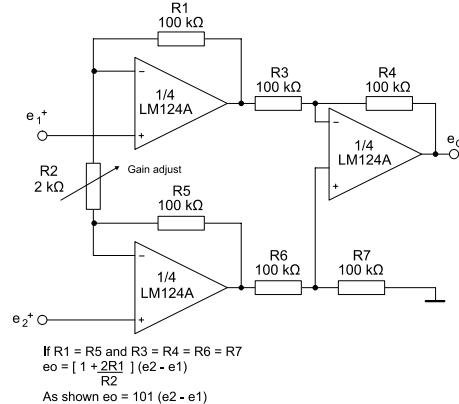


Figure 22: AC coupled non inverting amplifier

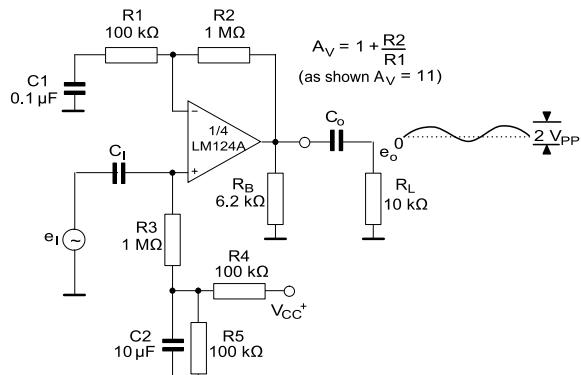


Figure 23: DC summing amplifier

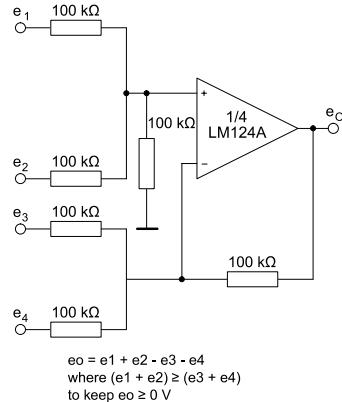


Figure 24: Non-inverting DC gain

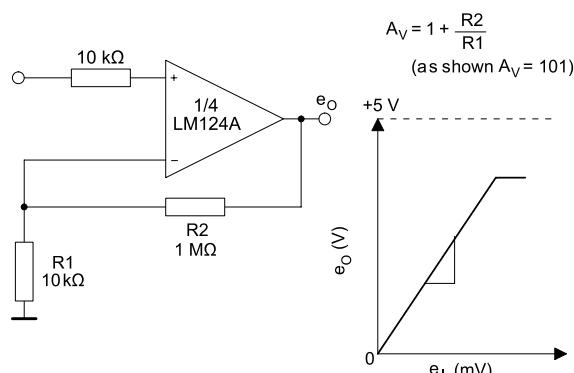


Figure 25: Low drift peak detector

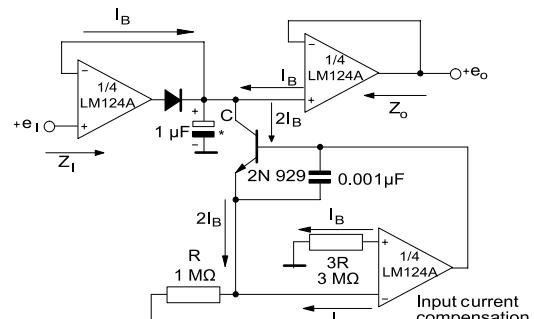


Figure 26: Active bandpass filter

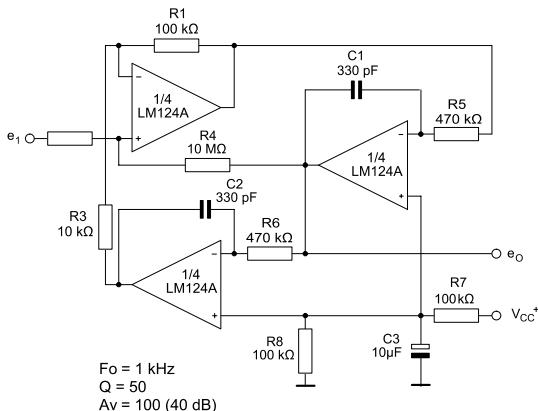


Figure 27: High input Z, DC differential amplifier

For $\frac{R_1}{R_2} = \frac{R_4}{R_3}$ CMRR depends on the following resistor ratio match

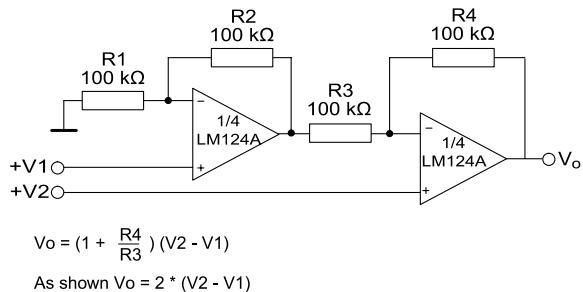
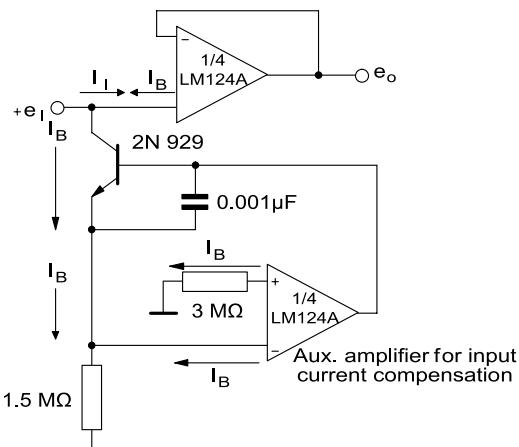


Figure 28: Using symmetrical amplifiers to reduce input current (general concept)



6 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.
ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

6.1 QFN16 3x3 package information

Figure 29: QFN16 3x3 package outline

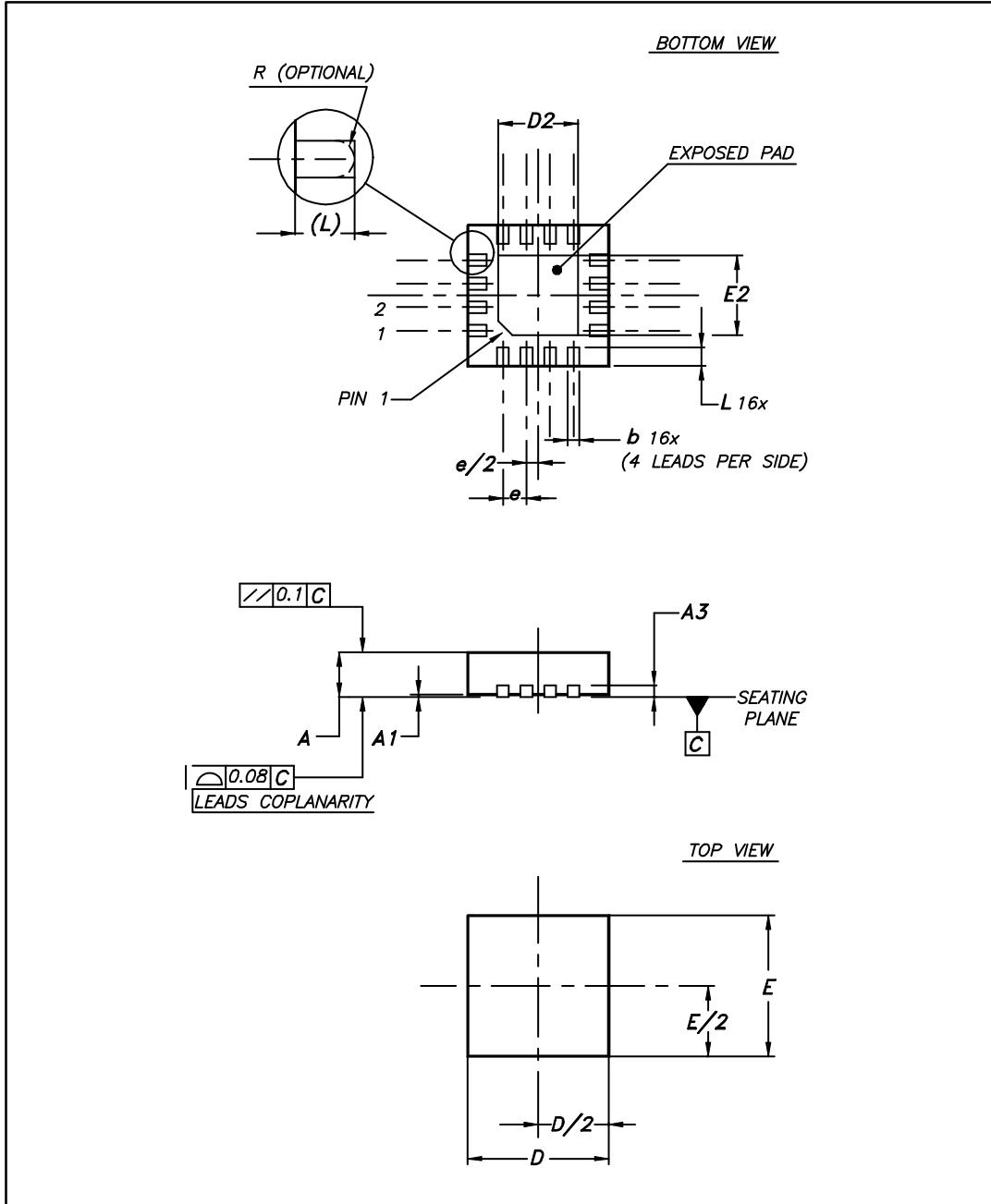
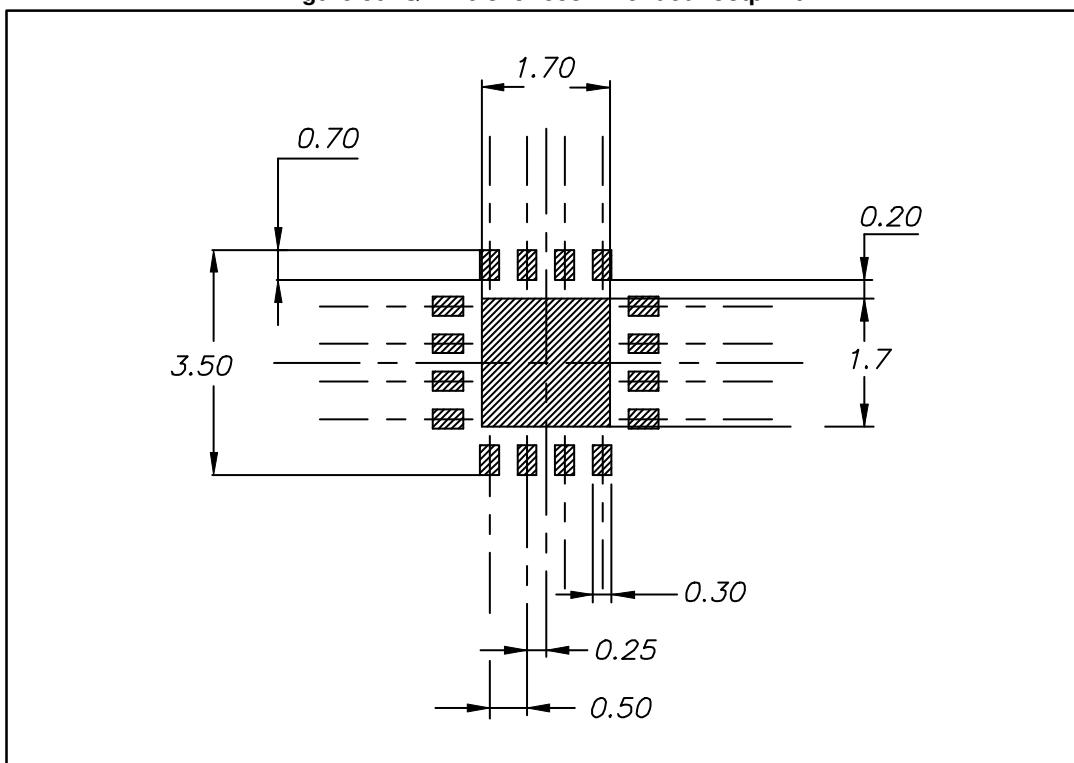


Table 5: QFN16 3x3 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	0.031	0.035	0.039
A1	0		0.05	0		0.002
A3		0.20			0.008	
b	0.18		0.30	0.007		0.012
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
D2	1.50		1.80	0.059		0.071
E	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
E2	1.50		1.80	0.059		0.071
e		0.50			0.020	
L	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020

Figure 30: QFN16 3x3 recommended footprint



6.2 TSSOP14 package information

Figure 31: TSSOP14 package outline

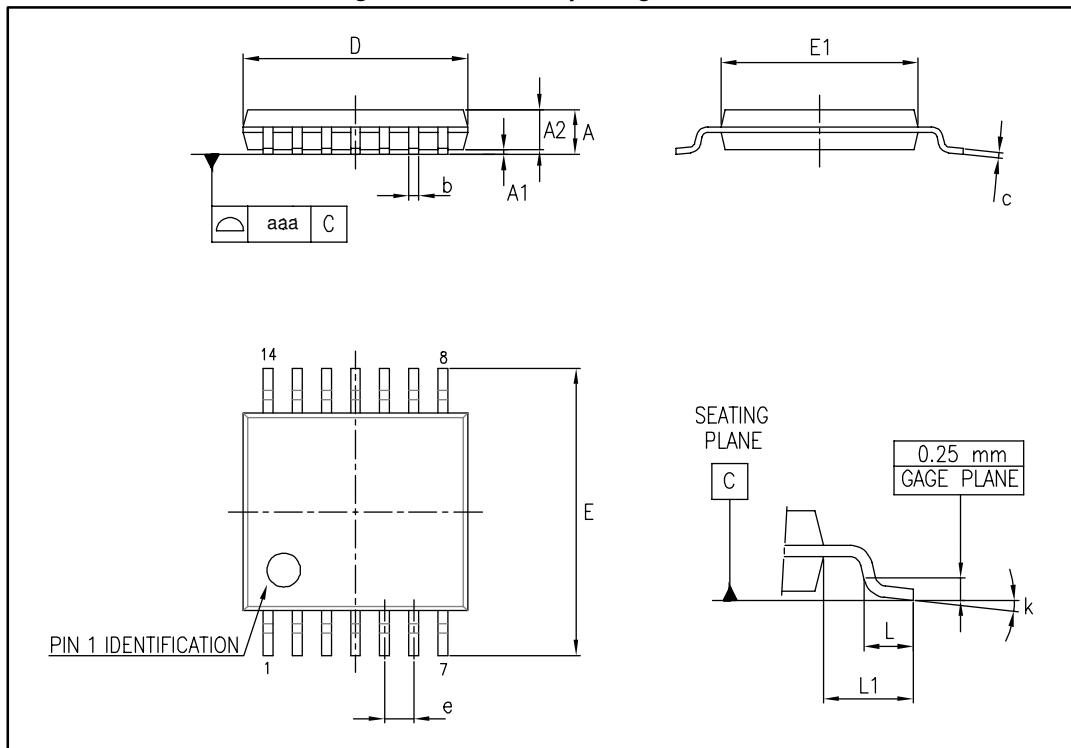


Table 6: TSSOP14 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.20			0.047
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002	0.004	0.006
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	0.031	0.039	0.041
b	0.19		0.30	0.007		0.012
c	0.09		0.20	0.004		0.0089
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	0.193	0.197	0.201
E	6.20	6.40	6.60	0.244	0.252	0.260
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	0.169	0.173	0.176
e		0.65			0.0256	
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1		1.00			0.039	
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
aaa			0.10			0.004

6.3 SO14 package information

Figure 32: SO14 package outline

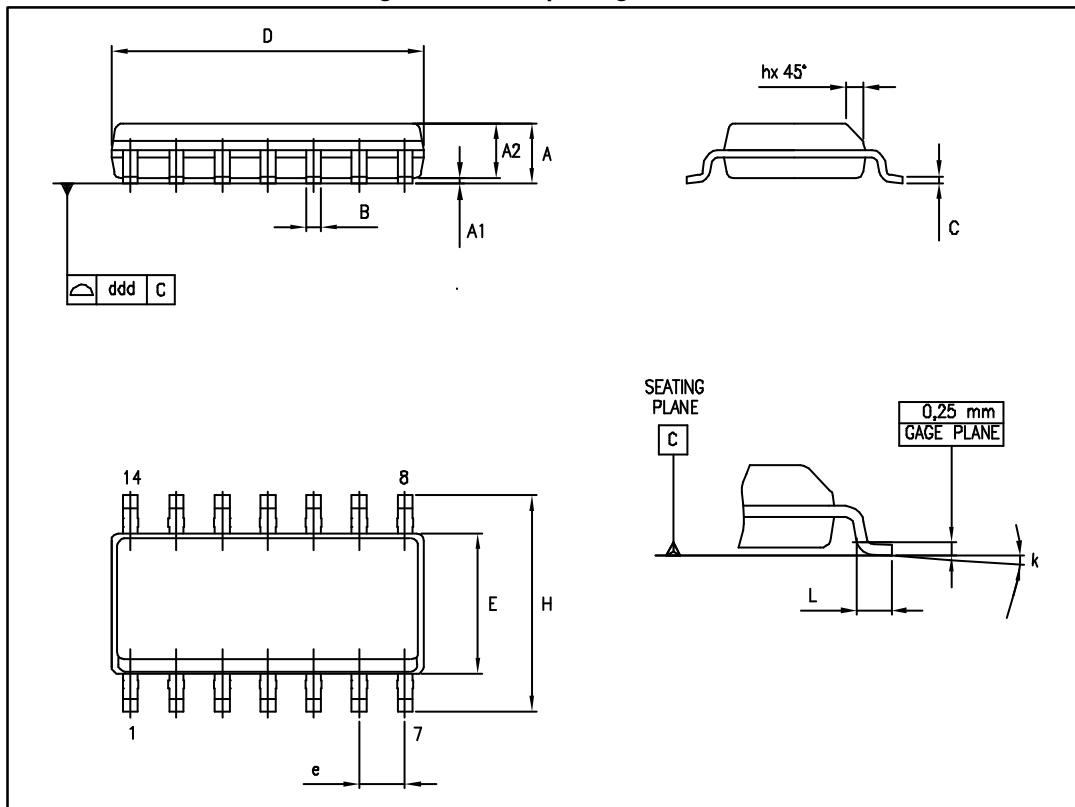


Table 7: SO14 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	1.35		1.75	0.05		0.068
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.009
A2	1.10		1.65	0.04		0.06
B	0.33		0.51	0.01		0.02
C	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.009
D	8.55		8.75	0.33		0.34
E	3.80		4.0	0.15		0.15
e		1.27			0.05	
H	5.80		6.20	0.22		0.24
h	0.25		0.50	0.009		0.02
L	0.40		1.27	0.015		0.05
k	8° (max)					
ddd			0.10			0.004

7 Ordering information

Table 8: Order codes

Order code	Temperature range	ESD (HBM, CDM)	V _{io} max @ 25 °C	Package	Marking
LM124DT	-55 °C to 125 °C	250 V, 1.5 kV	5 mV	SO14	124
LM224ADT	-40 °C to 105 °C	800 V, 1.5 kV	3 mV		224A
LM224APT		250 V, 1.5 kV	5 mV		TSSOP14
LM224DT		700 V, 1.5 kV	3 mV		SO14
LM224PT		700 V, 1.5 kV	5 mV		TSSOP14
LM224QT		700 V, 1.5 kV	5 mV		QFN16 3x3
LM224WDT		800 V, 1.5 kV	3 mV		K425
LM324ADT	0 °C to 70 °C	700 V, 1.5 kV	SO14	224W	
LM324APT		700 V, 1.5 kV	SO14	324A	
LM324AWDT		700 V, 1.5 kV	TSSOP14	324AW	
LM324AWPT		700 V, 1.5 kV	SO14	324AW	
LM324WDT		250 V, 1.5 kV	TSSOP14	324W	
LM324WPT		250 V, 1.5 kV	SO14	324	
LM324DT		250 V, 1.5 kV	TSSOP14	324	
LM324PT		250 V, 1.5 kV	QFN16 3x3	K427	
LM324QT		250 V, 1.5 kV			

8 Revision history

Table 9: Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
1-Mar-2001	1	First release
1-Feb-2005	2	Added explanation of V_{id} and V_i limits in Table 2 on page 4. Updated macromodel.
1-Jun-2005	3	ESD protection inserted in Table 2 on page 4.
25-Sep-2006	4	Editorial update.
22-Aug-2013	5	Removed DIP package and all information pertaining to it Table 1: Device summary: Removed order codes LM224AN, LM224AD, LM324AN, and LM324AD; updated packaging. Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings: removed N suffix power dissipation data; updated footnotes 5 and 6. Renamed Figure 3, Figure 4, Figure 6, Figure 7, Figure 16, Figure 17, Figure 18, and Figure 19. Updated axes titles of Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 7, and Figure 17. Removed duplicate figures. Removed Section 5: Macromodels
06-Dec-2013	6	Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings: updated ESD data for HBM and MM.
10-Jun-2016	7	LM124, LM224, LM324 and LM224W, LM324W datasheets merged with LM224A, LM324A datasheet. The following sections were reworked: <i>Features, Description, Section 1: "Pin connections and schematic diagram", Section 2: "Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions", and Section 3: "Electrical characteristics"</i> . The following sections were added: <i>Related products</i> and <i>Section 7: "Ordering information"</i> . Packaged silhouettes, pin connections, and mechanical data were standardized and updated.

IMPORTANT NOTICE – PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, enhancements, modifications, and improvements to ST products and/or to this document at any time without notice. Purchasers should obtain the latest relevant information on ST products before placing orders. ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale in place at the time of order acknowledgement.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection, and use of ST products and ST assumes no liability for application assistance or the design of Purchasers' products.

No license, express or implied, to any intellectual property right is granted by ST herein.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the information set forth herein shall void any warranty granted by ST for such product.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks of ST. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces information previously supplied in any prior versions of this document.

© 2016 STMicroelectronics – All rights reserved