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LT1080/LT1081

Advanced Low Power 5V RS232 Dual Driver/Receiver

FEATURES

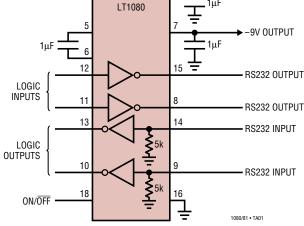
Superior to CMOS

- Improved Speed: Operates over 120kBaud
- Improved Protection: Outputs Can Be Forced to ±30V without Damage
- Three-State Outputs Are High Impedance When Off
- Only Needs 1µF Capacitors
- Absolutely No Latchup
- CMOS Comparable Low Power: 60mW
- Can Power Additional RS232 Drivers: 10mA
- Supply Current in Shutdown: 1µA
- Available in SO Package
- Available with or without Shutdown

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Computers
- Battery-Powered RS232 Systems
- **Power Supply Generator**
- Terminals
- Modems

5V INPUT 9V OUTPUT 1μF LT1080

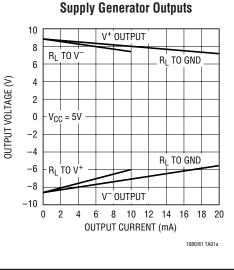


DESCRIPTION

The LT®1080/LT1081 are the only dual RS232 driver/ receiver with charge pump to guarantee absolutely no latchup. These interface optimized devices provide a realistic balance between CMOS levels of power dissipation and real world requirements for ruggedness. The driver outputs are fully protected against overload and can be shorted to ±30V. Unlike CMOS, the advanced architecture of the LT1080/LT1081 does not load the signal line when "shut down" or when power is off. Both the receiver and RS232 outputs are put into a high impedance state. An advanced output stage allows driving higher capacitive loads at higher speeds with exceptional ruggedness against ESD.

For applications requiring up to five drivers and five receivers with charge pump in one package see the LT1130A Series data sheet. A version of the LT1080/LT1081, the LT1180A and LT1181A that use only 0.1µF capacitors, is also available. All of Linear Technology's RS232 ICs are available in standard surface mount packages.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

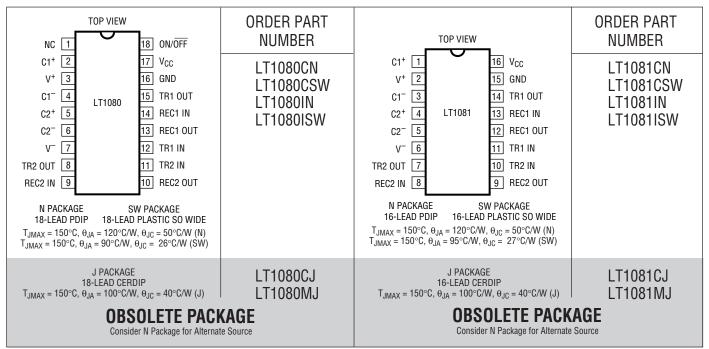


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) V ⁺ V ⁻	
Input Voltage	
Driver	V ⁻ to V ⁺
Receiver	30V to 30V
ON/OFF Pin	GND to 12V
Output Voltage	
Driver	
Receiver	0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)

Short-Circuit Duration	
V+	30 sec
V ⁻	30 sec
Driver Output	Indefinite
Receiver Output	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
LT1080C/LT1081C	0°C to 70°C
LT1080I/LT1081I	40°C to 85°C
LT1080M/LT1081M (OBSOLETE)	55°C to 125°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating

temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. (Note 2)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Driver							
Output Voltage Swing	Load = 3k to GND Both Outputs	Positive Negative	•	5 -5	7.3 -6.5		V V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level (V _{OUT} = High) Input High Level (V _{OUT} = Low)		•	2	1.4 1.4	0.8	V V
Logic Input Current	$\begin{array}{l} V_{IN} \geq 2V \\ V_{IN} \leq 0.8V \end{array}$		•		5 5	20 20	μΑ μΑ
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing Current, $V_{OUT} = 0V$ Sinking Current, $V_{OUT} = 0V$			9 -9	12 –12		mA mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Note 3), $V_{OUT} = \pm 3$	30V			10	100	μA
Data Rate (Note 6)	$R_L = 3k, C_L = 2500pF$ $R_L = 3k, C_L = 1000pF$			120 250			kBd kBd
Slew Rate	$R_{L} = 3k, C_{L} = 51pF$			4	15	30	V/µs
Receiver							
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low Threshold	Commercial Industrial and Military	•	0.8 0.2	1.3 1.3		V V
	Input High Threshold	Commercial Industrial and Military	•		1.7 1.7	2.4 3.0	V V
Hysteresis			•	0.1	0.4	1	V
Input Resistance	$V_{IN} = \pm 10V$			3	5	7	kΩ
Output Voltage	Output Low, I _{OUT} = -1.6mA Output High, I _{OUT} = 160µA (V _{CC}	= 5V)	•	3.5	0.2 4.8	0.4	V V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, V _{OUT} = V _{CC} Sourcing Current, V _{OUT} = 0V			-10 0.6	-20 1		mA mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Note 3), $0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$				1	10	μA
Power Supply Generator (Note 4)							
V ⁺ Output Voltage	I _{OUT} = 0mA I _{OUT} = 10mA I _{OUT} = 15mA			8.0 7.0 6.5	9.0 8.0 7.5		V V V
V ⁻ Output Voltage	I _{OUT} = 0mA I _{OUT} = -10mA I _{OUT} = -15mA			-7.5 -5.5 -5.0	-8.5 -6.5 -6.0		V V V
Supply Current			•		12	22	mA
Supply Leakage Current (V _{CC})	SHUTDOWN (Note 3), LT1080 Only				1	100	μA
ON/OFF Pin Current	$0V \le V_{0N/\overline{OFF}} \le 5V$, LT1080 Only			-15		80	μA
Supply Rise Time	(Note 5), LT1080 Only				1		ms

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: These parameters apply for $4.5V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$ and $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}}$ = 3V, unless otherwise specified.

Note 3: $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}}$ = 0.4V for $-55^\circ C \le T_A \le 50^\circ C$, and $V_{ON/\overline{OFF}}$ = 0.2V for $50^\circ C \le T_A \le 125^\circ C$. (LT1080 only)

Note 4: Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 5V$, external loading of V⁺ and V⁻ equals zero and the driver outputs are low (inputs high).

Note 5: Time from either SHUTDOWN high or power on until $V^+ \ge 6V$ and $V^- \le -6V.$ All external capacitors are $1\mu F.$

Note 6: Data rate operation guaranteed by slew rate, short-circuit current and propagation delay tests.

PIN FUNCTIONS (Pin numbers refer to LT1080)

C1+; C1⁻; C2+; C2⁻ (Pins 2, 4, 5, 6): Requires an external capacitor ($\geq 1\mu F$) from C1⁺ to C1⁻ and another from C2⁺ to C2⁻. Pin 2 can be used for connecting a second positive supply. When a separate positive supply is used, C1 can be deleted.

V⁺ (Pin 3): Positive Supply for RS232 Drivers.

 $V^+ \approx 2V_{CC} - 1.5V$. Requires an exterenal capacitor ($\geq 1 \mu F$) for charge storage. May be loaded (up to 15mA) for external system use. Loading does reduce V⁺ voltage (see graphs). Capacitor may be tied to ground or +5V input supply. With multiple transceivers, the V⁺ and V⁻ pins may be paralleled into common capacitors.

V⁻ (Pin 7): Negative Supply for RS232 Drivers.

 $V^- \approx -(2V_{CC} - 2.5V)$. Requires an external capacitor $(\geq 1 \mu F)$ for charge stroage. May be loaded (up to -15 m A) for external system use. Loading does reduce V⁻ voltage (see graphs). With multiple transceivers, the V⁺ and V⁻ pins may be paralleled into common capacitors.

TR2 OUT; TR1 OUT (Pins 8, 15): Driver Outputs with RS232 Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the SHUTDOWN mode or when power is off $(V_{CC} = 0V)$ to allow data line sharing. Outputs are fully short-circuit protected from $(V^{-} + 30V)$ to $(V^{+} - 30V)$ with power on, off or in the SHUTDOWN mode, Typical output breakdowns are greater than $\pm 45V$ and higher applied

voltages will not damage the device if moderately current limited. Shorting one output will affect output from the other.

REC2 IN: REC1 IN (Pins 9, 14): Receiver Inputs. Accepts RS232 voltage levels $(\pm 30V)$ and has 0.4V of hysteresis to provide noise immunity. Input impedance is nominally $5k\Omega$.

REC2 OUT; REC1 OUT (Pins 10, 13): Receiver Outputs with TTL/CMOS Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the SHUTDOWN mode to allow data line sharing. Outputs are fully short-circuit protected to ground or V_{CC} with power on, off or in the SHUTDOWN mode.

TR2 IN; TR1 IN (Pins 11, 12): RS232 Driver Input Pins. Inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible. Inputs should not be allowed to float. Tie unused inputs to V_{CC}.

GND (Pin 16): Ground Pin.

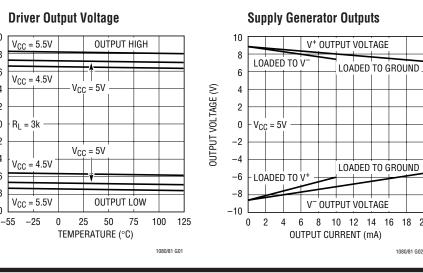
16 18 20

1080/81 G02

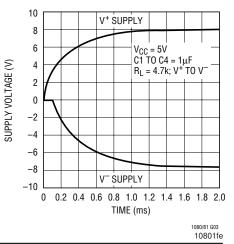
V_{CC} (Pin 17): Input Supply Pin. Supply current drops to zero in the SHUTDOWN mode.

ON/OFF (Pin 18): Contols the operation mode of the LT1080 and is TTL/CMOS compatible. A logic low puts the device in the SHUTDOWN mode which reduces input supply current to zero and places both driver and receiver outputs in a high impedance state. A logic high fully enables the device.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



Supply Generation from V_{CC} or Shutdown





10

8

6

4

2

0

-2

-4

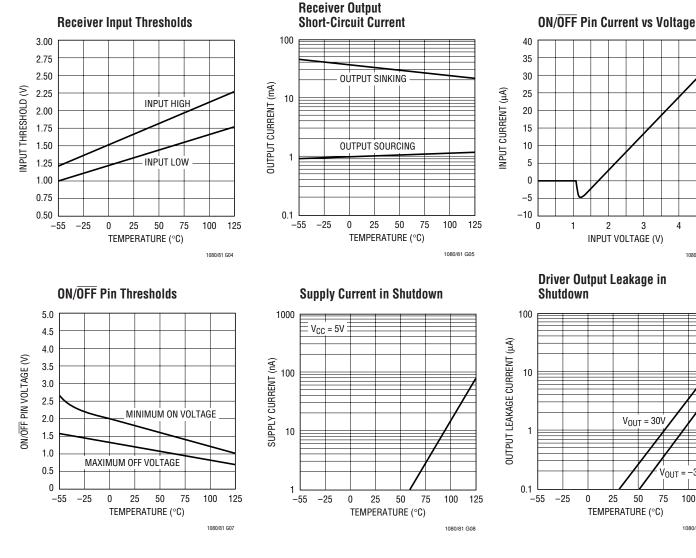
-6

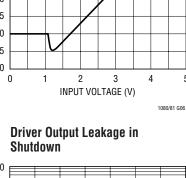
-8

-10

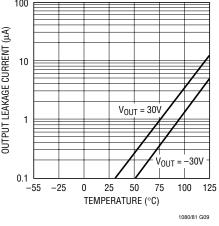
DRIVER OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

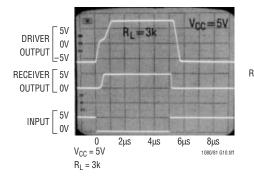




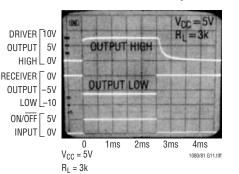
5



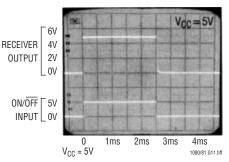
Output Waveforms



Shutdown to Driver Output



Shutdown to Receiver Output

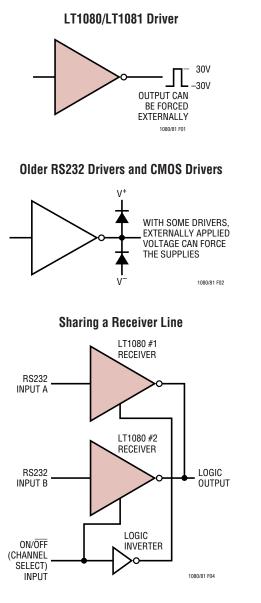


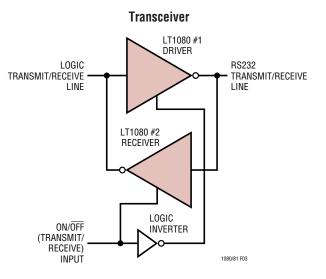


APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

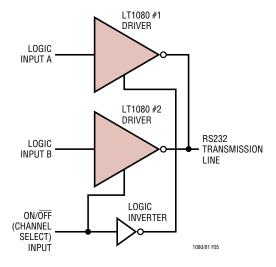
The driver output stage of the LT1080 offers significantly improved protection over older bipolar and CMOS designs. In addition to current limiting, the driver output can be externally forced to \pm 30V with no damage or excessive current flow, and will not disrupt the supplies. Some drivers have diodes connected between the outputs and the supplies, so externally applied voltages can cause excessive supply voltage to develop. Placing the LT1080 in the SHUTDOWN mode (Pin 18 low) puts both the driver and receiver outputs in a high impedance state. This allows data line sharing and transceiver applications.

The SHUTDOWN mode also drops input supply current (V_{CC} ; Pin 17) to zero for power-conscious systems.





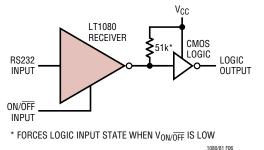




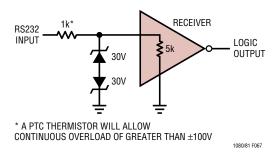


APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

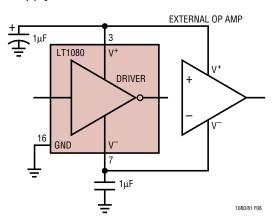
When driving CMOS logic from a receiver that will be used in the SHUTDOWN mode and there is no other active receiver on the line, a 51k resistor can be placed from the logic input to V_{CC} to force a definite logic level when the receiver output is in a high impedance state.



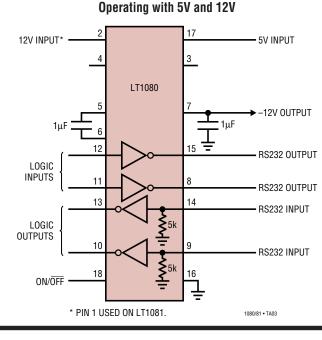
To protect against receiver input overloads in excess of $\pm 30V$, a voltage clamp can be placed on the data line and still maintain RS232 compatibility.



The generated driver supplies (V⁺ and V⁻) may be used to power external circuitry such as other RS232 drivers or op amps. They should be loaded with care, since excessive loading can cause the generated supply voltages to drop, causing the RS232 driver output voltages to fall below RS232 requirements. See the graph "Supply Generator Outputs" for a comparison of generated supply voltage versus supply current.



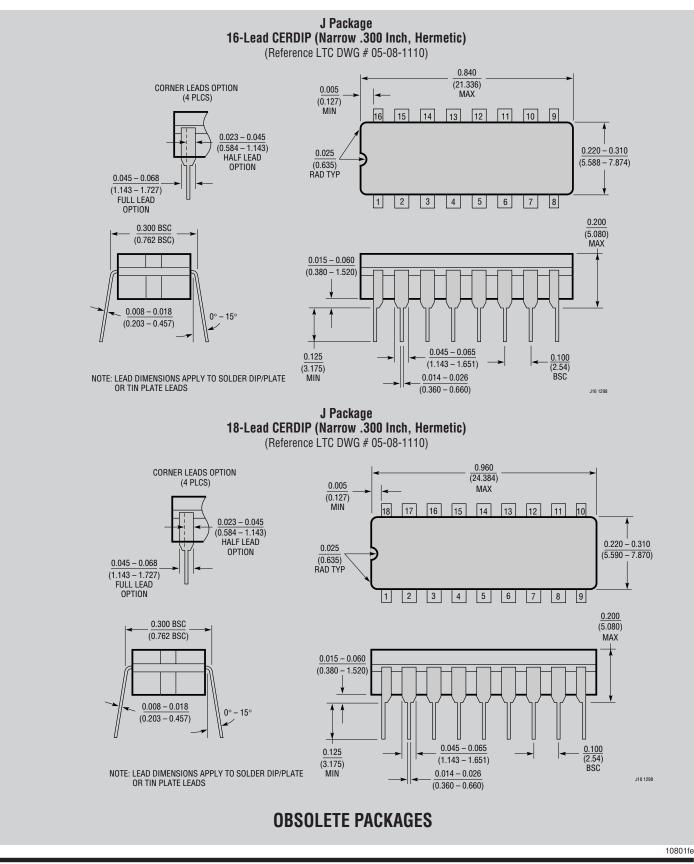
TYPICAL APPLICATION





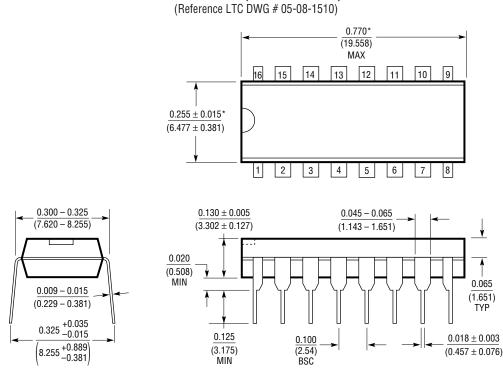
LT1080/LT1081

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION





PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

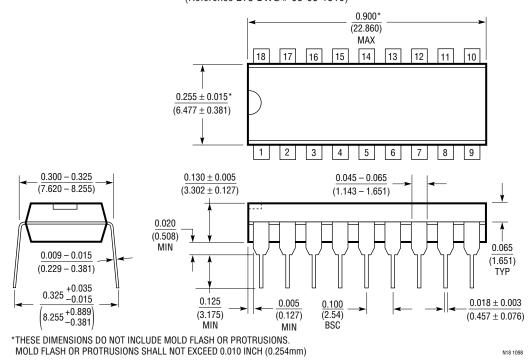


N Package 16-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch)

*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm)

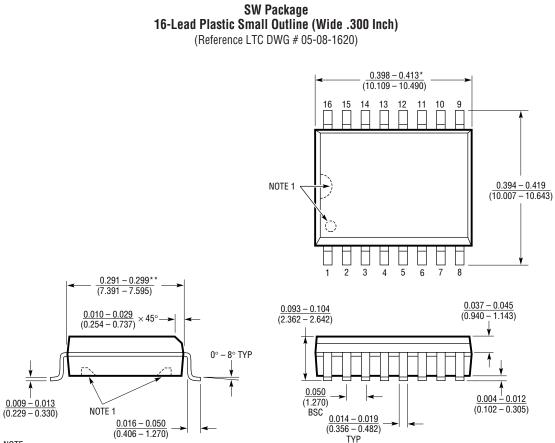
N16 1098

N Package 18-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)





PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



1. PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS.

S16 (WIDE) 1098

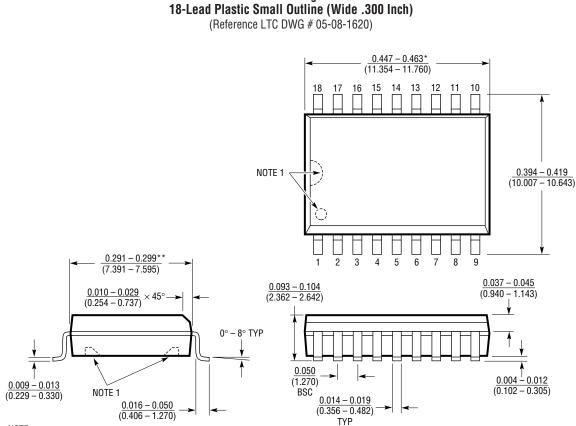
NOTE:

THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS *DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE

**DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



SW Package

NOTE:

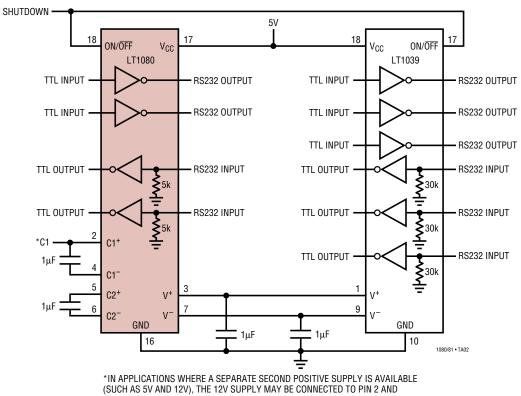
1. PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS. THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS S18 (WIDE) 1098

*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE

**DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE



TYPICAL APPLICATION



Supporting an LT1039 (Triple Driver/Receiver)

IN APPLICATIONS WHERE A SEPARATE SECOND POSITIVE SUPPLY IS AVAILABLE (SUCH AS 5V AND 12V), THE 12V SUPPLY MAY BE CONNECTED TO PIN 2 AND C1 DELETED. THE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITRY WILL THEN INVERT THE 12V SUPPLY. THE 5V SUPPLY IS STILL NEEDED TO POWER THE BIASING CIRCUITRY AND RECEIVERS.

RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1180A/LT1181A	5V Low Power 2DR/2TX RS232 Transceiver	0.1µF Capacitors, 10kV ESD
LT1780/LT1781	5V Low Power 2DR/2TX RS232 Transceiver	15kV ESD
LT1381	5V Low Power 2DR/2TX RS232 Transceiver	16-Pin Narrow SO Package
LT1130A/LT1140A	5V RS232 Transceivers	Up to 5DR/5RX
LTC1383	5V Low Power 2DR/2RX RS232 Transceiver	Low Supply Current I _{CC} = 220µA
LTC1386	3.3V Low Power EIA/TIA562 Transceiver	Low Supply Current I _{CC} = 200µA

