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# VID Voltage Programmer

### **FEATURES**

- Programs Regulator Output Voltage from 1.3V to 2V in 50mV Steps
- Programs an Entire Family of Linear Technology DC/DC Converters
- Fully Compliant with the Intel Mobile VID Specification
- ±0.25% Accurate Output Voltage
- Built-In 40k Pull-Up Resistors on VID Inputs
- Available in SO-8 Packaging

## **APPLICATIONS**

- Intel Mobile Pentium® II Processor Power Supply
- Notebook and Palmtop Computers, PDAs
- Portable Instruments
- Battery-Powered Equipment

### DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1706-19 is a precision, digitally programmed, resistive ladder which adjusts the output of any 1.19V referenced regulator. Depending on the state of the four VID inputs, an output voltage between 1.3V and 2V is programmed in 50mV increments.

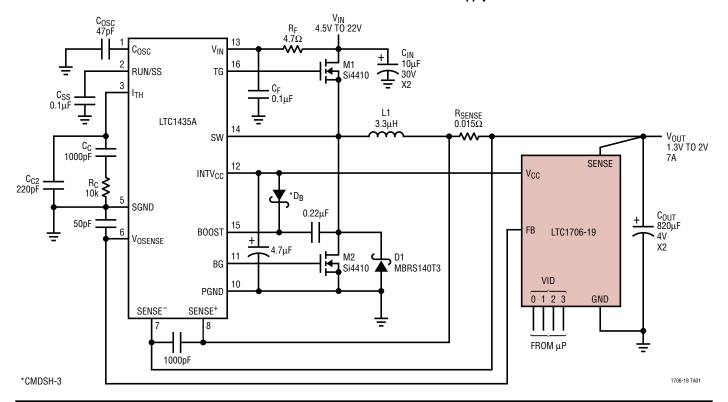
The LTC1706-19 is designed specifically to program an entire family of Linear Technology DC/DC converters in full compliance with the Intel Mobile VID specification.

The LTC1706-19 programs the following Linear Technology DC/DC converter products: LTC1433, LTC1434, LTC1435, LTC1435A, LTC1436, LTC1437, LTC1438, LTC1439, LTC1538-AUX, LTC1539, LTC1624 and LTC1625. (Consult factory for future compatible DC/DC converter products.)

7, LTC and LT are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation. Pentium is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

#### Intel Mobile Pentium II Processor Power Supply





## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

#### (Note 1)

| (11010 1)                               |               |
|---|---------------|
| (Voltages Referred to GND Pin)          |               |
| Input Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) | 0.3V to 7V    |
| VID Input Pins                          | 0.3V to 7V    |
| SENSE Pin                               | 0.3V to 7V    |
| FB Pin                                  | 0.3V to 7V    |
| Operating Temperature Range             |               |
| LTC1706C-19                             | 0°C to 70°C   |
| LTC1706I-19                             | 40°C to 85°C  |
| Junction Temperature                    | 110°C         |
| Storage Temperature Range               | 65°C to 150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 se      | ec)300°C      |

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

| TOP VIE  | w                          | ORDER PART<br>NUMBER           |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| VID2 1<br>VID3 2<br>V <sub>CC</sub> 3<br>GND 4 | 8 VID1 7 VID0 6 SENSE 5 FB | LTC1706CS8-19<br>LTC1706IS8-19 |
| S8 PACK<br>8-LEAD PLAS                         |                            | S8 PART<br>MARKING             |
| T <sub>JMAX</sub> = 110°C, θ                   | <sub>JA</sub> = 120°C/W    | 170619<br>706119               |

Consult factory for Military grade parts.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_A$  = 25°C, 2.7V  $\leq$  V<sub>CC</sub>  $\leq$  5.5V, VID0 = VID1 = VID2 = VID3 = N. C., unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL                   | PARAMETER                       | CONDITIONS   |   | MIN   | TYP        | MAX  | UNITS |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|-------|------------|------|-------|
| $V_{CC}$                 | Operating Supply Voltage Range  |  |   | 2.7   |            | 5.5  | V     |
| I <sub>VCC</sub>         | Supply Current                  | (Note 2)   |   |       | 0.1        | 5    | μА    |
| R <sub>FB-SENSE</sub>    | Resistance Between SENSE and FB |  | • | 8     | 15         | 20   | kΩ    |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> Error % | Output Voltage Accuracy         | Programmed From 1.3V to 2V   | • | -0.25 |            | 0.25 | %     |
| R <sub>PULLUP</sub>      | VID Input Pull-Up Resistance    | V <sub>DIODE</sub> = 0.6V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, (Note 3)  |   |       | 40         |      | kΩ    |
| VID <sub>T</sub>         | VID Input Voltage Threshold     | $V_{IL}$ (2.7V $\leq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 5.5V)<br>$V_{IH}$ (2.7V $\leq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 5.5V) |   | 1.6   |            | 0.4  | V     |
| I <sub>VID-LEAK</sub>    | VID Input Leakage Current       | V <sub>CC</sub> < VID < 7V, (Note 3)   |   |       | 0.01       | ±1   | μА    |
| V <sub>PULLUP</sub>      | VID Pull-Up Voltage             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V   |   |       | 2.8<br>4.5 |      | V     |

The • denotes specifications which apply over the full specified temperature range.

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

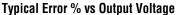
Note 2: With all four VID inputs floating, the  $V_{CC}$  supply current is simply the device leakage current. However, the  $V_{CC}$  supply current will rise and

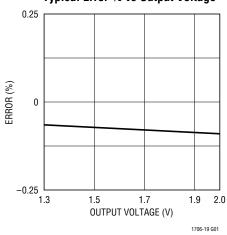
be approximately equal to the number of grounded VID input pins times  $(V_{CC} - 0.6V)/40k$ . (See the Typical Applications section for more detail.)

**Note 3:** Each built-in pull-up resistor attached to the VID inputs also has a series diode connected to  $V_{CC}$  to allow input voltages higher than the  $V_{CC}$  supply without damage or clamping. (See Operation section for further detail.)

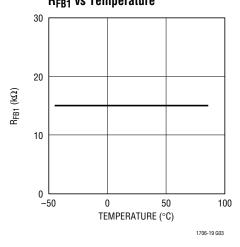


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

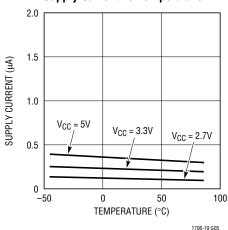




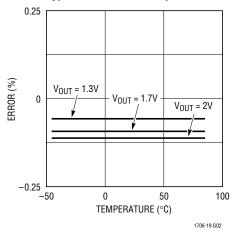
## R<sub>FB1</sub> vs Temperature



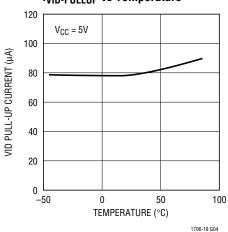
### **Supply Current vs Temperature**



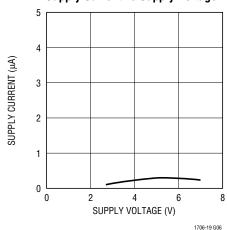
### Typical Error % vs Temperature



### $I_{VID\text{-}PULLUP}$ vs Temperature



### **Supply Current vs Supply Voltage**





### PIN FUNCTIONS

**VID2 (Pin 1):** 2nd MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High =  $V_{CC}$  or Float. Grounding VID2 adds 200mV to the output sense voltage.

**VID3 (Pin 2):** 1st MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High =  $V_{CC}$  or Float. Grounding VID3 adds 400mV to the output sense voltage.

**V<sub>CC</sub> (Pin 3):** Power Supply Voltage. Range from 2.7V to 5.5V.

**GND (Pin 4):** Ground. Connect to regulator signal ground.

**FB (Pin 5):** Feedback Input. Connect to the 1.19V feedback pin of a compatible regulator.

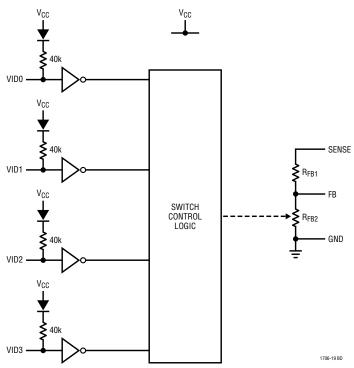
**SENSE (Pin 6):** Regulator Output Voltage. Connect directly to regulator output sense node.

**VIDO (Pin 7):** LSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High =  $V_{CC}$  or Float. Grounding VIDO adds 50mV to the output sense voltage.

**VID1 (Pin 8):** 3rd MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High =  $V_{CC}$  or Float. Grounding VID1 adds 100mV to the output sense voltage.

|     |                 |                            | N   | NOMINAL (V) |                 | ABSOLUTE MAX (V) |     |  |
|-----|-----------------|----------------------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|--|
| PIN | NAME            | DESCRIPTION                | MIN | TYP         | MAX             | MIN              | MAX |  |
| 1   | VID2            | 2nd MSB Programmable Input | 0   |             | V <sub>CC</sub> | -0.3             | 7   |  |
| 2   | VID3            | 1st MSB Programmable Input | 0   |             | V <sub>CC</sub> | -0.3             | 7   |  |
| 3   | V <sub>CC</sub> | Power Supply               | 2.7 |             | 5.5             | -0.3             | 7   |  |
| 4   | GND             | Ground                     |     | 0           |                 | 0                | 0   |  |
| 5   | FB              | 1.19V Feedback Input       | 0   | 1.19        | 1.5             | -0.3             | 7   |  |
| 6   | SENSE           | Regulator Output Voltage   | 1.3 |             | 2               | -0.3             | 7   |  |
| 7   | VID0            | LSB Programmable Input     | 0   |             | V <sub>CC</sub> | -0.3             | 7   |  |
| 8   | VID1            | 3rd MSB Programmable Input | 0   |             | V <sub>CC</sub> | -0.3             | 7   |  |

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### **OPERATION**

The LTC1706-19 is a precision resistive divider designed specifically for use with an entire family of Linear Technology Corporation DC/DC switching regulators with 1.19V internal reference and feedback voltages. The LTC1706-19 produces an output voltage ranging from 1.3V to 2V in 50mV steps by closing the loop between the output voltage sense and the feedback input of the regulator with the appropriate resistive divider network.

The "top" feedback resistor,  $R_{FB1}$ , connected between SENSE and FB, is typically 15k and is not modified by the state of the VID program inputs. However, the "bottom" feedback resistor,  $R_{FB2}$ , is modified by the four VID inputs and is precisely ratioed to  $R_{FB1}$ .

### **VID Programming**

Programming is accomplished by applying the proper voltage (or float condition) on the four digital VID inputs. VID3 is the most significant bit (MSB), and VID0 is the least significant bit (LSB). When all four inputs are low, or grounded, the regulator output voltage is set to 2V. Each increasing binary count is equivalent to a decrease of 50mv in the output voltage. Therefore, to obtain a 1.3V output, the three MSBs are left floating, or high, while only the LSB, VID0, is grounded. A list of programmed inputs and their corresponding output voltages is shown in Table 1.

When all four VID inputs are high or floating (1111), such as when no CPU is present in a system, a regulated 1.25V output is generated at  $V_{SENSE}$ .

Each VID input pin is pulled up by a 40k resistor in series with a diode connected to  $V_{CC}$ . Therefore, it should be grounded (or driven low) to produce a digital low input. It can be either floated or connected to  $V_{CC}$  to get a digital high input. The series diode is included to prevent the input from being damaged or clamped if it is driven higher than  $V_{CC}$ .

Table 1. VID Inputs and Corresponding Output Voltage

| CODE | VID3  | VID2  | VID1  | VID0  | OUTPUT |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 0000 | GND   | GND   | GND   | GND   | 2.00V  |
| 0001 | GND   | GND   | GND   | Float | 1.95V  |
| 0010 | GND   | GND   | Float | GND   | 1.90V  |
| 0011 | GND   | GND   | Float | Float | 1.85V  |
| 0100 | GND   | Float | GND   | GND   | 1.80V  |
| 0101 | GND   | Float | GND   | Float | 1.75V  |
| 0110 | GND   | Float | Float | GND   | 1.70V  |
| 0111 | GND   | Float | GND   | GND   | 1.65V  |
| 1000 | Float | GND   | GND   | GND   | 1.60V  |
| 1001 | Float | GND   | GND   | Float | 1.55V  |
| 1010 | Float | GND   | Float | GND   | 1.50V  |
| 1011 | Float | GND   | Float | Float | 1.45V  |
| 1100 | Float | Float | GND   | GND   | 1.40V  |
| 1101 | Float | Float | GND   | Float | 1.35V  |
| 1110 | Float | Float | Float | GND   | 1.30V  |

## **Voltage Sensing and Feedback Pins**

The FB pin is a high impedance node that requires minimum layout distance to reduce extra loading and unwanted stray pickup.

When used with the LTC1435A, the LTC1706-19's FB, SENSE,  $V_{CC}$  and GND pins should be connected, respectively, with the  $V_{OSENSE}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$ , INTV<sub>CC</sub> and SGND pins of the LTC1435A. The result of this application is a precisely controlled variable voltage supply for any low voltage system such as a palmtop or a laptop computer.



### **OPERATION**

### **VID Input Characteristics**

The VID inputs should be driven with a maximum  $V_{IL}$  of 0.4V and a minimum V<sub>IH</sub> of 1.6V. However, the VID input range is not limited to values below  $V_{CC}$ . Because of the diode between V<sub>CC</sub> and the pull-up resistor, the inputs can go higher than  $V_{CC}$  without being bootstrapped to  $V_{CC}$  or damaging the input. This allows the LTC1706-19 to be logic compatible and operational over a much higher input voltage range (less than the 7V absolute maximum rating).

When a VID input is grounded, there will be a higher quiescent current flow from  $V_{CC}$  because of a resistor from V<sub>CC</sub> through a series diode to the input. This increase in quiescent current is calculated from

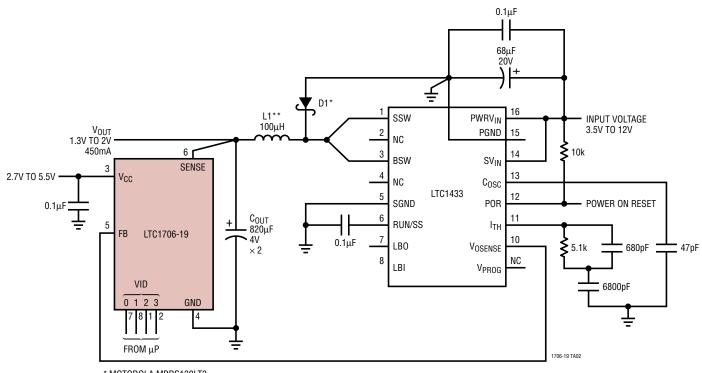
 $N \bullet (V_{CC} - V_{DIODE}) / R_{PULLUP}$ .

N is the number of grounded VID inputs.

V<sub>DIODE</sub> is typically 0.6V while R<sub>PULLUP</sub> has a typical pull-up resistance of  $40k\Omega$ . In other words, each VID input has a typical pull-up current of  $(V_{CC} - 0.6V)/40k$ , which is approximately 68µA for a 3.3V system.

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

450mA, Low Noise Monolithic Current Mode Step-Down DC/DC Converter

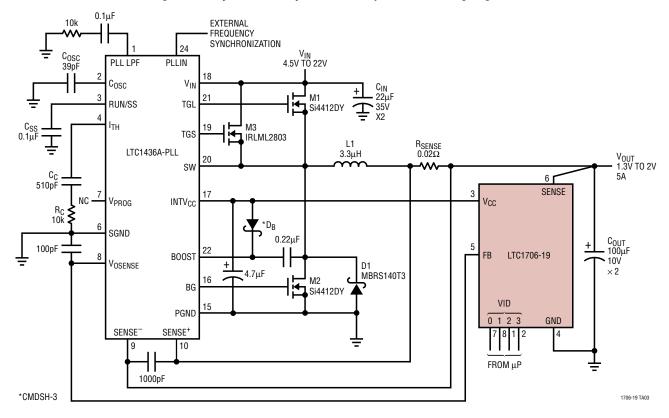


\* MOTOROLA MBRS130LT3

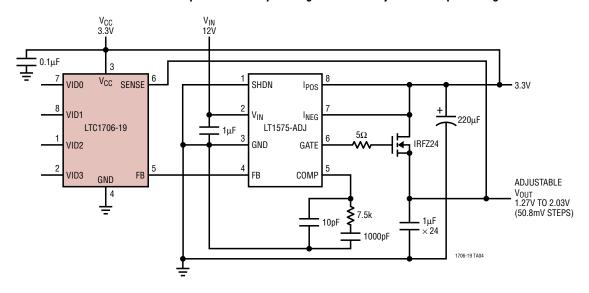
\*\* COILCRAFT D03316-104

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

### High Efficiency Low Noise Synchronous Step-Down Switching Regulator



#### Ultrafast Transient Response Low Dropout Regulator with Adjustable Output Voltage



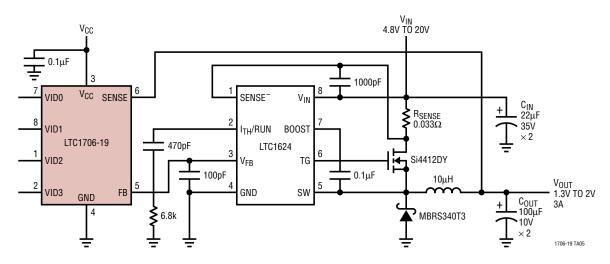
Used with the LT1575-ADJ, which has a 1.21V reference, the LTC1706-19 programs the output voltage of the ultrafast transient response low dropout regulator that's ideal for today's power-hungry microprocessors. How-

ever, since the LT1575 does not have a 1.19V reference, the output range will instead be from 1.27V to 2.03V in steps of 50.8mV.



### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

#### High Efficiency 3A SO-8 N-Channel Switching Regulator with Programmable Output



## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

#### S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

0.189 - 0.197\* $(\overline{4.801 - 5.004})$  $\frac{0.010-0.020}{(0.254-0.508)}\!\times45^\circ$ 0.053 - 0.0690.004 - 0.010 $(\overline{1.346 - 1.752})$  $(\overline{0.101 - 0.254})$ 0.008 - 0.010(0.203 - 0.254)0.150 - 0.157\*\*0.228 - 0.2440.016 - 0.050 $(\overline{3.810 - 3.988})$  $(\overline{5.791 - 6.197})$ 0.014 - 0.0190.050 0.406 - 1.270(0.355 - 0.483)(1.270)TYP \*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE \*\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH, INTERLEAD

## **RELATED PARTS**

| PART NUMBER         | DESCRIPTION   | COMMENTS  |
|---------------------|---|---|
| LTC1174/LTC1174-3.3 | High Efficiency Step-Down and Inverting DC/DC Converter     | Monolithic Switching Regulator, Burst Mode <sup>™</sup> Operation |
| LTC1265             | 1.2A, High Efficiency Step-Down DC/DC Converter             | Constant Off-Time Monolithic, Burst Mode Operation                |
| LT1375/LT1376       | 1.5A, 500kHz Step-Down Switching Regulator                  | High Frequency, Small Inductor, High Efficiency                   |
| LTC1435/LTC1435A    | High Efficiency, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter | 16-Pin Narrow SO and SSOP   |
| LTC1436/LTC1436-PLL | High Efficiency, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter | 24-Pin Narrow and 24-Pin SSOP                                     |
| LTC1438/LTC1439     | Dual, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter            | Multiple Output Capability  |
| LTC1538-AUX         | Dual, Low Noise, Synchronous Step-Down Converter            | 5V Standby Regulator in Shutdown                                  |

Burst Mode is a trademark of Linear Technology Corporation.

