

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



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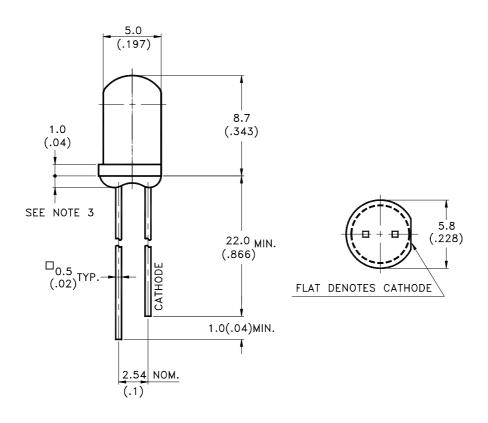


Property of Lite-On Only

### **Features**

- \* Low power consumption.
- \* High efficiency.
- \* Versatile mounting on p.c. board or panel.
- \* I.C. compatible/low current requirement.
- \* Popular T-13/4 diameter.

### **Package Dimensions**



Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL2T3TBK4	Water Clear	Blue

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm(.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm(.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	120	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold(HBM) <sup>Note A</sup>	400	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to + 80°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-30°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

Note A:

HBM: Human Body Model. Seller gives no other assurances regarding the ability of Products to withstand ESD.

Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 of 8 Page: 2



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### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	240	680		mcd	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA Note 1,5
Viewing Angle	2θ 1/2		30		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λР		468		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λd		470		nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		25		nm	
Forward Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{F}}$		3.5	3.8	V	$I_F = 20mA$
Reverse Current	IR			100	μА	$V_R = 5V$

NOTE: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

- 2.  $\theta$  1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength,  $\lambda$  d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 4. Iv classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 5. The Iv guarantee should be added ±15% tolerance.
- 6. Precautions in handling:
  - When soldering, leave 2mm of minimum clearance from the resin to the soldering point.
  - Dipping the resin to solder must be avoided.
  - Correcting the soldered position after soldering must be avoided.
  - In soldering, do not apply any stress to the lead frame particularly when heated.
  - When forming a lead, make sure not to apply any stress inside the resin.
  - Lead forming must be done before soldering.
  - It is necessary to cut the lead frame at normal temperature.
- 7. Caution in ESD:

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 Page: 3 of 8
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### Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

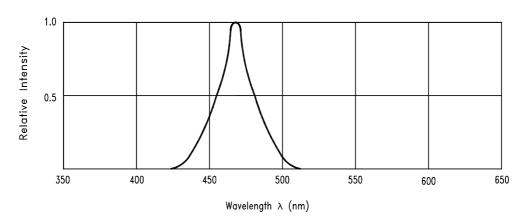
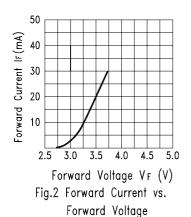
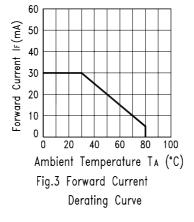
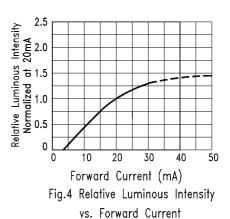
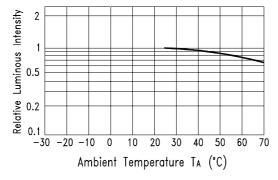


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength









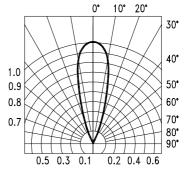


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs.

Ambient Temperature

Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

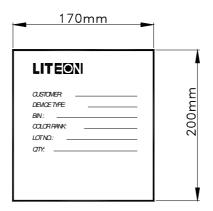
Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 Page: 4 of 8



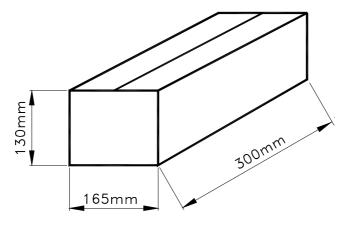
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### Packing Spec

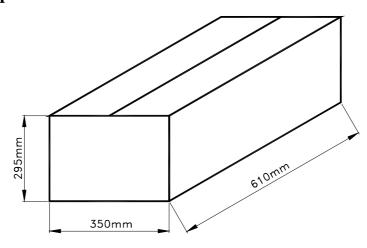
500 or 250 pcs per packing bag



10 packing bags per inner carton total 5000 pcs per inner carton



8 Inner cartons per outer carton total 40000 pcs per outer carton



Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 5 Page: of 8



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### **Bin Code List For Reference**

Luminous Intensity Unit: mcd @20mA			
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	
J	240	310	
K	310	400	
L	400	520	
M	520	680	
N	680	880	
P	880	1150	

Dominant Wavelength Unit: nm @20mA				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		
B08	465.0	470.0		
B09	470.0	475.0		

Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 Page: 6 of 8



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### **CAUTIONS**

### 1. Application limitation

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household application.) Consult Liteon's sales in advance for information on application in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as airplanes, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support system and safety devices).

### 2. Storage

After being shipped from Liteon the LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within 3 months. They can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material. Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature in high

humidity environments where condensation may occur.

#### 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED.

### 4. Forming & Mounting

When forming a lead, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of epoxy bulb. Do not use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering at normal temperature. When mounted through hole type LED lamp, avoid the occurrence of residual mechanical stress due to clinching as figure shown here.

### 5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the resin to the soldering point.

Dipping the resin into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering condition

Soldering iron		Wave soldering		
Temperature 300°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)		Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 10 sec. Max.	

#### 6. Drive Method

LED is a current operated device, and therefore, requires some kind of current limiting incorporated into the drive circuit. This current limiting typically takes the form of a current limiter resistor placed in series with the LED. Consider worst case voltage variations that could occur across the current limiting resistor. The forward current should not be allowed to change by more than 40% of its desired value.

## Circuit model A Circuit model B LED

- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The difference of brightness between LEDs could be found due to the Vf-If characteristics of LED

Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 Page: of8



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### 7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove is recommended when handling these LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

### 8. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Duration / Cycle	Referance Standard
Endurance Test	Room Temp. Operation Life	Ta= Room Temp, IDC= 30 mA	1000 hrs	
	Temperature Cycling	105°C ~ 25°C ~ -55°C ~ 25°C 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins	10 cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D (1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1010 (1991) JIS C 7021: A-4(1982)
Environmental Test	Solder Resistance	Solder temperature is 260± 5 ℃	10 sec	MIL-STD-202F:210A(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JIS C 7021: A-1(1982)
	Solderability	Solder temperature is 230± 5 ℃	5 sec	MIL-STD-202F:208D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2026(1995) MIL-STD-883D:2003(1991) JIS C 7021: A-2(1982)

### 9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

Part No.: LTL2T3TBK4 Page: 8 of 8