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## LIGHT LED <br> M09 CoB Product Series

## 1. Description

The LiteON CoB Product series is a revolutionary, energy efficient and ultra-compact new light source, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional lighting. It gives you total design freedom and unmatched brightness, creating a new opportunities for solid state lighting to displace conventional lighting technologies.

### 1.1 Features

- Compact high flux density light source
- Uniform high quality illumination
- Streamlined thermal path
- MacAdam compliant binning structure

More energy efficient than incandescent, halogen and fluorescent lamps

- Instant light with unlimited dimming
- RoHS compliant and Pb free


### 1.2 Benefits Features

- Enhanced optical control
- Clean white light without pixilation
- Uniform consistent white light
- Significantly reduced thermal resistance and increased operating temperatures
- Lower operating costs
- Reduced maintenance costs
- ESD rating is 8 KV in HBM


### 1.3 Naming Rule



## Code 1: Product Line

PL: High Power LED.

Code 2: Package Type/Platform
M09: Ceramic substrate with $18 \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}$ square.
Code 3: Light Emitting Surface
8: 12.6 mm excluding dam
Code 4: Product Series
30: 30 Series

## Code5: CRI

Z: White Color Rendering Index 80 min
Q: White Color Rendering Index 90 min

## Code6: Color Temperature

30: 3000 K at 85 degC
40: 4000 K at 85 degC
50: 5000 K at 85 degC
Note: The Color Temperature follow ANSI C78.377A Doc.
Code7: Hue Bin by MacAdam Ellipses Step
T0: MacAdam Ellipse / ANSI BIN

| Part Number | Product <br> Series | CCT | CRI | Color Bin |  |  | Lumen Bin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 3SDCM | 5SDCM | ANSI | －8\％～＋8\％ | －15\％${ }^{\text {＋}}$－15\％ |
| LTPL－M09830ZS30－T0 | 30 | 3000K | 80 | H | \％ | is | H | \％ |
| LTPL－M09830ZS40－T0 | 30 | 4000K | 80 | \％ | \％ | 认 | 3 | \％ |
| LTPL－M09830ZS50－F1 | 30 | 5000K | 80 |  | む | H | － | ふ |
| LTPL－M09830QS30－T0 | 30 | 3000K | 90 | 3 | N | 今 | 3 | A |

## LIGHT LED M09 CoB Product Series

## 2. Outline Dimensions

### 2.1 Form Factor of M098 series CoB



## Notes

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ unless otherwise noted.
3. LED of equivalent circuit means all series/parallel in CoB package.

### 2.2 Internal Equivalent Circuit

30 Series Product


Terminal connections

## 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Product Series | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Dissipation | Po | 30 | 49 | W |
| Forward Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 30 | 1200 | mA |
| Junction Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ |  | 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-Case | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{th}, \mathrm{J}-\mathrm{C}}$ | 30 | 0.76 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Operating Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {opr }}$ |  | -40 to 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ |  | -40 to 100 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Breakdown Voltage(DC) | $V_{B}$ |  | 2.25 | KV |
| Electrostatic Discharge | ESD |  | 8 | KV |

## Notes

1. The pulse mode condition is $1 / 10$ duty cycle with 100 msec pulse width.
2. Forbid to be operated at reverse voltage condition.
3. ESD spec is reference to AEC-Q101-001 HBM.
4. The unit of Rth is ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ electrical.
5. The M09 CoB is recommended soldering temperature under 350 degC and could not over 3.5 sec .


## 4. Electro-Optical Characteristics

4.1 Typical Performance

■ 30 Series Product, CRI>80

| Dominant | Product | Current | $V_{F}(\mathrm{~V})$ | Flux(lm) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}(\mathrm{V})$ | Flux(lm) | Eff.(Im/W) | Eff.(Im/W) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CCT | Series | $(\mathrm{mA})$ | $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 3000 K | 30 | 800 | 36.8 | 3971 | 35.5 | 3496 | 135 | 123 |
| 4000 K | 30 | 800 | 36.8 | 4209 | 35.5 | 3705 | 143 | 130 |
| 5000 K | 30 | 800 | 36.8 | 4248 | 35.5 | 3740 | 145 | 132 |

■ 30 Series Product, CRI>90

| Dominant | Product | Current | $V_{F}(\mathrm{~V})$ | Flux $(\mathrm{Im})$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}(\mathrm{V})$ | Flux(lm) | Eff.(Im/W) | Eff. (Im/W) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CCT | Series | $(\mathrm{mA})$ | $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $@ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 3000 K | 30 | 800 | 36.8 | 3256 | 35.5 | 2866 | 110 | 101 |

## Notes

1. All of $V_{F}$ value are typical, the real bin range please refer page 11 " $V_{F}$ Binning Parameter".
2. All of flux value are typical, the real bin range please refer page 11 "Flux Binning Parameter".
3. Tolerance of flux is $\pm 7 \%$, tolerance of CCX/CCY is $\pm 0.007$, tolerance of CRI is $\pm 2$, and tolerance of $V_{F}$ is $\pm 3 \%$.
4. Typical viewing angle is 120 deg .
4.2 Forward Current vs. Lumen and Voltage

- 30 Series Product

| Current (mA) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}(\mathrm{V})$ | Flux (lm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3000K | 4000K | 5000K | 3000K |
|  |  | CRI>80 | CRI>80 | CRI>80 | CRI>90 |
| 500 | 34.5 | 2653 | 2812 | 2839 | 2175 |
| 600 | 35.3 | 3122 | 3309 | 3341 | 2560 |
| 700 | 35.9 | 3540 | 3752 | 3788 | 2903 |
| 800 | 36.7 | 3971 | 4209 | 4248 | 3256 |
| 900 | 37.6 | 4396 | 4660 | 4704 | 3605 |
| 1000 | 38.1 | 4798 | 5086 | 5134 | 3934 |
| 1100 | 38.8 | 5134 | 5442 | 5493 | 4210 |
| 1200 | 39.4 | 5458 | 5785 | 5840 | 4476 |



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### 4.3 Relative Spectral Power Distribution at Typical Current



4.4 Radiation Characteristics


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### 4.5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage


4.6 Forward Voltage vs. Case Temperature


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4.7 Relative Intensity vs. Case Temperature

4.8 Forward Current Degrading Curve


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## 5. CoB Binning Definition <br> ■ Flux Binning Parameter (25degC)

| Lumen CODE List of M09 Series Product |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | Code | Unit | Lumen |
| Luminous Flux | D | Im | 2300 |
|  | E |  | 2485 |
|  | F |  | 2680 |
|  | G |  | 2890 |
|  | H |  | 3120 |
|  | 1 |  | 3370 |
|  | J |  | 3640 |
|  | K |  | 3925 |
|  | L |  | 4240 |
|  | M |  | 4575 |
|  | N |  | 4940 |
|  | O |  | 5330 |
|  | P |  | 5755 |
|  | Q |  | 6210 |

■ Example of M09 Series Product Bin (3000K 30 series)


Lumen Bin

| Lumen (Im) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3000K (CRI>80) |  | 4000K (CR1>80) |  | 5000K (CR1>80) |  | 3000K (CRI>90) |  |
| Bin | Pange | Bin | Range | Bin | Range | Bin | Range |
| IJ | 3370~3640 | IJ | 3370~3640 | JK | 3640~3925 | FG | 2680~2890 |
| JL | 3640~4240 | JL | 3640~4240 | KM | 3925~4575 | GI | 2890~3370 |
| LM | 4240~4575 | LM | 4240~4575 | MN | 4575~4940 | IJ | 3370~3640 |

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## Data Sheet

M09 CoB Product Series

■ Forward Voltage Binning Parameter (25decgC)

| Parameter | Bin | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forward Voltage | V 1 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | 33.6 | 42 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=$ Typical current |

Note: Full Rank on Label

Example: V1/JL/E1

| Forward Voltage Rank | Luminous Flux Rank | Color Rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V1 | JL | E1 |

■ Example of LiteOn CoB MacAdam Ellipse Color Definition (Ex: 3000K)


| CIE Center Point |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CCT | $25 d e g C$ (LiteOn Spec.) | 85degC (ANSI) |  | Hot/Cold Factor |  |  |  |
|  | CCX | CCY | CCX | CCY | CCX | CCY |  |
| 3000 | 0.4392 | 0.4072 | 0.4338 | 0.4030 | -0.0054 | -0.0042 |  |
| 4000 | 0.3849 | 0.3856 | 0.3818 | 0.3797 | -0.0031 | -0.0059 |  |
| 5000 | 0.3486 | 0.3670 | 0.3447 | 0.3553 | -0.0039 | -0.0117 |  |

## Notes

■ LiteOn tester and shipping spec follow the color bin with 25degC CCX/CCY center.

- The Hot/Cold factor means the CCX/CCY shift from 25degC to 85degC.

■ The Hot/Cold shift is measured by LiteOn CAS 140B instrument system.
■ The ellipse equation expression: $\operatorname{SDCM}=\left(g 11^{*}\left(x-x_{0}\right)^{2}+2^{*} g 12^{*}\left(x-x_{0}\right)^{*}\left(y-y_{0}\right)+g 22^{*}\left(y-y_{0}\right)^{2}\right)^{0.5}$

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## Data Sheet

## LIGHT LED <br> M09 CoB Product Series

M09 CRI80, CRI90 3000K
PN: LTPL-M098xxxS30-T0


M09 CRI80 4000K
PN: LTPL-M098xxZS40-T0


## LIGHT LED M09 CoB Product Series

M09 CRI80 5000K


| No | Test item | Condition | Duration | Number of Failed | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | High Temperature Operating Life | $\mathrm{Tc}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=$ Typical Current | 1 K hours | 0/10 | Pass |
| 2 | Wet High Temperature Operating Life | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 90 \% \mathrm{RH}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=$ Typical Current(DC) 30 mins ON/OFF | 1K hours | 0/10 | Pass |
| 3 | Thermal Shock | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15$ minutes dwell, $<10$ seconds transfer, measurement in every 250 cycles | 500 cycles | $0 / 10$ | Pass |
| 4 | Fast Switch Cycling Test | 40000cycles, 2 mins On/Off, <br> Room temperature $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+/-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, measurement in every 5000 cycles | 40K cycles | 0/10 | Pass |
| 5 | High Temperature Storage Life | $\mathrm{Ta}=120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 K hours | 0/10 | Pass |
| 6 | Low Temperature Storage Life | $\mathrm{Ta}=-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 K hours | 0/10 | Pass |
| 7 | Mechanical Shock | 1500G, 0.5 ms pulse, 5 shocks each 6 axis | 30 Times (5 shocks each 6 axis) | 0/10 | Pass |
| 8 | Variable Vibration <br> Frequency | 10-2000-10 Hz, log or linear sweep rate, 20G for approximately minute 1.5 mm , each applied three times per axis over 6 hrs. | 18 hrs <br> (3 times per axis over 6 hrs) | 0/10 | Pass |

Criteria for Judging the Damage

| Item |  | Symbol | Test Condition | Criteria for Judgment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Max. |  |
| Forward Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=$ Typical Current |  | U.S.L. $\times 1.1$ |  |
| Luminous Flux | Lm | $\mathrm{I}_{F}=$ Typical Current | L.S.L. $\times 0.7$ |  |  |
| CCX \& CCY | X,Y | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=$ Typical Current |  | Shift<0.02 |  |

## Notes

1. Operating life tests are mounted on thermal heat sink
2. Storage items are only component, not put on heat sink.

## 7. Packing Specifications



LPN:
DATE CODE:

## LIGHT LED M09 CoB Product Series

## 8. Cautions

7.1 An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in circuit below.

(A) Recommended circuit.
(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.
7.2 Do not put any pressure on the light emitting surface either by finger or any hand tool and do not stack the COB products. Stress or pressure may cause damage to the wires of the LED array.
7.3 This product is not designed for the use under any of the following conditions, please confirm the performance and reliability are well enough if you use it under any of the following conditions

- Do not use sulfur-containing materials in commercial products including the materials such as seals and adhesives that may contain sulfur.
- Do not put this product in a place with a lot of moisture (over $85 \%$ relative humidity), dew condensation, briny air, and corrosive gas (Cl, H2S, NH3, SO2, NOX, etc.), exposure to a corrosive environment may affect silver plating.


## ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no light up" at low currents.
To verify for ESD damage, check for "light up" and $V_{F}$ of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

