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Product Data Sheet LTST-C150GKT
Spec No.: DS-22-98-0004
Effective Date: 02/16/2005
Revision: A

## LITE-ON DCC

## RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

## Property of Lite-On Only

## Features

* Meet ROHS, Green Product.
* Package In 8mm Tape On 7" Diameter Reels.
* Compatible With Automatic Placement Equipment.
* Compatible With Infrared And Vapor Phase Reflow Solder Process.
* EIA STD package.
* I.C. compatible.


## Package Dimensions



| Part No. | Lens | Source Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LTST-C150GKT | Water Clear | GaP on GaP Green |

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}(.004$ ") unless otherwise noted.

Property of Lite-On Only

## Absolute Maximum Ratings At $\mathbf{T a}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | LTST-C150GKT | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Power Dissipation | 100 | mW |
| Peak Forward Current <br> $(1 / 10$ Duty Cycle, 0.1 ms Pulse Width $)$ | 120 | mA |
| DC Forward Current | 30 | mA |
| Derating Linear From $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.6 | $\mathrm{~mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Reverse Voltage | 5 | V |
| Operating Temperature Range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage Temperature Range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Wave Soldering Condition | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ For 5 Seconds |  |
| Infrared Soldering Condition | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ For 5 Seconds |  |
| Vapor Phase Soldering Condition | $215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ For 3 Minutes |  |

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## Suggestion Profile:

(1) Suggestion IR Reflow Profile For Normal Process

(2) Suggestion IR Reflow Profile For Pb Free Process


## LITEON

Property of Lite-On Only
Electrical Optical Characteristics At $\mathbf{T a}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Part No. LTST- | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Test Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Luminous Intensity | IV | C150GKT | 1.8 | 6.0 |  | mcd | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{IF}=10 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Note } 1 \end{gathered}$ |
| Viewing Angle | $2 \theta 1 / 2$ | C150GKT |  | 130 |  | deg | Note 2 (Fig.6) |
| Peak Emission Wavelength | $\lambda \mathrm{P}$ | C150GKT |  | 565 |  | nm | Measurement <br> @Peak (Fig.1) |
| Dominant Wavelength | $\lambda \mathrm{d}$ | C150GKT |  | 569 |  | nm | Note 3 |
| Spectral Line Half-Width | $\Delta \lambda$ | C150GKT |  | 30 |  | nm |  |
| Forward Voltage | VF | C150GKT |  | 2.1 | 2.6 | V | $\mathrm{IF}=20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Reverse Current | IR | C150GKT |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{VR}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Capacitance | C | C150GKT |  | 35 |  | PF | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{VF}=0 \\ \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHZ} \end{gathered}$ |

Notes: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
2. $\theta 1 / 2$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. The dominant wavelength, $\lambda \mathrm{d}$ is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

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## Bin Code List

| Luminous Intensity |  | Unit : mcd @ 10mA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bin Code | Min. | Max. |
| G | 1.80 | 2.80 |
| H | 2.80 | 4.50 |
| J | 4.50 | 7.10 |
| K | 7.10 | 11.2 |
| L | 11.2 | 18.0 |

Tolerance on each Intensity bin is +/-15\%

Property of Lite-On Only

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

$\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)


Fig. 1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH


Fig. 2 FORWARD CURRENT VS. FORWARD VOLTAGE


Fig. 3 FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE


Fig. 4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT


Fig. 5 LUMINOUS INTENSITY VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE


Fig. 6 SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

## Property of Lite-On Only

## Cleaning

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package.
If clean is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or in isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less one minute.

## Suggest Soldering Pad Dimensions



Package Dimensions Of Tape And Reel



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).


## Notes:

1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
2.7 inch reel- 3000 pieces per reel.
2. Minimum packing quantity is 500 pcs for remainders.
3. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
4. In accordance with ANSI/EIA 481-1-A-1994 specifications.

## LITEON

## Property of Lite-On Only

## CAUTIONS

## 1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications).Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

## 2. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature or $70 \%$ relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are IR-reflowed within one week. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or in a desiccators with nitrogen ambient.
LEDs stored out of their original packaging for more than a week should be baked at about 60 deg C for at least 24 hours before solder assembly.

## 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

## 4. Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

| Reflow soldering |  | Wave Soldering |  | Soldering iron |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pre-heat | $120 \sim 150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Pre-heat | $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Max. | Temperature | $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Max. |
| Pre-heat time | 120 sec. Max. | Pre-heat time | 60 sec. Max. | Soldering time | 3 sec. Max. |
| Peak temperature | $240^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Max. | Solder wave | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Max. |  |  |
| Soldering time | 10 sec. Max. | Soldering time | 10 sec. Max. |  |  |

## 5. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

(A) Recommended circuit.
(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.
6. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.
Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.

■ Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

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ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or " no lightup " at low currents.
To verify for ESD damage, check for " lightup" and Vf of the suspect LEDs at low currents.
The Vf of " good " LEDs should be $>2.0 \mathrm{~V} @ 0.1 \mathrm{~mA}$ for InGaN product and $>1.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 0.1 \mathrm{~mA}$ for AlInGaP product.

## 7. Reliability Test

| Classification | Test Item | Test Condition | Reference Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Endurance Test | Operation Life | Ta= Under Room Temperature As Per Data Sheet Maximum Rating <br> *Test Time $=1000$ HRS $(-24 \mathrm{HRS},+72 \mathrm{HRS}) * @ 20 \mathrm{~mA}$. | MIL-STD-750D:1026 <br> MIL-STD-883D:1005 <br> JIS C 7021:B-1 |
|  | High Temperature High Humidity Storage | IR-Reflow In-Board, 2 Times $\mathrm{Ta}=65 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{RH}=90 \sim 95 \%$ <br> *Test Time $=240 \mathrm{HRS} \pm 2 \mathrm{HRS}$ | MIL-STD-202F:103B JIS C 7021:B-11 |
|  | High Temperature Storage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ta}=105 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & * \text { Test Time }=1000 \mathrm{HRS}(-24 \mathrm{HRS},+72 \mathrm{HRS}) \end{aligned}$ | MIL-STD-883D:1008 JIS C 7021:B-10 |
|  | Low Temperature Storage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ta}=-55 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & * \text { Test Time }=1000 \mathrm{HRS}(-24 \mathrm{HRS},+72 \mathrm{H} \text { RS }) \end{aligned}$ | JIS C 7021:B-12 |
| Environmental Test | Temperature Cycling | $\begin{aligned} & 105^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & 30 \mathrm{mins} 5 \mathrm{mins} \quad 30 \mathrm{mins} \quad 5 \mathrm{mins} \\ & 10 \mathrm{Cycles} \end{aligned}$ | MIL-STD-202F:107D <br> MIL-STD-750D:1051 <br> MIL-STD-883D:1010 <br> JIS C 7021:A-4 |
|  | Thermal Shock | IR-Reflow In-Board, 2 Times $\begin{array}{lrl}85 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} & \sim-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ 10 \mathrm{mins} & 10 \mathrm{mins} \quad 10 \mathrm{Cycles}\end{array}$ | MIL-STD-202F:107D <br> MIL-STD-750D:1051 <br> MIL-STD-883D:1011 |
|  | Solder <br> Resistance | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T.sol }=260 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Dwell Time }=10 \pm 1 \text { secs } \end{aligned}$ | MIL-STD-202F:210A <br> MIL-STD-750D:2031 <br> JIS C 7021:A-1 |
|  | IR-Reflow Normal Process | Ramp-up rate $\left(183^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to Peak) $+3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max Temp. maintain at $125( \pm 25)^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad 120$ seconds max Temp. maintain above $183^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad 60-150$ seconds Peak temperature range $235^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+5 /-0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Time within $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of actual Peak Temperature (tp) 10-30 seconds <br> Ramp-down rate $+6^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MIL-STD-750D:2031.2 } \\ & \text { J-STD-020 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | IR-Reflow Pb Free Process | Ramp-up rate $\left(217^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to Peak) $+3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max Temp. maintain at $175( \pm 25)^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 180$ seconds max Temp. maintain above $217^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 60-150$ seconds <br> Peak temperature range $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+0 /-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Time within $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of actual Peak Temperature (tp) 20-40 seconds <br> Ramp-down rate $+6^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MIL-STD-750D:2031.2 } \\ & \text { J-STD-020 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Solderability | T. sol $=235 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Immersion time $2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{sec}$ <br> Immersion rate $25 \pm 2.5 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$ <br> Coverage $\geqq 95 \%$ of the dipped surface | MIL-STD-202F:208D <br> MIL-STD-750D:2026 <br> MIL-STD-883D:2003 <br> IEC 68 Part 2-20 <br> JIS C 7021:A-2 |

## 8. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without prior notice.

