

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China











LED Middle POWER

5630 Product Data Sheet

SZNxx Series

Created Date: 01 / 21 / 2014 Revision: 3.0, 12 / 08 / 2014



Lite-on Technology Corp. www.liteon.com



1. Description

The LiteON 5630 Product series is a wide beam angle standard-dimension package, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional lighting. It gives you total design freedom and unmatched brightness, creating a new opportunities for solid state lighting to displace conventional lighting technologies.

1.1 Features

- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reels.
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- EIA STD package.
- I.C. compatible.
- Meet green product and Pb-free(According to RoHS)

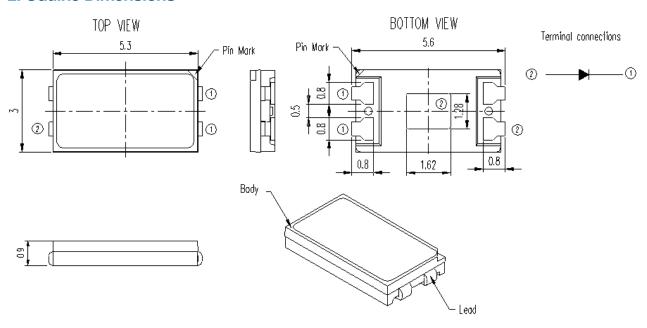
1.2 Available Part Numbers

CCT	Part Number
6500K	LTW-5630SZN65
5700K	LTW-5630SZN57
5000K	LTW-5630SZN50
4000K	LTW-5630SZN40
3500K	LTW-5630SZN35
3000K	LTW-5630SZN30
2700K	LTW-5630SZN27

Part No. : 5630SZNxx Series BNS-OD-FC002/A4



2. Outline Dimensions



Part No.	Lens Color	Source Color
LTW-5630SZN65		
LTW-5630SZN57		
LTW-5630SZN50		
LTW-5630SZN40	Orange	InGaN Blue
LTW-5630SZN35		
LTW-5630SZN30		
LTW-5630SZN27		

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ± 0.2 mm (.008") unless otherwise noted.



3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at T_a=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	P _o	808	mW
Continuous Forward Current	l _F	30	mA
Pulse Forward Current	I _{FP}	40	mA
Operating Temperature Range	T_{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +100	°C
Junction Temperature	T _j	≦120	°C

Notes:

- 1. 1/10 duty cycle, Pulse width \leq 100 μ s.
- 2. Forbid to operating at reverse voltage condition for long.
- 3. It is recommended to follow de-rating curve to use maximum rating to ensure LED can operated normally.



4. Electro-Optical Characteristics

4.1 Typical Performance

Parameter	Symbol				Unit	Test Condition					
Correlated Color Temp.	ССТ	Тур.	2700	3000	3500	4000	5000	5700	6500	'K	
Chromaticity	Х	Тур.	0.458	0.434	0.408	0.382	0.345	0.329	0.312		
Coordinates	у	Тур.	0.410	0.403	0.392	0.380	0.355	0.342	0.328	-	
		Min	44	46	48	48	48	48	48		
Luminous Flux 1	Ф	Тур.	56.0	59.7	61.4	62.0	63.2	63.2	62.0	lm	
		Мах.	68	70	72	72	72	72	72		
Optical Efficiency	η_{opt}	Тур.	113	120	124	125	127	127	125	lm/W	/ 00m A
Color Rendering Index	CRI	Min.				80				-	$I_{\rm F} = 20 {\rm mA}$
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	Тур.				120				deg	
		Min				23.7					
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	Тур.				24.8				V	
		Max. 26.1									
Thermal Resistance	R_{jt}	Тур.				°C/W					

Notes

- 1. Luminous flux is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- 2. Iv (flux Φ_v) classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 3. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) is derived from the 1931 CIE chromaticity diagram.
- 4. Caution in ESD:

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended using a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

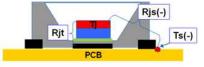
- 5. CAS140B is the test standard for the chromaticity coordinates $(x, y) \& \Phi_v$.
- 6. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) guarantee should be added +/- 0.01 tolerances
- 7. CRI measurement allowance is ±5
- 8. The thermal resistance is defined

as the figure, R_{jt} is the R_{th} from T_j to thermal pad solder:

Reference for thermal resistance:

Using 2.5x 2.5x 0.17 cm aluminum MCPCB,

 R_{jt} =20°C/W, R_{js} =23 °C/W

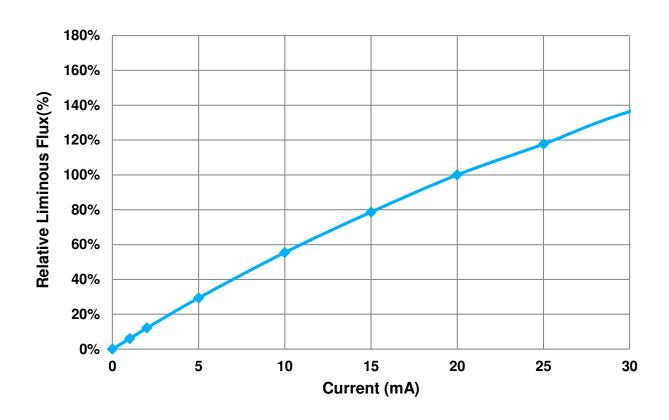


- ◆ Rjs = Rth of Tj to Ts
 ◆ Rjt = Rth of Tj to Thermal pad solder
- ◆ Rth definition in Datasheet = Rjt
- ◆ Rjt < Rjc◆ Tj = Rjs*W+Ts



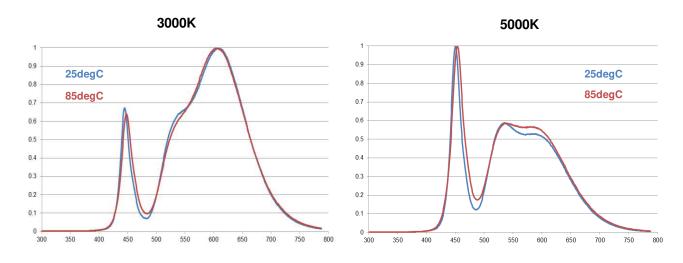
4.2 Forward Current vs. Lumen and Voltage

Current	VF				Lumen (Im)			
(mA)	(V)	2700K	3000K	3500K	4000K	5000K	5700K	6500K
1	21.7	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7
2	22.1	6.8	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.5
5	22.9	16.4	17.5	18.0	18.2	18.5	18.6	18.2
10	23.7	31.1	33.1	34.0	34.4	35.0	35.1	34.4
15	24.3	44.1	47.0	48.3	48.8	49.7	49.7	48.8
20	24.8	56.0	59.7	61.4	62.0	63.2	63.2	62.0
25	25.2	65.9	70.3	72.3	73.0	74.3	74.4	73.0
30	25.6	76.4	81.4	83.7	84.5	86.1	86.2	84.6

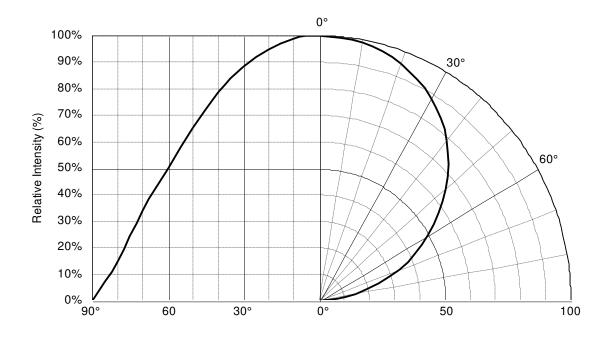




4.3 Relative Spectral Power Distribution at Typical Current

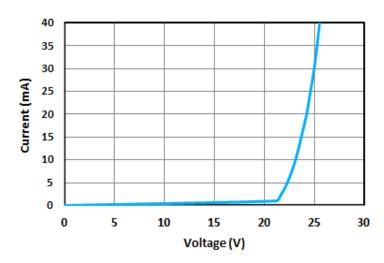


4.4 Radiation Characteristics

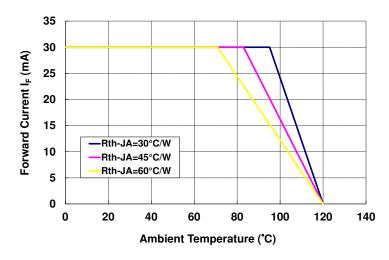




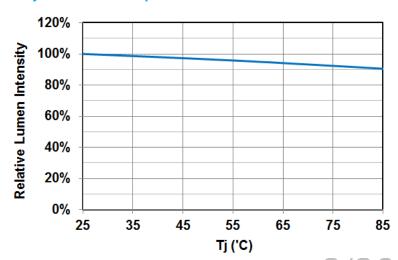
4.5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



4.6 Forward Current Derating Curve vs. Ambient Temperature



4.7 Relative Intensity vs. Junction Temperature

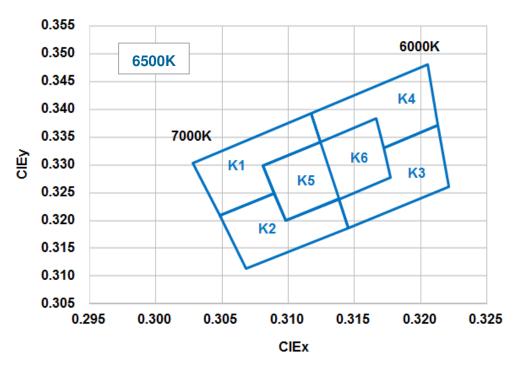


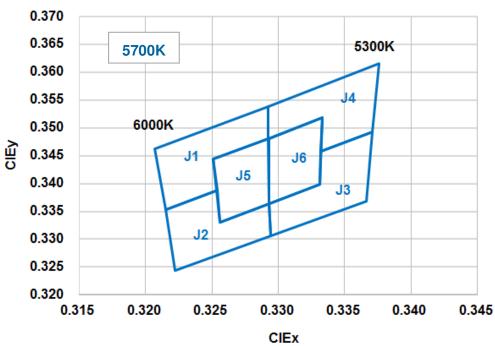
Part No. : 5630SZNxx Series BNS-OD-FC002/A4



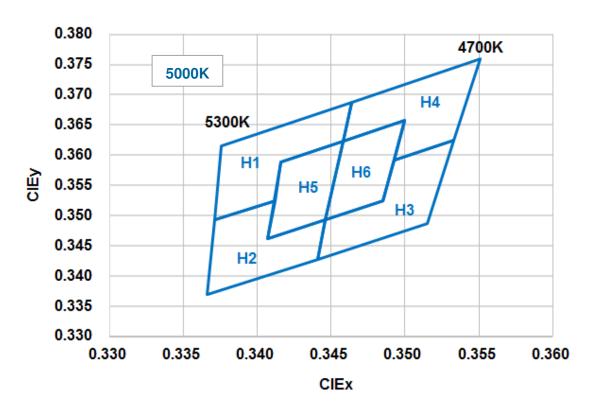
5. Binning Definition

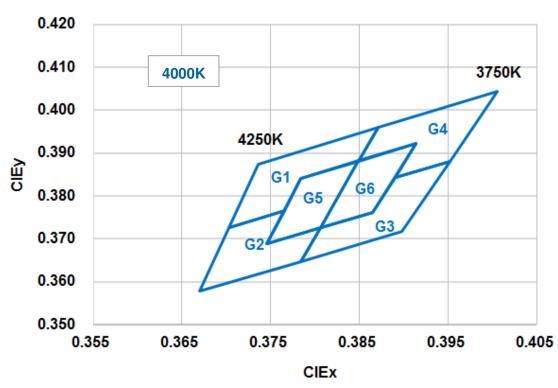
5.1 Color Bin



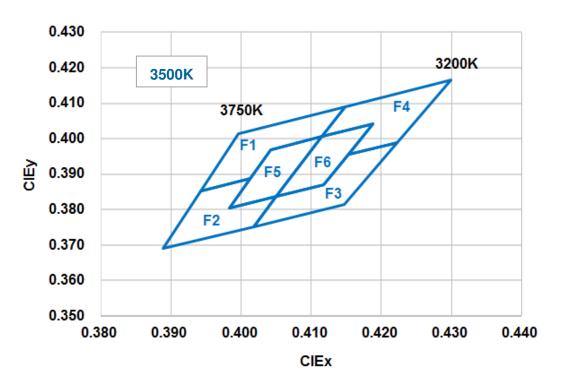


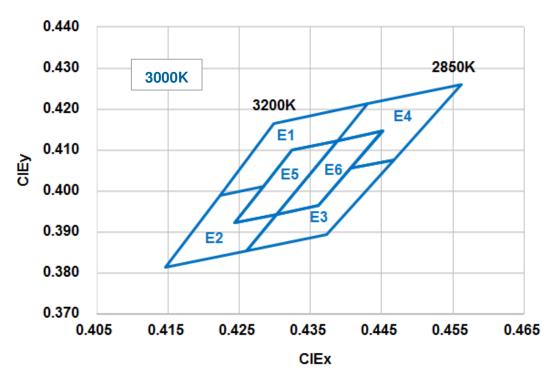




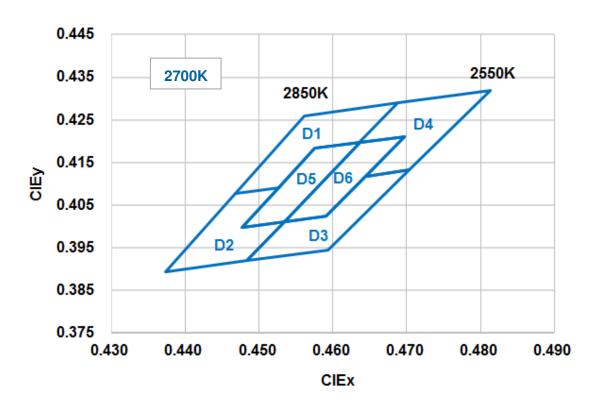














5.2 Color Rank

				6	500K	(<i>I_F</i> = 20	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.3048	0.3209		1	0.3145	0.3187		1	0.3098	0.320
	2	0.3028	0.3304		2	0.3138	0.3238		2	0.3081	0.3299
V4	3	0.3117	0.3393	VΩ	3	0.3177	0.3277	VE	3	0.3124	0.3342
K1	4	0.3124	0.3341	K3	4	0.3172	0.3330	K5	4	0.3138	0.3239
	5	0.3081	0.3299		5	0.3213	0.3371				
	6	0.3089	0.3249		6	0.3221	0.3261				
	1	0.3068	0.3113		1	0.3117	0.3393		1	0.3138	0.3239
	2	0.3048	0.3209		2	0.3205	0.3481		2	0.3124	0.3342
K0	3	0.3089	0.3249	L/A	3	0.3213	0.3371	VC	3	0.3167	0.3384
K2	2 4 0.3098 0.32 K 4	N4	4	0.3172	0.333	K6	4	0.3178	0.3277		
	5	0.3138	0.3238		5	0.3166	0.3384				
	6	0.3145	0.3187		6	0.3124	0.3341				

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is \pm -- 0.01.

				5	700K	$(I_{\rm F}=20$	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	x	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.3215	0.3353		1	0.3294	0.3306		1	0.3256	0.3331
	2	0.3207	0.3462		2	0.3293	0.3364		2	0.3251	0.3444
14	3	0.3292	0.3539	J3	3	0.3331	0.3398	15	3	0.3292	0.3481
J1	4	0.3292	0.3481		4	0.3332	0.3458	J5	4	0.3293	0.3364
	5	0.3251	0.3444		5	0.3371	0.3493				
	6	0.3254	0.3388		6	0.3366	0.3369				
	1	0.3222	0.3243		1	0.3292	0.3539		1	0.3293	0.3364
	2	0.3215	0.3353		2	0.3376	0.3616		2	0.3293	0.3481
10	3	0.3254	0.3388	14	3	0.3371	0.3493	ıc	3	0.3333	0.3518
J2	2 4 0.3256 0.3331 J ²	J 4	4	0.3332	0.3458	J6	4	0.3331	0.3398		
	5	0.3293	0.3364		5	0.3333	0.3518				
	6	0.3294	0.3306		6	0.3292	0.3481				

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is ± -0.01 .



				5	000K	(<i>I</i> _F = 20	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.3371	0.3493		1	0.3441	0.3428		1	0.3407	0.3462
	2	0.3376	0.3616		2	0.3446	0.3493		2	0.3416	0.3589
U4	3	0.3464	0.3688	шо	3	0.3485	0.3524	UE	3	0.3458	0.3623
H1	4	0.3458	0.3623	Н3	4	0.3493	0.3591	H5	4	0.3446	0.3493
	5	0.3416	0.3589		5	0.3533	0.3624				
	6	0.3412	0.3525		6	0.3515	0.3487				
	1	0.3366	0.3369		1	0.3464	0.3688		1	0.3446	0.3493
	2	0.3371	0.3493		2	0.3551	0.3760		2	0.3458	0.3623
110	3	0.3412	0.3525	114	3	0.3533	0.3624	ш	3	0.3500	0.3657
H2	4	0.3407	0.3462	H4	4	0.3493	0.3591	H6	4	0.3485	0.3524
	5	0.3446	0.3493		5	0.3500	0.3657				
	6	0.3441	0.3428		6	0.3458	0.3623				

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is \pm -0.01.

				4	000K	$(I_{\rm F}=20)$	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	x	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.3703	0.3726		1	0.3784	0.3647		1	0.3746	0.3689
	2	0.3736	0.3874	G3	2	0.3806	0.3725		2	0.3784	0.3841
C 1	3	0.3871	0.3959		3	0.3865	0.3762	G5	3	0.3849	0.3882
G1	4	0.3849	0.3881		4	0.3890	0.3842		4	0.3806	0.3726
	5	0.3784	0.3841		5	0.3952	0.3880				
	6	0.3766	0.3765		6	0.3898	0.3716				
	1	0.3670	0.3578		1	0.3871	0.3959		1	0.3806	0.3726
	2	0.3703	0.3726		2	0.4006	0.4044		2	0.3849	0.3882
G2	3	0.3766	0.3765	64	3	0.3952	0.3880	CG	3	0.3914	0.3922
G2	4	0.3746	0.3689	G4	4	0.3890	0.3842	G6	4	0.3865	0.3762
	5	0.3806	0.3725		5	0.3914	0.3922				
	6	0.3784	0.3647		6	0.3849	0.3881				_

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is ± -0.01 .



				3	500K	(<i>I</i> _F = 20	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	x	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.3943	0.3853		1	0.4018	0.3752		1	0.3983	0.3804
	2	0.3996	0.4015		2	0.4050	0.3837		2	0.4042	0.3970
F4	3	0.4148	0.4090	Fo	3	0.4118	0.3869	F5	3	0.4115	0.4006
F1	4	0.4115	0.4006	F3	4	0.4153	0.3955	13	4	0.4050	0.3837
	5	0.4042	0.3970		5	0.4223	0.3990				
	6	0.4013	0.3887		6	0.4147	0.3814				
	1	0.3889	0.3690		1	0.4148	0.4090		1	0.4050	0.3837
	2	0.3943	0.3853		2	0.4299	0.4165		2	0.4115	0.4006
F0	3	0.4013	0.3887	5 4	3	0.4223	0.3990	F C	3	0.4188	0.4041
F2	4	0.3983	0.3804	F4	4	0.4153	0.3955	- F6 -	4	0.4118	0.3869
	5	0.4050	0.3837		5	0.4188	0.4041				
	6	0.4018	0.3752		6	0.4115	0.4006				

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is \pm 0.01.

				3	000K	(<i>I</i> _F = 20	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.4223	0.3990		1	0.4260	0.3854		1	0.4244	0.3923
	2	0.4299	0.4165		2	0.4303	0.3943		2	0.4324	0.4100
E1	3	0.4431	0.4213	E3	3	0.4361	0.3964	E 5	3	0.4388	0.4123
E1	4	0.4388	0.4123		4	0.4406	0.4055	⊑ 3	4	0.4303	0.3944
	5	0.4324	0.4100		5	0.4468	0.4077				
	6	0.4284	0.4011		6	0.4373	0.3893				
	1	0.4147	0.3814		1	0.4431	0.4213		1	0.4303	0.3944
	2	0.4223	0.3990		2	0.4562	0.4260		2	0.4388	0.4123
E2	3	0.4284	0.4011	5 4	3	0.4468	0.4077	Ec	3	0.4452	0.4146
E2	4	4 0.4244 0.3923 E4	E4	4	0.4406	0.4055	E6	4	0.4361	0.3964	
	5	0.4303	0.3943		5	0.4451	0.4146				
	6	0.4260	0.3854		6	0.4388	0.4123				

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is \pm -0.01.



				2	700K	$I_{\rm F} = 20$	mA)				
Rank	-	х	у	Rank	-	x	у	Rank	-	х	у
	1	0.4468	0.4077		1	0.4483	0.3919		1	0.4477	0.3998
	2	0.4562	0.4260		2	0.4534	0.4011		2	0.4576	0.4183
D1	3	0.4688	0.4290	D3	3	0.4591	0.4025	DE	3	0.4637	0.4197
D1	4	0.4636	0.4197		4	0.4644	0.4118	D5	4	0.4534	0.4012
	5	0.4576	0.4183		5	0.4703	0.4132				
	6	0.4527	0.4090		6	0.4593	0.3944				
	1	0.4373	0.3893		1	0.4688	0.4290		1	0.4534	0.4012
	2	0.4468	0.4077		2	0.4813	0.4319		2	0.4637	0.4197
D2	3	0.4527	0.4090	D4	3	0.4703	0.4132	De	3	0.4697	0.4211
D2	4	0.4477	0.3998	D4	4	0.4644	0.4118	- D6	4	0.4591	0.4025
	5	0.4534	0.4011		5	0.4697	0.4211				
	6	0.4483	0.3919		6	0.4636	0.4197				

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x,y) is \pm -0.01.



5.3 Flux Bin

2700K	$\Phi_{\rm v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table			
$\Phi_{ m v}$ Bin	Lumen (lm) at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$			
$\Psi_{\scriptscriptstyle V}$ DIII	Min Max			
CF	44	50		
FI	50	56		
IL	56	62		
LO	62 68			

3000K	$\Phi_{\rm v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table		
Lumen (lm) at $I_{\rm F}$ = 20 m.		at <i>I_F</i> = 20 mA	
$\Phi_{ m v}$ Bin	Min Max		
DG	46	52	
GJ	52	58	
JM	58	64	
MP	64	70	

3500K	$\Phi_{ m v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table			
љ Din	Lumen (lm) at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$			
$\Phi_{ m v}$ Bin	Min Max			
EH	48	54		
HK	54	60		
KN	60	66		
NQ	66 72			

4000K	$\Phi_{ m v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table			
ф Din	Lumen (Im) at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$			
Φ _v Bin	Min Max			
EH	48	54		
HK	54	60		
KN	60	66		
NQ	66	72		

5000K	$\Phi_{\rm v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table			
Lumen (lm) at $I_F = 20 \text{ m}$		at <i>I_F</i> = 20 mA		
$\Phi_{ m v}$ Bin	Min Max			
EH	48	54		
HK	54	60		
KN	60	66		
NQ	66	72		

5700K	$\Phi_{ m v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table			
. Diα	Lumen (lm) at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$			
$\Phi_{ m v}$ Bin	Min Max			
EH	48	54		
HK	54	60		
KN	60	66		
NQ	66	72		

6500K	$\Phi_{ m v}$ Luminous Flux Spec. Table		
σ Din	Lumen (lm) at $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		
$\Phi_{ m v}$ Bin	Min Max		
EH	48	54	
HK	54	60	
KN	60	66	
NQ	66 72		

Tolerance on each Luminous Flux bin is +/- 10%.



5.4 Voltage Bin

V _F Spec. Table			
V Pin	Forward Voltage	Forward Voltage (volts) at <i>I</i> _F = 20mA	
V _F Bin Min Max			
V1	23.7 24.5		
V2	24.5	25.3	
V3	25.3	26.1	

Tolerance on each Forward Voltage bin is +/- 0.5V

6. Bin Code List

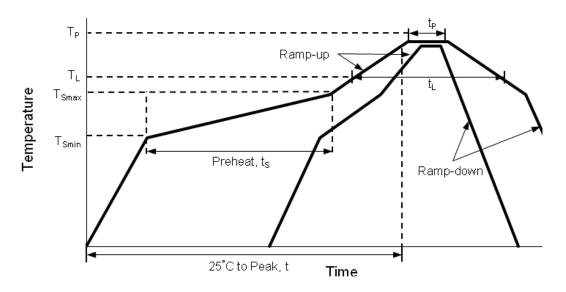
% Notes: Full Rank on Label

Example: V1 / HK / G5

Forward Voltage Rank	Luminous Flux Rank	Color Rank	
V1	HK	G5	



7. Reflow Soldering Characteristics



Profile Feature	Lead Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate (T _{Smax} to T _P)	3°C / second max
Preheat Temperature Min (T _{Smin})	150°C
Preheat Temperature Max (T _{Smax})	200°C
Preheat Time (t _{Smin} to t _{Smax})	60 – 180 seconds
Time Maintained Above Temperature (T _L)	217°C
Time Maintained Above Time (t _L)	60 - 150 seconds
Peak / Classification Temperature (T _P)	260°C
Time Within 5°C of Actual Peak Temperature (t _P)	5 seconds
Ramp – Down Rate	6°C / second max
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	8 minutes max

Notes:

- The LEDs can be soldered using the reflow soldering or hand soldering method. The recommended hand soldering condition is 350 °C max. and 2 secs max. for one time only, and the recommended reflow soldering condition is 260 °C max. and 5 secs max. for three times max.
- 2. All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.



- 3. The soldering condition referring to J-STD-020. The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30 °C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are soldered within one week. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs were stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or desiccators with nitrogen ambient. If the LEDs were unpacked more than 168hrs, baking the LEDs at 60 °C for 24hrs before soldering process.
- 4. The soldering profile could be further referred to different soldering grease material characteristic. The grease vendor will provide this information.
- 5. A rapid-rate process is not recommended for the LEDs cooling down from the peak temperature.
- 6. Although the recommended reflow conditions are specified above, the reflow or hand soldering condition at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- LiteOn cannot make a guarantee on the LEDs which have been already assembled using the dip soldering method.

Part No. : 5630SZNxx Serie BNS-OD-FC002/A4



8. Reliability Test

No	Test item	Test Condition	Duration	Number of Damaged
1	Steady State Operating Life of High Temperature (HTOL)	Ts=55°ℂ , <i>I</i> _F =20mA	1000 hrs	0/20
2	Steady State Operating Life of High Temperature (HTOL)	Ts=85°ℂ, <i>I</i> _F =20mA	1000 hrs	0/20
5	Steady State Operating Life of Low Temperature (LTOL)	Ta=-40°C , <i>I</i> _F =20mA	1000 hrs	0/20
6	Pulse Wet Operating Life of High Temperature (PWHTOL)	60°C/90%RH, <i>I</i> _F =20mA 30mins ON/30min OFF	500 hrs	0/20
7	High Temperature Storage (HTS)	100℃	1000 hrs	0/20
8	Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	-40℃	1000 hrs	0/20
9	Thermal Cycle (TC)	-40°C ~100°C 30min dwell 5min transfer	200 cycle	0/20
10	Thermal Shock (TS)	-40°C ~100°C 20min dwell 20sec transfer	200 cycle	0/20
11	Solder Resistance (SR)	265℃, 3X MSL	5sec	0/20
12	Solder Ability (SA)	245°C5sec, 95% coverage	5sec	0/11
13	Mechanical Shock (MS)	1500G 0.5msec pulse shock	each 6 axis	0/6
14	Random Vibration (RV)	6G RMS, 10-2000Hz, 10min	per axis	0/6
15	Variable Vibration Frequency (VVF)	10-2000-10Hz, log or linear sweep rate, 20G for 1 min, 1.5mm each apply 3x per axis	over 6hrs	0/6
16	Salt Spread (SS)	35°C, 30g/m²/day	48hrs	0/11

Criteria for Judging the Damage

lions	Cymhol	Toot Condition	Criteria for	Judgment
Item	Symbol	Test Condition Min.		Max.
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	<i>I</i> _F =Typical Current		U.S.L. x 1.1
Luminous Flux	lm	<i>I</i> _F =Typical Current	L.S.L. x 0.7	
CCX&CCY	x,y	<i>I</i> _F =Typical Current		Shift<0.02



9. User Guide

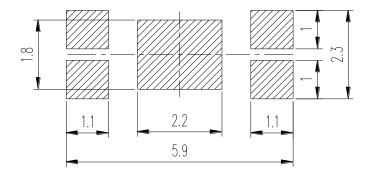
Cleaning

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package. If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less than one minute.

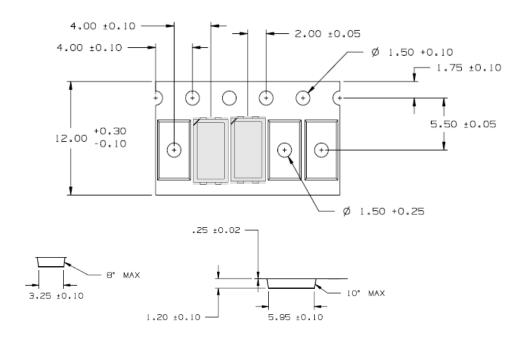
Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad

Infrared / vapor phase

Reflow Soldering



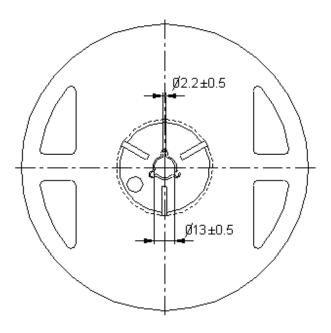
■ Package Dimensions of Tape



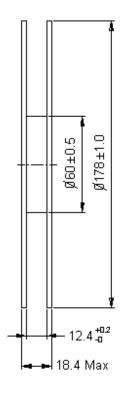
Note: All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).



■ Package Dimensions of Reel



Note: 01. The tolerance unless mentioned is±0.1mm 02. The measured unit is "mm"



Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 7 inch reel-3000 pieces per reel.
- 3. Minimum packing quantity is 500 pieces for remainders.
- 4. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
- 5. In accordance with EIA-481-1-B specifications.



10. Cautions

10.1 Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

10.2 Storage

This product is qualified as Moisture sensitive Level 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 Precaution when handing this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product.

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

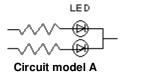
The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. Moreover, the LEDs are limited to solder process within 168hrs. If exceed the storage limiting time since opened, that we recommended to baking LEDs at 60°C at least 24hrs. To seal the remainder LEDs return to package, it's recommended to be with workable desiccants in original package.

10.3 Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

10.4 Drive Mode

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below



Circuit model B

LED

(A) Recommended circuit.

Part No. : 5630SZNxx Serio BNS-OD-FC002/A4



(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

10.5 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no lightup" at low currents. To verify for ESD damage, check for "light up" and V_F of the suspect LEDs at low currents. The V_F of "good" LEDs should be >2.0V@0.1mA for InGaN product and >1.4V@0.1mA for AllnGaP product.

10.6 Suggested Checking List:

- Training and Certification
 - 1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
 - 2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?
- Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas
 - 1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
 - 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
 - 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
 - 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?
- Personnel Grounding
 - 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
 - 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
 - 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?

Part No. : 5630SZNxx S BNS-OD-FC002/A4