imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET

DESCRIPTION

The LXM1624-12-4x is a Dual 4W Output Direct Drive[™] CCFL (Cold range dimming, amplitude control results Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter in lower ripple on the input supply and Module specifically designed for driving reduced LCD backlight lamps. It is ideal for generation. Many STN type panels are driving typical 6.4" to 10.4" TFT panels.

The modules are available with a amplitude dimming. dimming input that permits brightness control from either a DC voltage source or the system battery or AC adapter directly a PWM signal or external Potentiometer. to high frequency, high-voltage waves The maximum output current is externally programmable over a range of 5 to 6.5mA lamps. in 0.5mA steps to allow the inverter to properly match to a wide array of LCD Microsemi's new LX1689 backlight panel lamp current specifications.

LXM1624 modules unlike LXM1623 series does not provide wide the controller's high level of integration. range 'burst' mode dimming, rather dimming is provided by amplitude control are stable fixed-frequency operation, of the output current waveform, this limits secondary-side strike-voltage regulation the potential dim range to typically less and both open/shorted lamp protection than 5:1.

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com Protected By U.S. Patents: 5,923,129; 5,930,121; 6,198,234; Patents Pending

For applications not requiring wide potential transient noise particularly well suited for current

The modules convert DC voltage from required to ignite and operate CCFL

The modules design is based on controller, which provides a number of the cost and performance advantages due to

Other benefits of this new topology with fault timeout.

KEY FEATURES

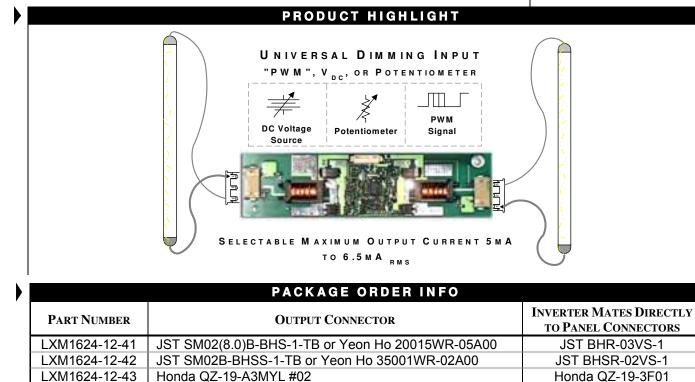
- Externally Programmable Maximum Output Current
- Easy to Use Brightness Control
- Analog Current Amplitude Dimming Method
- Output Open/Short-Circuit Protection and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- **Fixed Frequency Operation**
- Rated From -20 to 70°C
- UL60950 E175910

APPLICATIONS

- High Brightness Displays
- Portable Instrumentation
- Desktop Displays
- Industrial Display Controls

BENEFITS

- Compact, Low Profile Design Programmable output current allows inverter to mate with a wide variety of LCD panel's specifications
- Output Open Circuit Voltage Regulation Minimizes Corona **Discharge For High Reliability**



Microsemi Integrated Products 11861 Western Avenue, Garden Grove, CA. 92841, 714-898-8121, Fax: 714-893-2570

XM1624-12-4x



LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (NOTE 1)

Input Signal Voltage (V _{IN1}) Input Power	
Output Voltage, no load	
Output Current	
Output Power (each output)	
Input Signal Voltage (SLEEP Input)	-0.3V to V _{IN1}
Input Signal Voltage (BRITE)	
Ambient Operating Temperature, zero airflow	20°C to 70°C
Operating Relative Humidity, non-condensing	≤90%
Storage Temperature Range	

Note 1: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (R.C.)

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, will not function optimally.

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating Conditions			Units	
i diameter	Symbol	Min	R.C.	Max	Ginta	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Fully Regulated Lamp Current)	V _{IN1}	10.8	12	13.2	V	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Functional)		10.2	12	13.8		
Output Power (each output)	Po		3.5	4.0	W	
Linear BRITE Control Input Voltage Range ¹	V _{BRT_ADJ}	0.65 to 0.9		2.0	V	
Lamp Operating Voltage	VLAMP	350	440	530	V _{RMS}	
Lamp Current (Full Brightness)	IOLAMP	5		6.5	mA _{RMS}	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	-20		70	°C	

¹ The minimum $V_{BRT ADJ}$ voltage depends on the panel characteristics, depending on the panel it can vary from 0.65V to 0.9V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 25° C except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol Test Conditions	LXM1624-12-4x			Units		
Farameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Тур	Max	Units	
OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS							
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	I _{L(MAX)}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Ground$, $I_{SET2} = Ground$	4.5	5	5.5	mA _{RMS}	
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{L(MAX)}}$	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Ground$, $I_{SET2} = Open$	5.0	5.5	6.0	mA _{RMS}	
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{L(MAX)}}$	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ $I_{SET1} = Open$, $I_{SET2} = Ground$	5.5	6	6.5	mA _{RMS}	
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	$I_{L(MAX)}$	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ I _{SET1} = Open, I _{SET2} = Open	6.0	6.5	7.0	mA _{RMS}	
Output Current Lamp to Lamp Deviation	I _{LL%DEV}	$V_{BRT_ADJ} \ge 2.0V_{DC}$, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$, $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}$ I _{SET1} = Open, I _{SET2} = Open		3	10	%	
Min. Average Lamp Current (each output)	I _{L(MIN)}	V_{BRT_ADJ} =0.65 V_{DC} , SLEEP \geq 2.0V, V_{IN1} = 12 V_{DC} I _{SET1} = I _{SET2} = Ground		2²		mA _{RMS}	
Lamp Start Voltage	V_{LS}	-20°C < T _A < 70°C, V _{IN1} > 10.8V _{DC}	1250	1400		V_{RMS}	
Operating Frequency	fo	$V_{BRT ADJ} = 2.5V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, V_{IN1} = 12V$	76	80	83	kHz	

² The inverter is capable of a lower output current than may be recommended by the panel manufacturer. It is the user's responsibility to set the minimum brightness (BRITE) input at or above the panel specification for minimum current.



LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED) Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 25°C except where otherwise noted. LXM1624-12-4x Parameter Symbol **Test Conditions** Units Max Min Тур **BRITE INPUT** $V_{BRT ADJ} = 0V_{DC}$ -300 μA_{DC} Input Current IBRT $V_{BRT ADJ} = 3V_{DC}$ 50 μA_{DC} I_{O(LAMP)} = Maximum Lamp Current V_{BRT_ADJ} Minimum Input for Max. Lamp Current 2.0 2.05 V_{DC} Minimum Input for Min. Lamp Current $V_{\text{BRT_ADJ}}$ I_{O(LAMP)} = Minimum Lamp Current 0.65* V_{DC} SLEEP INPUT $V_{\overline{\text{SLEEP}}}$ **RUN Mode** 2.0 V_{IN1} V_{DC} SLEEP Mode $V_{\overline{\text{SLEEP}}}$ V_{DC} -0.3 0.8 **SET_{1,2} INPUT** SET_{1,2} Low Threshold V_{L} 0.4 V $V_{SET} \le 0.4V$ -300 Input Current μA ISET **POWER CHARACTERISTICS** Sleep Current $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \le 0.8V$ 0.0 10 50 μA_{DC} I_{IN(MIN)} $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}, \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, I_{SET1} = Open$ Run Current 530 $\mathsf{mA}_{\mathsf{DC}}$ I_{IN(RUN)} I_{SET2} = Ground, V_{LAMP} = 440 V_{RMS} $V_{IN1} = 12V_{DC}, \ \overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V, \ I_{SET1} = Open$ Efficiency 85 % η I_{SET2} = Ground, V_{LAMP} = 440 V_{RMS}

* The Inverter is capable of a lower output current than may be recommended by the panel manufacturer. It is the user's responsibility to set the minimum brightness (BRITE) input at or above the panel specification for minimum current. This is likely greater than the 0.65V minimum input.

		FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION				
CONN	ΡιΝ	DESCRIPTION				
CN1 (Molex	(53261-0890)) Mates with 51021-0800 housing, 50079-8100 pins. Mates with LX9501 input cable assembly				
CN1-1	V _{IN1}	Main Input Power Supply (10.8V \leq V _{IN1} \leq 13.2V)				
CN1-2	▼ IN I					
CN1-3	GND	Power Supply Return				
CN1-4	OND					
CN1-5	SLEEP	ON/OFF Control. (0V < $\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$ < 0.8 = OFF, $\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$ >= 2.0V = ON				
CN1-6	BRITE	Brightness Control (0.65V to 2.0V _{DC}). 2.0V _{DC} gives maximum lamp current.				
CN1-7	SET ₁	SET ₁ MSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)				
CN1-8	SET ₂	SET ₂ LSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)				
	or LXM1624-	12-41 and -42 (JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB Yeon Ho 20015WR-05A00 or SM02B-BHSS-1-TB)0)				
CN2-1 CN3-1	V _{HI}	High voltage connection to high Side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground.				
CN2-2 CN3-2	V _{LO}	Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground				
CN2, CN3 f	or LXM1624-	12-43 (Honda QZ-19-A3MYL #02)				
CN2-3 CN3-3	V _{HI}	High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. DO NOT connect to Ground.				
		Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length.				

Page 3



LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

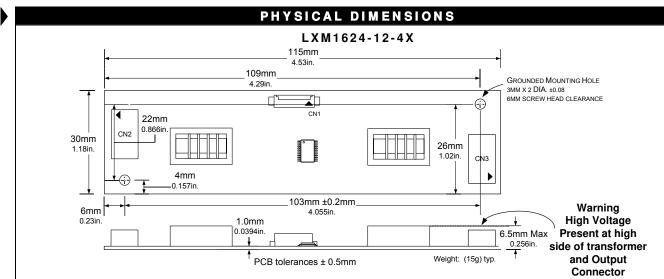
PRODUCTION DATASHEET

TABLE 1

OUTPUT CURRENT SETTINGS

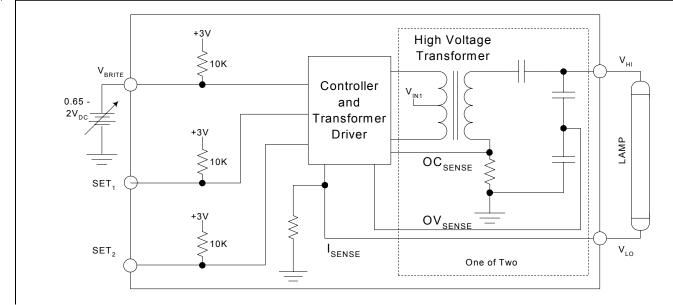
SET₁ (Pin 7)	SET ₂ (Pin 8)	Nominal Output Current
Open*	Open*	6.5mA
Open*	Ground	6.0mA
Ground	Open*	5.5mA
Ground	Ground	5.0mA

* If driven by a logic signal it should be open collector or open drain only, not a voltage source.



Dimensions are in millimeters (inches are for reference only)

SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



Copyright © 2002 Rev. 1.0b, 2005-01-17

Page 4

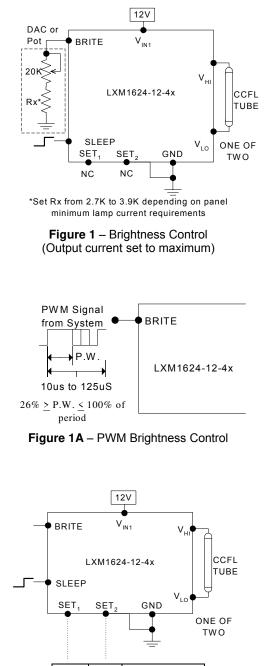


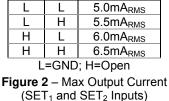
LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET

TYPICAL APPLICATION





 The brightness control may be a voltage output DAC or other voltage source, a digital pot or 20K manual pot. The inverter contains an internal 10K pull-up to 3V to bias the pot, add a 2.7K to 3.9K to set the lower threshold voltage. A 3.3V Logic Level PWM signal from a micro-controller may also be used as shown in Figure 1A.

- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect to TTL logic signal to the SLEEP input.
- Connect V_{HI} to high voltage wire from the lamp. Connect V_{LO} to the low voltage wire (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect V_{LO} to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation. If both lamp wires have heavy high voltage insulation, connect the longest wire to V_{LO} . This wire is typically white.
- Use the SET₁ and SET₂ (see Figure 2) inputs to select the desired maximum output current. Using these two pins in combination allows the inverter to match a wide variety of panels from different manufactures. Generally the best lamp lifetime correlates with driving the CCFL at the manufactures nominal current setting. However the SET₁ and SET₂ inputs allow the user the flexibility to adjust the current to the maximum allowable output current to increase panel brightness at the expense of some reduced lamp life.
- Although the SET pins are designed such that just leaving them open or grounding them is all that is needed to set the output current, they can also be actively set. Using a open collector or open drain logic signal will allow you to reduce the lamp current for situations where greater dim range is required, as an example in nighttime situations. In conjunction with a light sensor or other timer the panel could be set to higher brightness (maximum output current) for daytime illumination and lower brightness (minimum or typical output current) at nighttime. Since the dim ratio is a factor of both the burst duty cycle and the peak output current, using this technique the effective dim ratio can be increased greater than the burst duty cycle alone. Conversely the SET inputs could be used to overdrive the lamp temporarily to facilitate faster lamp warm up at initial lamp turn on. Of course any possible degradation on lamp life from such practices is the users responsibility since not all lamps are designed to be overdriven.
- The inverter has a built in fault timeout function. If the output is open (lamp disconnected or broken) or shorted the inverter will attempt to strike the lamp for several seconds. After about 2 seconds without success the inverter will shutdown. In order to restart the inverter it is necessary to toggle the sleep input or cycle the V_{IN1} input supply

Copyright © 2002

Rev. 1.0b, 2005-01-17

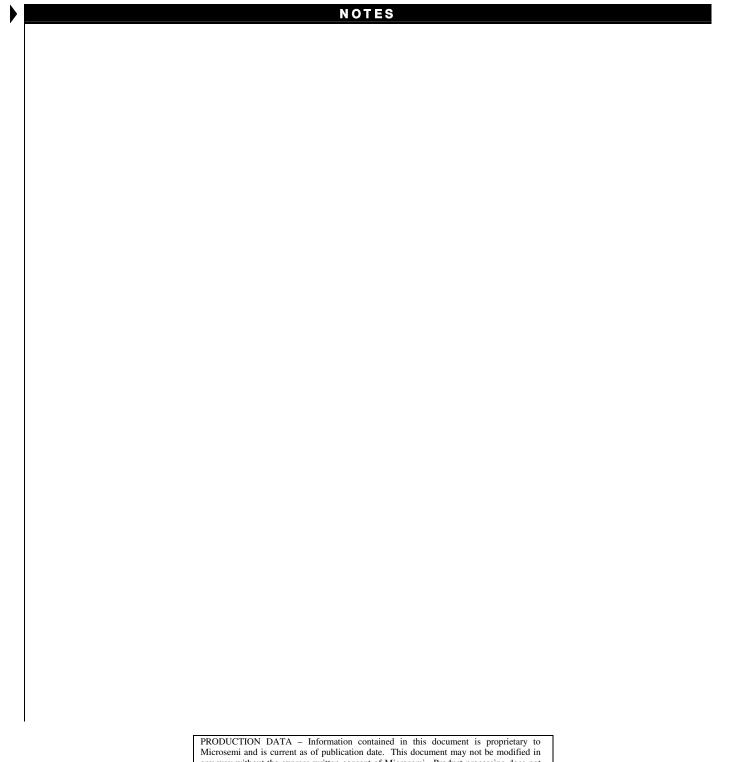
APPLICATION



LXM1624-12-4x

12V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

PRODUCTION DATASHEET



PRODUCTION DATA – Information contained in this document is proprietary to Microsemi and is current as of publication date. This document may not be modified in any way without the express written consent of Microsemi. Product processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters. Microsemi reserves the right to change the configuration and performance of the product and to discontinue product at any time.