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**High Luminous Efficacy** Neutral White LED Emitter

# LZ4-00NW00

## **Key Features**

- High Luminous Efficacy 10W Neutral White LED
- Ultra-small foot print 7.0mm x 7.0mm .
- . Single 4000K ANSI bin distribution
- Surface mount ceramic package with integrated glass lens
- Very low Thermal Resistance (1.1°C/W)
- Individually addressable die
- Very high Luminous Flux density
- Spatial color uniformity across radiation pattern
- JEDEC Level 1 for Moisture Sensitivity Level
- Autoclave complaint (JEDEC JESD22-A102-C)
- Lead (Pb) free and RoHS compliant
- Reflow solderable (up to 6 cycles)
- Emitter available on Standard or Serially Connected MCPCB (optional)

# **Typical Applications**

- **General Lighting**
- Museum Lighting
- Retail & Display Lighting
- Hospitality Lighting
- Accent & Task Lighting
- Architectural Detail Lighting

### Description

The LZ4-00NW00 Neutral White LED emitter provides 10W power in an extremely small package. With a 7.0mm x 7.0mm ultra-small footprint, this package provides exceptional luminous flux density. LED Engin's patent-pending thermally insulated phosphor layers provide spatial color uniformity across the radiation pattern and a consistent CCT over time and temperature. LED Engin's LZ4-00NW00 LED offers ultimate design flexibility with individually addressable die. The high quality materials used in the package are chosen to optimize light output and minimize stresses which results in monumental reliability and lumen maintenance. The robust product design thrives in outdoor applications with high ambient temperatures and high humidity.

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# **Product Nomenclature**

#### Base part number

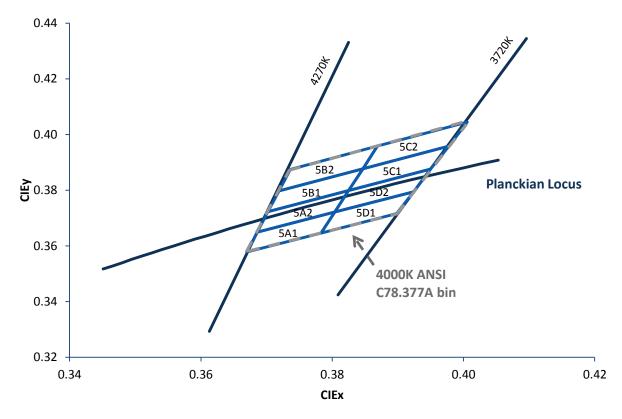
Part number	Description
LZ4-00NW00-xxxx	LZ4 emitter
LZ4-40NW00-xxxx	LZ4 emitter on Standard Star 1 channel MCPCB

#### Bin kit option codes:

NW, Neutral White (4000K – 4500K)				
Kit number suffix	Min flux Bin	Chromaticity bins	Description	
0040	Т	5B2, 5C2, 5B1, 5C1, 5A2, 5D2, 5A1, 5D1	full distribution flux; 4000K ANSI CCT bin	
U040	U	5B2, 5C2, 5B1, 5C1, 5A2, 5D2, 5A1, 5D1	U=minimum flux bin; 4000K ANSI CCT bin	



## **Neutral White Chromaticity Groups**



Standard Chromaticity Groups plotted on excerpt from the CIE 1931 (2°) x-y Chromaticity Diagram. Coordinates are listed below in the table.

Bin code	CIEx	CIEy	Bin code	CIEx	CIEy
	0.3719	0.3797		0.3847	0.3877
	0.3736	0.3874		0.3869	0.3958
5B2	0.3869	0.3958	5C2	0.4006	0.4044
	0.3847	0.3877		0.3978	0.3958
	0.3719	0.3797		0.3847	0.3877
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3825	0.3798
	0.3719	0.3797		0.3847	0.3877
5B1	0.3847	0.3877	5C1	0.3978	0.3958
	0.3825	0.3798		0.395	0.3875
	0.3702 0.3722		0.3825	0.3798	
	0.3686	0.3649		0.3804	0.3721
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3825	0.3798
5A2	0.3825	0.3798	5D2	0.395	0.3875
	0.3804	0.3721		0.3924	0.3794
	0.3686	0.3649		0.3804	0.3721
	0.367	0.3578		0.3783	0.3646
	0.3686	0.3649		0.3804	0.3721
5A1	0.3804	0.3721	5D1	0.3924	0.3794
	0.3783	0.3646		0.3898	0.3716
	0.367	0.3578		0.3783	0.3646

#### **Neutral White Bin Coordinates**

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# Luminous Flux Bins

	Table 1:	
Minimum Luminous Flux (Φ <sub>V</sub> ) @ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup> (lm)	Maximum Luminous Flux ( $\Phi_V$ ) @ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup> (Im)	Typical Luminous Flux ( $\Phi_V$ ) @ I <sub>F</sub> = 1000mA <sup>[2]</sup> (lm)
445	556	580
556	695	810
695	868	1010
	Luminous Flux $(\Phi_V)$ @ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup> (lm) 445 556	Luminous Flux $(\Phi_V)$ Luminous Flux $(\Phi_V)$ @ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup> @ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup> (Im)         (Im)           445         556           556         695

Notes for Table 1:

1. Luminous flux performance guaranteed within published operating conditions. LED Engin maintains a tolerance of ± 10% on flux measurements.

2. Future products will have even higher levels of luminous flux performance. Contact LED Engin Sales for updated information.

## **Forward Voltage Bins**

	Table 2:		
	Minimum	Maximum	
Bin	Forward Voltage (V <sub>F</sub> )	Forward Voltage (V <sub>F</sub> )	
Code	<b>@</b> I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup>	@ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA <sup>[1,2]</sup>	
	(V)	(V)	
 0	12.80	16.64	

Notes for Table 2:

1. Forward Voltage is binned with all four LED dice connected in series.

2. LED Engin maintains a tolerance of  $\pm$  0.16V for forward voltage measurements for the four LEDs.



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Table 3:

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Forward Current at T <sub>jmax</sub> =135°C <sup>[1]</sup>	١ <sub>F</sub>	1200	mA
DC Forward Current at T <sub>jmax</sub> =150°C <sup>[1]</sup>	١ <sub>F</sub>	1000	mA
Peak Pulsed Forward Current <sup>[2]</sup>	I <sub>FP</sub>	1500	mA
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	See Note 3	V
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +150	°C
Junction Temperature	Τ,	150	°C
Soldering Temperature <sup>[4]</sup>	T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C
Allowable Reflow Cycles		6	
Autoclave Conditions <sup>[5]</sup>		121°C at 2 ATM, 100% RH for 168 hours	
ESD Sensitivity <sup>[6]</sup>		> 8,000 V HBM Class 3B JESD22-A114-D	

Notes for Table 3:

1. Maximum DC forward current (per die) is determined by the overall thermal resistance and ambient temperature.

Follow the curves in Figure 10 for current derating.

2: Pulse forward current conditions: Pulse Width ≤ 10msec and Duty Cycle ≤ 10%.

3. LEDs are not designed to be reverse biased.

4. Solder conditions per JEDEC 020D. See Reflow Soldering Profile Figure 5.

5. Autoclave Conditions per JEDEC JESD22-A102-C.

 LED Engin recommends taking reasonable precautions towards possible ESD damages and handling the LZ4-00NW00 in an electrostatic protected area (EPA). An EPA may be adequately protected by ESD controls as outlined in ANSI/ESD S6.1.

# **Optical Characteristics @ T<sub>c</sub> = 25°C**

Table 4:

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Unit
Luminous Flux (@ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA) <sup>[1]</sup>	Φv	610	lm
Luminous Flux (@ I <sub>F</sub> = 1000mA) <sup>[1]</sup>	Φv	760	lm
Correlated Color Temperature	ССТ	4000	К
Color Rendering Index (CRI) <sup>[2]</sup>	R <sub>a</sub>	82	
Viewing Angle <sup>[3]</sup>	20 <sub>1/2</sub>	95	Degrees
Total Included Angle <sup>[4]</sup>	Θ <sub>0.9V</sub>	125	Degrees

Notes for Table 4:

1. Luminous flux typical value is for all four LED dice operating concurrently at rated current.

2. Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI) is 80.

3. Viewing Angle is the off axis angle from emitter centerline where the luminous intensity is ½ of the peak value.

4. Total Included Angle is the total angle that includes 90% of the total luminous flux.

# Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>c</sub> = 25°C

	Table 5:					
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Unit			
Forward Voltage (@ I <sub>F</sub> = 700mA) <sup>[1]</sup>	V <sub>F</sub>	14.0	V			
Forward Voltage (@ $I_F = 1000 \text{ mA})^{[1]}$	V <sub>F</sub>	14.6	V			
Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_J$	-11.9	mV/°C			
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	RΘ <sub>J-C</sub>	1.1	°C/W			

Notes for Table 5:

1. Forward Voltage typical value is for all four LED dice connected in series.



# **IPC/JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity Level**

		Soak Requirements				
	Floo	r Life	Stan	dard	Accel	erated
Level	Time	Conditions	Time (hrs)	Conditions	Time (hrs)	Conditions
1	Unlimited	≤ 30°C/ 60% RH	168 +5/-0	85°C/ 60% RH	n/a	n/a

Table 6 - IPC/JEDEC J-STD-20 MSL Classification:

Notes for Table 6:

1. The standard soak time is the sum of the default value of 24 hours for the semiconductor manufacturer's exposure time (MET) between bake and bag and the floor life of maximum time allowed out of the bag at the end user of distributor's facility.

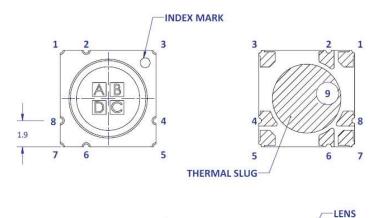
### **Average Lumen Maintenance Projections**

Lumen maintenance generally describes the ability of a lamp to retain its output over time. The useful lifetime for solid state lighting devices (Power LEDs) is also defined as Lumen Maintenance, with the percentage of the original light output remaining at a defined time period.

Based on long-term WHTOL testing, LED Engin projects that the LZ Series will deliver, on average, 90% Lumen Maintenance at 65,000 hours of operation at a forward current of 700 mA per die. This projection is based on constant current operation with junction temperature maintained at or below 125°C.

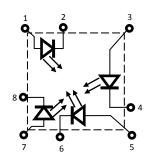


## **Mechanical Dimensions (mm)**



Ø6.2

Pin Out					
Pad	Die	Function			
1	Α	Anode			
2	Α	Cathode			
3	В	Anode			
4	В	Cathode			
5	С	Anode			
6	С	Cathode			
7	D	Anode			
8	D	Cathode			
9 <sup>[2]</sup>	n/a	Thermal			



Notes for Figure 1:

4.2

1.05

1. Unless otherwise noted, the tolerance =  $\pm 0.20$  mm.

7.0

2. Thermal contact, Pad 9, is electrically neutral.

# **Recommended Solder Pad Layout (mm)**

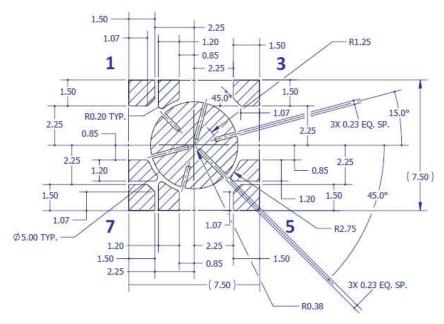


Figure 2a: Recommended solder pad layout for anode, cathode, and thermal pad.

SUBSTRATE

Figure 1: Package outline drawing.

Note for Figure 2a:

1. Unless otherwise noted, the tolerance =  $\pm 0.20$  mm.

2. This pad layout is "patent pending".

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# **Recommended Solder Mask Layout (mm)**

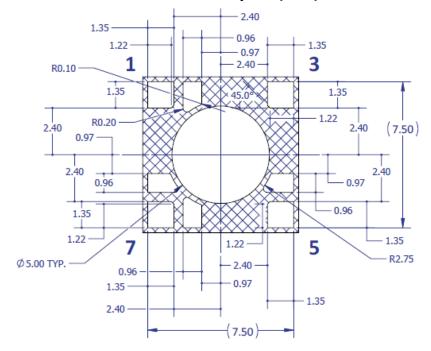
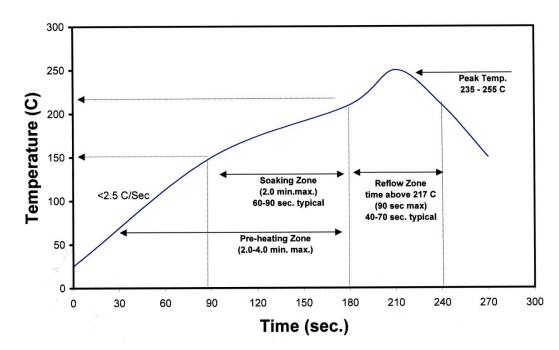


Figure 2b: Recommended solder mask opening (hatched area) for anode, cathode, and thermal pad.

Note for Figure 2b:

1. Unless otherwise noted, the tolerance =  $\pm 0.20$  mm.



# **Reflow Soldering Profile**

Figure 3: Reflow soldering profile for lead free soldering.

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## **Typical Radiation Pattern**

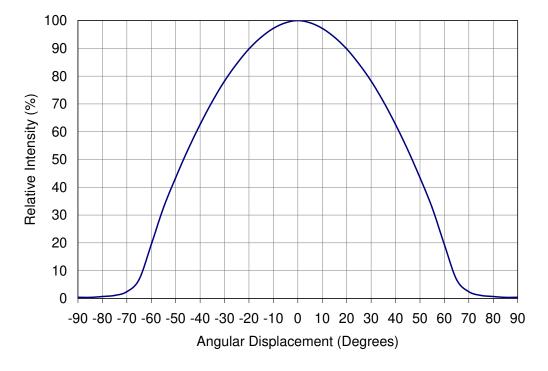
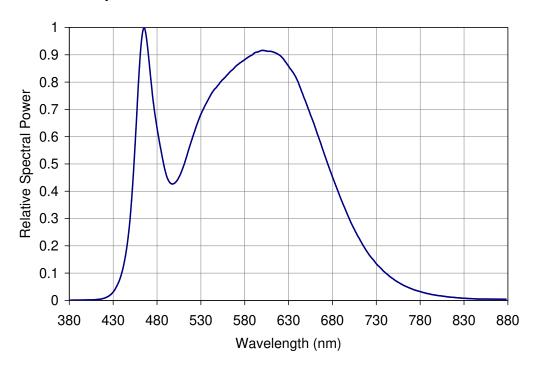


Figure 4: Typical representative spatial radiation pattern.



## **Typical Relative Spectral Power Distribution**

Figure 5: Typical relative spectral power vs. wavelength @  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ .

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# **Typical Relative Light Output**

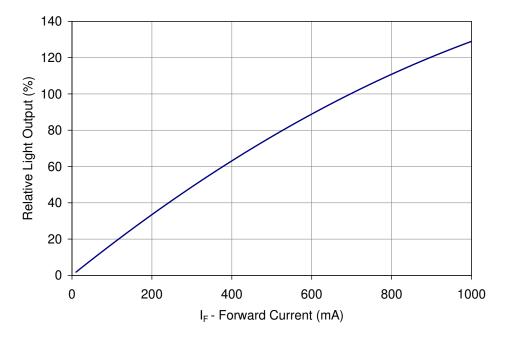


Figure 6: Typical relative light output vs. forward current @  $T_c = 25^{\circ}C$ .

## **Typical Relative Light Output over Temperature**

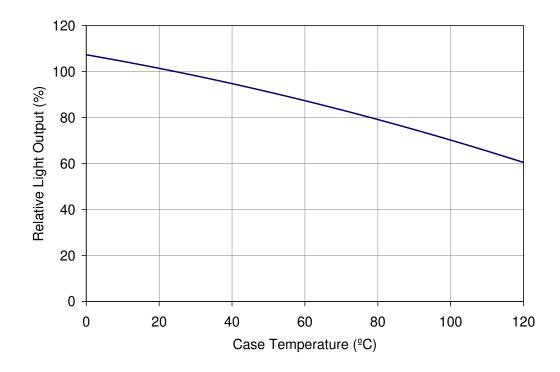
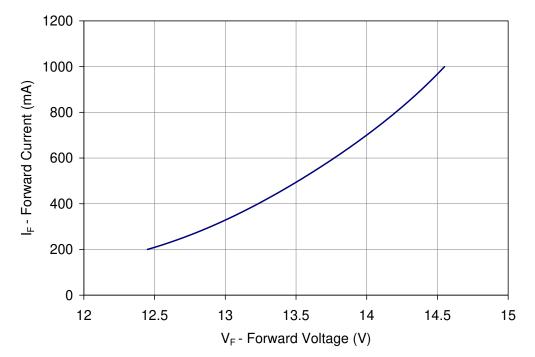


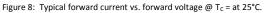
Figure 7: Typical relative light output vs. case temperature.

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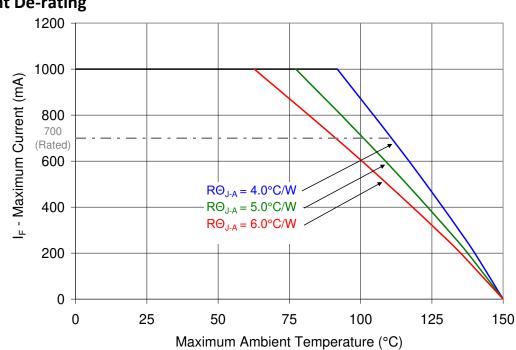


## **Typical Forward Current Characteristics**



#### Note for Figure 8:

1. Forward Voltage curve assumes that all four LED dice are connected in series.



**Current De-rating** 

Figure 9: Maximum forward current vs. ambient temperature based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$  = 150°C.

Notes for Figure 9:

1. Maximum current assumes that all four LED dice are operating concurrently at the same current.

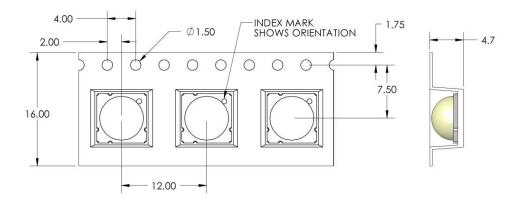
2. RO<sub>J-C</sub> [Junction to Case Thermal Resistance] for the LZ4-00NW00 is typically 1.1°C/W.

3.  $R\Theta_{J-R}$  [Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance] =  $R\Theta_{J-C} + R\Theta_{C-R}$  [Case to Ambient Thermal Resistance].

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# **Emitter Tape and Reel Specifications (mm)**



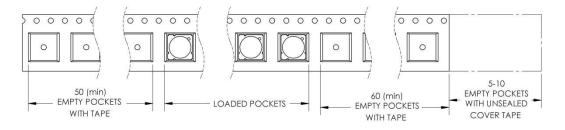


Figure 10: Emitter carrier tape specifications (mm).

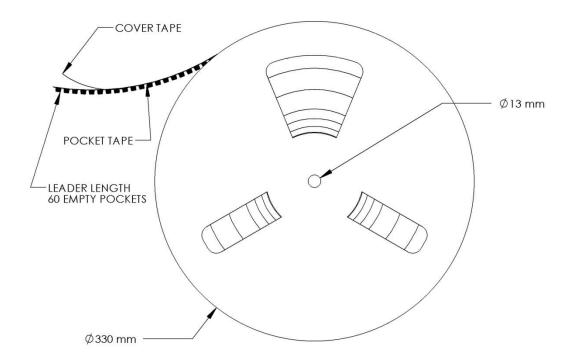


Figure 11: Emitter Reel specifications (mm).

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# **LZ4 MCPCB Family**

Part number	Type of MCPCB	Diameter (mm)	Emitter + MCPCB Thermal Resistance (°C/W)	Typical V <sub>f</sub> (V)	Typical I <sub>f</sub> (mA)
LZ4-4xxxxx	1-channel	19.9	1.1 + 1.1 = 2.2	14.0	700

#### **Mechanical Mounting of MCPCB**

- MCPCB bending should be avoided as it will cause mechanical stress on the emitter, which could lead to substrate cracking and subsequently LED dies cracking.
- To avoid MCPCB bending:
  - Special attention needs to be paid to the flatness of the heat sink surface and the torque on the screws.
  - Care must be taken when securing the board to the heat sink. This can be done by tightening three M3 screws (or #4-40) in steps and not all the way through at once. Using fewer than three screws will increase the likelihood of board bending.
  - o It is recommended to always use plastics washers in combinations with the three screws.
  - If non-taped holes are used with self-tapping screws, it is advised to back out the screws slightly after tightening (with controlled torque) and then re-tighten the screws again.

#### Thermal interface material

- To properly transfer heat from LED emitter to heat sink, a thermally conductive material is required when mounting the MCPCB on to the heat sink.
- There are several varieties of such material: thermal paste, thermal pads, phase change materials and thermal
  epoxies. An example of such material is Electrolube EHTC.
- It is critical to verify the material's thermal resistance to be sufficient for the selected emitter and its operating conditions.

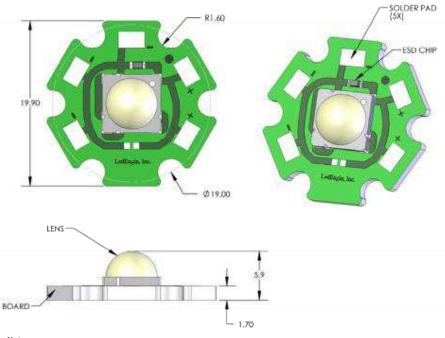
#### Wire soldering

- To ease soldering wire to MCPCB process, it is advised to preheat the MCPCB on a hot plate of 125-150°C.
   Subsequently, apply the solder and additional heat from the solder iron will initiate a good solder reflow. It is recommended to use a solder iron of more than 60W.
- It is advised to use lead-free, no-clean solder. For example: SN-96.5 AG-3.0 CU 0.5 #58/275 from Kester (pn: 24-7068-7601)



# LZ4-4xxxxx

# 1 channel, Standard Star MCPCB (1x4) Dimensions (mm)



#### Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, the tolerance = ± 0.2 mm.
- Slots in MCPCB are for M3 or #4-40 mounting screws.
- LED Engin recommends plastic washers to electrically insulate screws from solder pads and electrical traces.
- Electrical connection pads on MCPCB are labeled "+" for Anode and "-" for Cathode
- LED Engin recommends thermal interface material when attaching the MCPCB to a heatsink
- The thermal resistance of the MCPCB is: ROC-B 1.1°C/W

### **Components used**

MCPCB:	HT04503	(Bergquist)
ESD chips:	BZX585-C30	(NXP, for 4 LED dies in series)

Pad layout			
Ch.	MCPCB Pad	String/die	Function
1	-	1/ABCD	Cathode -
	+		Anode +



## **Company Information**

LED Engin, based in California's Silicon Valley, develops, manufactures, and sells advanced LED emitters, optics and light engines to create uncompromised lighting experiences for a wide range of entertainment, architectural, general lighting and specialty applications. LuxiGen<sup>™</sup> multi-die emitter and secondary lens combinations reliably deliver industry-leading flux density, upwards of 5000 quality lumens to a target, in a wide spectrum of colors including whites, tunable whites, multi-color and UV LEDs in a unique patented compact ceramic package. Our LuxiTune<sup>™</sup> series of tunable white lighting modules leverage our LuxiGen emitters and lenses to deliver quality, control, freedom and high density tunable white light solutions for a broad range of new recessed and downlighting applications. The small size, yet remarkably powerful beam output and superior in-source color mixing, allows for a previously unobtainable freedom of design wherever high-flux density, directional light is required.

LED Engin is committed to providing products that conserve natural resources and reduce greenhouse emissions.

LED Engin reserves the right to make changes to improve performance without notice.

Please contact <u>sales@ledengin.com</u> or (408) 922-7200 for more information.