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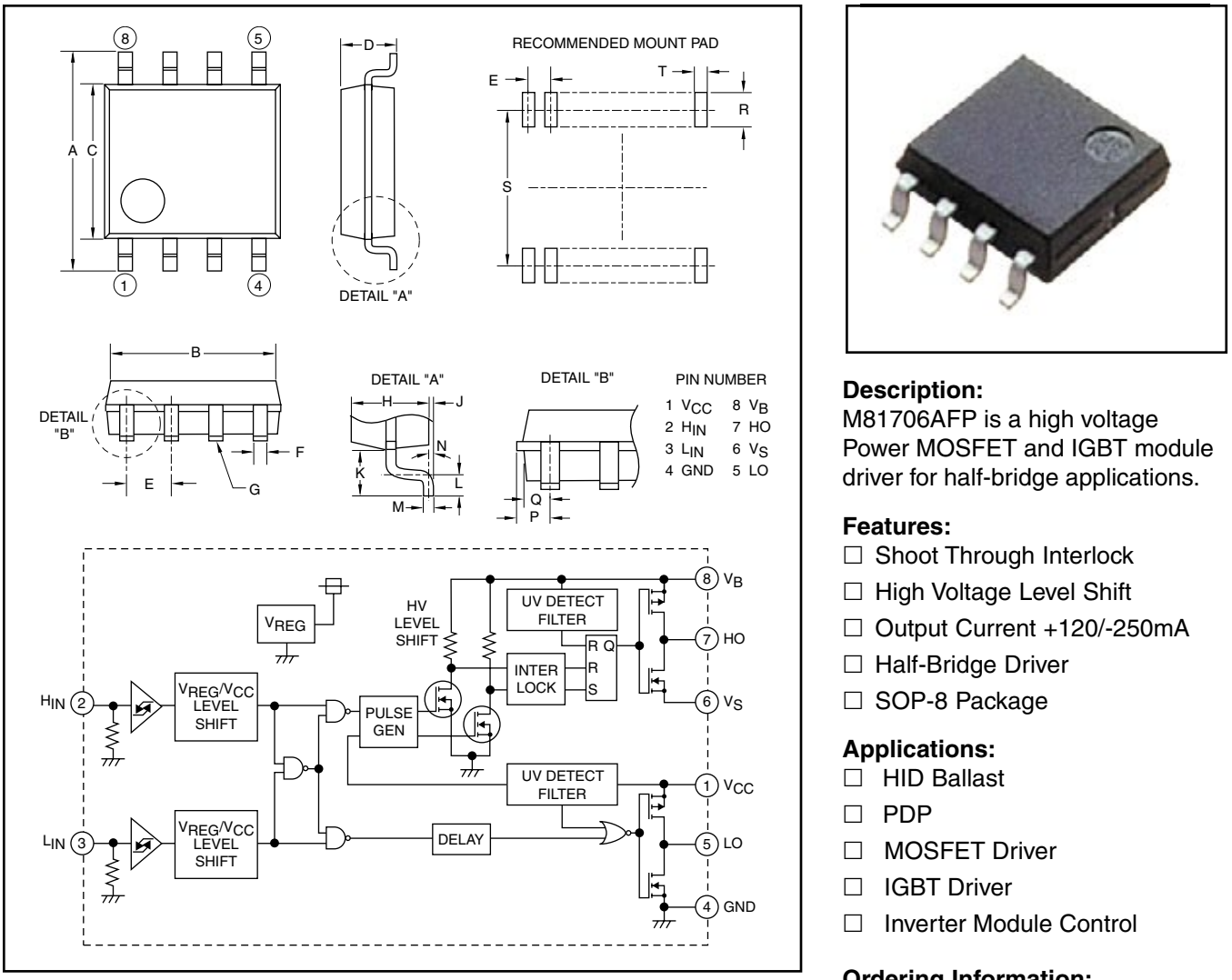
HVIC

High Voltage Half-Bridge Driver 600 Volts/+120mA/-250mA



Outline Drawing and Circuit Diagram

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
A	0.24±0.01	6.2±0.3
B	0.2±0.008	5.0±0.2
C	0.17±0.008	4.4±0.2
D	0.08 Max.	1.9 Max.
E	0.05	1.27
F	0.015±0.002	0.4±0.05
G	0.004	0.1
H	0.06	1.5
J	0.002 Min.	0.05 Min.

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
K	0.04	0.9
L	0.015±0.008	0.4±0.2
M	0.006±0.002	0.15±0.05
N	10° Max.	10° Max.
P	0.03	0.745
Q	0.023	0.595
R	0.05 Min.	1.27 Min.
S	0.23	5.72
T	0.76	0.76

Description:
M81706AFP is a high voltage Power MOSFET and IGBT module driver for half-bridge applications.

Features:
- ☐ Shoot Through Interlock
- ☐ High Voltage Level Shift
- ☐ Output Current +120/-250mA
- ☐ Half-Bridge Driver
- ☐ SOP-8 Package

Applications:
- ☐ HID Ballast
- ☐ PDP
- ☐ MOSFET Driver
- ☐ IGBT Driver
- ☐ Inverter Module Control

Ordering Information:
M81706AFP is a +120/-250mA, 600 Volt HVIC, High Voltage Half-Bridge Driver

M81706AFP
HVIC, High Voltage Half-Bridge Driver
600 Volts/+120mA/-250mA

Absolute Maximum Ratings, T_a = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	M81706AFP	Units
High Side Floating Supply Absolute Voltage	V_B	-0.5 ~ 624	Volts
High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	V_S	V_B-24 ~ V_B+0.5	Volts
High Side Floating Supply Voltage ($V_{BS} = V_B - V_S$)	V_{BS}	-0.5 ~ 24	Volts
High Side Output Voltage	V_{HO}	V_S-0.5 ~ V_B+0.5	Volts
Low Side Fixed Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5 ~ 24	Volts
Low Side Output Voltage	V_{LO}	-0.5 ~ V_{CC}+0.5	Volts
Logic Input Voltage (H_{IN}, L_{IN})	V_{IN}	-0.5 ~ V_{CC}+0.5	Volts
Package Power Dissipation (T_a = 25°C, On Board)	P_d	0.6	Watts
Linear Derating Factor (T_a > 25°C, On Board)	$K\theta$	6.0	mW/°C
Junction to Case Thermal Resistance	$R_{th(j-c)}$	50	°C/W
Junction Temperature	T_j	-20 ~ 125	°C
Operation Temperature	T_{opr}	-20 ~ 100	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ 125	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
High Side Floating Supply Absolute Voltage	V_B		V_S+10	—	V_S+20	Volts
High Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	V_S		0	—	500	Volts
High Side Floating Supply Voltage	V_{BS}	$V_B = V_B - V_S$	10	—	20	Volts
High Side Output Voltage	V_{HO}		V_S	—	V_B	Volts
Low Side Fixed Supply Voltage	V_{CC}		10	—	20	Volts
Logic Supply Voltage	V_{LO}		0	—	V_{CC}	Volts
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	H_{IN}, L_{IN}	0	—	V_{CC}	Volts

Electrical Characteristics

T_a = 25°C, V_{CC} = V_{BS} (= $V_B - V_S$) = 15V unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Floating Supply Leakage Current	I_{FS}	$V_B = V_S$ = 600V	—	—	1.0	µA
V_{BS} Standby Current	I_{BS}	$H_{IN} = L_{IN}$ = 0V	—	0.2	0.5	mA
V_{CC} Standby Current	I_{CC}	$H_{IN} = L_{IN}$ = 0V	0.2	0.5	1.0	mA
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	I_O = -20mA, LO, HO	13.6	14.2	—	Volts
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	I_O = 20mA, LO, HO	—	0.3	0.6	Volts
High Level Input Threshold Voltage	V_{IH}	H_{IN}, L_{IN}	2.7	—	—	Volts
Low Level Input Threshold Voltage	V_{IL}	H_{IN}, L_{IN}	—	—	0.8	Volts
High Level Input Bias Current	I_{IH}	V_{IN} = 5V	—	5	20	µA
Low Level Input Bias Current	I_{IL}	V_{IN} = 0V	—	—	2.0	µA
V_{BS} Supply UV Reset Voltage	V_{BSuvr}		8.0	8.9	9.8	Volts
V_{BS} Supply UV Trip Voltage	V_{BSuvt}		7.4	8.2	9.0	Volts
V_{BS} Supply UV Hysteresis Voltage	V_{BSuvh}		0.5	0.7	—	Volts
V_{BS} Supply UV Filter Time	tV_{BSuv}		—	7.5	—	µs
V_{CC} Supply UV Reset Voltage	V_{CCuvr}		8.0	8.9	9.8	Volts

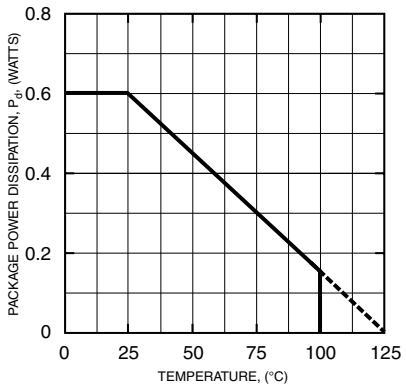
M81706AFP
HVIC, High Voltage Half-Bridge Driver
600 Volts/+120mA/-250mA

Electrical Characteristics

T_a = 25°C, V_{CC} = V_{BS} (= V_B – V_S) = 15V unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{BS} Supply UV Trip Voltage	V_{CCuvt}		7.4	8.2	9.0	Volts
V_{CC} Supply UV Hysteresis Voltage	V_{CCuvh}		0.5	0.7	—	Volts
V_{CC} Supply UV Filter Time	tV_{CCuv}		—	7.5	—	µs
Output High Level Short Circuit Pulsed Current	I_{OH}	V_O = 0V, V_{IN} = 5V, P_W < 10µs	120	200	—	mA
Output Low Level Short Circuit Pulsed Current	I_{OL}	V_O = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V, P_W < 10µs	250	350	—	mA
Output High Level ON Resistance	R_{OH}	I_O = -20mA, R_{OH} = (V_{OH} – V_O)/I_O	—	40	70	Ω
Output Low Level ON Resistance	R_{OL}	I_O = 20mA, R_{OL} = V_O /I_O	—	15	30	Ω
High Side Turn-On Propagation Delay	$t_{dLH(HO)}$	C_L = 1000pF between HO – V_S	—	120	240	ns
High Side Turn-Off Propagation Delay	$t_{dHL(HO)}$	C_L = 1000pF between HO – V_S	—	170	280	ns
High Side Turn-On Rise Time	t_{rH}	C_L = 1000pF between HO – V_S	—	130	220	ns
High Side Turn-Off Fall Time	t_{fH}	C_L = 1000pF between HO – V_S	—	50	80	ns
LowSide Turn-On Propagation Delay	$t_{dLH(LO)}$	C_L = 1000pF between LO – GND	—	120	240	ns
Low Side Turn-Off Propagation Delay	$t_{dHL(LO)}$	C_L = 1000pF between LO – GND	—	170	280	ns
Low Side Turn-On Rise Time	t_{rL}	C_L = 1000pF between LO – GND	—	130	220	ns
Low Side Turn-Off Fall Time	t_{fL}	C_L = 1000pF between LO – GND	—	50	80	ns
Delay Matching, High Side and Low Side Turn-On	Δt_{dLH}	$\lvert t_{dLH(HO)} - t_{dLH(LO)} \rvert$	—	0	30	ns
Delay Matching, High Side and Low Side Turn-Off	Δt_{dHL}	$\lvert t_{dHL(HO)} - t_{dHL(LO)} \rvert$	—	0	30	ns

THERMAL DERATING FACTOR CHARACTERISTICS



FUNCTION TABLE (X : HORL)

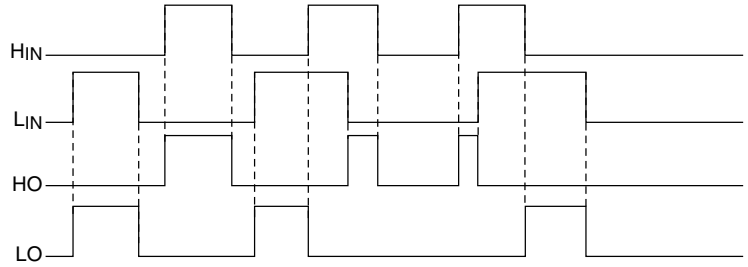
H_{IN}	L_{IN}	V_{BS} U_V	V_{CC} U_V	HO	LO	Behavorial State
L	L	H	H	L	L	LO = H_O = Low
L	H	H	H	L	H	LO = High
H	L	H	H	H	L	HO = High
H	H	H	H	L	L	LO = H_O = Low
X	L	L	H	L	L	LO = Low, V_{BS} U_V Tripped
X	H	L	H	L	H	LO = High, V_{BS} U_V Tripped
L	X	H	L	L	L	LO = Low, V_{CC} U_V Tripped
H	X	H	L	L	L	HO = LO = Low, V_{CC} U_V Tripped

NOTE: "L" state of V_{BS} U_V, V_{CC} U_V means that U_V trip voltage.
In the case of both input signals (H_{IN} and L_{IN}) are "H", output signals (HO and LO) become "L".

TIMING DIAGRAM

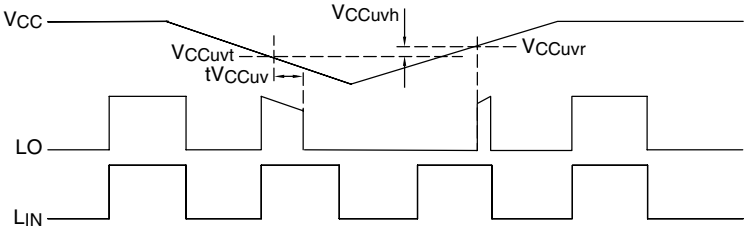
1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

   HIGH ACTIVE – When input signal (H_{IN} or L_{IN}) is "H", then output signal (HO or LO) is "H". In the case of both input signals (H_{IN} and L_{IN}) are "H", then output signals (HO and LO) become "L".

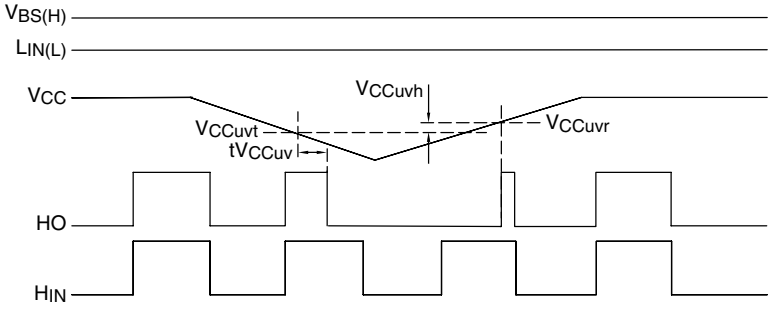


2. V_{CC}(V_{BS}) Supply Under Voltage Lockout Timing Diagram

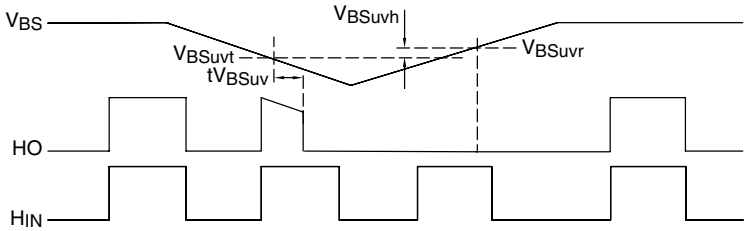
   When V_{CC} supply voltage keeps lower UV trip voltage ($V_{CCuvt} = V_{CCuvr} – V_{CCuvh}$) for V_{CC} supply UV filter time, output signal becomes "L". And then, when V_{CC} supply voltage is higher than UV reset voltage, output signal LO becomes "H".



   When V_{CC} supply voltage keeps lower UV trip voltage ($V_{CCuvt} = V_{CCuvr} – V_{CCuvh}$) for V_{CC} supply UV filter time, output signal becomes "L". And then, when V_{CC} supply voltage is higher than UV reset voltage, input signal (L_{IN}) is "L"; output signal HO becomes "H".



   When V_{BS} supply voltage keeps lower UV trip voltage ($V_{BSuvt} = V_{BSuvr} – V_{BSuvh}$) for V_{BS} supply UV filter time, output signal becomes "L". And then, V_{BS} supply voltage is higher than UV reset voltage, output signal HO keeps "L" until next input signal H_{IN} is "H".



3. Allowable Supply Voltage Transient

   It is recommended supplying V_{CC} first and V_{BS} second. In the case of shutting off supply voltage, shut off V_{BS} first and shut off V_{CC} second. At the time of starting V_{CC} and V_{BS}, power supply should be increased slowly. If it is increased rapidly, output signal (HO or LO) may be "H".

Note: This device has high voltage between closely spaced pins. In most applications, supplemental insulation will be required.