



Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from,Europe,America and south Asia,supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



MAX14595

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

General Description

The MAX14595 is a dual-channel, bidirectional logic-level translator designed specifically for low power consumption making it suitable for portable and battery-powered equipment. Externally applied voltages, V_{CC} and V_L , set the logic levels on either side of the device. A logic signal present on the V_L side of the device appears as the same logic signal on the V_{CC} side of the device, and vice-versa.

The device is optimized for the I²C bus as well as the management data input/output (MDIO) bus where often high-speed, open-drain operation is required. When \overline{TS} is high, the device allows the pullup to be connected to the I/O port that has the power. This allows continuous I²C operation on the powered side without any disruption while the level translation function is off.

The part is specified over the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range, and is available in 8-bump WLP and 8-pin TDFN packages.

- ◆ **Meets Industry Standards**
 - ◇ I²C Requirements for Standard, Fast, and High* Speeds
 - ◇ MDIO Open Drain Above 4MHz*
- ◆ **Allows Greater Design Flexibility**
 - ◇ Down to 0.9V Operation on V_L Side
 - ◇ Supports Above 8MHz Push-Pull Operation
- ◆ **Ultra-Low Power Consumption**
 - ◇ 7µA V_{CC} Supply Current
 - ◇ 3µA V_L Supply Current
- ◆ **Provides High Level of Integration**
 - ◇ Pullup Resistor Enabled with One Side Power Supply when \overline{TS} Is High
 - ◇ 12kΩ (max) Internal Pullup
 - ◇ Low Transmission Gate R_{ON} : 17Ω (max)
- ◆ **Saves Space**
 - ◇ 8-Bump, 0.4mm Pitch, 0.8mm x 1.6mm WLP Package
 - ◇ 8-Pin, 2mm x 2mm TDFN Package

Applications

- Portable and Battery-Powered Electronics
- Devices with I²C Communication
- Devices with MDIO Communication
- General Logic-Level Translation

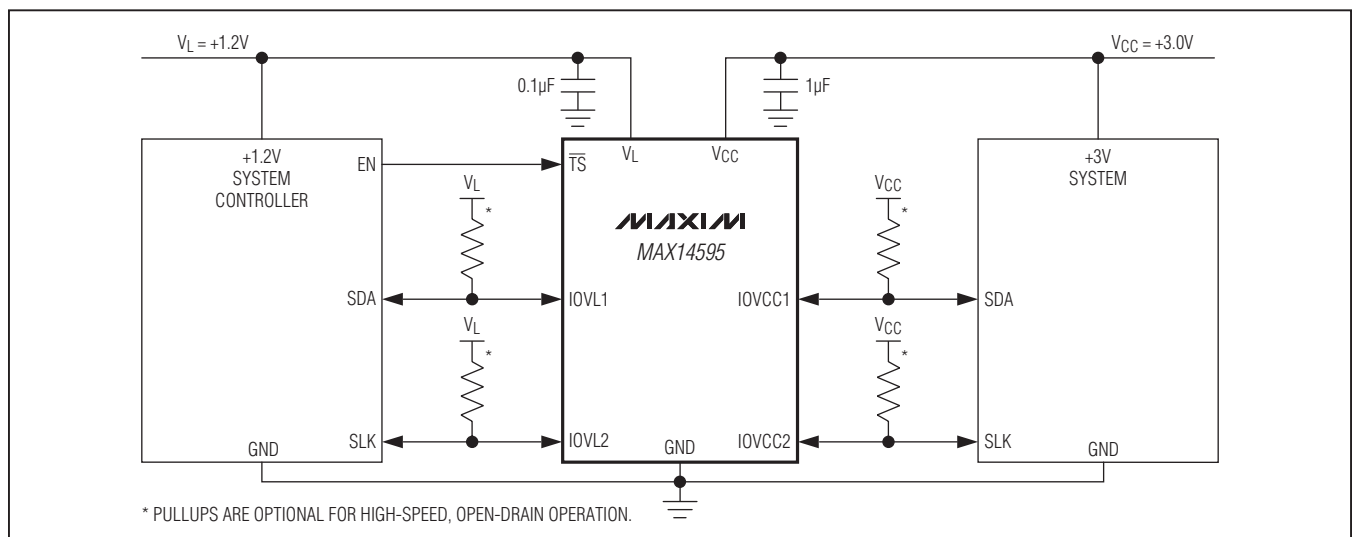
*Requires external pullups.

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to www.maxim-ic.com/MAX14595.related.

Benefits and Features

Typical Operating Circuit



Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltages referenced to GND.

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| V_{CC} , V_L , \overline{TS} | -0.5V to +6V |
| IOVCC1, IOVCC2 | -0.5V to +(V _{CC} + 0.5V) |
| IOVL1, IOVL2 | -0.5V to +(V _L + 0.5V) |
| Short-Circuit Duration IOVCC1, IOVCC2, IOVL1, IOVL2 to GND | Continuous |
| V_{CC} , IOVCC_ Maximum Continuous Current at +110°C | 100mA |
| V_L IOVL_ Maximum Continuous Current at +110°C | 40mA |

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| \overline{TS} Maximum Continuous Current at +110°C | 70mA |
| Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) | |
| TDFN (derate 6.2mW/°C above +70°C) | 496mW |
| WLP (derate 11.8mW/°C above +70°C) | 944mW |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (TDFN only, soldering, 10s) | +300°C |
| Soldering Temperature (reflow) | +260°C |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

TDFN

| | |
|--|---------|
| Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) | 162°C/W |
| Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC}) | 20°C/W |

WLP

| | |
|--|--------|
| Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) | 85°C/W |
|--|--------|

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = +1.65V to +5.5V, V_L = +0.9V to min(V_{CC} + 0.3V, +3.6V), T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +3V, V_L = +1.2V, and T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 2, 3)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|-------------------------|---|------|------|------|-------|
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Range | V _L | | 0.9 | | 5.5 | V |
| | V _{CC} | | 1.65 | | 5.5 | |
| V _{CC} Supply Current | I _{CC} | IOVCC_ = V _{CC} , IOVL_ = V _L , \overline{TS} = V _{CC} | | 7 | 15 | μA |
| V _L Supply Current | I _L | IOVCC_ = V _{CC} , IOVL_ = V _L , \overline{TS} = V _{CC} | | 3 | 6 | μA |
| V _{CC} Shutdown Supply Current | I _{CC-SHDN} | \overline{TS} = GND | | 0.4 | 1 | μA |
| | | \overline{TS} = V _{CC} , V _L = GND, IOVCC_ = unconnected | | 0.4 | 1 | |
| V _L Shutdown Supply Current | I _{L-SHDN} | \overline{TS} = GND | | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| | | \overline{TS} = V _L , V _{CC} = GND, IOVL_ = unconnected | | 0.1 | 1 | |
| IOVCC_, IOVL_ Three-State Leakage Current | I _{LEAK} | T _A = +25°C, \overline{TS} = GND | | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| \overline{TS} Input Leakage Current | I _{LEAK_TS} | T _A = +25°C | | | 1 | μA |
| V _{CC} Shutdown Threshold | V _{TH_VCC} | \overline{TS} = V _L , V _{CC} falling | | 0.8 | 1.35 | V |
| V _L Shutdown Threshold | V _{TH_VL} | \overline{TS} = V _{CC} , V _L falling, V _L = 0.9V | 0.25 | 0.6 | 0.86 | V |
| V _L Above V _{CC} Shutdown Threshold | V _{TH_VL-VCC} | V _L rising above V _{CC} , V _{CC} = +1.65V | 0.4 | 0.73 | 1.1 | V |
| IOVL_ Pullup Resistor | R _{VL_PU} | Inferred from V _{OHL} measurements | 3 | 7.6 | 12 | kΩ |
| IOVCC_ Pullup Resistor | R _{VCC_PU} | Inferred from V _{OHC} measurements | 3 | 7.6 | 12 | kΩ |
| IOVL_ to IOVCC_ DC Resistance | R _{IOVL-IOVCC} | Inferred from V _{OLx} measurements | | 6 | 17 | Ω |

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = +1.65V$ to $+5.5V$, $V_L = +0.9V$ to $\min(V_{CC} + 0.3V, +3.6V)$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +3V$, $V_L = +1.2V$, and $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Notes 2, 3)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|------------|--|---------------------|------|------|------------|
| LOGIC LEVELS | | | | | | |
| IOVL_ Input-Voltage High | V_{IHL} | IOVL_ rising, $V_L = +0.9V$, $V_{CC} = +1.65V$ (Note 4) | $V_L - 0.2$ | | | V |
| IOVL_ Input-Voltage Low | V_{ILL} | IOVL_ falling, $V_L = +0.9V$, $V_{CC} = +1.65V$ (Note 4) | | | 0.15 | V |
| IOVCC_ Input-Voltage High | V_{IHC} | IOVCC_ rising, $V_L = +0.9V$, $V_{CC} = +1.65V$ (Note 4) | $V_{CC} - 0.4$ | | | V |
| IOVCC_ Input-Voltage Low | V_{ILC} | IOVCC_ falling, $V_L = +0.9V$, $V_{CC} = +1.65V$ (Note 4) | | | 0.2 | V |
| \overline{TS} Input-Voltage High | V_{IH} | \overline{TS} rising, $V_L = +0.9V$ or $+3.6V$, $V_{CC} > V_L$ | $V_L - 0.15$ | | | V |
| \overline{TS} Input-Voltage Low | V_{IL} | \overline{TS} falling, $V_L = +0.9V$ or $+3.6V$, $V_{CC} > V_L$ | | | 0.2 | V |
| IOVL_ Output-Voltage High | V_{OHL} | IOVL_ source current $20\mu A$, $V_{IOVCC_} = V_L$ to V_{CC} ($V_{CC} \geq V_L$) | $0.7 \times V_L$ | | | V |
| IOVL_ Output-Voltage Low | V_{OLL} | IOVL_ sink current $5mA$, $V_{IOVCC_} \leq 0.05V$ | | | 0.2 | V |
| IOVCC_ Output-Voltage High | V_{OHC} | IOVCC_ source current $20\mu A$, $V_{IOVL_} = V_L$ | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$ | | | V |
| IOVCC_ Output-Voltage Low | V_{OLC} | IOVCC_ sink current $5mA$, $V_{IOVL_} \leq 0.05V$ | | | 0.25 | V |
| RISE/FALL TIME ACCELERATOR STAGE | | | | | | |
| Accelerator Pulse Duration | | $V_L = +0.9V$, $V_{CC} = +1.65V$ | 9 | 22 | 48 | ns |
| IOVL_ Output Accelerator Source Impedance | | $V_L = +0.9V$, IOVL_ = GND, $V_{CC} = +1.65V$ | | 26 | | Ω |
| | | $V_L = +3.3V$, IOVL_ = GND, $V_{CC} = +5V$ | | 6.8 | | |
| IOVCC_ Output Accelerator Source Impedance | | $V_{CC} = +1.65V$, IOVCC_ = GND | | 26 | | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC} = +5V$, IOVCC_ = GND | | 6.5 | | |
| THERMAL PROTECTION | | | | | | |
| Thermal Shutdown | T_{SHDN} | | | +150 | | $^\circ C$ |
| Thermal Hysteresis | T_{HYST} | | | 10 | | $^\circ C$ |

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{CC} = +1.65V$ to $+5.5V$, $V_L = +0.9V$ to $+3.6V$, $V_{CC} \geq V_L$, $\overline{TS} = V_L$, $C_{VCC} = 1\mu F$, $C_{VL} = 0.1\mu F$, $C_{IOVL_} \leq 100pF$, $C_{IOVCC_} \leq 100pF$, $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +3V$, $V_L = +1.2V$ and $T_A = +25^\circ C$. All timing is 10% to 90% for rise time and 90% to 10% for fall time.) (Note 5)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---|---------|-----|-----|-----|---------|
| Turn-On Time for Q1 | t_{ON} | $V_{\overline{TS}} = 0V$ to V_L (see the <i>Block Diagram</i>) | | | 160 | 400 | μs |
| IOVCC_ Rise Time | t_{RCC} | Push-pull driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 1) | | | 8 | 22 | ns |
| | | Open-drain driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 2) | | | 11 | | |
| IOVCC_ Fall Time | t_{FCC} | Push-pull driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 1) | | | 5 | 15 | ns |
| | | Open-drain driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 2) | | | 6 | | |
| IOVL_ Rise Time | t_{RL} | Push-pull driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 3) | | | 4 | 13 | ns |
| | | Open-drain driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 4) | | | 16 | | |
| IOVL_ Fall Time | t_{FL} | Push-pull driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 3) | | | 2.8 | 12 | ns |
| | | Open-drain driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 4) | | | 3.3 | | |
| Propagation Delay (Driving IOVL_) | t_{PD_LCC} | Push-pull driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 1) | Rising | | 7.6 | 19 | ns |
| | | | Falling | | 3 | 9 | |
| Propagation Delay (Driving IOVCC_) | t_{PD_CCL} | Push-pull driving, $V_L = +1.2V$, $V_{CC} = +3V$ (Figure 3) | Rising | | 3 | 5 | ns |
| | | | Falling | | 1.5 | 7 | |
| Channel-to-Channel Skew | t_{SKEW} | Input rise time/fall time < 6ns | | | | 1.5 | ns |
| Maximum Data Rate | | Push-pull operation | | | 8 | | MHz |
| | | Open-drain operation (Note 6) | | | 4 | | |

Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25^\circ C$. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and not production tested.

Note 3: V_L must be less than or equal to V_{CC} during normal operation. However, V_L can be greater than V_{CC} during startup and shutdown conditions.

Note 4: V_{IHL} , V_{ILL} , V_{IHC} , and V_{ILC} are intended to define the range where the accelerator triggers.

Note 5: Guaranteed by design.

Note 6: External pullup resistors are required.

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

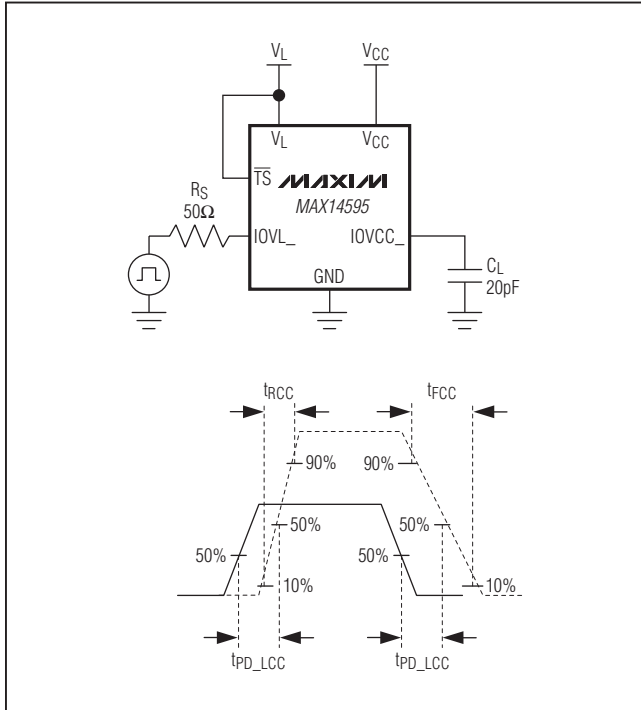


Figure 1. Push-Pull Driving $IOVL_-$

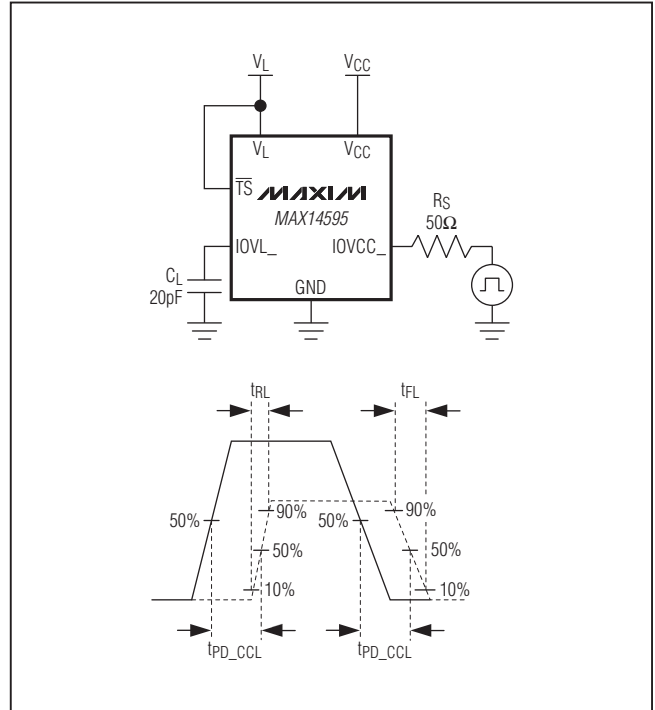


Figure 3. Push-Pull Driving $IOVCC_-$

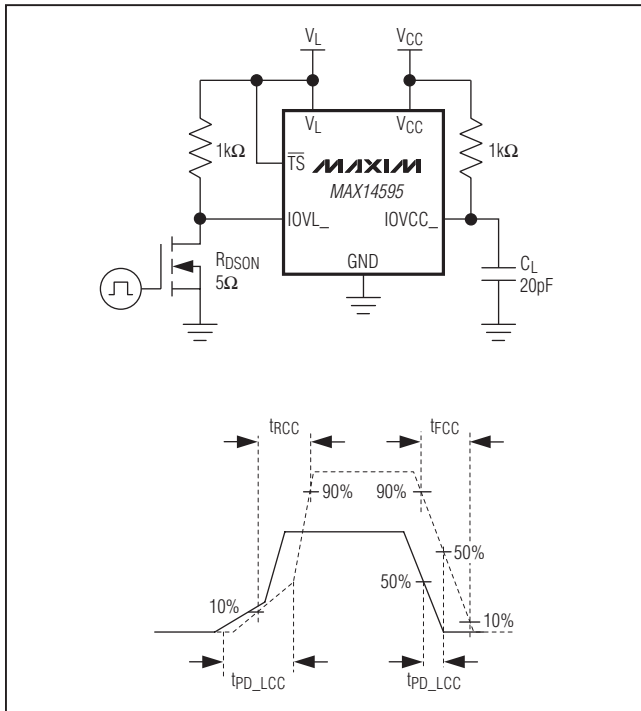


Figure 2. Open-Drain Driving $IOVL_-$

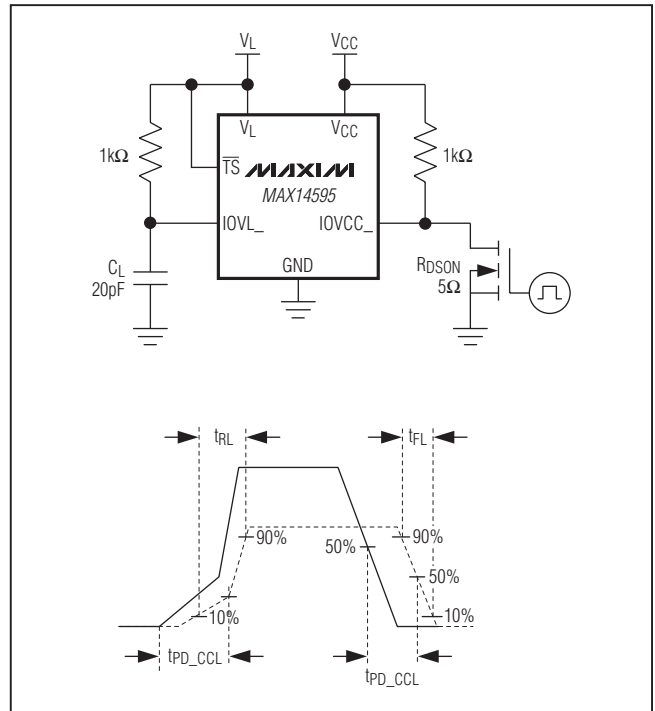


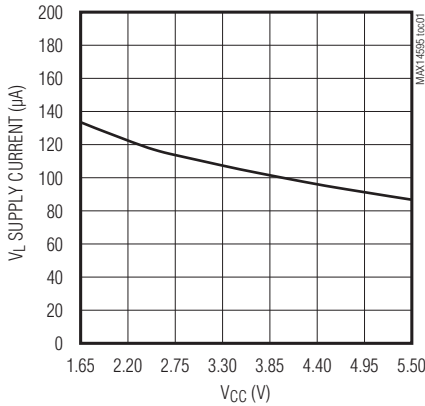
Figure 4. Open-Drain Driving $IOVCC_-$

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

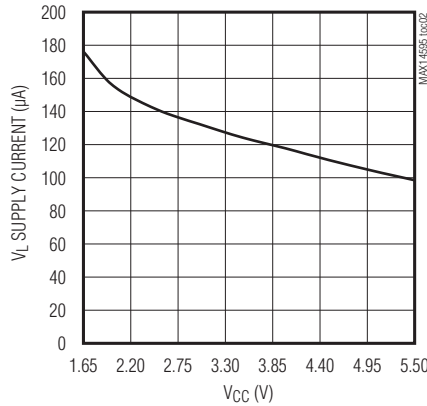
Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{CC} = +3V$, $V_L = +1.5V$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, push-pull driving data rate = 8Mbps, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

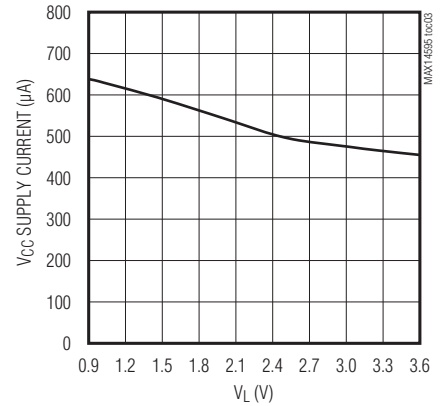
V_L DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. V_{CC} SUPPLY VOLTAGE (OPEN-DRAIN DRIVING ONE IOVL_)



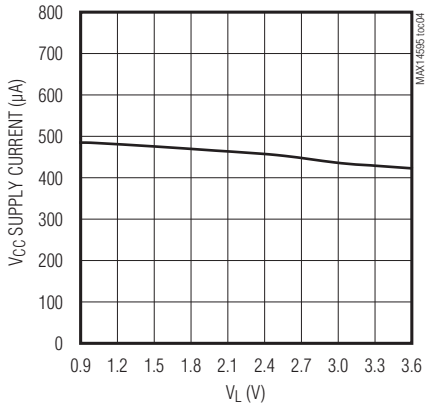
V_L DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. V_{CC} SUPPLY VOLTAGE (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVCC_)



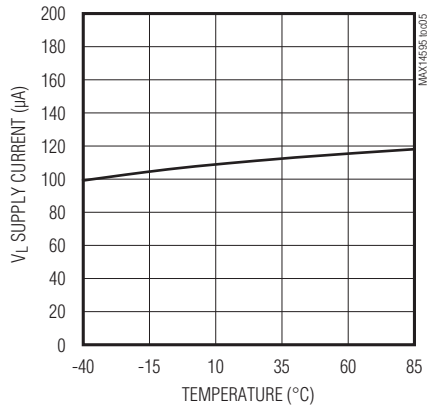
V_{CC} DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. V_L SUPPLY VOLTAGE (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVL_)



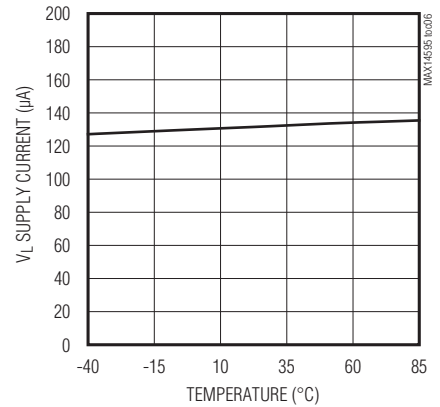
V_{CC} DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. V_L SUPPLY VOLTAGE (OPEN-DRAIN DRIVING ONE IOVCC_)



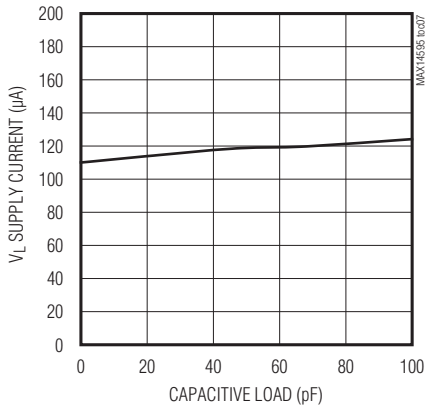
V_L DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (OPEN-DRAIN DRIVING ONE IOVL_)



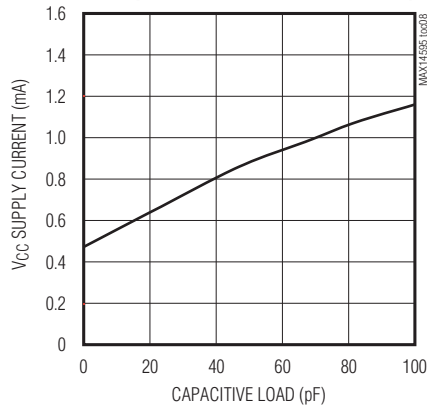
V_L DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVCC_)



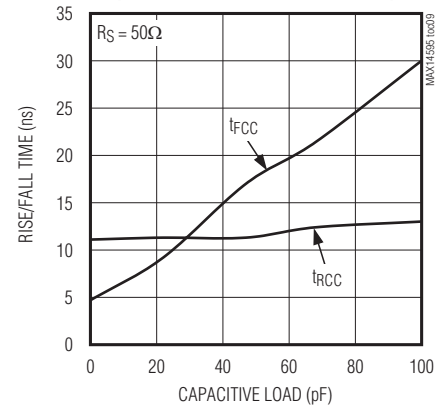
V_L DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. CAPACITIVE LOAD (OPEN-DRAIN DRIVING ONE IOVL_)



V_{CC} DYNAMIC SUPPLY CURRENT vs. CAPACITIVE LOAD (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVL_)



RISE/FALL TIME vs. CAPACITIVE LOAD (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVL_)

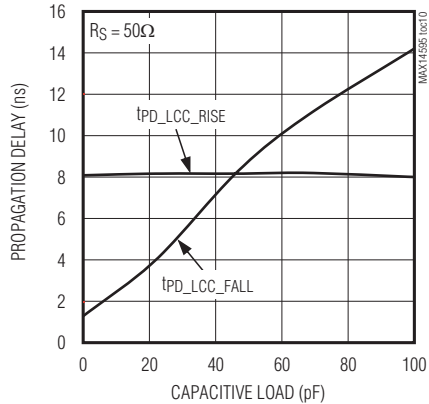


Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

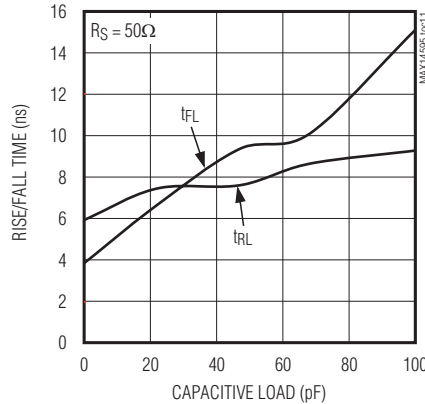
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} = +3V$, $V_L = +1.5V$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, push-pull driving data rate = 8Mbps, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

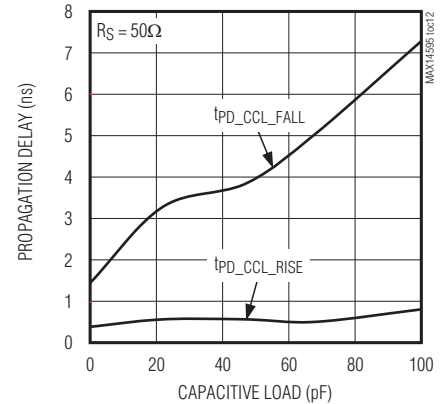
PROPAGATION DELAY vs. CAPACITIVE LOAD (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVL₋)



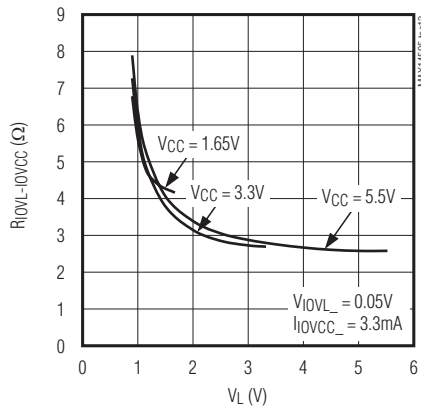
RISE/FALL TIME vs. CAPACITIVE LOAD (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVCC₋)



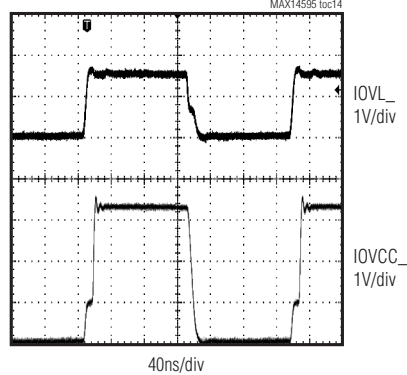
PROPAGATION DELAY vs. CAPACITIVE LOAD (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVCC₋)



RIOVL-IOVCC vs. VL

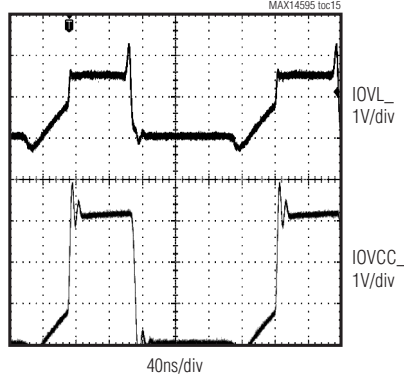


RAIL-TO-RAIL DRIVING (PUSH-PULL DRIVING ONE IOVL₋)
($V_L = +1.5V$, $V_{CC} = +3.3V$, $C_L = 15pF$, $R_L = 1M\Omega$, $R_S = 50\Omega$)

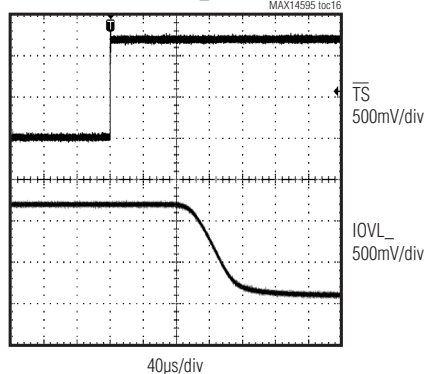


RAIL-TO-RAIL DRIVING (OPEN-DRAIN DRIVING ONE IOVL₋)

($V_L = +1.5V$, $V_{CC} = +3.3V$, $C_L = 100pF$, $R_L = 50\Omega$, $R_S = 50\Omega$, PULLUP ON IOVL₋/IOVCC₋ = 1kΩ)



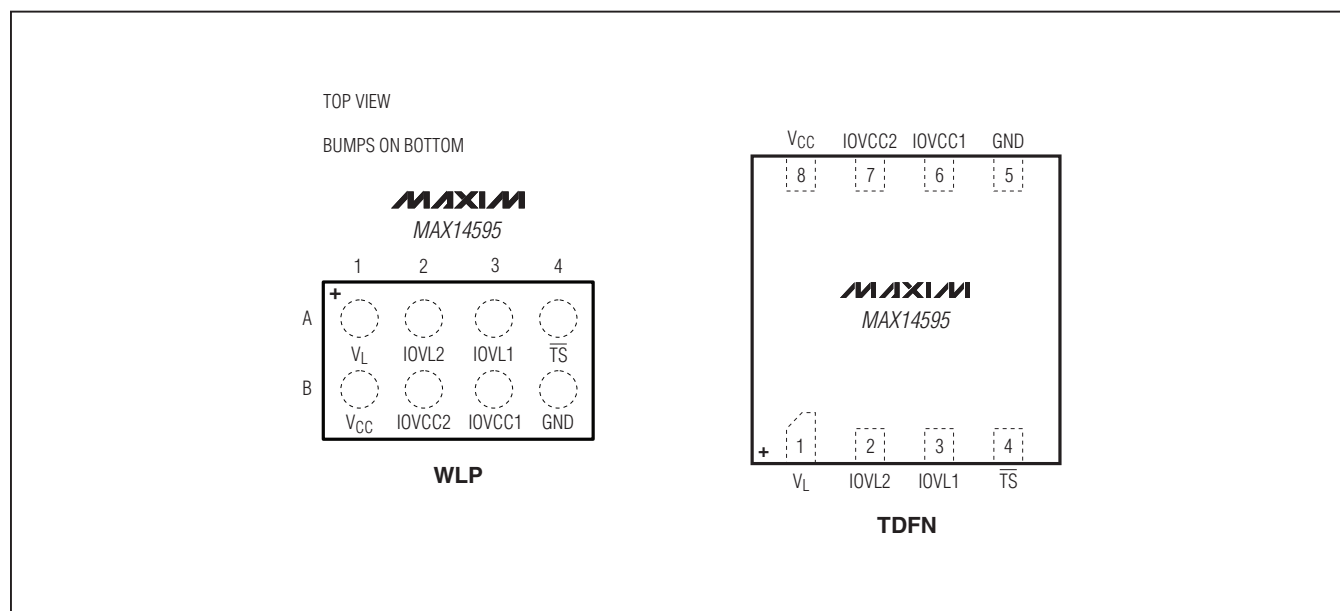
EXITING SHUTDOWN MODE
($V_L = 1.2V$, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$, IOVCC₋ = 0V, $C_L = 100pF$, $R_{PU-VL} = 50\Omega$)



MAX14595

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

Pin Configurations

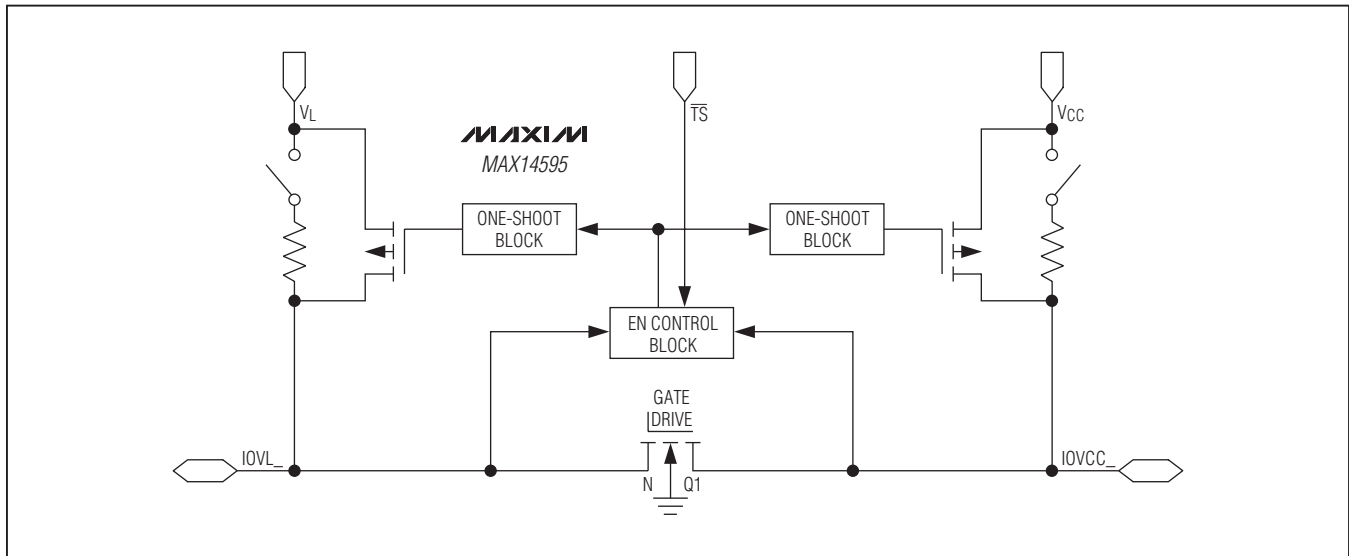


Pin Description

| BUMP/PIN | | NAME | FUNCTION |
|----------|------|-----------------|--|
| WLP | TDFN | | |
| A1 | 1 | V_L | Logic Supply Voltage, +0.9V to min($V_{CC} + 0.3V$, +3.6V). Bypass V_L to GND with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the device. |
| A2 | 2 | IOVL2 | Input/Output 2. Reference to V_L . |
| A3 | 3 | IOVL1 | Input/Output 1. Reference to V_L . |
| A4 | 4 | \overline{TS} | Active Low Three-State Input. Drive \overline{TS} low to place the device in shutdown mode with high-impedance output and internal pullup resistors disconnected. Drive \overline{TS} high for normal operation. |
| B1 | 8 | V_{CC} | Power-Supply Voltage, +1.65V to +5.5V. Bypass V_{CC} to GND with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the device. |
| B2 | 7 | IOVCC2 | Input/Output 2. Reference to V_{CC} . |
| B3 | 6 | IOVCC1 | Input/Output 1. Reference to V_{CC} . |
| B4 | 5 | GND | Ground |

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

Block Diagram



Detailed Description

The MAX14595 is a dual-channel, bidirectional level translator. The device translates low voltage down to +0.9V on the V_L side to high voltage on the V_{CC} side and vice-versa. The device is optimized for open-drain and high-speed operation, such as I²C bus and MDIO bus.

The device has low on-resistance (17 Ω max), which is important for high-speed, open-drain operation. The device also features internal pullup resistors that are active when the corresponding power is on and \overline{TS} is high.

Level Translation

For proper operation, ensure that $+1.65V \leq V_{CC} \leq +5.5V$, and $+0.9V \leq V_L \leq V_{CC}$. When power is supplied to V_L while V_{CC} is less than V_L , the device automatically disables logic-level translation function. Also, the device enters shutdown mode when $\overline{TS} = GND$.

High-Speed Operation

The device meets the requirements of high-speed I²C and MDIO open-drain operation. The maximum data rate is at least 4MHz for open-drain operation with the total bus capacitance equal to or less than 100pF.

Three-State Input \overline{TS}

The device features a three-state input that can put the device into high-impedance mode. When \overline{TS} is low, IOVCC_ and IOVL_ are all high impedance and the internal pullup resistors are disconnected. When \overline{TS} is high, the internal pullup resistors are connected when the corresponding power is in regulation, and the resistors are disconnected at the side that has no power on. In many portable applications, one supply is turned off but the other side is still operating and requires the pullup resistors to be present. This feature eliminates the need for external pullup resistors. The level translation function is off until both power supplies are in range.

Thermal-Shutdown Protection

The device features thermal-shutdown protection to protect the part from overheating. The device enters thermal shutdown when the junction temperature exceeds +150°C (typ), and the device is back to normal operation again after the temperature drops by approximately 10°C (typ). When the device is in thermal shutdown, the level translator is disabled.

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

Ordering Information

| PART | TOP MARK | PIN-PACKAGE |
|---------------|----------|-------------|
| MAX14595ETA+T | BNS | 8 TDFN |
| MAX14595EWA+T | AAD | 8 WLP |

Note: All devices are specified over -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ operating temperature range.

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

| PACKAGE TYPE | PACKAGE CODE | OUTLINE NO. | LAND PATTERN NO. |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|
| 8 TDFN | T822CN+1 | 21-0487 | 90-0349 |
| 8 WLP | W80A1+1 | 21-0555 | Refer to Application Note 1891 |

Low-Power Dual-Channel Logic-Level Translator

Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES CHANGED |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 0 | 12/11 | Initial release | — |

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time. The parametric values (min and max limits) shown in the Electrical Characteristics table are guaranteed. Other parametric values quoted in this data sheet are provided for guidance.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600 _____ 11