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## 400MHz to 2.5 GHz , Low-Noise, SiGe Downconverter Mixers

## Features

- 400 MHz to 2.5 GHz Operation
- +2.7 V to +5.5 V Single-Supply Operation
- Low Noise Figure: 6.3dB at 900MHz (MAX2680)
- High Input Third-Order Intercept Point (IIP3 at 2450 MHz )
- -6.9dBm at 5.0 mA (MAX2680)
- +1.0 dBm at 8.7 mA (MAX2681)
- +3.2 dBm at 15.0 mA (MAX2682)
- $<0.1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Low-Power Shutdown Mode
- Ultra-Small Surface-Mount Packaging


## Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN- <br> PACKAGE | SOT <br> TOP MARK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX2680EUT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23 | AAAR |
| MAX2681EUT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23 | AAAS |
| MAX2682EUT-T | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6 SOT23 | AAAT |

## Selector Guide

| PART | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ICc} \\ & (\mathrm{~mA}) \end{aligned}$ | FREQUENCY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 900 MHz |  |  | 1950MHz |  |  | 2450MHz |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { IIP3 } \\ \text { (dBm) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NF} \\ \text { (dB) } \end{gathered}$ | GAIN <br> (dB) | $\begin{gathered} \text { IIP3 } \\ (\mathrm{dBm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NF} \\ \text { (dB) } \end{gathered}$ | GAIN <br> (dB) | $\begin{gathered} \text { IIP3 } \\ (\mathrm{dBm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NF} \\ \text { (dB) } \end{gathered}$ | GAIN <br> (dB) |
| MAX2680 | 5.0 | -12.9 | 6.3 | 11.6 | -8.2 | 8.3 | 7.6 | -6.9 | 11.7 | 7.0 |
| MAX2681 | 8.7 | -6.1 | 7.0 | 14.2 | +0.5 | 11.1 | 8.4 | +1.0 | 12.7 | 7.7 |
| MAX2682 | 15.0 | -1.8 | 6.5 | 14.7 | +4.4 | 10.2 | 10.4 | +3.2 | 13.4 | 7.9 |

## Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| $V_{\text {CC }}$ to GND | +6.0V |
| :---: | :---: |
| RFIN Input Power ( $50 \Omega$ source) | 10 dBm |
| LO Input Power (50, source) | +10dBm |
| SHDN, IFOUT, RFIN to GND | -0.3 V to ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ |
| LO to GND.. | c-1V) to ( $\mathrm{VCC}^{+}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |


| Continuous Power Dissipation ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SOT23 (derate $8.7 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).. | mW |
| Operating Temperature Range........................ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Junction Temperature ............................................... $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage Temperature Range |  |
| ad Temperature (sol | $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
SOT23 (derate $8.7 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).................... 696 mW Operating Temperature Range........................... $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Junction Temperature
$\qquad$ $+300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC Electrical Characteristics

$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=+2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+3 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Minimum and maximum values are guaranteed over temperature by design and characterization.)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Supply Current | Icc | MAX2680 | 5.0 | 7.7 | mA |
|  |  | MAX2681 | 8.7 | 12.7 |  |
|  |  | MAX2682 | 15.0 | 21.8 |  |
| Shutdown Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.05 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Shutdown Input Voltage High | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  | 2.0 |  | V |
| Shutdown Input Voltage Low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| Shutdown Input Bias Current | ISHDN | $0<\overline{\text { SHDN }}<\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | 0.2 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## AC Electrical Characteristics

(MAX2680/1/2 EV Kit, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. RFIN and IFOUT matched to $50 \Omega . \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{LO}}=-5 \mathrm{dBm}$, $P_{\text {RFIN }}=-25 \mathrm{dBm}$.)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAX2680 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RF Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 400 |  | 2500 | MHz |
| LO Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 400 |  | 2500 | MHz |
| IF Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 10 |  | 500 | MHz |
| Conversion Power Gain | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=445 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=45 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7.3 |  | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 11.6 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ (Note 1) | 5.7 | 7.6 | 8.6 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7.0 |  |  |
| Gain Variation Over Temperature | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}} \text { to } \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}(\text { Note } 1) \end{aligned}$ |  | 1.9 | 2.4 | dB |
| Input Third-Order Intercept Point (Note 3) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, 901 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -12.9 |  | dBm |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, 1951 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -8.2 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, 2451 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -6.9 |  |  |
| Noise Figure (Single Sideband) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 6.3 |  | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2020 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 8.3 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 11.7 |  |  |
| LO Input VSWR | $50 \Omega$ source impedance |  | 1.5:1 |  |  |
| LO Leakage at IFOUT Port | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -22 |  | dBm |

## AC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(MAX2680/1/2 EV Kit, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. RFIN and IFOUT matched to $50 \Omega$. $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{LO}}=-5 \mathrm{dBm}$, $P_{\text {RFIN }}=-25 \mathrm{dBm}$.)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LO Leakage at RFIN Port | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -26 |  | dBm |
| IF/2 Spurious Response | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1915 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ (Note 4) |  | -51 |  | dBm |
| MAX2681 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RF Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 400 |  | 2500 | MHz |
| LO Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 400 |  | 2500 | MHz |
| IF Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 10 |  | 500 | MHz |
| Conversion Power Gain | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=445 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=45 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 11.0 |  | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {IF }}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 14.2 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ (Note 1) | 6.7 | 8.4 | 9.4 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7.7 |  |  |
| Gain Variation Over Temperature | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}} \text { to } \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}(\text { Note } 1) \end{aligned}$ |  | 1.7 | 2.3 | dB |
| Input Third-Order Intercept Point (Note 3) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, 901 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -6.1 |  | dBm |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, 1951 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | +0.5 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, 2451 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{fLO}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | +1.0 |  |  |
| Noise Figure (Single Sideband) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7.0 |  | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2020 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {IF }}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 11.1 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 12.7 |  |  |
| LO Input VSWR | $50 \Omega$ source impedance |  | 1.5:1 |  |  |
| LO Leakage at IFOUT Port | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -23 |  | dBm |
| LO Leakage at RFIN Port | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -27 |  | dBm |
| IF/2 Spurious Response | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1915 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}($ Note 4) |  | -65 |  | dBm |
| MAX2682 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RF Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 400 |  | 2500 | MHz |
| LO Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 400 |  | 2500 | MHz |
| IF Frequency Range | (Notes 1, 2) | 10 |  | 500 | MHz |
| Conversion Power Gain | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=445 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=45 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 13.4 |  | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {IF }}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 14.7 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ (Note 1 ) | 8.7 | 10.4 | 11.7 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 7.9 |  |  |
| Gain Variation Over Temperature | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MIN}} \text { to } \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MAX}}(\text { Note } 1) \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.1 | 3.2 | dB |
| Input Third-Order Intercept Point (Note 3) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, 901 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | -1.8 |  | dBm |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, 1951 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | +4.4 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, 2451 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | +3.2 |  |  |
| Noise Figure (Single Sideband) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=900 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=970 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 6.5 |  | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1950 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2020 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 10.2 |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=2450 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\text {LO }}=2210 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=240 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 13.4 |  |  |

## AC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(MAX2680/1/2 EV Kit, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted. RFIN and IFOUT matched to $50 \Omega$. $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{LO}}=-5 \mathrm{dBm}$, $P_{\text {RFIN }}=-25 \mathrm{dBm}$.)

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| LO Input VSWR | $50 \Omega$ source impedance | $1.5: 1$ | UNITS |
| LO Leakage at IFOUT Port | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}$ | -23 | dBm |
| LO Leakage at RFIN Port | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}$ | -27 | dBm |
| IF/2 Spurious Response | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{RF}}=1915 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LO}}=1880 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IF}}=70 \mathrm{MHz}$ (Note 4$)$ | -61 | dBm |

Note 1: Guaranteed by design and characterization.
Note 2: Operation outside of this specification is possible, but performance is not characterized and is not guaranteed.
Note 3: Two input tones at -25 dBm per tone.
Note 4: This spurious response is caused by a higher-order mixing product ( $2 \times 2$ ). Specified RF frequency is applied and IF output power is observed at the desired IF frequency $(70 \mathrm{MHz})$.

## Typical Operating Characteristics <br> (Typical Operating Circuit, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RFIN}}=-25 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{LO}}=-5 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)






Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)
(Typical Operating Circuit, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{RFIN}}=-25 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{LO}}=-5 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)


## Pin Configuration



## Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | LO | Local-Oscillator Input. Apply a local-oscillator signal with an amplitude of -10dBm to 0 ( $50 \Omega$ source). <br> AC-couple this pin to the oscillator with a DC-blocking capacitor. Nominal DC voltage is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.4 \mathrm{~V}$. |
| 2 | GND | Mixer Ground. Connect to the ground plane with a low-inductance connection. |
| 3 | RFIN | Radio Frequency Input. AC-couple to this pin with a DC-blocking capacitor. Nominal DC voltage is 1.5V. <br> See the Applications Information section for details on impedance matching. |
| 4 | IFOUT | Intermediate Frequency Output. Open-collector output requires an inductor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. AC-couple to this pin <br> with a DC-blocking capacitor. See the Applications Information section for details on impedance matching. |
| 5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage Input, +2.7 V to +5.5 V . Bypass with a capacitor to the ground plane. Capacitor value depends <br> upon desired operating frequency. |
| 6 | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ | Active-Low Shutdown. Drive low to disable all device functions and reduce the supply current to less than <br> $5 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. For normal operation, drive high or connect to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. |

## Detailed Description

The MAX2680/MAX2681/MAX2682 are 400 MHz to 2.5 GHz , silicon-germanium, double-balanced downconverter mixers. They are designed to provide optimum linearity performance for a specified supply current. They consist of a double-balanced Gilbert-cell mixer with single-ended RF, LO, and IF port connections. An on-chip bias cell provides a low-power shutdown feature. Consult the Selector Guide for device features and comparison.

## Applications Information

## Local-Oscillator (LO) Input

The LO input is a single-ended broadband port with a typical input VSWR of better than 2.0:1 from 400 MHz to 2.5 GHz . The LO signal is mixed with the RF input signal, and the resulting downconverted output appears at IFOUT. AC-couple LO with a capacitor. Drive the LO port with a signal ranging from -10 dBm to 0 ( $50 \Omega$ source).

## RF Input

The RF input frequency range is 400 MHz to 2.5 GHz . The RF input requires an impedance-matching network as well as a DC-blocking capacitor that can be part of the matching network. Consult Tables 1 and 2 , as well as the RF Port Impedance vs. RF Frequency graph in the Typical Operating Characteristics section for information on matching.

## Table 1. RFIN Port Impedance

| PART | FREQUENCY |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{4 0 0 M H z}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 0 M H z}$ | 1950MHz | $\mathbf{2 4 5 0 M H z}$ |
| MAX2680 | $179-\mathrm{j} 356$ | $54-\mathrm{j} 179$ | $32-\mathrm{j} 94$ | $33-\mathrm{j} 73$ |
| MAX2681 | $209-\mathrm{j} 332$ | $75-\mathrm{j} 188$ | $34-\mathrm{j} 108$ | $33-\mathrm{j} 86$ |
| MAX2682 | $206-\mathrm{j} 306$ | $78-\mathrm{j} 182$ | $34-\mathrm{j} 106$ | $29-\mathrm{j} 86$ |

## IF Output

The IF output frequency range extends from 10 MHz to 500 MHz . IFOUT is a high-impedance, open-collector output that requires an external inductor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ for proper biasing. For optimum performance, the IF port requires an imped-ance-matching network. The configuration and values for the matching network is dependent upon the frequency and desired output impedance. For assistance in choosing components for optimal performance, see Table 3 and Table 4 as well as the IF Port Impedance vs. IF Frequency graph in the Typical Operating Characteristics section.

## Power-Supply and SHDN Bypassing

Proper attention to voltage supply bypassing is essential for high-frequency RF circuit stability. Bypass $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ with a $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor in parallel with a 1000 pF capacitor. Use separate vias to the ground plane for each of the bypass capacitors and minimize trace length to reduce inductance. Use separate vias to the ground plane for each ground pin. Use low-inductance ground connections.
Decouple SHDN with a 1000pF capacitor to ground to minimize noise on the internal bias cell. Use a series resistor (typically $100 \Omega$ ) to reduce coupling of high-frequency signals into the SHDN pin.

## Layout Issues

A well-designed PC board is an essential part of an RF circuit. For best performance, pay attention to powersupply issues as well as to the layout of the RFIN and IFOUT impedance-matching network.

Table 2. RF Input Impedance-Matching Component Values

| MATCHING COMPONENTS | FREQUENCY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MAX2680 |  |  |  | MAX2681 |  |  |  | MAX2682 |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 900 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1950 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2450 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 900 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1950 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2450 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 900 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1950 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2450 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |
| Z1 | 86nH | 270pF | 1.5pF | Short | 68nH | 270pF | 1.5pF | Short | 68nH | 1.5pF | Short | Short |
| Z2 | 270pF | 22nH | 270pF | 270pF | 270pF | 18nH | 270pF | 270pF | 270pF | 270pF | 270pF | 270pF |
| Z3 | Open | Open | 1.8nH | 1.8nH | 0.5pF | Open | 1.8nH | 2.2nH | 0.5pF | 10nH | 2.2nH | 1.2nH |

Note: Z1, Z2, and Z3 are found in the Typical Operating Circuit.

Table 3. IFOUT Port Impedance

| PART | FREQUENCY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 45MHz | 70MHz | $\mathbf{2 4 0 M H z}$ |
| MAX2680 | $960-\mathrm{j} 372$ | $803-\mathrm{j} 785$ | $186-\mathrm{j} 397$ |
| MAX2681 | $934-\mathrm{j} 373$ | $746-\mathrm{j} 526$ | $161-\mathrm{j} 375$ |
| MAX2682 | $670-\mathrm{j} 216$ | $578-\mathrm{j} 299$ | $175-\mathrm{j} 296$ |

## Table 4. IF Output Impedance-Matching Components

| MATCHING <br> COMPONENT | FREQUENCY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 45MHz | 70MHz | $\mathbf{2 4 0 M H z}$ |
| L1 | 390 nH | 330 nH | 82 nH |
| C 2 | 39 pF | 15 pF | 3 pF |
| R1 | $250 \Omega$ | Open | Open |

## Power-Supply Layout

To minimize coupling between different sections of the IC, the ideal power-supply layout is a star configuration with a large decoupling capacitor at a central $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ node. The $V_{C C}$ traces branch out from this central node, each going to a separate $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ node on the PC board. At the end of each trace is a bypass capacitor that has low ESR at the RF frequency of operation. This arrangement provides local decoupling at the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ pin. At high frequencies, any signal leaking out of one supply pin sees a relatively high impedance (formed by the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ trace inductance) to the central $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ node, and an even higher impedance to any other supply pin, as well as a low impedance to ground through the bypass capacitor.

## Impedance-Matching Network Layout

The RFIN and IFOUT impedance-matching networks are very sensitive to layout-related parasitics. To minimize parasitic inductance, keep all traces short and place components as close as possible to the chip. To minimize parasitic capacitance, use cutouts in the ground plane (and any other plane) below the matching network components. However, avoid cutouts that are larger than necessary since they act as aperture antennas.

## Typical Operating Circuit



THE VALUES OF MATCHING COMPONENTS C2, L1, R1, Z1, Z2, AND Z3 DEPEND ON THE IF AND RF FREQUENCY AND DOWNCONVERTER. SEE TABLES 2 AND 4.

## Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "\#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.


## Package Information (continued)

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "\#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

## NDTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

FIOT LENGTH MEASURED AT INTERCEPT PDINT BETWEEN DATUM A \& LEAD SURFACE
3. PACKAGE पUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MLLD FLASH \& METAL BURR, MLLD FLASH, PRDTRUSIIN GR METAL BURR SHLULD NDT EXCEED 0.25 mm .
4. PACKAGE ZUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF SGLDER PLATING
5. PIN 1 IS LUWER LEFT PIN WHEN READING TUP MARK FRDM LEFT TU RIGHT. (SEE EXAMPLE TDP MARK)
6. PIN 1 I.D. DUT IS $0.3 \mathrm{~mm} \varnothing$ MIN. LICATED ABCVE PIN 1 .
7. MEETS JEDEC ML178, VARIATIDN AB.
8. SILDER THICKNESS MEASURED AT FLAT SECTIIN GF LEAD BETWEEN 0.08 mm AND 0.15 mm FRDM LEADTIP

| SYMBDL | MIN | NDMINAL | MAX |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 0.90 | 1.25 | 1.45 |  |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.15 |  |
| A己 | 0.90 | 1.10 | 1.30 |  |
| b | 0.35 | 0.40 | 0.50 |  |
| C | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.20 |  |
| D | 2.80 | 2.90 | 3.00 |  |
| E | 2.60 | 2.80 | 3.00 |  |
| E1 | 1.50 | 1.625 | 1.75 |  |
| L | 0.35 | 0.45 | 0.60 |  |
| L1 | 0.60 REF. |  |  |  |
| e1 | 1.90 BSC. |  |  |  |
| e | 0.95 BSC. |  |  |  |
| $a$ | $0^{\circ}$ | $2.5^{\circ}$ | $10^{\circ}$ |  |
| PK |  |  |  |  |

PKG CIDES:
U6-1, U6-2, U6-4, U6CN-2, U6SN-1, U6F-6, U6FH-6; U6FH-7
9. LEAD TI BE CDPLANAR WITHIN 0.1 mm .
10. NUMBER GF LEADS SHZWN ARE FGR REFERENCE GNLY.
11. MARKING IS FGR PACKAGE GRIENTATIUN REFERENCE $\quad$ INLY.
12. ALL DIMENSIUNS APPLY TV BロTH LEADED (-) AND PbFREE (+) PKG. CDDES.
** U6FH-7 TD BE USED FDR NP42 PARTS DNLY.


## PACKAGE LUTLINE, SDT 6L BGDY

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-


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