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### **General Description**

The MAX44244/MAX44245/MAX44248 family of parts provide ultra-precision, low-noise, zero-drift single/quad/dual operational amplifiers featuring very low-power operation with a wide supply range. The devices incorporate a patented auto-zero circuit that constantly measures and compensates the input offset to eliminate drift over time and temperature as well as the effect of 1/f noise. These devices also feature integrated EMI filters to reduce high-frequency signal demodulation on the output. The op amps operate from either a single 2.7V to 36V supply or dual  $\pm 1.35 \text{V}$  to  $\pm 18 \text{V}$  supply. The devices are unity-gain stable with a 1MHz gain-bandwidth product and a low 90 $\mu$ A supply current per amplifier.

The low offset and noise specifications and high supply range make the devices ideal for sensor interfaces and transmitters.

The devices are available in µMAX®, SO, SOT23, and TSSOP packages and are specified over the -40°C to +125°C automotive operating temperature range.

## **Applications**

Sensors Interfaces
4mA to 20mA and 0 to 10V Transmitters
PLC Analog I/O Modules
Weight Scales
Portable Medical Devices

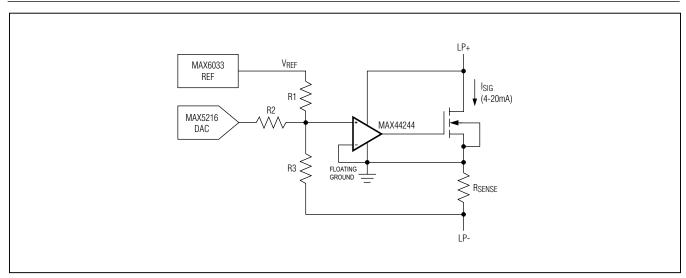
## **Benefits and Features**

- Reduces Power for Sensitive Precision Applications
  - Low 90µA Quiescent Current per Amplifier
- Eliminates the Cost of Calibration with Increased Accuracy with Maxim's Patented Autozero Circuitry
  - Very Low Input Voltage Offset 7.5µV (max)
  - Low 30nV/NC Offset Drift (max)
- Low Noise Ideal for Sensor Interfaces and Transmitters
  - 50nV/√**Hz** at 1kHz
  - 0.5µV<sub>P-P</sub> from 0.1Hz to 10Hz
- 1MHz Gain-Bandwidth Product
  - · EMI Suppression Circuitry
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- Wide Supply for High-Voltage Front Ends
  - · 2.7V to 36V Supply Range
- µMAX, SO, SOT23, TSSOP Packages

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

µMAX is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

## Typical Operating Circuit



For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>DD</sub> to V <sub>SS</sub> 0.3V to +40V	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C
Common-Mode Input Voltage(V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3V) to (V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V)	Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Differential Input Voltage IN_+, IN6V	Junction Temperature+150°C
Continuous Input Current Into Any Pin ±20mA	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C
Output Voltage to $V_{SS}$ (OUT_) 0.3V to ( $V_{DD}$ + 0.3V)	Soldering Temperature (reflow)+260°C
Output Short-Circuit Duration (OUT )	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)**

•	,
SO-8	TSSOP
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )132°C/W	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )110°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ )38°C/W	Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> )30°C/W
SO-14	μMAX
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )120°C/W Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> )37°C/W	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )206.3°C/W Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JC}$ )42°C/W
SOT23	
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )324.3°C/W	
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JC</sub> )82°C/W	

**Note 1:** Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <a href="https://www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial">www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial</a>.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(\mathbf{V_{DD}}$  = 10V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V,  $V_{IN+}$  =  $V_{IN-}$  =  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L$  = 5k $\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
POWER SUPPLY							
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>DD</sub>	Guaranteed by PSRR	2.7		36	V	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2 - 1V$	140	148		dB	
(Note 3)	PSRR	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C	133				
Quiescent Current Per Amplifier		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		100	160		
(MAX4244 Only)	IDD	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C			190	μΑ	
Quiescent Current Per Amplifier	,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		90	130		
(MAX44245/MAX44248 Only)	IDD	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C			145	μΑ	
DC SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Common-Mode Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	Guaranteed by CMRR test	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.05		V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.5	V	

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{DD} = 10V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, R_L = 5k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $+25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONI	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMDD	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5V	126	130		dD.		
(Note 3)	CMRR	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{A}} < +125^{\circ}$ to V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.5V	$C, V_{CM} = V_{SS} - 0.05V$	120			dB	
Input Offact Voltage (Note 2)	\/	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			2	7.5	μV	
Input Offset Voltage (Note 3)	V <sub>OS</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	С			10	μν	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)	TC V <sub>OS</sub>				10	30	nV/°C	
January Diag Oromany (Nata O)		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			150	300		
Input Bias Current (Note 3)	IB	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	С			700	рА	
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			300	600		
Input Offset Current (Note 3)	los	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	C			1400	рА	
	A <sub>VOL</sub>	$V_{SS} + 0.5V \le$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	140	150			
Open-Loop Gain (Note 3)		VOLT < VDD -	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C	135			dB	
Output Short-Circuit Current		To V <sub>DD</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> , none	continuous		40		mA	
	V <sub>DD</sub> -	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$				80		
	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C				110	] ,	
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OUT</sub> -	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			50	mV		
	V <sub>SS</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°			75	1		
AC SPECIFICATIONS								
Input Voltage-Noise Density	e <sub>N</sub>	f = 1kHz			50		nV/√Hz	
Input Voltage Noise		0.1Hz < f < 10Hz			500		nV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Input Current-Noise Density	i <sub>N</sub>	f = 1kHz			0.1		pA/√Hz	
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				1		MHz	
Slew Rate	SR	$A_V = 1V/V$ , $V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$			0.7		V/µs	
Capacitive Loading	CL	No sustained oscillation, $A_V = 1V/V$			400		pF	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, A_V = +1V/V, f = 1kHz$			-100		dB	
			f = 400MHz		75			
	EMIRR		f = 900MHz		78		1	
EMI Rejection Ratio		$V_{RF\_PEAK} = 100 \text{mV}$	f = 1800MHz		80	,	dB	
			f = 2400MHz		90		1	

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{DD}$  = 30V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V,  $V_{IN+}$  =  $V_{IN-}$  =  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L$  = 5k $\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONE	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
POWER SUPPLY								
Quiescent Current Per Amplifier		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			100	160		
(MAX44244 Only)	l <sub>DD</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	С			190	μΑ	
Quiescent Current Per Amplifier	I	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			90	130		
(MAX44245/MAX44248 Only)	IDD	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	C			145	μΑ	
DC SPECIFICATIONS								
Input Common-Mode Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	Guaranteed by CMF	RR test	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.05		V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.5	V	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	OMADD	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5V	$V_{SS}$ - 0.05V to $V_{DD}$ -	130	140		dB	
(Note 3)	CMRR	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C to V <sub>DD</sub> - 1.5V	$V, V_{CM} = V_{SS} - 0.05V$	126				
Input Offset Voltage (Note 3)		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2	7.5	/		
input Offset Voltage (Note 3)	V <sub>OS</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	С			10	μV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 3)	TC V <sub>OS</sub>				10	30	nV/°C	
In a st Dina Oat (Nata O)		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			150	300	0	
Input Bias Current (Note 3)	I <sub>B</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C				700	рА	
Input Offact Current (Note 2)		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			300	600	, n	
Input Offset Current (Note 3)	los	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°	С			1400	рА	
Open-Loop Gain (Note 3)	٨٠٠٠	$V_{SS} + 0.5V \le V_{OUT}$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	146	150		dB	
Open-Loop dain (Note 3)	A <sub>VOL</sub>	≤ V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.5V	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C	140			ав	
Output Short-Circuit Current		To V <sub>DD</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> , nonc	continuous		40		mA	
	V <sub>DD</sub> -	$T_A = +25$ °C				200		
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C				270	270 mV	
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OUT</sub> -	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			140	""		
	V <sub>SS</sub>	-40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < +125°C				220	220	
AC SPECIFICATIONS	T	T						
Input Voltage-Noise Density	e <sub>N</sub>	f = 1kHz			50		nV/√Hz	
Input Voltage Noise		0.1Hz < f < 10Hz			500		nV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Input Current-Noise Density	iN	f = 1kHz			0.1		pA/√Hz	
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				1		MHz	

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(\mathbf{V_{DD}} = \mathbf{30V}, \, V_{SS} = 0V, \, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, \, R_L = 5k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2, \, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $+25^{\circ}C$ .) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS				
Slew Rate	SR	$A_V = 1V/V$ , $V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$			0.7		V/µs				
Capacitive Loading	CL	No sustained oscillation, A <sub>V</sub> = 1V/V		No sustained oscillation, A <sub>V</sub> = 1V/V		No sustained oscillation, A <sub>V</sub> = 1V/V			400		рF
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, A_V = +1V/V, f = 1kHz$			-100		dB				
			f = 400MHz		75						
EMI Rejection Ratio		V <sub>RF_PEAK</sub> = 100mV	f = 900MHz		78		-10				
	EMIRR		f = 1800MHz		80		dB				
			f = 2400MHz		90						

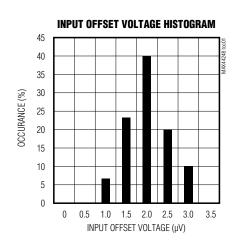
Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

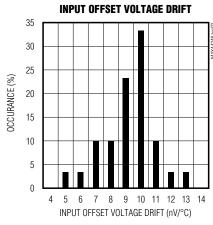
Note 3: Guaranteed by design.

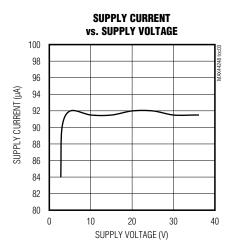
Note 4: At IN+ and IN-. Defined as 20log ( $V_{RF}$  PEAK/ $\Delta V_{OS}$ ).

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_{DD}=10V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{IN+}=V_{IN-}=V_{DD}/2,\,R_L=5k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ . Typical values are at  $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$ .)

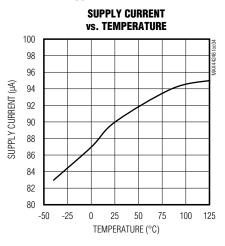


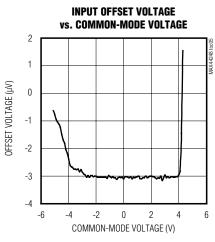


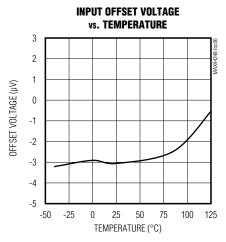


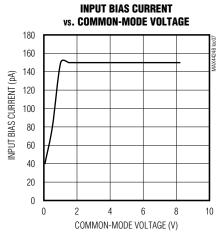
## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

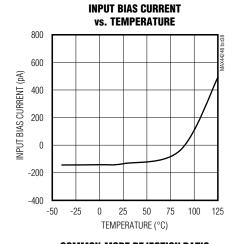
 $(V_{DD}=10V, V_{SS}=0V, V_{IN+}=V_{IN-}=V_{DD}/2, R_L=5k\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ . Typical values are at  $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$ .)

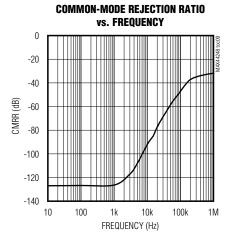


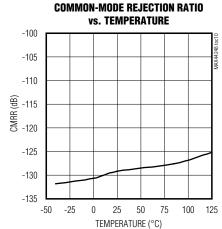






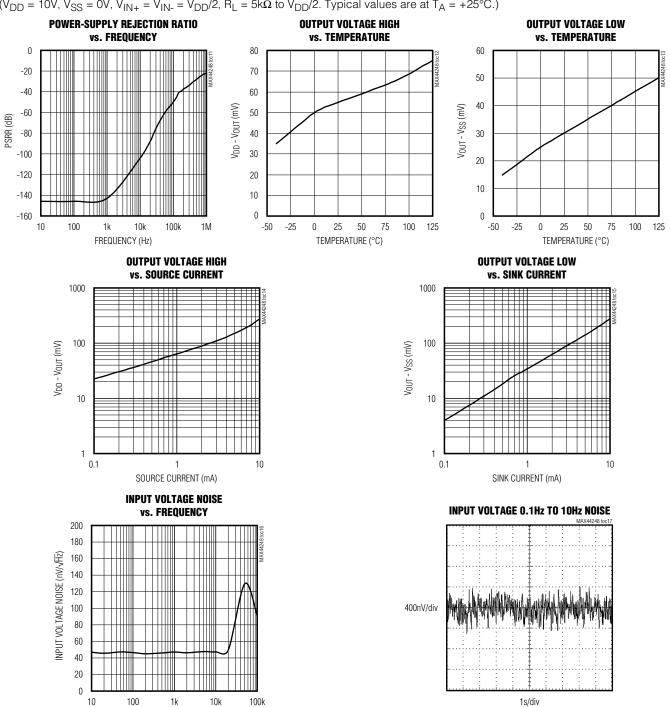






## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{DD}$  = 10V,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V,  $V_{IN+}$  =  $V_{IN-}$  =  $V_{DD}/2$ ,  $R_L$  = 5k $\Omega$  to  $V_{DD}/2$ . Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C.)

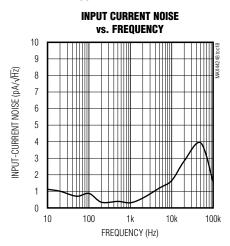


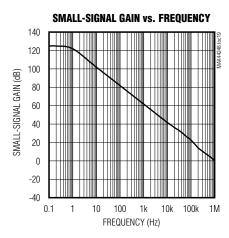
7 Maxim Integrated

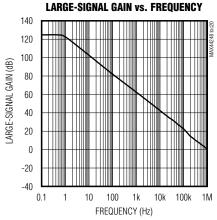
FREQUENCY (Hz)

## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

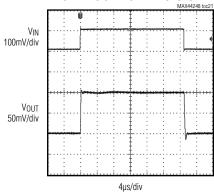
 $(V_{DD}=10V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{IN+}=V_{IN-}=V_{DD}/2,\,R_{L}=5k\Omega\,\,to\,\,V_{DD}/2.\,\,Typical\,\,values\,\,are\,\,at\,\,T_{A}=+25^{\circ}C.)$ 



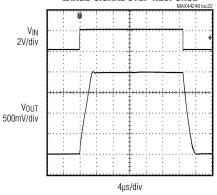




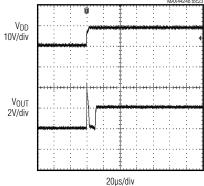
#### **SMALL-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE**



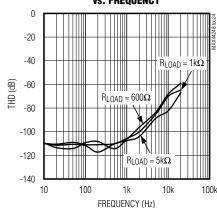
#### **LARGE-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE**



## POWER-UP TIME

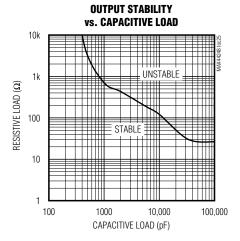


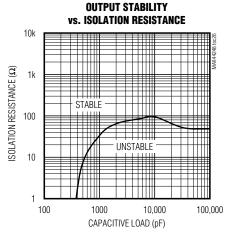
## TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION vs. FREQUENCY

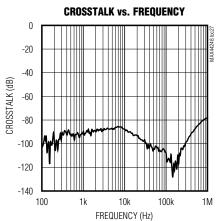


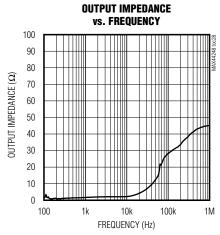
## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

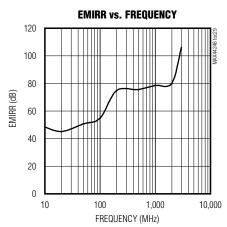
 $(V_{DD}=10V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{IN+}=V_{IN-}=V_{DD}/2,\,R_{L}=5k\Omega\;to\;V_{DD}/2.\;Typical\;values\;are\;at\;T_{A}=+25^{\circ}C.)$ 



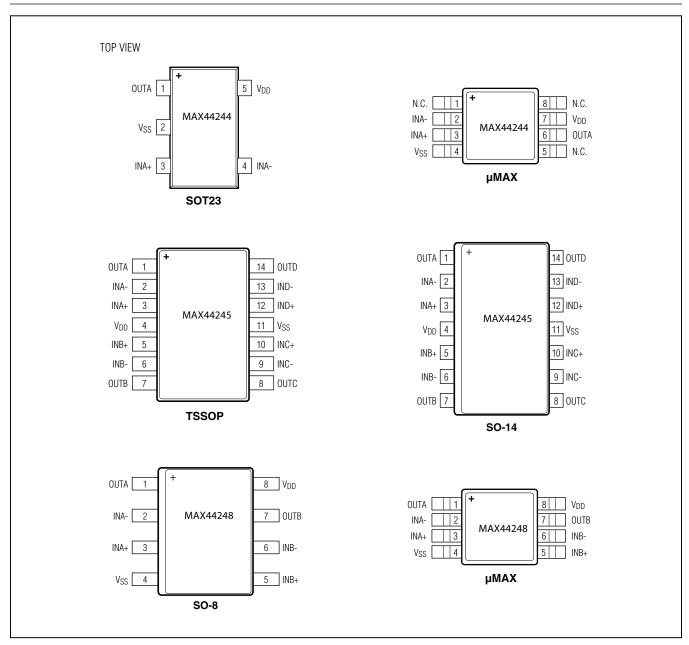








## **Pin Configurations**



## **Pin Description**

		PII					
MAX	44244	MAX44245		MAX	MAX44248		FUNCTION
SOT23	μMAX	SO-14	TSSOP	SO-8	μМΑХ		
1	6	1	1	1	1	OUTA	Channel A Output
2	4	11	11	4	4	V <sub>SS</sub>	Negative Supply Voltage
3	3	3	3	3	3	INA+	Channel A Positive Input
4	2	2	2	2	2	INA-	Channel A Negative Input
5	7	4	4	8	8	V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage
_	_	5	5	5	5	INB+	Channel B Positive Input
_	_	6	6	6	6	INB-	Channel B Negative Input
_	_	7	7	7	7	OUTB	Channel B Output
_	_	8	8	_	_	OUTC	Channel C Output
_	_	9	9	_	_	INC-	Channel C Negative Input
_	_	10	10	_	_	INC+	Channel C Positive Input
_	_	12	12	_	_	IND+	Channel D Positive Input
_	_	13	13	_	_	IND-	Channel D Negative Input
		14	14		_	OUTD	Channel D Output
_	1, 5, 8	_	_	_	_	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX44244/MAX44245/MAX44248 are high-precision amplifiers with less than  $2\mu V$  (typ) input-referred offset and low input voltage-noise density at 10Hz. 1/f noise, in fact, is eliminated to improve the performance in low-frequency applications. These characteristics are achieved through an auto-zeroing technique that cancels the input offset voltage and 1/f noise of the amplifier.

#### **External Noise Suppression in EMI Form**

These devices have input EMI filters to prevent effects of radio frequency interference on the output. The EMI filters comprise passive devices that present significant higher impedance to higher frequency signals. See the EMIRR vs. Frequency graph in the <u>Typical Operating Characteristics</u> section for details.

#### **High Supply Voltage Range**

The devices feature  $90\mu\text{A}$  current consumption per channel and a voltage supply range from either 2.7V to 36V single supply or  $\pm 1.35\text{V}$  to  $\pm 18\text{V}$  split supply.

### **Applications Information**

The devices feature ultra-high precision operational amplifiers with a high supply voltage range designed for load cell, medical instrumentation, and precision instrument applications.

### 4-20mA Current-Loop Communication

Industrial environments typically have a large amount of broadcast electromagnetic interference (EMI) from high-voltage transients and switching motors. This combined with long cables for sensor communication leads to high-voltage noise on communication lines. Current-Loop communication is resistant to this noise because the EMI induced current is low. This configuration also allows for low-power sensor applications to be powered from the communication lines.

The <u>Typical Operating Circuit</u> shows how the device can be used to make a current loop driver.

The circuit uses low-power components such as the MAX44244 op amp, the 16-bit MAX5216 DAC, and the high-precision 60µA-only MAX6033 reference. In this

## MAX44244/MAX44245/MAX44248 36V, Precision, Low-Power, 90μΑ,

circuit, both the DAC and the reference are referred to the local ground. The MAX44244 op-amp inputs are capable of swinging to the negative supply (which is the local ground in this case). R3 acts as a current mirror with RSENSE. Therefore, if RSENSE =  $50\Omega$  (i.e. 20mA will drop 1V) and if the current through R3 is  $10\mu$ A when  $I_{OUT}$  is 20mA (0.05% error) then R3 =  $100k\Omega$ . R1 is chosen along with the reference voltage to provide the 4mA offset. R2 =  $512k\Omega$  for 20mA full scale or R2 =  $614k\Omega$  for 20% overrange. RSENSE is ratiometric with R3, R1 independently sets the offset current and R2 independently sets the DAC scaling.

### **Driving High-Performance ADCs**

The MAX44244/MAX44245/MAX44248's low input offset voltage and low noise make these amplifiers ideal for ADC buffering. Weight scale applications require a lownoise, precision amplifier in front of an ADC. <u>Figure 1</u> details an example of a load cell and amplifier driven from the same 5V supply, along with a 16-bit delta sigma ADC such as the MAX11205.

The MAX11205 is an ultra-low-power (<  $300\mu A$ , max active current), high-resolution, serial output ADC. It provides the highest resolution per unit power in the industry and is optimized for applications that require very high dynamic range with low power such as sensors on a 4-20mA industrial control loop. The devices provide

a high-accuracy internal oscillator that requires no external components.

Single/Quad/Dual Op Amps

### **Layout Guidelines**

The MAX44244/MAX44245/MAX44248 feature ultra-low input offset voltage and noise. Therefore, to get optimum performance follow the layout guidelines.

Avoid temperature tradients at the junction of two dissimilar metals. The most common dissimilar metals used on a PCB are solder-to-component lead and solder-to-board trace. Dissimilar metals create a local thermocouple. A variation in temperature across the board can cause an additional offset due to Seebeck effect at the solder junctions. To minimize the Seebeck effect, place the amplifier away from potential heat sources on the board, if possible. Orient the resistors such that both the ends are heated equally. It is a good practice to match the input signal path to ensure that the type and number of thermoelectric juntions remain the same. For example, consider using dummy  $0\Omega$  resistors oriented in such a way that the thermoelectric source, due to the real resistors in the signal path, are cancelled. It is recommended to flood the PCB with ground plane. The ground plane ensures that heat is distributed uniformly reducing the potential offset voltage degradation due to Seebeck effect.

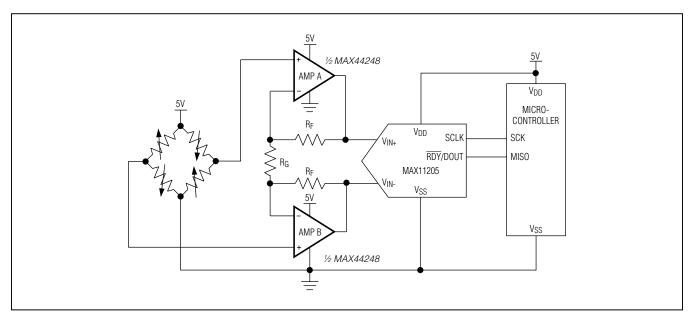


Figure 1. Weight Application

## **Chip Information**

## **Package Information**

PROCESS: BICMOS

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <a href="https://www.maximintegrated.com/package">www.maximintegrated.com/package</a>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

## **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX44244AUK+	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23	AFMR
MAX44244AUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_
MAX44245ASD+	-40°C to +125°C	14 SO	
MAX44245AUD+	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP	
<b>MAX44248</b> AUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_
MAX44248ASA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	

PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
U5+1	<u>21-0057</u>	90-0174
S8+4	21-0041	90-0096
U8+1	<u>21-0036</u>	90-0092
S14M+4	<u>21-0041</u>	90-0112
U14M+1	21-0066	90-0113
	CODE  U5+1  S8+4  U8+1  S14M+4	CODE         NO.           U5+1         21-0057           S8+4         21-0041           U8+1         21-0036           S14M+4         21-0041

<sup>+</sup>Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

## **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		PAGES CHANGED
0	7/12	Initial release	_
1	6/13	Added the MAX44244/MAX44245 to data sheet. Updated the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> , <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i> , <i>Pin Description</i> , and <i>Pin Configurations</i> .	1–13
2	9/13	Released the MAX44244 for introduction. Revised the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i>	2–5, 13
3	6/14	Corrected Figure 1 and Package Information	12, 13
4	12/14	Updated Benefits and Features section	1
5	9/15	Updated Typical Operating Circuit	1



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